

Our Company was incorporated as "Kenwood Hotels Private Limited" on January 6, 1986, as a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956, pursuant to a certificate of incorporation granted by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, at Mumbai ("RoC"). On July 19, 1997, our Company was converted into a public company under section 43A (1B) of the Companies Act, 1956 and, consequently our name was changed to "K. Raheja Resorts & Hotels Limited". Pursuant to a resolution of our shareholders dated March 2, 1998 and a fresh certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC on April 6, 1998, the name of our Company was changed to "K. Raheja Resorts & Hotels Limited". Further, pursuant to a resolution of our shareholders dated April 24, 1999 and a fresh certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC on May 4, 1999, the name of our Company was changed to "Chalet Hotels Limited". On the conversion of our Company to a private limited company pursuant to a resolution passed by our shareholders dated August 25, 2011 and a fresh certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC on October 15, 2011, our name was changed to "Chalet Hotels Private Limited". Subsequently, pursuant to a resolution passed by our shareholders on June 4, 2018 and a fresh certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC on June 6, 2018 our Company was converted to a public limited company and our name was changed to "Chalet Hotels Limited". For details of changes in name and registered office of our Company, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 179

#### Corporate Identity Number: U55101MH1986PLC038538

Registered and Corporate Office: Raheja Tower, Plot No.C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400051 Tel: +91 22 - 26564000 Facsimile: +91 22 - 26565451 Contact Person: Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer; Tel: +91 22- 2656 5496 Facsimile: +91 22 - 26565451

Contact Person: Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer; Tel: +91 22 - 2656 5496 Facsimile: +91 22 - 26565451

E-mail: investorrelations@chalethotels.com Website: www.chalethotels.com

OUR PROMOTERS: RAVI C. RAHEJA, NEEL C. RAHEJA, K. RAHEJA CORP PRIVATE LIMITED, K. RAHEJA PRIVATE LIMITED, IVORY PROPERTIES AND HOTELS PRIVATE LIMITED, GENEXT HARDWARE & PARKS PRIVATE LIMITED, TOUCHSTONE PROPERTIES & HOTELS PRIVATE LIMITED, CAPE TRADING LLP, CAPSTAN TRADING LLP, CASA MARIA PROPERTIES LLP, ANBEE CONSTRUCTIONS LLP, PALM SHELTER ESTATE DEVELOPMENT LLP, RAGHUKOOL ESTATE DEVELOPEMENT LLP AND IVORY PROPERTY TRUST

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING OF 58,613,571 EQUITY SHARES\* OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 10 EACH (THE "EQUITY SHARES") OF CHALET HOTELS LIMITED ("OUR COMPANY" OR "THE COMPANY" OR "THE ISSUER") FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹280 PER EQUITY SHARE (INCLUDING A SHARE PREMIUM OF ₹270 PER EQUITY SHARE) (THE "OFFER PRICE") AGGREGATING TO ₹16,411.80 MILLION\* (THE "OFFER") COMPRISING A FRESH ISSUE OF 33,928,571 EQUITY SHARES\* AGGREGATING TO ₹9,500 MILLION\* ("FRESH ISSUE") AND AN OFFER FOR SALE OF 24,685,000 EQUITY SHARES\* (THE "OFFERED SHARES") AGGREGATING TO ₹6,911.80 MILLION\*, COMPRISING AN OFFER FOR SALE OF (i) 5,550,000 EQUITY SHARES AGGREGATING TO ₹1,554.00 MILLION BY RAVI C. RAHEJA; (ii) 5,550,000 EQUITY SHARES AGGREGATING TO ₹ 1,554,00 MILLION BY NEEL C. RAHEJA; (iii) 10,784,176 EQUITY SHARES AGGREGATING TO ₹ 3,019.57 MILLION BY K. RAHEJA CORP PRIVATE LIMITED; (iv) 800,000 EQUITY SHARES AGGREGATING TO ₹ 224.00 MILLION BY PALM SHELTER ESTATE DEVELOPMENT LLP; AND (v) 2,000,824 EQUITY SHARES AGGREGATING TO ₹ 560.23 MILLION BY IVORY PROPERTIES AND HOTELS PRIVATE LIMITED (COLLECTIVELY THE "SELLING SHAREHOLDERS", AND SUCH OFFER FOR SALE, THE "OFFER FOR SALE")\*. THE OFFER CONSTITUTES 28.59 % OF THE POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY.

\*Subject to finalization of the Basis of Allotment

#### THE FACE VALUE OF THE EQUITY SHARES IS ₹ 10 EACH AND THE OFFER PRICE IS 28.00 TIMES THE FACE VALUE OF THE EQUITY SHARES

In terms of Rule 19(2) (b) (iii) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended (the "SCRR") read with Regulation 41 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009, as amended ("SEBI ICDR Regulations"), this is an Offer for at least 10% of the post-Offer paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company. The Offer has been made through the Book Building Process, in compliance with Regulation 26(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, wherein not more than 50% of the Offer was available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Qualified Institutional Buyers (the "QIBs") (the "QIB Category"), of which our Company and the Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs, allocated 60% of the QIB Category" to Anchor Investor Portion was reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the price at which allocation was made to Anchor Investors (the "Anchor Investor Allocation Price"). Post allocation to the Anchor Investors, the QIB Category was reduced by such number of Equity Shares. 5% of the QIB Category (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion) was available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only, and the remainder of the QIB Category was available for allocation on a proportionate basis to QIBs (other than Anchor Investors), including Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from them at or above the Offer Price. Further, not less than 15% of the Offer was available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Non-Institutional Investors and not less than 35% of the Offer was available for allocation to Retail Individual Investors, in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price. All Bidders, other than the Anchor Investors were required to participate in this Offer only through the Application Supported by Blocked Amount ("ASBA") process, providing details of their respective bank accounts in which the Bid amount will be blocked. The Anchor Investors were not permitted to participate in the Anchor Investor Portion through the ASBA process. For details, see "Offer Offer Off

#### RISKS IN RELATION TO THE FIRST OFFER

This being the first public issue of the Equity Shares of our Company, there has been no formal market for the Equity Shares of our Company. The face value of our Equity Shares is ₹ 10 and the Floor Price and Cap Price are 27.50 times and 28.00 times of the face value of the Equity Shares, respectively. The Offer Price (as determined and justified by our Company and the Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs, in accordance with SEBI ICDR Regulations, and as stated in "Basis for Offer Price" on page 127) should not be taken to be indicative of the Equity Shares after the Equity Shares are listed. No assurance can be given regarding an active and/or sustained trading in the Equity Shares or regarding the price at which the Equity Shares will be traded after listing.

Investments in equity and equity-related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in the Offer unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment. Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in the Offer. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Offer including the risks involved. The Equity Shares have not been recommended or approved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), nor does the SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of the contents of this Prospectus. Specific attention of the investors is invited to "Risk Factors"

#### ISSUER'S AND SELLING SHAREHOLDERS' ABSOLUTE RESPONSIBILITY

Our Company, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for and confirms that this Prospectus contains all information with regard to our Company and the Offer, which is material in the context of the Offer, that the information contained in this Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which makes this Prospectus as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions, misleading in any material respect. Further, each Selling Shareholder, severally and not jointly, accepts responsibility for only such statements specifically confirmed or undertaken by such Selling Shareholder in this Prospectus to the extent such statements specifically pertain to such Selling Shareholder and/or its portion of the Offered Shares and confirms that such statements are true and correct in all material respects and are not misleading in any material respect. However, each Selling Shareholder, does not assume any responsibility for any other statements, including without limitation, any and all of the statements made by or in relation to our Company or the other Selling Shareholders in this Prospectus.

#### LISTING

The Equity Shares offered though the Red Herring Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the Stock Exchanges. We have received in-principle approvals from the BSE and the NSE for the listing of the Equity Shares pursuant to letters both dated July 25, 2018. For the purposes of this Offer, NSE is the Designated Stock Exchange. A signed copy of the Red Herring Prospectus has been and a signed copy of this Prospectus shall be delivered for registration to the RoC in accordance with Section 26(4) and Section 32(2) of the Companies Act 2013. For details of the material contracts and documents that were available for inspection from the date of the Red Herring Prospectus up to the Bid/Offer Closing Date, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" on page 758. BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS

## JM FINANCIAL



#### Morgan Stanley

### KARVY FINTECH

REGISTRAR TO THE OFFER

#### JM Financial Limited

7th Floor, Cnergy Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi Mumbai 400 025 Maharashtra, India Tel: +91 22 6630 3030 Fax: +91 22 6630 3330

Email: chalet.ipo@jmfl.com Investor grievance email: grievance.ibd@jmfl.com

BID/OFFER OPENED ON\*

Website: www.jmfl.com Contact Person: Prachee Dhuri SEBI Registration No.: INM000010361

Axis Capital Limited 1st Floor, Axis House C 2 Wadia International Centre Pandurang Budhkar Marg Worli, Mumbai 400 025 Maharashtra, India Tel: +91 22 4325 2183 Fax: +91 22 4325 3000

Tuesday, January 29, 2019

E-mail: chalet.ipo@axiscap.in Investor grievance E-mail: complaints@axiscap.in

Website: www.axiscapital.co.in Contact Person: Mangesh Ghogle/ Mayuri Arya SEBI Registration No.: INM000012029

#### Morgan Stanley India Company Private Limited

18F, Tower 2, One Indiabulls Centre 841, Senapati Bapat Marg Mumbai 400 013

Maharashtra, India Tel: +91 22 6118 1000

Fax: +91 22 6118 1040 Email: chalet\_ipo\_2018@morganstanley.com

Investor grievance email: investors india@morganstanlev.com Website: www.morganstanley.com/about-

us/globaloffices/india Contact Person: Anirudh Premkumar SEBI Registration. No.: INM000011203

#### Karvy Fintech Private Limited

Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot 31 & 32 Gachibowli, Financial District Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Hyderabad 500 032 Telangana, India Tel: +91 40 6716 2222

Fax: +91 40 2343 1551 E-mail: einward.ris@karvy.com Investor grievance e-mail:

chalethotels.ipo@karvy.com Website: www.karvyfintech.com Contact person: M Murali Krishna SEBI Registration No.: INR000000221

BID/OFFER PERIOD

BID/OFFER CLOSED ON

Thursday, January 31, 2019

The Anchor Investor Bidding Date was one Working Day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date, i.e. Monday, January 28, 2019

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#### SECTION I - GENERAL

#### **DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

Unless the context otherwise indicates or implies, the following terms shall have the meanings provided below in this Prospectus, and references to any statute or regulations or policies will include any amendments or re-enactments thereto, from time to time. In case of any inconsistency between the definitions given below and the definitions contained in the General Information Document (as defined below), the definitions given below shall prevail.

Unless the context otherwise indicates, all references to "the Company", "our Company" and "the Issuer" are references to Chalet Hotels Limited, a company incorporated in India under the Companies Act 1956 with its Registered and Corporate Office at Raheja Tower, Plot No.C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India and references to "we", "us" and "our" are references to our Company, together with its Subsidiary (each as defined below).

#### **Company Related Terms**

	Description
Adjusted EBITDA before	Profit / (loss) from continuing operations including other income after exclusion of exceptional
Exceptional Items	items, depreciation and amortisation expense, finance costs, share of profit from associate and
	tax expense
Anbee Constructions	Anbee Constructions LLP
AoA/Articles of Association	The articles of association of our Company, as amended
or Articles	
Aqualine	Aqualine Real Estate Private Limited
Audit Committee	The audit committee of our Board
Auditors/ Statutory Auditors	The statutory auditors of our Company, being M/s B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants
Average Cost of	Total interest cost (including amounts capitalised and exchange loss on foreign currency
Indebtedness	borrowings) to the average borrowings during the period. The Average Cost of Indebtedness
	is helpful in understanding the overall interest rate being paid by a company for various types
	of debt financing. This measure gives investors an idea of the company's risk level compared
	to others because riskier companies generally have a higher cost of debt.
Board/ Board of Directors	The board of directors of our Company, or a duly constituted committee thereof
BOB	Bank of Baroda
Brookfields	Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited
Cape Trading	Cape Trading LLP
Capstan Trading	Capstan Trading LLP
Carin Properties	Carin Properties Private Limited
Casa Maria	Casa Maria Properties LLP
Cavalcade	Cavalcade Properties Private Limited
Citibank	Citibank N.A.
Challenge	Challenge Properties Private Limited
Chief Executive Officer/CEO	Chief Executive Officer of our Company
Chief Financial Officer/ CFO	Chief Financial Officer of our Company
Company Secretary	Company Secretary of our Company
Compliance Officer	Compliance Officer of our Company appointed in accordance with the requirements of the
r	SEBI ICDR Regulations
Convex Properties	Convex Properties Private Limited
Director(s)	The director(s) on our Board
ESOP 2018	Employee Stock Option Plan 2018 of our Company, as amended
Equity Shareholders	The holders of the Equity Shares
Equity Shares	The equity shares of our Company of face value of ₹ 10 each
Feat	Feat Properties Private Limited
Genext	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited
Flabbergast	Flabbergast Properties Private Limited
Grandwell	Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited
Grange	Grange Hotels & Properties Private Limited
Group	The Company and its Subsidiary
	The group companies of our Company, being companies covered under the applicable
Group Companies	g or our company, companies controlled under the applicable
Group Companies	accounting standards and other companies as considered material by our Board if any in
Group Companies	accounting standards and other companies as considered material by our Board, if any, in accordance the Materiality Policy and described in "Group Companies" on page 222.

Term	Description
ICICI	ICICI Bank Limited
ICICI Bahrain	ICICI Bank Limited, Bahrain Branch
ICICI UK	ICICI Bank UK Plc.
Immense	Immense Properties Private Limited
Imperial	Imperial Serviced Offices and Property Management Private Limited
Independent Director(s)	A Non-Executive, Independent Director as per the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI
	Listing Regulations.
Inorbit	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited
Intime	Intime Properties Limited
IPO Committee	The IPO committee of our Board constituted to facilitate the process of the Offer
Ivory Properties	Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited
Ivory Trust	Ivory Property Trust
KMP/ Key Managerial Personnel	Key management personnel of our Company in terms of Regulation 2(1) (s) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations and Section 2(51) of the Companies Act 2013 and as described in "Our Management" on page 205
K Raheja	K. Raheja Private Limited
K Raheja Corp	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited  K. Raheja Corp Private Limited
K Raheja Corporate	K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited
K Raheja Cyprus	K. Raheja Corp Advisory Services (Cyprus) Private Limited
K Raheja IT Park	K. Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited
Magna	Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited
MAPHPL	Marble Arch Properties and Hotels Private Limited
Materiality Policy	The policy adopted by our Board on June 12, 2018 and amended by a resolution dated
Materiality I oney	December 20, 2018 or determining (i) Group Companies; (ii) outstanding material litigation involving our Company, Subsidiary, Directors, Promoters and Group Companies; and (iii) outstanding dues to creditors in respect of our Company, in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations for the purposes of disclosure in the offer documents. For further details, see "Group Companies" and "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments" on
MoA/Memorandum of Association	pages 222 and 621, respectively  The memorandum of association of our Company, as amended
Mindspace	Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited
Nakshtra	Nakshtra Logistics Private Limited
Newfound	Newfound Properties and Leasing Private Limited
Nirankar	Nirankar Properties Private Limited
NPHPL	Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited
Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee	The compensation, nomination and remuneration committee of our Board
Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares/NCRPS	0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of our Company of face value ₹ 100,000 each
Non-Executive Director(s)	A director not being an Executive Director or an Independent Director
Novel	Novel Properties Private Limited
Pact	Pact Real Estate Private Limited
Palm Shelter	Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP
Paradigm	Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private Limited
Pramaan	Pramaan Properties Private Limited
Preference Shares	Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares and Zero Coupon Non-cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares
Promoter Group	Such persons and entities which constitute the promoter group of our Company pursuant to Regulation 2(1)(zb) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations comprising
	(A) individuals: Chandru L. Raheja; Jyoti C. Raheja; Sumati R Raheja; Jaya N Raheja; Shreya R Raheja; Anoushri R Raheja; Rhea N Raheja; Sahil N Raheja; Nishi Pokardas Murli Pokardas; Kusum Dadlani; Jayna P Lakhiani; Saket Burman; Indira Burman;
	(B) entities: Aqualine Properties Private Limited; Aqualine Real Estate Private Limited: Avacado Properties & Trading (India) Private Limited; Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited; Carin Properties Private Limited; Cavalcade Properties Private Limited: Content Properties Private Limited; Convex Properties Private Limited; Ekaakshara Trading Co. Private Limited; Eternus Real Estate Private Limited; Eternus (Singapore) Pte Limited; Euroweave Exports Private Limited; Feat Properties Private Limited; Flabbergass Properties Private Limited; G Corp Projects Private Limited; Gigaplex Estate Private Limited; Grange Hotels & Properties Private Limited; Horizonview Properties Private Limited; Hornbill Trading Company Private

Term Description

Limited; Immense Properties Private Limited; Imperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Private Limited; Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited; Intime Properties Limited; Jewel of India; J.T Holdings Private Limited; Juhu Beach Resorts Limited; K. Raheja Corp Advisory Services (Cyprus) Private Limited; K Raheja Corp Investment Managers LLP; K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited; K. Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited; K Raheja Properties & Finance; K Raheja Sales; K Raheja Services Private Limited; KRC Infrastructure & Projects Private Limited; Lonhome Properties & Investments PTE Limited; Louisiana Investment & Finance Private Limited; Marvel International Private Limited: Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited: MR & Co.: MR Combine; Nakshtra Logistics Private Limited; Neerav Investments Advisory Services (Cyprus) Private Limited; Neerav Investments & Holdings Pte. Limited; Neogen Properties Private Limited; Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited; Nirankar Properties Private Limited; Novel Properties Private Limited; Pact Real Estate Private Limited; Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private Limited; Polo Chenjal Holding PTE Limited; Pramaan Properties Private Limited; Shoppers Stop Limited; Stargaze Properties Private Limited; Sundew Properties Limited; Sundew Real Estate Private Limited; Support Properties Private Limited; Sustain Properties Private Limited; Sycamore Properties Private Limited; Terraco India Private Limited; Whispering Heights Real Estate Private Limited;

(C) the following entities which have been included solely on account of the shareholding of immediate relatives of the spouses of the individual promoters: Adbur Private Limited; Adfluence Hub Private Limited; Celeste Box LLC; Chowdry Associates; Dabur Ayurvedic Specialities Limited; Dabur India Limited; Dabur Invest Corp; Dabur Pharmaceuticals Limited; Dabur Securities Private Limited; Eastern Enterprises; Jetage Infrastructure Limited; Maneswari Trading Company; Mina Assets INC.; Siddharth Burman HUF; SGBNO Pte. Limited; Upvan Farms & Services Private Limited.

It is clarified that the Promoter Group shall not include the Mumbai Undivided Entities and Southern Undivided Entities. For further details, please see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments – Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja" on page 644"

Promoters

The promoters of our Company, namely Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja, K. Raheja Corp Private Limited, K. Raheja Private Limited, Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited, Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited, Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited, Cape Trading LLP, Capstan Trading LLP, Casa Maria Properties LLP, Anbee Constructions LLP, Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP, Raghukool Estate Development LLP and Ivory Property Trust

Raghukool Estate

Raghukool Estate Developement LLP

RBL

**RBL** Bank Limited

Registered and Corporate Office

The registered and corporate office of our Company is located at Raheja Tower, Plot No.C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India.

Registrar of Companies/RoC

Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai. For further details, see "General Information" on page 81

Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information The restated consolidated summary financial information of the Group, which comprises of the restated consolidated summary statement of assets and liabilities as at September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss, the restated consolidated summary statement of changes in equity and restated consolidated summary statement of cash flows for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and each of the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 for our Company, its Subsidiaries and its associate, on a consolidated basis, during the relevant periods, read along with all the schedules and notes thereto prepared under the Indian Accounting Standards and included in "Summary Financial Information" on page 259

Restated Summary
Financial Information
Restated Standalone
Summary Financial

Information

Collectively, the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information and the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information

The restated standalone summary financial information of our Company, restated standalone summary statement of assets and liabilities as at September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the related restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss, the restated standalone summary statement of changes in equity and restated standalone summary statement of cash flows for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and each of the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 for our Company, read along with all the schedules and notes thereto prepared under the Indian Accounting Standards and included in "Summary Financial Information" on page 259.

SCB Standard Chartered Bank

Т	Description
Term	Description  Description  Description
Selling Shareholders	Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja, K. Raheja Corp Private Limited, Ivory Properties and
	Hotels Private Limited and Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP
Senior Management	Certain senior management personnel of our Company, other than our Directors and Key
Personnel/ SMP	Management Personnel, as disclosed in the section "Our Management" on pages 187 to
	207
Stakeholders' Relationship	The stakeholders' relationship committee of our Board
Committee	
Subscription Agreement	Subscription agreement dated June 4, 2018 entered into among our Company, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja
Subsidiary	Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited. For further details see "History and
•	Certain Corporate Matters – Subsidiary of our Company" on page 186
Sundew	Sundew Real Estate Private Limited
Sundew Properties	Sundew Properties Limited
Sustain	Sustain Properties Private Limited
Sycamore	Sycamore Properties Private Limited
The Residency	The Residency Hotels Private Limited
Touchstone	Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited
Trion	Trion Properties Private Limited
Yes Bank	Yes Bank Limited
Zero Coupon Non-	Series A/Series B 0.00 % non-cumulative non-convertible redeemable preference shares of
Cumulative Non-	our Company of face value ₹ 100,000 each
Convertible Redeemable	
Preference Shares/Zero	
Coupon NCRPS	

#### Offer Related Terms

Term	Description
Acknowledgment Slip	The slip or document issued by the Designated Intermediary(ies) to a Bidder as proof of registration of the Bid
Allotment Advice	The note or advice or intimation of Allotment, sent to each successful Bidder who has been or is to be Allotted the Equity Shares after approval of the Basis of Allotment by the Designated Stock Exchange
Allotted/Allotment/Allot	The issue, allotment of the Equity Shares pursuant to the Fresh Issue and transfer of the Offered Shares to successful Bidders pursuant to the Offer
Allottee	A successful Bidder to whom the Equity Shares are Allotted
Anchor Investor	A QIB, who applies under the Anchor Investor Portion in accordance with the requirements specified in the SEBI ICDR Regulations
Anchor Investor Allocation Price	The price at which Equity Shares were allocated to Anchor Investors on the Anchor Investor Bidding Date in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus, in this case being ₹ 280 per Equity Share, which was decided by our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs
Anchor Investor Bidding Date	Monday, January 28, 2019, the date on which Bids by Anchor Investors were submitted, prior to and after which the BRLMs did not accept any Bids in the Anchor Investor Portion, and allocation to the Anchor Investors was completed
Anchor Investor Offer Price	The final price at which the Equity Shares were Allotted to Anchor Investors in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus. The Anchor Investor Offer Price has been decided by our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs
Anchor Investor Portion	60% of the QIB Category, consisting of 17,584,071 Equity shares, which was allocated by our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, to Anchor Investors, on a discretionary basis, in accordance with SEBI ICDR Regulations. One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion was reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation Price
Application Supported by Blocked Amount/ ASBA	An application, whether physical or electronic, used by Bidders/Applicants, other than Anchor Investors, to make a Bid and authorising an SCSB to block the Bid Amount in the specified bank account maintained with such SCSB and will include amounts blocked by RIIs using the UPI mechanism
ASBA Account	Account maintained with an SCSB which has been blocked by such SCSB or the account of the RII Bidder blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request by RIIs using the UPI mechanism to the extent of the Bid Amount of the Bidder/Applicant
ASBA Bidder	Investors (other than Anchor Investors) in the Offer who submitted the Bid through the ASBA process

Term	Description
ASBA Form	An application form, whether physical or electronic, used by ASBA Bidders, which was considered as the application for Allotment in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and this
	Prospectus
Axis Capital	Axis Capital Limited
Banker(s) to the Offer	The Escrow Bank(s), Refund Bank(s), Sponsor Bank, and Public Offer Account Bank(s), as the case may be
Basis of Allotment	The basis on which the Equity Shares have been Allotted to successful Bidders under the Offer, described in "Offer Procedure" on page 686
Bid	An indication to make an offer during the Bid/Offer Period by an ASBA Bidder (other than an Anchor Investor), or on the Anchor Investor Bidding Date by an Anchor Investor, pursuant to submission of a Bid cum Application Form, to subscribe for or purchase our Equity Shares at a price within the Price Band, including all revisions and modifications thereto, to the extent permissible under the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018, in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Form. The term 'Bidding' will be construed accordingly
Bid Amount	The highest value of the optional Bids as indicated in the Bid cum Application Form and payable by the Anchor Investor or as blocked in the ASBA Account of the ASBA Bidder, as the case may be, upon submission of the Bid in the Offer, as applicable
Bid cum Application Form	The form in terms of which the Bidder (including an Anchor Investor) had made a Bid, including ASBA Form, and which shall be considered as the application for the Allotment pursuant to the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus
Bid Lot	53 Equity Shares
Bid/Offer Closing Date	Except in relation to Anchor Investors, Thursday, January 31, 2019
Bid/Offer Opening Date Bid/Offer Period	Except in relation to Anchor Investors, Tuesday, January 29, 2019  Except in relation to Anchor Investors, Tuesday, January 29, 2019 to Thursday, January 31, 2019
Bidder	Any investor who made a Bid pursuant to the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Form and unless otherwise stated or implied, and includes an Anchor Investor
Bidding Centres	Centres at which the Designated Intermediaries accepted the Bid cum Application Forms, being the Designated SCSB Branches, Specified Locations for the Syndicate, Broker Centres for Registered Brokers, Designated RTA Locations for CRTAs and Designated CDP Locations for CDPs.
Book Building Process	The book building process as described in Schedule XIII of the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018, in terms of which the Offer is being made
Book Running Lead Manager(s)/ BRLM(s)	
Broker Centres	Broker centres of the Registered Brokers, where Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) submitted the Bid cum Application Forms. The details of such Broker Centres, along with the names and contact details of the Registered Brokers are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges
Allocation Note	Notice or intimation of allocation of the Equity Shares sent to Anchor Investors, who have been allocated the Equity Shares, after the Anchor Investor Bidding Date
Cap Price Circular on Streamlining of Public Issues	₹ 280 per Equity Share Circular no. CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015 issued by SEBI
Client ID	Client identification number of the Bidder's beneficiary account
Collecting Depository Participants/CDPs	A depository participant, as defined under the Depositories Act, 1996 and registered under Section 12(1A) of the SEBI Act and who is eligible to procure Bids at the Designated CDP Locations in terms of the Circular on Streamlining of Public Issues
Collecting Registrar and Share Transfer Agents or CRTAs Cut-off Price	Registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to procure Bids at the Designated RTA Locations in terms of the Circular on Streamlining of Public Issues  The Offer Price, finalized by our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, in this case being ₹ 280 per Equity Share. Only Retail Individual Investors were entitled to Bid at the Cut-off Price. QIBs (including Anchor Investors) and Non-Institutional Investors were not entitled to Bid at the Cut-off Price
Demographic Details	The details of the Bidders including the Bidders' address, names of the Bidders' father/husband, investor status, occupation and bank account details and UPI ID wherever applicable
Designated SCSB Branches	Such branches of the SCSBs which collected the Bid cum Application Form used by Bidders (other than Anchor Investors), a list of which is available at the website of the SEBI (http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=35) and updated from time to time
Designated CDP Locations	Such centres of the Collecting Depository Participants where Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) submitted the Bid cum Application Forms. The details of such Designated CDP Locations, along with the names and contact details of the CDPs are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges (www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com) and updated from time to time

Term	Description
Designated Date	The date on which the funds from the Escrow Accounts are transferred to the Public Offer
-	Account or the Refund Account(s), as appropriate, and the amounts blocked are transferred from the ASBA Accounts, to the Public Offer Account or Refund Account, as applicable, in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus, after this Prospectus is filed with the RoC
Designated Intermediaries	Collectively, the members of the Syndicate, sub-syndicate members/agents, SCSBs, Registered Brokers, CDPs and CRTAs, who were authorized to collect Bid cum Application Forms from the Bidders (other than Anchor Investors), in relation to the Offer
Designated RTA Locations	Such centres of the CRTAs where Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) submitted the Bid cum Application Forms. The details of such Designated RTA Locations, along with the names and contact details of the CRTAs are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges (www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com) and updated from time to time
Designated Stock Exchange	NSE
Draft Red Herring Prospectus/DRHP	The draft red herring prospectus dated July 2, 2018, issued in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, which did not contain complete particulars of the price at which our Equity Shares will be Allotted and the size of the Offer, including any addenda or corrigenda thereto
Eligible NRI	A non-resident Indian, resident in a jurisdiction outside India where it is not unlawful to make an offer or invitation under the Offer and in relation to whom the Red Herring Prospectus constituted an invitation to subscribe for the Equity Shares
Escrow and Sponsor Rank	Account opened with the Escrow Bank for the Offer and in whose favour the Anchor Investors transferred money through direct credit or NACH or NEFT or RTGS in respect of the Bid Amount when submitting a Bid  Agreement dated January 22, 2019, entered into among our Company, the Selling
Agreement Sponsor Bank	Shareholders, the Registrar to the Offer, the BRLMs, the Escrow Bank, the Sponsor Bank, the Public Offer Account Bank and Refund Bank for collection of the Bid Amounts and where applicable, remitting refunds, if any, on the terms and conditions thereof
Escrow Bank	A bank, which is a clearing member and registered with SEBI as a banker to an offer and with whom the Escrow Account has been opened, in this case being Axis Bank Limited
First Bidder	The Bidder whose name appears first in the Bid cum Application Form or the Revision Form and in case of joint Bid, whose name appears as the first holder of the beneficiary account held in joint names
Floor Price	₹ 275 per Equity Share
Fresh Issue	Fresh issue of 33,928,571 Equity Shares by our company aggregating to ₹ 9,500 million by our Company as part of the Offer, in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus
General Information Document	The General Information Document for investing in public issues prepared and issued in accordance with the circular (CIR/CFD/DIL/12/2013) dated October 23, 2013, notified by SEBI and certain other amendments to applicable laws and updated pursuant to the circular (CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015) dated November 10, 2015, the circular (CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2016) dated January 1, 2016 and (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/26) dated January 21, 2016 and circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2018/138) dated November 1, 2018 notified by SEBI and included in "Offer Procedure" on page 693.
Maximum RII Allottees	The maximum number of RIIs who can be allotted the minimum Bid Lot. This is computed by dividing the total number of Equity Shares available for Allotment to RIIs by the minimum Bid Lot
Minimum Promoters' Contribution	Aggregate of 20% of the fully diluted post-Offer equity share capital of our Company that are eligible to form part of the minimum promoter's contribution, as required under the provisions of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, held by our Promoters that shall be locked-in for a period of three years from the date of Allotment
JM Financial	JM Financial Limited
Monitoring Agency	Axis Bank Limited Agreement dated January 22, 2019 entered into between our Company and the Monitoring
Monitoring Agency Agreement	Agreement dated January 22, 2019 entered into between our Company and the Monitoring Agency
Morgan Stanley	Morgan Stanley India Company Private Limited
Mutual Fund Portion	5% of the QIB Category (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion) or 586,136 Equity Shares which was available for allocation to Mutual Funds only, on a proportionate basis, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price
Net Proceeds	Proceeds of the Offer that will be available to our Company, i.e., gross proceeds of the Fresh Issue, less Offer expenses to the extent applicable to the Fresh Issue
Non-Institutional Category	The portion of the Offer, being not less than 15% of the Offer or 8,792,036 Equity Shares, which was available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Non-Institutional Investors subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price
Non-Institutional	All Bidders, including Category III FPIs that are not QIBs (including Anchor Investors) or
Investors/NIIs	Retail Individual Investors, who have Bid for Equity Shares for an amount of more than ₹ 200,000 (but not including NRIs other than Eligible NRIs)
Non-Resident	A person resident outside India, as defined under FEMA and includes NRIs, FPIs and FVCIs

Term	Description
Offer	Public issue of 58,613,571 Equity Shares* of face value ₹ 10 each for cash at a price of ₹ 280
	including a premium of ₹ 270 per Equity Share, aggregating up to ₹ 16,411.80 million comprising Fresh Issue and Offer for Sale
	*Subject to finalisation of the Basis of Allotment.
Offer Agreement	The agreement dated June 29, 2018 entered into among our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs, pursuant to which certain arrangements are agreed to in relation to the Offer
Offer for Sale/OFS	The offer for sale of 5,550,000 Equity Shares by Ravi C. Raheja, 5,550,000 Equity Shares by Neel C. Raheja, 10,784,176 Equity Shares by K. Raheja Corp Private Limited, 2,000,824 Equity Shares by Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited and 800,000 Equity Shares by Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP, in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus
Offer Price	*Subject to finalisation of the Basis of Allotment.  The final price at which Equity Shares will be Allotted to the successful Bidders, being ₹ 280
Offer Trice	per Equity Share, as determined in accordance with the Book Building Process and determined by our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus on the Pricing Date
Price Band	Price band ranging from a Floor Price of ₹ 275 to a Cap Price of ₹ 280, including any revisions thereof. The Price Band and the minimum Bid Lot size for the Offer have been decided by our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the with the BRLMs, and advertised in all editions of The Financial Express (a widely circulated English national daily), all editions of Jansatta (a widely circulated Hindi national daily newspaper, and Mumbai editions of Navshakti (a widely circulated Marathi regional newspaper, Marathi being the regional language in the place where our Registered and Corporate Office is located) at least two Working Days prior to the Bid/ Offer Opening Date, with the relevant financial ratios calculated at the Floor Price and at the Cap Price and were made available to the Stock Exchanges for the purpose of uploading on their websites
Pricing Date	The date on which our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, finalized the Offer Price
Prospectus	This Prospectus dated February 2, 2019 to be filed with the RoC for this Offer on or after the Pricing Date in accordance with the provisions of Section 26 of the Companies Act 2013 and the SEBI ICDR Regulations, containing the Offer Price, the size of the Offer and certain other
Public Offer Account(s)	information, including any addenda or corrigenda thereto  The bank account(s) opened with the Public Offer Account Bank(s) under Section 40(3) of the Companies Act 2013 to receive monies from the Escrow Accounts and the ASBA Accounts on the Designated Date
Public Offer Account Bank	The bank with whom the Public Offer Account is opened for collection of Bid Amounts from the Escrow Account and ASBA Accounts on the Designated Date, in this case being ICICI Bank Limited
QIB Category	The portion of the Offer, being not more than 50% of the Offer or 29,306,785 Equity Shares which was available for allocation to QIBs on a proportionate basis, including the Anchor Investor Portion (in which allocation was on a discretionary basis, as determined by our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLM)
Qualified Institutional Buyers or QIBs	A qualified institutional buyer as defined under Regulation 2(1)(zd) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations
Red Herring Prospectus or RHP	The red herring prospectus dated January 23, 2019 issued in accordance with Section 32 of the Companies Act 2013 and the SEBI ICDR Regulations, which did not have complete particulars of the price at which the Equity Shares shall be Allotted and which has been registered with the RoC and will become this Prospectus after registering with the RoC after the Pricing Date, including any addenda or corrigenda thereto
Refund Account(s)	Account(s) opened with the Refund Bank from which refunds, if any, of the whole or part of the Bid Amount shall be made to Anchor Investors or other Bidders, if required
Refund Bank	The bank with whom the Refund Account(s) has been opened, in this case being Axis Bank Limited
Registered Brokers	Stock brokers registered with SEBI and the stock exchanges having nationwide terminals, other than the members of the Syndicate and eligible to procure Bids at the Broker Centres in terms of circular number CIR/CFD/14/2012 dated October 14, 2012, issued by SEBI
Registrar Agreement	The agreement dated June 28, 2018, entered into among our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Registrar to the Offer in relation to the responsibilities and obligations of the Registrar to the Offer pertaining to the Offer
Registrar to the Offer	Karvy Fintech Private Limited (previously known as KCPL Advisory Services Private Limited)
Retail Category	The portion of the Offer, being not less than 35% of the Offer or 20,514,750 Equity Shares, which was available for allocation to Retail Individual Investors and which was not less than the minimum Bid Lot, subject to availability in the Retail Category

Term	Description
Retail Individual Investors/	
RIIs	is not more than ₹ 200,000 in any of the bidding options in the Offer (including HUFs applying
KIIS	
D :: E	through their karta and Eligible NRIs and does not include NRIs other than Eligible NRIs)
Revision Form	The form used by the Bidders to modify the quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount in
	any of their Bid cum Application Forms or any previous Revision Form(s), as applicable. QIBs
	bidding in the QIB Category and Non-Institutional Investors bidding in the Non-Institutional
	Category were not permitted to withdraw their Bid(s) or lower the size of their Bid(s) (in terms
	of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage. Retail Individual Investors could
	revise their Bids during the Bid/Offer Period and withdraw their Bids until Bid/Offer Closing
	Date
Self Certified Syndicate Banks	The banks registered with the SEBI which offer the facility of
or SCSBs	ASBA and the list of which is available on the website of the SEBI
	(http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=35)
	and updated from time to time and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from
	time to time
Share Escrow Agreements	Agreements dated January 22, 2019, entered into among the Selling Shareholders, our
<i>g</i>	Company and a share escrow agent in connection with the transfer of the respective portion
	of the Offered Shares by each Selling Shareholder and credit of such Equity Shares to the
	demat account of the Allottees
Specified Locations	Bidding centres where the Syndicate accepted Bid cum Application Forms, a list of which was
Specifica Locations	included in the Bid cum Application Form
Sponsor Bank	The Banker to the Offer registered with SEBI which is appointed by the issuer to act as a
Sponsor Bunn	conduit between the Stock Exchanges and the National Payments Corporation of India in
	order to push the mandate collect requests and / or payment instructions of the RIIs into the
	UPI, the Sponsor Bank in this case being ICICI Bank Limited
Stock Exchanges	Collectively, the BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Syndicate Agreement	The agreement dated January 22, 2019 entered into among the members of the Syndicate, our
Syndicate Agreement	
	Company and the Selling Shareholders in relation to the collection/ procurement of Bid cum
	Application Forms by the Syndicate (other than Bids directly submitted to the SCSBs under the
G P + M 1	ASBA process and Bids submitted to the Registered Brokers at the Broker Centres)
Syndicate Member	Intermediary registered with the SEBI and permitted to carry out activities as an underwriter,
G 11	in this case being JM Financial Services Limited
Syndicate or members of the	Collectively, the BRLM and the Syndicate Member
Syndicate	
Systemically Important Non-	
Banking Financial Company	net-worth of more than five thousand million rupees as per the last audited financial
	statements
Underwriting Agreement	The agreement dated February 1, 2019 among our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the
	Underwriters
UPI ID	ID created on Unified Payment Interface (UPI) for single-window mobile payment system
	developed by the National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI).
UPI Mandate Request	A request (intimating the RII by way of a notification on the UPI application and by way of
•	a SMS directing the RII to such UPI application) to the RII initiated by the Sponsor Bank to
	authorise blocking of funds on the UPI application equivalent to Bid Amount and subsequent
	debit of funds in case of Allotment
UPI mechanism	The bidding mechanism that may be used by an RII to make a Bid in the Offer in accordance
	with SEBI circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2018/138) dated November 1, 2018
UPI PIN	Password to authenticate UPI transaction
Wilful Defaulter(s)	Wilful Defaulter as defined under Regulation 2(zn) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations
Working Day(s)	All days, other than second and fourth Saturday of the month, Sunday or a public holiday,
Working Day(s)	on which commercial banks in Mumbai, India are open for business; provided however, for
	the purposes of announcement of Price Band and the Bid/ Offer Period, "Working Day" shall
	mean all days, excluding all Saturdays, Sundays or a public holiday, on which commercial
	banks in Mumbai, India are open for business; and with reference to the time period between
	the Bid/Offer Closing Date and the listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges,
	"Working Day" shall mean all trading days of Stock Exchanges, excluding Sundays and
	bank holidays, as per the SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/26 dated January
	21, 2016.

#### **Conventional and General Terms and Abbreviations**

Term	Description
AGM	Annual general meeting
AIF(s)	Alternative Investment Funds, as defined in, and registered under the SEBI AIF Regulations

Term	Description
AS	Accounting Standard referred to in the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006
	issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India
Bn/bn	Billion
BSE	BSE Limited
CAGR	Compounded Annual Growth Rate
Category I FPIs	FPIs registered as category I FPIs under the SEBI FPI Regulations
Category II FPIs	FPIs registered as category II FPIs under the SEBI FPI Regulations
Category III FPIs	FPIs registered as category III FPIs under the SEBI FPI Regulations, which shall include all
	other FPIs not eligible under category I and II foreign portfolio investors, such as endowments, charitable societies, charitable trusts, foundations, corporate bodies, trusts, individuals and family offices
CDSL	Central Depository Services (India) Limited
CIN	Corporate Identity Number
CLRA	Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
Companies Act	The Companies Act 1956 and the Companies Act 2013, as applicable
Companies Act 1956	Companies Act, 1956 (without reference to the provisions thereof that have ceased to have effect upon notification of the Notified Sections)
Companies Act 2013	Companies Act, 2013, to the extent in force pursuant to the notification of the Notified
2012	Sections, read with the rules, regulations, notifications, clarifications and modifications thereunder
Consolidated FDI Policy	The Consolidated Foreign Direct Investment Policy, effective from August 28, 2017
Consolidated FDI Folicy	issued by the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India, and any modifications thereto or substitutions thereof, issued from time to time
Copyright Act	Copyright Act, 1957
CPC	Code of Civil Procedure, 1908
CSR	Corporate Social Responsibility
CWIP	Capital Work in Progress
Depositories Act	The Depositories Act, 1996
Depository	A depository registered with the SEBI under the Securities and Exchange Board of India
1 3	(Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996
DIPP	Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, GoI
DP ID	Depository Participant's identity number
EBITDA	Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization
EPF Act	Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952
EPS	Earnings per share
ESI Act	Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948
ESOP	Employee stock option plan
FCA	Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980
FCNR Account	Foreign Currency Non Resident (Bank) account established in accordance with the FEMA
FCPA	U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977
FDI	Foreign direct investment
FEMA	The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 read with rules, regulations, notifications, circulars and directions thereunder
FEMA Regulations	Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident Outside India) Regulations, 2017
Finance Act	Finance Act 2018
Financial Year/Fiscal/ Fiscal Year	The period of 12 months commencing on April 1 of the immediately preceding calendar year and ending on March 31 of that particular calendar year
FPIs	A foreign portfolio investor who has been registered with SEBI pursuant to the SEBI FPI
FVCI	Regulations  Foreign Venture Capital Investors (as defined under the SEBI FVCI Regulations)
CAAD	registered with SEBI
GAAR	General Anti-Avoidance Rules
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GoI/ Central Government/	The Government of India
Government	Cools and associated
GST	Goods and services tax
HUF(s)	Hindu Undivided Family(ies)
ICAI	Institute of Chartered Accountants of India
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards
IFSC	Indian Financial System Code

Term	Description
Income Tax Act	Income Tax Act, 1961
Ind AS	The Indian Accounting Standards referred to in and notified by the Ind AS Rules
Ind AS 24	Indian Accounting Standard 24 notified under the IND AS Rules
Ind AS Rules	Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015
Indian GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India
INR or Rupee or ₹ or Rs.	Indian Rupee, the official currency of the Republic of India
IPO	Initial public offering
IRDAI	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India
IRDAI Investment Regulations	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (Investment) Regulations, 2016
IT	Information Technology
ITC	Input Tax Credit
LLP	Limited Liability Partnership
LLP Act	Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008
MCA	The Ministry of Corporate Affairs, GoI
MEP	Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing
Mn	Million
Mutual Funds	Mutual funds registered with the SEBI under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996
NCLT	National Company Law Tribunal
NCDs	Non-Convertible Debentures
NCR	National Capital Region
Notified Sections	The sections of the Companies Act 2013 that have been notified by the MCA and are currently in effect
NPCI	National Payments Corporation of India
NR/ Non-resident	A person resident outside India, as defined under the FEMA and includes an NRI
NRI	Non-Resident Indian
NSDL	National Securities Depository Limited
NSE	National Stock Exchange of India Limited
P/E Ratio	Price/Earnings Ratio
PAN	Permanent account number
PAT	Profit after tax
RBI	The Reserve Bank of India
RERA	Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016.
Regulation S	Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act
Rule 144A	Rule 144A under the U.S. Securities Act
SCRA	Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956
SCRR	Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957
SEBI	The Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under the SEBI Act
SEBI Act	The Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992
SEBI AIF Regulations	SEBI (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012
SEBI ESOP Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014
SEBI FPI Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014
SEBI FVCI Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Venture Capital Investors) Regulations, 2000
SEBI ICDR Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009, as amended
SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as applicable
SEBI Listing Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
SEZ	Special Economic Zones
SEZ Act	The Special Economic Zones Act, 2005
SEZ Rules	Special Economic Zones Rules, 2006
STT	Securities Transaction Tax
Takeover Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011
Trade Marks Act	The Trade Marks Act, 1999

Term	Description
UPI	Unified Payments Interface, a payment mechanism that allows instant transfer of money between any two persons bank account using a payment address which uniquely identifies a person's bank account
U.S. GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United State of America
U.S. Securities Act	U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended
US\$/ USD/ US Dollar	United States Dollar, the official currency of the United States of America
U.S./ US/ USA/ United States	United States of America, its territories and possessions, any state of the United States of America and the District of Columbia
VAT	Value Added Tax
VCFs	Venture capital funds as defined in and registered with the SEBI under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Venture Capital Fund) Regulations, 1996 or the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012, as the case may be
Water Act	Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974

#### **Industry Related Terms**

Term	Description
ADR	Average daily rate. ADR represents hotel room revenues divided by total number of room nights sold in a given period.
Average Occupancy or	Average occupancy represents the total number of room nights sold in a given period divided
Occupancy	by the total number of room nights available at a hotel or group of hotels in the same period
CAGR	CAGR = ((Ending Value / Beginning Value)^(1 / # of years)) - 1
Chain-affiliated hotels	Chain-affiliated hotels are hotels that are either (i) owned and operated by hotel chains, (ii) operated by hotel chains on behalf of other owners, or (iii) operated by owners themselves or third parties under a franchise arrangement from hotel chains. These include all recognized international global chains operating in India, irrespective of the number of hotels or rooms operated by them in the country and domestic hotel chains that are generally considered as operating under common branding. Chain-affiliated hotels do not include other domestic chains which have less than five hotels operating regionally in India, groups that have multiple hotels only within one state (unless they are generally regarded as chain-affiliated hotels by the
	market), companies that are primarily operating time share facilities and one star hotels.
Economy segment	These are typically two star hotels providing functional accommodations and limited services, while being focused on price consciousness.
FSI	Floor Space Index, calculated as the ratio between the built up area for a project or hotel to the area of the plot or land parcel on which the building stands.
Horwath Report	'Industry Report – Top tier and Upscale Hotels' dated June 25, 2018 (read with addendum dated September 25, 2018), prepared by Horwath HTL India
Keys	Available rooms at a hotel
LEED	Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design
Luxury-upper upscale segment	Typically refers to top tier hotels. In India, these would generally be classified as five star, deluxe and luxury hotels
MICE	Meetings, Incentives, Conferences and Events
Midscale segment	These are typically three star hotels with distinctly moderate room sizes, quality and pricing, and a lower quality of services, while domestic brand midscale hotels are often more full service in nature, services tend to be more selectively available among international branded midscale hotels
OTA	Online Travel Agent
PAR	Per Available Room
RevPAR	Revenue per available room. RevPAR is calculated by multiplying ADR charged and the average occupancy achieved, for a given period. RevPAR does not include other ancillary, non-room revenues, such as food and beverage revenues or transport, telephone and other guest service revenues generated by a hotel
Upper Midscale segment	These hotels are more moderately positioned and priced than upscale hotels. These may be full service or even select service hotels, typically with fewer public areas and facilities and possibly smaller room sizes, than upscale hotels. In India, these would generally be classified as four star and sometimes three star hotels
Upscale segment	These are hotels which are more moderately positioned and priced, with smaller room sizes, than the top tier hotels. In India, these would generally be classified as four or even five star hotels

The words and expressions used but not defined in this Prospectus will have the same meaning as assigned to such terms under the Companies Act, the SEBI Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018 (to the extent applicable), the SCRA, the Depositories Act and the rules and regulations made thereunder.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, terms in "Main Provisions of the Articles of Association", "Statement of Tax Benefits", "Industry Overview", "Our Business", "Risk Factors", "Regulations and Policies", "Summary Financial Information", "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments", "Government and Other Approvals" and "Part B" of "Offer Procedure", will have the meaning ascribed to such terms in these respective sections.

### CERTAIN CONVENTIONS, USE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND MARKET DATA AND CURRENCY OF PRESENTATION

This Prospectus has been prepared in accordance with provisions and disclosure requirements of the SEBI ICDR Regulations except that the issue procedure including in relation to Bid/Offer Period, submission of Bid Cum Application Forms, Payment of Bid Amount, Allocation, Allotment, Refund of Bid Amount, if any and listing of the Equity Shares as described in the section "Offer Procedure" on page 693 including "Part B- General Information Document for Investing in Public Issues" (each read with "Definition and Abbreviations" on page 2) has been prepared in accordance with SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2018.

#### **Certain Conventions**

All references in this Prospectus to "India" are to the Republic of India.

Unless indicated otherwise, all references to page numbers in this Prospectus are to page numbers of this Prospectus.

#### **Financial Data**

Unless stated or the context requires otherwise, the financial information in this Prospectus is derived from our Restated Summary Financial Information. The Restated Summary Financial Information has been examined by the Auditor and prepared in accordance with Ind AS and in accordance with the Companies Act and relevant rules framed thereunder and have been restated in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For further information, see "Summary Financial Information" on page 259. Certain other financial information pertaining to our Subsidiary, Promoters and Group Companies is derived from their respective financial statements.

Our Company's financial year commences on April 1 and ends on March 31 of the following year; accordingly, all references in this Prospectus to the terms Fiscal or Fiscal Year or Financial Year is to the 12 months ended March 31 of such year, unless otherwise specified. In this Prospectus, any discrepancies in any table between the total and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding off. All figures, in decimals have been rounded off to the second decimal for all amounts in ₹ million and all percentage figures have been rounded off to two decimal places unless stated otherwise.

Certain figures contained in this Prospectus, including financial information, have been subject to rounding adjustments. In certain instances, (i) the sum or percentage change of such numbers may not conform exactly to the total figure given; and (ii) the sum of the numbers in a column or row in certain tables may not conform exactly to the total figure given for that column or row. However, where any figures that may have been sourced from third-party industry sources are rounded off to other than two decimal points in their respective sources, such figures appear in this Prospectus as rounded-off to such number of decimal points as provided in their respective sources.

#### **Industry and Market Data**

Unless stated otherwise, industry and market data used in this Prospectus has been obtained or derived from publicly available information as well as industry publications and sources. Industry publications generally state that the information contained in such publications has been obtained from sources generally believed to be reliable, but their accuracy, adequacy or completeness and underlying assumptions are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured. Accordingly, no investment decisions should be made based on such information. Although we believe that the industry and market data used in this Prospectus is reliable, it has not been independently verified by us, the Selling Shareholders, the BRLMs or any of our or their respective affiliates or advisors, and none of these parties makes any representation as to the accuracy of this information. The data used in these sources may have been reclassified by us for the purposes of presentation. Data from these sources may also not be comparable. The extent to which the industry and market data presented in this Prospectus is meaningful depends upon the reader's familiarity with and understanding of the methodologies used in compiling such data. There are no standard data gathering methodologies in the industry in which we conduct our business and methodologies and assumptions may vary widely among different market and industry sources. Such data involves risks, uncertainties and numerous assumptions and is subject to change based on various factors, including those discussed in "Risk Factors" on page 18.

Additionally, we have commissioned a report titled "Industry Report – Top Tier and Upscale Hotels" dated June 25, 2018 (read with addendum dated September 25, 2018), prepared by Horwath HTL and reports titled "CBRE India Retail Market View H2 2017", "CBRE India Market Outlook Report April 2018" and "CBRE India Office Market View Q1 2018", released in years 2017 and 2018, prepared by CBRE Research, for the purpose of confirming our understanding of the industry in connection with the Offer.

In this regard, Horwath HTL, has issued the following disclaimer:

"Crowe Horwath HTL Consultants Pvt. Ltd. (CHHTL) does not accept any liability arising out of reliance by any person or entity on contents of its report, or any information contained in its report, or for any errors or omissions in its report. Any use, reliance or publication by any person or entity on contents of its report or any part of it is at their own risk. In no event shall CHHTL or its directors or personnel be liable to any party for any damage, loss, cost, expense, injury or other liability that arises out of or in connection with this report including, without limitation, any indirect, special, incidental, punitive or consequential loss, liability or damage of any kind.

Our opinions are based on information available to us at the time of preparation of the report and economic, market and other conditions prevailing at the date of this report. Such conditions may change significantly over relatively short periods of time. Should circumstances change significantly, or additional information become available, after the issuance of this report, the conclusions and opinions expressed herein may require revision. There is no requirement for CHHTL to update this report in any such circumstances. The statements and opinions expressed in this report are made in good faith and in the belief that such statements and opinions are not false or misleading. Recipients should make their own enquiries and evaluations they consider appropriate to verify the information contained in the Industry Report. This Industry Report does not purport to provide all of the information the recipient may require in order to arrive at a decision.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This Industry Report contains estimates / projections / outlook and statements that may be regarded as forward-looking statements. These statements are based on a number of assumptions, expectations and estimates which, while considered by us to be reasonable, are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies many of which are beyond the control of ourselves or Chalet Hotels Limited (on whose behalf this report has been prepared) or which may reflect future business decisions which are subject to change. Recipients of this information are advised that the estimates / projections / outlook may be regarded as inherently tentative. Due to the subjective judgments and inherent uncertainties of statements about future events, there can be no assurance that the future results, or subsequent estimates / projections / outlook will not vary significantly from the estimates / projections / outlook and other statements set out in Industry Report.

The disclaimer must accompany every copy of this Industry Report, which is an integral document and must be read in its entirety".

In this regard, CBRE Research, has issued the following disclaimer:

"The CBRE reports are based on public information considered to be reliable and other market assumptions and CBRE does not warrant the accuracy or completeness of the information contained therein. Users are advised to read the entire reports and conduct their own research/due diligence before relying on the contents of the reports. Any person's reliance on the reports is on an as is where is basis with no specific representations and warranties by CBRE. CBRE owes no person or entity any contractual or tort liability with respect to their reliance on their reports. Website: cbre.co.in"

Such data involves risks, uncertainties and numerous assumptions and is subject to change based on various factors, including those discussed in "Risk Factors-This Prospectus contains information from third party industry sources, including the report commissioned from Horwath HTL India and publicly available reports published by CBRE Research, which have not been independently verified by us. Prospective investors are advised not to place undue reliance on such information" on page 25.

#### **Currency and Units of Presentation**

All references to "Rupees" or "₹" or "Rs." or "INR" are to Indian Rupees, the official currency of the Republic of India. All references to "US\$", "U.S. Dollar", "USD" or "U.S. Dollars" are to United States Dollars, the

official currency of the United States of America. All references to "GBP", "Pound" or "£" are to British Pound, the official currency of the United Kingdom

In this Prospectus, our Company has presented certain numerical information. All figures have been expressed in million or in whole numbers, where a figure is too small to express in million. One million represents '0.1 crore' or '10 lakhs' or 1,000,000. However, where any figures that may have been sourced from third-party industry sources are expressed in denominations other than million in their respective sources, such figures appear in this Prospectus expressed in such denominations as provided in such respective sources.

In this Prospectus, our Company has presented information related to area in various units. The conversion ratio of such units is as follows:

- 1 square metre = 10.76 square feet; and
- 1 acre = 4,046.86 square metre = 43,560.00 square feet

#### **Exchange Rates**

This Prospectus may contain conversions of certain other currency amounts into Indian Rupees that have been presented solely to comply with the requirements of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. These conversions should not be construed as a representation that such currency amounts could have been, or can be converted into Indian Rupees, at any particular rate, or at all.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, information with respect to the exchange rate between the Rupee and USD.

						(in <)			
Currency	Exchange rate as on								
	September 28, 2018*	March 28, 2018**	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 28, 2014***			
1 USD	72.54	65.04	64.84	66.33	62.59	60.10			
1 GRP	94 91	92.28	80.88	95.09	92 46	99.85			

Source: RBI Reference Rate

#### **Disclaimer of the Hotel Operator (Marriott)**

"The Marriott Group (which includes Marriott or any of its affiliates) is not a promoter or sponsor of the Company. The Marriott Group does not, or will not, vouch for the accuracy and completeness of any statements or information included in this Prospectus and shall not be held responsible for the same. Further, our Company has no rights or interests over the intellectual property owned by Marriott or its affiliates."

<sup>\*</sup> Exchange rate as on September 28, 2018, as RBI Reference Rate is not available for September 29, 2018 and September 30, 2018 being a Saturday and a Sunday, respectively.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Exchange rate as on March 28, 2018, as RBI Reference Rate is not available for March 29, 2018 and March 30, 2018 being public holiday and March 31, 2018 being a Saturday.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Exchange rate as on March 28, 2014, as RBI Reference Rate is not available for March 31, 2014, March 30, 2014 and March 29, 2014 being a public holiday, a Sunday and a Saturday, respectively.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Prospectus contains certain "forward-looking statements". These forward looking statements include statements which can generally be identified by words or phrases such as "aim", "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "estimate", "intend", "likely to", "objective", "plan", "propose"," "will continue", "seek to", "will pursue" or other words or phrases of similar import. Further, statements that describe our strategies, objectives and plans are also forward looking statements.

These forward-looking statements are based on our current plans, estimates and expectations and actual results may differ materially from those suggested by such forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant forward-looking statement. This may be due to risks or uncertainties associated with our expectations with respect to, but not limited to, regulatory changes pertaining to the industries in India in which we have our businesses and our ability to respond to them, our ability to successfully implement our strategy, our growth and expansion, technological changes, our exposure to market risks, general economic and political conditions in India, which have an impact on our business activities or investments, the monetary and fiscal policies of India, inflation, deflation, unanticipated turbulence in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices or other rates or prices, the performance of the financial markets in India and globally, changes in domestic laws, regulations and taxes, changes in competition in our industry and incidence of any natural calamities and/or acts of violence. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations include, but not limited to the following:

- slowdown in economic growth in India could adversely effect our business operations;
- termination or non-renewal of our hotel operation and related agreements with Marriott;
- any adverse impact on the reputation of our hotels or a failure of quality control systems at our hotels;
- any adverse developments affecting our hotels or regions were our hotels are situated could have an adverse effect on our business;
- any non-compliance with, or changes in, regulations applicable to us may adversely affect our business;
- a failure to manage operational risks could have an adverse effect on our business.

For a further discussion of factors that could cause our actual results to differ from our expectations, see "Risk Factors", "Our Business" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 18, 153 and 586, respectively. By their nature, certain market risk disclosures are only estimates and could be materially different from what actually occurs in the future. As a result, actual future gains or losses could be materially different from those that have been estimated. Forward-looking statements reflect our current views as of the date of this Prospectus and are not a guarantee of future performance. Although we believe that the assumptions on which such statements are based are reasonable, any such assumptions as well as the statement based on them could prove to be inaccurate.

We cannot assure investors that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements will prove to be correct. Given these uncertainties, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements and not to regard such statements as a guarantee of future performance.

These statements are based on the management's belief and assumptions, which in turn are based on currently available information. Although we believe the assumptions upon which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of these assumptions as well as statements based on them could prove to be inaccurate. Neither our Company, nor the Selling Shareholders, our Promoters, our Directors, nor the members of the Syndicate, nor any of their respective affiliates have any obligation to update or otherwise revise any statements reflecting circumstances arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of underlying events, even if the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition.

In accordance with the requirements of SEBI, our Company, the BRLMs will ensure that investors in India are informed of material developments until the receipt of final listing and trading approvals for the Equity Shares pursuant to the Offer. Each of the Selling Shareholders (severally and not jointly) will ensure that Bidders in India are informed of material developments in relation to the statements relating to and undertakings specifically confirmed or undertaken by such Selling Shareholder in relation to it or its respective portion of the Offered Shares until the receipt of final listing and trading approvals from the Stock Exchanges.

#### **SECTION II - RISK FACTORS**

An investment in Equity Shares involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider all the information in this Prospectus, including the risks and uncertainties described below, before making an investment in our Equity Shares. The risks described below are not the only ones relevant to us or our Equity Shares, the industry and segments in which we currently operate or propose to operate. Additional risks and uncertainties, not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our businesses, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. If any of the following risks, or other risks that are not currently known or are currently deemed immaterial, actually occur, our businesses, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows could be adversely affected, the trading price of our Equity Shares could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. To obtain a complete understanding of our Company, prospective investors should read this section in conjunction with "Our Business", "Industry Overview" and "Management's Discussions and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 153, 134 and 586 respectively, as well as the financial, statistical and other information contained in this Prospectus. In making an investment decision, prospective investors must rely on their own examination of us and the terms of the Offer including the merits and risks involved. You should consult your tax, financial and legal advisors about the particular consequences to you of an investment in our Equity Shares.

Prospective investors should pay particular attention to the fact that our Company and Subsidiary is incorporated under the laws of India and is subject to a legal and regulatory environment, which may differ in certain respects from that of other countries. This Prospectus also contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, assumptions, estimates and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including the considerations described below and elsewhere in this Prospectus. For details, see "Forward-Looking Statements" on page 17.

Unless specified or quantified in the relevant risk factors below, we are not in a position to quantify the financial or other implications of any of the risks described in this section. Unless the context requires otherwise, the financial information of our Company has been derived from the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information included in this Prospectus. For further information, see "Summary Financial Information" on page 259.

The industry information contained in this section is derived from a report titled "Industry Report – Top tier and Upscale Hotels" dated June 25, 2018 (read with addendum dated September 25, 2018), prepared by Horwath HTL India and commissioned by our Company in connection with the Offer. We have also utilised publicly available research reports titled "CBRE India Retail Market View H2 2017", "CBRE India Market Outlook Report April 2018" and "CBRE India Office Market View Q1 2018, released in years 2017 and 2018, prepared by CBRE Research. Neither we, nor the BRLMs, nor any other person connected with the Offer has independently verified this information. References to hotel segments in this section are in accordance with the presentation in the Horwath Report and we do not report our financial information by these segments.

#### Internal Risk Factors

#### Risks Relating to our Business

1. A slowdown in economic growth in India could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We operate in the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments in India according to the Horwath Report, where consumer demand from business, leisure, MICE (meetings, incentives, conferences and events) travellers for our services is highly dependent on the general economic performance in India and globally. There is a history of increases and decreases in demand for hotel rooms, in occupancy levels and in rates realized by owners and operators of hotels through macro-economic cycles, according to the Horwath Report. Variability of results through some of the cycles in the past has been more severe due to changes in the supply of hotel rooms in given markets or in given categories of hotels. For example, according to the Horwath Report, a slowdown in demand growth starting from the global financial crisis in the financial year 2008 and a corresponding slowdown in the Indian economy resulted in moderate performance in the industry between the financial years 2008 and 2013. Any future slowdown in economic growth could affect business and personal discretionary spending levels and lead to a decrease in demand for our services for prolonged periods.

Such events could lead to a reduction in revenue derived from our hotels. During periods of such economic contraction, we may have to delay or cancel our ongoing or proposed investments in new projects or our ongoing investments in developing new properties may not yield results that we anticipated. We cannot assure you that such macroeconomic and other factors, which are beyond our control would not significantly affect demand for our services. Consequently, the occurrence of such events could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. For details, of fluctuations in demand in the hospitality industry in India in recent years, see "Industry Overview – Supply and Demand" and "Industry Overview – Performance of Hotels in India in Recent Years" commencing on pages 139 and 145, respectively.

2. We have entered into hotel operation and related agreements with Marriott to receive operation and marketing services in relation to our hotels. If our hotel operators decide to terminate or not renew any agreement with us, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected.

As of September 30, 2018, we own four hotels (including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence) which are operated by third parties, which represent 2,176 keys in aggregate. Our hotels operated by third parties accounted for 84.73%, 90.23%, 89.46% and 89.92% of our revenue from operations for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and financial years 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. As of September 30, 2018, these hotels are operated by a single third party hotel operator, Marriott Hotels India Private Limited and its affiliates (collectively, "Marriott").

We benefit from hotel operation contracts with Marriott, with terms generally ranging from 10 to 20 years, in order to avail hotel operation services for these hotels. The hotel operation agreements provide the hotel operator with day-to-day operational discretion, including personnel management, setting price and rate schedules, managing food and beverage service, procurement of inventories, supplies and services, negotiating and executing agreements with third parties such as vendors, licensees and concessionaires and carrying out marketing, sales, reservations and advertising operations for the hotel, among others. For our hotels we are generally obliged to pay one time fees for design and construction consulting services, as well as, periodic operating fees, management fees, royalty fees for licensing the use of certain trademarks, fees for centralised services, trainings, reservations and loyalty programs and other technical services rendered based on invoices raised and reimbursements for advertising, marketing, promotion, sales and software related expenses incurred by the hotel operator or their affiliates.

Pursuant to such agreements, we are required to maintain good and marketable title in the freehold property and hotel building, free and clear of any and all liens, encumbrances, or other charges. Other than in the manner specifically set out under the agreements, we agree not to enter into or grant a mortgage on the hotels. We are obliged not to enter into any agreement for the sale or transfer of some of the hotels (other than among certain specified affiliates) unless we obtain prior written consent of the respective hotel operator. Further, we may be required to notify hotel operators of our intent to develop a new hotel in a defined area and in good faith negotiate an operating agreement for such hotel as per present or future agreements, we execute.

We cannot assure you that we will be able to fully comply with all the terms of the agreements which we have entered into in relation to our hotels. In the event that any agreement for our hotels is terminated due to our non-compliance with its terms or for any other reason, we may be subject to certain damages and may be unable to replace the operator within a reasonable time or may be required to operate the hotel on our own. In case of termination, we may be unable to benefit from the existing marketing expenditure and similar operating expenditures made by us or the hotel operators. The hotel operation contracts for our hotel, including our serviced residence, at Powai, Mumbai will be due for renewal in March 2020, and for our hotel at Mindspace, Hyderabad will be due for renewal in December 2021. Subject to other terms, these contracts stipulate that they are to be renewed six and 11 months prior to their expiry for the properties at Powai, Mumbai and Mindspace, Hyderabad respectively. We have entered into a non-binding memorandum of understanding with Marriott, which is valid until March 31, 2019, for re-branding our hotel at Powai, Mumbai to 'Westin'. We are currently in the process of negotiating terms with Marriott and intend to enter into definitive hotel operating agreement(s), subject to acceptance of terms by both parties and receipt of relevant approvals, including approvals from the board of directors of each party. If we are unable to renew such agreements or enter into new agreements including pursuant to the memorandum of understanding entered into by us, in the future, on terms

favourable to us, or at all, we will not be able to leverage our longstanding association with Marriott and we may have to incur additional expenditure to conduct improvements and repairs in accordance with brand standards of subsequent hotel operators. In the event an agreement is terminated prior to its tenure, or if it is not renewed, or if we are required to cease our relationship with certain hotel operators, for any reason whatsoever, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected.

3. We utilize the brands of third party licensors, and rely on third parties for the quality of services at our hotels. Any adverse impact on the reputation of our hotels or a failure of quality control systems at our hotels could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We do not have our own hotel brand and utilize the brands of our brand licensors to market our hotels. We benefit from agreements entered into with Marriott for use of global brands such as JW Marriott, Westin, Marriott, Marriott Executive Apartments, Renaissance and Four Points by Sheraton. In the event these agreements are terminated prior to their tenure, or if not renewed, we may not have access to these brands and their loyalty programs. For example, our license agreement for our hotel at Vashi, Navi Mumbai will be due for renewal in December 2021. Further, we may seek to rebrand our hotel assets or reposition our properties by using alternate brands at our hotels. In the event we are unable to execute agreements with international brands of similar to higher positioning as our current brands, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected including due to disruptions and expenses related to such re-flagging or re-branding.

Further, the performance and quality of services at our hotels are critical to the success of our business. As our hotels are in the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments, we are expected to provide high levels of service quality. Any incident where our hotels lack, or are perceived to lack, such standards may adversely affect our reputation. Our quality standards depend significantly on the effectiveness of quality control systems and standard operating procedures, which in turn, depend on the skills and experience of our hotels operators, our personnel, the quality of training programs, and our ability to ensure that such hotel operators and personnel adhere to stipulated policies and guidelines. Any decrease in the quality of services rendered at our hotels including due to reasons beyond our control, or on account of deficiency or inefficiency of the hotel operators, or any third party service provider, including but not limited to non-compliance with the terms and conditions set out in the agreements or arrangements with such hotel operators or third party service providers, or allegations of defects, even when false, at any of our hotel properties could tarnish the image of our hotels, result in negative reviews and feedback from our guests on online travel portals and may cause guests to choose the services of our competitors.

We are also dependent on third party service providers for providing some of the services to our guests such as spas, manpower contracts and laundry, among others, and any failure or deficiency on the part of such service providers may adversely affect our hotels' reputation and profitability. Any adverse development or decline in quality involving our hotels may impair our reputation, dilute the impact of branding and marketing initiatives and adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

4. A significant portion of our revenues are derived from a few hotels and from hotels concentrated in a few geographical regions and any adverse developments affecting such hotels or regions could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We own a portfolio of five operating hotels (including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence), representing 2,328 keys as of September 30, 2018, in Mumbai Metropolitan Region, Hyderabad and Bengaluru. Consequently, our revenues are derived from a few hotels and from hotels concentrated in a few geographical regions. Our hotel, convention centre and serviced residence at Powai, Mumbai contributed to 26.08%, 28.14%, 32.41% and 39.82% of our revenue from operations for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and financial years 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively and our hotel at Sahar, Mumbai, contributed to 25.66%, 27.72%, 29.02% and 26.08% of our revenue from operations for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and financial years 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Further, our hotels located in the Mumbai Metropolitan Region contributed to 57.33%, 61.71%, 68.40% and 74.50% of our revenue from operations for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and financial years 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Any decrease in revenues from these hotels, including due to increased competition or supply, or reduction in demand, in the markets in which these hotels operate, may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Further, any significant disruption, including due to social, political or economic factors or natural calamities, epidemics or civil disruptions, impacting these hotels or these regions may adversely affect our business. Changes in the policies of the state or local governments of the regions where these hotels are located, could require us to incur significant capital expenditure and change our business strategy. We cannot assure you that we will be able to address our reliance on these few hotels and hotels located in these regions, in the future.

5. Our residential project at Koramangala, Bengaluru is the subject matter of litigation with Hindustan Aeronautics Limited. Any adverse order in relation to this litigation may adversely affect our ability to complete the project, and our business, results of operations and reputation.

We own a property situated at Koramangala Industrial Layout, Bengaluru, where we are constructing a residential complex (the "**Property**" and the residential complex, the "**Koramangala Project**"). The Property is located within the proximity of an aerodrome operated by the Hindustan Aeronautics Limited ("**HAL**"). HAL is responsible for the issuance of no-objection certificates ("**NOC**") related to the height of structures in the vicinity of the aerodrome. Accordingly, we were required to submit a report to HAL and also obtain their NOC in respect of the permissible height of the Koramangala Project. HAL granted their NOC dated October 28, 2011 for the development of a 17 floor residential building with height up to 62 meters on the basis of which we had started development of the Koramangala Project and have allotted apartments to several customers. Thereafter, the NOC granted was cancelled by HAL on August 16, 2013. At the time of such cancellation of the NOC, five wings with 17 floors had been constructed up to the height of 62 meters and more than 200 apartments had been allocated by us to our customers.

We filed a writ petition before the Karnataka High Court challenging HAL's action cancelling the NOC, for directing HAL to permit us to construct up to the maximum height and further direct HAL to revalidate the NOC for a further period of five years from the date of the final order. Further, several customers of our Company have got themselves impleaded as respondents in the writ petition filed by us. The Karnataka High Court passed an interim order dated October 23, 2013 directing us not to modify/alter/renovate/develop the Property above 40 meters from ground level and further directed us not to sell or agree to sell or enter into an agreement with third parties in any manner whatsoever in respect of any portion of the Property above 40 meters. The Karnataka High Court passed a further order dated July 31, 2014 and an order dated November 5, 2015 directing the Airport Authority of India ("AAI") to conduct an aeronautical study of the Bengaluru aerodrome as per the notified parameters of HAL airport and the requisite government notification. The AAI issued its report dated January 27, 2016 confirming that full height of the completed building-wings up-till then was permissible as it did not adversely affect aircraft operations. The writ petition is currently pending before the Karnataka High Court. For more details, see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments" on page 621.

Further, our Company has registered the Koramangala Project under the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 ("RERA") on a without prejudice basis and has also informed the Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike ("BBMP") as well as the customers of our Company about the writ petition. We have requested the BBMP for an extension of the validity period of the building sanction plan for the Koramangala Project. For our customers, we have also introduced a mitigation program. As part of the mitigation program, we offered the customers who had been allotted apartments an option either to sell the allotted apartment back to our Company or to continue with the Koramangala Project, and accept certain goodwill compensation. Some customers have exited the Koramangala Project whereas other customers have continued to hold their allocations and have accepted the goodwill compensation offered by us under the mitigation program. Further, as at September 30, 2018, in relation to the Koramangala Project, our Company has made provision for impairment of super structure of ₹ 350.89 million and expected cost of alteration of super structure of ₹ 250.00 million, provision for cost of mitigation program compensation and related expenses of ₹ 420.63 million in relation to potential cancellations (net of compensation already provided for), impact of revised estimated cost of completion of the project on the net realisable value of inventory resulting in write down of ₹ 93.74 million. In case all the buyers of flats above the 10<sup>th</sup> floor decide to exercise exit option, our Company may have to refund ₹ 944.07 million which is presently being accounted for as an advance from customers. For more details, see "Financial Information" on page 259.

In order to meet the costs, expenses and liabilities pertaining to the Koramangala Project, Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja, K. Raheja Corp Private Limited and Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited, Promoters of our Company, have subscribed through a Subscription Agreement dated June 4, 2018 to

10,000 (zero percent) non-cumulative non-convertible redeemable preference shares ("Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS") and 10,000 (zero percent) non-cumulative non-convertible redeemable preference shares ("Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS") issued by our Company to provide funds as required by our Company in connection with all costs, expenses and liabilities pertaining to the development of the Koramangala Project. In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Subscription Agreement, the Promoters of our Company shall undertake to bear costs for all expenditure including cost of completion of the Koramangala Project, any litigation and other penalties arising out of it until the completion of the Koramangala Project ("Project Costs"). In case, the Project Costs exceeds the initial subscription amount, our Company may require the Promoters to pay such further amounts towards call money relating to the Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS as and when calls are made by the Company to meet such Project Costs. For more details of the Share Subscription Agreement, please see "History and Other Corporate Matters- Material Agreements".

In the event that the Karnataka High Court passes an adverse order, our Company will not be in a position to complete the Koramangala Project up to the intended height of 62 meters and may have to demolish the existing construction in excess of 40 meters. Further, we may also be subjected to penalties under RERA for non-completion of the Koramangala Project within the specified timelines, which may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operation and reputation.

6. We, as well as our Promoters, Group Companies, our Subsidiary and certain of our Directors are involved in certain legal proceedings. Any adverse outcome in any of these proceedings may adversely affect our profitability, reputation, business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our Company, Group Companies, Directors, Promoters and Subsidiary are involved in certain legal proceedings, which are pending at varying levels of adjudication at different fora. The summary of the outstanding matters set out below includes details of criminal proceedings, tax proceedings, statutory and regulatory actions and other material pending litigation involving our Company, Group Companies, Directors, Promoters and Subsidiary. All pending litigation involving our Company, Promoters, Directors. Group Companies and Subsidiary, other than criminal proceedings, statutory or regulatory actions and taxation matters, are considered material if the monetary amount of claim by or against the entity or person in any such pending matter is in excess of ₹ 10 million or if an adverse outcome of any such litigation could materially and adversely affect our business, prospects, operations, financial position or reputation.

S. No.	Name of Entity	Criminal Proceedings	Tax proceedings	Statutory/ Regulatory	Material civil	Aggregate amount
				proceedings	litigation	involved#
						(₹ in million)
1.	Company					
	By the Company*	3	-	-	7	55.88
	Against the Company	5	20	28	2	901.48
2.	Promoters					
	By the Promoters	1	-	-	19	2,407.01
	Against the Promoters	7	12	33	22	24,067.66
3.	Group Companies					
	By the Group	10	-	-	12	2.66
	Companies					
	Against the Group	6	53	61	22	1,379.93
	Companies					
4.	Subsidiary					
	By the Subsidiary	-	-	-	-	NIL
	Against the Subsidiary	-	-	1	-	NIL
5.	Directors (other than					
	Promoter)					
	By the Directors	-	-	-	-	NIL
	Against the Directors	0	-	1	-	NIL
	Total	32	85	124	84	28,814.62

<sup>#</sup> To the extent quantifiable and ascertainable

<sup>\*</sup>Our Company has initiated 7 proceedings before the relevant authorities in relation to refund of indirect taxes aggregating to ₹ 27.08 million. These proceedings are not included in the above table.

Involvement in such proceedings could divert our management's time and attention, and consume financial resources. Further, an adverse judgment in these proceedings could have an adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial condition. For further details, in relation to the proceedings involving our Company, Group Companies, Promoters, Directors and Subsidiary, see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments" on page 621.

We cannot assure you that any of these outstanding litigation matters will be settled in our favour or in favour of our Promoters or Group Companies or Directors or Subsidiary, as applicable, or that no additional liability will arise out of these proceedings.

7. Any adverse development in the writ petition filed by our Promoter Directors, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja before the Karnataka High Court against the Registrar of Companies, Bengaluru in connection with the inclusion of their names in the list of disqualified directors under section 164(2)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 may affect their ability to continue on the Board of our Company, and on the board of directors of our Subsidiary and Group Companies, and thus, may have an adverse effect on our business and reputation.

The names of two of our Directors, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja, who are also our Company's Promoters, have been included in the list published on the official website of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs as persons disqualified by the Registrar of Companies, Bengaluru for appointment as directors under section 164(2) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the period from November 1, 2014 to October 31, 2019 and November 1, 2015 to October 31, 2020. The said disqualification is in relation to non-filing of financial statements or annual returns for a continuous period of three financial years by K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited (which is a private company). K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited is part of Southern Undivided Companies. The Company Law Board, Chennai, ("CLB") appointed an administrator to manage the affairs of K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited on July 6, 2011 and its directors were not permitted to take any action without the approval of the administrator. The CLB also ordered the company to be marked as one having a 'management dispute' and directed the administrator to carry out all the statutory and other compliances. The said Directors, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja, through their letters dated February 17, 2014 (which is prior to their incurring any disqualification under the provisions of Companies Act 2013 and also prior to the relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013 becoming applicable to private companies) addressed to the Registrar of Companies, Bengaluru (the "RoC") and the administrator resigned as Directors of K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited. These letters were acknowledged by the RoC and the administrator. The RoC issued a letter dated February 24, 2014 to K Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited stating that until the management dispute is settled or an interim order is received from a Court or Tribunal of competent jurisdiction, the documents filed by K Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited and the contesting group of its directors will not be approved/registered/recorded. For more details, see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments- Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja".

Our Directors, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja have filed a writ petition before the Karnataka High Court against the Registrar of Companies, Bengaluru to stay the operation of the disqualifications and any other consequential action pursuant to the publication of the disqualification lists under section 164(2)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013. Through an interim order dated June 15, 2018, the Karnataka High Court has stayed the disqualification of Promoter Directors to act as directors. While the disqualification relates to a period when both Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja had resigned and the administrator was in charge of fulfilling the statutory and other compliances of K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited, and that the Director Identification Number (DIN) of Ravi C. Raheja (DIN 00028044) and Neel C. Raheja (DIN 0029010) are currently active, we cannot assure that the Karnataka High Court will decide the writ petition in favour of our Directors, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja and any adverse development in the writ petition which may affect their ability to continue on the Board of our Company or on the board of directors of our Subsidiary or Group Companies may have an adverse effect on our business and reputation. For further details, see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments- Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja".

8. We are subject to extensive government regulation with respect to safety, health, environmental, real estate, excise and labour laws. Any non-compliance with, or changes in, regulations applicable to us may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We are subject to a broad range of safety, health, environmental, real estate, excise and related laws and regulations in the jurisdictions in which we operate, which impose controls on our operations. In connection with our ownership of hotels and development of properties, we are subject to various national, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental laws. Under some of these laws, an owner of real estate property may be held liable for the costs of investigating or remediating hazardous or toxic substances or wastes on, under or in such real property. Further, a person who arranges for the disposal or treatment of a hazardous or toxic substance, or who transports such substance to or from such property, may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of such substance released into the environment at the disposal or treatment facility. The costs of investigating or remediating contamination at our properties or at properties where we sent substances or wastes for disposal, may be substantial.

Further, government regulations and policies of India, can also impact the demand for, expenses related to and availability of our hotel services and rooms. We are also subject to regulations, which are periodically amended, including relating to the sale and service of food, alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages and hosting of events and weddings at our hotel properties. For example, there is a criminal proceeding initiated against our employee and our client who was hosting an event at our hotel property in Powai, Mumbai, for serving liquor without a valid permit. For details, see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments" on page 621. We have received certain notices in the last three fiscal years from Pollution Control Boards of Karnataka and Mumbai, Public Health Department of Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai and Food Safety and Standards Authority of India in relation to certain non-compliances by our Company with environmental, health and safety regulations. While we have responded to the notices and have taken remedial action at certain instances, we cannot assure you that we will not be involved in litigation or other proceedings in the future, in relation to safety, health, real estate, excise and environmental matters, which may result in additional liability for us.

The adoption of stricter health and safety laws and regulations, stricter interpretations of existing laws, increased governmental enforcement of laws or other developments in the future may require that we make additional capital expenditures, incur additional expenses or take other actions in order to remain compliant and maintain our current operations. Further, complying with, and changes in, laws and regulations or terms of approval may increase our compliance costs and adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition. We are also subject to the laws and regulations governing relationships with employees in such areas as minimum wages and maximum working hours, overtime, working conditions, ring and termination of employees, contract labour and work permits and maintenance of regulatory or statutory records and making periodic payments. There is a risk that we may inadvertently fail to comply with such regulations, which could lead to enforced shutdowns and other sanctions imposed by the relevant authorities. Any losses that we incur in this regard could have an adverse effect on our reputation, business, results of operations and financial condition.

## 9. Operational risks are inherent in our business as it includes rendering services at high quality standards at our hotels. A failure to manage such risks could have an adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Certain operational risks are inherent in our businesses due to the nature of the industry in which we operate. We provide hospitality services, including food and beverage, cleaning and housekeeping, and security services, at our hotels. In rendering such services our personnel are required to adhere to regulatory requirements and standard operating procedures with regard to health, safety and hygiene and in their interaction with our guests and other members of the public. Food and beverage services require proper packaging and labelling and the careful and hygienic handling of food products, which if improperly packaged or handled may have an adverse impact on the health of our guests. Similarly, cleaning and housekeeping services involve the handling of chemicals such as cleaning solutions, which if handled improperly may have an adverse impact on the health of our employees, guests and on the environment. Consequently, our business is associated with certain safety, privacy and public health concerns.

Failure to effectively implement corporate, crisis response, training and management policies and protocols and to adequately address and manage risks inherent in our business, or a failure to meet the requirements of our guests, or a failure to develop effective risk mitigation measures, could have an adverse effect on our hotels' reputation, guest loyalty and consequently, our business, results of operations and financial condition.

# 10. This Prospectus contains information from third party industry sources, including the report commissioned from Horwath HTL India and publicly available reports published by CBRE Research, which have not been independently verified by us. Prospective investors are advised not to place undue reliance on such information.

This Prospectus includes information derived from third party industry sources and from the Horwath Report, prepared by Horwath HTL India, pursuant to an engagement with our Company. We have also referred to publicly available reports, "CBRE India Retail Market View H2 2017", "CBRE India Market Outlook Report April 2018" and "CBRE India Office Market View Q1 2018" released in years 2017 and 2018, prepared by the CBRE Research. We commissioned the Horwath Report for the purpose of confirming our understanding on the Indian hospitality business, together with the future outlook of the hospitality industry in India. Neither we, nor the Promoters, nor Directors, nor any of the BRLMs, nor any other person connected with the Offer has independently verified the information in these reports and other industry sources quoted in this Prospectus, and while we believe them to be true, we cannot guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of any such information. Moreover, these industry sources contain certain industry and market data, based on certain assumptions. Accordingly, investors should read the industry-related disclosure in this Prospectus in this context.

Further, the reports use certain methodologies for market sizing and forecasting. There are no standard data gathering methodologies in the hospitality or commercial and retail sector, and methodologies and assumptions vary widely among different industry sources. Such assumptions may change based on various factors. We cannot assure you that such assumptions are correct or will not change and, accordingly, our position in the market may differ from that presented in this Prospectus. Further, these reports or any other industry data or sources are not recommendations to invest in our Company. Prospective investors are advised not to place undue reliance on the industry reports or extracts thereof as included in this Prospectus, when making their investment decisions. Also, see "Certain Conventions, Use of Financial Information and Market Data and Currency of Presentation" and "Industry Overview" on pages 14 and 134, respectively.

## 11. Our business is subject to seasonal and cyclical variations that could result in fluctuations in our results of operations.

The hotel and hospitality industry in India is subject to seasonal variations. The periods during which our hotel properties experience higher revenues vary from property to property, depending principally upon location and the guests served. Our revenues are generally higher during the second half of each financial year as compared to first half of the financial year. Seasonality affects leisure travel and the MICE sector (meetings, incentives, conferences and events) including weddings. According to the Horwath Report, the winter months are preferred for travel in India, for leisure, MICE events, management or business travel and more recently for destination weddings. Further, inbound foreign leisure travel varies more with climatic factors, such that it mainly occurs between October and March and to a lesser extent (with lower visitor profile and travel budgets) during the summer and monsoon seasons, as per the Horwath Report. This seasonality can be expected to cause quarterly fluctuations in our revenue, profit margins and net earnings. Further, the timing of opening of newly constructed hotels and the timing of any hotel acquisitions or dispositions may cause a variation of revenue and earnings from quarter to quarter. Further, the hospitality industry is subject to weekly variations. While leisure travel increases during weekends, business travel is high during the weekdays.

Further, the hospitality industry is cyclical, and demand generally follows, on a lagged basis, key macroeconomic indicators. There is a history of increases and decreases in demand for hotel rooms, in occupancy levels and in room rates realized by owners of hotels through macro-economic cycles according to the Horwath Report. The combination of changes in economic conditions and in the supply of hotel rooms, including periods of excess supply, can result in significant volatility in results for owners and managers of hotel properties. The costs of running a hotel tend to be more fixed than variable. As a result, in an environment of declining revenues the rate of decline in profits can be higher than the rate of decline in revenues.

As a result of such seasonal fluctuations, our room rates, sales and results of operations of a given half of the financial year may not be reliable indicators of the sales or results of operations of the other half of the financial year or of our future performance.

12. We are exposed to risks associated with the development of our hotel properties and commercial and retail projects. Delays in the constructions of new buildings or improvements on our properties may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our development pipeline consists of 588 rooms across three hotels as well as approximately 1.12 million square feet of leasable commercial space across two projects as of September 30, 2018. Certain of our projects are being developed on land parcels contiguous to or adjoining existing hotels or projects. The development of such projects may impact regular business operations at the hotels or projects located in their proximity.

We classify projects for which land is owned by us or for which relevant agreements or memorandum of understanding having been executed for such use; relevant construction approvals have been applied for; and our preliminary design plans are complete, as projects under development. Development and construction of projects subject us to inherent development risks, including:

- the identification of, conducting diligence on and ascertaining title rights associated with suitable strategically located properties and the acquisition of such properties on favourable terms;
- competition from other real estate owner and developers, which may increase the purchase price of a desired property;
- insufficient cash from operations, or an inability to obtain the necessary debt or equity financing on satisfactory terms, to consummate an acquisition or a development project;
- availability, terms and conditions associated with and timely receipt of zoning and other regulatory approvals, the denial of which could delay or prevent placing a hotel or commercial and retail projects into operation;
- the cost and timely completion of construction (including unanticipated risks beyond our control, such as weather conditions or labour suspension, shortages of materials or labour and construction cost overruns);our dependency on the third parties whom we contract to construct our hotels or commercial and retail projects, including their ability to meet construction timing, quality and budget expectations;
- design or construction defects that could result in additional costs associated with repair, delay or the closing of part or all of a property during such repair period;
- the resulting lack of capitalization on any investment related to identifying and valuing development opportunities, should we subsequently decide to abandon such opportunities; and
- the ability to achieve an acceptable level of occupancy or tenancy upon completion of construction.

In the event we experience delays in the delivery of the construction works and design and engineering services for our new buildings or improvements for our existing buildings or if our contractors fail to comply with their obligations under their respective agreements, we will not be able to start operations until completion of the construction of new buildings or improvements on our existing properties. Further, the consents and approvals which we may require to develop and construct our hotels or commercial and retail projects may impose conditions with respect to the height, number of rooms or leasable area, security features and other operational aspects of our hotels and commercial and retail projects. Further, we have entered into memorandums of understanding with Marriott for the branding of, and hotel operations at, certain of our hotels under development. However we cannot assure you that we will be able to enter into definitive hotel operating agreement(s), in a timely manner, or at all, as the terms of the memorandums of understanding are subject to acceptance by both parties and receipt of relevant approvals, including approvals from the board of directors of each party. See "Our Business – Description of Our Business – Our Projects Under Development" on page 168.

These risks could result in substantial unanticipated delays or expenses as well alteration to the design and operational parameters of our properties. Under certain circumstances, these risks could prevent completion of development or redevelopment projects once undertaken, resulting in capital expenditure

incurred and investments made being written off or making the project less profitable than originally estimated, or not profitable at all, and therefore have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

13. Our hotel located at Vashi, Navi Mumbai is subject matter of a litigation with City & Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Limited ("CIDCO"). Any adverse order by the Supreme Court of India in this matter may result in a direction to demolish our hotel, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our hotel located at Vashi, Navi Mumbai is situated on leasehold land allotted to our Promoter, K Raheja Corp Private Limited ("KRCPL") by CIDCO. Agreements entered into by us in this regard provide that the possession of the land would be handed over to us on receipt of occupancy certificate for the premises. The premises after receipt of the occupation certificate, were handed over to us, and we have been operating our hotel since then. In terms of the agreements, we are entitled to use, occupy and operate our hotel at the premises.

The allotment of the land to KRCPL by CIDCO was challenged in two public interest litigations filed before the High Court of Bombay ("High Court"). The High Court held the allotment to be illegal, arbitrary and in violation of Article 14 of the Constitution of India and directed KRCPL to hand over vacant possession of the land to CIDCO within a period of six months from November 2014. KRCPL filed a special leave petition dated January 8, 2015 ("SLP") before the Supreme Court of India ("Supreme Court") against the order of the High Court. The Supreme Court has directed the parties to maintain status-quo and a SLP is currently pending before the Supreme Court. For more details, see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments" on page 621. The carrying value of our hotel asset as at September 30, 2018 is ₹ 443.78 million and the balance of prepaid lease rental in relation to the leasehold land as of September 30, 2018 is ₹ 53.92 million. For more details, see "Financial Information" on page 259. Any adverse order by the Supreme Court directing demolition of our hotel and handing over possession of the premises to CIDCO may adversely affect our reputation, business and results of operations.

## 14. A substantial portion of the Net Proceeds will be utilized for repayment/pre-payment of loans availed by our Company.

Our Company intends to deploy ₹7,200 million towards repayment/pre-payment of various borrowings availed by our Company, as indicated in the section titled "Objects of the Offer" on page 119. The scheduled repayment/pre-payment of the loans is subject to various factors including: (i) cost of the borrowing to our Company including applicable interest rates, (ii) any conditions attached to the borrowings restricting our ability to prepay or repay the borrowings and time taken to fulfil, or obtain waivers for fulfilment of such conditions, (iii) receipt of consents for prepayment from the respective lenders, as applicable (iv) terms and conditions of such consents and waivers, (v) levy of any prepayment penalties and the quantum thereof, (vi) receipt of requisite approvals in accordance with applicable laws, (vii) provisions of any laws, rules and regulations governing such borrowings, and (viii) other commercial considerations including, among others, the amount of the loan outstanding and the remaining tenor of the loan. Accordingly, the Net Proceeds will not be available for any capital expenditure or creation of tangible assets by our Company.

## 15. Low occupancy levels of our leased retail and commercial office space or lower footfalls at our retail malls may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We derive lease and rental income from the lease of our commercial and retail projects in Bengaluru and Mumbai. Our commercial and retail projects accounted for 3.62%, 2.76%, 1.99% and 0.13% of our revenue from operations for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and financial years 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The amount that we receive in rental income is based upon the amount of space we have leased, the minimum guaranteed amount we charge for that leased space and our share of revenues from the clients to whom we have leased such space. The occupancy, revenue share and minimum guaranteed amount depend on various factors including the location and design of the project, the retail client mix, prevailing economic conditions and competition. During the six months ended September 30, 2018, financial years 2018 and 2017, our aggregate average occupancy levels at our commercial and retail projects were 93.70%, 92.34% and 90.16%, respectively. Future inability on our

part to maintain and attract clients to lease our completed retail and commercial office projects may have an adverse effect on our revenues, financial condition and results of operations.

Further, risk of lower footfalls in our retail malls may adversely affect our revenues, business and results of operations. Various factors may affect customer profile and footfalls in both our existing retail malls and any new retails malls we acquire or develop, including location and floor layout for new retail developments and regional economy, amongst others, specific to the states in which we operate in. In addition, we believe that to successfully operate our retail developments and commercial office projects we need to have the ability to forecast demand, as well as enter into operating and branding relationships with popular retail clients. A decline in consumer and retail spending or a decrease in the popularity of the retail clients' business could cause retail clients to cease operations or experience significant financial difficulties that could harm our ability to continue to attract successful retail clients and visitors to our retail developments, which would adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

## 16. We have a large number of personnel or third party service providers deployed across our hotels, consequently we may be exposed to service related claims and losses or employee disruptions that could have an adverse effect on our reputation, business, results of operations and financial condition.

We deploy a large workforce across our hotels. As of September 30, 2018, we had 2,457 permanent employees across our operations. In addition to our permanent employees, we utilize 531 personnel engaged on a contractual basis. The risks associated with the utilization of a large number of personnel include possible claims relating to:

- actions, inactions, errors or malicious acts by our personnel or third party service providers, including matters for which we may have to indemnify the guests at our hotels;
- failure of our personnel or third party service providers to adequately perform their duties including rendering deficient services, shortage in shift, absenteeism or lateness;
- violation by personnel of security, privacy, health and safety regulations and procedures;
- any failure to adequately verify personnel backgrounds and qualifications resulting in deficient services;
- injury or damages to any guest's person or property due to negligence of our personnel or third party service providers;
- criminal acts including sexual harassment, torts or other negligent acts by our personnel or third party service providers; and
- use of third party vehicles resulting in accidents.

These claims may give rise to litigation and claims for damages, which could be time-consuming. These claims may also result in negative publicity and adversely impact the reputation of our hotels. We may also be affected in our operations by the acts of third parties, including sub-contractors and service providers. Any losses that we incur in this regard may have an adverse effect on our reputation, business, results of operations and financial condition.

#### 17. We are exposed to a variety of risks associated with safety, security and crisis management.

We are committed to ensure the safety and security of our guests, employees and assets against natural and man-made threats. These include, but are not limited to, exceptional events such as extreme weather, civil or political unrest, violence and terrorism, serious and organized crime, fraud, employee dishonesty, cybercrime, pandemics, fire and day-to-day accidents, incidents, health crises of guests and petty crime which impact the guest or employee experience, could cause loss of life, sickness or injury and result in compensation claims, fines from regulatory bodies, litigation and impact our reputation. Further, the terror attacks in Mumbai in November 2008 combined with the global financial crisis led to a decline in foreign tourist arrivals in India in the financial year 2009, while foreign tourist arrival growth was slower in the year 2013 due to security concerns around women's safety, combined with a slowing economy,

according to the Horwath Report. Serious incidents or a combination of events could escalate into a crisis which, if managed poorly, could further expose us and our hotels to significant reputational damage.

Any accidents or any criminal activity at our hotel properties may result in personal injury or loss of life, substantial damage to or destruction of property and equipment resulting in the suspension of operations. Any of the foregoing could subject us to litigation, which may increase our expenses in the event we are found liable, and could adversely affect our reputation and cause a loss of consumer confidence in our business. For example, in the year 2015 a police complaint was lodged against a certain employee at our hotel property at Powai, Mumbai, on the grounds of causing death by negligence as a result of death by drowning of one of our guests in the hotel swimming pool. For details, see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments" on page 621. Such events occurring at any one of our hotel properties may also have an adverse effect on our reputation and may also adversely affect operations of our other properties.

18. Our operations are dependent on our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel, including our key senior management and any inability on our part to do so, could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our operations are dependent on our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel since we aim to provide our guests with high levels of service. While we believe that we currently have adequate qualified personnel for our operations, we may not be able to continuously attract or retain such personnel, or retain them on acceptable terms, given the demand for such personnel. Competition for qualified personnel with relevant industry expertise in India is intense and the loss of the services of our key personnel may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. We may require a long period of time to hire and train replacement personnel when qualified personnel terminate their employment with our Company. We may also be required to increase our levels of employee compensation more rapidly than in the past to remain competitive in attracting employees that our business requires.

Further, our performance depends largely on the efforts and abilities of our Promoters, including Mr. Ravi C. Raheja and Mr. Neel C. Raheja and senior management, including, Managing Director and CEO, Mr. Sanjay Sethi and our Executive Director and CFO, Mr. Rajeev Newar as well as other Key Managerial Personnel. We believe that the inputs and experience of our senior management and key managerial personnel are valuable for the development of business and operations and the strategic directions taken by our Company. We cannot assure you that we will be able to retain these employees or find adequate replacements in a timely manner, or at all. Any inability on our part to attract and retain qualified personnel and senior management could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

19. We have incurred indebtedness which requires significant cash flows to service, and limits our ability to operate freely. We will continue to have indebtedness and debt service obligations following the Offer.

As on December 31, 2018, we had outstanding secured borrowings (excluding interest) of ₹ 25,655.29 million and unsecured borrowings (excluding interest) of ₹ 208.66 million on a consolidated basis. We may also incur additional indebtedness in the future. Our current or future level of leverage could have significant consequences for our shareholders and our future financial results and business prospects, including:

- increasing our vulnerability to a downturn in business in India and other factors which may adversely affect our operations;
- requiring us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to service debt, thereby reducing the availability of cash-flows to fund capital expenditures and growth initiatives, meet working capital requirements and use for other general corporate purposes or make dividend payouts;
- limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industry in which we operate;

- placing us at a competitive disadvantage to any of our competitors that have less debt;
- increasing our interest expenditure;
- requiring us to meet additional financial covenants; and
- limiting our ability to raise additional funds or refinance existing indebtedness.

We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash in an amount sufficient to enable us to service our debt or proposed borrowings or fund other liquidity needs. In addition, we may need to refinance all or a portion of our debt on or before maturity. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of our debt on commercially reasonable terms, or at all.

For more information regarding our indebtedness, see the Section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Indebtedness" and "Financial Indebtedness" on pages 586 and 618, respectively, of this Prospectus.

20. Our inability to meet our obligations, including financial and other covenants under our debt financing arrangements could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our financing agreements contain certain restrictive covenants that limit our ability to undertake certain types of actions, any of which could adversely affect our business and financial condition. Our Company and/or our Subsidiaries, as applicable, are required to obtain prior written consent from lenders for, among other things:

- change in shareholding control or management control without prior consent of the lender, as applicable;
- undertake or permit any amalgamation, demerger, merger, consolidation, scheme of arrangement or compromise with the shareholders or creditors;
- changing or altering capital structure;
- declaration or payment of dividend in case of event of default in payment of dues;
- raising of new loans against the security provided to existing lender;
- making any amendments to the memorandum and articles of our Company or our Subsidiary, as applicable; and
- reduction of shareholding of promoter group below 51% of our Company.

In addition, certain terms of our borrowings require us to maintain financial ratios, which are tested periodically, including on a quarterly or annual basis. In the event we breach any financial or other covenants contained in any of our financing arrangements, we may be required to immediately repay our borrowings either in whole or in part, together with any related costs. Any future failure to satisfactorily comply with any condition or covenant under our financing agreements (including technical defaults) may lead to a termination of one or more of our credit facilities, acceleration of amounts due under such facilities, and enforcement of events of default as well as cross-defaults under certain of our other financing agreements, any of which may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We have in the past breached certain financial and sanction covenants with respect to five facilities that were availed by us. However, we have received letters from the lenders that have waived off the breach in relation to the financial covenant and letters which confirm that the Company has taken corrective actions in the form that were acceptable and no actions have triggered an event of default. For more details, see the Section titled "History and Certain Corporate Matters – Defaults or rescheduling of borrowings with financial institutions/banks, conversion of loans into equity by the Company" on page 182.

Further, we have granted security interests over certain of our assets, including our hotels and charge over operating cash flows and book debts, in order to secure our borrowings, and any failure to satisfy our obligations under such borrowings could lead to the forced sale and seizure of such assets, which may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. For further details of our indebtedness, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 618.

## 21. The hotel industry is intensely competitive and our inability to compete effectively may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

The hotel industry in India is intensely competitive and we compete with large multinational and Indian companies, in each of the regions that we operate. Some of our competitors may develop alliances to compete against us or have more financial and other resources. We cannot assure you that new or existing competitors will not significantly lower rates or offer greater convenience, services or amenities or significantly expand or improve facilities in a market in which we operate. We may also face increased competition from internet-based homestay and hostel aggregators and alternative accommodation options such as luxury homestays and bed and breakfasts.

Our success is largely dependent upon our ability to compete in areas such as room rates, location of the property, the quality and scope of other amenities, including food and beverage facilities, quality of accommodation and service level as well as the brand recognition of our hospitality partners. In addition, our competitors may significantly increase their advertising expenses to promote their hotels, which may require us to similarly increase our advertising and marketing expenses and change our pricing strategies, which may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. As a result, we cannot assure you that we will be able to compete successfully in the future against our existing or potential competitors or that our business and results of operations will not be adversely affected by increased competition.

## 22. We have in the past entered into related party transactions which may potentially involve conflicts of interest.

We have entered into various transactions with related parties, including for the purposes of acquisition of land by sub-lease; provision of goods and services; non-exclusive and limited license use of trademarks; use and occupation of licensed premises; support services; and provision of repairs and maintenance services. See "Summary Financial Information – Restated Standalone Statement of Related Party Transactions and Balances" beginning on page 259.

We cannot assure you that we could not have achieved more favourable terms had such transactions been entered into with unrelated parties. Such related party transactions may potentially involve conflicts of interest which may be detrimental to the interest of our Company. For details on our related party transactions, see "*Related Party Transactions*" on page 256. We cannot assure you that such related party transactions, individually or in the aggregate, will always be in the best interests of our shareholders and will not have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

## 23. Land title in India can be uncertain and we may not be able to identify or correct defects or irregularities in title to the land which we own or intend to acquire in connection with the development or acquisition of new hotels or properties.

There is no central title registry for real property in India and the documentation of land records in India has not been fully computerized. Property records in India are generally maintained at the state and district level and in local languages, and are updated manually through physical records. Therefore, property records may not be available online for inspection or updated in a timely manner, may be illegible, untraceable, incomplete or inaccurate in certain respects, or may have been kept in poor condition, which may impede title investigations or our ability to rely on such property records. In addition, there may be a discrepancy between the duration of the principal lease under different orders issued by state governments in respect of a particular parcel of revenue land. Furthermore, title to land in India is often fragmented, and in many cases, land may have multiple owners.

The difficulty of obtaining title guarantees in India means that title records provide only for presumptive rather than guaranteed title. The original title to lands may often be fragmented and the land may have

multiple owners. In addition, title insurance is not commercially available in India to guarantee title or development rights in respect of land. The absence of title insurance, coupled with the difficulties in verifying title to land, may increase our exposure to third party claims to the property. Title may also suffer from irregularities, such as non-execution or non-registration of conveyance deeds and inadequate stamping, and may be subjected to encumbrances that we are unaware of. Any defects in, or irregularities of, title that we enjoy may prejudice our ability to continue to operate our hotels and commercial and real estate projects on such land and require us to write off substantial expenditures in respect of establishing such properties.

Further, improperly executed, unregistered or insufficiently stamped conveyance instruments in a property's chain of title, unregistered encumbrances in favour of third parties, rights of adverse possessors, ownership claims of family members of prior owners or third parties, or other defects that a purchaser may not be aware of can affect title to a property. Consequently, any acquisition of the land made by us is subject to risks and potential liabilities arising from inaccuracy of such information. Such inaccurate information and any defects or irregularities of title may result in the loss of title or development rights over the land, and the cancellation of our development plan in respect of such land. As a result, potential disputes or claims over title to the land on which our hotels are or will be situated may arise. The title to the land on which our hotel Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi is situated is subject to an ongoing litigation. For details, see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments" on page 621. Also, such disputes, whether resolved in our favour or not, may divert management's attention, harm our reputation or otherwise disrupt our business.

# 24. In the event that we are unable to acquire ownership or leasehold interest in lands or premises for which we have entered into agreements to sell, letters of intent, or similar arrangements, or the agreements to sell, letters of intent or similar agreements are held to be invalid or expire, then we may not be able to acquire such ownership or leasehold interest and may also lose advances paid.

As part of our land acquisition process, we enter into agreements to sell or similar arrangements with third parties prior to the transfer or conveyance of title to parcels of land to ensure that the sellers of the land satisfy certain conditions within the stipulated time frame specified under these agreements. Upon entering into such agreements to sell, we are required to pay these landowners certain advances towards the purchase of the lands. These agreements also provide that the lands must be conveyed in our favour within a prescribed period of time. In the event that we are not able to acquire the lands covered by these agreements to sell, we may not be able to recover all, or part of the advance monies related to these lands. Further, in the event that these agreements to sell are either invalid or have expired, we may lose the right to acquire these lands and also may not be able to recover the advances made in relation to the land. In addition, as part of our hotel development process, we enter into letters of intent or similar arrangements with third parties prior to the execution of lease deeds in order to ensure that the owners of the land and the hotel premises satisfy certain conditions prior to handing over possession to us.

Any indecisiveness or delay on our part to perform our obligations under these agreements or letters of intent may jeopardize our ability to acquire ownership or leasehold interest in these lands or premises before such agreements or letters of intent expire. Additionally, any failure to renew any of these agreements or letters of intent on similar terms or recover the advanced monies from the relevant counterparties following the expiration of the initial term of such agreement could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. We cannot assure you that such lands will be conveyed to us or that we will acquire leasehold interest in such premises, as applicable, and that we will be successful in acquiring them or that we will be successful in registering them in our name or the name of our Subsidiary.

#### 25. We are subject to risks relating to owning real estate assets.

We are subject to risks that generally relate to real estate assets due to the hotel properties and commercial and real estate projects we own. Regulations and interest rates can make it more expensive and time-consuming to develop real property or expand, modify or renovate hotels or commercial and real estate projects. Changes in local markets or neighbourhoods may diminish the value of the real estate assets we hold. Real estate assets may not be as liquid as certain other types of assets, and this lack of liquidity may limit our ability to react promptly to changes in economic, market or other conditions. Our ability to dispose of real estate assets, if required, on advantageous terms depends on factors beyond our control, including competition from other sellers, demand from potential buyers and the availability of attractive

financing for potential buyers. We cannot predict the various market conditions affecting real estate assets that may exist at any particular time in the future. Due to the uncertainty of market conditions that may affect the future disposition of our real estate assets, we cannot assure you that we will be able to sell our real estate assets at a profit in the future, if required.

26. As on the date of this Prospectus there are family disputes between some of our Promoters and the G. L. Raheja family as a result of which there could arise, from time to time, claims and counterclaims, between some of our Promoters and the G. L. Raheja family. Further, there are several litigation, pending at different forums in relation to the family separation arrangement and any adverse decision in relation to any of the matters may have an adverse effect on our reputation.

Our Promoters, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja, are involved in certain family disputes with G.L. Raheja family in relation to the division of properties and management of certain entities forming part of K Raheja Corp group. C.L. Raheja (father of Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja) and the late G.L. Raheja had entered into various agreements to split or partition all entities and assets of the K. Raheja Corp Group between them. However, the separation and distribution of certain properties and entities, remained unresolved due to the differences between the groups. The G.L. Raheja family filed various suits in respect of the family arrangement against Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and others. Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja have also filed suits against the G.L. Raheja family. For more details, see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments" on page 621. Any adverse decision by the courts in relation to any of these family litigations may have an adverse effect on our reputation.

27. Our financing agreements entail interest at variable rates and any increases in interest rates may adversely affect our results of operations.

The interest rate for borrowings excluding preference capital of ₹ 160.00 million availed by us, aggregating to ₹ 26,557.15 million as of September 30, 2018, is expressed as the base rate or marginal cost of funds based lending rate of a specified lender or London Interbank Offering Rate and interest spread, which is variable to each Lender. Further, our financing agreements include provisions providing for interest rates to be periodically reset, or changed based on the lender's internal policies. We are susceptible to fluctuations in interest rates and associated risks. As such, any increase in interest rates may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. See "Financial Indebtedness" on page 618 for a description of the range of interest typically payable under our financing agreements.

28. Our operations entail certain fixed costs and recurring costs, and our inability to reduce such costs during periods of low demand for our services may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our operations entail certain fixed costs such as costs incurred towards the maintenance of our hotel properties, employee related costs, property taxes as well as certain significant recurring costs such as utility expenses and insurance payments. Further, the agreements we have entered into with Marriott, generally include agreed periodic payments at fixed rates. We may also have to incur costs towards periodic re-designing, re-structuring, refurbishing or repair of defects at our hotels. The costs of running a hotel tend to be more fixed than variable. The hotel industry experiences changes in demand and supply, which we may not be able to predict accurately. Consequently, we may be unable to reduce fixed and recurring costs in a timely manner, or at all, in response to a reduction in the demand for our services. Further, our hotel properties and commercial and real estate projects may be subject to an increase in operating and other expenses in the event of increases in property and other tax rates, increase in utility costs due to increase in electricity or water supply charges, insurance costs, repairs and maintenance and administrative expenses, which may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

29. We may be unable to successfully grow our business in new markets in India, which may adversely affect our business prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

We seek to diversify our geographical footprint, to reduce our exposure to local, seasonal and cyclical fluctuations and to access a more diversified guest base across geographies. We intend to strengthen and expand our portfolio to newer geographies across India which typically attract significant traffic from business and leisure travellers. However, we cannot assure you that we will be able to grow our business

in these markets. Inability to access infrastructure, certain logistical challenges in these regions and our relative inexperience with certain newer markets, may prevent us from expanding our presence in these regions.

Further, we may be unable to compete effectively with the services of our competitors who are already established in these regions. Our expansion plans may also result in increased advertising and marketing expenditure and challenges caused by distance, language and cultural differences. Also, demand for our services may not grow as anticipated in certain newer markets. If we are unable to grow our business in such markets effectively, our business prospects, results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected.

30. Our business derives a portion of its revenue from corporate customers, and the loss of such customers, the deterioration of their financial condition or prospects, or a reduction in their demand for our services could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our hotel operations are dependent on our corporate customers, including large corporate key accounts such as information technology companies, airlines, multi-national corporations, consultancy firms and banks, for a portion of revenues. Any reduction in growth or a slow-down in the business of our customers in India, could result in a reduction of their requirement for our services, and result in a significant decrease in the revenues we derive from these customers. The loss of one or more of our significant customers or a reduction in the amount of business we obtain from them could have an adverse effect on our business, and thus our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. Further, corporate customers may be able to negotiate better or more favourable terms or discounts compared to bookings made through direct channels or online travel agents. We cannot assure you that we will be able to maintain historic levels of business from such significant customers in the future.

31. Demand for rooms in our hotels or our conferencing and meeting facilities may be adversely affected by the increased use of business-related technology or change in preference of our corporate customers.

The increased use of teleconference and video-conference technology by businesses could result in decreased business travel as companies increase the use of technologies that allow multiple parties from different locations to participate at meetings without traveling to a centralized meeting location, such as our hotels. To the extent that such technologies play an increased role in day-to-day business and the necessity for business-related travel decreases, demand for our hotel rooms or our conferencing and meeting facilities may decrease from business travellers and corporate customers. Similarly, changes in business spending and preferences of our corporate customers due to evolving cost of travel, spending habits and budgeting patterns may lead to a change in the perceived attractiveness of our hotels, services and the locations at which our hotels are situated.

32. A portion of our hotel bookings originate from online travel agents and intermediaries. In the event such companies continue to gain market share compared to direct booking channels or our competitors are able to negotiate more favourable terms with such online travel agents and intermediaries, our business and results of operations may be adversely affected.

A portion of bookings for our hotels originate from large multinational, regional and local online travel agents and intermediaries, such as online aggregators, with whom we have contractual arrangements and to whom we pay commissions. These third-parties, including online travel agents, offer a wide breadth of services, often across multiple brands, have growing booking and review capabilities, and may create the perception that they offer the lowest prices when compared to our direct booking channels. Some of these online travel agents and intermediaries have strong marketing budgets and aim to create brand awareness and brand loyalty among consumers and may seek to commoditize hotel brands through price and attribute comparison. In the event these companies continue to gain market share, they may impact our profitability, undermine direct booking channels and online web presence and may be able to increase commission rates and negotiate other favourable contract terms. Negative reviews and feedback on online travel portals may cause guests to choose the services of our competitors. Further, our competitors may be able to negotiate better or more favourable terms with such online travel agents and intermediaries, impacting our hotel bookings from these channels, which in turn may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

### 33. Our Statutory Auditors have included certain matters of emphasis in their report on our Restated Summary Financial Information.

Our Statutory Auditors examination reports in respect of Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information and Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information includes certain emphasis of matter in respect of:

- as of, and for the six months ended, September 30, 2018, the non-presentation of corresponding figures for the previous period;
- as of, and for the financial year ended, March 31, 2018, the accounting of the scheme of arrangement effecting the demerger of Genext with our Company, in the manner prescribed by the NCLT order which is different from that prescribed under Ind AS 103;
- as of, and for the six months ended, September 30, 2018, and the financial years ended, March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, no adjustments having been made to the carrying value of leasehold rights in relation to land on which our hotel located at Vashi, Navi Mumbai is situated, during the pendency of litigation. See "- Our hotel located at Vashi, Navi Mumbai is subject matter of a litigation with City & Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Limited ("CIDCO"). Any adverse order by the Supreme Court of India in this matter may result in a direction to demolish our hotel, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations" on page 27;
- as of, and for the financial years ended, March 31, 2017 and 2016, no provisions having been included in relation to suspension of construction activity and sale of flats at our residential project in Bengaluru. See "- Our residential project at Koramangala, Bengaluru is the subject matter of litigation with Hindustan Aeronautics Limited. Any adverse order in relation to this litigation may adversely affect our ability to complete the project, and our business, results of operations and reputation" on page 21; and
- as of, and for the financial year ended, March 31, 2014, no recognition of profits during the year on flats sold and de-recognition of profits in previous years in relation to sale of flats at our residential project in Bengaluru over the height of 40 meters, together with certain other compensation paid, and provision of estimated loss on account of cancellation in the subsequent year. See "- Our residential project at Koramangala, Bengaluru is the subject matter of litigation with Hindustan Aeronautics Limited. Any adverse order in relation to this litigation may adversely affect our ability to complete the project, and our business, results of operations and reputation" on page 21,

which do not require any corrective adjustments in the financial information.

Such emphasis of matter is detailed in the Statutory Auditors' examination report in relation to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information and Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information. For further details, see "Summary Financial Information" on page 259 of this Prospectus.

We cannot assure you that our Statutory Auditors reports for any future fiscal periods will not contain qualifications, remarks, comments or emphasis of matter or that such qualifications, remarks, comments or emphasis of matter will not require any adjustment in our financial statements for such future periods or otherwise affect our results of operations in such future periods.

## 34. Any failure of our information technology systems could adversely affect our business and our operations.

We utilize information technology systems that support our business processes, including centralised software and systems such as reservations systems and property management systems of our hotel operators and their affiliates. These systems may be susceptible to outages due to fire, floods, power loss, telecommunications failures, natural disasters, break-ins and similar events. Effective response to such disruptions will require effort and diligence on the part of our third-party vendors and employees to avoid any adverse effect to our information technology systems.

In addition, our systems and proprietary data stored electronically, including our guests' sensitive personal and financial information, may be vulnerable to computer viruses, cybercrime, computer hacking and similar disruptions from unauthorized tampering. Such technology systems may also be vulnerable to ransomware attacks, which may block or restrict access to these systems and impair their functionality, unless certain ransom money is paid. If such unauthorized use of our systems were to occur, data related to our guests and other proprietary information could be compromised. For example, our hospitality partner recently reported security breaches in its guest reservation database. The occurrence of any such events could adversely affect our business, interrupt our operations, subject us to increased operating costs and expose us to litigation. We are also dependent on third party vendors for providing some of the services to our guests such as internet and television, among others, and any failure or deficiency on the part of such vendors may adversely affect our reputation, brand perception and results of operations.

35. In the event we fail to obtain, maintain or renew our statutory and regulatory licenses, permits and approvals required to operate our business, including in respect of which we have made relevant applications that are currently pending, including due to any default on the part of the owners of the properties we lease and manage, our business and results of operations may be adversely affected.

Our operations are subject to extensive government regulations and we or our hotel operators are required to obtain and maintain a number of statutory and regulatory permits and approvals under central, state and local government rules in India, generally for carrying out our business and for each of our hotel properties including, without limitation, sanction of building plans, occupation certificates, trade licenses, FSSAI registrations, shops and establishments registrations, star classifications and reclassifications for hotels, licenses to sell liquor and environmental approvals and clearances. For details of approvals relating to our business and operations, see "Government and Other Approvals" on page 665.

While we have obtained a number of approvals required for our operations, certain key approvals for which we have submitted applications are currently pending. We are also in the process of applying for the renewal of certain key approvals. In addition, we may need to apply for more approvals, including the renewal of approvals which may expire from time to time, and approvals in the ordinary course of business. For example, the consent to operate issued by the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board and 5-star classification issued by Government of India - Department of Tourism (H&R Division) for our hotel at Vashi, Navi Mumbai have expired. While we have made applications for renewal of these approvals, we cannot assure that the approvals shall be renewed. Further, majority of our key approvals which are in the nature of operational licenses will expire in the next three years in the ordinary course of business and the Company will seek renewal in line with its past practice. While we will make the applications for renewal of these approvals at the appropriate time, we cannot assure you that we will be granted such approvals in a timely manner. Any inability to renew these approvals may have an adverse effect on the operations of our hotel. For further details on pending approvals, see "Government and Other Approvals" on page 665.

We cannot assure you that such approvals will be issued or granted to us, or at all. If we fail to obtain or retain any of these approvals or licenses or renewals thereof, in a timely manner or at all, our business may be adversely affected. In addition, we require the co-operation and assistance of the hotel operators in order to apply for and renew such approvals and permits in a timely manner. Any failure on the part of the hotel operators to render cooperation and undertake the necessary actions to obtain and renew such approvals, may adversely impact the operations at our hotels.

Further, the approvals required by us are subject to numerous eligibility or ongoing compliance conditions and we cannot assure you that these would be received or not be suspended or revoked in the event of non-compliance or alleged non-compliance with any terms or conditions thereof, or pursuant to any regulatory action. For instance, in relation to our completed residential project in Hyderabad, Quiescent Heights, we may be in breach of the 'built-up area' requirements under the Environment Impact Assessment Notification issued under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as a governmental office memorandum relied on by us for certain clarifications on the definition of 'built-up area' was struck down pursuant to a pronouncement by the Supreme Court in August, 2018. Further, we have not obtained environment approvals for Quiescent Heights project. If there is any failure by us to comply with the applicable regulations or if the regulations governing our business are amended, we may

incur increased costs, be subject to penalties, have our approvals and permits revoked or suffer disruption in our operations, any of which could adversely affect our business.

36. If we pursue a strategy of expansion through acquisition of hotels or properties, we may not be able to successfully consummate favourable transactions or such transactions may not yield intended results or achieve expected returns and other benefits.

From time to time, we may evaluate potential acquisition of hotels or properties that would further our strategic objectives. However, we may not be able to identify suitable hotels or properties, consummate a transaction on terms that are favourable to us, or achieve expected returns and other benefits. Hotels or properties acquired by us may not be profitable or may not achieve sales levels and profitability that justify the investments made. Our acquisitions may entail financial and operational risks, including diversion of management attention from its existing core businesses. Future acquisitions could also result in the incurrence of debt, utilization of our internal accruals, increased contingent liabilities and increased operating expenses, all of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. We may incur additional debt or use internal accruals for acquisition which could affect our financial condition.

37. Statements as to the period in which our properties under development are expected to commence operations and the number of rooms or leasable area expected in such properties are based on management estimates and have not been independently appraised.

The expected period of opening or commencement of operations for our hotels and commercial and retail projects under development, presented in this Prospectus, is based on management estimates and has not been independently appraised. The expected date of opening or commencement of operations, number of rooms or leasable area, size, acreage and square footage actually developed may differ, based on various factors such as market conditions, modifications of engineering or design specifications, changes in regulatory requirements, stipulations in the consents and approvals we receive and any inability to obtain required consents and approvals. Investors are cautioned to not place undue reliance on these numbers in their evaluation of our business, prospects and results of operation. See also "Forward Looking Statements" on page 17.

38. We may require additional equity or debt in the future in order to continue to grow our business, which may not be available on favourable terms or at all.

Our strategy to grow our business and maintain our market share may require us to raise additional funds or refinance our existing debt for our working capital or long term loans. We cannot assure you that such funds will be available on favourable terms or at all. Additional debt financing may increase our financing costs. Our financing agreements may contain terms and conditions that may restrict our ability to operate and manage our business, such as terms and conditions that require us to maintain certain pre-set debt service coverage ratios and leverage ratios and require us to use our assets, including our cash balances, as collateral for our indebtedness. If we are unable to raise additional funds on favourable terms or at all as and when required, our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects could be adversely affected.

39. We rely on various contractors or third parties in developing our hotel, commercial, retail and other real assets, and factors affecting the performance of their obligations could adversely affect our projects.

Most of our hotel and other commercial projects require the services of contractors and various other parties including architects, engineers, consultants and suppliers of labour and materials for such projects. The timing and quality of construction of these projects that we develop depends on the availability and skill of these parties, as well as contingencies affecting them, including labour and construction material shortages and industrial action such as strikes and lockouts. We may not be able to identify appropriately experienced third parties and cannot assure you that skilled third parties will continue to be available at reasonable rates and in the areas in which we undertake our projects, or at all. As a result, we may be required to make additional investments or provide additional services to ensure the adequate performance and delivery of contracted services and any delay in project execution could adversely affect our profitability. In addition, if such contractors or third parties do not complete our orders in a timely

manner or match our requirements on quality, our reputation and financial condition could be adversely affected.

### 40. Our operations could be adversely affected by strikes, work stoppages or increased wage demands by our employees or any other kind of disputes with our employees.

Although we have not experienced any material labour unrest, we cannot assure you that we will not experience disruptions in work due to disputes or other problems with our work force, which may adversely affect our ability to continue our business operations. We have an external union at our hotel property in Powai, Mumbai and we cannot assure you that our other employees will not unionize in the future. In the event our employee relationships deteriorate or we experience significant labour unrest, strikes and other labour action, work stoppages could occur and there could be an adverse impact on our operations. These actions are impossible for us to predict or control and any such event could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

# 41. We rely on contract labour for carrying out certain of our operations and we may be held responsible for paying the wages of such workers, if the independent contractors through whom such workers are hired default on their obligations, and such obligations could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

In order to retain flexibility and control costs, we appoint independent contractors who in turn engage on-site contract labour for performance of certain of our operations. As of September 30, 2018, we utilized 531 personnel engaged on a contractual basis. Although we do not engage these labourers directly, we may be held responsible for any wage payments to be made to such labourers in the event of default by such independent contractor. Any requirement to fund their wage requirements may have an adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition. In addition, under the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, as notified and enforced by the central government and adopted with such modifications as may be deemed necessary by the respective state governments, we may be required to absorb a number of such contract labourers as permanent employees. In the event of any non-compliance by contractors with statutory requirements, legal proceedings may be initiated against us. Thus, any such order from a regulatory body or court may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

### 42. Our insurance coverage may not be sufficient or may not adequately protect us against all material hazards, which may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We could be held liable for accidents that occur at our hotels or otherwise arise out of our operations. In the event of personal injuries, fires or other accidents suffered by our employees or other people, we could face claims alleging that we were negligent, provided inadequate supervision or be otherwise liable for the injuries. Our properties are insured with independent third parties covering various aspects such as property damage inter-alia in respect of buildings, plant and machinery breakdowns, fire insurance, deterioration of stocks, accidental damage, pressurised equipment such as boilers and vessels, losses of rent, loss of profit, business interruptions, terrorism etc. We also maintain directors' and officers' liability insurance for our management personnel and accident group insurance, health insurance and life insurance for our employees. For the financial year 2018, we have on a consolidated basis insured our net assets (which total approximately ₹ 28,223.36 million) for an amount of ₹ 50,908.30 million representing 180% coverage over our consolidated total net assets (which total approximately ₹ 27,867.07 million) for an amount of ₹ 50,908.30 million representing 183% coverage over our consolidated total net assets.

While we believe that the insurance coverage which we maintain would be reasonably adequate to cover the normal risks associated with the operation of our business, we cannot assure you that any claim under the insurance policies maintained by us will be honoured fully, in part or on time, or that we have taken out sufficient insurance to cover all our losses. In addition, our insurance coverage expires from time to time. We apply for the renewal of our insurance coverage in the normal course of our business, but we cannot assure you that such renewals will be granted in a timely manner, at acceptable cost or at all. To the extent that we suffer loss or damage for which we did not obtain or maintain insurance, and which is not covered by insurance, exceeds our insurance coverage or where our insurance claims are rejected,

the loss would have to be borne by us and our results of operations, cash flows and financial performance could be adversely affected.

### 43. Disruptions or lack of basic infrastructure such as electricity and water supply could adversely affect our operations.

We require a significant amount and continuous supply of electricity and water and any disruption in the supply thereof could affect the operations of our hotels and the services to our guests. We currently source our water requirements from governmental water supply undertakings and water tankers and depend on state electricity boards and private suppliers for our energy requirements. Although we have diesel generators to meet exigencies at all of our hotels, we cannot assure you that our hotels will have sufficient power during power failures. Any failure on our part to obtain alternate sources of electricity or water, in a timely fashion, and at an acceptable cost, may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

### 44. We are exposed to the risk of events that adversely affect domestic or international travel, such as epidemics and terrorism or war.

The room rates and occupancy levels of our hotels could be adversely affected by external events that reduce domestic or international travel, such as epidemics and spread of infectious diseases or threats thereof, actual or threatened acts of terrorism or war, geo-political crisis or civil unrest, travel-related accidents or industrial action, natural disasters, or other local factors impacting individual hotels, as well as increased transportation and fuel costs. A decrease in the demand for hotel rooms as a result of such events may have an adverse impact on our operations and financial results. In addition, inadequate planning, preparation, response or recovery in relation to a major incident or crisis may cause loss of life, prevent operational continuity, or result in financial loss and consequently affect our reputation.

#### 45. Our inability to protect or use intellectual property rights may adversely affect our business.

We own the registered name and mark 'Chalet' under various classes provided for under the Trade Marks

Act, 1999. Additionally, we have applied for registration of CHALET logo under various classes, while application for registration under certain classes are currently pending. We have in the recent past received a notice of opposition in relation to registration of a class 43 trademark "Chalet Hotels" with the Trade Mark Registry. Any adverse order by the Registrar of Trade Marks may impact our ability to use the said trademark.

Further, the use of our, or those of our brand partners', trademarks or logos by third parties could adversely affect our hotels' reputation, which could in turn adversely affect our business and results of operations. We may not be able to prevent infringement of our or our brand partners' trademarks. If our or our brand partners' trademarks or other intellectual property are improperly used, the value and reputation of our hotels could be harmed. The application of laws governing intellectual property rights in India is uncertain and evolving, and could involve substantial risks to us. While we take care to ensure that we comply with the intellectual property rights of others, we cannot determine with certainty whether we are infringing any existing third-party intellectual property rights which may force us to alter our offerings. We may also be susceptible to claims from third parties asserting infringement and other related claims. If similar claims are raised in the future, these claims could result in costly litigation, divert management's attention and resources, subject us to significant liabilities and require us to enter into potentially expensive royalty or licensing agreements or to cease certain offerings. Further, necessary licenses may not be available to us on satisfactory terms, if at all. Any of the foregoing could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

## 46. We, as well as our Promoters and Group Companies, have, from time to time, availed unsecured or other credit facilities that are repayable on demand. Any unexpected demand for repayment may adversely affect our liquidity, business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

We, as well as our Promoters and Group Companies, have from time to time, availed unsecured or other credit facilities that are repayable on demand by the lenders. In the event that the respective lenders call in any such credit facilities, alternative sources of financing may not be available to any of us on commercially reasonable terms, to the same extent, or at all. Any failure to service such indebtedness or comply with any obligations under such financing agreements may cause us to incur penalty interest or

may result in the termination of one or more of our credit facilities or acceleration or cross-acceleration of payments under such credit facilities, as well as the declaration of an event of default or cross-default. Any such unexpected demand for repayment may adversely affect our liquidity, business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

#### 47. Some of our corporate records are not traceable.

Our Company does not have access to a secretarial form filing i.e., Form 5 for sub-division of equity shares in the year 1998.

While information in relation to such subdivision, has been disclosed under Capital Structure in this Prospectus, based on certified true copy of the board and shareholder resolutions, we may not be able to furnish any further document evidencing such subdivision. We cannot further assure you that we will be able to locate the said secretarial filing record, or not be penalized by the relevant supervisory and regulatory authorities in India for not maintaining such RoC form.

### 48. Our Company has acquired land in the past from entities which are related to our Promoters and may undertake such acquisitions in the future.

Our Company acquired approximately 8.62 acres of land from Genext, one of our corporate Promoters in Bengaluru for our Whitefield project. Our Promoters and Directors, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are also shareholders and directors of Genext. Our Company has also entered into a 'memorandum of understanding' that grants our Company an option to acquire leasehold rights for 0.98 acres of land and/or building from Mindspace for our proposed hotel and related services in Airoli and our Company may decide to exercise this option and acquire land in the future. Our Promoters and Directors, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are also shareholders and directors of Mindspace. Our Company is part of the K Raheja Corp group and generally undertakes transactions with other entities forming part of the group. In the future, our Company may undertake further acquisitions of land from entities forming part of the K Raheja Corp group or entities related to any of our Promoters or Directors. For more information on the acquisition from Genext and the proposed acquisition from Mindspace, please see "Our Promoters and Promoter Group- Interests of our Promoters and Related Party Transactions" on page 218.

### 49. We have certain contingent liabilities that have not been provided for in our financial statements, which, if they materialize, may adversely affect our financial condition.

As of September 30, 2018, in accordance with IND AS 37, we had certain contingent liabilities on a restated consolidated basis that have not been provided for in our financial statements. For details, see "Summary Financial Information – Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information" on page 414. If a significant portion of these liabilities materialize, it could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

#### 50. We face foreign exchange risks that could adversely affect our results of operations.

Our operations are in India, our revenues and most of our expenses in India are denominated in the Indian Rupee, and we report our results of operations in the Indian Rupee. We have availed external commercial borrowings excluding interest accrued of USD 74.06 million as of September 30, 2018, which also exposes us to currency risk. Further, we have certain periodic payment obligations to Marriott which are denominated in United States Dollars. Any fluctuation of the Indian Rupee against such foreign currencies may have a negative impact on our results of operations, as the expenses that we have to incur may be higher in Rupee terms.

### 51. Our ability to pay dividends in the future will depend on our earnings, financial condition, working capital requirements, capital expenditures and restrictive covenants of our financing arrangements.

Our Company has not declared dividends in the past. Our ability to pay dividends in the future will depend on our earnings, financial condition, cash flow, working capital requirements, capital expenditure and restrictive covenants of our financing arrangements. Any future determination as to the declaration and payment of dividends will be at the discretion of our Board and will depend on factors that our Board deems relevant, including among others, our future earnings, financial condition, cash requirements, business prospects and any other financing arrangements. We may decide to retain all of our earnings to

finance the development and expansion of our business and, therefore, may not declare dividends on our Equity Shares. We cannot assure you that we will be able to pay dividends in the future. For details of dividend paid by our Company in the past, see "*Dividend Policy*" on page 257.

#### 52. We will continue to be controlled by our Promoters after the completion of the Offer

After the completion of the Offer, our Promoters will continue to hold majority of our outstanding Equity Shares. As a result, our Promoters will continue to exercise significant control over us, including being able to control the composition of our Board and determine matters requiring shareholder approval or approval of our Board. They may take or block actions with respect to our business, which may conflict with our interests or the interests of our minority shareholders. By exercising their control, our Promoters could delay, defer or cause a change of our control or a change in our capital structure, delay, defer or cause a merger, consolidation, takeover or other business combination involving us, discourage or encourage a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of us. We cannot guarantee that our Promoters will act in our interest while exercising their rights.

53. Some of our Promoters have pledged their Equity Shares with a lender. Any exercise of such pledge by the lender could dilute the shareholding of these Promoters, which may adversely affect our business and prospects.

As of the date of this Prospectus, 47,023,720 Equity Shares constituting 22.93 % of the post-Offer paid-up equity share capital of our Company held by Capstan Trading LLP, Raghukool Estate Development LLP, Touchstone Properties and Hotels Private Limited, Anbee Construction LLP and Cape Trading LLP, our Promoters, are pledged in favour of HDFC Limited to secure borrowings availed by certain of our Promoters and Group Companies. Any default by one or more of such Promoters or Group Companies, under their respective borrowing arrangements pursuant to which these Equity Shares have been pledged, will entitle the lender to enforce such pledge. In case the lender chooses to invoke the pledge, the aggregate shareholding of our Promoters in our Company will be reduced and may also result in the price of the Equity Shares being adversely affected.

54. We have issued Equity Shares during the last one year at a price that may be lower than the Offer Price.

We have allotted 18,953,040 Equity Shares to the shareholders of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Genext"), pursuant to the scheme of arrangement effecting the demerger of Genext with our Company. No cash consideration was paid at the time of allotment of these Equity Shares. The price at which such Equity Shares were allotted may be lower than the Offer Price. In addition, ESOPs granted, if exercised prior to determination of the Offer Price, may be at a price lower than the Offer Price. For further details, see "Capital Structure" on page 92.

55. Some of our Group Companies have incurred losses in the last preceding financial year and have negative net worth, based on the last audited financial statements available.

Some of our Group Companies have incurred losses in the preceding financial years and have negative net worth, based on the respective Group Companies' last available audited financial statements. For further details, see "Our Group Companies – Group Companies with negative net worth" and "Our Group Companies – Details of Loss making Group Companies" beginning on page 222, respectively. We cannot assure you that our Group Companies will not incur losses or have negative net worth in the future.

56. We have experienced negative cash flows in relation to our operating activities, investing and financing activities in the last five financial years, on a consolidated basis. Any negative cash flows in the future would adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

consolidated basis. If we experience any negative cash flows in the future, this could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. For further details, see "Summary Financial Information" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 259 and 586, respectively.

57. Certain of our Group Companies and our Promoters are engaged, or are authorized by their constitutional documents to engage, in business activities which are similar to those undertaken by our Company and Subsidiaries, or have interests in other companies, which are in businesses similar to ours, which may result in conflicts of interest.

Certain of our Group Companies, are authorised under their respective memorandums of association to carry on the business of owning, operating or managing hotels and resorts. For details, see "Group Companies" on page 222. We cannot assure you that our Group Companies, will not compete with our existing business or any future business that we may undertake or that their interests will not conflict with ours. Any such present and future conflicts could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, business and results of operations. For further details, see "Our Promoters, Promoter Group and Group Companies" on pages 220 and 254.

Further, a conflict of interest may occur between our business and the business of certain of our Promoters and Group Companies which could have an adverse effect on our operations. For example, certain of our Promoters and Group Companies own a resort in Madh Island, Mumbai and a minority equity interest in the hotel JW Marriott Mumbai Juhu, which compete with our existing hotels. Conflicts of interest may also arise out of common business objectives shared by us and certain of our Promoters. Our Promoters may compete with us and have no obligation to direct any opportunities to us. We cannot assure you that these or other conflicts of interest will be resolved in an impartial manner.

58. Our Directors and Key Management Personnel may have interests in us other than reimbursement of expenses incurred, normal employee remuneration or benefits payable under the terms of their agreements with us, which may potentially involve conflict of interests with our Shareholders.

Our Directors and Key Management Personnel are interested in us to the extent of remuneration paid to them for services rendered, including any shares and employee stock options held by them and reimbursement of expenses payable to them. Our Company had entered into an agreement dated July 7, 2017 with Arthur William De Haast, one of our Directors, to provide certain consultancy and advisory services to our Company for a term of three years with effect from August 3, 2017, pursuant to which he is entitled to GBP 3,750 per working day spent in accordance with the terms of the consultancy services agreement. The term of the consultancy services agreement has been extended to June 11, 2023. Further, Sanjay Sethi, our Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer and Rajeev Newar, our Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer are interested to the extent of loans availed by them from our Company. Our Directors may also be interested to the extent of any transaction entered into by us with any other company or firm in which they are directors or partners. For details, see the sections "Capital Structure", "Related Party Transactions" and "Our Management" on pages 92, 256 and 187, respectively.

59. We do not own the land on which our Registered and Corporate Office is situated.

We do not own the land on which our Registered and Corporate Office is situated. Our Registered and Corporate Office is licensed to us by K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited pursuant to a license agreement dated August 22, 2018. The license agreement is valid for a period of 5 years from July 1, 2018. We cannot assure you that we will be able to continue with the uninterrupted use of this premise in the event that we are unable to comply with the terms of our license agreement, which may impair our operations and adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. For further details, see "Our Business – Immovable Properties" on page 172.

60. We will not receive any proceeds from the Offer for Sale. The Selling Shareholders will receive the entire proceeds from the Offer for Sale.

This Offer includes an Offer for Sale of up to 24,685,000 Equity Shares by the Selling Shareholders. The entire proceeds from the Offer for Sale will be paid to the Selling Shareholders and we will not receive

any such proceeds. For further details, see "Capital Structure" and "Objects of the Offer" on pages 92 and 119, respectively.

61. Any variation in the utilization of the Net Proceeds would be subject to certain compliance requirements, including prior Shareholders' approval.

We propose to utilize the Net Proceeds for retiring certain debts of our Company. For further information of the proposed objects of the Issue, see "Objects of the Offer" on page 119. At this stage, we cannot determine with any certainty if we would require the Net Proceeds to meet any other expenditure or fund any exigencies arising out of competitive environment, business conditions, economic conditions or other factors beyond our control. In accordance with Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, we cannot undertake any variation in the utilization of the Net Proceeds without obtaining the Shareholders' approval through a special resolution. In the event of any such circumstances that require us to undertake variation in the disclosed utilization of the Net Proceeds, we may not be able to obtain the Shareholders' approval in a timely manner, or at all. Any delay or inability in obtaining such Shareholders' approval may adversely affect our business or operations.

Further, our Promoters or controlling Shareholders would be required to provide an exit opportunity to the Shareholders who do not agree with our proposal to change the Objects of the Offer or vary the terms of such contracts, at a price and manner as prescribed by SEBI. Additionally, the requirement on Promoters or controlling Shareholders to provide an exit opportunity to such dissenting Shareholders may deter the Promoters or controlling Shareholders from agreeing to the variation of the proposed utilization of the Net Proceeds, even if such variation is in the interest of our Company. Further, we cannot assure you that the Promoters or the controlling Shareholders of our Company will have adequate resources at their disposal at all times to enable them to provide an exit opportunity at the price prescribed by SEBI.

In light of these factors, we may not be able to undertake variation of objects of the Offer to use any unutilized proceeds of the Fresh Issue, if any, or vary the terms of any contract referred to in this Prospectus, even if such variation is in the interest of our Company. This may restrict our ability to respond to any change in our business or financial condition by re-deploying the unutilized portion of Net Proceeds, if any, or varying the terms of contract, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

#### External Risk Factors

#### Risks Related to India

62. The occurrence of natural or man-made disasters could adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. Hostilities, terrorist attacks, civil unrest and other acts of violence could adversely affect the financial markets and our business.

The occurrence of natural disasters, including cyclones, storms, floods, earthquakes, tsunamis, tornadoes, fires, explosions, pandemic disease and man-made disasters, including acts of terrorism and military actions, could adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows or financial condition. Terrorist attacks and other acts of violence or war may adversely affect the Indian securities markets. In addition, any deterioration in international relations, especially between India and its neighbouring countries, may result in investor concern regarding regional stability which could adversely affect the price of the Equity Shares. In addition, India has witnessed local civil disturbances in recent years and it is possible that future civil unrest as well as other adverse social, economic or political events in India could have an adverse effect on our business. Such incidents could also create a greater perception that investment in Indian companies involves a higher degree of risk and could have an adverse effect on our business and the market price of the Equity Shares.

63. Political, economic or other factors that are beyond our control may have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

We are dependent on domestic, regional and global economic and market conditions. Our performance, growth and market price of our Equity Shares are and will be dependent to a large extent on the health of the economy in which we operate. There have been periods of slowdown in the economic growth of

India. Demand for our services may be adversely affected by an economic downturn in domestic, regional and global economies. Economic growth in the countries in which we operate is affected by various factors including domestic consumption and savings, balance of trade movements, namely export demand and movements in key imports (oil and oil products), global economic uncertainty and liquidity crisis, volatility in exchange currency rates, and annual rainfall which affects agricultural production. Consequently, any future slowdown in the Indian economy could harm our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. Also, a change in the government or a change in the economic and deregulation policies could adversely affect economic conditions prevalent in the areas in which we operate in general and our business in particular and high rates of inflation in India could increase our costs without proportionately increasing our revenues, and as such decrease our operating margins.

### 64. Our Company has prepared financial statements under Ind AS. Significant differences exist between Ind AS and other accounting principles, such as Indian GAAP, IFRS and U.S. GAAP.

Our Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information as of and for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and financial years 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 included in this Prospectus has been prepared under Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with the Companies Act, 2013 and differs from our audited financial information to the extent restated, in accordance with applicable laws. The Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information has been compiled from the audited consolidated financial statements of our Company as of and for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and financial years 2018 and 2017 prepared under Ind AS and as of and for the financial years 2016, 2015 and 2014 prepared under the previous generally accepted accounting principles followed in India ("Indian GAAP"). Our date of transition to Ind AS was April 1, 2016 and the audited consolidated financial statements for the financial year 2017 were the first to be prepared in accordance with Ind AS. The restated consolidated summary financial information for the financial years 2016, 2015 and 2014 included in this Prospectus have been prepared under Ind AS on a proforma basis. The implementation of Ind AS is recent and new pronouncements may have a material impact on our profitability going forward and our revenue may fluctuate significantly period over period.

Except as otherwise provided in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information with respect to Indian GAAP, no attempt has been made to reconcile any information given in this Prospectus to any other accounting principles or to base the information on any other accounting standards. Ind AS differs from other accounting principles with which prospective investors may be familiar, such as Indian GAAP, IFRS and U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, the degree to which the financial statements, which are restated in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, included in this Prospectus will provide meaningful information is entirely dependent on the reader's level of familiarity with Ind AS.

### 65. Changing laws, rules and regulations and legal uncertainties, including adverse application of tax laws, may adversely affect our business, prospects and results of operations.

The regulatory and policy environment in which we operate is evolving and subject to change. Such changes may adversely affect our business, results of operations and prospects, to the extent that we are unable to suitably respond to and comply with any such changes in applicable law and policy. For example, the Government of India implemented a comprehensive national goods and services tax ("GST") regime with effect from July 1, 2017 that combines multiple taxes and levies by the Central and State Governments into a unified tax structure. While the Government of India and certain state governments have announced that all committed incentives will be protected following the implementation of the GST, given that the various rules and regulations regarding the new regime are being evaluated in terms of various implications concerning the GST, we cannot provide you with any assurance as to this or any other aspect of the tax regime following implementation of the GST including anti-profiteering regulations of the new tax regime and availability of input tax credit ("ITC").

Further, the Finance Act, instituted a number of amendments to the existing direct and indirect tax regime which includes the withdrawal of long term capital gains exemptions on equity shares, long term capital gains applicability in the hands of Foreign Institutional Investors and applicability of dividend distribution tax for certain transactions with shareholders, among others. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisors in relation to the consequences of investing in the Equity Shares.

In addition, the General Anti-Avoidance Rules ("GAAR") became effective from April 1, 2017. The tax consequences of the GAAR provisions being applied to an arrangement could result in the denial of tax benefits to an arrangement, among other consequences. In the absence of any such precedents on the subject, the application of these provisions is uncertain. If the GAAR provisions are made applicable to our Company, it may have an adverse tax impact on us.

Unfavourable changes in or interpretations of existing, or the promulgation of new, laws, rules and regulations including foreign investment laws governing our business, operations and group structure could result in us being deemed to be in contravention of such laws and may require us to apply for additional approvals. We may incur increased costs and other burdens relating to compliance with such new requirements, which may also require significant management time and other resources, and any failure to comply may adversely affect our business, results of operations and prospects. Uncertainty in the applicability, interpretation or implementation of any amendment to, or change in, governing law, regulation or policy, including by reason of an absence, or a limited body, of administrative or judicial precedent may be time consuming as well as costly for us to resolve and may impact the viability of our current businesses or restrict our ability to grow our businesses in the future.

#### 66. Investors may not be able to enforce a judgment of a foreign court against our Company.

Our Company is incorporated under the laws of India, majority of our Directors and all of our Promoters, Key Management Personnel and senior management personnel reside in India. Majority of our assets, and the assets of certain of our Promoters, Directors, Key Management Personnel and other senior management, are also located in India. In addition, the regulatory regime of our various international territories may have similar restrictions on enforcement of foreign judgments. Where investors wish to enforce foreign judgments in India, they may face difficulties in enforcing such judgments. India is not a party to any international treaty in relation to the recognition or enforcement of foreign judgments. India exercises reciprocal recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters with a limited number of jurisdictions which includes the United Kingdom, Singapore and Hong Kong. In order to be enforceable, a judgment obtained in a jurisdiction which India recognises as a reciprocating territory must meet certain requirements of the Code of Civil Procedures, 1908 (the "Civil Code"). Further, the Civil Code only permits enforcement of monetary decrees not being in the nature of any amounts payable in respect of taxes or, other charges of a like nature or in respect of a fine or other penalty and does not provide for the enforcement of arbitration awards. Judgments or decrees from jurisdictions not recognised as a reciprocating territory by India cannot be enforced or executed in India. Even if a party were to obtain a judgment in such a jurisdiction, it would be required to institute a fresh suit upon the judgment and would not be able to enforce such judgment by proceedings in execution. Further, the party which has obtained such judgment must institute the new proceedings within three years of obtaining the judgment.

As a result, you may be unable to: (i) effect service of process outside of India upon us and such other persons or entities; or (ii) enforce in courts outside of India judgments obtained in such courts against us and such other persons or entities. It is unlikely that a court in India would award damages on the same basis as a foreign court if an action is brought in India. Furthermore, it is unlikely that an Indian court would enforce foreign judgments if it viewed the amount of damages awarded as excessive or inconsistent with Indian practice. A party seeking to enforce a foreign judgment in India is required to obtain prior approval from the RBI to repatriate any amount recovered pursuant to the execution of such foreign judgment, and any such amount may be subject to income tax in accordance with applicable laws.

### 67. Under Indian law, foreign investors are subject to investment restrictions that limit our ability to attract foreign investors, which may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares.

Under foreign exchange regulations currently in force in India, transfer of shares between non-residents and residents are freely permitted (subject to certain exceptions), if they comply with the valuation and reporting requirements specified by the RBI. If a transfer of shares is not in compliance with such requirements and fall under any of the exceptions specified by the RBI, then the RBI's prior approval is required. Additionally, shareholders who seek to convert Rupee proceeds from a sale of shares in India into foreign currency and repatriate that foreign currency from India require a no-objection or a tax clearance certificate from the Indian income tax authorities. We cannot assure you that any required approval from the RBI or any other governmental agency can be obtained on any particular terms or at all.

#### 68. You may be subject to Indian taxes arising out of capital gains on the sale of our Equity Shares.

Under current Indian tax laws, unless specifically exempted, capital gains arising from the sale of equity shares is generally taxable in India. Any gain realized on the sale of listed equity shares on or before March 31, 2018, on a stock exchange held for more than 12 months will not be subject to long term capital gains tax in India if securities transaction tax, or STT, has been paid on the sale transaction and additionally, as stipulated by the Finance Act, 2017, STT had been paid at the time of acquisition of such equity shares on or before October 1, 2004, except in the case of such acquisitions of such equity shares which are not subject to STT, as notified by the Central Government under notification no. 43/2017/F. No. 370142/09/2017-TPL on June 5, 2017. However, the Finance Act, 2018, has now levied taxes on such long term capital gains arising from sale of equity shares on or after April 1, 2018. However, where specified conditions are met, such long term capital gains are only taxed to the extent they exceed ₹ 100,000 and unrealised capital gains earned up to January 31, 2018 continue to be exempt. Accordingly, you may be subject to payment of long term capital gains tax in India, in addition to the payment of STT, on the sale of Equity Shares held for more than 12 months. STT will be levied on and collected by a domestic stock exchange on which our Equity Shares are sold.

Further, any gain realized on the sale of our Equity Shares held for a period of 12 months or less will be subject to short term capital gains tax in India. Capital gains arising from the sale of the Equity Shares will be exempt from taxation in India in cases where the exemption from taxation in India is provided under a treaty between India and the country of which the seller is a resident. Generally, Indian tax treaties do not limit India's ability to impose tax on capital gains. As a result, residents of other countries may be liable for tax in India as well as in their own jurisdiction on a gain upon the sale of Equity Shares.

### 69. Rights of shareholders under Indian laws may be more limited than under the laws of other jurisdictions.

Indian legal principles related to corporate procedures, directors' fiduciary duties and liabilities, and shareholders' rights may differ from those that would apply to a company in another jurisdiction. Shareholders' rights including in relation to class actions, under Indian law may not be as extensive as shareholders' rights under the laws of other countries or jurisdictions. Investors may have more difficulty in asserting their rights as shareholder in an Indian company than as shareholder of a corporation in another jurisdiction.

### 70. Any downgrading of India's debt rating by an independent agency may harm our ability to raise financing.

Any adverse revisions to India's credit ratings international debt by international rating agencies may adversely affect our ability to raise additional overseas financing and the interest rates and other commercial terms at which such additional financing is available. This could have an adverse effect on our ability to fund our growth on favourable terms or at all, and consequently adversely affect our business and financial performance and the price of our Equity Shares.

#### Risks Related to the Offer

71. The Equity Shares have never been publicly traded, and, after the Offer, the Equity Shares may experience price and volume fluctuations, and an active trading market for the Equity Shares may not develop. Further, the price of the Equity Shares may be volatile, and you may be unable to resell the Equity Shares at or above the Offer Price, or at all.

Prior to the Offer, there has been no public market for the Equity Shares, and an active trading market on the Stock Exchanges may not develop or be sustained after the Offer. Listing and quotation does not guarantee that a market for the Equity Shares will develop, or if developed, the liquidity of such market for the Equity Shares. The Offer Price of the Equity Shares is proposed to be determined through a bookbuilding process in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations and may not be indicative of the market price of the Equity Shares at the time of commencement of trading of the Equity Shares or at any time thereafter. The market price of the Equity Shares may be subject to significant fluctuations in response to, among other factors, variations in our operating results of our Company, market conditions specific to the industry we operate in, developments relating to India, volatility in securities markets in

jurisdictions other than India, variations in the growth rate of financial indicators, variations in revenue or earnings estimates by research publications, and changes in economic, legal and other regulatory factors.

### 72. Fluctuation in the exchange rate between the Indian Rupee and foreign currencies may have an adverse effect on the value of our Equity Shares, independent of our operating results.

On listing, our Equity Shares will be quoted in Indian Rupees on the Stock Exchanges. Any dividends in respect of our Equity Shares will also be paid in Indian Rupees and subsequently converted into the relevant foreign currency for repatriation, if required. Any adverse movement in currency exchange rates during the time that it takes to undertake such conversion may reduce the net dividend to foreign investors. In addition, any adverse movement in currency exchange rates during a delay in repatriating outside India the proceeds from a sale of Equity Shares, for example, because of a delay in regulatory approvals that may be required for the sale of Equity Shares may reduce the proceeds received by Equity Shareholders. For example, the exchange rate between the Rupee and the U.S. dollar has fluctuated substantially in recent years and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future, which may have an adverse effect on the trading price of our Equity Shares and returns on our Equity Shares, independent of our operating results.

### 73. You may not be able to sell, any of the Equity Shares you purchase in the Offer immediately on an Indian stock exchange.

The Equity Shares will be listed on the Stock Exchanges. Pursuant to the applicable Indian laws, certain actions must be completed before the Equity Shares can be listed and trading in the Equity Shares may commence. Investors' book entry, or 'demat' accounts with depository participants in India, are expected to be credited within one working day of the date on which the Basis of Allotment is approved by the Stock Exchanges. The Allotment of Equity Shares in this Offer and the credit of such Equity Shares to the applicant's demat account with depository participant could take approximately six Working Days from the Bid Closing Date and trading in the Equity Shares upon receipt of final listing and trading approvals from the Stock Exchanges is expected to commence within six Working Days of the Bid Closing Date. There could be a failure or delay in listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges. Any failure or delay in obtaining the approval or otherwise commence trading in the Equity Shares would restrict investors' ability to dispose of their Equity Shares. We cannot assure you that the Equity Shares will be credited to investors' demat accounts, or that trading in the Equity Shares will commence, within the time periods specified in this risk factor. We could also be required to pay interest at the applicable rates if allotment is not made, refund orders are not dispatched or demat credits are not made to investors within the prescribed time periods.

### 74. The Offer Price of the Equity Shares may not be indicative of the market price of the Equity Shares after the Offer.

The Offer Price of the Equity Shares will be determined by our Company and Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs, and through the Book Building Process. This price will be based on numerous factors, as described under "Basis for Offer Price" on page 127 and may not be indicative of the market price for the Equity Shares after the Offer. The market price of the Equity Shares could be subject to significant fluctuations after the Offer, and may decline below the Offer Price. We cannot assure you that the investor will be able to resell their Equity Shares at or above the Offer Price.

## 75. Any future issuance of Equity Shares, or convertible securities or other equity linked securities by us may dilute your shareholding and any sale of Equity Shares by our Promoters and other major shareholders may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares.

We may be required to finance our growth through future equity offerings. Any future issuance of the Equity Shares, convertible securities or securities linked to the Equity Shares by us, including through exercise of employee stock options or the disposal of Equity Shares by our Promoters or any of our Company's other principal shareholders or the perception that such issuance or sales may occur, including to comply with the minimum public shareholding norms applicable to listed companies in India may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares, which may lead to other adverse consequences including difficulty in raising capital through offering of the Equity Shares or incurring additional debt. We cannot assure you that we will not issue additional Equity Shares. Any future

issuances could also dilute the value of your investment in the Equity Shares. In addition, any perception by investors that such issuances or sales might occur may also affect the market price of the Equity Shares. Except as disclosed in "*Capital Structure*" on page 92, we cannot assure you that our Promoters and other major shareholders will not dispose of, pledge or encumber their Equity Shares in the future.

76. Holders of Equity Shares may be restricted in their ability to exercise pre-emptive rights under Indian law and thereby suffer future dilution of their ownership position.

Under the Companies Act, a company having share capital and incorporated in India must offer its equity shareholders pre-emptive rights to subscribe and pay for a proportionate number of equity shares to maintain their existing ownership percentages prior to issuance of any new equity shares, unless the pre-emptive rights have been waived by the adoption of a special resolution by the equity shareholders of such company.

However, if the law of the jurisdiction that you are located in does not permit the exercise of such preemptive rights without our filing an offering document or registration statement with the applicable authority in such jurisdiction, you will be unable to exercise such pre-emptive rights, unless we make such a filing. If we elect not to file an offering document or a registration statement, the new securities may be issued to a custodian, who may sell them for your benefit. The value the custodian receives on the sale of such securities and the related transaction costs cannot be predicted. In addition, to the extent that you are unable to exercise pre-emptive rights granted in respect of our Equity Shares, your proportional interests in our Company may be reduced.

77. QIBs and Non-Institutional Investors are not permitted to withdraw or lower their Bids (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage after submitting a Bid.

Pursuant to the SEBI ICDR Regulations, QIBs and Non-Institutional Investors are not permitted to withdraw or lower their Bids (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage after submitting a Bid. Retail Individual Investors can revise their Bids during the Bid/Offer Period and withdraw their Bids until Bid/Offer Closing Date. While our Company is required to complete Allotment pursuant to the Offer within six Working Days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date, events affecting the Bidders' decision to invest in the Equity Shares, including material adverse changes in international or national monetary policy, financial, political or economic conditions, our business, results of operation or financial condition may arise between the date of submission of the Bid and Allotment. Our Company may complete the Allotment of the Equity Shares even if such events occur, and such events limit the Bidders' ability to sell the Equity Shares Allotted pursuant to the Offer or cause the trading price of the Equity Shares to decline on listing.

#### **Prominent Notes**

- 1. Our Company was converted to a public limited company and consequently, the name of our Company was changed to Chalet Hotels Limited on June 6, 2018. For further details in relation to the corporate history of our Company, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 179.
- 2. Public offer of 58,613,571 Equity Shares\* for cash at price of ₹ 280 (including a share premium of ₹ 270 per Equity Share) aggregating up to ₹ 16,411.80 million comprising Fresh Issue of 33,928,571 Equity Shares\* aggregating to ₹ 9,500 million by our Company and the Offer for Sale of 24,685,000 Equity Shares\* aggregating to ₹ 6,911.80 million by the Selling Shareholders. The Offer will constitute 28.59 % of the post-Offer paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company.
  - \*Subject to finalisation of the Basis of Allotment.
- 3. As of September 30, 2018, our Company's net worth was ₹ 4,674.36 million as per our Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information and ₹ 4,904.95 million as per the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information.
- 4. As of September 30, 2018, the net asset value per Equity Share was ₹ 27.32 as per our Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information and ₹ 28.67 as per the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information.

5. The average cost of acquisition of Equity Shares by our Promoters is:

Name of the Promoter	Average cost of acquisition of Equity Shares# (₹ per Equity Share)
Ravi C. Raheja*	32.85
Neel C. Raheja*	32.85
K Raheja Corp Private Limited*	65.57
K Raheja Private Limited	1.29
Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited*	26.99
Ivory Property Trust	0.00
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	13.00
Touchstone Properties and Hotels Private Limited	3.17
Cape Trading LLP	6.61
Capstan Trading LLP	6.81
Casa Maria Properties LLP	6.81
Anbee Constructions LLP	6.61
Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP*	100.00
Raghukool Estate Developement LLP	6.81

<sup>\*</sup>Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja, K Raheja Corp Private Limited, Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited and Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP are also the Selling Shareholders in the Offer.

For details, see "Capital Structure" on page 92.

- 6. For details of related party transactions entered into by our Company with our Promoters, Group Companies and Subsidiary in the last Fiscal, including nature and cumulative value of the transactions, see "*Related Party Transactions*" on page 256.
- 7. For information regarding the business or other interests of our Group Companies in our Company, see "Our Group Companies" and "Related Party Transactions" on pages 222 and 256.
- 8. There have been no financing arrangements whereby any of the members of our Promoter Group, our Directors, director of Promoter or any of their relatives have financed the purchase by any other person of securities of our Company other than in ordinary course of the business of the financing entity during the period of six months immediately preceding the date of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and until the date of this Prospectus.
- 9. Investors may contact the BRLMs or the Registrar to the Offer, for any complaints pertaining to the
- 10. All grievances in relation to Bids through the ASBA process, may be addressed to the Registrar to the Offer, with a copy to the relevant Designated Intermediary with whom the ASBA Form was submitted, quoting the full name of the sole or First Bidder, ASBA Form number, Bidders' DP ID, Client ID, PAN, number of Equity Shares applied for, date of submission of ASBA Form, address of Bidder, the name and address of the relevant Designated Intermediary, where the ASBA Form was submitted by the Bidder and ASBA Account number (for Bidders other than RIIs bidding through the UPI mechanism) in which the amount equivalent to the Bid Amount was blocked or UPI ID in case of RIIs bidding through the UPI mechanism. Further, the Bidder shall enclose the Acknowledgment Slip from the Designated Intermediaries in addition to the documents or information mentioned hereinabove. Further, all grievances of the Anchor Investors may be addressed to the Registrar to the Offer, giving full details such as the name of the sole or First Bidder, Bid cum Application Form number, Bidders' DP ID, Client ID, PAN, date of the Bid cum Application Form, address of the Bidder, number of the Equity Shares applied for, Bid Amount paid on submission of the Anchor Application Form and the name and address of the BRLMs where the Bid cum Application Form was submitted by the Anchor Investor.

For any complaints, information or clarifications pertaining to the Offer, investors may contact the BRLMs who have submitted the due diligence certificate to the SEBI.

<sup>#</sup>As certified by M/s Nayan Parikh & Co, Chartered Accountants by their certificates dated June 30, 2018.

#### SECTION III - INTRODUCTION

#### SUMMARY OF INDUSTRY

The industry information contained in this section is derived from a report titled "Industry Report – Top tier and Upscale Hotels" dated June 25, 2018 (read with addendum dated September 25, 2018), prepared by Horwath HTL India and commissioned by our Company in connection with the Offer. We have also utilised publicly available research reports titled "CBRE India Retail Market View H2 2017", "CBRE India Market Outlook Report April 2018" and "CBRE India Office Market View Q1 2018, released in years 2017 and 2018, prepared by CBRE Research. Neither we, nor any other person connected with the Offer has independently verified this information.

Industry sources and publications generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources generally believed to be reliable, but their accuracy, completeness and underlying assumptions are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured and accordingly, investment decisions should not be based on such information. Industry publications are also prepared based on information as of specific dates and may no longer be current or reflect current trends.

Investors should note that this is only a summary description of the industry in which we operate and does not contain all information that should be considered before investing in the Equity Shares. Before deciding to invest in the Equity Shares, prospective investors should read the entire Prospectus, including the information in the sections titled "Risk Factors", "Industry Overview", "Our Business" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation" and "Summary Financial Information" on pages 18, 134, 153, 586 and 259, respectively. An investment in the Equity Shares involves a high degree of risk.

#### **Macroeconomic Overview of India**

India is the sixth largest economy in the world with GDP at current prices of USD 2.61 trillion and third in terms of purchasing power parity as per 2017 estimates. (*Source: IMF*). The Indian economy grew by 6.5% in the financial year 2017-2018 (estimates) as against 7.1% growth for the financial year 2016-2017 (*Source: Central Statistics Office, Government of India*).

#### **India GDP Forecast**

India has emerged as a lead growth engine for the next five years, in terms of the rate of GDP growth. As per IMF, per capita GDP in India for 2017 is USD 1,983, up from USD 1,749 for 2016 and USD 1,639 for 2015 and is expected to grow at a CAGR of 8.7% between 2017 and 2022. India's nominal GDP is forecasted to increase from USD 2,611 billion in the calendar year 2017 to USD 4,227 billion by the calendar year 2022 at a CAGR of 10.1% (at current prices), according to IMF.

#### **Industry Size: Chain-affiliated Hotels**

Chain-affiliated hotel rooms in India have increased from 23,751 as at March 31, 2001 to about 135,232 as at March 31, 2018. Actual supply creation was delayed as the development cycle in India is generally longer, with delays caused by varied factors including project, environmental and implementation approval delays, cost overrun and funding shortfalls, delays in receipt of completion and opening related approvals, etc. Several hotels that were completed between the financial years 2012-2015 were from projects initiated between the financial years 2007-2009. Further, the business slowdown from the end of 2008, and particularly after 2010, caused several projects to be dropped. From about financial year 2013, there was a distinct slowdown in initiation of new projects while under completion projects continued to be carried to completion. The trend of slower inventory creation is expected to continue up to the financial year 2020/2021, particularly in the luxury–upper upscale and upscale segments, as there have been fewer commitments made in the last three to four years for new hotel projects. However, several new projects that have recently been initiated, may complete in the financial year 2022 or more likely later.

#### **Segmental Supply**

Segmental supply has evolved significantly since the financial year 2001.

The following table sets forth the composition of chain-affiliated supply of hotel rooms in India:

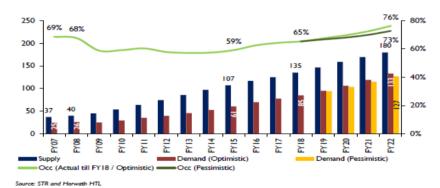
(Inventory in 000s)	(	Inventory	in	000s)	
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Category	FY01	FY08	FY15	FY18	FY22	CAGR FY01-08	CAGR FY08-15	CAGR FY 15- 18	CAGR FY 18- 22*
Luxury-Upper Upscale	13	21	42	49	62	6.5%	10.8%	5.1%	6.2%
Upscale	5	8	22	27	38	5.8%	15.8%	7.9%	9.1%
Upper Midscale	4	7	20	26	36	9.6%	16.6%	9.5%	8.5%
Midscale-Economy	2	5	23	33	42	17.1%	24.0%	11.8%	6.8%
TOTAL	24	40	107	135	180	7.9%	15.0%	8.0%	7.4%
% of Total									
Luxury-Upper Upscale	55.8%	51.1%	39.4%	36.4%	34.8%				
Upscale	21.9%	19.1%	20.1%	20.0%	21.4%				
Upscale Midscale	15.0%	16.9%	18.6%	19.4%	20.2%				
Midscale-Economy	7.2%	12.9%	21.8%	24.2%	23.6%				

<sup>\*</sup>Projection. Source: Horwath HTL

#### **Supply and Demand**

The following chart reflects all India – Rooms supply compared to demand – for the period indicated below:



Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

#### **Hotel ownership**

Ownership was initially concentrated among hotel chains. At the end of financial year 2001, about 69% of chain affiliated inventory was chain owned. Chain ownership of hotels has slowed and is estimated at about 29 % of total chain affiliated inventory at the financial year 2018. With decline in chain investment into hotels, particularly as international chains penetrated the market, investment was effected by private developers – developer / institutional investor ownership of hotels is scattered with very limited concentration. Only ten parties have ownership of more than 1,000 rooms and the aggregate inventory with these ten parties is about 18,700 rooms (about 14% of total chain affiliated inventory). According to Horwath HTL, we are amongst two asset owners or developers which own over 2,000 rooms in luxury and upper upscale segment as of March 31, 2018.

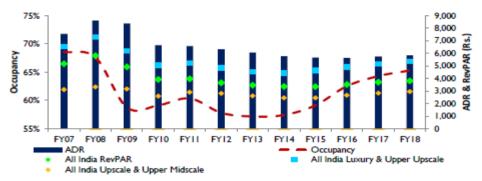
#### **Market Performance Analysis**

The table below sets forth the performance of chain hotels on all India basis:

Financial Year	All segments	Luxury & Upper Upscale	Upscale and Upper Midscale
Occupancy			
Financial Year 2008	67.6%	70.2%	65.4%
Financial Year 2015	59.1%	59.9%	56.8%
Financial Year 2018	65.3%	65.4%	65.6%
Q1 FY 2018	62.4%	61.0%	63.2%
Q1 FY 2019	63.2%	62.5%	63.5%
ADR			
Financial Year 2008	8,608	10,421	5,088
Financial Year 2015	5,660	7,738	4,332
Financial Year 2018	5,833	8,178	4,521
Q1 FY 2018	5,329	7,456	4,290
Q1 FY 2019	5,444	7,579	4,403

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The chart below illustrates the change in occupancy, ADR and RevPAR across India between the financial years 2007 and 2018:



Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

#### **Overview of Key Impact Factors**

#### **Tourism**

#### Foreign Tourist Arrivals (FTA)

FTA for the financial year 2018 was reported at 10.5 million by the Department of Tourism, Government of India. Year-on-year FTA grew by 1.33 million in the financial year 2018. In five years from financial 2014 to 2018, FTA grew by 3.8 million which is over 90% of FTA growth numbers of 4.2 million for the previous ten years from the financial year 2004 to 2013. The e-visa scheme was made available for foreign visitors with effect from November 2014. This has been extremely successful in attracting inbound travel, particularly as visitors can come in with short lead-time for the trip. The leisure sector, MICE and business travel is expected to materially benefit from this facility.

#### Domestic Tourism

Travel volumes, in terms of visits by domestic travellers, have grown at 13.7% CAGR between calendar year 2001 and calendar year 2016. Although hotels and resorts in India secure only a small percentage of the overall domestic travel in the country, this segment is an increasingly important demand generator for the hotel sector. Domestic travel numbers have grown nearly seven times, from 236.5 million visits in 2001 to 1.61 billion visits in 2016.

#### **Access Infrastructure**

Better travel infrastructure, in terms of better roads and airports, is a major benefit for domestic travel whether for business, leisure, MICE or social purposes. Infrastructure projects such as the Golden Quadrilateral program creates greater travel facility within regions and enable speedy vehicular movement combined with a major increase in the vehicular options and the mind-set for short duration vacation with road journeys. The upgraded road infrastructure has helped develop demand and resort capacity in several markets.

#### Air Traffic

Passenger movement at these key markets for the Company grew at 9.3% CAGR between the financial years 2008 and 2018, with 10.4% CAGR growth was achieved on all-India basis. CAGR between the financial years 2015 and 2018 was 15.6% and 17.5% for key cities and all-India respectively

#### **Business Travel**

Business Travel comprises inbound and domestic visitation for business related purposes. This includes travel on corporate account and by individual business travellers. This segment is a predominant source of demand for hotels located in primarily business oriented locations.

#### Leisure Travel

Leisure travel comprises vacation travel, including short duration vacations. Greater affordability, changing attitudes towards lifestyle, and improved road and air connectivity have materially encouraged short stay vacations including on weekends and extended weekends when a public holiday combines with a weekend as does occur two to four times every year.

#### **MICE Visitation**

MICE visitation is mainly corporate driven for conferences, training programs and other events that are of customer-facing intent. MICE demand tends to carry price sensitivity; such demand with optional timing may choose off-season months to enjoy lower rates at better quality hotels. Hotels in predominantly business locations will generate MICE demand for training and corporate seminars – these could be day events or residential events. Conferences that include recreation elements (incentives and rewards for dealers, staff or industry players and events that select a location in order to combine work with recreation for delegates) choose city centre locations and resort destinations.

#### Weddings and social travel

Weddings and social travel involve mainly domestic visitation for participating in family weddings, destination weddings and other wedding related or family celebrations (such as anniversaries). Wedding and social event demand will of course gravitate to hotels that have the function areas, guest room capacity and also the quality to host such events at a level consistent with the status of the host.

#### Airlines and airline crew

This demand set helps create a core of demand at hotels, albeit at significantly discounted pricing. Crew demand could arise from international and domestic carriers – while the major international airlines will use upper tier hotels, more price sensitive airlines are open to using upper midscale hotels. Airlines also need to use hotels for layovers in case of significantly delayed flights. This demand is relatively nominal and mainly occurs at hotels that are closer to the airports. In such cases, airlines will prefer more moderately priced hotels that are nevertheless of good standard.

#### Transit demand

Persons at overnight transits between cities also need to use hotel accommodation which is typically located close to the point of onward journey. Transit demand could occur on the inward and/or outward leg of international travel or for travel between cities that are connected through a regional hub.

#### **Barriers to Entry**

Development of hotels in India faces several challenges, principal among which are:

*Land*: Availability of land at locations that are suitable for hotels, and high cost of available land, create limitations on hotel development and viability. Limited development rights and end-use restrictions on available sites create further challenges. These factors often result in development of hotels with limited inventory.

Regulatory approvals: Hotel projects require several regulatory approvals and licenses, before implementation of the project and upon its completion prior to opening. The process of obtaining approvals can be time consuming and materially adds to the development lifecycle. Uncertainties associated with the timing of approvals have often caused delays in opening of hotels, these delays significantly add to interest cost during construction period and pressure on debt service obligations. Additionally, cost escalations occur due to delayed completion impacting project viability, funding of completion and initial operations, and project quality.

Financing and capital Requirement (Equity and Debt): In the backdrop of several hotel projects which are in debt default, bankers are extremely selective in providing development finance for hotel projects. Further, interest rates tend to be high - currently in the range of 10% to 14% with the lower range only being available to borrowers with established credibility. In addition, hotel projects require sizeable equity capital for project development and to meet cash shortfalls during operations. Shortage of suitable equity capital is a significant constraint towards development of hotels, particularly a portfolio of assets or hotels with large inventory of rooms and other facilities.

*Manpower shortages*: Manpower shortages are increasing particularly staff and managers with sufficient operating experience and skills for hotel. This poses limitations for all hotels but more specifically for hotel operated by owners as independent properties.

Distressed assets – The hotel industry has seen considerable debt-related stressed assets, including projects that are left incomplete or completion prolonged due to lack of funding. Stress has arisen due to various factors: (a) debt terms, by way of high interest rates and repayment obligations over shorter periods than are generally impracticable for hotels; (b) higher project costs emanating from delays, such delays caused by funding, regulatory approvals and project execution issues; and (c) slower demand growth due to slow general business conditions. The stressed assets create acquisition opportunities for interested investors.

#### Commercial and Retail Real Estate Market in India (Source: CBRE)

#### Overview

The Indian economy's growth rate reached a five-quarter high of 7.2% during the quarter ended December 2017, compared with 6.5% in the previous quarter. The upward momentum was largely attributed to the continued recovery of the manufacturing sector, which grew by 8.1%. In addition, sectors such as trade, hotels and transport (9%), and public administration, defence and other services (7.2%) also contributed to this strong momentum. The construction sector's performance improved sharply as it grew by 6.8% compared with 2.8% in the previous quarter. Moreover, the growth of real estate services (along with financial, insurance and professional services) sector increased from 6.4% to 6.7% during the review period. However, despite the visible recovery in quarterly GDP, the Reserve Bank of India continued to project 2017-2018 growth rate at 6.6%.

According to CBRE Research, after rising to 5.2% in December 2017, retail inflation (measured by consumer price inflation) continued on its downward curve, declining to 4.4% in February 2018. In February 2018, the Monetary Policy Committee also estimated inflation at 4.3% to 4.7% during the second half of 2017 and 5.1% to 5.6% during the first half of 2018. Due to the constant fluctuation in inflation, the central bank has decided to keep lending rates stable for now at 6.0%. However, if inflation continues to pose a challenge, the bank might become inclined towards adopting monetary tightening measures in 2018.

Recent disruptions in the technology sector does not seem to have significantly affected the overall leasing activity in the country. Moreover, growth in other sectors appears to have helped plug the gap created by reduced leasing by most Indian tech firms. Despite a drop in its share in office space take-up in India, technology corporates remained the biggest demand driver with a share of 25% during the first quarter of 2018.

#### SUMMARY OF BUSINESS

The industry information contained in this section is derived from a report titled "Industry Report – Top tier and Upscale Hotels" dated June 25, 2018 (read with addendum dated September 25, 2018), prepared by Horwath HTL India and commissioned by our Company in connection with the Offer. We have also utilised publicly available research reports titled "CBRE India Retail Market View H2 2017", "CBRE India Market Outlook Report April 2018" and "CBRE India Office Market View Q1 2018, released in years 2017 and 2018, prepared by CBRE Research. Neither we, nor the BRLMs, nor any other person connected with the Offer has independently verified this information. References to hotel segments in this section are in accordance with the presentation in the Horwath Report and we do not report our financial information by these segments.

Unless otherwise stated, references in this section to "we", "our" or "us" (including in the context of any financial information) are to our Company along with our Subsidiary, on a consolidated basis.

To obtain a complete understanding of our Company, prospective investors should read this section in conjunction with "Risk Factors", "Industry Overview", "Summary Financial Information, "Summary Financial Data" and "Management's Discussions and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 18, 134, 259, 61 and 586 respectively, as well as the financial, statistical and other information contained in this Prospectus.

#### Overview

We are an owner, developer and asset manager of high-end hotels in key metro cities in India. Our hotel platform comprises five operating hotels, including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence, located in the Mumbai Metropolitan Region, Hyderabad and Bengaluru, representing 2,328 keys, as of September 30, 2018. Our hotels are branded with globally recognized hospitality brands and are in the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments, according to the Horwath Report. Our hotel platform emphasizes strategic locations, efficient design and development, appropriate positioning in hotel segments together with branding and operational tie-ups with leading hospitality companies. We use our experience to actively manage the hotel assets to drive performance. In addition, we have developed commercial and retail spaces, in close proximity to certain of our hotels.

We have developed our hotels at strategic locations generally with high barriers-to-entry and in high density business districts of their respective metro cities, according to the Horwath Report. We generally develop our hotels on large land parcels, allowing us to situate a greater number of rooms, as well as provide a wide range of amenities, such as, fine dining and specialty restaurants, large banquet and outdoor spaces. We endeavour to build our hotels to superior standards targeting the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments at an efficient gross built up area and development cost per key.

We believe we have a competitive advantage in key metro cities due to, the significant time outlay required to build and establish a profitable hotel or commercial project, our early mover advantage in large, mixed-use developments in specific micro-markets and availability of unutilized land at certain of our hotel properties to further expand our operations, among others.

We seek to brand our hotels with leading global hospitality brands, which we believe are well matched to the location, size, target customer base and intended hotel segment of our hotel properties. This allows us to save on the time and cost required to build, develop and maintain our 'own hotel brand'. Our hotels are currently branded with global brands such as JW Marriott, Westin, Marriott, Marriott Executive Apartments, Renaissance and Four Points by Sheraton which are held by Marriott Hotels India Private Limited and its affiliates (collectively "Marriott"). We also determine, by detailed financial and operational analysis, whether hotel operations should be undertaken directly by us or by engaging third party hotel operators. Currently, our hotel at Vashi, Navi Mumbai, is operated by us under a license agreement with Marriott, and four of our hotels, including our serviced residence, are operated pursuant to hotel operation and related agreements with Marriott.

We follow an active asset management model for our hotels operated by third parties, pursuant to which we closely monitor, and exercise regular oversight over, the performance of our hotel properties. Among other things, we discuss and agree on budgeting and operational and financial targets, review performance reports, engage with the hotel management team at each hotel by conducting detailed monthly performance review meetings and provide regular inputs on cost saving initiatives and potential improvements. We believe that our active asset management model, the premium location of our hotels, our large room inventory and large function spaces, together with our relationship with international hospitality brands, has allowed our hotels to achieve competitive financial and operational parameters. For example most of our hotels have higher ADR, occupancies and RevPAR

compared to the average of other hotels in their respective micro-markets and hotel segments, for the financial year 2018, according to the Horwath Report. See "*Industry Overview*" on page 134.

We are part of K. Raheja Corp group which is a leading business group in India and we believe that we derive significant benefit from the confidence that consumers, lenders, hospitality partners, vendors and others place in the group. The companies forming part of the K. Raheja Corp group ("K. Raheja Companies") have extensive experience in developing large scale real estate, hospitality and commercial projects resulting in a strong understanding of industry and market trends, which we leverage to identify suitable locations and opportunities. We further leverage the experience and relationships of these companies with construction companies, architects and designers, to develop, refurbish and maintain hotels at optimal cost and quality.

Our Promoters include Mr. Ravi C. Raheja and Mr. Neel C. Raheja, who have been instrumental in the growth of our business and actively advise us on finance, corporate strategy and planning as well as our hotel and retail businesses. We have a strong management team with significant industry experience. Our Managing Director and CEO, Mr. Sanjay Sethi has three decades of experience in the hospitality industry and our Executive Director and CFO, Mr. Rajeev Newar, has over 26 years of experience in various industries. Our Key Management Personnel and senior management include qualified professionals and industry experts with significant experience across various industries and functions including finance, legal, projects and design, asset management, hospitality.

Our total income was ₹ 4,970.43 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and ₹ 9,295.14 million for the financial year 2018, and our total income grew at a CAGR of 15.81% between the financial years 2014 and 2018. Our total comprehensive expense was ₹ 440.45 million and our Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items was ₹ 1,339.58 million, for the six months ended September 30, 2018. Our total comprehensive income was ₹ 326.26 million and our Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items was ₹ 3,501.48 million, for the financial year 2018. Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items grew at a CAGR of 22.80%, between the financial years 2014 and 2018. Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items, is a supplemental measure of our performance and liquidity. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Significant Accounting Policies – Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items" on page 553.

#### **Competitive Strengths**

#### High-End Branded Hotels Strategically Located in Key Metro Cities of India

We are an owner, developer and asset manager of high-end hotels in key metro cities in India. Our hotel platform comprises five operating hotels, including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence, located in the Mumbai Metropolitan Region, Hyderabad and Bengaluru, representing 2,328 keys, as of September 30, 2018. Our hotels are branded with globally recognized hospitality brands and are in the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments, according to the Horwath Report. Our hotel platform emphasizes strategic locations, efficient design and development, appropriate positioning in hotel segments together with branding and operational tie-ups with leading hospitality companies.

All our hotel assets are located in high density business districts of key metro cities in India, according to the Horwath Report. We have developed our hotels at strategic locations generally with high barriers-to-entry. For example, we have a hotel in Sahar, Mumbai and another located across 15 acres at the banks of Powai lake, both in proximity to Mumbai's international airport. Similarly, our hotel in Vashi, Navi Mumbai is located close to new business districts and the proposed international airport and our hotels in Hyderabad and Bengaluru are located near the offices of major technology corporations, business centres and retail and commercial facilities. Our design and development team manages construction, design, approval and engineering for our projects and utilizes modern technology for quicker and more efficient development of our properties. We generally locate our hotels on large land parcels, allowing us to situate a greater number of rooms, as well as provide a wide variety of amenities such as fine dining and specialty restaurants, large banquet halls, ball rooms and executive lounges, swimming pools and outdoor spaces, spas and gymnasiums. For example, our four largest hotels have 773, 585, 427 and 391 keys, respectively as of September 30, 2018.

We seek to brand our hotels with leading global hospitality brands, which we believe are well matched to the location, size, target customer base and intended hotel segment of our hotel properties. This allows us to save on the time and cost required to build, develop and maintain our 'own hotel brand'. Currently, all our hotels are branded with global brands, such as, JW Marriott, Westin, Marriott, Marriott Executive Apartments, Renaissance and Four Points by Sheraton, which are held by Marriott. We believe that our active asset management model, the premium location of our hotels, our large room inventory and large function spaces, together with our relationship with leading international hospitality brands, enables us to attract our target customer base including large

corporate key accounts such as information technology companies, airlines, multi-national corporations, consultancy firms and banks, deliver an enhanced customer experience, encourage repeat business and drive customer loyalty.

#### Active Asset Management Model

We follow an active asset management model for our four hotels, including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence, which are operated by Marriott pursuant to hotel operation and related agreements. These agreements give us access to Marriott's management expertise, industry best practices, online reservation systems, marketing strategies, systems and processes, human resources and operational know-how. Our active asset management model entails that in addition to contractual obligations under agreements with Marriott, we closely monitor, exercise regular oversight and contribute to the performance of our hotel properties. As part of our active asset management model, we regularly:

- engage with the hotel management team at each hotel in order to discuss and agree on budgeting, cost
  management initiatives and operational and financial targets for each of our hotel properties. For example,
  we conduct detailed performance review meetings each month with the hotel management team to assess
  hotel performance on a host of parameters and provide regular inputs on cost saving initiatives and
  potential improvements;
- review performance reports generated by each hotel;
- conduct periodic meetings with hotel operator's management teams;
- discuss and optimize pricing strategies to maximize room yield by active monitoring of key corporate accounts and provide inputs on promotional activities;
- review furniture, fixtures and equipment deployment plans and assist with execution of these plans;
- review competitor set performance and penetration across relevant micro-markets; and
- assist in renewing licenses and consents, as necessary.

We believe that our active asset management model, the premium location of our hotels and our large room inventory together with large function spaces, together with our relationship with leading international hospitality brands, has allowed our hotels to achieve competitive financial and operational parameters. For example most of our hotels had higher ADR, occupancies and RevPAR compared to the average of other hotels in their respective micro-markets and hotel segments, for the financial year 2018, according to the Horwath Report.

The table below sets forth certain key performance parameters for our hotels:

	Our Company Six Months ended September 30, 2018	Our Company Financial Year 2018	All India Luxury-Upper Upscale Segment Financial Year 2018*
For our hotels manag	ged by third parties:		
$ADR^{(1)}(\mathbf{\xi})$	7,829.85	7,978.76	8,223
Average Occupancy (2)	73.82%	71.70%	65%
Rev PAR $^{(3)}$ ( $\mathfrak{T}$ )	5,780.30	5,720.54	5,345
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) (4)	3,981.38	7,883.79	-
Total Operating Expenses (₹ million) (5)	2,795.71	4,717.17	-
For our hotel n	All India Upscale and Upper Midscale Hotel Segment Financial Year 2018*		
$ADR^{(1)}(\mathbf{F})$	6,887.45	6,435.73	4,496
Average Occupancy (2)	89.10%	88.10%	66%
Rev PAR <sup>(3)</sup> (₹)	6,136.70	5,669.57	2,967
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) (4)	262.83	511.14	-
Total Operating Expenses (₹ million) (5)	162.71	291.50	-

<sup>\*</sup>According to the Horwath Report.

<sup>(1)</sup> ADR represents revenue from room rentals at our hotels divided by total number of room nights sold (including keys that were available for only a certain portion of a period).

<sup>(2)</sup> Average occupancy represents the total number of room nights sold divided by the total number of room nights available at a hotel or group of

hotels.

- (3) RevPAR is calculated by multiplying ADR and average occupancy.
- (4) Total operating revenue comprises of revenue from hotel including room revenue, food and beverage revenue and other income from hotel operations.
- (5) Operating expenses comprises of expenses towards food and beverage consumed, operating supplies, employee benefit cost and other expenses.

Our staff per room ratio (including our employees and personnel engaged on a contractual basis), calculated by dividing total staff by number of available keys, was 1.23 as of September 30, 2018, 1.21 as of March 31, 2018 and 1.25 as of March 31, 2017 for our hotels managed by third parties in the luxury-upper upscale segment and 1.44 as of September 30, 2018, 1.40 as of March 31, 2018 and 1.38 as of March 31, 2017 for our hotel managed by us in the upscale segment. The average staff per room ratio of all hotels in India was 2.0 for the five star deluxe segment and 1.8 for the five star segment, as of March 31, 2017, according to the Horwath Report.

Our total income was ₹ 4,970.43 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and ₹ 9,295.14 million for the financial year 2018, and our total income grew at a CAGR of 15.81% between the financial years 2014 and 2018. Our total comprehensive expense was ₹ 440.45 million and our Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items was ₹ 1,339.58 million, for the six months ended September 30, 2018. Our total comprehensive income was ₹ 326.26 million and our Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items was ₹ 3,501.48 million, for the financial year 2018. Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items grew at a CAGR of 22.80%, between the financial years 2014 and 2018. As of September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, our Average Cost of Indebtedness (including exchange (gain) / loss) was 12.92%, 8.65%, 9.68% and 11.11%, respectively and our Average Cost of Indebtedness (excluding exchange (gain)/loss) was 9.09%, 8.73%, 9.82% and 9.18%, respectively.

#### Well Positioned to Benefit from Industry Trends

According to the Horwath Report, growth in per capita income, changing demographic dynamics, rising urbanization, growth in travel and higher discretionary spending trends, are expected to assist the growth of the hospitality industry in India. Given our presence in key metro cities which are expected to benefit from the growth in these parameters, we are well placed to benefit from the potential growth opportunity. We believe we have a competitive advantage in the key metro cities due to the significant time outlay required for companies to build and establish a profitable hotel or commercial office space or mall and our early mover advantage in large, mixeduse developments in specific micro-markets. Further, the availability of land with our company in proximity to our developments for further expansion and high entry costs to develop projects in metro cities where our developments and projects are located, provide us with an advantage in our relevant micro-markets.

Further, according to the Horwath Report, the luxury-upper upscale hotel segment is expected to witness a growth in the MICE (meetings, incentives, conferences and events) segment. We believe that given our presence in key metro cities and size of our hotels, including large sized banquet, outdoor and conferencing facilities, particularly at our hotel at Sahar Mumbai and at our hotel and convention centre at Powai, Mumbai, we are well-positioned to benefit from the growth potential in the MICE segment, facilitating both domestic and international business meetings and conferences. We believe, the technology and facilities available at our properties in addition to their locational advantage will allow us to capture the expected growth in this segment.

According to CBRE Research, due to sustained occupier interest, leasing activity for commercial and office real estate rose by about 25% on a yearly basis and crossed 10 million square feet during the first quarter of 2018. Further, according to CBRE Research, the Indian retail real estate market witnessed continuous foray of international brands, launch of new retail developments and robust demand for space in the second half of 2017. We believe we are well positioned to leverage this growth due to our in-depth understanding of the rental market and the needs and preferences of consumers. We believe that our clients have confidence in us, demonstrated by our relationships with several large corporate clients and domestic and global retail brands, including a long-term agreement with a leading global professional services company for 109,228 square feet of commercial space at Whitefield, Bengaluru. Such relationships may help us to secure clients for our new developments and mitigate the risks that may arise from an inability to secure clients for large commercial or retail spaces at suitable rates.

#### **Experienced Management Team**

We have a strong management team with significant industry experience. Our Promoters, Mr. Ravi Raheja and Mr. Neel Raheja, have been instrumental in the growth of our hospitality and retail business and actively advise on finance, corporate strategy and planning. Further, our Managing Director and CEO, Mr. Sanjay Sethi has three decades of experience in the hospitality industry, including with leading Indian hotel chains, and across hotel segments. Further, our Executive Director and CFO, Mr. Rajeev Newar, has over 26 years of experience in roles in finance and management. Our Key Management Personnel and senior management include qualified

professionals and industry experts, with significant experience across various industries and functions including finance, legal, projects and design, asset management, hospitality and logistics. Our Promoters, Board and management team have demonstrated an ability to enhance our performance by growing our business through different economic and industry cycles. We believe that the strength of our management team and its understanding of the hospitality and real estate market in India enables us to continue to take advantage of current and future market opportunities.

#### Backed by Leading Indian Real Estate Developer

We are part of K. Raheja Corp group which is a leading business group in India and we believe that we derive significant benefit from the confidence that consumers, lenders, commercial partners, vendors and others place in the group. The K. Raheja Companies have extensive experience in developing large scale real estate and commercial projects resulting in a strong understanding of industry and market trends, which we leverage to identify suitable locations and opportunities. We further leverage the experience and relationships of these companies with construction companies to develop hotels at optimal cost and quality. For example, the average development cost per room (including the cost of land), for our luxury hotel at Sahar, Mumbai, completed in financial year 2015 was ₹ 13.99 million. Further, our hotel project management and design team, works together with the K. Raheja Companies and leverages the experience of K. Raheja Companies' design teams to develop our hotel properties, commercial offices and malls.

#### **Competitive Strategies**

#### Focus on Maximizing Performance in Existing Portfolio through Active Asset Management

A critical part of our growth strategy is to continue our focus on maximizing the cost efficiency of our portfolio by following a disciplined approach to asset management, and a collaborative working arrangement with our hotel operators to drive strategic and tactical initiatives, to drive profitability. Some of the initiatives are listed below:

- alternative and optimal utilization of hotel spaces to maximize and diversify revenue sources besides room revenue by increasing our share of revenue from food and beverage, meeting rooms, club floors, conferences, events and commercial or retail space;
- continued focus on upgrading facilities to work towards a best-in-class experience across our existing hotels by undertaking renovations and rebranding exercises;
- improve staff productivity and efficiency through appropriate training and learning exercises and an optimal use of technology;
- undertake energy saving initiatives that are both cost-efficient and environmentally friendly as well
  explore shared service opportunities, such as laundry and finance operations, for our hotels located in the
  same city; and
- ensuring presence of leadership personnel commensurate with the size and scale of each hotel property.

#### Disciplined Development of Assets in the Current Pipeline

We are in the process of developing three additional hotel projects which are expected to have 588 keys and two projects representing commercial office space with built-up area (excluding car parking/utilities) of approximately 1.12 million square feet. We have traditionally acquired large parcels of land at competitive prices with the intention to develop hotel-led mixed-use projects. We seek to leverage unutilized FSI at some of our hotel locations which allows us to develop additional commercial or retail spaces. For example, we are developing commercial space in Powai, Mumbai and an IT Park in Whitefield, Bengaluru located on unutilized land at our hotel properties. We also intend to focus on developing new hotel-led mixed-use projects in prime locations with development sizes similar to our existing projects, and which feature a combination of hotels, retail developments and commercial office space. Our retail and commercial space under construction is expected to generate regular rental income and cushion the hospitality cash flow cyclicality. Retail and commercial space are also expected to complement the hospitality business and generate synergies within the hotel led mixed-use projects. For example, we believe that the development of our commercial and retail real estate projects in proximity to our hotels will provide benefits to our hotel business for MICE events and assist in driving room occupancy.

#### Expand Portfolio by way of Opportunistic and Accretive Acquisitions

The hospitality industry in India has recently experienced some consolidation according to the Horwath Report, and we will continue to explore opportunities for acquiring operating hotel assets. The hotel industry has seen considerable debt-related stressed assets, including projects that are left incomplete or completion prolonged due to lack of funding which creates acquisition opportunities, according to the Horwath Report. We seek to leverage our experience and in-house capabilities to acquire operational or near complete hotel assets at an attractive price to reduce replacement cost, initiate turnaround strategies through active asset management, brand repositioning, property enhancement or cost controls and derive benefits of economies of scale. We believe that our asset ownership model allows us the flexibility to acquire a variety of existing branded hotels unlike hotel companies which operate under their own brand.

Further, we will evaluate inorganic growth opportunities, in keeping with our strategy to grow and develop our market share. We may consider opportunities for inorganic growth, such as through acquisitions of operating hotel assets, if, among other things, they:

- are consistent with the positioning and parameters of our existing hotels and which we estimate are highyielding hotel assets;
- consolidate our market position in strategic micro-markets in key metro cities;
- achieve operating leverage by unlocking potential efficiency and synergy benefits;
- strengthen and expand our portfolio to newer geographies across India which typically attract significant traffic from business and leisure travellers particularly in the NCR, Bengaluru, Pune, Chennai and Goa; and
- enhance our depth of experience and know-how.

#### Maintain a Sustainable Capital Structure and Ensure Prudent Capital Allocation

We seek to expand our portfolio of hotel properties organically or inorganically, based on industry developments and supply and demand movements across the hotel sector and in and specific locations and micro markets. Our strategy is to invest in buying completed projects in demand dense markets when acquisition costs are low and we are able to obtain financing at suitable rates. We leverage our Company's and K. Raheja Companies' development strength to construct and develop our hotels and thereafter actively manage properties along with a suitable hospitality brand partner. Our approach has allowed us to allocate capital at opportune times to acquire land and build hotels efficiently. Once our hotels are operational, we aim to take advantage of growing demand to maximize revenue and returns by partnering with well-renowned hotel operators, as well as to reduce existing debt. As of September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, our Average Cost of Indebtedness (including exchange (gain)/loss) was 12.92% 8.65%, 9.68% and 11.11%, respectively; Average Cost of Indebtedness (excluding exchange (gain)/loss) was 9.09%, 8.73%, 9.82% and 9.18%, respectively and our debt to equity ratio was 5.75, 5.42, 5.59 and 4.51, respectively. We aim to continue to reduce our cost of indebtedness through active evaluation of refinancing and alternative capital sources.

#### Opportunity for reflagging hotels or renegotiating hotel operation contracts

The hotel operation contracts for our operational hotels, including our serviced residence, at Powai, Mumbai and Hyderabad will be due for renewal in March 2020 and December 2021, respectively. Further, our license agreement for our hotel at Vashi, Navi Mumbai will be due for renewal in December 2021. This provides us with an opportunity to rebrand hotel assets or reposition our properties by using alternate brands at these hotels to better cater to expected demand in the respective micro markets where our hotels are located. Given the demand potential in the hospitality sector according to the Horwath Report, we believe that we may also be able to renegotiate better terms for our hotel operation contracts. We may also evaluate options of diversifying our asset portfolio to include more international brands of similar to higher positioning as our current brands, in order to reduce risk of reliance on any one hospitality company.

#### SUMMARY FINANCIAL DATA

#### Restated Consolidated Summary - Data of Assets and Liabilities

		<u>(F</u>	(Rs. in million)			
	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	20,929.19	21,210.77	21,706.06	19,302.22	19,369.27	11,118.52
Capital work-in-progress	227.56	275.94	269.21	373.82	545.33	5,773.84
Investment property	6,710.32	6,736.65	6,424.19	4,525.03	3,502.95	1,596.36
Goodwill	226.11	226.11	226.11	36.58	36.68	36.68
Other intangible assets	12.39	18.53	29.78	37.92	40.94	6.25
Financial assets						
(i) Investments	43.17	43.17	3.08	474.24	128.41	115.41
(ii) Loans	101.72	114.05	105.48	117.17	110.81	156.42
(iii) Others	50.07	50.00	_	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets (net)	1,174.92	952.31	981.77	834.15	448.63	407.36
Other non-current assets	105.66	91.94	111.01	115.69	252.02	294.02
Non-current tax assets (net)	458.04	462.99	339.00	213.62	165.64	81.59
Total non current assets	30,039.15	30,182.46	30,195.69	26,030.44	24,600.68	19,586.45
Current assets						
Inventories	3,975.01	4,188.96	4,264.02	4,330.72	4,290.51	4,021.07
Financial assets						
(i) Trade receivables	533.72	539.12	296.20	181.38	100.82	156.98
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	340.85	295.21	228.30	214.75	179.27	927.72
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii)	20.83	21.50	103.44	131.82	138.73	96.64
above						
(iv) Loans	1,633.38	2,349.29	1,793.47	1,355.59	971.76	1,834.99
(v) Others	285.66	207.23	38.79	-	11.66	188.73
Other current assets	559.62	516.62	460.00	414.49	344.16	307.71
Total current assets	7,349.07	8,117.93	7,184.22	6,628.75	6,036.91	7,533.84
Assets classified as held for sale	-	-	_	2,870.27	3,763.93	4,346.15
TOTAL ASSETS	37,388.22	38,300.39	37,379.91	35,529.46	34,401.52	31,466.44
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity						
Equity share capital	1,710.95	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42
Other equity	2,963.41	3,312.72	3,190.32	3,690.69	4,840.31	5,124.87
Total equity	4,674.36	5,023.67	4,711.74	5,212.11	6,361.73	6,646.29
Non current liabilities						
Financial liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	23,484.42	22,151.53	20,505.76	19,022.83	15,387.03	14,205.80
(ii) Others	115.76	151.77	118.98	53.03	26.62	15.39
Provisions	42.99	38.11	57.62	55.74	51.19	36.80
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	621.06	592.20	699.19	1,078.67	1,201.64	1,018.23
Other non-current liabilities	33.74	28.08	21.15	-	-	-
Total non current liabilities	24,297.97	22,961.69	21,402.70	20,210.27	16,666.48	15,276.22
Current liabilities						
Financial liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	1,195.06	1,634.16	3,247.45	2,583.17	1,807.68	1,414.45
(ii) Trade payables	804.66	858.80	846.74	651.89	598.71	589.42
(a)Due to micro and small enterprises	5.85	4.55	1.86	0.70	0.19	0.23
(b)Due to other than micro and small	798.81	854.25	844.88	651.19	598.52	589.19
enterprises			2.020.15	2 21 2 2 =	1 222 12	2.001.1=
(iii) Other financial liabilities	2,572.52	3,761.64	3,038.13	2,318.85	4,302.42	2,394.15
Other current liabilities	2,860.61	3,101.77	2,984.61	3,333.88	3,493.33	3,955.05
Provisions	983.04	958.66	1,148.54	1,219.29	1,171.17	1,190.86
Total current liabilities	8,415.89	10,315.03	11,265.47	10,107.08	11,373.31	9,543.93
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	37,388.22	38,300.39	37,379.91	35,529.46	34,401.52	31,466.44

#### Restated Consolidated Summary -Data of Profit and Loss

	•	(Rs. in million)				
	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015	For the year ended March 31, 2014
Payanua from operations	1 (00 (0	8,737.83	7,058.80	<b>Proforma</b> 5,729.43	<b>Proforma</b> 4,405.63	<b>Proforma</b> 4,576.17
Revenue from operations Other income	4,698.68 271.75	557.31	2,186.57	246.18	264.92	590.70
Total income (A)	4,970.43	9,295.14	9,245.37	5,975.61	4,670.55	5,166.87
Expenses	4,270.43	7,273.14	7,243.31	3,773.01	4,070.55	3,100.07
Real estate development costs	316.77	194.80	207.99	253.57	349.98	696.42
Food and beverages consumed	430.98	765.65	667.35	603.85	426.81	409.02
Operating supplies consumed	118.48	256.17	218.40	190.06	306.04	122.04
Employee benefits expense	726.91	1,295.59	1,188.25	1,067.20	861.80	679.73
Other expenses	2,037.71	3,281.45	2,655.07	2,301.99	1,827.99	1,720.00
Total expenses (B)	3,630.85	5,793.66	4,937.06	4,416.67	3,772.62	3,627.21
Earnings before interest, depreciation, amortisation and tax (adjusted EBITDA) before exceptional items (C) (A-B)	1,339.58	3,501.48	4,308.31	1,558.94	897.93	1,539.66
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	569.26	1,116.33	1,269.76	988.08	617.68	595.96
Finance costs	1,398.74	2,119.21	2,179.58	2,158.70	1,605.73	1,368.80
(Loss)/profit before exceptional items and tax (D)	(628.42)	265.94	858.97	(1,587.84)	(1,325.48)	(425.10)
Exceptional items (E)	-	(54.08)	(67.81)	(72.20)	(82.59)	(838.58)
(Loss)/profit from continuing operations before share of profit of equity accounted investees and income tax (F) (D+E)	(628.42)	211.86	791.16	(1,660.04)	(1,408.07)	(1,263.68)
Share of profit of equity accounted investees (net of income tax) (G)	-	-	-	-	(0.04)	-
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations before income tax (H) (F+G)	(628.42)	211.86	791.16	(1,660.04)	(1,408.11)	(1,263.68)
Tax (credit)/expense (I):	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.14)	(144.19)	(269.85)
1. Current tax	-	-	-	_	_	65.19
2. Deferred tax (credit)/charges	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.14)	(144.19)	(335.04)
(Loss)/profit for the period / year (J) (H-I)	(436.69)	311.60	1,274.38	(1,124.90)	(1,263.92)	(993.83)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) (K)  Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	(5.78)	22.54	0.20	1.93	(3.98)	(4.73)
Income tax on above	2.02	(7.88)	(0.07)	(0.67)	1.38	1.61
Other comprehensive	(3.76)	14.66	0.13	1.26	(2.60)	(3.12)
(expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax						
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year (L) (J+K)	(440.45)	326.26	1,274.51	(1,123.64)	(1,266.52)	(996.95)
(Loss)/profit attributable to : Owners of the Company	(436.69)	311.60	1,274.38	(1,124.90)	(1,263.92)	(993.83)
Other comprehensive (expense)/income attributable to	(430.07)	511.00	1,214.30	(1,124.70)	(1,203.72)	(773.03)
Owners of the Company	(3.76)	14.66	0.13	1.26	(2.60)	(3.12)

	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Total comprehensive (expense)/income attributable to						
:						
Owners of the Company	(440.45)	326.26	1,274.51	(1,123.64)	(1,266.52)	(996.95)
XI. Earnings per equity share						
Basic and diluted earnings per share	(2.55)	1.66	7.97	(7.39)	(8.31)	(6.53)

#### Restated Consolidated Summary Data of Changes in Equity

(Rs. in million)

#### (a) Equity share capital

	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period / year	1,710.95	1521.42	1521.42	1521.42	1521.42	1,521.42
Shares issued during the period / year	-	189.53	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period / year	1,710.95	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42

#### (b) Other equity

			Attributo	ble to the ex	vners of the C	omnany		
	Equity	ESOP	Shares	Capital	Securitie	General	Retained	Total
	Compon ent of Compou nd Instrume nts	Reserve	pending allotmen t	Reserve	s Premium	reserve	earnings *	Iotai
	1163							
Balance at March 31, 2018	-	_	_	0.16	1,418.13	35.78	1,858.65	3,312.72
Total comprehensive income for the period					,		,	- ,-
Additions during the period	86.08	5.06	_	_	_	_	_	91.14
Loss for the period	-		_		_	_	(436.69)	(436.69)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-				_		(3.76)	(3.76)
Total comprehensive income for the period	86.08	5.06					(440.45)	(349.31)
Balance at September 30, 2018	86.08	5.06	_	0.16	1,418.13	35.78	1,418.20	2,963.41
Balance at March 31, 2017		2.00		0.10	1,110.13	33.70	1,110.20	2,703.11
Total comprehensive		-	189.53	0.16	1,418.13	35.78	1,546.72	3,190.32
Profit for the year	-						211.60	211.60
Remeasurements of defined	-	-		-			311.60	311.60
Total comprehensive	-	-	-			-	14.66	14.66
income for the year Others		-	-	-	-	-	326.26	326.26
Impact of change in tax rate on fair valuation of land	-	_	_	_	_	_	(14.33)	(14.33)
Shares issued during the year	-	_	(189.53)	_	_	_	(= 1100)	(189.53)
Balance at March 31, 2018	-	-	-	0.16	1,418.13	35.78	1,858.65	3,312.72
Balance at March 31, 2016	-			0.16	992.60		2,697.93	3,690.69
Total comprehensive income for the year							,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Profit for the year	-	_	_	_	_	_	1,274.38	1,274.38
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-	_	_	_	_		0.13	0.13
Total comprehensive income for the year	-						1,274.51	1,274.51
Others							-,	-,

	Equity Compon ent of Compou nd Instrume nts	ESOP Reserve	Attributa Shares pending allotmen t	able to the ov Capital Reserve	wners of the C Securitie s Premium	Company General reserve	Retained earnings *	Total
Acquired in business combination	-	-	-	-	425.53	35.78	(2,425.72	(1,964.41

	Equity Component of Compound Instruments	ESOP Reserve	Shares pending allotment	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	General reserve	Retained earnings*	Total
Share pending allotment	-	-	189.53	-	-	-		-
Balance at March 31, 2017	-	-	189.53	0.16	1,418.13	35.78	1,546.72	3,190.32
Balance at March 31, 2015 - Proforma	-	-	-	0.05	992.60	-	3,847.66	4,840.31
Total comprehensive income for the year								
(Loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,124.90)	(1,124.90)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.26	1.26
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,123.64)	(1,123.64)
Others								-
Impact of change in tax rate on fair valuation of land	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25.98)	(25.98)
Transferred from surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss on redemption of	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.11)	(0.11)
preference shares								
Transfer to Capital Reserve	-	-	-	0.11	-	-	-	0.11
Balance at March 31, 2016 - Proforma	-	-	-	0.16	992.60	-	2,697.93	3,690.69
Balance at March 31, 2014 - Proforma	-	-	-	0.05	992.60	-	4,132.22	5,124.87
Total comprehensive income for the year								
(Loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,263.92)	(1,263.92)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.60)	(2.60)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,266.52)	(1,266.52)
Others Fair valuation of land (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	981.96	981.96
Balance at March 31, 2015 - Proforma	-	-	-	0.05	992.60	-	3,847.66	4,840.31
Balance at April 1, 2013 - Proforma	-	-	-	0.05	992.60	-	4,944.52	5,937.17
Total comprehensive								
income for the year							(002.92)	(002.92)
(Loss) for the year Remeasurements of	-	-	-	-	-	-	(993.83) (3.12)	(993.83) (3.12)
defined benefit plans (net of tax)								
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(996.95)	(996.95)
Others								
Fair valuation of land (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	134.24	134.24
Impact of change in tax rate on fair valuation of	-	-	-	-	-	-	50.41	50.41
Balance at March 31, 2014 - Proforma	-	-	-	0.05	992.60	-	4,132.22	5,124.87

<sup>\*</sup>Includes impact of fair valuation of land on transition to Ind AS (net of related tax impact): Rs. 3,710.05 million (March 31 2018: Rs. 3,710.05 million, March 31 2017: Rs. 3,724.37 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 3,724.37 million, March 31, 2015: 3,750.36 million, March 31, 2014: 2,768.42 million)

#### **Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Cash Flows**

	Summary Statement of Cash Flows					
	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014
CASH FLOW FROM OPERA	ATING ACTIV	TITIES:				
(Loss)/profit before tax	(628.42)	211.86	791.16	(1,660.04)	(1,408.11)	(1,263.68)
Adjustments for :						
Interest income	(119.47)	(197.39)	(245.99)	(65.04)	(234.26)	(313.37)
Depreciation and	569.26	1,116.33	1,269.76	988.08	617.68	595.96
amortisation Finance costs	1 200 74	2,119.21	2 170 59	2,158.70	1,605.73	1 269 96
Profit on sale of fixed	1,398.74 (3.55)	(1.23)	(3.85)	(0.17)	(1.80)	1,368.80
assets(net)	(3.33)	(1.23)	(3.63)	(0.17)	(1.60)	(12.03)
Profit on sale of investments		(114.57)	(1,301.24)	(46.10)	_	
Provision for estimated /	9.92	54.08	67.81	72.20	82.59	838.58
actual cancellation and						
alteration cost						
Dividend received	-	-	-	(7.90)	(1.32)	
Provision for impairment	-	-	0.99	0.97	160.94	
loss	0.20		20.05	0.53		
Fixed assets written off  Bad debts written off	0.38	-	29.96	0.52	- 0.20	
Provision for doubtful debts	17.07	20.43	0.48 1.38	0.86	0.28	
Export benefits and	(89.69)	(200.33)	(314.74)	(95.14)	(8.90)	(256.05
entitlements	(09.09)	(200.33)	(314.74)	(93.14)	(6.90)	(230.03
Loss on sale of				5.78	6.19	4.60
investment/written off				2.70	0.17	
Provision for impairment on export benefits and	-	-	0.96	-	-	
entitlements						
Reversal of provision for impairment on CWIP	-	-	-	-	-	
Provision for doubtful Advances	9.07	(=2.20)				
Provision for mark to market on derivative contract	(39.38)	(72.39)	(11.31)	46.66	60.49	
Unrealised exchange loss	413.30	16.33	(129.59)	1.63	6.01	84.92
Fair value change on instruments measured at FVTPL	-	-	(10.82)	9.60	-	
Others	-	0.53	(8.86)	(7.67)	(87.86)	26.85
Total	2,165.65	2,741.00	1,524.52	3,064.53	2,205.77	2,338.2
Operating Profit before working capital changes	1,537.23	2,952.86	2,315.68	1,404.49	797.66	1,074.50
Adjustments: (Increase) / decrease in trade receivables and loans and	(4.98)	(280.62)	(58.15)	(477.27)	186.35	(11.04
advances Decrease / (increase) in	10.52	13.49	7.45	(16.14)	(2.40)	(5.23
inventories : hospitality & others	10.52	13.47	7.43	(10.14)	(2.40)	(3.23
Decrease / (increase) in inventories : property	193.51	61.58	211.39	8.70	231.68	(124.76
developments (Decrease) / increase in trade	(45.93)	240.21	(43.04)	121.52	(218.74)	179.43
payables & other liabilities Refund of advances received from customers - towards	(208.36)	(374.48)	(353.99)	(199.92)	(1,032.78)	(152.87
sale of residential flats						
Total	(55.24)	(339.82)	(236.34)	(563.11)	(835.89)	(114.47
Direct taxes refunded / (paid)	4.95	(123.99)	(67.11)	(47.98)	(84.73)	(27.27

	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
NET CASH GENERATED FROM / (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	1,486.94	2,489.05	2,012.23	793.40	(122.96)	932.82
Purchase of fixed assets (including capital work in progress, capital creditors	STING ACTIVI (126.27)	(622.05)	(1,145.80)	(1,788.89)	(3,198.68)	(2,905.89)
and capital advances) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	10.39	12.96	6.91	19.37	6.70	12.86
Purchase of investments (including investment property and investment property under construction	(79.79)	(477.40)	(89.71)	(187.44)	(296.03)	(4,760.23)
Proceeds from sale of investments	-	114.57	4,675.40	543.37	582.22	433.34
Proceeds from short term investments	-	-	-	-	-	(5.22)
Dividend received  Loans given	(886.79)	(7,170.20)	(8,373.10)	7.90 (1,730.70)	(2,143.72)	(1,249.49)
Louis given	(000.75)	(7,170.20)	(0,373.10)	(1,730.70)	(2,143.72)	(1,247.47)
Loans repaid Inter corporate deposit repaid	1,489.40	6,622.81	7,970.00	1,212.69	2,997.73	6,099.81 276.49
Fixed deposits (placed) / matured	(0.07)	(50.00)	6.61	-	-	75.00
Interest income received	235.68	197.39	122.60	195.01	196.58	850.80
Margin money received / (placed) (net)	0.67	81.94	76.49	5.90	(42.09)	(39.91)
NET CASH GENERATED (USED IN) / FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	643.22	(1,289.98)	3,249.40	(1,722.79)	(1,895.97)	(1,212.44)
CASH FLOW FROM FINAL ACTIVITIES						
Issue of Preference shares	260.00		-	- 0.100.00	- 4 522 24	- 1104.50
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	2,400.00	5,200.00	2,557.66	9,100.00	4,722.24	4,194.53
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(3,052.01)	(2,725.19)	(4,410.32)	(7,276.30)	(2,183.91)	(1,634.01)
Redemption of preference share capital	-	-	-	(0.11)	-	-
Short term borrowings (net)	(703.47)	(1,938.74)	(540.75)	612.99	538.83	(1,683.01)
Interest received Interest and finance charges paid	(1,243.98)	(2,102.88)	(2,240.28)	(1,906.19)	(1,587.12)	(192.93) (1,314.25)
NET CASH (USED IN) / GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	(2,339.46)	(1,566.81)	(4,633.69)	530.39	1,490.04	(629.67)
NET (DECREASE)/ INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A) + (B) + (C)	(209.30)	(367.74)	627.94	(399.00)	(528.89)	(909.29)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - OPENING BALANCE	(137.98)	119.82	(548.49)	(147.44)	381.45	1,310.68
On account of merger	-	-	40.37	-	-	-

Less: Impact of sale of subsidiary / Transferred pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018 109.94	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma (2.05)	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma (19.94)
CLOSING BALANCE						
Notes:						
Cash and cash equivalents and purposes as defined under Real					l be used only f	or specified
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with the balance sheet	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Cash and cash equivalents	340.85	295.21	228.30	214.75	179.27	927.72
Less: Cash credit / overdraft accounts from banks	(688.13)	(433.19)	(108.48)	(763.24)	(326.71)	(546.27)
Cash and cash equivalents as per restated consolidated summary statement of cash flows above	(347.28)	(137.98)	119.82	(548.49)	(147.44)	381.45
The movement of borrowings as per Ind AS 7 is as follows:	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Opening borrowings	25,618.93	23,111.28	20,923.22	18,907.80	16,177.98	13,323.64
Proceeds from long-term borrowings  Repayment of long-term	(3,052.01)	5,200.00 (2,725.19)	2,557.66 (4,410.32)	9,100.00 (7,276.30)	(2,183.91)	4,194.53
borrowings						
Non-cash adjustments	731.99	32.84	(24.21)	191.72	191.49	373.82
Adjustment on account of mergers	25 608 01	25 619 02	4,064.93	20.022.22	18 007 80	(80.00)
Closing borrowings	25,698.91	25,618.93	23,111.28	20,923.22	18,907.80	16,177.98

#### Restated Standalone Summary -Data of Assets and Liabilities

(Rs. in million) As at As at As at As at As at As at September March 31. March 31, March 31, March 31, March 31, 30, 2018 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 **Proforma Proforma Proforma** ASSETS Non-current assets Property, plant and 20,929,19 21,210.47 21.803.82 19.411.89 19,478,98 11,228.25 equipment Capital work-in-progress 169.85 219.15 223.59 316.11 487.62 5,720.16 Investment property 6,710.32 6,736.65 6,424.19 4,525.03 3,502.95 1,596.36 Goodwill 226.11 226.11 36.58 36.58 36.58 226.11 Other intangible assets 12.39 18.53 29.78 37.92 40.94 6.25 Financial assets (i) Investment in 0.10 0.10 0.29 0.29 subsidiaries 43.17 474.24 (ii) Other Investments 43.17 3.08 128.41 115.41 (iii) Loans 110.65 105.48 117.17 110.81 71.53 101.72 (iv) Others 50.00 14.02 50.07 Deferred tax assets (net) 952.70 982.15 834.53 449.00 407.64 1,175.30 Other non-current assets 89.19 109.21 113.89 252.03 294.02 105.66 Non-current tax assets 458.04 461.79 337.80 212.42 163.31 79.29 (net) 29,981.82 30,118.41 30,259.33 26,079.88 24,650.92 19,555.78 **Total non current** assets Current assets Inventories 3,975.02 4,188.97 4,264.02 4,330.72 4,323.28 4,054.13 Financial assets (i) Trade receivables 533.72 539.12 296.20 181.38 100.82 156.98 (ii) Cash and cash 339.87 294.27 224.26 210.02 174.19 926.46 equivalents 21.50 (iii) Bank balances other 20.83 103.44 131.82 138.73 96.64 than above (iv) Loans 1,868.86 2,364.90 1,793.47 1,378.12 1,074.74 1,923.47 (v) Others 285.66 207.23 38.79 11.66 188.73 446.02 414.79 Other current assets 558.25 518.03 355.03 307.87 7,582.21 8,134.02 7,166.20 6,646.85 6,178.45 7,654.28 Total current assets 3,763.93 4,346.15 Assets classified as held 2,870.27 for sale TOTAL ASSETS 37,564.03 38,252.43 37,425.53 35,597.00 34,593.30 31,556.21 EQUITY AND **LIABILITIES** Equity 1,710.95 Equity share capital 1,710.95 1,521.42 1,521.42 1,521.42 1,521.42 Other equity 3,194.00 3,522.96 3,480.40 3,953.74 5,109.58 5,293.74 **Total equity** 4,904.95 5,233.91 5,001.82 5,475.16 6,631.00 6,815.16 Non current liabilities Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings 23,484.42 22,151.53 20,505.76 19,022.83 15,386.92 14,205.70 (ii) Others 115.76 151.77 32.46 53.03 26.62 20.20 42.99 57.62 55.74 51.19 Provisions 38.11 36.80 Deferred tax liabilities 592.20 699.19 1,078.67 1,201.64 1,018.23 621.06 (net) Other non-current 33.74 28.08 21.14 liabilities Total non current 24,297.97 22,961.69 21,316.17 20,210.27 16,666.37 15,280.93 liabilities **Current liabilities** Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings 1,141.35 1,377.77 3,005.67 2,388.29 1,731.42 1,337.05 (ii) Trade payables (a) Due to micro and 5.85 4.75 5.46 0.70 0.19 0.23 small enterprises

	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
(b) Due to others	798.81	854.25	841.26	651.17	596.45	589.07
(iii) Other financial	2,572.24	3,761.57	3,124.62	2,318.74	4,304.31	2,389.06
liabilities						
Other current liabilities	2,859.82	3,099.87	2,982.01	3,333.36	3,492.40	3,953.84
Provisions	983.04	958.62	1,148.54	1,219.29	1,171.17	1,190.86
Total current liabilities	8,361.11	10,056.83	11,107.54	9,911.57	11,295.93	9,460.12
TOTAL EQUITY	37,564.03	38,252.43	37,425.53	35,597.00	34,593.30	31,556.21
AND LIABILITIES						

# **Restated Standalone Summary -Data of Profit and Loss**

					<b>(F</b>	Rs. in million)
	For the period ended Septembe r 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
D	4 600 60	0.535.03	7.050.70	5.500.40	4 407 62	4.555.15
Revenue from operations	4,698.68	8,737.83	7,058.79	5,729.43	4,405.63	4,576.17
Other income	283.33	447.44	2,186.49	235.36	278.05	590.51
Total Income (A)	4,982.01	9,185.27	9,245.28	5,964.79	4,683.68	5,166.68
Expenses Peal estate development costs	316.78	194.80	207.99	251.54	349.98	696.42
Real estate development costs Food and beverages consumed	430.98	822.20	667.35	604.45	426.81	409.02
Operating supplies consumed	118.48	256.17	218.40	189.98	306.04	122.04
Employee benefits expense	726.91	1,295.59	1,188.25	1,067.19	861.80	679.74
Other expenses	2,032.23	3,221.49	2,653.89	2,300.33	1,749.98	1,712.69
Total Expenses (B)	3,625.38	5,790.25	4,935.88	4,413.49	3,694.61	3,619.91
Earnings before interest,	1,356.63	3,395.02	4,309.40	1,551.30	989.07	1,546.77
depreciation, amortisation and tax	1,550.05	3,373.02	1,507.10	1,551.50	707.07	1,5 10.77
(EBITDA) before exceptional items (C) (A - B)						
Depreciation and amortisation	569.26	1,116.33	1,269.80	988.12	617.72	595.95
expenses						
Finance Costs	1,395.44	2,092.60	2,153.61	2,157.26	1,596.55	1,368.20
(Loss)/profit before exceptional	(608.07)	186.09	885.99	(1,594.08)	(1,225.20)	(417.38)
items and tax (D)						
Exceptional items (E)	-	(54.08)	(67.81)	(72.20)	(82.59)	(838.58)
(Loss)/profit before tax (F) (D+E)	(608.07)	132.01	818.18	(1,666.28)	(1,307.79)	(1,255.96)
Tax (credit)/expense (G):						
1. Current tax	-	-	-	-	-	65.00
2. Deferred tax (credit)	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.16)	(144.27)	(335.03)
(Loss)/profit for the period/year (H)	(416.34)	231.75	1,301.40	(1,131.12)	(1,163.52)	(985.93)
(F-G)						
Other comprehensive						
(expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax						
Items that will not be reclassified to						
profit or loss						
Remeasurements of the defined	(5.78)	22.54	0.20	1.93	(3.98)	(4.73)
benefit plans	(3.76)	22.54	0.20	1.73	(3.76)	(4.73)
Income tax on above	2.02	(7.88)	(0.07)	(0.67)	1.38	1.61
Other comprehensive	(3.76)	14.66	0.13	1.26	(2.60)	(3.12)
(expense)/income for the period/year,	(2.70)	150	0.13	1.20	(2.00)	(5.12)
net of tax						
Total comprehensive	(420.10)	246.41	1,301.53	(1,129.86)	(1,166.12)	(989.05)
income/(expense) for the period/year	()		,	. , ,	,	,
Earnings per equity share						
Basic and diluted earnings per share	(2.43)	1.35	8.14	(7.43)	(7.65)	(6.48)

# Restated Standalone Summary Data of Changes in Equity

(Rs.in Millions)

# (a) Equity share capital

	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period/year	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42
Changes in equity share capital during the period/year	-	189.53	-	-	-	_
Balance at the end of the reporting period/year	1,710.95	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42

# (b) Other equity

			Attributab	le to the own	ers of the Co	mnany		
	Equity	Shares	Capital	Securities	Retained	Total		
	Component of Compound Instrument	pending allotment	Reserve	Premium	General reserve	ESOP Reserve	earnings*	Total
Balance at March 31, 2018	-	-	0.05	1,418.13	35.78	-	2,069.01	3,522.96
Total comprehensive income for the period								
Additions during the period	86.08	-	-	-	-	5.06	-	91.14
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(416.34)	(416.34)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-		(3.76)	(3.76)
Total comprehensive income for the period	86.08	-	-	-	-	5.06	(420.10)	(328.96)
Impact of adoption of Ind AS 115, net of tax								-
Balance at September 30, 2018	86.08	-	0.05	1,418.13	35.78	5.06	1,648.91	3,194.00
Balance at March 31, 2017		189.53	0.05	1,418.13	35.78		1,836.91	3,480.40
Total comprehensive income for the year							-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	231.75	231.75
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.66	14.66
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	246.41	246.41
Others								
Shares issued during the year	-	(189.53)	-	-	-	-	-	(189.53)
Impact of change in tax rate on fair valuation of land	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14.31)	(14.31)
Balance at March 31, 2018	-	-	0.05	1,418.13	35.78	-	2,069.01	3,522.96
Balance at March 31, 2016		-	0.05	992.60	-	-	2,961.09	3,953.74
Total comprehensive income for the year							,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	- <b>,</b>
Profit for the year		-	_	_	-	-	1,301.40	1,301.40
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)		-	-	-	-	-	0.13	0.13
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	1,301.53	1,301.53
Others								
Acquired in business combination		-	-	425.53	35.78	-	(2,425.71)	(1,964.40)
Share pending allotment		189.53						189.53
Balance at March 31, 2017		189.53	0.05	1,418.13	35.78		1,836.91	3,480.40
Balance at March 31, 2015 - Proforma		-	0.05	992.60	-		4,116.93	5,109.58
Total comprehensive income for the year								
(Loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(1,131.12)	(1,131.12)

			Attributab	le to the owne	org of the Co	mnony		
	E:4	Charan				mpany ESOP	Retained	Total
	Equity	Shares pending	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	General	Reserve	earnings*	1 otai
	Component of Compound	allotment	Reserve	Premium	reserve	Keserve	earnings*	
	Instrument	anotment						
Remeasurements of defined	msu ument		_	-	_	_	1.26	1.26
benefit plans (net of tax)							1.20	1.20
Total comprehensive income							(1,129.86)	(1,129.86)
for the year							(1,12).00)	(1,12).00)
Others								
Impact of change in tax rate							(25.98)	(25.98)
on fair valuation of land							(23.70)	(23.70)
Balance at March 31, 2016 -		_	0.05	992.60	_	_	2,961.09	3,953.74
Proforma			0.02	,, <b>2.</b> 00			2,, 01.0,	0,,,,,,,,,,
Balance at March 31, 2014 -		_	0.05	992.60			4,301.09	5,293.74
Proforma			0.05	<i>)</i> ,2.00			1,501.05	3,273.71
Total comprehensive income								
for the year								
(Loss) for the year		-	_	_	_		(1,163.52)	(1,163.52)
Remeasurements of defined				_	_		(2.60)	(2.60)
benefit plans (net of tax)							(2.00)	(2.00)
Total comprehensive income					_		(1,166.12)	(1,166.12)
for the year							(1,100.12)	(1,100.12)
Others								
Fair valuation of land (net of							981.96	981.96
tax)							701.70	201.20
Balance at March 31, 2015 -		_	0.05	992.60	_	_	4,116.93	5,109.58
Proforma							.,	-,
Balance at April 1, 2013 -			0.05	992.60	_		5,114.72	6,107.37
Proforma			0.02	,, <b>2.</b> 00			5,112	0,107.57
Total comprehensive income								
for the year								
(Loss) for the year			_	_	_	_	(985.93)	(985.93)
Remeasurements of defined			_	_	_	_	(3.12)	(3.12)
benefit plans (net of tax)							(=)	(=)
Total comprehensive income		-	_	-	-	_	(989.05)	(989.05)
for the year							(	(,
Others								
Fair valuation of land (net of		-	_	-	-	_	134.24	134.24
tax)								
Impact of change in tax rate							50.41	50.41
on fair valuation of land								
Add: Amalgamation impact		-	-	-	-	-	(9.23)	(9.23)
of magna							. ,	. ,
Balance at March 31, 2014 -		-	0.05	992.60	-	-	4,301.09	5,293.74
Proforma								

<sup>\*</sup>Includes impact of fair valuation of land on transition to Ind AS (net of related tax impact): Rs. 3,710.05 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 3,710.05 million, March 31 2017: Rs. 3,724.37 million, March 31 2016: Rs. 3,724.37 million, March 31 2015: Rs. 3,750.36 million and March 31 2014: Rs. 2,768.42 million)

# **Restated Standalone Summary Sta**

. in millioi	(Rs				
For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the period ended September 30, 2018
(1,255.96)	(1,307.79)	(1,666.28)	818.18	132.01	(608.07)
(214.50)	(247.50)	(97.96)	(245,00)	(107.62)	(121.12)
(314.50)	(247.50)	(87.86)	(245.99)	(197.63)	(131.12)
595.95 1,368.20	617.72 1,596.55	988.12 2,157.26	1,269.80 2,153.61	1,116.33 2,092.60	569.26 1,395.44
838.58	82.59	72.20	67.81	54.08	9.92
(12.02)	(1.80)	(0.03)	(3.85)	(1.23)	(3.55)
	-	-	(1,301.24)	(4.63)	-
	(1.32)	(7.90)	-	(0.00)	-
3.23	-	1.55	1.38	20.43	9.07
	1.12	0.52	29.96	-	0.38
	0.28	0.86	0.48	0.52	-
(256.05)	(8.90)	(95.14)	(314.74)	(200.33)	(89.69)
	-	-	0.96	-	-
4.60	6.19	5.78	-		-
	-	-	-	-	-
	60.49	46.66	(11.31)	(72.39)	(39.38)
			2.26	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	(0.10)	(0.10)	-	
	-	-	-	-	
84.92	6.01	1.63	(129.59)	16.33	413.30

	30, 2018	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
CASH FLOW FROM				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
:						
(Loss)/profit before Tax	(608.07)	132.01	818.18	(1,666.28)	(1,307.79)	(1,255.96)
Adjustments for :						,
Interest income	(131.12)	(197.63)	(245.99)	(87.86)	(247.50)	(314.50)
Depreciation and amortisation	569.26	1,116.33	1,269.80	988.12	617.72	595.95
Finance costs	1,395.44	2,092.60	2,153.61	2,157.26	1,596.55	1,368.20
Provision for estimated /	9.92	54.08	67.81	72.20	82.59	838.58
actual cancellations and cost						
of alteration						
Profit on sale of fixed assets	(3.55)	(1.23)	(3.85)	(0.03)	(1.80)	(12.02)
(net)		(4.62)	(1.201.24)			
Profit on sale of investments	-	(4.63)	(1,301.24)	- (7.00)	- (1.22)	
Dividend received	17.07	(0.00)	1.20	(7.90)	(1.32)	2.22
Provision for doubtful debts	17.07	20.43	1.38	1.55	-	3.23
Provision for doubtful Advances	9.07					
Fixed assets written off	0.38		29.96	0.52	1.12	
Bad debts written off (net)	0.38	0.52	0.48	0.32	0.28	
Export benefits and	(89.69)	(200.33)	(314.74)	(95.14)	(8.90)	(256.05)
entitlements	(89.09)	(200.33)	(314.74)	(93.14)	(8.90)	(230.03)
Provision for impairment on			0.96			
export benefits and	_	_	0.70	_	_	_
entitlements						
Loss on sale of investment				5.78	6.19	4.60
Stock obsolesence	_	_	_	-	0.17	
Provision for estimated loss on	-	-	-	-	-	-
account of cancellations in						
subsequent year						
Provision for mark to market	(39.38)	(72.39)	(11.31)	46.66	60.49	-
on derivative contract						
Provision for interest payment		-	2.26	-	-	-
Gain on mark to market on		-	-	-	-	-
derivative contracts						
Provision for Diminution in		-	(0.10)	(0.10)	-	-
value of Investment written						
back						
Reversal of cost of sales of		-	-	-	-	-
flats cancelled	412.20	16.22	(120.50)	1.62	C 01	04.02
Unrealised exchange (gain) /	413.30	16.33	(129.59)	1.63	6.01	84.92
loss Remeasurement impact of						
Defined benefit obligation		-	-	-	-	-
Fair value change on				9.60		
instruments measured at		_	_	7.00	_	_
FVTPL						
Sundry Balances written back		_	(19.11)	(11.30)	(0.71)	
Others	0.25	13.15	(4.30)	(12.27)	(5.81)	23.94
Total	2,150.95	2,837.23	1,512.98	3,080.98	2,105.62	2,336.85
Operating Profit before	1,542.88	2,969.24	2,331.16	1,414.70	797.83	1,080.89
working capital changes	,	,·	,	, 0		,
Adjustments:						
(Increase) / decrease in trade	(45.40)	(300.23)	(75.91)	(178.13)	32.62	(38.98)
receivables and loans and	. ,	. ,	. ,	,		. ,
advances						

		For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
	Decrease / (increase) in inventories : hospitality	12.20	13.49	7.45	(15.99)	(2.40)	(20.11)
	Decrease in inventories : property developments	141.52	61.57	211.39	106.73	231.68	(33.52)
	(Decrease) / increase in liabilities and provisions	(319.85)	261.29	(23.81)	227.00	(177.72)	302.82
	Increase/(decrease) in advances received from customers: towards sale of residential flats	158.05	(374.48)	(353.99)	(320.84)	(1,032.78)	(331.35)
	Total	(53.48)	(338.36)	(234.87)	(181.23)	(948.60)	(121.14)
	Direct taxes refunded/(paid)	3.75	(123.99)	(67.11)	(49.11)	(84.73)	(26.82)
	Total	3.75	(123.99)	(67.11)	(49.11)	(84.73)	(26.82)
	NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	1,493.15	2,506.89	2,029.18	1,184.36	(235.50)	932.93
B .	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
	Purchase of fixed assets (including capital work in progress, capital creditors and capital advances)	(130.27)	(420.70)	(1,144.73)	(1,880.99)	(3,412.48)	(2,705.14)

		For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
	Proceeds from sale of fixed	10.39	17.96	6.91	19.23	6.70	12.85
	assets Purchase of investments	(79.79)	(477.39)	(89.72)	(4.36)	(4.14)	(5,011.35)
	Proceeds from sale of	(17.17)	4.63	4,675.40	543.37	582.22	433.34
	investments			,			
	Dividend received	-	-	-	7.90	1.32	-
	Loans given	(886.79)	(7,170.20)	(8,373.10)	(2,633.60)	(2,534.36)	(3,194.16)
	Loans repaid	1,269.53	6,602.03	7,997.36	2,250.20	3,468.95	6,099.81
	Inter corporate deposit placed repaid / ( placed)	-	-	-	-	-	500.00
	Interest income received	247.33	197.63	141.70	236.51	237.05	852.69
	Fixed deposits (placed) / matured	(0.07)	(35.98)	6.61	-	-	-
	Margin money received / (placed) (net)	0.67	81.94	76.49	5.90	(42.09)	(19.48)
	NET CASH GENERATED/(USED IN) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	431.00	(1,200.08)	3,296.92	(1,455.84)	(1,696.83)	(3,031.44)
	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
	Issue of Preference shares	260.00	-	-	-	-	-
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	2,400.00	5,200.00	2,557.66	9,100.00	4,722.24	4,194.53
	Repayment of long-term borrowings	(3,052.01)	(2,725.19)	(4,410.32)	(7,276.30)	(2,183.91)	(1,634.01)
	Short term borrowings (net)	(500.79)	(1,960.05)	(609.44)	120.99	466.15	1.84
	Interest and finance charges paid	(1,240.68)	(2,076.27)	(2,235.37)	(2,073.91)	(1,604.86)	(1,428.06)
	NET CASH (USED IN) / GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	(2,133.49)	(1,561.51)	(4,697.47)	(129.22)	1,399.62	1,134.30
	NET (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A) + (B) + ( C)	(209.34)	(254.70)	628.63	(400.70)	(532.71)	(964.21)
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - OPENING BALANCE	(138.92)	115.78	(553.22)	(152.52)	380.19	1,344.40
	On account of merger		-	40.37	_	-	_
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -	(348.26)	(138.92)	115.78	(553.22)	(152.52)	380.19
	CLOSING BALANCE						
1	Notes:  Cash and cash equivalents and bank balances includes balances in escrow account which shall be used only for specified purposes as defined under Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016.						

		For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
2	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalent with the balance sheet						
	Cash and cash equivalents Less: Cash credit/over draft accounts from banks	339.87 688.13	294.27 433.19	224.26 108.48	210.02 763.24	174.19 326.71	926.46 546.27
	Cash and cash equivalent as per restated summary statement of cash flows above	(348.26)	(138.92)	115.78	(553.22)	(152.52)	380.19
3	The movement of borrowings as per IndAS7 is as follows:						
		For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
	Opening borrowings Proceeds from long-term borrowings	25,618.93 2,400.00	23,111.28 5,200.00	20,923.22 2,557.66	18,907.69 9,100.00	16,177.88 4,722.24	13,323.64 4,194.53
	Repayment of long-term borrowings	(3,052.01)	(2,725.19)	(4,410.32)	(7,276.30)	(2,183.91)	(1,634.01)
	Non-cash adjustments Adjustment on account of	731.99 -	32.84	(24.21) 4,064.93	191.83	191.48	373.72 (80.00)
	mergers						

#### THE OFFER

The following table summarizes details of the Offer:

Offer	58,613,571 Equity Shares aggregating to ₹ 16,411.80 million
The Offer consists of:	
(i) Fresh Issue <sup>(1)</sup>	33,928,571 Equity Shares aggregating to ₹ 9,500 million
(ii) Offer for Sale <sup>(2)</sup>	24,685,000 Equity Shares aggregating to ₹ 6,911.80 million
Of which	
QIB Category <sup>(3)</sup>	29,306,785 Equity Shares
Of which:	
Anchor Investor Portion	17,584,071 Equity Shares
Balance available for allocation to QIBs other than Anchor Investors (assuming Anchor Investor Portion is fully subscribed) ("Net QIB Category")	11,722,714 Equity Shares
Of which:	
- Available for allocation to Mutual Funds only (5% of the Net QIB Category)	586,136 Equity Shares
- Balance for all QIBs including Mutual Funds	11,136,578 Equity Shares
Non-Institutional Category	8,792,036 Equity Shares
Retail Category	20,514,750 Equity Shares
Equity Shares outstanding prior to the Offer	171,095,293 Equity Shares
Equity Shares outstanding after the Offer	205,023,864 Equity Shares
Use of proceeds of the Offer  * Subject to finalization of the Basic of Alletwant	For details, see " <i>Objects of the Offer</i> " on page 119. Our Company will not receive any portion of the proceeds from the Offer for Sale portion of the Offer.

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to finalisation of the Basis of Allotment.

### Notes:

- (i) Pursuant to Rule 19(2)(b)(iii) of the SCRR, the Offer is being made for at least 10% of the post-Offer paidup equity share capital of our Company.
- (ii) The Equity Shares being offered by the Selling Shareholders are eligible to be offered for sale in accordance with Regulation 26(6) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For details, see "*Capital Structure*" on page 92.
- (iii) Allocation to all categories, other than Anchor Investors, if any and Retail Individual Investors, were made on a proportionate basis. The allocation to each Retail Individual Investor was not less than the minimum Bid Lot, subject to availability of Equity Shares in the Retail Category and the remaining available Equity

<sup>(1)</sup> The Offer has been authorised by our Board pursuant to a resolution passed at its meeting held on June 12, 2018 and the Shareholders pursuant to their resolution passed on June 13, 2018.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Selling Shareholders have specifically confirmed and authorised their respective participation in the Offer for Sale. For details, see "Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures" on page 670. Each of the Selling Shareholders, severally and not jointly, confirms that its portion of the Equity Shares offered in the Offer for Sale have been held for a period of at least one year prior to the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

<sup>(3)</sup> Our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, allocated 60% of the QIB Category to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion was reserved for domestic Mutual Funds. In case of under-subscription in the Anchor Investor Portion, the remaining Equity Shares were required to be added to the QIB Category. For more information, see "Offer Procedure" on page 693.

Shares, if any, were allocated on a proportionate basis. For details, see "Offer Procedure" beginning on page 693.

Subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price, under-subscription, in any category other than QIB Category was allowed to be met with spill-over from other categories or a combination of categories at the discretion of our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs and the Designated Stock Exchange, subject to applicable law. For details, including grounds for rejection of Bids, refer to "Offer Structure" and "Offer Procedure" beginning on pages 686 and 693, respectively. For details of the terms of the Offer, see "Terms of the Offer" on 687.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Our Company was incorporated as "Kenwood Hotels Private Limited" on January 6, 1986, as a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956, pursuant to a certificate of incorporation granted by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, at Mumbai ("RoC"). On July 19, 1997, our Company was converted into a public company under section 43A (1B) of the Companies Act, 1956, consequently our name was changed to "Kenwood Hotels Limited". Pursuant to a resolution of our shareholders dated March 2, 1998 and a fresh certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC on April 6, 1998, the name of our Company was changed to "K. Raheja Resorts & Hotels Limited". Further, pursuant to a resolution of our shareholders dated April 24, 1999 and a fresh certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC on May 4, 1999, the name of our Company was changed to "Chalet Hotels Limited". On the conversion of our Company to a private limited company pursuant to a resolution passed by our shareholders dated August 25, 2011 and a fresh certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC on October 15, 2011, our name was changed to "Chalet Hotels Private Limited". Subsequently, pursuant to a resolution passed by our shareholders on June 4, 2018 and a fresh certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC on June 6, 2018 our Company was converted to a public limited company and our name was changed to "Chalet Hotels Limited". For details of changes in name and registered office of our Company, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 179.

**Registration Number: 038538** 

Corporate Identity Number: U55101MH1986PLC038538

#### **Registered and Corporate Office**

#### **Chalet Hotels Limited**

Raheja Tower, Plot No.C-30 Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East) Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India

**Telephone:** +91 22 - 26564000 **Facsimile:** +91 22 - 26565451

Email: investorrelations@chalethotels.com

Website: www.chalethotels.com

## Address of the Registrar of Companies

Our Company is registered with the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai, located at the following address:

The Registrar of Companies, 100, Everest, Marine Drive Mumbai 400 002 Maharashtra, India

# **Board of Directors**

The following table sets out the details regarding our Board as on the date of this Prospectus:

Name and Designation	Age (years)	DIN	Address
Hetal Gandhi Designation: Chairman and Non- Executive Director	53	00106895	B/2, 1203, Vivarea Sane Guruji Marg, Jacob Circle, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai 400 011
Ravi C. Raheja Designation: Non-Executive Director	47	00028044	4 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Raheja House, Auxilium Convent Road, Pali Hill, Bandra (West), Mumbai 400 050, Maharashtra, India
Neel C. Raheja Designation: Non-Executive Director	44	00029010	4 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Raheja House, Auxilium Convent Road, Pali Hill, Bandra (West), Mumbai 400 050, Maharashtra, India

Name and Designation	Age (years)	DIN	Address
Sanjay Sethi Designation: Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer	54	00641243	C/o Badrinath CHS, 15 Floor, Flat 1602, Plot No. 458,459, Khar West, Corner of 13 & 15 Road, Mumbai 400 052, Maharashtra, India
Rajeev Newar Designation: Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer	50	00468125	Flat no. P1, 16 <sup>th</sup> floor, Cuffe Castle, CHS Cuffe Parade, Mumbai 400 005, Maharashtra, India
Arthur William De Haast Designation: Independent Director	61	07893738	Sheepleas House, Epsom Road, Leatherhead West Horsley, UK KT246AL
Conrad D'Souza*  Designation: Independent Director	59	00010576	501, Hasmukh Mansion, Plot no 375, 14 <sup>th</sup> Road, Khar (W), Mumbai 400 052, Maharashtra, India
Radhika Piramal Designation: Independent Director	40	02105221	50 Apartment 8, Furnival House, Cholmoley Park. London. N65AD. Great Britain.

<sup>\*</sup>Joseph Conrad Agnelo D'Souza will be referred to as Conrad D'Souza in this Prospectus.

For brief profiles and further details in respect of our Directors, see "Our Management" on page 187.

#### **Company Secretary and Compliance Officer**

Christabelle Baptista is the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our Company.

Her contact details are as follows:

#### Christabelle Baptista

Raheja Tower, Plot No.C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East) Mumbai 400 051

Maharashtra, India **Tel:** + 91 22 2656 5496 **Fax:** + 91 22 2656 5451

**E-mail:** companysecretary@chalethotels.com

Bidders can contact our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, the Book Running Lead Managers and/or the Registrar to the Offer in case of any post-Offer related problems such as non-receipt of letters of Allottent, non-credit of Allotted Equity Shares in the respective beneficiary account, non-receipt of refund orders or non-receipt of funds by electronic mode etc. For all Offer related queries and for redressal of complaints, Bidders may also write to the BRLMs, in the manner provided below.

All Offer related grievances, other than of Anchor Investors may be addressed to the Registrar to the Offer with a copy to the relevant Designated Intermediary(ies) with whom the Bid-cum Application Form was submitted, giving full details such as name of the sole or First Bidder, ASBA Form number, Bidder's DP ID, Client ID, PAN, address of Bidder, number of Equity Shares applied for, ASBA Account number (for Bidders other than RIIs bidding through the UPI mechanism) in which the amount equivalent to the Bid Amount was blocked or UPI ID in case of RIIs bidding through the UPI mechanism, date of Bid cum Application Form and the name and address of the relevant Designated Intermediary(ies) where the Bid was submitted. Further, the Bidder were required to enclose the Acknowledgment Slip or the application number from the Designated Intermediaries in addition to the documents or information mentioned hereinabove.

All Offer related grievances of the Anchor Investors may be addressed to the Registrar to the Offer, giving full details such as the name of the sole or first Bidder, Bid cum Application Form number, Bidders' DP ID, Client ID, PAN, date of the Bid cum Application Form, address of the Bidder, number of the Equity Shares applied for, Bid Amount paid on submission of the Bid cum Application Form and the name and address of the BRLMs where the Bid cum Application Form was submitted by the Anchor Investor.

# **Book Running Lead Manager**

#### JM Financial Limited

7<sup>th</sup> Floor, Cnergy

Appasaheb Marathe Marg

Prabhadevi, Mumbai 400 025

Maharashtra, India **Tel:** + 91 22 6630 3030 Fax: +91 22 6630 3330 E-mail: chalet.ipo@jmfl.com

Investor grievance E-mail: grievance.ibd@jmfl.com

Website: www.jmfl.com Contact Person: Prachee Dhuri

SEBI Registration No.: INM000010361

#### **Axis Capital Limited**

1st Floor, Axis House

C 2 Wadia International Centre Pandurang Budhkar Marg Worli, Mumbai 400 025 Maharashtra, India

Tel: +91 22 4325 2183 Fax: +91 22 4325 3000 E-mail: chalet.ipo@axiscap.in

Investor grievance E-mail: complaints@axiscap.in

Website: www.axiscapital.co.in

Contact Person: Mangesh Ghogle/ Mayuri Arya SEBI Registration No.: INM000012029

# Morgan Stanley India Company Private Limited

18F, Tower 2, One Indiabulls Centre

841, Senapati Bapat Marg Mumbai 400 013

Maharashtra, India **Tel:** +91 22 6118 1000 Fax: +91 22 6118 1040

**Email:** chalet ipo 2018@morganstanley.com

Website: www.morganstanley.com/about-us/globaloffices/india Investor grievance email: investors\_india@morganstanley.com

Contact Person: Anirudh Premkumar SEBI Registration. No.: INM000011203

### Statement of inter-se allocation of responsibilities among the BRLMs

The responsibilities and coordination by the BRLMs for various activities in this Offer are as follows:

Sl. No	Activity	Responsibility	Co-ordinator
1.	Capital structuring, positioning strategy and due diligence of the Company including its operations/management/business plans/legal etc. Drafting and design of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and of statutory advertisements including a memorandum containing salient features of the Prospectus. The Managers shall ensure compliance with stipulated requirements and completion of prescribed formalities with the Stock Exchanges, RoC and SEBI including finalisation of Prospectus and RoC filing	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	JM Financial
2.	Drafting and approval of all statutory advertisement	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	JM Financial
3.	Drafting and approval of all publicity material other than statutory advertisement as mentioned above including corporate advertising, brochure, etc. and filing of media compliance report	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	Axis

Sl. No	Activity	Responsibility	Co-ordinator
4.	Appointment of Intermediaries - Registrar to the Offer, Advertising Agency, Printers and Banker(s) to the Offer	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	JM Financial
5.	Marketing and road-show presentation and preparation of frequently asked questions for the road show team	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	Morgan
6.	<ul> <li>Non-institutional and Retail marketing of the Offer, which will cover, <i>inter alia</i>,</li> <li>Finalising media, marketing and public relations strategy;</li> <li>Finalising centres for holding conferences for brokers, etc.;</li> <li>Follow-up on distribution of publicity and Offer material including form, the Prospectus and deciding on the quantum of the Offer material; and</li> <li>Finalising collection centres</li> </ul>	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	Axis
7.	Domestic Institutional marketing of the Offer, which will cover, <i>inter alia</i> :  • Institutional marketing strategy;  • Finalizing the list and division of domestic investors for one-to-one meetings; and  • Finalizing domestic road show and investor meeting schedule	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	JM Financial
8.	<ul> <li>International Institutional marketing of the Offer, which will cover, <i>inter alia</i>:</li> <li>Institutional marketing strategy;</li> <li>Finalizing the list and division of international investors for one-to-one meetings; and</li> <li>Finalizing international road show and investor meeting schedule</li> </ul>	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	Morgan
9.	Coordination with Stock-Exchanges for book building software, bidding terminals and mock trading and payment of STT on behalf of Selling Shareholders	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	Axis
10.	Managing the book and finalization of pricing in consultation with the Company including co-ordination for and intimation to stock exchanges for anchor portion	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	Morgan
11.	Post-Bidding activities including management of escrow accounts, co-ordinating, underwriting, co-ordination of non-institutional allocation, announcement of allocation and dispatch of refunds to Bidders, etc.  The post-Offer activities will involve essential follow up steps, including the finalization of trading, dealing of instruments, and demat of delivery of shares with the various agencies connected with the work such as the Registrar to the Offer, the Bankers to the Offer, the bank handling refund business and SCSBs	JM Financial, Axis and Morgan	Axis

# **Syndicate Member**

# JM Financial Services Limited

2, 3 and 4, Kamanwala Chambers, Ground Floor, Sir P M Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001 Tel: +91 22 6136 3400

Email: Surajit.mishra@jmfl.com Website: www.imfinancialservices.in Contact Person: Mr. Surajit Misra SEBI Registration No.: INZ000195834

# Legal Counsel to the Company and the Promoter Selling Shareholders as to Indian Law

## Shardul Amarchand Mangaldas & Co

24<sup>th</sup> Floor, Express Towers Nariman Point Mumbai 400 021 Maharashtra, India

**Tel:** +91 22 4933 5555 Fax: +91 22 4933 5550

# Legal Counsel to the BRLMs as to Indian Law

#### Khaitan & Co

One Indiabulls Centre 13<sup>th</sup> Floor, Tower 1 841 Senapati Bapat Marg Mumbai 400 013

**Tel:** +91 22 6636 5000 Fax: +91 22 6636 5050

# **International Legal Counsel to the BRLMs**

#### **Sidley Austin LLP**

Level 31

Six Battery Road Singapore 049909 Tel: +65 6230 3900

Fax: +65 6230 3939

#### Registrar to the Offer

### **Karvy Fintech Private Limited**

(previously known as KCPL Advisory Services Private Limited)

Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot 31 & 32

Gachibowli, Financial District Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Hyderabad 500 032

Telangana, India **Tel**: +91 40 6716 2222 Fax: +91 40 2343 1551

E-mail: einward.ris@karvy.com

Investor grievance e-mail: chalethotels.ipo@karvy.com

Website: www.karvyfintech.com Contact person: M Murali Krishna SEBI registration No.: INR000000221

### Bankers to the Offer/ Escrow Bank/ Refund Bank

#### **Axis Bank Limited**

Jeevan Prakash Building, Ground Floor, Sir P M Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001

**Tel**: +91 22 4086 7336 **Fax**: +91 22 4086 7327

E-mail: fort.operationshead@axisbank.com

Website: www.axisbank.com Contact person: Sudhir Raje

SEBI registration No.: INBI00000017

### Bankers to the Offer/ Sponsor Bank/ Public Offer Account Bank

#### **ICICI Bank Limited**

Capital Markets Division, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, 122, Mistry Bhavan, Dinshaw Vachha Road, Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400020

Tel: +91 22 6681 8932 Fax: +91 22 2261 1138

E-mail: shweta.surana@icicibank.com

Website: www.icicibank.com Contact person: Ms. Shweta Surana SEBI registration No.: INBI00000004

#### **Registered Brokers**

Bidders could submit ASBA Forms in the Offer using the stock broker network of the Stock Exchanges, i.e. through the Registered Brokers at the Broker Centers. The list of the Registered Brokers, including details such as postal address, telephone number and e-mail address, is provided on the websites of the BSE and the NSE at <a href="http://www.bseindia.com/Markets/PublicIssues/brokercentres\_new.aspx?expandable=3">http://www.bseindia.com/Markets/PublicIssues/brokercentres\_new.aspx?expandable=3</a> and <a href="http://www.nseindia.com/products/content/equities/ipos/ipo\_mem\_terminal.htm">http://www.nseindia.com/products/content/equities/ipos/ipo\_mem\_terminal.htm</a>, respectively, or such other website as updated from time to time.

# **Self Certified Syndicate Banks**

The list of SCSBs is available at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes on the website of SEBI, or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. A list of the Designated SCSB Branches with which a Bidder (other than an Anchor Investor), not bidding through Syndicate/Sub Syndicate or through a Registered Broker, CRTA or CDP may submit the Bid cum Application Forms is available at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes on the website of SEBI, and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

#### **Syndicate SCSB Branches**

In relation to Bids (other than Bids by Anchor Investor) submitted to a member of the Syndicate, the list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of Bid cum Application Forms from the members of the Syndicate is available on the website of the SEBI (http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes) and updated from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Bid cum Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of the SEBI http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes as updated from time to time.

#### **Broker Centres/ Designated CDP Locations/ Designated RTA Locations**

accordance with **SEBI** Circulars CIR/CFD/14/2012 dated October 4 2012 CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015, Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) can submit Bid cum Application Forms with the Registered Brokers at the Broker Centres, CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations or the CRTAs at the Designated RTA Locations, respective lists of which, including details such as address and telephone number, are available at the websites of the Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com. The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Broker Centres, named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the Bid cum Application Forms from the Registered Brokers will be available on the website of the SEBI (www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time.

#### **Statutory Auditors of our Company**

#### M/s B S R & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants

5th Floor, Lodha Excelus

Apollo Mills Compound, N.M. Joshi Marg

Mahalaxmi, Mumbai 400 011

Maharashtra, India **Tel:** + 91 22- 4345 5300 **Fax:** + 91 22 - 4345 5399

Email: agodbole@bsraffiliates.com

ICAI Registration Number: 101248W/W - 100022

Peer Review Number: 009060

B S R & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants, by a certificate dated June 29, 2018 has confirmed that they hold a valid peer review certificate dated June 30, 2016 issued by the Peer Review Board of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

### **Bankers to our Company**

#### **Yes Bank Limited**

Nehru Center, 9th Floor, Discovery of India

Dr. A.B. Road, Worli Mumbai 400 018 **Tel**: +91 22 3366 9000 **Fax**: +91 22 2421 4511

E-mail: shantanu.dwivedi@yesbank.in

Website: www.yesbank.in

Contact Person: Shantanu Dwivedi

#### **Standard Chartered Bank**

CRESCENZO, 5/F, G-Block

Opp. MCA Club, Bandra Kurla Complex

Mumbai 400 051

**Tel**: +91 22 61158532/44 **Fax**: +91 22 61157800

E-mail: manmeet.gulati@sc.com; vinit.mehta@sc.com

Website: http://www.standardchartered.com Contact Person: Manmeet Gulati/ Vinit Mehta

#### **ICICI Bank Limited**

ICICI Bank Limited, ICICI Bank Tower

North Tower, Fourth Floor, Bandra Kurla Complex

Mumbai 400 051 **Tel**: +91 22 4008 6488 **Fax**: +91 22 2653 1179

E-mail: Chandrashekhar.pawar@icicibank.com

Website: www.icicibank.com

Contact Person: Chandrashekhar Pawar

#### ICICI Bank Limited, Bahrain Branch

ICICI Bank Ltd., Suite 15, Part 3 Municipality No. 116, P.O. Box: 1494 Building 114, Government Avenue

Manama-316

**Tel**: +973-17576112 **Fax**: +973-17221210

E-mail: amit.bansal@icicibank.com Website: www.icicibank.com Contact Person: Amit Bansal

#### **RBL Bank Limited**

One Indiabulls Centre, Tower 2B

6<sup>th</sup> Floor, 841, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel

Mumbai 400 013 **Tel**: +91 22-43020600 **Fax**: +91 22-43020520

E-mail: manan.mehta@rblbank.com

Website: www.rblbank.com Contact Person: Manan Mehta

#### **Indian Overseas Bank**

No. 701, 7<sup>th</sup> Floor, Naman Corp. Link Opp. Dena Bank. BKC-Bandra (East)

Mumbai 400 051 **Tel**: +91 22-2656 6268

Fax: -

E-mail: iob2998@iob.in Website: www.iob.in

Contact Person: S. Vasudevan

#### Bank of Baroda

3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, 10/12

Mumbai Samachar Marg Fort, Mumbai 400 001 **Telephone**: +91 22 43407314

Facsimile: +91 22 22655778

E-mail: cfsbal@bankofbaroda.com; rm11.cfsbal@bankofbaroda.com

Website: www.bankofbaroda.com

Contact Person: Sujeet Kumar, Chief Manager

# **Grading of the Offer**

No credit agency registered with SEBI has been appointed for grading for the Offer.

#### **Appraising Entity**

None of the objects for which the Net Proceeds will be utilised have been appraised by any agency.

#### **Monitoring Agency**

Our Company has appointed Axis Bank Limited as monitoring agency to monitor the utilization of the Net Proceeds in terms of Regulation 16 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. As required under the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Audit Committee appointed by the Board shall monitor the utilisation of the proceeds of the Offer. We will disclose the utilisation of the proceeds of the Offer under a separate head along with details, if any in relation to all such proceeds of the Offer that have not been utilised thereby also indicating investments, if any, of such unutilised proceeds of the Offer in our balance sheet for the relevant Fiscal Years. The details of the Monitoring Agency are as follows:

#### **Axis Bank Limited**

The Ruby, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, SW, 29, Senapati Bapat Marg, Dadar West, Mumbai 400 028

**Tel**: +91 22 6230 0451 **Fax**: +91 22 4325 3000

E-mail: trustee@axisbank.com Website: www.axisbank.com Contact person: Amar Hadye

SEBI registration No.: INBI00000017

# **Expert**

Except as stated below, our Company has not obtained any expert opinions:

Our Company has received written consent dated January 23, 2019 from our Auditors, M/s B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants, to include their name in this Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2 (38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as the statutory auditor of our Company and in respect of their examination reports on our Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information and Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information dated December 20, 2018 and the statement of tax benefits dated January 23, 2019 and such consent has not been withdrawn as of the date of this Prospectus. However, the term "expert" shall not be construed to mean an "expert" as defined under the U. S. Securities Act.

Our Company has received a written consent dated June 20, 2018 from P. Surendra Prabhu, Independent Architect to include his name in this Prospectus as an "expert" as defined under Section 2 (38) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the architect certificate issued by him and such consent has not been withdrawn as of the date of this Prospectus.

#### **Credit Rating**

As the Offer is of Equity Shares, credit rating is not required.

#### **Trustees**

As the Offer is of Equity Shares, the appointment of trustees is not required.

### **Book Building Process**

Book building, in the context of the Offer, refers to the process of collection of Bids from investors on the basis of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Forms. The Price Band and the Minimum Bid Lot was decided by our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, and was advertised in all editions of The Financial Express (a widely circulated English national daily newspaper), all editions of Jansatta (a widely circulated Hindi national daily newspaper) and Mumbai edition of Navshakti (a widely circulated Marathi regional newspaper), Marathi being the regional language in the place where our Registered Office is located), at least two Working Days prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date and were made available to the Stock Exchanges for the purposes of uploading on their website. The Offer Price has been determined by our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs and Selling Shareholders after the Bid/Offer Closing Date.

All Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) were mandatorily required to participate in this Offer only through the ASBA process. Anchor Investors were not permitted to participate in the Offer through the ASBA process.

In terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, QIBs and Non-Institutional Investors were not permitted to withdraw their Bid(s) or lower the size of their Bid(s) (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage. Retail Individual Investors could revise their Bid(s) during the Bid/Offer Period and withdraw their Bid(s) until Bid/Offer Closing Date. Anchor Investors were not allowed to withdraw their Bids after the Anchor Investor Bidding Date. Except for Allocation to Retail Individual Investors and the Anchor Investors, Allocation in the Offer was on a proportionate basis. Allocation to the Anchor Investors was on a discretionary basis.

Each Bidder by submitting a Bid in the Offer, has been deemed to have acknowledged the above restrictions and the terms of the Offer.

For further details on method and process of Bidding, see "Offer Structure" and "Offer Procedure" on page 686 and page 693, respectively.

The Book Building Process and the Bidding process under the SEBI ICDR Regulations are subject to change from time to time. Investors are advised to make their own judgment about an investment through this process prior to submitting a Bid.

Bidders should note the Offer is also subject to obtaining (i) final listing and trading approvals of the Stock Exchanges, which our Company shall apply for after Allotment; and (ii) the final approval of the RoC after this Prospectus is registered with the RoC.

## Illustration of Book Building Process and the Price Discovery Process

For an illustration of the Book Building Process, please see "Offer Procedure Part B - Illustration of the Book Building and Price Discovery Process" on page 685 of this Prospectus.

#### Offer Programme

For details on the Offer Programme, please see "Terms of the Offer" on page 689 of this Prospectus.

### **Underwriting Agreement**

After the determination of the Offer Price and allocation of Equity Shares but prior to the filing of this Prospectus with the RoC, our Company and the Selling Shareholders have entered into an Underwriting Agreement with the Underwriters for the Equity Shares offered through the Offer. Pursuant to the terms of the Underwriting Agreement, the obligations of the Underwriters will be several and will be subject to certain conditions to closing, as specified therein.

The Underwriting Agreement is dated February 1, 2019. The Underwriters have indicated their intention to underwrite the following number of Equity Shares:

Name, address, telephone, facsimile and e-mail of the Underwriters	Indicative Number of Equity Shares to be Underwritten	Amount Underwritten (₹ in million)
JM Financial Limited	19,537,757	5,470.57
7th Floor, Cnergy	13,557,757	0,170.07
Appasaheb Marathe Marg		
Prabhadevi, Mumbai 400 025		
Maharashtra, India		
Fel: + 91 22 6630 3030		
Fax: + 91 22 6630 3330		
E-mail: chalet.ipo@jmfl.com		
Than endecipe of infricon		
Axis Capital Limited	19,537,857	5,470.60
1st Floor, Axis House		
C 2 Wadia International Centre		
Pandurang Budhkar Marg		
Worli, Mumbai 400 025		
Maharashtra, India		
<b>Fel:</b> +91 22 4325 2183		
Fax: +91 22 4325 3000		
E-mail: chalet.ipo@axiscap.in		
Morgan Stanley India Company Private Limited	19,537,857	5,470.60
18F, Tower 2, One Indiabulls Centre		
341, Senapati Bapat Marg Mumbai 400 013		
Maharashtra, India		
<b>Fel:</b> +91 22 6118 1000		
Fax: +91 22 6118 1040		
Email: chalet_ipo_2018@morganstanley.com		
IM Financial Services Limited	100	0.03
2, 3 and 4, Kamanwala Chambers,		
Ground Floor, Sir P M Road,		
Fort, Mumbai 400 001		
Γel: +91 22 6136 3400		
Email: Surajit.mishra@jmfl.com		

The abovementioned amounts are provided for indicative purposes only and would be finalized after actual allocation and subject to the provisions of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

In the opinion of our Board of Directors (based on representations made to our Company by the Underwriters), the resources of the Underwriters are sufficient to enable them to discharge their respective underwriting obligations in full. The Underwriters are registered with the SEBI under Section 12(1) of the SEBI Act or registered as brokers with the Stock Exchange(s). Our Board of Directors, at its meeting held on February 2, 2019, has accepted and entered into the Underwriting Agreement mentioned above on behalf of our Company.

Allocation among the Underwriters may not necessarily be in proportion to their underwriting commitments set forth in the table above. Notwithstanding the above table, the Underwriters shall be severally responsible for ensuring payment with respect to Equity Shares allocated to investors procured by them in accordance with the Underwriting Agreement. In the event of any default in payment, the respective Underwriter, in addition to other obligations defined in the Underwriting Agreement, will also be required to procure subscriptions for/subscribe to Equity Shares to the extent of the defaulted amount in accordance with the Underwriting Agreement.

#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

The share capital of our Company, as of the date of this Prospectus, is set forth below.

	Particulars	Aggregate nominal value (in ₹)	Aggregate value at Offer Price* (in ₹)
A)	AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL 1		
	229,100,000 Equity Shares	2,291,000,000	-
	1,600 Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares	160,000,000	-
	20,000 Zero-Coupon Non-cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares	2,000,000,000	-
B)	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP SHARE CAPITAL	BEFORE THE OFFER	
	171,095,293 Equity Shares	1,710,952,930	47,906,682,040
	1,600 Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares	160,000,000	-
	20,000 Zero-Coupon Non-cumulative Non-Convertible	510,000,000 <sup>2</sup>	-
	Redeemable Preference Shares		
C)	OFFER		
	Offer of 58,613,571 Equity Shares aggregating to ₹ 16,411.80 million	586,135,710	164,117,998,800
	of which		
	Fresh Issue of 33,928,571 Equity Shares aggregating to ₹ 9,500 million <sup>3</sup>	339,285,710	9,499,999,880
	Offer for Sale of 24,685,000 Equity Shares by the Selling Shareholders aggregating to ₹ 6,911.80 million <sup>4</sup>	246,850,000	6,911,800,000
D)	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP SHARE CAPITAL	AFTER THE OFFER	
	205,023,864 Equity Shares#	2,050,238,640	57,406,681,920
	1,600 Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares	160,000,000	-
	20,000 Zero-Coupon Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible	510,000,000 <sup>2</sup>	-
	Redeemable Preference Shares		
E)	SECURITIES PREMIUM ACCOUNT		
	Before the Offer		₹ 1,418.13 million
	After the Offer*5		₹ 10240.10 million

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to finalisation of the Basis of Allotment.

For details in relation to changes in authorized share capital of our Company, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 179.

Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS were partly paid up at the time of allotment and an amount equal to 500,000,000 for Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and an amount equal to 10,000,000 for Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS is paid up as on date of this Prospectus.

<sup>3.</sup> The Offer has been authorized by our Board of Directors pursuant to a resolution passed at its meeting held on June 12, 2018 and by a resolution of our shareholders passed in their annual general meeting held on June 13, 2018.

The Selling Shareholders, i.e. Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja have proposed to the Company to sell some of their respective Equity Shares to the public pursuant to the Offer through their respective consent letters, both dated June 28, 2018. The board of directors of K. Raheja Corp Private Limited and Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited have duly approved and authorised the sale of their respective portions of the Offered Shares in the Offer for Sale, pursuant to their resolutions both dated June 11, 2018. The partners of Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP have duly approved and authorised the sale of its portion of the Offered Shares in the Offer for Sale, pursuant to resolution dated June 11, 2018. Further, Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja, K. Raheja Corp Private Limited, Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited and Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP have, pursuant to their letters, all dated June 28, 2018, consented to the inclusion of the Offered Shares as part of the Offer. For details see "Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures" on page 670.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The share premium account consists of the premium received by our Company from the issuance of Equity Shares in the Offer, without adjusting the Offer expenses.

# **Notes to Capital Structure:**

# 1. Share Capital History

# (a) History of equity share capital of our Company

The following table sets forth the history of the equity share capital of our Company.

Date of allotment	No. of equity shares	Face value (₹)	Issue price per Equity Share	Nature of consideration	Reason/ Nature of allotment	Name of the Allottee	Cumulative number of equity shares	Cumulative paid-up equity share capital (₹)
December 16, 1985	4	100	100	Cash	Subscription to the MoA	Initial subscription to the MoA by Chandru L. Raheja and Suresh L. Raheja of 2 equity shares each	4	400
September 18, 1995	736	100	100	Cash	Further issue	13 equity shares to Gopal L. Raheja jointly with Sandeep G. Raheja, 10 equity shares to Sandeep G. Raheja jointly with Gopal L. Raheja, 8 equity shares to Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 10 equity shares to Jyoti C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja, 10 equity shares to Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 50 equity shares to Kanishka Properties Private Limited, 50 equity shares to Sealtite Gaskets Private Limited, 50 equity shares to Gavotte Traders Private Limited, 50 equity shares to Ideal Properties Private Limited, 50 equity shares to Sea Crust Properties Private Limited, 65 equity shares to Glacial Trading Private Limited, 40 equity shares to Garnet Traders Private Limited, 40 equity shares to Garnet Traders Private Limited, 70 equity shares to Raghukool Estate	740	74,000

Date of allotment	No. of equity shares	Face value (₹)	Issue price per Equity Share	Nature of consideration	Reason/ Nature of allotment	Name of the Allottee	Cumulative number of equity shares	Cumulative paid-up equity share capital (₹)
						Development Private Limited*, 70 equity shares to Capstan Trading Private Limited**, 70 equity shares to Casa Maria Properties Private Limited***, 70 equity shares to Anbee Constructions Private Limited# and 60 equity shares to Cape Trading Private Limited##		
held on March 9 and accordingly	9, 1998, each 7, 740 equity s	equity shar shares of ou	e of our Co	ompany of face value	₹ 100 was split into 10 equi	esolution of our shareholders in their general meeting ty shares of our Company of face value of ₹ 10 each, juity Shares of our Company of face value ₹ 10 each.	7,400	74,000
March 31, 1998	14,992,600	10	10	Cash	Further issue	150,000 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja as Karta of Chandru Lachmandas HUF jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 149,400 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 149,500 Equity Shares to Jyoti C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja, 1,491,300 Equity Shares to Capstan Trading Private Limited**, 1,491,300 Equity Shares to Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited*, 1,492,800 Equity Shares to Casa Maria Properties Private Limited***, 150,000 Equity Shares to Ravi C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 1,284,150 Equity Shares to Anbee Constructions Private Limited#, 149,900 Equity Shares to Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 1,284,250 Equity Shares to Cape Trading Private Limited##, 3,600,000 Equity Shares to K. Raheja Private Limited and	15,000,000	150,000,000

Date o allotme		No. of equity shares	Face value (₹)	Issue price per Equity Share	Nature of consideration	Reason/ Nature of allotment	Name of the Allottee	Cumulative number of equity shares	Cumulative paid-up equity share capital (₹)
							3,600,000 Equity Shares to Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited		
July 11, 19	998	45,000,000	10	-	Bonus	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share by capitalisation of revaluation reserves	450,000 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja as Karta of Chandru Lachmandas HUF jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 450,000 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 450,000 Equity Shares to Jyoti C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja, 4,477,500 Equity Shares to Capstan Trading Private Limited**, 4,477,500 Equity Shares to Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited*, 4,482,000 Equity Shares to Casa Maria Properties Private Limited***, 450,000 Equity Shares to Ravi C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 3,856,500 Equity Shares to Anbee Constructions Private Limited#, 450,000 Equity Shares to Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 3,856,500 Equity Shares to Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 3,856,500 Equity Shares to Cape Trading Private Limited##, 10,800,000 Equity Shares to K. Raheja Private Limited and 10,800,000 Equity Shares to Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited.	60,000,000	600,000,000
January 1999	29,	15,000,000	10	20	Cash	Further issue	15,000,000 Equity Shares to Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited.	75,000,000	750,000,000
August 2000	22,	785,000	10	28	Cash	Further issue	785,000 Equity Shares to Sara Fund Trustee Company Limited A/C Sara Fund	75,785,000	757,850,000
August 2000	29,	3,571,429	10	28	Cash	Further issue	3,571,429 Equity Shares to ICICI Limited	79,356,429	793,564,290
August 2002	30,	1,785,824	10	36.70	Cash	Conversion of fully convertible debentures into Equity Shares  1,785,824 Equity shares to Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Limited on conversion 500,000 of 14% fully convertible debentures of		81,142,253	8,114,22,530

Date of allotmo		No. of equity shares	Face value (₹)	Issue price per Equity Share (₹)	Natur conside		Reason/ Nature of allotment	Name of the Allottee	Cumulative number of equity shares	Cumulative paid-up equity share capital
March 2005	22,	10,000,000	10	50	Cash		Further issue	100 each 10,000,000 Equity Shares to IDFC Infrastructure Fund – India Development Fund represented by IDFC Asset Management Limited.	91,142,253	911,422,530
March 2006	28,	7,000,000	10	50	Cas	h	Further issue	4,999,176 Equity Shares to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited, 2,000,824 Equity Shares to Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited	98,142,253	981,422,530
November 2006	er 20,	54,000,000	10		Other than cash		Allotment to shareholders of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited ("Neerav") pursuant to the amalgamation of Neerav with our Company, in the ratio of 1.08 Equity Shares allotted to the shareholders of Neerav for every one equity share held by them in Neerav. For details, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding acquisition of business/ undertakings, mergers, amalgamation, revaluation of assets, etc." on page 182.	6,912 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja, 1,944 Equity Shares to Ravi C. Raheja, 1,944 Equity Shares to Neel C. Raheja, 1,613,088 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 1,620,000 Equity Shares to Jyoti C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja, 1,618,056 Equity Shares to Ravi C. Raheja, jointly with Chandru L. Raheja and Jyoti C. Raheja, 1,618,056 Equity Shares to Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja and Jyoti C. Raheja, 10,525,680 Equity Shares to Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited*, 10,525,680 Equity Shares to Capstan Trading Private Limited** and 105,20,280 Equity Shares to Casa Maria Properties Private Limited***, 7,974,180 Equity Shares to Anbee Constructions Private Limited# and 7,974,180 Equity Shares to Cape Trading Private Limited##	152,142,253	1,521,422,530
		10.053.010	10		0.1		Issue of Equity Shares in the		151 005 000	1.510.052.033
Decembe 2017	er 8,	18,953,040	10	-	Other cash	than	Allotment to shareholders of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Genext") pursuant to the scheme of arrangement effecting the demerger of Genext with our Company, in the ratio of 1,509	5,586,318 Equity Shares to Ravi C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja and Jyoti C. Raheja, 5,586,318 Equity Shares to Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja and Jyoti C. Raheja, 7,780,404 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja (held by the registered owners for and on behalf of the beneficiaries of	171,095,293	1,710,952,930

Date of allotment	No. of equity shares	Face value (₹)	Issue price per Equity Share	Nature of consideration	Reason/ Nature of allotment	Name of the Allottee	Cumulative number of equity shares	Cumulative paid-up equity share capital (₹)
					Equity Shares allotted to the shareholders of Genext for every one equity share held by them in Genext. For details, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding acquisition of business/ undertakings, mergers, amalgamation, revaluation of assets, etc." on page 182.	Ivory Property Trust)		
Total							171,095,293	1,710,952,930

<sup>\*\*</sup>Currently Raghukool Estate Developement LLP

\*\*Currently Capstan Trading LLP

\*\*\*Currently Casa Maria Property LLP

# Currently Anbee Construction LLP

## Currently Cape Trading LLP

# (b) History of preference share capital of our Company

i. 1,600 Non-cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares ("NCRPS")

Date of allotment	Number of NCRPS	Face value (₹)	Issue price (₹)	Nature of consideration	Reasons for/ Nature of allotment	Name of the Allottee	Cumulative number of NCRPS	Cumulative paid-up NCRPS capital (₹)
December 8, 2017	1,600	100,000	-	Other than cash	Allotment to shareholders of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Genext") pursuant to the scheme of arrangement effecting the demerger of Genext with our Company, in the ratio of 1 NCRPS allotted to the shareholders of Genext for every one noncumulative redeemable preference share held by them in Genext. For details, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding acquisition of business/ undertakings, mergers, amalgamation, revaluation of assets, etc." on page 182.	Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti Raheja (held by the registered owners for and on behalf of the beneficiaries of Ivory Property Trust)	1,600	160,000,000
Total	1,600						1,600	160,000,000

# ii. 20,000 Zero-Coupon Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares ("Zero Coupon NCRPS")

Date of allotment	Number of Zero Coupon NCRPS	Face value (₹)	Issue price (₹)	Nature of consideration	Reasons for/ Nature of allotment	Name of the Allottee	Cumulative number of Zero Coupon NCRPS	Cumulative paid- up Zero Coupon NCRPS capital (₹)
June 26, 2018	20,000*	100,000	100,000#	Cash	Further issue	4,500 each of Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited; 2,325 each of Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS to Neel C.	20,000*	510,000,000#

Total	20,000			Raheja;2,325 each of Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS to Ravi C. Raheja; 850 each of Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS to Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited	20,000	510,000,000
rotai	ZU.(JU)				∠0,000	310,000,000

<sup>\*10,000</sup> Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and 10,000 Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS

### 2. Shares issued for consideration other than cash

Except as detailed below, no Equity Shares have been issued for consideration other than cash or through bonus:

Date of	Name of allottees	Number of	Face	Issue	Reasons for	Benefits accrued to
allotment		equity	value	price	allotment	our Company
		shares	(₹)	(₹)		1 0
November 20, 2006	6,912 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja, 1,944 Equity Shares to Ravi C. Raheja, 1,944 Equity Shares to Neel C. Raheja, 1,613,088 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja jointly with	54,000,000	10	-	Allotment to shareholders of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited ("Neerav") pursuant to the amalgamation of Neerav with our	The transfer and vesting of development Rights to the land situated at Village Marol, Taluka Andheri in the Registration District of Mumbai Suburban and within the limits
	Raneja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 1,620,000 Equity Shares to Jyoti C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja, 1,618,056 Equity Shares to Ravi C. Raheja, jointly with Chandru L. Raheja and Jyoti C. Raheja, 1,618,056 Equity Shares to Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja				Neerav with our Company, in the ratio of 1.08 Equity Shares allotted to the shareholders of Neerav for every one equity share held by them in Neerav.*	and within the limits of Mumbai city.
	and Jyoti C. Raheja, 10,525,680 Equity Shares to Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited, 10,525,680 Equity Shares to Capstan Trading Private Limited and 105,20,280 Equity					

<sup>#</sup> Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS were partly paid up at the time of allotment and an amount equal to ₹ 500,000,000 for Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and an amount equal to ₹ 10,000,000 for Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS is paid up as on date of this Prospectus.

Date of allotment	Name of allottees	Number of equity shares	Face value (₹)	Issue price (₹)	Reasons for allotment	Benefits accrued to our Company
	Shares to Casa Maria Properties Private Limited, 7,974,180 Equity Shares to Anbee Constructions Private Limited and 7,974,180 Equity Shares to Cape Trading Private Limited					
December 8, 2017	5,586,318 Equity Shares to Ravi C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja and Jyoti C. Raheja, 5,586,318 Equity Shares to Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja and Jyoti C. Raheja, 7,780,404 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja (held by the registered owners for and on behalf of the beneficiaries of Ivory Property Trust)	18,953,040	10	-	Allotment to shareholders of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Genext") pursuant to the scheme of arrangement effecting the demerger of Genext with our Company, in the ratio of 1509 Equity shares allotted to the shareholders of Genext for every one equity share held by them in Genext.*	The transfer and vesting of the demerged undertaking, being the whole of the Hotel undertaking at whitefield in Bengaluru into our Company by Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited

<sup>\*</sup> For details of merger/amalgamation and demerger, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding acquisition of business/undertakings, mergers, amalgamation, revaluation of assets, etc." on page 182.

Date allotm		Name of allottees	Number of equity shares	Face value (₹)	Issue price (₹)	Reasons for allotment	Benefits accrued to our Company
July 1998	11,	450,000 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja as Karta of Chandru Lachmandas HUF jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 450,000 Equity Shares to Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja, 450,000 Equity Shares to Jyoti C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja, 4,477,500 Equity Shares to Capstan Trading Private Limited**, 4,477,500 Equity Shares to Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited*, 4,482,000 Equity Shares to Casa Maria Properties Private Limited***,	45,000,000	10	-	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share by capitalisation of revaluation reserves	Strengthening the capital base of our Company and improvement in overall ratios

Date of allotment	Name of allottees	Number of equity shares	Face value (₹)	Issue price (₹)	Reasons for allotment	Benefits accrued to our Company
	450,000 Equity Shares					
	to Ravi C. Raheja jointly with Chandru					
	L. Raheja jointly with					
	Jyoti C. Raheja,					
	3,856,500 Equity					
	Shares to Anbee					
	Constructions Private					
	Limited#,					
	450,000 Equity Shares					
	to Neel C. Raheja					
	jointly with Chandru					
	L. Raheja jointly with					
	Jyoti C. Raheja,					
	3,856,500 Equity Shares to Cape					
	Trading Private					
	Limited##,					
	10,800,000 Equity					
	Shares to K. Raheja					
	Private Limited and					
	10,800,000 Equity					
	Shares to Touchstone					
	Properties & Hotels					
	Private Limited.					

<sup>\*\*</sup>Currently Raghukool Estate Developement LLP

\*\*Currently Capstan Trading LLP

\*\*\*Currently Casa Maria Property LLP

# Currently Anbee Construction LLP

Except as detailed below, no preference shares have been issued for consideration other than cash or through Bonus:

Date of allotment	Name of allottees	Number of preference shares	Face value (₹)	Issue price (₹)	Reasons for allotment	Benefits accrued to our Company
December 8, 2017	Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti Raheja (held by the registered owners for and on behalf of the beneficiaries of Ivory Property Trust)	1,600	100,000	-	Allotment to shareholders of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Genext") pursuant to the scheme of arrangement effecting the demerger of Genext with our Company, in the ratio of 1 NCRPS allotted to the shareholders of Genext for every one noncumulative redeemable preference share held by them in Genext.*	The transfer and vesting of the demerged undertaking, being the whole of the hotel undertaking and retail undertaking at Whitefield in Bengaluru into our Company by Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited

<sup>##</sup> Currently Cape Trading LLP

# 3. Shares allotted in terms of any scheme approved under section 391-394 of the Companies Act, 1956 or section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013

For further details of shares allotted in terms of any scheme approved under section 391-394 of the Companies Act, 1956 or section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013, see "Capital Structure - Shares issued for consideration other than cash".

# 4. Issue of Equity Shares in the last one year

Except as set forth in "- *History of equity share capital of our Company*" on page 93, our Company has not issued Equity Shares in one year immediately preceding the date of this Prospectus.

#### 5. Shares issued out of revaluation reserves

Our Company has undertaken a bonus issue by capitalizing its revaluation reserves on July 11, 1998 in the manner provided herein below.

D 1 0	<b>3</b> 7 0	<b>.</b>	T.	<b>T</b>	D 0	D 00, 1,
Date of	Name of	Number	Face	Issue	Reasons for	Benefits accrued to our
allotment	allottees	of equity shares	value (₹)	price (₹)	allotment	Company
July 11,	450,000	45,000,000	10	NA	Bonus issue in	Strengthening the capital base of
1998	Equity Shares	,000,000	10	1,112	the ratio of three	our Company and improvement in
	to Chandru L.				equity shares for	overall ratios
	Raheja as				every one Equity	
	Karta of				Share by	
	Chandru				capitalisation of	
	Lachmandas				revaluation	
	HUF jointly				reserves	
	with Jyoti C.					
	Raheja,					
	450,000					
	Equity Shares					
	to Chandru L.					
	Raheja					
	jointly with					
	Jyoti C.					
	Raheja,					
	450,000					
	Equity Shares					
	to Jyoti C.					
	Raheja					
	jointly with					
	Chandru L.					
	Raheja,					
	4,477,500					
	Equity Shares					
	to Capstan					
	Trading					
	Private Limited**,					
	4,477,500					
	Equity Shares					
	to Raghukool					
	Estate					
	Development					
	Private					
	Limited*,					
	4,482,000					
	Equity Shares					
	to Casa Maria					
	Properties					
	Private					

<sup>\*</sup> For details of merger/amalgamation and demerger, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding acquisition of business/undertakings, mergers, amalgamation, revaluation of assets, etc." on page 182.

Date of	Name of	Number	Face	Issue	Reasons for	Benefits accrued to our
allotment	allottees	of equity	value	price	allotment	Company
		shares	(₹)	(₹)		
	Limited***,			. ,		
	450,000					
	Equity Shares					
	to Ravi C.					
	Raheja					
	jointly with					
	Chandru L.					
	Raheja					
	jointly with					
	Jyoti C.					
	Raheja,					
	3,856,500					
	Equity Shares					
	to Anbee					
	Constructions					
	Private					
	Limited#,					
	450,000					
	Equity Shares					
	to Neel C.					
	Raheja					
	jointly with					
	Chandru L.					
	Raheja					
	jointly with Jyoti C.					
	Raheja,					
	3,856,500 Equity Shares					
	to Cape Trading					
	Private					
	Limited##,					
	10,800,000					
	Equity Shares					
	to K. Raheja					
	Private					
	Limited and					
	10,800,000					
	Equity Shares					
	to					
	Touchstone					
	Properties &					
	Hotels					
	Private					
	Limited.					

<sup>\*</sup> Currently Raghukool Estate Developement LLP

#### **Employee Stock Option Scheme**

Our Company, pursuant to our Board and Shareholders' resolution dated June 12, 2018 and June 13, 2018 respectively, has formulated an employee stock option plan namely 'Chalet Hotels Limited - Employee Stock Option Plan 2018' ("ESOP 2018"). The primary objective of ESOP 2018 is to reward the key Employee (as defined in ESOP 2018) for his association, dedication and contribution to the goals of our Company. Our Company intends to use this plan to attract, retain and motivate key talent working with our Company by way of rewarding their high performance and motivate them to contribute to the overall corporate growth and profitability.

Pursuant to ESOP 2018, stock options may be granted to the Employee (as defined in ESOP 2018). Our Company may grant up to 200,000 options to the Employee (as defined in ESOP 2018) in terms of the ESOP 2018, in

<sup>\*\*</sup> Currently Capstan Trading LLP

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Currently Casa Maria Property LLP

<sup>#</sup> Currently Anbee Construction LLP

<sup>##</sup> Currently Cape Trading LLP

accordance with the procedure specified therein from time to time, including during the period from the date of the Red Herring Prospectus until the listing of Equity Shares pursuant to the Offer. Accordingly, 200,000 employee stock options have been granted to Sanjay Sethi, our Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer, vide a resolution of the Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee dated June 26, 2018.

The ESOP 2018 plan is in compliance with the SEBI ESOP Regulations. The details of the ESOP 2018 plan, as certified by Nayak & Rane, Chartered Accountants, through a certificate dated February 1, 2019, are as follows:

			Datatla		
Particulars			Details	As on t	he date of this
I ul tieului s	Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2	M18	rospectus
Options granted	NA	NA	NA		200,000
The pricing formula or exercise price	Our Company has f	ollowed the f	air value metho	d and the price finali	sed is ₹320
Exercise period	2 years post vesting				
Vesting Period	33 % in the 1 <sup>st</sup> year				
	33 % in the $2^{nd}$ year				
Total options vested (excluding	34 % in the 3 <sup>rd</sup> year				
forfeited/lapsed/ cancelled/ and	NIL				
including exercised options)	) III				
Options forfaited/lanced/concelled	NIL				
forfeited/lapsed/cancelled Options exercised				Ac on t	he date of this
Options exercised	Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2	IIIX	ospectus
	NA	NA	NA		NIL
Total number of shares arising as	NIL				
a result of exercise of granted					
options (including exercised					
options) Variation in terms of options	No variation in term	o of the ESC	D 2019 sahama		
variation in terms of options	No variation in tern	is of the ESC	r 2016 scheme		
Money realised by exercise of options	NIL				
Total number of options in force	As on the date of th	e RHP, there	are no vested or	ptions in force. The t	otal number of
	unvested options in				
excluding exercised options)					
Employee wise details of options					
granted to (i) Senior managerial	NI C 41.		C O - 4°	T-4-1 N	T-4-1 N 6
(i) Senior managerial personnel i.e. Directors and	Name of th Director/Ke		o of Options Granted	Total Number of Options Forfeited	Total Number of Options
key management personnel	Management Per		(Including	Options I officia	Outstanding/
, , ,			Bonus)		Exercised
					(Including
		•	200.000	\	Bonus)
	Sanjay Seth	1	200,000	NIL	200,000
(ii) Any other employee who					
received a grant in any one	Name of th	e Employee	No.c	of Options Granted	Year of
year of options amounting	ranic of th	c Employee	/-	ncluding Bonus)	Grant
to 5% or more of the	Sanjay Seth	i		2,00,000	2018-2019
options granted during that					
year					
(iii) Identified employees who are granted options, during	Na a 6 41	. Fl	No.	of Outland Cuantal	Vanaf
any one year equal to	Name of the	e Employee		of Options Granted (ncluding Bonus)	Year of Grant
exceeding 1% of the issued			NIL	including Donus)	Grant
capital (excluding	-		1,113		
outstanding warrants and					
conversions) of our					
Company at the time of					
grant Fully diluted EPS pursuant to	NΔ				
issue of Equity Shares on					
exercise of options calculated in					

			Details	
Particulars	Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018	As on the date of this Prospectus
accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) 20 'Earning Per Share'				<del>_</del>
Difference between employee compensation cost using the intrinsic value of stock options and the employee compensation cost that shall have been recognised if our Company has used fair value of options	options, the different that shall have been disclosed in the Dir EPS of the Company	nce between the empen recognized, if it rector's report and a	bloyee compensation of had used the fair values the impact of this	cost so computed and the cost alue of the options, shall be a difference on profits and on
Impact on profits and EPS of the last three years if our Company had followed the accounting policies specified in Regulation 15 of the SEBI ESOP Regulations in respect of options	NA			
granted in the last three years  Weighted-average exercise prices and weighted-average fair values of options whose exercise	NA			
price either equals or exceeds or is less than the market price of the stock				
Description of the method and significant assumptions used during the year to estimate the fair values of options, including weighted-average information, namely, risk-free interest rate, expected life, expected volatility, expected dividends, and the price of the underlying share in the market at the time of grant of the option.	Fair Value Method			
Impact on profits and EPS of the last three years if our Company had followed accounting policies specified in Regulation 15 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 in respect of options granted in the last three years	NA			
Intention of the holders of Equity Shares allotted on exercise of options to sell their shares within three months after the listing of Equity Shares pursuant to the Offer	NA			
Intention to sell Equity Shares arising out of the exercise of shares granted under the ESOP Scheme within three months after the listing of Equity Shares by directors, senior managerial personnel and employees amounting to more than 1% of	NIL			
the issued capital (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions)				

# 7. History of Build-up, Contribution and Lock-in of Promoters' Shareholding

### (a) Build-up of Promoters' equity shareholding in our Company

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters hold, in aggregate, 171,095,293 Equity Shares, which constitutes 100 % of the issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of our Company.

Set forth below is the build-up of the equity shareholding of our Promoters, since incorporation of our Company.

Date of allotment/ transfer	No. of Equity Shares	Face value (₹)	Issue/ purchase/ sale price per Equity Share (₹)	Consideration	Nature of acquisition/ transfer	Percentage of pre-Offer Equity Share capital (%)	Percentage of post- Offer Equity Share capital (%)
				(A) Ravi C. Ral	heja		
March 31, 1998	150,000*	10	10	Cash	Further issue	0.09	0.07
July 11, 1998	450,000*	10	-	Bonus	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share	0.26	0.22
November 20, 2006	1,618,056*	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the amalgamation of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited with our Company	0.95	0.79
November 20, 2006	1,944	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the amalgamation of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited with our Company	0.001	0.00
February 15, 2010	5,000,000*	10	90	Cash	Transfer from IDFC Infrastructure Fund	2.92	2.44
March 31, 2011	550,000*	10	100	Cash	Transfer from Uptown Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.32	0.27
December 8, 2017	5,586,318*	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the scheme of arrangement effecting the demerger of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited with our Company	3.27	2.72
May 15, 2018	6,912	10	-	Other than Cash	Gift from Chandru L. Raheja	0.00	0.00
May 15, 2018	2,213,088	10	-	Other than Cash	Gift from Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja	1.29	1.08
May 23, 2018	300,000	10	-	Other than Cash	Transfer pursuant to partition of Chandru Lachmandas HUF	0.18	0.15
						9.28	7.74

<sup>\*</sup>Equity Shares held jointly with Chandru L. Raheja and Jyoti C. Raheja.

(B) Neel C. Raheja										
September	10*	100	100	Cash	Further issue	0.00	0.00			

Pursuant to a resolution of our Board passed in their meeting held on March 4, 1998 and a special resolution of our shareholders in their general meeting held on March 9, 1998, each equity share of our Company of face value ₹ 100 was split into 10 Equity Shares of our Company of face value of ₹ 10 each

Date of allotment/ transfer	No. of Equity Shares	Face value (₹)	Issue/ purchase/ sale price per Equity Share (₹)	Consideration	Nature of acquisition/ transfer	Percentage of pre-Offer Equity Share capital (%)	Percentage of post- Offer Equity Share capital (%)
March 31, 1998	149,900*	10	10	Cash	Further issue	0.09	0.07
July 11, 1998	450,000*	10	-	Bonus	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share	0.26	0.22
November 20, 2006	1,618,056*	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the amalgamation of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited with our Company	0.95	0.79
November 20, 2006	1,944	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the amalgamation of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited with our Company	0.001	0.00
February 15, 2010	5,000,000*	10	90	Cash	Transfer from IDFC Infrastructure Fund	2.92	2.44
March 31, 2011	550,000*	10	100	Cash	Transfer of shares from Uptown Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.32	0.27
December 8, 2017	5,586,318*	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the scheme of arrangement effecting the demerger of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited with our Company	3.27	2.72
May 15, 2018	2,220,000	10	-	Other than Cash	Gift from Jyoti C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja.	1.30	1.08
May 23, 2018	300,000	10	-	Other than Cash	Transfer pursuant to partition of Chandru Lachmandas HUF	0.18	0.15
Total (B)	15,876,318					9.28	7.74

(C) K. Raheja Corp Private Limited							
October 22, 2002	785,000	10	36.70	-	Transfer from Sara Fund Trustee Company Limited Account Sara Fund	0.46	0.38
October 24, 2002	1,785,824	10	36.70	Cash	Transfer from IL&FS	1.04	0.87
March 20, 2003	2,000,000	10	18	Cash	Transfer from K. Raheja Private Limited	1.17	0.98
March 28, 2006	4,999,176	10	50	Cash	Further issue	2.92	2.44
December 29, 2011	5,000,000	10	115	Cash	Transfer from Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	2.92	2.44
Total (C)	14,570,000					8.52	7.11

Date of allotment/ transfer	No. of Equity Shares	Face value (₹)	Issue/ purchase/ sale price per Equity Share (₹)	Consideration	Nature of acquisition/ transfer	Percentage of pre-Offer Equity Share capital (%)	Percentage of post- Offer Equity Share capital (%)
				K. Raheja Privat			
March 31, 1998	3,600,000	10	10	Cash	Further issue	2.10	1.76
July 11, 1998	10,800,000	10	-	Bonus	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share	6.31	5.27
March 20, 2003	(2,000,000)	10	18	Cash	Transfer to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	(1.17)	(0.98)
Total (D)	12,400,000					7.25	6.05
			(E) Ivory Pro	onerties and Hote	els Private Limited		
January 6, 2003	1,134,750	10	14.10	Cash	Transfer from ICICI Limited	0.66	0.55
April 4, 2003	1,170,210	10	14.10	Cash	Transfer from ICICI Limited	0.68	0.57
July 3, 2003	1,266,469	10	14.10	Cash	Transfer from ICICI Limited	0.74	0.62
March 28, 2006	2,000,824	10	50	Cash	Further issue	1.17	0.98
Total (E)	5,572,253					3.26	2.72
			(F) Genext H	ardware and Pai	ks Private Limited		
December 23, 2016	8,000,000	10	13	Cash	Transfer from Avacado Properties & Trading (India) Private Limited	4.68	3.90
Total (F)	8,000,000				Titvate Emilied	4.68	3.90
			2) FB 1 4	D 41 0 11			
March 31,	3,600,000	10	ع) Touchstone 10	Cash	otels Private Limited Further issue	2.10	1.76
1998				Cusii	T driller 188de	2.10	1.70
July 11, 1998	10,800,000	10	-	Bonus	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share	6.31	5.27
March 31, 2011	100,000	10	100	Cash	Transfer from Uptown Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.06	0.05
Total (G)	14,500,000					8.47	7.07
September	60	100	100	(H) Cape Tradin Cash	g LLP Further issue	0.00	0.00
18, 1995 December 14, 1996	65	100	100	Cash	Transfer from Sea Crust Properties Private Limited	0.00	0.00
in their gene		d on Mar	ch 9, 1998, eac		March 4, 1998 and a special our Company of face value		
March 31, 1998	1,284,250	10	10	Cash	Further issue	0.75	0.63
July 11, 1998	3,856,500	10	-	Bonus	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share	2.25	1.88
November 20, 2006	7,974,180	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the amalgamation of	4.66	3.89

Date of allotment/ transfer	No. of Equity Shares	Face value (₹)	Issue/ purchase/ sale price per Equity Share (₹)	Consideration	Nature of acquisition/ transfer	Percentage of pre-Offer Equity Share capital (%)	Percentage of post- Offer Equity Share capital (%)
					Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited with our Company		
Total (H)	13,116,180					7.67	6.40
			(I	) Capstan Tradir	ng LLP		
September 18, 1995	70	100	100	Cash	Further issue	0.00	0.00
December 14, 1996	50	100	100	Cash	Transfer from Kanishka Properties Private Limited	0.00	0.00
in their gene		d on Marc	h 9, 1998, eac		March 4, 1998 and a specia our Company of face value		
March 31, 1998	1,491,300	10	10	Cash	Further issue	0.87	0.73
July 11, 1998	4,477,500	10	-	Bonus	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share	2.62	2.18
November 20, 2006	10,525,680	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the amalgamation of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited with our Company	6.15	5.13
Total (I)	16,495,680					9.64	8.05
			(I) (	asa Maria Prope	antica I I D		
September 18, 1995	70	100	100	Cash	Further issue	0.00	0.00
December 14, 1996	50	100	100	Cash	Transfer from Gavotte Traders Private Limited	0.00	0.00
in their gene		d on Marc	h 9, 1998, eac		March 4, 1998 and a specia our Company of face value		
March 31, 1998	1,492,800	10	10.00	Cash	Further issue	0.87	0.73
July 11, 1998	4,482,000	10	-	Bonus	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share	2.62	2.19
November 20, 2006	10,520,280	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the amalgamation of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited with our Company	6.15	5.13
Total (J)	16,496,280					9.64	8.05
			( <b>K</b> )	Anbee Construct	ions LLP		
September 18, 1995	70	100	100	Cash	Further issue	0.00	0.00
December 14, 1996	40	100	100	Cash	Transfer from Glacial Trading Private Limited	0.00	0.00

Date of allotment/ transfer	No. of Equity Shares	Face value (₹)	Issue/ purchase/ sale price per Equity Share (₹)	Consideration	Nature of acquisition/ transfer	Percentage of pre-Offer Equity Share capital (%)	Percentage of post- Offer Equity Share capital (%)
December 14, 1996	2	100	100	Cash	Transfer from Gopal L. Raheja jointly with Sandeep G. Raheja.	0.00	0.00
December 14, 1996	13	100	100	Cash	Transfer from Gopal L. Raheja jointly with Sandeep G. Raheja	0.00	0.00
December 14, 1996	10	100	100	Cash	Transfer from Gopal L. Raheja jointly with Sandeep G. Raheja	0.00	0.00
in their gene		d on Marc	h 9, 1998, eac		March 4, 1998 and a specia our Company of face value		
March 31, 1998	1,284,150	10	10	Cash	Further issue	0.75	0.63
July 11, 1998	3,856,500	10	-	Bonus	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share	2.25	1.88
November 20, 2006	7,974,180	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the amalgamation of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited with our Company	4.66	3.89
Total (K)	13,116,180				Company	7.67	6.40
			(L) Palm S	Shelter Estate De	evelopment LLP		
March 31, 2011	800,000	10	100	Cash	Transfer from Uptown Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.47	0.39
Total (L)	800,000					0.47	0.39
			(M) Ragh	ukool Estate Dev	relopement LLP		
September 18, 1995	70	100	100	Cash	Further issue	0.00	0.00
December 14, 1996	50	100	100	Cash	Transfer from Ideal Properties Private Limited.	0.00	0.00
in their gene		d on Marc	h 9, 1998, eac		March 4, 1998 and a specia our Company of face value		
March 31, 1998	1,491,300	10	10	Cash	Further issue	0.87	0.73
July 11, 1998	4,477,500	10	-	Bonus	Bonus issue in the ratio of three equity shares for every one Equity Share	2.62	2.18
November 20, 2006	10,525,680	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the amalgamation of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited with our Company	6.15	5.13
Total (M)	16,495,680					9.64	8.05
			<u>(</u> N	N) Ivory Propert			
December 8, 2017	7,780,404*	10	-	Other than cash	Allotment		3.79

Date of allotment/ transfer	No. of Equity Shares	Face value (₹)	Issue/ purchase/ sale price per Equity Share (₹)	Consideration	Nature of Percentage acquisition/ transfer of pre-Offer Equity Share capital (%)		Percentage of post- Offer Equity Share capital (%)
					pursuant to the scheme of arrangement effecting the demerger of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Genext") with our Company		
Total (N)	7,780,404					4.55	3.79
Grand Total	171,095,293	-	-	-	-	100.00	83.45

<sup>\*</sup> Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited holding Equity Shares as the registered owner for and on behalf of the beneficiaries of Ivory Property Trust.

As on the date of this Prospectus, 47,023,720 Equity Shares constituting 27.48% of our pre-Offer paid-up equity share capital of our Company held by Capstan Trading LLP, Raghukool Estate Developement LLP, Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited, Anbee Construction LLP and Cape Trading LLP, our Promoters, are pledged in favour of HDFC Limited.

Name of company	No of Equity Shares pledged	% of total pre-Offer paid up capital
Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited	14,400,000	8.42%
Anbee Construction LLP	13,116,180	7.67%
Cape Trading LLP	13,116,180	7.67%
Raghukool Estate Developement LLP	3,395,680	1.98%
Capstan Trading LLP	2,995,680	1.75%
TOTAL	47,023,720	27.48%

# (b) Equity shareholding of our Promoters and Promoter Group

Set forth below is the equity shareholding of our Promoters and Promoter Group as on the date of this Prospectus. Our Promoters hold 100% of the equity paid up share capital of our Company.

Name of shareholder		the Red Herring	Post-0	Offer#
	Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of Equity Share capital (%)	Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of Equity Share capital (%)
		Promoters		
1. Ravi C. Raheja	15,876,318	9.28	10,326,318	5.04
2. Neel C. Raheja	15,876,318	9.28	10,326,318	5.04
3. K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	14,570,000	8.52	3,785,824	1.85
4. K. Raheja Private Limited	12,400,000	7.25	12,400,000	6.05
5. Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited	5,572,253	3.26	3,571,429	1.74
6. Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited*	7,780,404	4.55	7,780,404	3.79
7. Genext Hardware and Parks Private Limited	8,000,000	4.68	8,000,000	3.90
8. Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited	14,500,000	8.47	14,500,000	7.07
9. Cape Trading LLP	13,116,180	7.67	13,116,180	6.40
10. Capstan Trading LLP	16,495,680	9.64	16,495,680	8.04
11. Casa Maria Properties LLP	16,496,280	9.64	16,496,280	8.05
12. Anbee Constructions LLP	13,116,180	7.67	13,116,180	6.40

Name of shareholder		f the Red Herring pectus	Post-	Offer#
	Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of Equity Share capital (%)	Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of Equity Share capital (%)
13. Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	800,000	0.47	0	0.00
14. Raghukool Estate Developement LLP	16,495,680	9.64	16,495,680	8.04
Total	171,095,293	100.00%	146,410,293	71.41

<sup>#</sup> Assuming that all the Equity Shares offered by our Promoter as part of the Offer for Sale are transferred pursuant to this Offer. Subject to finalization of the Basis of Allotment.

All the Equity Shares held by our Promoters were fully paid-up on the respective dates of acquisition of such Equity Shares.

Other than as mentioned above, none of the members of the Promoter Group, hold any Equity Shares as of the date of this Prospectus.

# (c) Shareholding of directors/partners of our corporate Promoters

Except as disclosed below, none of the directors or partners of our corporate Promoters hold any Shares in our Company.

Directors/Partners of corporate Promoters	Equity Shares	Percentage of Equity Share capital (%)	Preference Shares
Ravi C. Raheja	15,876,318	9.28%	2,325 Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and 2,325 Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS
Neel C. Raheja	15,876,318	9.28%	2,325 Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and 2,325 Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS
C.L Raheja	-	-	1,600 NCRPS

All Equity Shares held by our Promoters are in dematerialized form as on the date of this Prospectus.

# Details of Promoters' contribution and lock-in for three years

Pursuant to Regulation 32 and 36(a) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, an aggregate of 20% of the fully diluted post-Offer Equity Share capital of our Company held by our Promoters shall be provided towards minimum promoters' contribution and locked-in for a period of three years from the date of Allotment ("**Promoters' Contribution**"). The lock-in of the Promoters' Contribution would be created as per applicable laws and procedures and details of such lock-in shall also be provided to the Stock Exchanges before the listing of the Equity Shares. The Equity Shares held by our Promoters, are eligible for inclusion in the Promoters' Contribution, in terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters hold 171,095,293 Equity Shares, constituting 100% of our Company's paid-up Equity Share capital, of which all the Equity Shares except (i) 24,685,000 Equity Shares forming part of the Offer for Sale by the Promoters; (ii) 47,023,720 Equity Shares pledged with HDFC Limited constituting 27.48% of our Company's paid-up Equity Share capital; and (iii) any other Equity Share specifically ineligible in accordance with Regulation 33 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, are eligible for Promoter's Contribution.

Set forth below are the details of the Equity Shares that will be locked up as Promoters' Contribution for a period of three years from the date of Allotment of Equity Shares in the Offer.

<sup>\*</sup> Equity Shares held by the registered owner for and on behalf of the beneficiaries of Ivory Property Trust

Name of the Promoter	No. of Equity Shares locked-in	Date of allotment	Face value (₹)	% of pre-Offer Equity Share capital	% of the post- Offer Equity Share capital*
Capstan Trading LLP	700*	September 18, 1995	10*	0.00%	0.00%
Capstan Trading LLP	500*	December 14, 1996	10*	0.00%	0.00%
Capstan Trading LLP	1,491,300	March 31, 1998	10	0.87%	0.73%
Capstan Trading LLP	4,477,500	July 11, 1998	10	2.62%	2.18%
Capstan Trading LLP	7,530,000	November 20, 2006	10	4.40%	3.67%
Casa Maria Properties LLP	700**	September 18, 1995	10**	0.00%	0.00%
Casa Maria Properties LLP	500**	December 14, 1996	10**	0.00%	0.00%
Casa Maria Properties LLP	1,492,800	March 31, 1998	10	0.87%	0.73%
Casa Maria Properties LLP	4,482,000	July 11, 1998	10	2.62%	2.19%
Casa Maria Properties LLP	10,520,280	November 20, 2006	10	6.15%	5.13%
K Raheja Pvt. Ltd.	10,000,000	July 11, 1998	10	5.84%	4.88%
Neel Chandru Raheja	116700	March 31, 1998	10	0.06%	0.06%
Ravi Chandru Raheja	116700	March 31, 1998	10	0.06%	0.06%
Neel Chandru Raheja	450000	July 11, 1998	10	0.26%	0.22%
Ravi Chandru Raheja	450000	July 11, 1998	10	0.26%	0.22%
Total	41,129,680			23.37%	20.06%

<sup>\*</sup> Pursuant to a resolution of our Board passed in their meeting held on March 4, 1998, and a special resolution of our shareholders in their general meeting held on March 9, 1998, each equity share of our Company of face value ₹ 100 was sub-divided into 10 equity shares of our Company of face value of ₹ 10 each, and accordingly, 70 equity shares and 50 equity shares allotted to Capstan Trading LLP by our Company of face value ₹ 100 each were sub-divided into 700 Equity Shares and 500 Equity Shares of our Company of face value ₹ 10 each.

For details on the build-up of the Equity Share capital held by our Promoters, see "Capital Structure- Build-up of our Promoters' shareholding in our Company" on page 106.

Our Promoters, have given their consent to include such number of Equity Shares held by them, as disclosed above, constituting 20% of the fully diluted post-Offer Equity Share capital of our Company as Promoters' Contribution. Our Promoters, have agreed not to sell, transfer, charge, pledge or otherwise encumber in any manner the Promoters' Contribution from the date of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, until the expiry of the lock-in period specified above, or for such other time as required under SEBI ICDR Regulations, except as may be permitted, in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

The Promoters' Contribution has been brought in to the extent of not less than the specified minimum lot and from persons identified as 'promoters' under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

The Equity Shares that are being locked-in are not, and will not be, ineligible for computation of Promoters' Contribution under Regulation 33 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. In this regard we confirm that:

- the Equity Shares offered as part of the Promoters' Contribution do not comprise Equity Shares acquired
  during the preceding three years for consideration other than cash and wherein revaluation of assets or
  capitalisation of intangible assets was involved or bonus issue out of revaluations reserves or unrealised
  profits or against Equity Shares that are otherwise ineligible for computation of Promoters' Contribution;
- 2. the Promoters' Contribution does not include Equity Shares acquired during the preceding one year, at a price lower than the price at which the Equity Shares are being offered to the public in the Offer;
- 3. our Company has not been formed by conversion of a partnership firm into a company and hence, no Equity Shares have been issued in the preceding one year pursuant to conversion of a partnership firm; and
- 4. the Equity Shares held by our Promoters and offered as part of the Promoters' Contribution are not subject to any pledge.

## (d) Details of Equity Shares locked-in for one year

<sup>\*\*</sup> Pursuant to a resolution of our Board passed in their meeting held on March 4, 1998, and a special resolution of our shareholders in their general meeting held on March 9, 1998, each equity share of our Company of face value ₹ 100 was sub-divided into 10 equity shares of our Company of face value of ₹ 10 each, and accordingly, 70 equity shares and 50 equity shares allotted to Casa Maria Properties LLP by our Company of face value ₹ 100 each were sub-divided into 700 Equity Shares and 500 Equity Shares of our Company of face value ₹ 10 each. #subject to finalization of the Basis of Allotment.

In terms of Regulation 37 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the entire pre-Offer Equity Share capital will be locked-in for a period of one year from the date of Allotment in the Offer, except (a) the Promoters' Contribution which shall be locked in as above; (b) Equity Shares which are successfully transferred as part of the Offer for Sale and (c) Equity Shares allotted under the ESOP 2018 to the eligible employees of our Company who are employees as on date of Allotment, the entire pre-Offer Equity Share capital of our Company shall be locked-in for a period of one year from the date of the Allotment.

The aforesaid lock-in arrangement shall be subject to any subsequent amendments to the lock-in requirements under applicable provisions of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. Any unsubscribed portion of the Offered Shares would also be locked in as required under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

#### (e) Lock-in of Equity Shares Allotted to Anchor Investors

Any Equity Shares Allotted to Anchor Investors in the Anchor Investor Portion shall be locked in for a period of 30 days from the date of Allotment.

# (f) Other requirements in respect of lock-in

Pursuant to Regulation 39 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, Equity Shares held by our Promoters and locked-in for one year may be pledged only with scheduled commercial banks or public financial institutions as collateral security for loans granted by such banks or public financial institutions, provided that such pledge of the Equity Shares is one of the terms of the sanction of the loan. Equity Shares locked-in as Promoters' Contribution for three years can be pledged only if in addition to fulfilling the aforementioned requirements, such loans have been granted by such banks or financial institutions for the purpose of financing one or more of the objects of the Offer.

Pursuant to the SEBI final observation letter (no. CFD/DIL II/NR/AV/29259/2018) dated October 19, 2018, our request for exemption from the requirement to comply with Regulation 39(b) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009, regarding pledge of shares with HDFC Limited (HFC), was acceded to by SEBI.

In terms of Regulation 40 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, Equity Shares held by our Promoters may be transferred between our Promoters and Promoter Group or a new promoter or persons in control of our Company, subject to continuation of lock-in applicable to the transferee for the remaining period and compliance with provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 (the "**Takeover Regulations**").

Further, in terms of Regulation 40 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, Equity Shares held by persons other than our Promoters prior to the Offer and locked-in for a period of one year, may be transferred to any other person holding Equity Shares which are locked in along with the Equity Shares proposed to be transferred, subject to the continuation of the lock in applicable to the transferee and compliance with the provisions of the Takeover Regulations and such transferee shall not be eligible to transfer them till the lock-in period stipulated in SEBI ICDR Regulations has expired.

8. As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company has 14 Equity Shareholders.

# 9. Our shareholding pattern

A. Set forth below is the shareholding pattern of our Company as on the date of this Prospectus.

Category (I)	Category of the Shareholder (II)	No. of Shareholders (III)	No. of fully paid up equity shares held (IV)	No. of partly paid- up equity shares	No. of shares underlying Depository Receipts	Total No. shares held (VII) = (IV)+(V)+ (VI)	Shareholding as a % of total no. of shares (calculated	No. of		ghts held i urities (IX	n each class	No. of shares Underlying Outstanding convertible	shares Underlying Outstanding convertible	shares Underlying Outstanding convertible	shares Underlying Outstanding convertible	shares Underlying Outstanding convertible	shares Underlying Outstanding convertible	shares Underlying Outstanding convertible	shares Underlying Outstanding convertible	shares Underlying Outstanding convertible	shares Underlying Outstanding	Shareholding as a % assuming full conversion of convertible securities (as	Loc	nber of eked in es (XII)	Number of pledged or o encumbered	therwise	Number of equity shares held in dematerialized from (XIV)
				held (V)	(VI)		as per SCRR, 1957) As a % of (A+B+C2) (VIII)	No. of	f Voting	Rights	Total as a % of total voting rights	securities (including Warrants) (X)	a % of diluted share capital (XI)=(VII)+ (X) as a % of (A+B+C2)	No. (a)	As a % of total shares held (b)	No. (a)	As a % of total shares held (b)										
								eg: X	eg: Y																		
(A)	Promoter & Promoter Group	14	171,095,293	0	0	171,095,293			NA			0		0	0	47,023,720	27.48	171,095,293									
(B)	Public	0	0	0	0	0			NA			0		0	0	0		0									
(C)	Non Promoter-Non Public	0	0	0	0	0		0	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0									
(1)	Shares underlying Custodian/Depository Receipts	0	0	0	0	0		0	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0									
(2)	Shares held by Employee Trust	0	0	0	0	0		0	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0									
	Total (A)+(B)+(C)	14	171,095,293	0	0	171,095,293			NA			0-	0	0	0	47,023,720	0	171,095,293									

10. The BRLMs and their respective associates do not hold any Equity Shares as on the date of this Prospectus. The BRLMs and their respective affiliates may engage in transactions with and perform services for our Company in the ordinary course of business or may in the future engage in commercial banking and investment banking transactions with our Company and/or our Subsidiary, for which they may in the future receive customary compensation.

# 11. Shareholding of our Directors and Key Managerial Personnel in our Company

Name	No. of Equity Shares held as on date of this Prospectus	% of Equity Share capital as on date of this Prospectus
Ravi C. Raheja	15,876,318	9.28 %
Neel C. Raheja	15,876,318	9.28 %

# 12. 10 largest shareholders of our Company

(a) The 10 largest equity shareholders as on the date of this Prospectus and the number of Equity Shares held by them are as set forth below.

S. No.	Shareholder	Number of Equity Shares held	Percentage of Equity Share capital (%)
1.	Casa Maria Properties LLP	16,496,280	9.64%
2.	Capstan Trading LLP	16,495,680	9.64%
3.	Raghukool Estate Developement LLP	16,495,680	9.64%
4.	Neel C. Raheja	15,876,318	9.28%
5.	Ravi C. Raheja	15,876,318	9.28%
6.	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	14,570,000	8.52%
7.	Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited	14,500,000	8.47%
8.	Anbee Construction LLP	13,116,180	7.67%
9.	Cape Trading LLP	13,116,180	7.67%
10.	K. Raheja Private Limited	12,400,000	7.25%
	Total	1,48,942,636	87.05%

(b) The 10 largest equity shareholders as on ten days prior to the date of this Prospectus and the number of Equity Shares held by them are as set forth below.

S. No.	Shareholder	Number of Equity	Percentage of Equity
		Shares held	Share capital (%)
1.	Casa Maria Properties LLP	16,496,280	9.64%
2.	Capstan Trading LLP	16,495,680	9.64%
3.	Raghukool Estate Developement LLP	16,495,680	9.64%
4.	Neel C. Raheja	15,876,318	9.28%
5.	Ravi C. Raheja	15,876,318	9.28%
6.	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	14,570,000	8.52%
7.	Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited	14,500,000	8.47%
8.	Anbee Construction LLP	13,116,180	7.67%
9.	Cape Trading LLP	13,116,180	7.67%
10.	K. Raheja Private Limited	12,400,000	7.25%
	Total	1,48,942,636	87.05%

(c) Our 10 largest equity shareholders as of two years prior to the date of this Prospectus, i.e. as of February 1, 2017 are set forth below.

S. No.	Shareholder	Number of Equity	Percentage of Equity
		Shares held	Share capital (%)
1.	Casa Maria Properties LLP	16,496,280	10.84%
2.	Capstan Trading LLP	16,495,680	10.84%
3.	Raghukool Estate Developement LLP	16,495,680	10.84%
4.	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	14,570,000	9.58%
5.	Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private		
	Limited	14,500,000	9.53%

S. No.	Shareholder	Number of Equity Shares held	Percentage of Equity Share capital (%)
6.	Anbee Construction LLP	13,116,180	8.62%
7.	Cape Trading LLP	13,116,180	8.62%
8.	K. Raheja Private Limited	12,400,000	8.15%
9.	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	8,000,000	5.26%
10.	Ravi C. Raheja jointly with		
	Chandru Lachmandas Raheja and		
	Jyoti Chandru Raheja	7,770,000	5.11%
	Total	132,960,000	87.39%

For details relating to the cost of acquisition of Equity Shares by our Promoters, see "*Risk Factors – Prominent Notes*" on page 48.

13. Except as disclosed below, none of our Promoters, members of the Promoter Group or our Directors or their immediate relatives or directors of our corporate Promoters, have sold or purchased, or financed the sale or purchase of, Equity Shares by any other person, during the six months immediately preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and until the date of this Prospectus.

Sr. No.	Date of transfer	Details of transfer	No. of Equity Shares transferred	Transfer price per Equity Share		
1.	May 15, 2018	Gift by Chandru L. Raheja in favour of Ravi C. Raheja	6,912	N.A.		
2.	May 15, 2018	Gift by Chandru L. Raheja & Jyoti C. Raheja in favour of Ravi C. Raheja	2,213,088	N.A.		
2.	May 15, 2018	Gift by Jyoti C. Raheja & Chandru L. Raheja in favour of Neel C. Raheja	2,220,000	N.A.		
3.	May 23, 2018	Transfer pursuant to partition of Chandru Lachmandas HUF in favour of Ravi C. Raheja	300,000	N.A.		
4.	May 23, 2018	Transfer pursuant to partition of Chandru Lachmandas HUF in favour of Neel C. Raheja	300,000	N.A.		

- 14. Our Company, our Promoters, members of our Promoter Group, Directors and the BRLMs have not entered into any buy-back and/or standby arrangements for the purchase of Equity Shares being offered through this Offer from any person.
- 15. No person connected with the Offer, including, but not limited to, our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the members of the Syndicate, our Directors, Promoters or the members of our Promoter Group, shall offer in any manner whatsoever any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in cash, in kind or in services or otherwise to any Bidder for making a Bid.
- 16. No payment, direct or indirect benefit in the nature of discount, commission and allowance or otherwise shall be offered or paid either by our Company or our Promoters to any person in connection with making an application for or receiving any Equity Shares pursuant to this Offer.
- 17. Other than 47,023,720 Equity Shares constituting 27.48 % of the pre-Offer paid up equity share capital of our Company, none of the Equity Shares held by our Promoter and Promoter Group are pledged or otherwise encumbered. None of the Equity Shares being offered for sale through the Offer for Sale are pledged or otherwise encumbered.
- 18. An oversubscription to the extent of 10% of the Offer can be retained for the purpose of rounding-off to the nearest multiple of minimum Allotment lot while finalizing the Basis of Allotment.
- 19. Under-subscription, if any, in any category, except the QIB Category, would be allowed to be met with spill-over from any other category or combination of categories at the discretion of our Company in consultation with the BRLMs and the Designated Stock Exchange in accordance with applicable law.
- 20. The Equity Shares are fully paid-up and there are no partly paid-up Equity Shares as on the date of this Prospectus.

- 21. The Equity Shares to be issued pursuant to the Offer are and shall be fully paid-up at the time of Allotment, failing which no Allotment shall be made.
- 22. Except for options granted under the ESOP 2018, there are no outstanding warrants, options or rights to convert debentures, loans or other convertible instruments into Equity Shares as on the date of this Prospectus.
- 23. Except for the Fresh Issue and except for the issuance of Equity Shares upon exercise of employee stock options granted under the Chalet Hotels Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2018 there will be no further issue of Equity Shares whether by way of issue of bonus shares, preferential allotment, rights issue or in any other manner during the period commencing from the date of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus with SEBI until the Equity Shares have been listed on the Stock Exchanges or all application monies have been refunded, as the case may be.
- 24. Except for the issuance of Equity Shares upon exercise of employee stock options granted under the Chalet Hotels Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2018, and any change in paid up share capital as a result of calls made on Series A and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS, our Company presently does not intend or propose to alter the capital structure for a period of six months from the Bid/Offer Opening Date, by way of split or consolidation of the denomination of Equity Shares, or further issue of Equity Shares (including issue of securities convertible into or exchangeable for, directly or indirectly into Equity Shares), whether on a preferential basis or issue of bonus or rights or further public issue of Equity Shares or qualified institutions placements or otherwise.
- 25. Except for the sale of Equity Shares in the Offer, our Promoters and members of the Promoter Group have not participated in the Offer.
- 26. There shall be only one denomination of the Equity Shares, unless otherwise permitted by law. Our Company will comply with such disclosure and accounting norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.
- 27. Syndicate Members and any persons related to the BRLMs or Syndicate Members cannot apply in the Offer under the Anchor Investor Portion, except for Mutual Funds sponsored by entities related to the BRLMs.
- 28. Our Company has ensured that any transactions in the Equity Shares by our Promoters and the Promoter Group during the period between the date of registering the Red Herring Prospectus, in relation to this Offer with the RoC and the date of closure of the Offer were reported to the Stock Exchanges within 24 hours of the transactions.

A Bidder cannot make a Bid exceeding the number of Equity Shares offered through this Offer and subject to the investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law. For more information, see "*Offer Procedure*" on page 693.

#### **OBJECTS OF THE OFFER**

The Offer comprises of a fresh issue of 33,928,571 Equity Shares aggregating to ₹ 9,500 million ("**Fresh Issue**") and an offer for sale of 24,685,000 Equity Shares for cash at a price of ₹ 280 per Equity Share ("**Offer for Sale**") aggregating to ₹ 6,911.80 million.

# The Offer for Sale

Each of the Selling Shareholders will be entitled to the respective proportion of the proceeds of the Offer for Sale after deducting their portion of the Offer related expenses and relevant taxes thereon. Other than the listing fees (which shall be borne by our Company), all expenses in relation to the Offer will be shared among our Company and the Selling Shareholders on a pro rata basis, in proportion to the Equity Shares being issued and Allotted pursuant to Fresh Issue and Equity Shares sold by the Selling Shareholders, respectively, pursuant to the Offer and in accordance with applicable laws. Our Company will not receive any proceeds of the Offer for Sale by the Selling Shareholders. Each Selling Shareholder shall reimburse our Company for all expenses incurred by our Company on behalf of such Selling Shareholders, in relation to the Offer.

#### Fresh Issue

The proposed objects of the net proceeds of the Fresh Issue ("**Net Proceeds**") are proposed to be utilised in the following manner:

- 1. repayment/prepayment of certain indebtedness; and
- 2. general corporate purposes.

In addition to the aforesaid objects, our Company expects that the listing of the Equity Shares will, *inter alia*, enhance our visibility and our brand image among our existing and potential customers.

The main objects and the objects incidental and ancillary to the main objects of our MoA enables our Company (i) to undertake our existing business activities; (ii) to undertake activities for which loans have been raised or shall be raised, which are proposed to be pre-paid/ repaid from the Net Proceeds; and (iii) to undertake activities for which funds are earmarked for general corporate purposes.

# **Net Proceeds**

The details of the proceeds of the Fresh Issue are summarized in the table below:

(in ₹ million)

S. No	Particulars	Amount*#
(a)	Gross proceeds of the Offer	9,500
(b)	Less: Offer Expenses (only those apportioned to our Company)	338.75
(c)	Net Proceeds (excluding Offer Expenses to be borne by our	9,161.25
	Company) ("Net Proceeds")	

<sup>\*</sup>Our Company will bear all costs, charges, fees and expenses associated with and incurred in connection with this Offer, other than such costs, charges, fees or expenses required to be borne by the Selling Shareholders in proportion to their Offered Shares, in accordance with applicable law.# subject to finalisation of the Basis of Allotment.

#### **Utilization of Net Proceeds**

The Net Proceeds are proposed to be utilised towards the following objects:

(in ₹ million)

			(in \ million)
S. No	Objects	Amount	
1.	Repayment/prepayment of certain indebtedness	7,200	
2.	General corporate purposes*	1,961.25	

<sup>\*</sup>The amount utilised for general corporate purposes did not exceed 25.00% of the gross proceeds of the Offer.

# Proposed schedule of Implementation and Use of Net Proceeds

We propose to deploy the Net Proceeds for the aforesaid purpose in accordance with the estimated schedule of implementation and deployment of funds set forth in the table below. As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company has not deployed any funds towards Objects of the Offer.

S. No	Particulars	Total estimated amount / expenditure	Amount to be deployed from the Net Proceeds in Fiscal 2019
1.	Repayment/pre-payment of certain indebtedness	7,200	7,200
2.	General corporate purposes*	1,961.25	1,961.25
	Total Net Proceeds	5,238.75	5,238.75

<sup>\*</sup> The amount utilized for general corporate purposes did not exceed 25% of the gross proceeds of the Offer.

# **Details of the Objects**

# 1. Repayment/prepayment of certain indebtedness

Our Company has entered into various financing arrangements with banks, financial institutions and other entities. The borrowing arrangements entered into by our Company include borrowings in the form of terms loans, and fund based and non-fund based working capital facilities. For details of these financing arrangements including indicative terms and conditions, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 618. As on December 31, 2018, the amount outstanding under the borrowing arrangements entered into by our Company was ₹ 25,845.80 million (excluding interest) on a standalone basis.

Our Company intends to utilize ₹ 7,200.00 million (approximately) of the Net Proceeds towards repayment or prepayment of term loans availed by our Company (including any penalty arising out of such prepayment of loans). We believe that such repayment or prepayment will help reduce our outstanding indebtedness and debt servicing costs and enable utilization of the internal accruals for further investment towards business growth and expansion. In addition, we believe that this would improve our ability to raise further resources in the future to fund potential business development opportunities.

The selection of borrowings proposed to be prepaid or repaid amongst our borrowing arrangements availed will be based on various factors, including (i) cost of the borrowing to our Company including applicable interest rates, (ii) any conditions attached to the borrowings restricting our ability to prepay/ repay the borrowings and time taken to fulfil, or obtain waivers for fulfilment of such conditions, (iii) receipt of consents for prepayment from the respective lenders, (iv) terms and conditions of such consents and waivers, (v) levy of any prepayment penalties and the quantum thereof, (vi) receipt of requisite approvals in accordance with applicable laws, (vii) provisions of any laws, rules and regulations governing such borrowings, and (viii) other commercial considerations including, among others, the amount of the loan outstanding and the remaining tenor of the loan. For details, see "Risk Factors – Some of our loan agreements contain restrictive covenants. Inability to effectively service our borrowings, comply with or obtain waivers of applicable loan covenants, as the case may be, may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial conditions." on page 30.

The details of the outstanding loans proposed for repayment or prepayment, in full or in part from the Net Proceeds, without any obligation to any particular bank or financial institution are set forth below:

S. No	Name of the lender# #	Documentation @	Nature of loan	Sanctioned amount (in ₹ million)	Total outstandin g amount as on December 31, 2018(in ₹ million)*	Interest rate/ Fee and commission as on December 31, 2018 (in ₹ million)	Repayme nt schedule	Purpose for which the loan was sanctioned	Purpose for which the loan was actually utilised
1.	HDFC##	Master Facility Agreement	Line of Credit	2,500	2,500	10.30%	Repayabl e yearly from March 2019 to March 2026.	For construction / reimbursement of construction cost of Sahar Hotel and retail project/ working capital/ general corporate purpose	For construction / reimburseme nt of construction cost of Sahar Hotel and retail project/ working capital/ general corporate purpose

S. No	Name of the lender# #	Documentation @	Nature of loan	Sanctioned amount (in ₹ million)	Total outstandin g amount as on December 31, 2018(in ₹ million)*	Interest rate/ Fee and commission as on December 31, 2018 (in ₹ million)	Repayme nt schedule	Purpose for which the loan was sanctioned	Purpose for which the loan was actually utilised
2.	HDFC##	Master Facility Agreement	Term Loan	2,000	55	9.80%	Repayabl e monthly instalmen t ending on March 31, 2019.	To service existing loan and balance towards development of other hotel project of the Company as well as its other expansion plans.	To service existing loan and balance towards development of other hotel project of the Company as well as its other expansion plans.
3.	HDFC##	Master Facility Agreement	Term Loan	3,600	2,841	10.05%	120 equated monthly instalmen t.	Refinance existing loan of Hyderabad Hotel and general corporate purpose	Refinance existing loan of Hyderabad Hotel and general corporate purpose
4.	HDFC##	Master Facility Agreement	Term Loan	1,350	899	10.05%	120 equated monthly instalmen t.	General corporate purpose	General corporate purpose
5.	SCB	Term Loan Facility Agreement	Term Loan facility	2,000	1790	9.80%	Repayme nt in monthly instalmen t spread out over 7 years	For refinancing of existing ECB of USD 30 Million availed against security of Powai Hotel	For refinancing of existing ECB of USD 30 Million availed against security of Powai Hotel
6.	SCB	Term Loan Facility Agreement	Term Loan facility	1,950	1,872	10%	Repayme nt in semi- annual instalmen t spread out over 5 years	To be utilised towards repayment of ECB loan of USD 10 million against security of Powai hotel and general corporate purposes	To be utilised towards repayment of ECB loan of USD 10 million against security of Powai hotel and general corporate purposes
7.	SCB	Term Loan Facility Agreement	Overdraft facility	500	230	10.70%	months, to be renewed annually	Towards working capital requirement	Towards working capital requirement
8.	SCB	Term Loan Facility Agreement	Term Loan facility	900	734	9.55%	Repayme nt in monthly instalmen t spread out over 12 years	Repayment of existing loan of Bengaluru Mall General corporate purpose working capital purpose of Bengaluru Mall To meet Facility related cost Debt service reserve account	Repaymen     t    of     existing     loan    of     Bengaluru     Mall     General     corporate     purpose
9.	SCB	Term Loan Facility Agreement	Overdraft facility (Sublimit of Term loan facility of ₹ 900 million	150	109	9.50%	Overdraft to be reduced on proportio nate basis	Working capital purpose	Working capital purpose

S. No	Name of the lender# #	Documentation @	Nature of loan	Sanctioned amount (in ₹ million)	Total outstandin g amount as on December 31, 2018(in ₹ million)*	Interest rate/ Fee and commission as on December 31, 2018 (in ₹ million)	Repayme nt schedule	Purpose for which the loan was sanctioned	Purpose for which the loan was actually utilised
10.	ICICI#	Corporate Rupee Loan Facility Agreement	Rupee Term Loan	3,080	1,876	9.60%	Repayme nt in 36 quarterly	<ul><li>Repayment of existing loans</li><li>Capital</li></ul>	Repaymen t of existing
11.			Overdraft sub limit of term loan	300	217	9.60%	instalmen t after moratoriu m of 48 months	expenditure of Sahar project  Reimburseme nt of expenditure of Sahar project  Transaction cost	loans  Capital expenditur e Sahar project Reimburse ment of expenditur e of Sahar project
12.	ICICI#	Corporate Rupee Loan	Rupee Term Loan	1,900	1,331	9.60%	Repayme nt in 36 quarterly	Repayment of existing loans of Bengaluru	Repaymen     t of     existing
13.			Overdraft sub limit of term loan	150	111	9.45%	instalmen t after moratoriu m of 12 months	hotel  Long term working capital  Expenses related to facility	loans of Bengaluru hotel  Long term working capital
14.	RBL	Term Loan Agreement	Term Loan	1,500	840	9.50%	Repayabl e in quarterly instalmen t spread out over 5 years	Refinance / Repayment of existing high cost debt	Refinance / Repayment of existing high cost debt
15.	BOB	Term Loan Agreement	Term Loan	900	892	8.85%	Repayabl e in 108 monthly instalmen t with moratoriu m of 3 years	For funding the construction/dev elopment expenses and future capital expenditure of hotel and retail project at Sahar, Mumbai	For funding the construction / development expenses and future capital expenditure of hotel and retail project at Sahar, Mumbai
16.	Yes Bank	Loan Agreement	Term Loan	1,100	900	11.18%		For funding the ongoing capital	For funding the ongoing
17.	Yes Bank	Loan Agreement	Overdraft sub limit of term loan	200	35	10.75%	quarterly instalmen ts from March 2020 to December 2026.	expenditure and refinance of existing debt and working capital requirements	capital expenditure and refinance of existing debt and working capital requirements
18.	Citibank	Facility Agreement	Term Loan	500	431	9.10%	Repayabl e in 90 monthly instalmen ts.	For refinance of existing loans from promoter / group companies taken for Bengaluru commercial project	For refinance of existing loans from promoter / group companies taken for Bengaluru commercial project
19.	Citibank	Facility Agreement	Term Loan	443	378	9.10%	Repayabl e in 108 monthly instalmen ts.	For refinance of existing loans from promoter / group companies taken for Bengaluru commercial project	For refinance of existing loans from promoter / group companies taken for Bengaluru commercial project

S. No	Name of the lender# #	<b>Documentation</b> @	Nature of loan	Sanctioned amount (in ₹ million)	Total outstandin g amount as on December 31, 2018(in ₹ million)*	Interest rate/ Fee and commission as on December 31, 2018 (in ₹ million)	Repayme nt schedule	Purpose for which the loan was sanctioned	Purpose for which the loan was actually utilised
20.	SCB###	Facility Agreement	ECB	2,094	1,822**	6 Month LIBOR + 3.75%	Repayme nt in semi- annual instalmen t spread out over 6 years	Towards project development of Marriot Hotel located in Whitefield, Bengaluru	Towards project development of Marriot Hotel located in Whitefield, Bengaluru
21.	SCB###	Facility Agreement	ECB	1,396	1,368***	3 Month LIBOR + 3.75%	Repayme nt in semi- annual instalmen t spread out over 5 years	Towards construction and development of Sahar Hotel, Mumbai Towards renovation and expansion of Renaissance Hotel Mumbai  Mumbai	Towards constructi on and developm ent of Sahar Hotel, Mumbai Towards renovation and expansion of Renaissan ce Hotel Mumbai
Total				28,513	21,230				1.14111041

<sup>\*</sup>The amount outstanding is excluding interest accrued and due as on December 31, 2018. The amount outstanding as of December 31, 2018, being ₹ 25,845.80 million, has been certified by Nayak and Rane, chartered accountants (firm registration number: 117249W) by way of their certificate dated January 14, 2019. Further, Nayak and Rane, chartered accountants have confirmed that our Company has utilized the above borrowings for the purposes for which the loans were sanctioned.

In addition to the above, we may, from time to time, enter into further financing arrangements and draw down funds thereunder. In such cases or in case any of the above loans are prepaid, repaid, redeemed (earlier or scheduled), refinanced or further drawn-down prior to the completion of the Offer, we may utilise Net Proceeds of the Fresh Issue towards prepayment, repayment or redemption (earlier or scheduled) of such additional indebtedness availed by us, details of which are provided in this Prospectus.

# 2. General corporate purposes

The Net Proceeds will first be utilised for the objects as set out above. Subject to this, our Company intends to deploy any balance left out of the Net Proceeds towards general corporate purposes of our Company, as approved by our management, from time to time, subject to such utilisation for general corporate purposes not exceeding 25% of the Net Proceeds, in compliance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

Such general corporate purposes may include, but are not restricted to, the following:

- (i) strategic initiatives;
- (ii) funding growth opportunities;
- (iii) strengthening marketing capabilities and brand building exercises;

<sup>#</sup> The facility originally sanctioned by ICICI UK Plc has been transferred to Standard Chartered Bank, UK by way of novation on July 18, 2018.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Amount sanctioned for said ECB is USD 30 Million, of which INR equivalent of USD 26.10 Million is outstanding, determined on the basis of INR/USD exchange rate of 69.79 as on December 31, 2018.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Amount sanctioned for said ECB is USD 20 Million, of which INR equivalent of USD 19.60 Million is outstanding, determined on the basis of INR/USD exchange rate of 69.79 as on December 31, 2018.

For facilities availed from HDFC (other than the line of credit) the terms of prepayment will be as prescribed by HDFC. For the line of credit availed from HDFC, there is no prepayment penalty. For all other facilities availed from other lenders, the prepayment penalty will not be payable if the outstanding amount under the loan facilities are prepaid on interest reset dates, as mentioned in the loan documents.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Total sanctioned amount includes INR equivalent of USD 50 Million and total outstanding amount includes INR equivalent of USD 45.70 million, determined on the basis of INR/USD exchange rate of 69.79 as on December 31, 2018. Our Company shall prepay the ECB facilities availed from Standard Chartered Bank, UK subject to receipt of requisite regulatory approvals in accordance with applicable laws.

<sup>@</sup> Agreements as amended

- (iv) meeting ongoing general corporate contingencies;
- (v) any other purpose, as may be approved by the Board, subject to compliance with applicable law.

The allocation or quantum of utilisation of funds towards the specific purposes described above will be determined by our Board, based on our business requirements and other relevant considerations, from time to time. Our management, in accordance with the policies of the Board, shall have the flexibility in utilising surplus amounts, if any.

# Means of Finance

The fund requirements set out above are proposed to be funded from the Net Proceeds. Accordingly, we confirm that there are no requirements to make firm arrangements of finance under Regulation 4(2)(g) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations through verifiable means towards at least 75.00% of the stated means of finance, excluding the amount to be raised from Fresh Issue.

In the event that estimated utilisation out of the Net Proceeds towards the aforementioned objects in a Fiscal is not completely met, due to any reason, the same shall be utilised (in part or full) in the subsequent period as may be determined by our Company, in accordance with applicable law.

#### **Offer Related Expenses**

The total expenses of the Offer are estimated to be ₹ 584.71 million. The expenses of this Offer include, among others, listing fees, underwriting fees, selling commission and brokerage, fees payable to the BRLMs, fees payable to legal counsel, fees payable to the Registrar to the Offer, Escrow Collection Banks to the Offer, processing fee to the SCSBs for processing Bid cum Application Forms, brokerage and selling commission payable to members of the Syndicate, Registered Brokers, Collecting RTAs and CDPs, printing and stationery expenses, advertising and marketing expenses and all other incidental and miscellaneous expenses for listing the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges. Except for listing fees which shall be solely borne by our Company, all Offer expenses will be shared, upon successful completion of the Offer, between our Company and the Selling Shareholders on a prorata basis, in proportion to the Equity Shares Allotted by our Company in the Fresh Issue and the Equity Shares sold by the Selling Shareholders in the Offer for Sale. However, in the event that the Offer is withdrawn or not completed for any reason whatsoever, all Offer related expenses will be borne by our Company.

The estimated Offer expenses are as follows:

(₹ in million)

S. No	Activity	Estimated amount (₹ in million)	As a % of total estimated Offer Expenses	As a % of Offer Size
1.	Fees payable to the BRLMs (including underwriting commission, brokerage and selling commission)	350.06	59.87%	2.13%
2.	Selling commission and processing fees for SCSBs and Sponsor Bank (1)(2)(6)	1.81	0.31%	0.01%
3.	Brokerage, selling commission and bidding charges for the members of the Syndicate, Registered Brokers, Collecting RTAs and CDPs (3) (4)(5)	0.08	0.01%	0.00%
4.	Fees payable to the Registrar to the Offer	12.09	2.07%	0.07%
5.	Other expenses			
	(i) Listing fees, SEBI filing fees, book building software fees and other regulatory expenses, printing and stationery expenses, monitoring agency and fees payable to the legal counsel	131.60	22.51%	0.80%
	(ii) Advertising and marketing expenses for the Offer	54.50	9.32%	0.33%
	(iii) Other Advisors to the Offer	32.30	5.52%	0.20%
	(iv) Miscellaneous	2.27	0.39%	0.01%
	Total Estimated Offer Expenses	584.71	100.00%	3.56%

 Selling commission payable to the SCSBs on the portion for Retail Individual Investors and Non-Institutional Investors, which are directly procured by them would be as follows:

Portion for Retail Individual Investors	0.35% of the Amount Allotted* (plus applicable taxes)
Portion for Non-Institutional Investors	0.15% of the Amount Allotted* (plus applicable taxes)

<sup>\*</sup> Amount Allotted is the product of the number of Equity Shares Allotted and the Issue Price

No additional uploading/processing charges shall be payable to the SCSBs on the applications directly procured by them.

The Selling Commission payable to the SCSBs will be determined on the basis of the bidding terminal id as captured in the Bid Book of BSE or NSE.

2. Processing fees payable to the SCSBs for processing the Bid cum Application Form procured from Retail Individual Investors (excluding applications made by Retail Individual Investors using the UPI mechanism) and Non-Institutional Investors by members of the Syndicate /Sub-Syndicate Members/Registered Brokers /RTAs /CDPs and submitted to SCSBs for blocking would be as follows:

Portion for Retail Individual Investors	INR 10.00 per valid Bid cum Application Form * (plus applicable taxes)
Portion for Non-Institutional Investors	INR 10.00 per valid Bid cum Application Form * (plus applicable taxes)

<sup>\*</sup>For each Valid Application.

3. Brokerages, selling commission and processing/uploading charges on the portion for Retail Individual Investors and the portion for Non-Institutional Investors which are procured by members of Syndicate (including their Sub-Syndicate Members), RTAs and CDPs would be as follows:

Portion for Retail Individual Investors	0.35% of the Amount Allotted* (plus applicable taxes)
Portion for Non-Institutional Investors	0.15% of the Amount Allotted* (plus applicable taxes)

<sup>\*</sup> Amount Allotted is the product of the number of Equity Shares Allotted and the Issue Price

The Selling Commission payable to the Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Members will be determined on the basis of the application form number / series, provided that the application is also bid by the respective Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Member. For clarification, if a Syndicate ASBA application on the application form number / series of a Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Member, is bid by an SCSB, the Selling Commission will be payable to the SCSB and not the Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Member.

The payment of Selling Commission payable to the sub-brokers / agents of Sub-Syndicate Members are to be handled directly by the respective Sub-Syndicate Member.

The Selling Commission payable to the RTAs and CDPs will be determined on the basis of the bidding terminal id as captured in the Bid Book of BSE or NSE.

4. **Uploading Charges:** are applicable only in case of Syndicate ASBA, Rs. 10 per valid application (plus applicable taxes) bid by the members of the Syndicate, RTAs and CDPs (excluding applications made by Retail Individual Investors using the UPI mechanism).

The Bidding/Uploading Charges payable to the Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Members, RTAs and CDPs will be determined on the basis of the bidding terminal id as captured in the Bid Book of BSE or NSE.

5. Selling commission payable to the Registered Brokers on the portion for Retail Individual Bidders and Non-Institutional Bidders which are directly procured by the Registered Brokers and submitted to SCSB for processing would be as follows:

Portion for Retail Individual Bidders	Rs. 10 per valid application* (plus applicable taxes)
Portion for Non-Institutional Bidders	Rs. 10 per valid application* (plus applicable taxes)

<sup>\*</sup>Based on Valid Applications.

6. Processing fees for applications made by Retail Individual Investors using the UPI mechanism will be as under:

Members of the Syndicate / RTAs / CDPs	INR 10.00 per valid Bid cum Application Form * (plus applicable taxes)
Sponsor Bank	INR 8.00 per valid Bid cum Application Form * (plus applicable taxes).  The Sponsor Bank shall be responsible for making payments to the third parties such as Remitter Bank, NPCI and such other parties as required in connection with the performance of its duties under applicable SEBI circulars, agreements and other Applicable Laws.

<sup>\*</sup> For each Valid Application.

The Offer expenses shall be payable within 90 working days post the date of receipt of the final invoice from the respective intermediaries by our Company in accordance with the arrangements/agreements with the relevant intermediary.

#### **Interim Use of Funds**

Our Company, in accordance with the policies formulated by our Board of Directors from time to time, will have flexibility to deploy the Net Proceeds. Pending utilisation for the purposes described above, we undertake to temporarily invest the funds from the Net Proceeds only with the scheduled commercial banks included in the Second Schedule of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the necessary duration. Such investments will be approved by our management from time to time. Our Company confirms that, pending utilization of the Net Proceeds, it shall not use the funds for any investment in any other equity or equity linked securities. In accordance with Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, our Company confirms that it shall not use the Net Proceeds for buying, trading or otherwise dealing in shares of any other listed company or for any investment in the equity markets.

#### **Bridge Loan**

Our Company has not raised any bridge loans which are required to be repaid from the Net Proceeds.

#### **Monitoring of Utilisation of Funds**

In terms of Regulation 16 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, we have appointed Axis Bank Limited as the monitoring agency to monitor the utilization of the Net Proceeds as our Offer size (excluding the Offer for Sale by the Selling Shareholders) exceeds ₹ 1,000 million. Our Company undertakes to place the report(s) of the Monitoring Agency on receipt before the Audit Committee without any delay. Our Company will disclose the utilisation of the Net Proceeds, including interim use under a separate head in its balance sheet for such fiscal periods as required under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the SEBI Listing Regulations and any other applicable laws or regulations, clearly specifying the purposes for which the Net Proceeds have been utilised. Our Company will also, in its balance sheet for the applicable fiscal periods, provide details, if any, in relation to all such Net Proceeds that have not been utilised, if any, of such currently unutilised Net Proceeds.

Pursuant to Regulation 18(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, our Company shall on a quarterly basis disclose to the Audit Committee the uses and application of the Net Proceeds. The Audit Committee shall make recommendations to our Board for further action, if appropriate. Our Company shall, on an annual basis, prepare a statement of funds utilised for purposes other than those stated in this Prospectus and place it before our Audit Committee. Such disclosure shall be made only until such time that all the Net Proceeds have been utilised in full. The statement shall be certified by the Statutory Auditors. Further, in accordance with the Regulation 32 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, our Company shall furnish to the Stock Exchanges on a quarterly basis, a statement indicating (i) deviations, if any, in the utilisation of the Net proceeds from the objects of the Offer as stated above; and (ii) details of category wise variations in the utilisation of the Net Proceeds from the objects of the Offer as stated above. This information will also be published in newspapers simultaneously with the interim or annual financial results of our Company, after placing such information before our Audit Committee.

# Variation in Objects of the Offer

In accordance with Sections 13(8) and 27 of the Companies Act 2013, our Company shall not vary the Objects of the Offer unless our Company is authorized to do so by way of a special resolution of its Shareholders. In addition, the notice issued to the Shareholders in relation to the passing of such special resolution shall specify the prescribed details and be published in accordance with the Companies Act 2013. Pursuant to the Companies Act 2013, the Promoters or controlling Shareholders will be required to provide an exit opportunity to the Shareholders who do not agree to such proposal to vary the objects, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act and in accordance with such terms and conditions, including in respect of pricing of the Equity Shares, in accordance with the Companies Act 2013 and provisions of Chapter VI A of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For further details, see "Risk Factors - Any variation in the utilization of the Net Proceeds would be subject to certain compliance requirements, including prior Shareholders' approval", on page 43.

# **Other Confirmations**

No part of the Net Proceeds will be utilized by our Company as consideration to our Promoters, members of the Promoter Group, Directors, Group Company or Key Managerial Personnel. Our Company has not entered into nor has planned to enter into any arrangement/agreements with Promoters, Directors, Key Management Personnel or our Group Companies in relation to the utilization of the Net Proceeds of the Offer.

#### BASIS FOR OFFER PRICE

The Offer Price has been determined by our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, on the basis of an assessment of market demand for the Equity Shares offered through the Book Building Process and on the basis of the following qualitative and quantitative factors. The face value of the Equity Shares and the Offer Price is 27.50 times of the face value at the lower end of the Price Band and 28.00 times the face value at the higher end of the Price Band. Investors should also refer to "Our Business", "Risk Factors", "Summary Financial Information" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 153, 18, 259 and 586 respectively, to have an informed view before making an investment decision.

#### **Qualitative Factors**

Some of the qualitative factors and our strengths which form the basis for the Offer Price are:

- 1. High-End Branded Hotels Strategically Located in Key Metro Cities of India;
- 2. Active Asset Management Model;
- 3. Well Positioned to Benefit from Industry Trends;
- 4. Experienced Management Team; and
- 5. Backed by Leading Indian Real Estate Developer.

For further details, see "Our Business" and "Risk Factors" on pages 153 and 18, respectively.

#### **Quantitative Factors**

Some of the information presented below relating to our Company is based on the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information and Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information. For details, see "Summary Financial Information" on page 259.

Some of the quantitative factors which may form the basis for computing the Offer Price are as follows:

# 1. Basic and Diluted Earnings/Loss per Share ("EPS") (face value of ₹ 10 each), as adjusted for change in capital:

As per our Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information:

Year/Period ended	Basic & Diluted EPS (₹)	Weight
March 31, 2018	1.35	3
March 31, 2017	8.14	2
March 31, 2016	(7.43)	1
Weighted Average	2.07	
Period ended September 30, 2018 #	(2.43)	

<sup>#</sup> Not Annualised

As per our Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information:

Year/Period ended	Basic & Diluted EPS (₹)	Weight
March 31, 2018	1.82	3
March 31, 2017	7.97	2
March 31, 2016	(7.39)	1
Weighted Average	2.34	
Period ended September 30, 2018 #	(2.55)	

<sup>#</sup> Not Annualised

Basic earnings per share  $(\mathsf{T})$  = Restated Net profit after tax and adjustments, available for equity shareholders/weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year

Diluted earnings per share (₹) = Restated Net profit for the year /weighted average number of diluted potential equity shares outstanding during the year

#### Note:

Basic and diluted earnings per Equity Share are computed in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 'Earnings per Share', notified accounting standard by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules of 2015 (as amended). The above statement should be read with significant accounting policies and notes on Restated Summary Financial Information as appearing in the Summary Financial Information.

The above statement should be read with significant accounting policies and notes on Restated Summary Financial Information as appearing in the Summary Financial Information.

Basic EPS ( $\mathfrak{T}$ ) is net profit attributable to equity shareholders divided by weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year / period.

Diluted EPS ( $\mathfrak{F}$ ) is net profit attributable to equity shareholders divided by weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year / period as adjusted for the effects of all potential dilutive equity shares.

# 2. Price / Earning Ratio (P/E) in relation to the Offer Price of ₹ 280 per Equity Share of the face value of ₹ 10 each

Particulars	Standalone (no. of times)	Consolidated (no. of times)
P/E ratio based on Basic and Diluted EPS for the	203.70	151.10
Fiscal ended March 31, 2018 at the Floor Price:		
P/E ratio based on Basic and Diluted EPS for the	207.41	153.85
Fiscal ended March 31, 2018 at the Cap Price:		

# Industry P/E ratio

Based on the peer group information (excluding our Company) given below in this section, the highest P/E ratio is 388.33, the lowest P/E ratio is 64.18, the average P/E ratio is 202.91.

Note - The highest and lowest Industry P/E shown above is based on the peer set provided below under "Comparison with listed industry peers". The industry average has been calculated as the arithmetic average P/E of the peer set provided below. For further details, see "- Comparison with listed industry peers" hereunder.

# 3. Return on Net Worth (RoNW)

Return on net worth as per the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information:

Period/Year ended	RONW (%)	Weight
March 31, 2018	4.43	3
March 31, 2017	26.02	2
March 31, 2016	(20.66)	1
Weighted Average	7.44	
Period ended September 30, 2018 #	(8.49)	

<sup>#</sup> Not Annualised

Return on net worth as per the Restated Consolidated Financial Information:

Period/Year ended	RONW (%)	Weight
March 31, 2018	6.20	3
March 31, 2017	27.05	2
March 31, 2016	(21.58)	1
Weighted Average	8.52	
Period ended September 30, 2018 #	(0.09)	

<sup>#</sup> Not Annualised

RoNW (%) = Restated Net profit/(loss) after tax and adjustments, as restated available for equity shareholders

Restated Net worth at the end of the year

Return on net worth (%) is net profit attributable to equity shareholders divided by net worth excluding preference share capital (at the end of the year). Net Worth = Equity Share Capital + Reserves & Surplus (included General Reserves, Surplus in Profit & Loss Account and Share Premium.

# 4. Minimum Return on Total Net Worth after Offer needed to maintain pre-Offer EPS as at March 31, 2018

# a) For Basic EPS

Particulars	Standalone (%)	Consolidated (%)
At the Floor Price	1.88	2.58
At the Cap Price	1.88	2.57

#### b) For Diluted EPS

Particulars	Standalone (%)	Consolidated (%)
At the Floor Price	1.88	2.58
At the Cap Price	1.88	2.57

# 5. Net Asset Value (NAV) per Equity Share (face value of ₹ 10 each)

NAV	Standalone (₹)	Consolidated (₹)
As on September 30, 2018	28.67	27.32
As on March 31, 2018	30.59	29.36
At the Floor Price	70.05	68.93
At the Cap Price	70.26	69.14
At the Offer Price	70.26	69.14

Net asset value per Equity Share = Restated Net worth at the end of the year / Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year.

# 6. Comparison with listed industry peers

Following is the comparison with our peer group companies listed in India:

Name of the company	Total Revenue (₹ in million)	Face Value per Equity Share (₹)	P/E	EPS (Basic) (₹)	Return on Net Worth (%)#	Net Asset Value/ Share (₹)#
Company*	9,295.14	10	153.85	1.82	6.20	29.36
Peer Group						
The Indian Hotels Company Limited	41,652.80	1	156.10	0.91	2.09	41.69
EIH Limited	17,048.30	2	64.28	3.14	6.63	51.66
Lemon Tree Hotels Limited	4,920.68	10	388.33	0.18	1.17	15.81

<sup>\*</sup>Based on the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (as at March 31, 2018)

# Notes:

- 1. Source for industry peers: Audited Financials for the year ended March 31, 2018 filed with the Stock Exchanges
- P/E ratio is calculated at the closing share price (January 31, 2019, NSE)
   # Net worth includes minority or non-controlling interests. Number of shares for industry peers refer to outstanding Equity Shares at the end of the year

# The Offer Price is 28.00 times of the face value of Equity Shares

The Offer Price has been determined by our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, on the basis of assessment of market demand for the Equity Shares offered through the Book Building Process and, is justified in view of the above qualitative and quantitative parameters. Our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs believe that the Offer Price of ₹ 280 is justified in view of the above parameters.

Investors should read the above mentioned information along with the sections "*Risk Factors*" and "*Summary Financial Information*" on pages 18 and 259, respectively, to have a more informed view.

The trading price of the Equity Shares could decline due to the factors mentioned in the section titled "*Risk Factors*" on pages 18 and any other factors that may arise in the future and you may lose all or part of your investments.

# STATEMENT OF TAX BENEFITS STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS UNDER THE APPLICABLE TAX LAWS IN INDIA

The Board of Directors
Chalet Hotels Limited
(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)
Raheja Tower, Plot No, C-30, Block "G", Next to Bank of Baroda
Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E)
Mumbai 400 051
Maharashtra
INDIA

**Dear Sirs** 

Sub: Statement of possible Special tax benefit ('the Statement') available to Chalet Hotels Limited and its shareholders prepared to comply with the requirements under Schedule VIII Part A- Clause (VII) (L) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 as amended (the 'SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009' (in consonance with the information in DRHP as advised by the merchant bankers)).

We hereby report that the enclosed Statement prepared by Chalet Hotels Limited (the 'Company') states the possible special tax benefits available to the Company and to its shareholders under the Income-tax Act, 1961 and Income-tax Rules, 1962 including amendments made by Finance Act 2018 (together "the Tax Laws"), presently in force in India, as on the signing date, for inclusion in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus for the proposed initial public offering of the Company through a fresh issue and an offer for sale of equity shares by certain existing shareholders. These benefits are dependent on the Company or its shareholders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant provisions of the Tax Laws. Hence, the ability of the Company or its shareholders to derive the special tax benefits is dependent upon fulfilling such conditions, which is based on business imperatives the Company may face in the future and accordingly, the Company or its shareholders may or may not choose to fulfil.

The benefits discussed in the enclosed Statement cover only special tax benefits available to the Company and to its shareholders and do not cover any general tax benefits available to the Company. Further, any benefits available under any other laws within or outside India have not been examined and covered by this statement.

Further, the preparation of the enclosed Statement and its contents was the responsibility of the management of the Company. We were informed that this Statement is only intended to provide general information to the investors and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax consultant with respect to the specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the issue.

We do not express any opinion or provide any assurance as to whether:

- the Company or its shareholders will continue to obtain these benefits in future; or
- the conditions prescribed for availing the benefits ,where applicable, have been / would be met with.

The contents of the enclosed Statement are based on the information, explanations and representations obtained from the Company and on the basis of our understanding of the business activities and operations of the Company.

Our views expressed herein are based on the facts and assumptions indicated to us. No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to change from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes. We will not be liable to any other person in respect of this Statement.

The enclosed Statement is intended solely for your information and for inclusion in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus/ Red Herring Prospectus/ Prospectus or any other issue related material in connection with the proposed issue of equity shares and is not to be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose without our prior written consent.

#### For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

#### Aniruddha Godbole

Partner

Membership No: 105149

Mumbai

January 23, 2019

# STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS UNDER THE APPLICABLE LAWS IN INDIA

Outlined below are the possible special tax benefits available to the Company and its shareholders under the Income-tax Act, 1961. These benefits are dependent on the Company or its shareholders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant tax laws. Hence, the ability of the Company or its shareholders to derive the special tax benefits is dependent upon fulfilling such conditions, which based on business imperatives it faces in the future, it may or may not choose to fulfil.

#### 1 Special tax benefits available to the Company

The Company will be entitled to claim a deduction under section 35AD of the Income-tax Act, 1961 in respect of whole of any capital expenditure incurred for the purposes of any specified business carried on by it during the previous year in which such capital expenditure is incurred, subject to fulfilment of conditions specified therein.

'Specified business' for the purpose of section 35AD of the Act includes building and operating of a new hotel of two star or above category anywhere in India, on or after 1 April 2010, as classified by the Central Government.

# 2 Special tax benefits available to the shareholders of the Company

There are no special tax benefits available to the shareholders of the Company.

#### Notes:

- 1. The above is as per the Tax Laws.
- 2. The above Statement of possible special tax benefits sets out the provisions of Tax Laws in a summary manner only and is not a complete analysis or listing of all the existing and potential tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposal of Equity Shares.
- 3. This Statement does not discuss any tax consequences in any country outside India of an investment in the Equity Shares. The subscribers of the Equity Shares in the country other than India are urged to consult their own professional advisers regarding possible income-tax consequences that apply to them.

# SECTION IV: ABOUT THE COMPANY

# **INDUSTRY OVERVIEW**

The information contained in this section is derived from a research report titled "Industry Report – Top tier and Upscale Hotels" dated June 25, 2018 (read with addendum dated September 25, 2018), prepared by Horwath HTL which has been commissioned by the Company in relation to the Offer, together with research reports titled "CBRE India Retail Market View H2 2017", "CBRE India Market Outlook Report April 2018" and "CBRE India Office Market View Q1 2018, released in years 2017 and 2018, prepared by CBRE Research. Neither we, nor any other person connected with the Offer has independently verified this information.

Industry sources and publications generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources generally believed to be reliable, but their accuracy, completeness and underlying assumptions are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured and accordingly, investment decisions should not be based on such information. Industry publications are also prepared based on information as of specific dates and may no longer be current or reflect current trends.

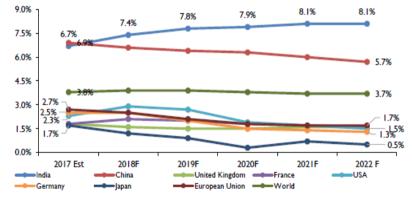
#### Macroeconomic Overview of India

India is the sixth largest economy in the world with GDP at current prices of USD 2.61 trillion and third in terms of purchasing power parity as per 2017 estimates. (*Source: IMF*). The Indian economy grew by 6.5% in the financial year 2017-2018 (estimates) as against 7.1% growth for the financial year 2016-2017 (*Source: Central Statistics Office, Government of India*).

#### **India GDP Forecast**

India has emerged as a lead growth engine for the next five years, in terms of the rate of GDP growth. As per IMF, per capita GDP in India for 2017 is USD 1,983, up from USD 1,749 for 2016 and USD 1,639 for 2015 and is expected to grow at a CAGR of 8.7% between 2017 and 2022. India's nominal GDP is forecasted to increase from USD 2,611 billion in the calendar year 2017 to USD 4,227 billion by the calendar year 2022 at a CAGR of 10.1% (at current prices), according to IMF.

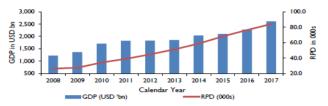
The chart below provides the IMF forecast for GDP growth rate (at constant prices) for India and the top seven global economies for the next five years.



#### Source: IMF

# India GDP and Hotel Room Demand

Economic growth has a material benefit in creating demand for hotels. With an increase in GDP (at current prices) from USD 1,224 billion in 2008 to USD 2,611 billion for 2017, the demand for hotel rooms has increased from 26,300 rooms per day in 2008 to 84,100 rooms per day for 2017. With India's GDP is expected to grow at 7.4% to 8.1% (at constant prices) over the next five years, growth in the demand for hotel rooms can reasonably be expected. The chart below compares the demand for hotel rooms (RPD growth) with the GDP levels for India.



Source: IMF & Horwath HTL

#### Key demographic aspects

*Increased urbanisation*: India's urban population has increased from 27% of total population (per census 2001) to 31.16% of the total population (per Census 2011) (*Source: Census of India, 2011*).

*Middle class population*: The middle class population in India has doubled from 300 million to 600 million between 2004 and 2012, according to World Economic Forum, and is likely to overtake that of US and China by 2027.

Young Population: Estimates by PwC in a study focusing on Indian workplace of 2022, indicate that by 2020, the average age of an Indian will be 29 years, compared with average age of 38 years for both China and USA and 48 years for Japan. This young population will help constitute a large working population, with an estimated 64% of India's population to be in the working age population by year 2020-2021 (Source: Union budget and economic survey 2013). A large working population with young demographics can reasonably be expected to enhance the discretionary spending capacity.

# **Classifications of Hotel Rooms Supply**

Certain terms which are used for classifying and categorizing hotels, are listed below:

Luxury and upper upscale segment – these classifications typically refer to top tier hotels. In India, these would generally be classified as five star, deluxe and luxury hotels.

*Upscale segment* – these are hotels which are more moderately positioned and priced, with smaller room sizes, than the top tier hotels. In India, these would generally be classified as four or even five star hotels.

*Upper midscale segment* – these hotels are more moderately positioned and priced than upscale hotels. These may be full service or even select service hotels, typically with fewer public areas and facilities and possibly smaller room sizes, than upscale hotels. In India, these would generally be classified as four star and sometimes three star hotels.

*Midscale segment* – these are typically three star hotels with distinctly moderate room sizes, quality and pricing, and a lower quality of services, while domestic brand midscale hotels are often more full service in nature, services tend to be more selectively available among international branded midscale hotels.

*Economy segment* – these are typically two star hotels providing functional accommodations and limited services, while being focused on price consciousness.

Chain-affiliated hotels are hotels that are either (i) owned and operated by hotel chains, (ii) operated by hotel chains on behalf of other owners, or (iii) operated by owners themselves or third parties under a franchise arrangement from hotel chains. These include all recognized international global chains operating in India, irrespective of the number of hotels or rooms operated by them in the country and domestic hotel chains that are generally considered as operating under common branding.

Chain-affiliated hotels do not include other domestic chains which have less than five hotels operating regionally in India, groups that have multiple hotels only within one state (unless they are generally regarded as chain-affiliated hotels by the market), companies that are primarily operating time share facilities and one star hotels. There is significant amount of room inventory outside the chain-affiliated hotels in India, with a mix of product types, positioning, service and operating standards and varied degrees of competitiveness. Independent hotels have not been included due to the following main reasons:

- lack of sufficiently co-ordinated data for independent hotels that is available under a reliable and consistent standard;
- 2. increasingly challenged competitiveness of these independent hotels against growing presence of chain-affiliated hotels, particularly under an environment of multi-city corporate travel needs, and the cost and efficiency of digital marketing capability;
- 3. longer-term constraints on independent hotel growth as hotel chains, particularly domestic chains, spread their presence outside the main cities; and
- 4. limited size of independent hotels given the reluctance of banks to finance larger projects unless these have access to strong marketing and management systems.

The pace of growth of independent hotels has considerably slowed over the years, relative to chain-affiliated hotels. Thus, considering past and current performance of chain-affiliated hotels while also competing with the available supply of independent hotels is an adequate reflection of the competitive ability and environment for chain-affiliated hotels. In this context the trends and outlook presented for chain-affiliated hotels will not be materially impacted if independent hotels were also to be considered.

# **Industry Size: Chain-affiliated Hotels**

Chain-affiliated hotel rooms in India have increased from 23,751 as at March 31, 2001 to about 135,232 as at March 31, 2018.

Supply growth and diversity of supply was initially spurred by a very strong business period from the financial year 2005 through the initial months of the financial year 2009, particularly financial year 2007 to the summer of 2008. About 18,500 rooms were added in the financial years 2010 and 2011. Thereafter, an average of just under 11,000 rooms were added each year for the next four years. The pace of addition of new rooms slowed to an average of just below 9,400 rooms per year for the next three years, i.e. financial year 2016 through 2018, with approximately 10,000 rooms added in the financial year 2018. Supply growth is expected to regain some momentum over the next four years, with an average of about 11,500 rooms expected to be added each year over the next four years. This growth is mainly concentrated in the upscale and upper midscale segments, comprising about 48% of total expected supply over the next four years.

For the upscale segment, real supply growth only picked up from the financial year 2011. Nine years between the financial years 2001 and 2010 saw supply being doubled, but only from a very modest base of 5,000 rooms. 14,000 rooms were added in the next six years through the financial year 2016, at 12.5% CAGR.

Actual supply creation was delayed as the development cycle in India is generally longer, with delays caused by varied factors including project, environmental and implementation approval delays, cost overrun and funding shortfalls, delays in receipt of completion and opening related approvals, etc. Several hotels that were completed between the financial years 2012-2015 were from projects initiated between the financial years 2007-2009. Further, the business slowdown from the end of 2008, and particularly after 2010, caused several projects to be dropped. From about financial year 2013, there was a distinct slowdown in initiation of new projects while under completion projects continued to be carried to completion. The trend of slower inventory creation is expected to continue up to the financial year 2020/2021, particularly in the luxury–upper upscale and upscale segments, as there have been fewer commitments made in the last three to four years for new hotel projects. However, several new projects that have recently been initiated, may complete in the financial year 2022 or more likely later.

# **Segmental Supply**

Segmental supply has evolved significantly since the financial year 2001.

The following table sets forth the composition of chain-affiliated supply of hotel rooms in India:

(Inventory in 000s)

								(11170	11101 / 111 0000)
Category	FY01	FY08	FY15	FY18	FY22	CAGR FY01-08	CAGR FY08-15	CAGR FY 15- 18	CAGR 2018-22
Luxury-Upper Upscale	13	21	42	49	62	6.5%	10.8%	5.1%	6.2%
Upscale	5	8	22	27	38	5.8%	15.8%	7.9%	9.1%
Upper Midscale	4	7	20	26	36	9.6%	16.6%	9.5%	8.5%
Midscale-Economy	2	5	23	33	42	17.1%	24.0%	11.8%	6.8%

Category	FY01	FY08	FY15	FY18	FY22	CAGR FY01-08	CAGR FY08-15	CAGR FY 15- 18	CAGR 2018-22
TOTAL	24	40	107	135	180	7.9%	15.0%	8.0%	7.4%
% of Total									
Luxury-Upper Upscale	55.8%	51.1%	39.4%	36.4%	34.8%				
Upscale	21.9%	19.1%	20.1%	20.0%	21.4%				
Upscale Midscale	15.0%	16.9%	18.6%	19.4%	20.2%				
Midscale-Economy	7.2%	12.9%	21.8%	24.2%	23.6%				

Source: Horwath HTL

India has moved from a top-heavy supply scenario, at the start of the century, to a more balanced supply. The midscale-economy segment has gained material supply share, almost trebling its supply relevance between the financial years 2001 (when it had a fledgling share) and 2018. The trend for the next 3-5 years is broadly expected to be the same, with the luxury-upper upscale supply share continuing to gradually decline with gains to the upscale and upper midscale sectors.

International tourists (particularly the first time visitors) often prefer luxury-upper upscale hotels as it gives them greater sense of comfort and security in an environment that is quite alien to their home country experience. Besides, hotels in this segment are necessary to better position cities, leisure destinations and key micro-markets to the international market and thereby better capitalize on global demand potential. Higher rates charged also enable better overall revenue realisations. India lacks convention centres and is missing out on a significant revenue stream – a similar consequence could ensue from prolonged supply slowdown in the upper-upscale segment.

Company's supply share is mainly in the luxury-upper upscale segment with 4.4% room inventory share by the end of financial year 2018.

# **Supply Composition by City**

The top 10 markets (based on hotel inventory) in India have 66% of rooms supply in the financial year 2018 and each market has at least 3,000 chain-affiliated hotel rooms.

The following table sets forth the supply of chain-affiliated hotel rooms in the top 10 markets for the periods indicated:

(Inventory in 000s) Category FY01 FY08 **FY15 FY18** FY22 NCR 4.9 6.6 18.5 22.2 26.7 Delhi 4.9 5.6 10.7 12.9 14.0 Bengaluru 1.1 2.7 10.7 13.3 18.1 6.9 12.7 Mumbai 3.5 11.8 17.5 9.0 1.6 2.6 6.8 97 Chennai Hyderabad 0.9 5.9 7.1 8.1 1.6 Pune 0.4 0.9 5.9 6.8 7.3 2.2 Goa 1.2 4.5 5.7 8.6 1.0 1.5 4.5 5.2 Jaipur 6.5 Kolkata 0.9 2.6 3.5 5.3 1.6 Ahmedabad 0.3 0.5 3.3 3.3 4.2

Source: Horwath HTL

The share of top 10 markets in inventory added between the financial years 2008 and 2015 was 71%. This share slowed materially to 52% of additions in the last three years. Bengaluru, Delhi, Chennai and, to a smaller extent, Hyderabad and Kolkata, have continued to grow through these ten years. Mumbai and Pune had slower supply growth between the financial years 2015 and 2018.

Supply share of other markets, outside the ten major markets, has remained at or around the one-third level although there has been an addition of about 38,000 rooms in absolute terms.

The markets of focus for the Company are currently the top seven markets in India in terms of supply. The Company already has hotels in Mumbai (including Navi Mumbai), Bengaluru and Hyderabad and is further developing a hotel in Navi Mumbai. Additionally, the Company is seeking to acquire or develop hotels and resorts in Delhi, Chennai, Pune and Goa.

The following table sets forth the city wide composition of chain-affiliated hotel rooms in the luxury-upper upscale segment of the top 10 cities in terms of inventory:

Luxury-Uppe	r Upscale									
		Lu	xury – U	pper Upse	cale	Luxury-Upper Upscale (% of total city)				
Category	FY01	FY08	FY15	FY18	FY22	FY01	FY08	FY15	FY18	FY22
NCR	3.2	4.3	8.7	9.7	10.4	66%	65%	47%	44%	39%
Delhi	3.2	3.9	5.8	6.6	7.0	67%	69%	54%	51%	50%
Mumbai	2.8	5.7	8.0	8.5	10.4	80%	82%	68%	67%	59%
Bengaluru	0.8	1.6	4.0	5.3	7.3	73%	58%	38%	39%	40%
Chennai	1.3	1.3	3.6	3.6	3.8	81%	51%	52%	40%	39%
Hyderabad	0.7	1.0	2.6	2.9	3.3	83%	62%	44%	41%	41%
Pune	0.3	0.3	1.8	2.3	2.5	72%	33%	31%	33%	34%
Goa	0.8	1.5	2.2	2.5	3.9	68%	68%	49%	43%	46%
Kolkata	0.4	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.3	49%	58%	49%	48%	43%
Jaipur	0.6	0.8	2.0	2.3	2.9	59%	51%	43%	44%	45%
Ahmedabad	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.7	1.4	23%	13%	15%	20%	33%
Others	2.2	3.3	7.6	9.8	14.2	27%	25%	23%	21%	21%
TOTAL	13.3	20.6	42.3	49.2	62.4	56%	51%	39%	36%	35%

Source: Horwath HTL

Each of the main cities has gone through a change in supply composition, which was inevitable considering the top-heavy nature of the market in the financial year 2001. As the modest supply levels of the financial year 2001 have expanded, the supply composition has materially changed. The southern cities of Bengaluru, Chennai and Hyderabad, and Pune, have seen the sharpest shift with a decline of 34% to 42% in the supply share of luxury-upper upscale hotels between the financial years 2001 and 2018. During this period, these cities have grown in importance as business cities becoming technology hubs and embracing the new economy. This new economy has also encouraged supply creation across difference price points, by creating relevant demand. Mumbai still has 67% of its supply in the luxury-upper upscale segment, possibly an outcome of high land prices and its status as a financial capital and finance centre. It is the only city with luxury-upper upscale supply share in excess of 50%.

While investment interest (and commitments) for the luxury-upper upscale space have gained pace in the last 12-15 months, the pace of project completion is slow. We do not foresee major supply growth in this segment till the financial year 2021, with expected CAGR of 5% for this period. The supply estimates for the financial year 2022 are higher on an assumption of several new projects being completed in about four years, leading to an assumed completion by financial year 2022 and a related higher CAGR of 6.2% between the financial years 2018 and 2022.

The following table sets forth the city wide composition of chain-affiliated hotel rooms in the upscale segment:

Upscale										
			U	pscale	Upscale (% of total city)					
Category	FY01	FY08	FY15	FY18	FY22	FY01	FY08	FY15	FY18	FY22
NCR	1.5	1.8	4.3	5.6	6.6	30%	27%	23%	25%	25%
Delhi	1.5	1.5	2.3	3.4	3.7	30%	26%	22%	26%	27%
Mumbai	0.2	0.3	1.3	1.4	2.1	7%	5%	11%	11%	12%
Bengaluru	0.2	0.2	2.1	2.6	4.2	19%	8%	20%	19%	23%
Chennai	0.0	0.6	1.1	1.7	2.0	0%	22%	16%	19%	20%
Hyderabad	0.0	0.3	1.2	1.3	1.6	0%	17%	20%	19%	19%
Pune	0.0	0.1	1.4	1.6	1.6	0%	10%	24%	23%	21%
Goa	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.0	1.6	0%	0%	12%	18%	18%
Kolkata	0.3	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.2	37%	31%	39%	29%	23%
Jaipur	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.9	1%	1%	3%	10%	14%
Ahmedabad	0.0	0.2	1.3	1.0	1.2	0%	33%	40%	30%	28%
Others	2.9	3.8	7.2	9.4	15.6	37%	29%	22%	20%	23%
TOTAL	5.2	7.7	21.6	27.1	38.4	22%	19%	20%	20%	21%

Source: Horwath HTL

All three southern cities have upscale supply share of 19% with Pune being a little bit higher, at 23%. Among leisure markets, Goa has 43% supply share in the luxury-upper upscale segment but only 18% in the upscale segment. This means that 39% of supply is of M-E category. While the continued rate growth in that market is remarkable despite the changed supply share, the destination could do with some truly luxury and upper-upscale hotels and also more sustained upscale hotel supply.

#### Foreign and Domestic Chain-affiliated Supply

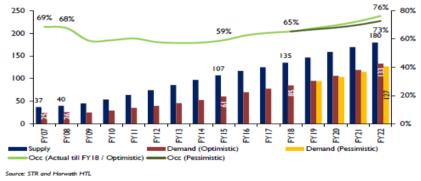
The primacy of domestic chains as of financial year 2001, slowly started ceding ground to international chains which expanded on the basis of aggressive pursuit of management contracts. They also gained from supporting the development of large format hotels with larger scale that added function and meetings spaces of substance in key cities. Domestic chains had earlier based their expansion on a combination of asset ownership and management contracts, often weighted more substantially towards asset ownership.

An interesting feature of hotel supply in India is the lack of scale – hotels tend to have lesser number of rooms than in several other international markets. Larger inventories help create economies of scale and enable hotels to widen their demand reach across varied demand segments, such as MICE and groups. This also creates benefit of larger revenue capture from F&B elements, besides benefitting costs due to economies of scale. While the varied demand sources and need for larger core occupancies may impact the ADR levels at larger hotels – relative to say a hotel of comparable standards but with lesser inventory and more business segment focused demand in the same market, the overall revenue and profit gain is often beneficial.

New supply since the financial year 2001 has seen a modest increase in willingness of developers to build larger hotels. Nevertheless, the number of hotels with sizeable inventory still remain very modest. New supply is predominantly of small to medium sized inventory, reflecting minor to moderate changes in the last 17 years. As of financial year 2018, the average room size for hotels in the luxury, upper-upscale, upscale categories is 208, 169 and 126 respectively. This compares to 585, 398 and 152 for assets in our portfolio for respective categories.

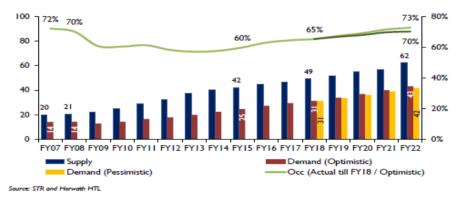
## **Supply and Demand**

The following chart reflects all India – Rooms supply compared to demand – for the period indicated below:



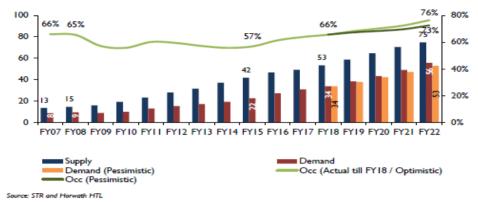
Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The following chart reflects the relative demand-supply position for luxury-upper upscale segment:



Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

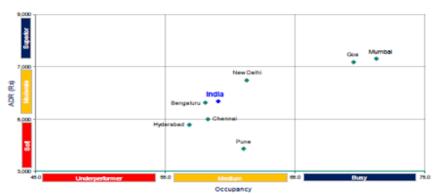
The following chart reflects the relative demand-supply position for upscale and upper midscale segments:



Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

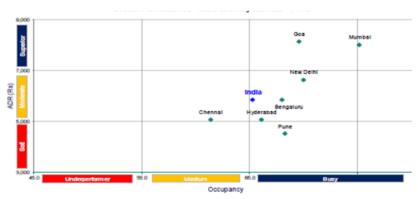
# **Performance of Key Markets**

The following chart sets forth the overall performances of key markets in India for the financial year 2015:



Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The following chart sets forth the overall performances of key markets in India for the financial year 2018:



Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

Most markets have moved to the right in the graph above by the financial year 2018, relative to the financial year 2015, indicating sizeable occupancy improvements. The vertical movement has been rather limited with Goa and Mumbai recording bigger gains. This is a result of a combination of factors including a slow economy and investment climate, financial sector stress, demand and occupancy pressure exacerbated by new supply arising from delayed completion of projects. Further, lower city-wide ADR is also an outcome of changing supply composition – as more mid-priced sector hotels come on board, the overall city rate levels naturally decline. On the other hand, ADR has improved in Mumbai and Goa on the back of consistently 'busy' occupancy levels.

The following chart sets forth the overall performances of key markets in India for the first quarter of the financial year 2019 as compared to the first quarter of the financial year 2018:



Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The performance of the key markets for the first quarter of the financial year 2019 reflected improved occupancy levels and ADR relative to the first quarter of the financial year 2018, except for the decline in occupancy levels in Bengaluru, primarily due to supply additions of approximately 1,000 room between the first quarter of the financial year 2018 and the first quarter of the financial year 2019. However, ADR increase in Bengaluru has resulted in a RevPAR increase of 7.9%.

The following table sets forth the RevPAR percentage change of the first quarter of the financial year 2019 as compared to the first quarter of the financial year 2018 for market where Chalet Hotels Limited has a presence:

	RevPAR	Percentage Change
India	3,443	3.5%
Mumbai	5,740	6.9%
Bengaluru	4,048	7.9%
Hyderabad	3,309	9.6%

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

# **Overview of Key Impact Factors**

#### **Tourism**

# Foreign Tourist Arrivals (FTA)

FTA for the financial year 2018 was reported at 10.5 million by the Department of Tourism, Government of India. Year-on-year FTA grew by 1.33 million in the financial year 2018. In five years from financial 2014 to 2018, FTA grew by 3.8 million which is over 90% of FTA growth numbers of 4.2 million for the previous ten years from the financial year 2004 to 2013. The e-visa scheme was made available for foreign visitors with effect from November 2014. This has been extremely successful in attracting inbound travel, particularly as visitors can come in with short lead-time for the trip. The leisure sector, MICE and business travel is expected to materially benefit from this facility.

The following chart reflects the foreign tourist arrivals in India for the period indicated below (in millions):



Source: Ministry of Tourism, Government of India

# Domestic Tourism

Travel volumes, in terms of visits by domestic travellers, have grown at 13.7% CAGR between calendar year 2001 and calendar year 2016. Although hotels and resorts in India secure only a small percentage of the overall domestic travel in the country, this segment is an increasingly important demand generator for the hotel sector. Domestic travel numbers have grown nearly seven times, from 236.5 million visits in 2001 to 1.61 billion visits in 2016.

#### **Access Infrastructure**

Better travel infrastructure, in terms of better roads and airports, is a major benefit for domestic travel whether for business, leisure, MICE or social purposes. Infrastructure projects such as the Golden Quadrilateral program creates greater travel facility within regions and enable speedy vehicular movement combined with a major increase in the vehicular options and the mind-set for short duration vacation with road journeys. The upgraded road infrastructure has helped develop demand and resort capacity in several markets.

# Air Traffic

Passenger movement at these key markets for the Company grew at 9.3% CAGR between the financial years 2008 and 2018, with 10.4% CAGR growth was achieved on all-India basis. CAGR between the financial years 2015 and 2018 was 15.6% and 17.5% for key cities and all-India respectively

#### **Business Travel**

Business Travel comprises inbound and domestic visitation for business related purposes. This includes travel on corporate account and by individual business travellers. This segment is a predominant source of demand for hotels located in primarily business oriented locations.

Select hotels also secure up to 15% of total demand from the extended stay segment i.e. guests staying for 15 days and longer in connection with projects, training programs, transfers and new jobs in a given location. Such demand particularly arises in luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotels. Of course, long stay demand is the core element of business for serviced apartment facilities such as MEA owned by the Company in Mumbai.

# Leisure Travel

Leisure travel comprises vacation travel, including short duration vacations. Greater affordability, changing attitudes towards lifestyle, and improved road and air connectivity have materially encouraged short stay vacations including on weekends and extended weekends when a public holiday combines with a weekend as does occur two to four times every year.

Currently this demand is more predominant at upper tier hotels though it has now started percolating to upscale and other hotels in some cities. Leisure travel will predominate for hotels that are in essentially leisure destinations such as Goa, Jaipur and Udaipur. City centre hotels in mainly business cities may secure some staycation business or even some leisure business if the city has the draw for this, for example New Delhi.

#### **MICE Visitation**

MICE visitation is mainly corporate driven for conferences, training programs and other events that are of customer-facing intent. MICE demand tends to carry price sensitivity; such demand with optional timing may choose off-season months to enjoy lower rates at better quality hotels. Hotels in predominantly business locations will generate MICE demand for training and corporate seminars – these could be day events or residential events. Conferences that include recreation elements (incentives and rewards for dealers, staff or industry players and events that select a location in order to combine work with recreation for delegates) choose city centre locations and resort destinations.

At present, MICE events are hosted in hotels (mainly premium and upscale hotels) with large function spaces. These hotels have gained material revenue scale and diversified business segments from making the investment in such large meeting and function spaces. It is also important to recognize that these hotels will not lose their primacy when convention centres are set up in cities because there are numerous needs for events which are of a size that are not suitable for large convention centre. Further, convention centres are not truly suitable for weddings and social events.

## Weddings and social travel

Weddings and social travel involve mainly domestic visitation for participating in family weddings, destination weddings and other wedding related or family celebrations (such as anniversaries). Wedding and social event demand will of course gravitate to hotels that have the function areas, guest room capacity and also the quality to host such events at a level consistent with the status of the host. Amongst the Company hotels, JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar and Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel both of which have substantial function spaces (covered and open lawns) and large rooms inventory, are oriented towards attracting and servicing wedding demand; these hotels are amongst the main venues for corporate and social MICE or events and weddings in Mumbai.

#### Airlines and airline crew

This demand set helps create a core of demand at hotels, albeit at significantly discounted pricing. Crew demand could arise from international and domestic carriers – while the major international airlines will use upper tier hotels, more price sensitive airlines are open to using upper midscale hotels. Airlines also need to use hotels for layovers in case of significantly delayed flights. This demand is relatively nominal and mainly occurs at hotels that are closer to the airports. In such cases, airlines will prefer more moderately priced hotels that are nevertheless of good standard.

#### Transit demand

Persons at overnight transits between cities also need to use hotel accommodation which is typically located close to the point of onward journey. Transit demand could occur on the inward and/or outward leg of international travel or for travel between cities that are connected through a regional hub.

# **Barriers to Entry**

Development of hotels in India faces several challenges, principal among which are:

*Land*: Availability of land at locations that are suitable for hotels, and high cost of available land, create limitations on hotel development and viability. Limited development rights and end-use restrictions on available sites create further challenges. These factors often result in development of hotels with limited inventory.

Regulatory approvals: Hotel projects require several regulatory approvals and licenses, before implementation of the project and upon its completion prior to opening. The process of obtaining approvals can be time consuming and materially adds to the development lifecycle. Uncertainties associated with the timing of approvals have often caused delays in opening of hotels, these delays significantly add to interest cost during construction period and pressure on debt service obligations. Additionally, cost escalations occur due to delayed completion impacting project viability, funding of completion and initial operations, and project quality.

Financing and capital Requirement (Equity and Debt): In the backdrop of several hotel projects which are in debt default, bankers are extremely selective in providing development finance for hotel projects. Further, interest rates tend to be high - currently in the range of 10% to 14% with the lower range only being available to borrowers with established credibility. In addition, hotel projects require sizeable equity capital for project development and to meet cash shortfalls during operations. Shortage of suitable equity capital is a significant constraint towards development of hotels, particularly a portfolio of assets or hotels with large inventory of rooms and other facilities.

*Manpower shortages*: Manpower shortages are increasing particularly staff and managers with sufficient operating experience and skills for hotel. This poses limitations for all hotels but more specifically for hotel operated by owners as independent properties.

Distressed assets – The hotel industry has seen considerable debt-related stressed assets, including projects that are left incomplete or completion prolonged due to lack of funding. Stress has arisen due to various factors: (a) debt terms, by way of high interest rates and repayment obligations over shorter periods than are generally impracticable for hotels; (b) higher project costs emanating from delays, such delays caused by funding, regulatory approvals and project execution issues; and (c) slower demand growth due to slow general business conditions. The stressed assets create acquisition opportunities for interested investors.

# **Hotel ownership**

Ownership was initially concentrated among hotel chains. At the end of financial year 2001, about 69% of chain affiliated inventory was chain owned. Chain ownership of hotels has slowed and is estimated at about 29 % of total chain affiliated inventory at the financial year 2018. With decline in chain investment into hotels, particularly

as international chains penetrated the market, investment was effected by private developers – developer / institutional investor ownership of hotels is scattered with very limited concentration. Only ten parties have ownership of more than 1,000 rooms and the aggregate inventory with these ten parties is about 18,700 rooms (about 14% of total chain affiliated inventory). According to Horwath HTL, we are amongst two asset owners or developers which own over 2,000 rooms in luxury and upper upscale segment as of March 31, 2018.

## **Market Performance Analysis**

The table below sets forth the performance of chain hotels on all India basis:

Financial Year	All segments	Luxury & Upper Upscale	Upscale and Upper Midscale
Occupancy			
2008	67.6%	70.2%	65.4%
2015	59.1%	59.9%	56.8%
2018	65.3%	65.4%	65.6%
Q1 FY 2018	62.4%	61.0%	63.2%
Q1 FY 2019	63.2%	62.5%	63.5%
ADR			
2008	8,608	10,421	5,088
2015	5,660	7,738	4,332
2018	5,833	8,178	4,521
Q1 FY 2018	5,329	7,456	4,290
Q1 FY 2019	5,444	7,579	4,403

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The table below sets forth the demand and supply growth of chain hotels on all India basis:

India	Period	Supply CAGR	Demand CAGR
All segments	FY 2008-2015	15.0%	12.7%
	FY 2015-2018	8.0%	12.0%
Luxury-upper upscale	FY 2008-2015	10.8%	8.1%
	FY 2008-2015	5.1%	8.2%
Upscale-upper midscale	FY 2008-2015	16.2%	13.7%
	FY 2008-2015	8.7%	14.7%

Source: Horwath HTL

The table below sets forth the key growth parameters of chain hotels on all India basis:

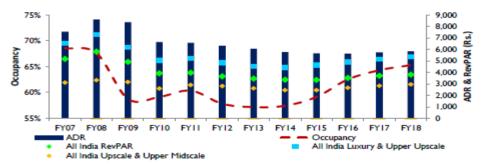
	All segments	Luxury & Upper Upscale	Upscale and Upper Midscale
Period	CAGR (FY2008-FY2018)	CAGR (FY2008-FY2018)	CAGR (FY2008-FY2018)
Supply	12.9%	9.1%	13.9%
Demand	12.5%	8.1%	14.0%
ADR	-3.8%	-2.4%	-1.2%
RevPAR	-4.2%	-3.1%	-1.1%

	CAGR (FY2008-FY2015)	CAGR (FY2008-FY2015)	CAGR (FY2008-FY2015)
Supply	15.0%	10.8%	16.2%
Demand	12.7%	8.1%	13.7%
ADR	-5.8%	-4.2%	-2.3%
RevPAR	-7.6%	-6.3%	-4.2%

	CAGR (FY2015-FY2018)	CAGR (FY2015-FY2018)	CAGR (FY2015-FY2018)
Supply	8.0%	5.1%	8.7%
Demand	12.0%	8.2%	14.7%
ADR	1.0%	1.9%	1.4%
RevPAR	4.4%	4.9%	6.4%

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The chart below illustrates the change in occupancy, ADR and RevPAR across India between the financial years 2007 and 2018:



Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The hotel sector in India experienced a difficult period from late 2008, with a double dip in occupancy. This was primarily due to the demand-supply mismatch caused by substantial supply growth, on the one hand, and slow down of demand on the other hand. The occupancy rates across India stagnated at 57% between the financial years 2012 to 2014 and grew marginally in the financial year 2015. During financial year 2012 to 2015, 44,000 rooms were added creating nearly 70% new capacity; simultaneously the economy and demand patterns were slow.

Slowdown of occupancy invariably leads to rate decline thereby impacting RevPAR levels. Occupancy has revived since the financial year 2014 and more notably from the financial year 2015, as demand conditions have improved and new supply has slowed. The upward trend in RevPAR has mainly been occupancy led, and is expected to continue or gain momentum. ADR levels are expected to improve, slowly in some markets and more strongly in some other markets which are already experiencing strong occupancy, as demand and occupancy levels improve. Between the financial years 2015 and 2018, demand growth for luxury–upper upscale and upscale–upper midscale segments exceeded the supply growth and there was growth in ADR during this period resulting in positive RevPAR growth. Luxury–upper upscale occupancy increased from 59.9% in the financial year 2015 to 65.4% in the financial year 2018 with supply growth of 8,700 rooms. For the upscale–upper midscale segment, occupancy improved from 56.8% in the financial year 2015 to 65.6% in the financial year 2018 absorbing about 16,400 rooms during this period. RevPAR growth for these segments is higher than the all India RevPAR growth during this period by increase in both occupancy and rates reflecting the growth potential of this segment.

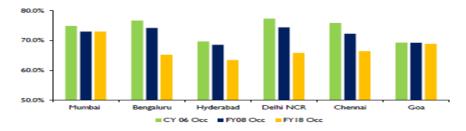
# Performance of Hotels in India in Recent Years

The following table sets forth the city-wide performance across all segments for key markets:

City	Calendar Y	Year 2006	FY:	2008	FY2	FY2018	
	Occupancy	ADR	Occupancy	ADR	Occupancy	ADR	
Mumbai	75.3%	8,273	73.1%	11,623	75.2%	8,102	
Bengaluru	75.8%	11,702	71.0%	11,426	68.0%	5,839	
Hyderabad	64.8%	7,247	67.6%	7,226	66.1%	5,071	
Delhi NCR	76.1%	9,256	73.9%	11,616	65.6%	5,953	
New Delhi					70.0%	6,631	
Chennai	74.8%	5,579	72.6%	7,219	61.4%	5,061	
Pune			75.5%	7,850	68.3%	4,507	
Goa	69.9%	5,659	68.6%	6,836	69.6%	8,133	

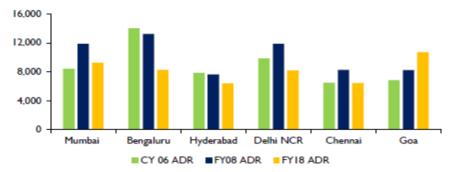
Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The chart below reflects the performance of key cities in luxury-upper upscale segment on the basis of city wise occupancy:



Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The chart below reflects the performance of key cities in luxury-upper upscale segment on the basis of city wise ADR:



Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

RevPAR trends have been positive across at all India level and across most of the select markets. Although positive, the absolute amounts still remain modest across the country. Luxury–upper upscale and upscale-upper midscale year-on-year RevPAR growth was higher than the all India average for both years (financial year 2017 and 2018). Growth in the financial year 2018 was lower than in the financial year 2017 because of relatively higher supply growth in the financial year 2018.

**Bengaluru**: Bengaluru which has good supply balance between segments has seen good growth in the upscale and mid—tier segment. RevPAR growth in the luxury—upper upscale segment has been slow. The growth was a moderate 2.7% in the financial year 2017 while in the financial year 2018 the RevPAR declined by 0.6%. This was due to addition of about 1,200 new rooms since the financial year 2015 of which 500 rooms have been added in the financial year 2018.

*Mumbai*: RevPAR growth for Mumbai at the luxury–upper upscale level between the financial year 2016 and 2018 has been driven mainly from ADR increase. The increase has however been modest in absolute terms (between INR 300 to 400) in these years, despite no supply growth during this period. City occupancy crossed 75% in the financial year 2018, however growth is impacted by limited business on weekends for hotels.

*Hyderabad*: Hyderabad has gained from return of demand and growth in the general market, after resolution of the Telangana statehood issue. City occupancy crossed 65% in the financial year 2018 - first time since the financial year 2009.

## **Outlook for Select Geographical Markets in India**

## Mumbai: luxury-upper upscale and upscale

Positive business conditions are expected to increase the demand for hotels, occupancy and ADR across all segments. ADR is expected to grow at a faster pace than in recent past years, arising mainly from high occupancies and moderate new supply. The supply for new luxury-upper upscale hotels is expected to be located in north and central Mumbai with the upscale supply located mainly in north and north-eastern Mumbai and the Navi Mumbai market area. A new convention centre in Bandra Kurla Complex is expected to increase demand, with limited room inventory in its vicinity. This is expected to help increase overall demand in north Mumbai. Business travel and MICE are expected to be the main sources of demand sources. Demand from airline crew is expected to continue to grow and may result in increased demand for hotels outside the upper tier, in the event ADR levels rise.

## Bengaluru: luxury- upper upscale

There has been a continued supply growth for hotel rooms in Bengaluru, 360 news rooms have been added in April 2018 and 280 rooms are expected to be added over the next two months. With strong demand during working weekdays, new supply is expected to ease weekday pressure in the medium term. Horwath expects rate pressure from regular supply expansion, across segments. The market experiences lack of demand diversity and is dependent on business travel. There is a potential for demand from aerospace and defence sectors. Micro-market factors are expected to impact hotels in different zones in the city. Two new upper upscale hotels opened in Whitefield, with 226 rooms in December 2017 and 360 rooms in April 2018. This will have short to medium term impact on hotels in this competitive set.

#### Hyderabad

Moderate supply growth of 1,489 rooms is expected by the financial year 2022, with 271 rooms in luxury-upper upscale segment and 670 rooms in the upscale segment. 271 rooms of ITC hotel in competitive zone of The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace are expected to open in June 2018. Whilst this is expected to have only modest impact on The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace, it may impact other hotels in the area more significantly. There is expected to be 32.6 million square-foot of new commercial space expected by December 2020. The state government is actively promoting investment in the city and state. In addition, good airport and excellent road infrastructure is expected to attract fresh investment. There is also a potential to capitalise on a convention centre, which did not occur in its initial years due to uncertainties from political agitations.

## **Operating Performance Comparison**

The tables below provide a comparison of revenue performance and total expenses for the Company hotels relative to hotels in comparable segments in India:

	FY 201	16-2017	FY 2017-2018
Parameter	The Company* All India 5 star Deluxe average		The Company*
Revenue Mix %			
Rooms	58.1%	55.8%	57.6%
F&B	33.7%	37.4%	33.9%
MOD (and Other income)	8.1%	6.9%	8.5%
Total	100%	100%	100%
Total Expenses (% of Revenue)	62.6%	66.5%	59.5%
Avg. Employee / Room	1.2	2.0	1.2

Source: FHRAI Indian Hotel industry survey 2016-2017 published by FHRAI & Hotelivate, and Company data.

Note: (i) JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar opened in February 2015 and has been in market penetration phase in the last 3 years, up to financial year 2018. The hotel is positioned as a luxury hotel and has the largest inventory in Mumbai in that segment; (ii) Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel was under phased renovation in the financial years 2016 and 2017. Consequently, available rooms inventory was smaller, the three meal restaurant was closed for 8 months in the financial year 2018 and the spa was closed for 4 months in the financial year 2017; (iii) MEA was also renovated over a period of 36-38 months between 2011 and 2014; and (iv) 67 rooms were added at Bengaluru Marriott Hotel Whitefield effective April 2017, increasing its available inventory by 21%.

The Company hotels have large rooms inventory, enabling substantial revenue share for the rooms department. F&B revenue is also material, benefitting from large function spaces at two of its hotels. Improved GOP is a function of more stabilised operating levels at the Mumbai hotels and the benefit of sizeable revenue contribution from rooms department which typically has materially larger margins compared to other departments such as F&B.

	FY 201	FY 2017-2018	
Parameter	Four Points by	All India 5 star	Four Points by Sheraton
	Sheraton Navi	average	Navi Mumbai, Vashi
	Mumbai, Vashi		
Revenue Mix %			
Rooms	60.6%	52.0%	61.1%
F&B	30.1%	40.5%	29.3%
MOD (and Other income)	9.3%	7.5%	9.6%
Total	100%	100%	100%
Total Expenses (% of Revenue)	61.5%	68.3%	56.9%
Avg. Employee / Room	1.5	1.8	1.5

Source: All India Data: FHRAI Indian Hotel industry survey 2016-17 published by FHRAI & Hotelivate

The Company has two hotels with large function and meeting spaces – JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar and Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel. Both hotels have achieved material revenue from the F&B and banquet operations. On a combined basis, these hotels had F&B revenue at 80% of room revenue in the financial year 2016 and 72% of room revenue in the financial year 2017. Function revenue for the financial year 2017 was undoubtedly impacted by the demonetization in November 2016, causing a dent in revenue growth which was restricted to 7.6%. On the other hand, rooms' revenue grew nearly 20%. It is important to recognize that the large rooms' inventory and the significant function spaces support each other, creating rooms and banquet demand to the overall benefit of the hotel.

## Comparison of Company hotels with segmental performance in each market

<sup>\*</sup>For four hotels in this segment.

The performance of individual Company hotels is presented as occupancy index, ADR index and RevPAR index. Occupancy index = Occupancy of hotel / Occupancy of market. Similar calculation basis is used for ADR index and RevPAR index.

An occupancy index of greater than one indicates that hotel's occupancy is higher than market occupancy; an index of one indicates that hotel's occupancy is equal to the market occupancy and an index of less than one indicates that the hotel's occupancy is lower than the market occupancy. Similar interpretation basis applies for ADR index and RevPAR index in this report.

#### JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar

JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar opened in February 2015 and has steadily penetrated the luxury-upper upscale segment in its market area of Eastern Suburban Mumbai, as seen from the table below.

	Luxury-Upper Upscale – Eastern Suburban Mumbai						
	FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 Q1 FY 2018 Q1 FY 2019						
Occupancy Index	0.62	0.92	0.99	0.94	0.97		
ADR Index	0.99	1.04	1.05	1.05	1.06		
RevPAR Index	0.62	0.96	1.03	0.99	1.03		

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

By the end of its third full operating year, the hotel has starting deriving ADR and RevPAR premium in the luxury-upper upscale segment of Eastern suburban Mumbai. About 70% of the increase in rooms demand per day for between the financial year 2016 and 2018 in the Eastern Suburban luxury-upper upscale market accrued to the benefit of JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar.

The following table sets forth the performance of JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar, relative to aggregation of hotels with large inventory:

		Index of JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar to large hotel compsets							
	(Luxury-upper upscale segment for FY 2018)		(Luxury-upper upscale segment for Q1 FY 2018)			(Luxury-upper upscale segment for Q1 FY 2019)			
	Occupancy	ADR	RevPAR	Occupancy	ADR	RevPAR	Occupancy	ADR	RevPAR
All India 400+	1.07	1.04	1.12	1.08	1.06	1.14	1.08	1.09	1.18
All India 500+	1.02	1.02	1.04	1.01	1.03	1.04	1.03	1.05	1.08
Mumbai 400+	1.00	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.99	0.97	0.99	1.01	1.00

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The comparative data has been restricted to Luxury-Upper upscale hotels that participate with Smith Travel Research.

JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar has achieved nominal to sizeable premiums over large sized hotels on all-India basis, with only a limited catch-up to be done on the rate front in Mumbai; having achieved its fair-share of demand, rate improvement can reasonably be expected to follow.

#### Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel

Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel was impacted by a phased renovation program covering about half the hotel rooms and several public areas.

The following table has been presented on a full inventory basis:

	Luxury-Upper Upscale – Eastern Suburban Mumbai						
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	Q1 FY 2018	Q1 FY 2019		
Occupancy Index	0.87	0.83	0.89	0.88	0.99		
ADR Index	0.99	0.94	0.87	0.91	0.87		
RevPAR Index	0.87	0.78	0.77	0.80	0.86		

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel has substantial focus on MICE and events demand; when compared to a market set that includes luxury hotels and hotels with smaller inventory focused more on business travellers, Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel will understandably stand discounted on the ADR front. Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel needs to regain the business that was dropped during the renovation period and thereby improve its occupancy and rate index. Its rate declined in financial year 2018 at a

time when the eastern suburban market rates grew for the Luxury-Upper Upscale segment. On comparison of the increase in demand between the financial years 2017 and 2018 in luxury-upper upscale segment in Eastern Suburban Mumbai, Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel alone has contributed to one third of the demand growth consequent to its full inventory becoming operational after the renovation. When combined with JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar, both these hotels have contributed to almost two-thirds of this demand growth in luxury-upper upscale segment in the micro market. Going forward from the financial year 2018 to the first quarter of the financial year 2019, the Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel has improved its occupancy index while retaining its ADR index at the same level as the financial year 2018 index.

## The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace

The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace, is among the lead performing hotels in Hyderabad. Its performance is compared to the luxury-upper upscale segment performance for the New Business District micro market:

	Luxury-Upper Upscale – New Business District*						
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	Q1 FY 2018	Q1 FY 2019		
Occupancy Index	1.15	1.13	1.09	1.20	1.20		
ADR Index	1.12	1.11	1.12	1.13	1.12		
RevPAR Index	1.28	1.26	1.22	1.36	1.35		

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

Hyderabad is a business city with limited travel for leisure, recreation and destination based social events. MICE demand is also largely corporate and business based. As such, demand and occupancy challenges on weekends create limitations on occupancy growth beyond a level. This principally explains the narrowing occupancy index; while occupancy at The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace grew 3.2 pts and 2.8 pts respectively in the financial years 2017 and 2018, other hotels have also registered growth due to improved weekday demand, thereby seemingly narrowing the occupancy index premium for The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace.

	Luxury Hotels – Hyderabad					
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	Q1 FY 2018	Q1 FY 2019	
Occupancy Index	1.20	1.20	1.16	1.30	1.29	
ADR Index	1.23	1.21	1.24	1.31	1.28	
RevPAR Index	1.48	1.46	1.44	1.70	1.65	

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

## Bengaluru Marriott Hotel Whitefield

Bengaluru Marriott Hotel Whitefield is a significant player in the Whitefield market. Its location and positioning in a key business district of Bengaluru enables the hotel to gain sizeable premium over luxury-upper upscale hotels in the micro market. The hotel has also had an expansion and a strategic contract that seemingly impacts overall numbers. The Company management is confident that the overall gain from the strategic contract will be material.

	Luxury-Upper Upscale – Whitefield & Sarjapur						
	FY 2017	FY 2018	Q1 FY 2018	Q1 FY 2019			
Occupancy Index	1.14	1.11	1.11	1.48			
ADR Index	1.17	1.12	1.08	1.08			
RevPAR Index	1.33	1.24	1.20	1.60			

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The hotel added 67 rooms effective April 2017 and an office tower with 300,000 square foot of commercial space; as part of the overall contract. The new rooms are fully occupied by a single occupant albeit at a discounted rate that is typical of such long-term commitments. Consequently, the Bengaluru Marriott Hotel Whitefield enjoys 100% occupancy for these new rooms. Ignoring these rooms and the contracted commitments therefore, the hotel achieved 12.6% ADR growth for the financial year 2018, although occupancy declined by 3.9%, the RevPAR increased by 2.7%. A new competitive hotel with 226 rooms opened in the immediate market in December 2017 and added materially to the competitive inventory. The gain in occupancy index was primarily due to limited occupancy growth achieved by the hotel while occupancy for the comparable market declined due to the impact of new supply.

## Four Points by Sheraton, Navi Mumbai, Vashi

Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi has lead the Navi Mumbai market as summarised below:

<sup>\*-</sup>comprises of hotels in Hitech City, Gachibowli, Madhapur and Kondapur area (as defined by Smith Travel Research)

	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	Q1 FY 2018	Q1 FY 2019
Occupancy Index	1.04	1.09	1.07	1.02	1.07
ADR Index	1.37	1.32	1.31	1.34	1.37
RevPAR Index	1.42	1.45	1.40	1.37	1.46

Source: Smith Travel Research and Horwath HTL

The hotel has enjoyed occupancy at 86.8% to 88.0% in the three years of the financial year 2016 to 2018. Strong rate premium is helping the hotel to get RevPAR premium of about 42% to 45% over financial years 2016 to 2018, while comparing it with the upscale & upper midscale hotels in Navi Mumbai and Thane. If we compare the performance against all hotels in Navi Mumbai and Thane, the RevPAR premium for Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi is between 66% and 69% over the same period. The micro-market is seeing strong demand and this augers well for the new upscale hotel with 260 room under development by the Company in Airoli.

## Commercial and Retail Real Estate Market in India (Source: CBRE, cbre.co.in)

#### **Overview**

The Indian economy's growth rate reached a five-quarter high of 7.2% during the quarter ended December 2017, compared with 6.5% in the previous quarter. The upward momentum was largely attributed to the continued recovery of the manufacturing sector, which grew by 8.1%. In addition, sectors such as trade, hotels and transport (9%), and public administration, defence and other services (7.2%) also contributed to this strong momentum. The construction sector's performance improved sharply as it grew by 6.8% compared with 2.8% in the previous quarter. Moreover, the growth of real estate services (along with financial, insurance and professional services) sector increased from 6.4% to 6.7% during the review period. However, despite the visible recovery in quarterly GDP, the Reserve Bank of India continued to project 2017-2018 growth rate at 6.6%.

According to CBRE Research, after rising to 5.2% in December 2017, retail inflation (measured by consumer price inflation) continued on its downward curve, declining to 4.4% in February 2018. In February 2018, the Monetary Policy Committee also estimated inflation at 4.3% to 4.7% during the second half of 2017 and 5.1% to 5.6% during the first half of 2018. Due to the constant fluctuation in inflation, the central bank has decided to keep lending rates stable for now at 6.0%. However, if inflation continues to pose a challenge, the bank might become inclined towards adopting monetary tightening measures in 2018.

Recent disruptions in the technology sector does not seem to have significantly affected the overall leasing activity in the country. Moreover, growth in other sectors appears to have helped plug the gap created by reduced leasing by most Indian tech firms. Despite a drop in its share in office space take-up in India, technology corporates remained the biggest demand driver with a share of 25% during the first quarter of 2018.

## Strengthening Domestic Demand and Governmental Reforms

According to CBRE Research, while 2016 was a year of policy announcements, 2017 saw their implementation. Last year, the government finally implemented several policies, initiatives and reforms it had announced over the past two years, infusing positively in the real estate landscape. 2018 is expected to be a year of fructification as these initiatives are likely to bear fruit.

## Commercial and Office Real Estate Sector

According to CBRE Research, due to sustained occupier interest, leasing activity rose by about 25% on a yearly basis and crossed 10 million square feet during the first quarter of 2018. Bengaluru remained a key driver of office leasing in India, accounting for more than the combined share of other markets such as Delhi-NCR, Mumbai and Hyderabad. Except Bengaluru, Mumbai and Kochi, all other cities witnessed a marginal dip in space take-up on a quarterly basis.

As in the previous quarters, office space take-up was dominated by small and medium sized transactions. Small-sized transactions (less than 10,000 square feet) accounted for about 45% of the transaction activity in the quarter, while mid-sized transactions (ranging between 10,000 square feet and 50,000 square feet) held a 42% share. The share of large sized deals (greater than 100,000 square feet) marginally dipped from 5% in the previous quarter to about 4% in the first quarter of 2018. Bengaluru dominated large-sized deal closures, while a few deals were reported in Mumbai, Delhi-NCR, Chennai and Hyderabad. Sectors such as technology, e-commerce, banking/financial services and insurance (BFSI), and engineering and manufacturing dominated large-scale deal closures.

According to CBRE Research, supply addition more than tripled on an annual basis, with about 9.7 million square feet of development completions being reported during the first quarter of 2018. Four cities – Bengaluru, Mumbai, Chennai and Delhi NCR – accounted for more than 80% of the quarterly supply addition, followed by Pune. Strong supply addition was a key driver of the increase in transaction volumes in the current quarter.

Sustained occupier interest resulted in rental values rising by about 1% to 7% on a quarterly basis across several micro-markets in Bengaluru, Hyderabad and Pune. Rental growth remained limited to core locations in Delhi-NCR and Chennai during the first quarter.

#### Mumbai

According to CBRE Research, there has been a quarter-on-quarter increase in the leasing activity.

Sustained interest from occupiers accounted for more than half of the city's overall leasing activity in Secondary Business District and Peripheral Business District (Powai, Vikhroli). Primary space taken-up dominated leasing activity, owing to the availability of space in recently completed investment-grade developments.

According to CBRE Research, demand was primarily driven by BFSI firms which took up small and medium sized spaces across micro-markets. Although small to medium sized deals continued to dominate leasing activity, the quarter also witnessed a large-sized deal (greater than 100,000 square feet) involving a leading co-working operator in Goregaon Peripheral Business District. Co-working operators also took up space in Andheri Secondary Business District. In addition, a few medium-sized transactions (70,000 to 80,000 square feet) involving firms from sectors such as infrastructure, real estate and logistics were also reported.

Rental values remained stable during the review period across all micro-markets.

The table below sets forth the key statistics of sub market:

Micro-market	Average rent in Quarter 1, 2018 (INR / square feet / month)	Average rent in Quarter 4, 2017 (INR / square feet / month)	Quarter-on- Quarter Change (%)	Year-on-Year Change (%)
Secondary Business District	115	115	0.0	0.0
(Andheri, Vile Parle, Jogeshwari)				
Grade A				
Peripheral Business District	100	100	0.0	0.0
(Powai, Vikhroli) Grade A (IT)				

Source: CBRE Research, Quarter 1, 2018

## Bengaluru

There has been a quarter-on-quarter increase in the leasing activity.

According to CBRE Research, office space take-up remained concentrated in non-SEZ developments, with Outer Ring Road and Central Business District dominating leasing activity, followed by Extended Business District. Transaction activity mostly consisted of space take-up (and culmination of pre-commitments) in recently completed developments in Peripheral Business District (Whitefield, Electronic City) and Outer Ring Road.

Leasing activity was primarily driven by BFSI corporates followed by e-commerce, research, consulting and analytics and tech firms. Co-working / business centre operators continued to be active in the city. Small-to-medium sized deals dominated leasing activity, with a few large-sized deals being closed in Outer Ring Road.

According to CBRE Research, sustained occupier interest led to a 2% to 7% quarterly rental appreciation across non-SEZ buildings in all micro-markets. Due to lack of available space, rentals of SEZ developments in Outer Ring Road and North Bengaluru District increased by about 1% to 3% on a quarterly basis.

The table below sets forth the key statistics of sub market:

Micro-market	Average rent in Quarter 1, 2018 (INR / square feet / month)	Average rent in Quarter 4, 2017 (INR / square feet / month)	Quarter-on- Quarter Change (%)	Year-on-Year Change (%)
Peripheral Business District (Whitefield, Electronic City) Grade A	45	42	7.1	12.5

Source: CBRE Research, Quarter 1, 2018

#### Retail Real Estate Sector

According to CBRE Research, the Indian retail real estate market witnessed continuous foray of international brands, launch of new retail developments and robust demand for space in the second half of 2017. The second half of 2017 saw an addition of about two million square feet of fresh supply across the seven key cities; majority of which was concentrated in Kolkata, Delhi NCR, Chennai, Pune and Bengaluru. Supply on an annual basis was around 3.4 million square feet, almost in line with the supply that entered the key cities in 2016.

The demand for retail space remained strong as several international brands such as Tom tailor, Simon Carter and Jo Malone opened their first outlets in India, while others such as H&M and Starbucks continued to expand operations.

According to CBRE Research, a key noticeable trend in 2017 was retailers adopting an "omni-channel" strategy to connect with their consumers; whereby leading e-commerce players such as Urban Ladder and Pepperfry forayed into the brick and mortar space and set up their experience centers, while established retailers such as Zara launched their online channel in India in October.

Rental trends varied across key high-streets in major cities during the second half of 2017. High street markets such as Brigade Road and Commercial Street observed an appreciation in rentals, while rents maintained stability across most of the other high-streets in India.

According to CBRE Research, the second half of 2017 was upbeat from a policy perspective with further easing of the FDI norms. The key initiative to further encourage FDI inflows in the retail sector came in January 2018 when the Government allowed up to 100% FDI in single-brand retail through the automatic route. The policy initiative would further ease the entry of international retailers in India.

## Bengaluru

According to CBRE Research, the average market rental in the East Bengaluru Retail Market (Airport Road, Ulsoor and Whitefield) is estimated to be ₹ 125-130 per square feet per month in the second half of 2017.

#### **OUR BUSINESS**

The industry information contained in this section is derived from a report titled "Industry Report – Top tier and Upscale Hotels" dated June 25, 2018 (read with addendum dated September 25, 2018), prepared by Horwath HTL India and commissioned by our Company in connection with the Offer. We have also utilised publicly available research reports titled "CBRE India Retail Market View H2 2017", "CBRE India Market Outlook Report April 2018" and "CBRE India Office Market View Q1 2018, released in years 2017 and 2018, prepared by CBRE Research. Neither we, nor the BRLMs, nor any other person connected with the Offer has independently verified this information. References to hotel segments in this section are in accordance with the presentation in the Horwath Report and we do not report our financial information by these segments.

Unless otherwise stated, references in this section to "we", "our" or "us" (including in the context of any financial information) are to our Company along with our Subsidiary, on a consolidated basis.

To obtain a complete understanding of our Company, prospective investors should read this section in conjunction with "Risk Factors", "Industry Overview", "Summary Financial Information, "Summary Financial Data" and "Management's Discussions and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 18, 134, 259, 61 and 586 respectively, as well as the financial, statistical and other information contained in this Prospectus.

#### Overview

We are an owner, developer and asset manager of high-end hotels in key metro cities in India. Our hotel platform comprises five operating hotels, including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence, located in the Mumbai Metropolitan Region, Hyderabad and Bengaluru, representing 2,328 keys, as of September 30, 2018. Our hotels are branded with globally recognized hospitality brands and are in the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments, according to the Horwath Report. Our hotel platform emphasizes strategic locations, efficient design and development, appropriate positioning in hotel segments together with branding and operational tie-ups with leading hospitality companies. We use our experience to actively manage the hotel assets to drive performance. In addition, we have developed commercial and retail spaces, in close proximity to certain of our hotels.

We have developed our hotels at strategic locations generally with high barriers-to-entry and in high density business districts of their respective metro cities, according to the Horwath Report. We generally develop our hotels on large land parcels, allowing us to situate a greater number of rooms, as well as provide a wide range of amenities, such as, fine dining and specialty restaurants, large banquet and outdoor spaces. We endeavour to build our hotels to superior standards targeting the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments at an efficient gross built up area and development cost per key.

We believe we have a competitive advantage in key metro cities due to, the significant time outlay required to build and establish a profitable hotel or commercial project, our early mover advantage in large, mixed-use developments in specific micro-markets and availability of unutilized land at certain of our hotel properties to further expand our operations, among others.

We seek to brand our hotels with leading global hospitality brands, which we believe are well matched to the location, size, target customer base and intended hotel segment of our hotel properties. This allows us to save on the time and cost required to build, develop and maintain our 'own hotel brand'. Our hotels are currently branded with global brands such as JW Marriott, Westin, Marriott, Marriott Executive Apartments, Renaissance and Four Points by Sheraton which are held by Marriott Hotels India Private Limited and its affiliates (collectively "Marriott"). We also determine, by detailed financial and operational analysis, whether hotel operations should be undertaken directly by us or by engaging third party hotel operators. Currently, our hotel at Vashi, Navi Mumbai, is operated by us under a license agreement with Marriott, and four of our hotels, including our serviced residence, are operated pursuant to hotel operation and related agreements with Marriott.

We follow an active asset management model for our hotels operated by third parties, pursuant to which we closely monitor, and exercise regular oversight over, the performance of our hotel properties. Among other things, we discuss and agree on budgeting and operational and financial targets, review performance reports, engage with the hotel management team at each hotel by conducting detailed monthly performance review meetings and provide regular inputs on cost saving initiatives and potential improvements. We believe that our active asset management model, the premium location of our hotels, our large room inventory and large function spaces, together with our relationship with international hospitality brands, has allowed our hotels to achieve competitive financial and operational parameters. For example most of our hotels have higher ADR, occupancies and RevPAR

compared to the average of other hotels in their respective micro-markets and hotel segments, for the financial year 2018, according to the Horwath Report. See "*Industry Overview*" on page 134.

We are part of K. Raheja Corp group which is a leading business group in India and we believe that we derive significant benefit from the confidence that consumers, lenders, hospitality partners, vendors and others place in the group. The companies forming part of the K. Raheja Corp group ("K. Raheja Companies") have extensive experience in developing large scale real estate, hospitality and commercial projects resulting in a strong understanding of industry and market trends, which we leverage to identify suitable locations and opportunities. We further leverage the experience and relationships of these companies with construction companies, architects and designers, to develop, refurbish and maintain hotels at optimal cost and quality.

Our Promoters include Mr. Ravi C. Raheja and Mr. Neel C. Raheja, who have been instrumental in the growth of our business and actively advise us on finance, corporate strategy and planning as well as our hotel and retail businesses. We have a strong management team with significant industry experience. Our Managing Director and CEO, Mr. Sanjay Sethi has three decades of experience in the hospitality industry and our Executive Director and CFO, Mr. Rajeev Newar, has over 26 years of experience in various industries. Our Key Management Personnel and senior management include qualified professionals and industry experts with significant experience across various industries and functions including finance, legal, projects and design, asset management, hospitality.

Our total income was ₹ 4,970.43 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and ₹ 9,295.14 million for the financial year 2018, and our total income grew at a CAGR of 15.81% between the financial years 2014 and 2018. Our total comprehensive expense was ₹ 440.45 million and our Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items was ₹ 1,339.58 million, for the six months ended September 30, 2018. Our total comprehensive income was ₹ 326.26 million and our Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items was ₹ 3,501.48 million, for the financial year 2018. Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items grew at a CAGR of 22.80%, between the financial years 2014 and 2018. Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items, is a supplemental measure of our performance and liquidity. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Significant Accounting Policies – Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items" on page 553.

## **Competitive Strengths**

# High-End Branded Hotels Strategically Located in Key Metro Cities of India

We are an owner, developer and asset manager of high-end hotels in key metro cities in India. Our hotel platform comprises five operating hotels, including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence, located in the Mumbai Metropolitan Region, Hyderabad and Bengaluru, representing 2,328 keys, as of September 30, 2018. Our hotels are branded with globally recognized hospitality brands and are in the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments, according to the Horwath Report. Our hotel platform emphasizes strategic locations, efficient design and development, appropriate positioning in hotel segments together with branding and operational tie-ups with leading hospitality companies.

All our hotel assets are located in high density business districts of key metro cities in India, according to the Horwath Report. We have developed our hotels at strategic locations generally with high barriers-to-entry. For example, we have a hotel in Sahar, Mumbai and another located across 15 acres at the banks of Powai lake, both in proximity to Mumbai's international airport. Similarly, our hotel in Vashi, Navi Mumbai is located close to new business districts and the proposed international airport and our hotels in Hyderabad and Bengaluru are located near the offices of major technology corporations, business centres and retail and commercial facilities. Our design and development team manages construction, design, approval and engineering for our projects and utilizes modern technology for quicker and more efficient development of our properties. We generally locate our hotels on large land parcels, allowing us to situate a greater number of rooms, as well as provide a wide variety of amenities such as fine dining and specialty restaurants, large banquet halls, ball rooms and executive lounges, swimming pools and outdoor spaces, spas and gymnasiums. For example, our four largest hotels have 773, 585, 427 and 391 keys, respectively as of September 30, 2018.

We seek to brand our hotels with leading global hospitality brands, which we believe are well matched to the location, size, target customer base and intended hotel segment of our hotel properties. This allows us to save on the time and cost required to build, develop and maintain our 'own hotel brand'. Currently, all our hotels are branded with global brands, such as, JW Marriott, Westin, Marriott, Marriott Executive Apartments, Renaissance and Four Points by Sheraton, which are held by Marriott. We believe that our active asset management model, the premium location of our hotels, our large room inventory and large function spaces, together with our relationship with leading international hospitality brands, enables us to attract our target customer base including large

corporate key accounts such as information technology companies, airlines, multi-national corporations, consultancy firms and banks, deliver an enhanced customer experience, encourage repeat business and drive customer loyalty.

#### Active Asset Management Model

We follow an active asset management model for our four hotels, including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence, which are operated by Marriott pursuant to hotel operation and related agreements. These agreements give us access to Marriott's management expertise, industry best practices, online reservation systems, marketing strategies, systems and processes, human resources and operational know-how. Our active asset management model entails that in addition to contractual obligations under agreements with Marriott, we closely monitor, exercise regular oversight and contribute to the performance of our hotel properties. As part of our active asset management model, we regularly:

- engage with the hotel management team at each hotel in order to discuss and agree on budgeting, cost
  management initiatives and operational and financial targets for each of our hotel properties. For example,
  we conduct detailed performance review meetings each month with the hotel management team to assess
  hotel performance on a host of parameters and provide regular inputs on cost saving initiatives and
  potential improvements;
- review performance reports generated by each hotel;
- conduct periodic meetings with hotel operator's management teams;
- discuss and optimize pricing strategies to maximize room yield by active monitoring of key corporate accounts and provide inputs on promotional activities;
- review furniture, fixtures and equipment deployment plans and assist with execution of these plans;
- review competitor set performance and penetration across relevant micro-markets; and
- assist in renewing licenses and consents, as necessary.

We believe that our active asset management model, the premium location of our hotels and our large room inventory together with large function spaces, together with our relationship with leading international hospitality brands, has allowed our hotels to achieve competitive financial and operational parameters. For example most of our hotels had higher ADR, occupancies and RevPAR compared to the average of other hotels in their respective micro-markets and hotel segments, for the financial year 2018, according to the Horwath Report.

The table below sets forth certain key performance parameters for our hotels:

	Our Company Six Months ended September 30, 2018	Our Company Financial Year 2018	All India Luxury-Upper Upscale Segment Financial Year 2018*
For our hotels manage	ged by third parties:		
$ADR^{(1)}(\mathbf{\xi})$	7,829.85	7,978.76	8,223
Average Occupancy (2)	73.82%	71.70%	65%
Rev PAR (3) (₹)	5,780.30	5,720.54	5,345
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) (4)	3,981.38	7,883.79	-
Total Operating Expenses (₹ million) (5)	2,795.71	4,717.17	-
For our hotel n	All India Upscale and Upper Midscale Hotel Segment Financial Year 2018*		
$ADR^{(1)}(\mathbf{F})$	6,887.45	6,435.73	4,496
Average Occupancy (2)	89.10%	88.10%	66%
Rev PAR $^{(3)}(\xi)$	6,136.70	5,669.57	2,967
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) (4)	262.83	511.14	-
Total Operating Expenses (₹ million) (5)	162.71	291.50	-

<sup>\*</sup>According to the Horwath Report.

<sup>(1)</sup> ADR represents revenue from room rentals at our hotels divided by total number of room nights sold (including keys that were available for only a certain portion of a period).

<sup>(2)</sup> Average occupancy represents the total number of room nights sold divided by the total number of room nights available at a hotel or group of

- hotels.
- (3) RevPAR is calculated by multiplying ADR and average occupancy.
- (4) Total operating revenue comprises of revenue from hotel including room revenue, food and beverage revenue and other income from hotel operations.
- (5) Operating expenses comprises of expenses towards food and beverage consumed, operating supplies, employee benefit cost and other expenses.

Our staff per room ratio (including our employees and personnel engaged on a contractual basis), calculated by dividing total staff by number of available keys, was 1.23 as of September 30, 2018, 1.21 as of March 31, 2018 and 1.25 as of March 31, 2017 for our hotels managed by third parties in the luxury-upper upscale segment and 1.44 as of September 30, 2018, 1.40 as of March 31, 2018 and 1.38 as of March 31, 2017 for our hotel managed by us in the upscale segment. The average staff per room ratio of all hotels in India was 2.0 for the five star deluxe segment and 1.8 for the five star segment, as of March 31, 2017, according to the Horwath Report.

Our total income was ₹ 4,970.43 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and ₹ 9,295.14 million for the financial year 2018, and our total income grew at a CAGR of 15.81% between the financial years 2014 and 2018. Our total comprehensive expense was ₹ 440.45 million and our Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items was ₹ 1,339.58 million, for the six months ended September 30, 2018. Our total comprehensive income was ₹ 326.26 million and our Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items was ₹ 3,501.48 million, for the financial year 2018. Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items grew at a CAGR of 22.80%, between the financial years 2014 and 2018. As of September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, our Average Cost of Indebtedness (including exchange (gain) /loss) was 12.92%, 8.65%, 9.68% and 11.11%, respectively and our Average Cost of Indebtedness (excluding exchange (gain) / loss) was 9.09%, 8.73%, 9.82% and 9.18%, respectively.

## Well Positioned to Benefit from Industry Trends

According to the Horwath Report, growth in per capita income, changing demographic dynamics, rising urbanization, growth in travel and higher discretionary spending trends, are expected to assist the growth of the hospitality industry in India. Given our presence in key metro cities which are expected to benefit from the growth in these parameters, we are well placed to benefit from the potential growth opportunity. We believe we have a competitive advantage in the key metro cities due to the significant time outlay required for companies to build and establish a profitable hotel or commercial office space or mall and our early mover advantage in large, mixeduse developments in specific micro-markets. Further, the availability of land with our company in proximity to our developments for further expansion and high entry costs to develop projects in metro cities where our developments and projects are located, provide us with an advantage in our relevant micro-markets.

Further, according to the Horwath Report, the luxury-upper upscale hotel segment is expected to witness a growth in the MICE (meetings, incentives, conferences and events) segment. We believe that given our presence in key metro cities and size of our hotels, including large sized banquet, outdoor and conferencing facilities, particularly at our hotel at Sahar Mumbai and at our hotel and convention centre at Powai, Mumbai, we are well-positioned to benefit from the growth potential in the MICE segment, facilitating both domestic and international business meetings and conferences. We believe, the technology and facilities available at our properties in addition to their locational advantage will allow us to capture the expected growth in this segment.

According to CBRE Research, due to sustained occupier interest, leasing activity for commercial and office real estate rose by about 25% on a yearly basis and crossed 10 million square feet during the first quarter of 2018. Further, according to CBRE Research, the Indian retail real estate market witnessed continuous foray of international brands, launch of new retail developments and robust demand for space in the second half of 2017. We believe we are well positioned to leverage this growth due to our in-depth understanding of the rental market and the needs and preferences of consumers. We believe that our clients have confidence in us, demonstrated by our relationships with several large corporate clients and domestic and global retail brands, including a long-term agreement with a leading global professional services company for 109,228 square feet of commercial space at Whitefield, Bengaluru. Such relationships may help us to secure clients for our new developments and mitigate the risks that may arise from an inability to secure clients for large commercial or retail spaces at suitable rates.

## **Experienced Management Team**

We have a strong management team with significant industry experience. Our Promoters, Mr. Ravi Raheja and Mr. Neel Raheja, have been instrumental in the growth of our hospitality and retail business and actively advise on finance, corporate strategy and planning. Further, our Managing Director and CEO, Mr. Sanjay Sethi has three decades of experience in the hospitality industry, including with leading Indian hotel chains, and across hotel segments. Further, our Executive Director and CFO, Mr. Rajeev Newar, has over 26 years of experience in roles in finance and management. Our Key Management Personnel and senior management include qualified

professionals and industry experts, with significant experience across various industries and functions including finance, legal, projects and design, asset management, hospitality and logistics. Our Promoters, Board and management team have demonstrated an ability to enhance our performance by growing our business through different economic and industry cycles. We believe that the strength of our management team and its understanding of the hospitality and real estate market in India enables us to continue to take advantage of current and future market opportunities.

## Backed by Leading Indian Real Estate Developer

We are part of K. Raheja Corp group which is a leading business group in India and we believe that we derive significant benefit from the confidence that consumers, lenders, commercial partners, vendors and others place in the group. The K. Raheja Companies have extensive experience in developing large scale real estate and commercial projects resulting in a strong understanding of industry and market trends, which we leverage to identify suitable locations and opportunities. We further leverage the experience and relationships of these companies with construction companies to develop hotels at optimal cost and quality. For example, the average development cost per room (including the cost of land), for our luxury hotel at Sahar, Mumbai, completed in financial year 2015 was ₹ 13.99 million. Further, our hotel project management and design team, works together with the K. Raheja Companies and leverages the experience of K. Raheja Companies' design teams to develop our hotel properties, commercial offices and malls.

## **Competitive Strategies**

## Focus on Maximizing Performance in Existing Portfolio through Active Asset Management

A critical part of our growth strategy is to continue our focus on maximizing the cost efficiency of our portfolio by following a disciplined approach to asset management, and a collaborative working arrangement with our hotel operators to drive strategic and tactical initiatives, to drive profitability. Some of the initiatives are listed below:

- alternative and optimal utilization of hotel spaces to maximize and diversify revenue sources besides room revenue by increasing our share of revenue from food and beverage, meeting rooms, club floors, conferences, events and commercial or retail space;
- continued focus on upgrading facilities to work towards a best-in-class experience across our existing hotels by undertaking renovations and rebranding exercises;
- improve staff productivity and efficiency through appropriate training and learning exercises and an optimal use of technology;
- undertake energy saving initiatives that are both cost-efficient and environmentally friendly as well
  explore shared service opportunities, such as laundry and finance operations, for our hotels located in the
  same city; and
- ensuring presence of leadership personnel commensurate with the size and scale of each hotel property.

## Disciplined Development of Assets in the Current Pipeline

We are in the process of developing three additional hotel projects which are expected to have 588 keys and two projects representing commercial office space with built-up area (excluding car parking/utilities) of approximately 1.12 million square feet. We have traditionally acquired large parcels of land at competitive prices with the intention to develop hotel-led mixed-use projects. We seek to leverage unutilized FSI at some of our hotel locations which allows us to develop additional commercial or retail spaces. For example, we are developing commercial space in Powai, Mumbai and an IT Park in Whitefield, Bengaluru located on unutilized land at our hotel properties. We also intend to focus on developing new hotel-led mixed-use projects in prime locations with development sizes similar to our existing projects, and which feature a combination of hotels, retail developments and commercial office space. Our retail and commercial space under construction is expected to generate regular rental income and cushion the hospitality cash flow cyclicality. Retail and commercial space are also expected to complement the hospitality business and generate synergies within the hotel led mixed-use projects. For example, we believe that the development of our commercial and retail real estate projects in proximity to our hotels will provide benefits to our hotel business for MICE events and assist in driving room occupancy.

# Expand Portfolio by way of Opportunistic and Accretive Acquisitions

The hospitality industry in India has recently experienced some consolidation according to the Horwath Report, and we will continue to explore opportunities for acquiring operating hotel assets. The hotel industry has seen considerable debt-related stressed assets, including projects that are left incomplete or completion prolonged due to lack of funding which creates acquisition opportunities, according to the Horwath Report. We seek to leverage our experience and in-house capabilities to acquire operational or near complete hotel assets at an attractive price to reduce replacement cost, initiate turnaround strategies through active asset management, brand repositioning, property enhancement or cost controls and derive benefits of economies of scale. We believe that our asset ownership model allows us the flexibility to acquire a variety of existing branded hotels unlike hotel companies which operate under their own brand.

Further, we will evaluate inorganic growth opportunities, in keeping with our strategy to grow and develop our market share. We may consider opportunities for inorganic growth, such as through acquisitions of operating hotel assets, if, among other things, they:

- are consistent with the positioning and parameters of our existing hotels and which we estimate are highyielding hotel assets;
- consolidate our market position in strategic micro-markets in key metro cities;
- achieve operating leverage by unlocking potential efficiency and synergy benefits;
- strengthen and expand our portfolio to newer geographies across India which typically attract significant traffic from business and leisure travellers particularly in the NCR, Bengaluru, Pune, Chennai and Goa; and
- enhance our depth of experience and know-how.

## Maintain a Sustainable Capital Structure and Ensure Prudent Capital Allocation

We seek to expand our portfolio of hotel properties organically or inorganically, based on industry developments and supply and demand movements across the hotel sector and in and specific locations and micro markets. Our strategy is to invest in buying completed projects in demand dense markets when acquisition costs are low and we are able to obtain financing at suitable rates. We leverage our Company's and K. Raheja Companies' development strength to construct and develop our hotels and thereafter actively manage properties along with a suitable hospitality brand partner. Our approach has allowed us to allocate capital at opportune times to acquire land and build hotels efficiently. Once our hotels are operational, we aim to take advantage of growing demand to maximize revenue and returns by partnering with well-renowned hotel operators, as well as to reduce existing debt. As of September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, our Average Cost of Indebtedness (including exchange (gain)/loss) was 12.92% 8.65%, 9.68% and 11.11%, respectively; Average Cost of Indebtedness (excluding exchange (gain)/loss) was 9.09%, 8.73%, 9.82% and 9.18%, respectively and our debt to equity ratio was 5.75, 5.42, 5.59 and 4.51, respectively. We aim to continue to reduce our cost of indebtedness through active evaluation of refinancing and alternative capital sources.

## Opportunity for reflagging hotels or renegotiating hotel operation contracts

The hotel operation contracts for our operational hotels, including our serviced residence, at Powai, Mumbai and Hyderabad will be due for renewal in March 2020 and December 2021, respectively. Further, our license agreement for our hotel at Vashi, Navi Mumbai will be due for renewal in December 2021. This provides us with an opportunity to rebrand hotel assets or reposition our properties by using alternate brands at these hotels to better cater to expected demand in the respective micro markets where our hotels are located. Given the demand potential in the hospitality sector according to the Horwath Report, we believe that we may also be able to renegotiate better terms for our hotel operation contracts. We may also evaluate options of diversifying our asset portfolio to include more international brands of similar to higher positioning as our current brands, in order to reduce risk of reliance on any one hospitality company.

## DESCRIPTION OF OUR BUSINESS

We are an owner, developer and asset manager of high-end hotels in key metro cities in India. Our hotel platform comprises five operating hotels, including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence, located in Mumbai Metropolitan Region, Hyderabad and Bengaluru, representing 2,328 keys, as of September 30, 2018. Our hotels, including our serviced residence are branded with globally recognized hospitality brands and are in the luxury-

upper upscale and upscale hotel segments according to the Horwath Report. In addition, we have developed commercial and retail spaces, in close proximity to certain of our hotels. We earn revenue from our hospitality operations and also derive lease income from our commercial and retail properties as well as real estate income from sale of certain residential flats. The following table sets forth our revenue from operations from our business segments, for the periods indicated:

				Revenue from	m Operation	ns			
	ended Se	six months ptember 30,	Financial	Year 2018	Financial	<b>Year 2017</b>	Financial Year 2016 (Proforma Ind AS)		
	(₹ in million)	as a % of Revenue from Operations	(₹ in million)	as a % of Revenue from Operations	(₹ in million)	as a % of Revenue from Operations	(₹ in million)	as a % of Revenue from Operations	
Hospitality (income earned through hotel operations)	4,244.21	90.33%	8,394.93	96.00%	6,806.85	96.43%	5,644.31	98.52%	
Retail and commercial (income earned through leasing of commercial and retail properties)	169.92	3.62%	240.77	2.75%	140.51	1.99%	7.73	0.13%	
Property Development (income from sale of residential flats)	284.55	6.06%	102.13	1.17%	111.44	1.58%	77.39	1.35%	
Revenue from Operations	4,698.68	100.00%	8,737.83	100.00%	7,058.80	100.00%	5,729.43	100.00%	

# **Our Hotel Business**

As part of our hotel business, we are focused on developing high-end hotels and use our experience to actively manage the property to drive hotel performance. All of our hotels are in the luxury-upper upscale and upscale segments, according to the Horwath Report. We have developed our hotels at strategic locations generally with high barriers-to-entry close to airports, major business centres or commercial districts and other convenient locations. We determine, by detailed financial and operational analysis, whether the hotel operations should be undertaken directly by us or by engaging third party hotel operators. Currently, one of our hotels is operated by us under a license agreement, and four of our hotels, including our serviced residence, are operated by third party hotel operators pursuant to hotel operation and related agreements, all executed with Marriott.

## Our Hotels Managed by Third Party Hotel Operators

As of September 30, 2018, we own four hotels, including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence, which are managed by third parties, which represent 2,176 keys. These hotels accounted for 84.73% and 90.23% of our revenue from operations for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and for the financial year 2018, respectively. Our hotels which are managed by third parties are located in three major metro cities in India, namely, Mumbai, Bengaluru and Hyderabad. These hotels are located on freehold land owned directly by our Company and the title to the buildings, equipment and furniture or fixtures generally vests with our Company. The table below provides certain details of our hotels which are managed by third parties, as of September 30, 2018:

Hotel Name  Hotel Segment(1)	Location and Details of land Parcel	No. of keys	Month of Opening	Nature of Ownership Interest
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JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar	Luxury-Upper Upscale	Sahar, Mumbai; 14. 55 acres	585	February 2015	Freehold, 100.00% ownership
Bengaluru Marriott Hotel Whitefield	Luxury-Upper Upscale	Whitefield, Bengaluru; 9.76 acres	391	February 2013 <sup>(2)</sup>	Freehold, 100.00% ownership
The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace	Luxury-Upper Upscale	Mindspace, Hyderabad; 3.10 acres	427	December 2009	Freehold, 100.00% ownership
Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel and Lakeside Chalet, Mumbai- Marriott Executive Apartments	Luxury-Upper Upscale	Powai, Mumbai; 15.00 acres	773 <sup>(3)</sup>	July 2001 <sup>(4)</sup>	Freehold, 100.00% ownership

<sup>(1)</sup> According to the Horwath Report.

Hotel Name

## Hotel Operators for Our Hotels Managed by Third Parties

We benefit from hotel operation contracts with Marriott for global brands such as JW Marriott, Westin, Marriott, Marriott Executive Apartments and Renaissance, with terms generally ranging from 10 to 20 years. We generally also enter into license and royalty agreements, international marketing program participation agreements, technical services agreements and training and computer systems agreements with the hotel operator or its affiliates, to leverage their management expertise, industry best practices, online reservation systems, marketing strategies, systems and processes, human resources and operational know-how.

The hotel operation agreements subject to the terms and limitations set forth in the agreements, generally provide the hotel operator with day-to-day operational control, including selection, recruitment, training and management of our personnel for the hotel together with determining their remuneration, determining the price and rate schedules for rooms, commercial spaces and other services, credit policies, managing food and beverage service, employment policies, receipt, holding, and disbursement of funds, maintenance of bank accounts, procurement of inventories, supplies and services, maintaining and renewing licenses and consents and entering into agreements on our behalf with regulatory and governmental authorities to ensure the smooth functioning of the hotel, negotiating and executing agreements with third parties such as vendors, licensees and concessionaires and carrying out marketing, sales, reservations and advertising operations for the hotel, among others. See "— Certain Key Agreements — Hotel Operation Agreements and Related Agreements" on page 165.

The table below provides certain details of the agreements entered into for our hotels which are managed by third parties, as of September 30, 2018:

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Hotel Name	Brand Utilized	Date of Expiry of Term
JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar	JW MARRIOTT MUMBAI SAHAR	March 31, 2035
Bengaluru Marriott Hotel Whitefield	MARRIOTT BENGALURU WHITEFIELD	March 31, 2033
The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace	THE WESTIN  HYDERABAD  MINDSPACE	December 31, 2021
		March 31, 2020

<sup>(2)</sup> The hotel commenced operations in February 2013, however we recognized revenues and expenses in relation to hotel operations upon the completion of the demerger and transfer of the hotel effective November 1, 2016.

<sup>(3) 600</sup> rooms at the Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel and 173 serviced residences at the Lakeside Chalet, Mumbai-Marriott Executive Apartments.

<sup>(4) 173</sup> serviced residences opened in July 2001, further 283 keys opened in 2001, 300 keys opened in 2008 and 17 keys opened in 2017. Lakeside Chalet, Mumbai-Marriott Executive Apartments was opened in July 2001.



Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel and Lakeside Chalet, Mumbai-Marriott Executive Apartments<sup>(1)</sup>



(1) We have entered into a non-binding Memorandum of Understanding, which is valid until March 31, 2019, for re-branding of our existing Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel to 'Westin' hotel at Powai, Mumbai with Marriott Hotels India Private Limited ("Marriott") on January 7, 2019. We are currently in the process of negotiating terms with Marriott and subject to mutual acceptance of terms by both parties intend to enter into definitive hotel operating agreement(s). This is will be subject to receipt of relevant approvals, including approvals from respective board of directors of both parties.

Pursuant to the agreements entered into with hotel operators and their affiliates, our hotels are generally obliged to pay one time fees for design and construction consulting services, as well as, periodic operating fees, management fees, royalty fees for licensing the use of certain trademarks, fees for technical services rendered based on invoices raised and reimbursements for advertising, marketing, promotion, sales, software related expenses, training, reservations and loyalty programs incurred by the hotel operator or their affiliates. These operating and related agreements together provide for a multi-tiered fee structure that compensates the hotel operators based on a fixed percentage of the gross revenue of the hotel as well as a portion of gross operational profits, subject to certain exclusions and adjustments including periodic increments. See "— Certain Key Agreements — Hotel Operation Agreements and Related Agreements" on page 165.

## Our Active Asset Management Model

We follow an active asset management model for our hotels which are operated by Marriott. Our active asset management model entails that in addition to contractual obligations under agreements with Marriott, we closely monitor, exercise regular oversight and contribute to the performance of our hotel properties. As part of our active asset management model, we regularly:

- engage with the hotel management team at each hotel in order to discuss and agree on budgeting, cost
  management initiatives and operational and financial targets for each of our hotel properties. For example,
  we conduct detailed performance review meetings each month with the hotel management team to assess
  hotel performance on a host of parameters and provide regular inputs on cost saving initiatives and
  potential improvements;
- review performance reports generated by each hotel;
- conduct periodic meetings with hotel operator's management teams;
- discuss and optimize pricing strategies to maximize room yield by active monitoring of key corporate accounts and provide inputs on promotional activities;
- review furniture, fixtures and equipment deployment plans and assist with execution of these plans;
- review competitor set performance and penetration across relevant micro-markets; and
- assist in renewing licenses and consents, as necessary.

We have a specialised asset management team which, aiming to optimize profitability, undertakes extensive and comprehensive research and provides business intelligence, feasibility studies, capital outlay plans and financial analysis. This allows us to monitor property functioning, rationally review and control costs, and explore opportunities to further improve asset productivity. Learnings from each hotel are pooled in to ensure best practices are replicated, resulting in improved functioning.

Key Performance Indicators for our Hotels Managed by Third Parties

The table below sets forth certain key parameters for our hotels managed by third parties, for the past three financial years:

# For our hotels managed by third parties

	For the six months ended	Financial	Financial	Financial
	September 30, 2018	<b>Year 2018</b>	<b>Year 2017</b>	Year 2016
No. of available keys*	2,176	2,176	2,109	1,771
$ADR^{(1)}(\mathbf{F})$	7,829.85	7,978.76	7,975.35	7,723.09
Average Occupancy (2)	73.82%	71.70%	65.99%	58.09%
Rev PAR $^{(3)}(\xi)$	5,780.30	5,720.54	5,262.83	4,486.35
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) (4)	3,981.38	7,883.79	6,314.75	5,152.01
Total Operating Expenses (₹ million) (5)	2,795.71	4,717.17	4,026.81	3,426.94
Staff per Room Ratio as on last day of the	1.23	1.21	1.25	1.25
year <sup>(6)</sup>				
Power units consumed (Kwh) per available	56.86	54.62	57.55	60.20
room per day (7)				

## JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar

	As of and for the six months	Financial	Year or As of I	March 31,
	ended September 30, 2018	2018	2017	2016
No. of available keys*	585	585	585	585
ADR¹ (₹)	8,322.88	8,499.15	8,259.44	7,734.81
Average Occupancy <sup>2</sup>	73.77%	73.16%	65.13%	45.72%
Rev PAR <sup>3</sup> (₹)	6,139.52	6,217.95	5,379.31	3,536.53
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) <sup>4</sup>	1,205.53	2,422.54	2,048.39	1,494.46
Operating expenses <sup>5</sup>	983.61	1,445.58	1,351.14	1,116.76
Staff per room ratio <sup>6</sup>	1.25	1.22	1.24	1.27
No. of Meeting Rooms	5	5	5	5
No. of Food and Beverage Outlets	3	3	3	3
Sq. meters Outdoor and Banquet Space	2,780	2,780	2,780	2,780

# Bengaluru Marriott Hotel Whitefield

	As of and for the six months	Financial Year o	r As of March 31,
	ended September 30, 2018	2018	2017*
No. of available keys*	391	391	324
ADR¹ (₹)	8,442.36	8,620.27	8,967.82
Average Occupancy <sup>2</sup>	78.06%	74.79%	74.32%
Rev PAR <sup>3</sup> (₹)	6,590.19	6,447.31	6,664.89
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) <sup>4</sup>	754.59	1,476.74	1,253.74
Operating expenses <sup>5</sup>	563.95	804.66	789.35
Staff per room ratio <sup>6</sup>	1.22	1.22	1.38
No. of Meeting Rooms	2	2	2
No. of Food and Beverage Outlets	5	5	5
Sq. meters Outdoor and Banquet Space	1,656	1,656	1,656

<sup>\*</sup>The performance is presented for the entire financial year 2017, however we recognized revenues and expenses in relation to hotel operations in our Restated Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements upon the completion of the demerger and transfer of the hotel effective November 1, 2016.

# The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace

	As of and for the six months	Financial Year or As of March 31,		
	ended September 30, 2018	2018	2017	2016
No. of available keys*	427	427	427	427
ADR¹ (₹)	7,793.00	7,972.71	7,792.22	7,653.86
Average Occupancy <sup>2</sup>	75.83%	71.41%	68.64%	65.72%
Rev PAR <sup>3</sup> (₹)	5,909.50	5,693.67	5,348.73	5,029.89
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) <sup>4</sup>	795.81	1,525.99	1,449.89	1,375.94
Operating expenses <sup>5</sup>	452.54	888.79	867.99	834.80
Staff per room ratio <sup>6</sup>	1.23	1.22	1.22	1.21
No. of Meeting Rooms	5	5	5	5
No. of Food and Beverage Outlets	4	4	4	4
Sq. meters Outdoor and Banquet Space	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,374

	As of and for the six months		Year or As of I	March 31,
	ended September 30, 2018	2018	2017	2016
No. of available keys*	773	773	773	759
ADR¹ (₹)	7,119.44	7,214.90	7,539.99	7,756.98
Average Occupancy <sup>2</sup>	70.62%	69.18%	63.83%	63.33%
Rev PAR $^3$ ( $\stackrel{?}{\bullet}$ )	5,027.43	4,991.32	4,812.52	4,912.64
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) <sup>4</sup>	1,225.45	2,458.52	2,287.86	2,281.61
Operating expenses <sup>5</sup>	795.61	1,578.14	1,469.51	1,475.38
Staff per room ratio <sup>6</sup>	1.22	1.20	1.21	1.26
No. of Meeting Rooms	9	9	9	9
No. of Food and Beverage Outlets	6	6	6	6
Sq. meters Outdoor and Banquet Space	3,579	3,579	3,579	3,579

\* As of the end of the relevant period

#### Our Hotel Operated by Us

As of September 30, 2018, we operate a hotel located in Vashi, Navi Mumbai, which represents 152 keys. This hotel accounted for 5.59% of our revenue from operations for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 5.85% of our revenue from operations for the financial year 2018. It is located on land utilized by us on a leasehold basis. In relation to this hotel, we exercise day-to-day operational control, including selection, recruitment, training and management of our personnel for the hotel together with determining their remuneration, determining the price and rate schedules for rooms, commercial spaces and other services, applying for licenses and consents, negotiating and executing agreements with third parties such as vendors, licensees and concessionaires, among others.

The table below provides certain details of our hotel operated by us, as of September 30, 2018:

Hotel Name	Location	No. of keys	Month of Opening	Nature of Ownership Interest
Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi	Vashi, Navi Mumbai	152	June 2009	Leasehold <sup>(1)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Lease term valid for 60 years from 2003, 45 years of residual period as of September 30, 2018. See "Risk Factors – Our hotel located at Vashi, Navi Mumbai is subject matter of a litigation with City & Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Limited ("CIDCO"). Any adverse order by the Supreme Court of India in this matter may result in a direction to demolish our hotel, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations" on page 27.

## License and Related Agreements for the Hotel Managed by Us

We benefit from an international license agreement with Luxury Hotels International of Hong Kong Limited for the global brand Four Points by Sheraton together with a centralised services agreement with Marriott, which among other things gives us access to the Four Points by Sheraton brand and network, industry best practices, online reservation systems, marketing strategies, systems and processes and operational know-how. We utilize the marketing, sales, reservations and advertising operations of the license owner and its affiliates. See "– Certain Key Agreements – License and Related Agreements" on page 165.

The table below provides certain details of the license agreement entered into for our hotel operated by us, as of September 30, 2018:

Hotel Name	Brand Utilized	Date of Expiry of Term
Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi	FOUR POINTS BY SHERATON	December 2021
	Navi Mumbai Vashi	

ADR represents revenue from room rentals at our hotel divided by total number of room nights sold (including keys that were available for only a certain portion of a period).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Average occupancy represents the total number of room nights sold divided by the total number of room nights available at a hotel or group of hotels.

RevPAR is calculated by multiplying ADR and average occupancy.

Total operating revenue comprises of revenue from hotel including room revenue, food and beverage revenue and other income from hotel operations.

Operating expenses comprises of expenses towards food and beverage consumed, operating supplies, employee benefit cost and other expenses.

Staff per room is calculated by dividing total staff at the end of the relevant period by number of available keys as of the last date of relevant period. Staff includes our employees and personnel engaged on a contractual basis at our hotel.

Average power consumed per day per room for the year.

Pursuant to the agreements entered into with Marriott, we are obliged to pay license and royalty fees together with fees for advertising, marketing, promotion, sales, software and other technical and centralised services rendered. See "— *Certain Key Agreements — License and Related Agreements*" on page 165.

Key Performance Indicators for Our Hotel Operated by Us

The table below sets forth certain key parameters for our hotel operated by us, for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and the past three financial years:

Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi

	As of, and for six	Financi	al Year or As of M	arch 31,
	months ended, September 30, 2018	2018	2017	2016
No. of available keys*	152	152	150	150
ADR¹ (₹)	6,887.45	6,435.73	6,325.59	6,494.47
Average Occupancy <sup>2</sup>	89.10%	88.10%	86.14%	86.42%
Rev PAR <sup>3</sup> (₹)	6,136.70	5,669.57	5,449.05	5,612.42
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) <sup>4</sup>	262.83	511.14	492.09	492.31
Operating expenses (₹ million) <sup>5</sup>	162.71	291.50	303.93	306.40
Staff per room ratio <sup>6</sup>	1.44	1.40	1.38	1.48
No. of Meeting Rooms	4	4	4	4
No. of Food and Beverage Outlets	3	3	3	3
Power units consumed (Kwh) per available room per day (7)	61.86	58.23	56.03	75.44
Square meters Outdoor and Banquet Space	1,115	1,115	1,115	1,115

\*As of the end of the relevant period

## **Our Hotel Operations**

Our five operating hotels, including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence, as of September 30, 2018 cater to the growing needs of our customers. Five key hotel operations departments: front office, housekeeping, food and beverage service, food production and spa services, are focused on ensuring customer experience and comfort through quality product and service offerings. In addition, support departments such as finance, stores, purchase, sales and marketing, engineering and maintenance, IT and security also play a role in ensuring efficient day-to-day operations. For our hotels operated by third parties, these functions are generally controlled by the hotel operators leveraging the operational experience of Marriott, while for our hotel at Vashi, Navi Mumbai, we carry out day-to-day operations with assistance from Marriott in the form of brand standards and guidelines and other assistance.

The marketing and loyalty strategy for our hotels is conducted by the hotel operators and licensor in discussion with us. Our hotels use online travel agents ("OTAs") and websites of our hotel operators, as well as strategic and tactical sales and marketing initiatives to acquire customers. The loyalty programs of our hotel operators, reward guests for staying at our hotels and provides extra benefits, exclusive offers and personalized services to get repeat business from these members and also generate word of mouth publicity. We believe the premium location of our hotels and the high quality of our hotel properties, together with our relationship with leading international hospitality brands, enables us to attract our target customer base including large corporate key accounts such as information technology companies, airlines, multi-national corporations, consultancy firms and banks, deliver an enhanced customer experience, encourage repeat business and drive customer loyalty.

ADR represents revenue from room rentals at our hotel divided by total number of room nights sold (including keys that were available for only a certain portion of a period).

Average occupancy represents the total number of room nights sold divided by the total number of room nights available at a hotel or group of hotels.

RevPAR is calculated by multiplying ADR and average occupancy.

<sup>4</sup> Comprises rental income received from occupied keys during a financial year.

Operating expenses comprises of expenses towards food and beverage consumed, operating supplies, employee benefit cost and other expenses.

<sup>6</sup> Staff per room is calculated by dividing total staff at the end of the relevant period by number of available keys as of the last date of relevant period. Staff includes our employees and personnel engaged on a contractual basis at our hotel.

Average power consumed per day per room for the year.

#### Certain Key Agreements

## Hotel Operation Agreements and Related Agreements

We benefit from hotel operation contracts with Marriott for global brands such as JW Marriott, Marriott, Marriott Executive Apartments, Renaissance and Westin, with terms generally ranging from 10 to 20 years. We generally also enter into license and royalty agreements for the use of brands and trademarks, international marketing program participation agreements, technical services agreements or consultancy agreements and training and computer systems agreements or operating support agreements with the hotel operator or its affiliates, all generally having the same term as the corresponding hotel operation contracts.

#### **Operational Services**

We appoint the hotel operator to render the technical and professional services and to supervise and direct the operation of the hotel. The operation of the hotels is under the supervision and control of hotel operator. The hotel operators have discretion in matters relating to operation of the hotel, including, charges for guestrooms and commercial space, credit policies, food and beverage service, employment policies, receipt, holding, and disbursement of funds, maintenance of bank accounts, procurement of inventories, supplies and services, promotion and publicity, and such other activities as are specifically provided for or otherwise reasonably necessary for the proper and efficient operation of the hotel. The hotel operator is authorized to make routine maintenance, repairs and minor alterations, the cost of which is expensed to the account of the hotels. In general, the leases or grants of concessions for arcade shops to lessees or concessionaires are selected by mutual agreement between us and the hotel operator, where we have the right to review and approve the selections of the hotel operator. We are responsible for securing all necessary licenses, permits, approvals, and other instruments necessary for the hotel operations at the initial stage.

The hotel operators are required to prepare an annual operating plan, taking into account the specific market conditions expected to affect the hotel in the forthcoming calendar year. The annual operating plan includes an estimate of gross revenues, operating profit, occupancy and average room rate; and narrative descriptions of the advertising, sales and marketing program for the hotel. The annual operating plan is to be provided by the hotel operators to us for our review and the hotel operators are required to meet with us to discuss the annual operating plan.

## Support Services

The hotel operators or their affiliates provide our hotels with access to international programs for advertising, marketing, promotion, and sales. These include purchase of advertising space in magazines, newspapers, and other printed media, as well as radio, television, and other electronic media; printing and publication of pamphlets, brochures, directories, and other materials; marketing, promotional, and public relations campaigns designed to increase sales or to increase public awareness; market research and the development of marketing products; access to marketing and sales offices throughout the world; retention of advertising agencies, marketing firms, public relations firms, and other professionals; and administration and management of the foregoing.

Our hotels also receive access to software and systems such as reservations systems and property management systems of our hotel operators and their affiliates together with related services. Hotel operators or their affiliates agree to provide training programs for the benefit of a limited number of management level employees at the hotel; as well as certain other employees at the hotel (to whom the hotel operators may choose to provide such training at their discretion). We are required to incur the expenses to install hardware and software necessary for use at the hotel to participate in the reservations system.

## Improvements and Fit-Outs

On a periodic basis, we are required to carry out, at our own cost and expense, improvements including planning, design, construction, furnishing, and fitting equipment in accordance with hotel standards of the hotel operators and as agreed on in the agreements, within a stipulated time-frame. The hotel operators or their affiliates have provided us with design and construction consulting services, in order for us to implement the improvements and fit-outs at our hotels.

# Hotel Employees

While the agreements state that certain key employees may be employees of the hotel operator, as of September 30, 2018, all employees working at our hotels are our employees together with certain personnel who are engaged

on a contractual basis. The hotel operator has full discretion to hire, promote, supervise, direct, train, fix compensation, and generally establish and maintain all employment policies and practices. The payroll and related costs for all hotel employees such as, salaries, wages, bonuses, payroll taxes, social security, retirement payments or accruals, and provident fund and worker's compensation funds and employees' state insurance, among others are paid by the hotel.

## Payment Terms

Pursuant to the agreements entered into with hotel operators and their affiliates, our hotels are generally obliged to pay one time fees for design and construction consulting services, as well as, periodic operating fees, management fees, royalty fees for licensing the use of certain trademarks, fees for technical services rendered based on invoices raised and reimbursements for advertising, marketing, promotion, sales and software related expenses incurred by the hotel operator or their affiliates. These operating and related agreements together provide for a multi-tiered fee structure that compensates the hotel operators based on a fixed percentage of the gross revenue of the hotel as well as a portion of gross operational profits as an incentive fees, subject to certain exclusions and adjustments including periodic increments. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on page 586 for details of payments made by us pursuant to these agreements in the previous three financial years.

## Reserve Account and Repairs and Alterations

Under the operating agreements, we are generally responsible to provide the initial working capital and inventories in amounts determined by the hotel operator as well as the funds necessary to supply the project with fixed asset supplies. Further, we are obliged to establish a separate interest-bearing bank account or reserve account, to cover the cost of, renewals, replacements, and additions to the furniture, fixtures, or other equipment of the hotel; and routine repairs, maintenance and additions to the hotel building, including, interior repairs, resurfacing walls, floors, ceilings and parking areas. The reserve is stipulated as a fixed percentage of the gross revenues of the hotel over a particular accounting period. The hotel operator is required to submit for our review, with the annual operating plan, a repairs and equipment estimate of the expenditures necessary in this regard.

Further, for major repairs, alterations, improvements, renewals, replacement, or additions, the hotel operator is required to submit for our approval, with the annual operating projection, a major repairs and building improvements estimate of the expenditures necessary. The hotel operator is not allowed to make any expenditures for any such major purpose without our prior consent, subject to certain limitations.

## Certain Additional Obligations

We are required to maintain good and marketable title in the freehold property and hotel building, free and clear of any and all liens, encumbrances, or other charges. Other than in the manner specifically set out under the agreements, we agree not to enter into or grant a mortgage on the hotels. We are generally obliged not to enter into any agreement for the sale or transfer of the hotel (other than among certain specified affiliates) unless we obtain prior written consent of the hotel operator.

## **Project Accounts**

All funds derived from operation of the hotel are deposited by hotel operator in bank accounts in our name, as approved by the hotel operator. We are obliged to agree with the hotel operator on an auditor to be engaged to perform quarterly audits of selected aspects of the books of control and account for the hotels.

## License and Related Agreements

We benefit from an international license agreement with Luxury Hotels International of Hong Kong Limited for the global brand Four Points by Sheraton together with a centralised services agreement with Marriott. We are granted a non-exclusive right to develop and operate a hotel under the brand at the specified premises and using the systems provided. This gives us access to the Four Points by Sheraton brand and network, industry best practices, online reservation systems and websites, marketing strategies, systems and processes and operational know-how. We utilize the marketing, sales, reservations and advertising operations of the licensor and its affiliates on a central basis. Our hotels also receive access to software and systems such as reservations systems, sales program, marketing program and loyalty programs of the licensor and its affiliates together with related services.

The agreements include a schedule of specified services together with relevant rates for utilizing such services, which are expressed either as a fixed amount per use or on a monthly basis or as a percentage of gross room

revenue, among other parameters. Pursuant to the agreements, our hotel was obliged to pay initial fees for design and construction consulting services at the time of construction. The hotel pays periodic license fees for licensing the use of certain trademarks, administrative fees. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on page 586 for details of payments made by us pursuant to these agreements in the previous three financial years.

We are obliged to adhere to stipulated brand standards and guidelines issued by the licensor including, purchasing, installing in the hotel and renovating or refurbishing such furniture, fixtures, or other equipment as required to adhere to the stipulated requirements; maintaining supply or utilising only such products, materials, goods, and services in the operation of the hotel that comply with the brand standards or as approved by the licensor; keep open and operate the hotel on a continuous basis; and respond to and address guest complaints in a manner provided in the standards and policies of the licensor, among others. Our hotel is subject to periodic inspections by the licensor.

#### **Our Commercial and Retail Business**

As of September 30, 2018, we have developed two projects representing approximately 0.86 million square feet, adjacent to our hotel properties. These projects accounted for 3.62% of our revenue from operations for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2.76% of our revenue from operations for the financial year 2018. These projects are located on freehold land owned directly by our Company. We earn lease and rental income from these properties. We have established longstanding relationships with several large corporate clients and domestic and global retail brands including food and beverage chains, department stores, consulting and management companies, among others. Such relationships help us secure retail clients for our new developments and mitigate the risks that may arise from an inability to secure corporate or retail clients for large commercial or retail spaces at suitable rates. In particular, we believe that our track record and the quality of our commercial and retail developments has enabled us to maximise our lease revenues through our established relationships with corporate clients and domestic and global retail clients.

The table below provides certain details of our commercial and retail projects, as of September 30, 2018:

Project Name	Location	Leasable Area	Month of	Nature of Ownership
		(sq. ft.)	Completion	Interest
Business Centre (1)	Sahar, Mumbai <sup>(2)</sup>	374,358	March 2018	Freehold, 100.00%
				ownership
The Orb - Retail	Sahar, Mumbai <sup>(3)</sup>	123,082	June 2014	Freehold, 100.00%
				ownership
Whitefield, Bengaluru –	Whitefield,	109,228	August	Freehold, 100.00%
Commercial	Bengaluru <sup>(4)</sup>		$2014^{(5)}$	ownership
Inorbit Mall, Whitefield,	Whitefield,	260,279	October	Freehold, 100.00%
Bengaluru – Retail	Bengaluru <sup>(4)</sup>		$2012^{(5)}$	ownership

We have entered into an agreement with WPP Marketing Communications India Private Limited ("WPP Marketing") permitting WPP Marketing and its group companies to use and occupy the business centre for a period of 10 years commencing from September 1, 2019.

## Key Performance Indicators for our Commercial and Retail Projects

The table below sets forth certain key parameters for our operational commercial and retail projects:

## Commercial Project:

		Financial Year or As of March 31,		
	As of, and for six months ended,	2018	2017*	
	September 30, 2018			
Leasable Area	109,228 square feet	109,228 square feet	109,228 square feet	
Leased Area	109,228 square feet	109,228 square feet	109,228 square feet	
Occupancy	100%	100%	100%	
Revenue	₹ 33.44 million	₹ 54.98 million	₹ 58.69 million	

# Retail Project:

Expected to commence operations by September 2019. Located on the same land parcel as our hotel at Sahar, Mumbai.

<sup>(3)</sup> Expected to commence operations by March 2019. Located on the same land parcel as our hotel at Sahar, Mumbai.

<sup>(4)</sup> Located on the same land parcel as our hotel at Whitefield, Bengaluru.

<sup>(5)</sup> We recognized revenues and expenses in relation to commercial and retail operations upon the completion of the demerger and transfer of the commercial and retail projects effective November 1, 2016.

	Financial Year or As of March 31,			
	As of, and for six months ended,	2018	2017*	
Leasable Area	September 30, 2018 260,279 square feet	260,948 square feet	259,599 square feet	
Leased Area	237,016 square feet	232,607 square feet	223,304 square feet	
Occupancy	91.06%	89.14%	86.02%	
Revenue	₹ 112.72 million	₹ 185.80 million	₹ 174.47 million	

<sup>\*</sup>The performance is presented for the entire financial year 2017, however we recognized revenues and expenses in relation to commercial and retail operations upon the completion of the demerger and transfer of the commercial and retail projects effective November 1, 2016.

#### **Our Residential Project**

We have a residential project, Quiescent Heights in Madhapur, Hyderabad. Out of the total saleable area of 204,125 square feet we have already sold 192,175 square feet as of September 30, 2018. Further, the housing society for this project has been formed and we have commenced formal handover of units. See "Risk Factors In the event we fail to obtain, maintain or renew our statutory and regulatory licenses, permits and approvals required to operate our business, including in respect of which we have made relevant applications that are currently pending, including due to any default on the part of the owners of the properties we lease and manage, our business and results of operations may be adversely affected." on page 36. We own a property situated at Koramangala Industrial Layout, Bengaluru, where we proposed to construct a residential complex. The property is located within the proximity of an aerodrome operated by the Hindustan Aeronautics Limited and is the subject matter of litigation, with a writ petition currently pending before the Karnataka High Court. See "Risk Factors – Our residential project at Koramangala, Bengaluru is the subject matter of a litigation with Hindustan Aeronautics Limited. Any adverse order in relation to this litigation may adversely affect our ability to complete the project, and our business, results of operations and reputation." on page 21.

## **Our Projects under Development**

We periodically evaluate new sites for greenfield development as well as prospective hotel assets for conversion or acquisition. We have traditionally acquired large parcels of land at competitive prices with the intention to develop hotel-led mixed-use projects. In addition, we intend to focus on developing new hotel-led mixed-use projects in prime locations with development sizes similar to our existing projects, and which feature a combination of hotels, retail developments and commercial office.

## Hotels under Development

Our development pipeline for hotels consists of 588 rooms across three hotels. We classify owned hotels for which: (i) land is owned by us together with relevant agreements, memorandum of understanding or letter of intent having been executed for such use; (ii) relevant construction approvals have been applied for; and (iii) our preliminary design plans are complete, as hotels under development. The table below provides certain details of our hotels under development:

Location and Details of land	No. of	Expected Month of opening(1)	Our Ownership Interest
parcel	keys <sup>(1)</sup>		
Hyderabad <sup>(2)</sup>	178	April 2021	Leasehold Rights <sup>(3)</sup>
Airoli, Navi Mumbai <sup>(4)</sup>	260	September 2021	Leasehold Rights (5)
Powai, Mumbai <sup>(6)</sup>	150	September 2021	100% ownership

<sup>(1)</sup> As per management estimates. See "Risk Factors – Statements as to the period in which our properties under development are expected to commence operations and the number of rooms or leasable area expected in such properties are based on management estimates and have not been independently appraised" on page 37.

We have entered into a non-binding Memorandum of Understanding, which is valid until June 30, 2019, for proposed 'Westin' hotel at Hyderabad with Marriott on January 7, 2019. We are currently in the process of negotiating terms with Marriott and subject to mutual acceptance of terms by both parties intend to enter into definitive hotel operating agreement(s). This will be subject to receipt of relevant approvals, including approvals from respective board of directors of both parties.

<sup>(3)</sup> We have executed a letter of intent dated September 19, 2018 with Sundew Properties Limited, with the intent to enter into a lease deed upon the satisfaction of certain agreed conditions.

We have entered into a non-binding term sheet, which is valid until June 30, 2019, for a proposed franchise of a Hyatt Regency hotel with Hyatt India Consultancy Private Limited ("Hyatt") on December 24, 2018. We are currently in the process of negotiating terms with Hyatt and intend to enter into a definitive franchise agreement, subject to receipt of relevant approvals, including from respective board of directors.

<sup>(5)</sup> We have entered into a 'memorandum of understanding' that grants our Company an option to acquire leasehold rights for 0.98 acres of land and/or building from Mindspace for our proposed hotel and related services in Airoli.

Being developed on the same land parcel as our hotel, convention centre and serviced residence at Powai, Mumbai. We have entered into a non-binding Memorandum of Understanding, which is valid until March 31, 2019, for proposed 'W' hotel at Powai, Mumbai with Marriott on January 7, 2019. We are currently in the process of negotiating terms with Marriott and subject to mutual acceptance of terms by both parties intend to enter into definitive hotel operating agreement(s). This will be subject to receipt of relevant approvals,

#### Commercial Projects under Development

Our development pipeline for commercial projects consists of leasable area of approximately 1.12 million square feet across two projects. We classify projects for which: land is owned by us together with relevant agreements or memorandum of understanding having been executed for such use; (ii) relevant construction approvals have been applied for; and (iii) our preliminary design plans are complete, as projects under development. The table below provides certain details of our projects under development:

Project Name	Location and Details of land parcel	Total Built-Up Area (square feet) (1)	Expected Month of commencement	Our Ownership Interest
IT Building Phase II	Whitefield, Bengaluru (2)	432,332 (excluding car parking and utilities)	March 2021	Freehold, 100%, ownership
Powai Office Block	Powai, Mumbai <sup>(3)</sup>	688,896 (excluding car parking and utilities)	September 2021	Freehold, 100%, ownership

<sup>(1)</sup> As per management estimates. See "Risk Factors – Statements as to the period in which our properties under development are expected to commence operations and the number of rooms or leasable area expected in such properties are based on management estimates and have not been independently appraised" on page 37.

#### Property Development Cycle

We utilise specialised design and project management teams for the development of our properties managing various aspects of our real-estate development from construction, design, approval and engineering. We have 19 personnel as of September 30, 2018 who have competencies in project execution, engineering and architecture. Our team is involved from technical feasibility assessment of a property, to design and supervision of on-site execution, through to commencement of operations and selectively engages third parties to support them in this initiative. Our team undertakes technical feasibility assessment, wherein they test product mix as per business development and market inputs; prepares project execution plans, budget estimates and schedules and monitors project progress, as well as works to mitigate involved risks and challenges. Our team keeps track of new technologies and products to adopt cost and time effective methods of construction to drive operational efficiency.

We leverage our capability in project management for efficient development and renovation of our projects. This team works with consultants and specialist agencies to deliver target results where we believe utilizing third party project management companies will be more efficient. The property development process entails employment of standardized parameters that allow for a consistent and replicable process, which in turn reduces variations in development costs and project time. The development model focuses on standardized designs and defined process for selection of sites, contractors and materials. K. Raheja Companies' knowledge of construction dynamics in the markets in which we operate helps us ensure cost efficient development

## Identification Process and Land Acquisition and Development Arrangements

Our site identification is based on a market selection process that leverages our management's knowledge of Indian cities, understanding of our customer base, an analytical approach to site-selection that encompasses accessibility, local economy, potential for growth, demographics and socio-economic environment and adequate infrastructure.

While we do not fix any site specific criteria and consider location specific factors, key considerations for site selection include the economics of the site and our geographic strategy. Analysis of the economics of the site include assessment of the demand potential, considering among other factors the current and likely future demand, existing and future competition, pricing potential, local talent availability and prospects for increased infrastructure and accessibility. After the site is fully analysed from both a marketing and development perspective, the project is either discarded or advanced for a subsequent financial analysis and due diligence.

Project Planning and Tenders

<sup>(2)</sup> Being developed on the same land parcel as our hotel at Whitefield, Bengaluru.

<sup>(3)</sup> Being developed on the same land parcel as our hotel, convention centre and serviced residence at Powai, Mumbai.

While our management is generally involved in the design, project management and supervision of hotel development, it hires third party contractors for construction of the hotel. Contractors are awarded projects through a tender process. While each project is generally awarded subject to a project-specific bid, we also factor in the selection our prior experience, if any, with the vendor. While we maintain certain standard design features such as room size, bathroom size, dimensions for corridors and lobby, we continuously seek new and improved ideas that are then incorporated in future developments. Due to our standardization procedures, the customization required by contractors selected by us is minimized, which streamlines the construction timeframe and costs.

## Execution, Construction and Safety Standards

The project planning and execution process commences with obtaining the requisite regulatory approvals, environmental clearances and location specific approvals. Completion and occupancy certificates are obtained from the appropriate authorities after the construction of properties is completed, in accordance with applicable law. For a more detailed explanation of the applicable regulations, see "Key Regulations and Policies in India" on page 174.

We monitor the development process, construction quality, actual and estimated project costs and construction schedules. The project management team and the contractor conduct site and activity reviews including a review of quality of work, adherence to project timelines and materials used.

We have endeavoured to develop each property with high safety standards. During construction, standards maintained by us are generally in line with those prescribed in India. A detailed safety manual has been created by us which ensures guidelines such as proper safety wear, safety signage, first aid protocol and task specific safety measures.

## **Our Intellectual Property**

We own the registered name and mark 'Chalet' under various classes provided for under the Trade Marks Act, 1999. Additionally, we have applied for registration of CHALET logo under various classes. We have received trademark registrations for the logo under Classes 31, 32, 33, 39, 41, 44 and 45 and application for registration under Classes 16, 29, 30, 35 and 43 are currently pending. See "Risk Factors – Our inability to protect or use intellectual property rights may adversely affect our business." on page 39.

## **Information Technology**

We utilize leading software and technology infrastructure to ensure our business runs smoothly. We have instituted a corporate data-center, which is equipped with virtual server environment supported by multi-layered advanced security infrastructure, policies and procedures and advanced threat protection tools to protect against cyber-attacks. We use an enterprise resource planning ("ERP") software for our core business transactions along with an enterprise document management system. Further, we utilize third party software for sourcing and employee connectivity. We intend to implement software to cover tracking and managing compliance across locations, business analytics and dashboards, and business planning and consolidation software. We believe we have a strong IT setup with skilled resources that ensure secure working for our business.

## **Environmental Matters and Quality Standards**

In connection with our ownership and management of hotels and development of properties, we are subject to various national, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental laws. We have established construction and operating standards that comply with environmental sustainability requirements. We incorporate U.S. Green Building Council's Gold Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design ("LEED") criteria in our hotel designs in order to achieve energy and water efficiency. For example our hotels at Sahar, Mumbai and Bengaluru have been built in accordance with the Indian Green Building Council's LEED standards. Over time, environmental and cost saving the measures implemented at certain of our hotels by us include:

- energy management systems such as use of energy-saving LED lighting, solar panels, energy-saving key
  tags for guest rooms, and efficient evaporative cooling pad systems, heat recovery from boilers, chiller
  de-super heater, flash steam recovery and heat pumps;
- auto time management (for lighting, air-conditioning and ventilation fans) through timers and motion sensors;

- water management initiatives such as plant room optimiser with variable pumps and remote monitoring, sewage treatment plants which recycle water, motion sensors for public area wash rooms, dual-flow or low volume flush tanks and rain water harvesting; and
- building management systems.

We are also subject to various requirements, including those contained in environmental permits required for our operations, governing air emissions, effluent discharges, the use, management and disposal of hazardous substances and wastes and health and safety. See "Risk Factors – We are subject to extensive government regulation with respect to safety, health, environmental, real estate, excise and labour laws. Any noncompliance with, or changes in, regulations applicable to us may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition" on page 23.

## **Awards and Accreditations**

Over the years our hotels have received several awards and accreditations, including the following:

Calendar Year	Awards and accreditations
2018	'Certificate of Honour' awarded to our Company by IMP for 2018-2019
2018	JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar was declared the '2018 Luxury Airport Hotel - India' at the World Luxury Hotel Awards
2018	JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar was awarded for 'Outstanding World-Class Wine List' and 'Offering the Best Wine Experience' by India Wine Awards 2018
2018	'Quality Brands India Excellence Awards' was awarded to Four Points By Sheraton for best mid segment hotel in Navi Mumbai by National Chamber of Commerce & Industry for 2018.
2018	'Gold People Choice Award' was awarded to The Bengaluru Marriott Whitefield by World on a Plate
2018	Alto Vino at The Bengaluru Marriott Whitefield was awarded the 'Best European Restaurant' by Eazy Diner Foodie Awards'
2017	Awarded the 'Most Preferred Business Hotel of the Year' to JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar by CMO Asia Awards, 2017
2017	Awarded the 'Most Preferred Luxury Hotel of the Year' to JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar by CMO Asia Awards, 2017
2016	Awarded the 'HISCA 2016 Best New Hotel of the Year' to JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar in recognition of an outstanding hotel development in the 'Luxury / Upper Upscale Hotel Segment'
2016	Awarded the "Best Business Hotel" of the year to The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace, by CMO Asia Award, 2016

For details of the awards and accreditations, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters- Awards and Accreditations" on page 171.

## Insurance

Our Company, is subject to various risks characterised and inherent in the hospitality and real estate industry, such as risk of work accidents, business stoppages and disruptions, force majeure, etc. causing loss and damages to property, equipment, environment and to the business and its processes at large. As a precautionary measure, our Company maintains insurance policies with independent third parties covering various aspects such as property damage inter-alia in respect of buildings plinth and foundation, plant and machinery break-downs, stock and deterioration of stocks, accidental damage, pressurised equipment such as boilers and vessels, losses of rent, loss of profit, business interruptions, fire insurance, losses of rent, loss of profit, business interruptions and terrorism. We also maintain directors' and officers' liability insurance for our management personnel and accident group insurance, health insurance and life insurance for our employees. We believe that the insurance policies that we currently hold are adequate for our business and operations and in keeping with industry standards.

## **Employees**

We employed 2,457 permanent employees as of September 30, 2018 across our owned and leased or licensed properties, as described in the following table, by function:

Hotel Operations	
Rooms	839
Food and beverages	1,028
Sales and marketing	91

Administration	408
Hotel Operations Total	2,366
Accounts	27
Secretarial and Legal	6
Projects, Engineering and Architecture	19
Contracts and Purchase	7
HR and Administration	2
Security	9
Sales and Marketing	6
Mall Operations	12
CEO's Office	3
Total	2,457

In addition to our permanent employees, we utilize 531 personnel, as of September 30, 2018, engaged on a contractual basis at our hotels primarily for rooms, food and beverage and hotel administration functions. We consider ourselves to have good relations with our employees. In addition to compensation that includes both salary and allowances (including performance linked bonuses), we provide our employees other benefits which include insurance coverage, medical reimbursements and yearly leave. We believe these initiatives lead to an engaged and committed workforce. We have an external union at our hotel, convention centre and serviced residence in Powai, Mumbai, with which we believe we have an effective working relationship. See "Risk Factors – We have a large number of personnel or third party service providers deployed across our hotels, consequently we may be exposed to service related claims and losses or employee disruptions that could have an adverse effect on our reputation, business, results of operations and financial condition." on page 28.

## **Our Community Initiatives**

We believe that the benefits that we derive from operating in our geographical locations should also benefit the local communities. To achieve this, we partner with both the local communities and national level initiatives for development of underprivileged communities through our various hotel initiatives. We conduct several community outreach initiatives, including:

- differently abled and special children were invited to display a variety of products made by them;
- donation to Mumbai mobile creches to provide comprehensive and holistic day care to migrant children on construction sites;
- clothes and grains donation at the Cheshire Home for the old aged; and
- cleanliness drive was organized and around 30 employees actively took part and were able to clean the designated area, near Vashi Station.

## Competition

Our hotels operate in the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments in India. The hotel industry in India is intensely competitive and we compete with large multinational and Indian companies in each of the regions in which we operate. We experience competition from other chain affiliated and independent hotels in the segments in which we operate, as well as certain hotels in the upper-midscale segments. Our success is largely dependent upon our ability to compete in areas such as location of the property, room rates, quality of accommodation, service level, and the quality and scope of other amenities, including food and beverage facilities.

See "Risk Factors – The hotel industry is intensely competitive and our inability to compete effectively may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition." on page 31.

# **Immovable Properties**

Our registered and corporate office is located at Raheja Tower, Plot No.C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400051. We have taken our registered and corporate office on a license basis from K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited pursuant to a license agreement dated August

22, 2018. The license agreement is valid for a period of five years from July 1, 2018. See "Risk Factors – We do not own the land on which our Registered and Corporate Office is situated." on page 42.

For details of our owned hotel, commercial and retail properties, see "- Our Hotel Business - Our Hotels Managed by Third Party Hotel Operators" and "- Our Commercial and Retail Business".

## REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

The following is an overview of certain sector specific relevant laws and regulations in India which are applicable to the operations of our Company and its Subsidiary. The information available in this section has been obtained from publications available in public domain. The description of laws and regulations set out below may not be exhaustive and is only intended to provide general information to the investors and are neither designed nor intended to substitute for professional legal advice. The statements below are based on the current provisions of Indian law and the judicial, regulatory and administrative interpretations thereof, which are subject to change or modification by subsequent legislative actions, regulatory, administrative, quasi-judicial, or judicial decisions.

## **Food Related Legislations**

## The Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006, ("FSS Act")

The FSS Act was enacted with a view to consolidate the laws relating to food and to establish the Food Safety and Standards Authority of India ("FSSAI"), for laying down science based standards for articles of food and to regulate their manufacture, storage, distribution, sale and import, and to ensure availability of safe and wholesome food for human consumption. The FSS Act also sets out requirements for licensing and registration of food businesses, general principles of food safety, and responsibilities of the food business operator and liability of manufacturers and sellers, and adjudication by Food Safety Appellate Tribunal. For enforcement under the FSS Act the 'commissioner of food safety', 'food safety officer' and 'food analyst' have been granted with detailed powers of seizure, sampling, taking extracts and analysis. Further, The Food Safety and Standards Rules, 2011 ("FSSR") which have been operative since August 5, 2011, provide the procedure for registration and licensing process for food business and lay down detailed standards for various food products. The standards include specifications for ingredients, limit of quantities of contaminants, tolerance limits of pesticide drugs residue, biological hazards and labels. The FSSAI has also framed *inter alia* the following food safety and standards regulations in relation to various food products and additives:

- Food Safety and Standards (Licensing and Registration of Food Businesses) Regulations, 2011;
- Food Safety and Standards (Packaging and Labelling) Regulations, 2011;
- Food Safety and Standards (Prohibition and Restriction on Sales) Regulations, 2011;
- Food Safety and Standards (Food Product Standards and Food Additives) Regulation, 2011;
- Food Safety and Standards (Import) Regulation, 2017;
- Food Safety and Standards (Approval for Non-Specified Food and Food Ingredients) Regulations, 2017:
- Food Safety and Standards (Alcoholic Beverages) Regulations, 2018 (effective April 2019);
- Food Safety and Standards (Contaminants, Toxins and Residues) Regulations, 2011; and
- Food Safety and Standards (Laboratory and Sampling Analysis) Regulations, 2011.

# **Environmental Legislations**

# Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 ("Environment Act") and the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986 ("Environment Rules")

The Environment Act is an umbrella legislation designed to provide a framework for the Central Government to coordinate activities of various state and central authorities established under previous environmental laws. The Environment Act specifies that no person carrying on any industry, operation or process shall discharge or emit or permit to be discharged or emitted any environment pollutants in excess of such standards as may be prescribed. The Environment Act empowers the Central Government to make rules for various purposes viz., to prescribe:

- the standards of quality of air, water or soil for various areas;
- the maximum allowable limits of concentration of various environmental pollutants for different areas;

- the procedures and safeguards for the prevention of accidents which may cause environmental pollution and remedial measures for such accidents;
- the procedures and safeguards for extracting and utilizing ground water.

Further, pursuant to Environment Rules, every person who carries on an industry, operation or process requiring consent under Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 ("Water Act") or Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 ("Air Act") or shall submit to the concerned Pollution Control Board ("PCB") an environmental statement for that financial year in the prescribed form.

## Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981

The Air Act stipulates that no person shall, without prior written consent of the relevant state pollution control board, establish or operate any industrial plant which emits air pollutants in an air pollution control area, as notified by the state pollution control board. The PCB is required to grant, or refuse, the consent within four months of receipt of the application. The consent may contain conditions relating to specifications of pollution control equipment to be installed.

# Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974

The Water Act aims to prevent and control water pollution and to maintain or restore water purity. Under the provisions of the Water Act, any individual, industry or institution discharging industrial or domestic wastewater or establishing any treatment or disposal system or the using of any new or altered outlet for the discharge of sewage is required to obtain the consent of the applicable state PCB, which is empowered to establish standards and conditions that are required to be complied with. The consent to operate is granted for a specific period after which the conditions stipulated at the time of granting consent are reviewed by the state PCB. Even before the expiry of the consent period, the state PCB is authorized to carry out random checks on any industry to verify if the standards prescribed are being complied with by the industry. In the event of non-compliance, the state PCB after serving notice to the concerned industry may, among other measures, close the premises, withdraw water supply to the premises or cause magistrates to pass injunctions to restrain such polluters.

# Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 ("Hazardous Waste Rules")

The Hazardous Waste Rules regulate the management, treatment, storage and disposal of hazardous waste by imposing an obligation on every occupier and operator of a facility generating hazardous waste to obtain an approval from the relevant state pollution control board and to dispose of such waste without harming the environment.

## The Environmental Impact Assessment Notification, 2006 (the "EIA Notification")

As per the EIA Notification, any construction of new projects or activities or the expansion or modernisation of existing projects or activities as listed in the schedule to the EIA Notification and meeting the thresholds specified therein can be undertaken only after the prior environmental clearance from the Central government or as the case may be, by the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority. The environmental clearance process for new projects comprises of four stages viz. screening, scoping, public consultation and appraisal. In 2016, the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change ("MoEF") issued a notification for integrating standard and objectively monitorable environmental conditions with building permissions for buildings of different sizes with rigorous monitoring mechanism for implementation of environmental concerns and obligations in building projects.

#### **Property related Legislations**

## The Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 (the "RERA") and the rules made thereunder

The RERA seeks to regulate and promote real estate sector by establishing a specialised forum known as the Real Estate Regulatory Authority ("**Regulatory Authority**") and to ensure sale of plot, apartment or building, as the case may be, or sale of real estate project, in an efficient and transparent manner and to protect the interest of consumers in the real estate sector and to establish an adjudicating mechanism for speedy dispute redressal. It mandates the registration of residential and commercial projects before booking, selling or offering apartments

for sale in such projects. The application for registration must disclose details of the promoter, brief details of the projects launched by the promoter, an authenticated copy of the approval and commencement certificate received from the competent authority, the sanctioned plan, layout plan, specifications of the project, proforma of the allotment letter, number, type and carpet area of the apartments, the names and addresses of the promoter's real estate agent and a declaration by the promoter stating that he has a legal title to the land and the time period within which he undertakes to complete the project.

The RERA mandates that the promoter shall not accept more than 10% of the cost of the apartment as advance payment without first entering into a written agreement of sale with such person. Further, in case of delay in handing over possession, the promoter shall be liable to return the amount received by him from the allottee with interest and compensation. However, if the allottee does not intend to withdraw from the project, he shall be paid interest by the promoter till the handing over of the possession. The RERA also ensures that the promoter does make any addition or alteration in the sanctioned plans without the previous consent of the allottees. In case of any structural defect or any other defect in workmanship, quality or provision of services or any other obligations of the promoter, the promoter shall rectify such defect and if he fails to do so, the aggrieved allottee shall be entitled to receive appropriate compensation.

# The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013 (the "Land Acquisition Act")

The Land Acquisition Act has replaced the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 and aims at establishing a participative, informed and transparent process for land acquisition for industrialisation, development of essential infrastructural facilities and urbanisation. While aiming to cause least disturbance to land owners and other affected families, it contains provisions aimed at ensuring just and fair compensation to the affected families whose land has been acquired or is proposed to be acquired. It provides for rehabilitation and resettlement of such affected persons. Under the Land Acquisition Act, various state rules have been notified which frame rules in relation to, *inter alia*, the consent process, the compensation mechanism and rehabilitation and resettlement.

## National Building Code of India, 2016 (the "Code")

The Code a comprehensive building code, is a national instrument providing guidelines for regulating the building construction activities across the country. It serves as a model code for adoption by all agencies involved in building construction works, including the public works departments, other government construction departments, local bodies or private companies in the field of construction. The Code mainly contains administrative regulations, development control rules and general building requirements; fire safety requirements; stipulations regarding materials, structural design and construction (including safety) and building and plumbing services.

Other Property related legislations which are applicable to our Company include:

- The Transfer of Property Act, 1882;
- The Registration Act, 1908;
- Indian Stamp Act, 1899; and
- The Indian Easements Act, 1882.

# Airports Authority of India Act, 1994, as amended ("AAI Act")

The AAI Act, among others, prohibits construction of any building or erection, placement or raising any moveable or immoveable structure or fixture on or in front of any airport premises (as defined in the AAI Act), except in accordance with an approval required be obtained from the Airports Authority of India.

# Other Applicable Law

# State Laws

We own and operate hotels and commercial projects in various states. Accordingly, legislations passed by the state governments are applicable to us in those states. These include legislations relating to *inter alia* classification of land use, fire prevention and safety measures and legislations dealing with license for sale of alcohol. Further,

we require several approvals from local authorities such as municipal bodies. The approvals required may vary depending on the state and the local area.

## Municipality Laws

Pursuant to the Constitution (Seventy-Fourth Amendment) Act,1992 the respective state legislatures in India have power to endow the municipalities with power to implement schemes and perform functions in relation to matters listed in the Twelfth Schedule to the Constitution of India. The respective States of India have enacted laws empowering the municipalities to issue trade license for operating eating outlets and implementation of regulations relating to such license along with prescribing penalties for non-compliance.

## Shops and Establishments legislations in various states

Under the provisions of local shops and establishment legislations applicable in the states in which establishments are set up, establishments are required to be registered under the respective legislations. These legislations regulate the condition of work and employment in shops and commercial establishments and generally prescribe obligations in respect of *inter alia* registration, opening and closing hours, daily and weekly working hours, holidays, leave, health and safety measures and wages for overtime work.

#### Excise Laws

Under the Seventh Schedule of the Constitution of India, state legislature is empowered to levy duty of excise on alcoholic liquor made for human consumption. Different state legislatures have enacted state legislations dealing with license for sale of alcohol. Any person selling alcoholic liquor is required to obtain appropriate license under the state legislation. Such license is issued and classified based upon the nature and type of alcoholic liquor. Recently, pursuant to an order by the Supreme Court of India dated December 15, 2016, the Supreme Court banned the issuance of new license, and renewal of existing license after April 1, 2017, for sale of liquor within 500 meters of national/ state highways. However, the Supreme Court of India clarified in August 2017 that licensed establishments within municipal limits are exempted from this restriction.

# Intellectual Property Laws

The Copyright Act, 1957 ("Copyright Act") protects literary and dramatic works, musical works, artistic works including photographs and audio visual works (cinematograph films and video). The Copyright Act specifies that for the purposes of public performance of Indian or international music a public performance license must be obtained. All those who play pre-recorded music in the form of gramophone records, music cassettes or compact discs in public places have to obtain permission for sound recordings. The Trade Marks Act, 1999 ("Trade Marks Act") provides for application and registration of trademarks in India. Trade Marks Act provides for exclusive rights to marks such as brand, label, and heading and to obtain relief in case of infringement for commercial purposes as a trade description. The Trade Marks Act prohibits registration of deceptively similar trademarks and provides penalties for infringement, falsifying or falsely applying trademarks.

## Foreign Investment Regulations

Foreign investment in India is governed by the provisions of Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 ("FEMA") along with the rules, regulations and notifications made by the Reserve Bank of India thereunder, and the consolidated FDI Policy ("FDI Policy") issued by the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India from time to time. Currently, 100% FDI is permitted under the automatic route in the companies which are engaged in construction-development projects (including development of townships, construction of residential / commercial premises, roads or bridges, hotels, resorts, hospitals, educational institutions, recreational facilities, city and regional level infrastructure and townships) subject to compliance with prescribed conditions. For further details, see "Restrictions on Foreign Ownership of Indian Securities" on page 747.

## **Labour Law Legislations**

The various labour and employment related legislation that may apply to our operations, from the perspective of protecting the workers' rights and specifying registration, reporting and other compliances, and the requirements that may apply to us as an employer, would include the following:

- The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986;
- The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970;
- The Employee's Compensation Act, 1923;
- The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948;
- The Employee's Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 ("**EPF Act**");
- The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976;
- The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961;
- The Minimum Wages Act, 1948;
- The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972;
- The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965;
- The Payment of Wages Act, 1936;
- The Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016;
- The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition, and Redressal) Act, 2013; and
- The Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923.

## **Other Legislations**

Additionally, we are required to comply with other legislations such as the laws governing taxation aspects of our business and the rules made thereunder, and applicable import-export regulations, each as amended.

## HISTORY AND CERTAIN CORPORATE MATTERS

## Incorporation details and changes to the name of our Company:

Name	Reason for change	Date of certificate of incorporation/fresh certification of incorporation/ effective date of change of name	Date of the resolution of the shareholders of the Company
Kenwood Hotels Private Limited	Original incorporation	January 6, 1986	-
Kenwood Hotels Limited	Conversion into a public limited under Section 43A of Companies Act, 1956	July 19, 1997	-
K. Raheja Resorts & Hotels Limited	Change in name of the Company	April 6, 1998	March 2, 1998
Chalet Hotels Limited	Change in name of the Company	May 4, 1999	April 24, 1999
Chalet Hotels Private Limited	Conversion into a private limited company	October 15, 2011	August 25, 2011
Chalet Hotels Limited	Conversion into a public limited company	June 6, 2018	June 4, 2018

# **Changes in Registered Office**

Details of prior changes in the registered office of our Company are as below:

Effective date	Details of change	Reasons for change
July 1, 2008	The address of the registered office of our Company was changed from Construction House, 24th Road, Khar, Mumbai 400 052, Maharashtra, India to Plot no. C 30, Block G, Opposite SIDBI, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East) Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India	For operational efficiency
October 20, 2011	The address of the registered office of our Company was changed from Plot no. C 30, Block G, Opposite SIDBI, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India to Raheja Tower, Plot no. C 30, Block G, Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India	Change in name of the building

# Corporate profile, business and management of our Company

For a description of our Company's business, activities, services, technology, capacity build-up, market segments, the growth of our Company, the standing of our Company with reference to prominent competitors, major suppliers, environmental issues, regional geographical segment etc., see "Our Business", "Industry Overview" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 153, 134 and 586, respectively. For details of the management of our Company and its managerial competence, see "Our Management" on page 187.

## **Main Objects of our Company**

The main objects of our Company as contained in our MoA are:

- "1. To own, construct, run, furnish of, take over, manage and carry on the business of hotel, holiday resorts, restaurant, café, tavern bars, refreshment rooms, boarding and lodging, housekeepers, clubs, in India or in any other part of the world.
- 2. To provide lodging and boarding, restaurants, eating houses, bar, swimming pool and other facilities to the public including tourists, visitors and other delegates coming to India from foreign countries and to members of delegations and missions from foreign countries.
- 3. To carry on business of building, erecting and constructing structures, buildings, houses or sheds including RCC works and other fixtures on lands and or building and to convert squares, gardens and other conveniences and to make, build or construct surface metal or otherwise repair roads and carry

on business of builders, constructors, contractors and road repairers of all kinds of dams, bunds, canals, bridges and irrigation works including and construction of power house or power stations"

The main objects and objects incidental and ancillary to the attainment of the main objects, as contained in the Memorandum of Association, enable our Company to carry on our existing business and the activities for which the loans were taken, which are proposed to be repaid from the Net Proceeds. For further details, see "Objects of the Offer" on page 119.

# Amendments to our Memorandum of Association

Since the incorporation of our Company, the following amendments have been made to our MoA:

Date of change/ shareholders' resolution	Nature of amendment	
September 20, 1993	The authorised share capital of our Company was increased from ₹ 100,000 divided into 1,000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each to ₹ 500,000 divided into 4,000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each and 1,000 of 4.00% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each.	
March 9, 1998	The equity shares of our Company of ₹ 100 each were subdivided into equity shares of ₹ 10 each and accordingly the authorised share capital of our Company was altered to ₹ 500,000 divided into 40,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 1,000 of 4.00% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each.	
March 19, 1998	The authorised share capital of our Company was increased from to ₹ 500,000 divided into 40,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 1,000 4% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each to ₹ 150,100,000 divided into 15,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 1,000 of 4.00% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares ₹ 100 each.	
June 15, 1998	The authorised share capital of our Company was increased from ₹ 150,100,000 divided into 15,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 1,000 4% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each to ₹ 850,100,000 divided into 85,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 1,000 of 4.00% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100 each.	
July 12, 2000	The authorised share capital of our Company was re-classified from ₹850,100,000 divided into 85,000,000 equity shares of ₹10 each and 1,000 4.00% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹100 each to 85,010,000 equity shares of ₹10 each and further increased to ₹1,050,000,000 divided into 105,000,000 equity shares of ₹10 each.	
September 29, 2001	The authorised share capital of our Company was increased from ₹ 1,050,000,000 divided into 105,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each to ₹ 1,100,000,000 divided into 110,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each.	
September 25, 2002	The following clause was included in the main objects of our Company: "To carry on business of building, erecting and constructing structures, buildings, houses or sheds including RCC works and other fixtures on lands and or building and to convert squares, gardens and other conveniences and to make, build or construct surface metal or otherwise repair roads and carry on business of builders, constructors, contractors and road repairers of all kinds of dams, bunds, canals, bridges and irrigation works including and construction of power house or power stations"	
November 10, 2006	The authorised share capital of our Company was increased from ₹ 1,100,000,000 divided into 110,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each to ₹ 1,525,000,000 divided into 152,500,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each.	
September 22, 2017	The authorised share capital of our Company was increased from ₹ 1,525,000,000 divided into 152,500,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each to ₹ 1,880,000,000 divided into 172,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 1,600 non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each.	
June 4, 2018	The authorised share capital of our Company was increased from ₹ 1,880,000,000 divided into 172,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 1,600 non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each to ₹ 4,210,000,000 divided into 205,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 20,000, 0.00% non-cumulative non-convertible redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each and 1,600, 0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each.	
March 31, 2018#	Pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Magna") with our Company, the authorised share capital of our Company was increased from ₹ 4,210,000,000 divided into 205,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 20,000, 0.00% non-cumulative non-convertible redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each and 1600, 0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each to ₹4,451,000,000 divided into 205,100,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 20,000 0.00% non-cumulative non-convertible redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each and 4,000 0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each and 4,000 0.001%	
January 9, 2019	The authorised share capital of our Company was re-classified from ₹4,451,000,000 divided into 205,100,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and 20,000 0.00% non-cumulative non-convertible	

Date of change/	Nature of amendment		
shareholders' resolution			
	redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each and 4,000 0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each into ₹4,451,000,000 divided into 229,100,000 equity		
	shares of ₹ 10 each and 20,000 0.00% non-cumulative non-convertible redeemable preference		
	shares of ₹ 100,000 each and 1,600 0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of		
	₹ 100,000 each by reclassification of existing 2,400 0.001% non-cumulative redeemable		
	preference shares of ₹ 100,000 each into 24,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each.		

<sup>#</sup> The authorised share capital of our Company was updated by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in its' corporate records after the scheme of amalgamation of Magna was taken on record by the RoC.

# Total Number of shareholders of our Company

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company has 15 shareholders. For further details on the shareholding of our Company, see "*Capital Structure*" on page 92.

### Major events and milestones

The table below sets forth some of the major events in the history of our Company:

Calendar Year	Events and Milestones		
2015	Commencement of operation of the hotel project "JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar" at Sahar, Mumbai		
2013	Commencement of operation of the hotel project "Bengaluru Marriott Hotel Whitefield" at Bengaluru		
2010	Commencement of operation of the hotel project "Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi" at Vashi, Navi Mumbai		
2009	Commencement of operation of the hotel project "The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace" at Hyderabad		
2009	Commencement of operation of the hotel project "Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel" at Powai, Mumbai		
2000	Commencement of operation of the project "Lakeside Chalet, Mumbai-Marriott Executive Apartments" at Mumbai		
1999	Commencement of operation of the hotel project "Renaissance" at Powai, Mumbai		

### **Awards and Accreditations**

Calendar Year	Awards and accreditations	
2018	JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar was declared the '2018 Luxury Airport Hotel - India' at the World Luxury	
	Hotel Awards	
2018	JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar was awarded for 'Outstanding World-Class Wine List' and 'Offering the	
	Best Wine Experience' by India Wine Awards 2018	
2018	'Quality Brands India Excellence Awards' was awarded to Four Points By Sheraton for best mid segment	
	hotel in Navi Mumbai by National Chamber of Commerce & Industry for 2018.	
2018	'Gold People Choice Award' was awarded to The Bengaluru Marriott Whitefield by World on a Plate	
2018	Alto Vino at The Bengaluru Marriott Whitefield was awarded the 'Best European Restaurant' by Eazy	
	Diner Foodie Awards'	
2018	'Certificate of Honour' awarded to our Company by IMP for 2018-2019	
2017	Awarded the 'Most Preferred Business Hotel of the Year' to JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar by CMO Asia	
	Awards, 2017	
2017	Awarded the 'Most Preferred Luxury Hotel of the Year' to JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar by CMO Asia	
	Awards, 2017	
2016	Awarded the 'HISCA 2016 Best New Hotel of the Year' to JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar in recognition of	
	an outstanding hotel development in the 'Luxury / Upper Upscale Hotel Segment'	

Changes in activities of our Company during the last five years

There have been no changes in the activities of our Company during the last five years preceding the date of this Prospectus, which may have had a material effect on our profits or loss, including discontinuance of our lines of business, loss of agencies or markets and similar factors.

Capital raising (Equity/ Debt)

Our equity issuances in the past and outstanding debt as on the date of this Prospectus, have been provided in "*Capital Structure*" and "*Financial Indebtedness*" on pages 92 and 618, respectively. Further, our Company has not undertaken any public offering of debt instruments since its incorporation.

Strike and lock-outs

We have not experienced any strike, lock-outs or labour unrest since incorporation.

### Time/cost overrun

We require a number of regulatory permits, licenses and approvals at various stages of construction of our hotels and other real estate projects such as residential projects, commercial projects and retail projects. For details, see "Government and Other Approvals" on page 665. We have, from time to time, experienced delays in completion of construction of certain projects from our initial estimated date/ period of completion, on account of delays in receiving relevant construction related approvals or, on account of compliance with certain conditions in such regulatory approvals that required us to make changes in the project designs and obtain other clearances. We have experienced delays in completion of projects on account of non-availability of off-site infrastructure from the respective governments and various construction related conditions. As a result of such time delays, we have also experienced overruns in terms of cost, with respect to certain such projects. Such time and cost overruns are in the ordinary course of our business. Such time/ cost overruns involve risks and uncertainties, including those discussed in "Risk Factors – We are exposed to risks associated with the development of our hotel properties and commercial and retail projects. Delays in the constructions of new buildings or improvements on our properties may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition." on page

Further, we are experiencing time and cost overrun with respect to one of our ongoing project in Koramangala, Bengaluru due to an ongoing litigation. For details, see "Risk Factors – Our residential project at Koramangala, Bengaluru is the subject matter of litigation with Hindustan Aeronautics Limited. Any adverse order in relation to this litigation may adversely affect our ability to complete the project, and our business, results of operations and reputation." on page 21 and see "Outstanding Litigation – Material outstanding litigation by our Company" on page 621.

Defaults or rescheduling of borrowings with financial institutions/banks, conversion of loans into equity by the Company

Except as stated below, there are no defaults or rescheduling of borrowings with financial institutions, banks or conversion of loans into equity in relation to our Company:

With respect to facilities availed from SCB, our Company, has in the past breached certain sanction covenants in relation to average room rent, occupancy and minimum debt service coverage ratio in relation to certain onshore and offshore credit facilities availed against the Renaissance Hotel at Powai. SCB vide consent letter dated May 25, 2018 confirmed that our Company took corrective action in the form acceptable to SCB and maintained a three months equivalent interest service reserve account as a corrective action. Further, SCB has waived the condition of occurrence of an event of default in relation to the said breach.

With respect to facilities availed from RBL, our Company, has in the past breached certain sanction covenants in relation to EBITDA and interest covenants, average room rental and occupancy ratio conditions for Fiscal 2017. The competent authority at RBL has granted a specific waiver dated May 25, 2018 with respect to the breach of these sanction covenants.

With respect to facilities availed from ICICI, ICICI UK (USD loan originally sanctioned by ICICI UK Plc was transferred to Standard Chartered Bank, UK by way of novation on July 18, 2018) and ICICI Bahrain, our Company, has in the past breached certain financial covenant in relation non-maintenance of total debt/ATNW and total debt and security cover for the Fiscal 2017 which has been waived off pursuant to the letters dated May 28, 2018, May 29, 2018 and June 14, 2018 from ICICI, ICICI Bahrain and ICICI UK, respectively.

### Injunctions or Restraining Order against our Company

Other than as disclosed in "Outstanding Litigation – Other material outstanding litigation involving our Company – Litigation by our Company" on page 621, there are no injunctions or restraining orders against our Company as on the date of this Prospectus.

Details regarding acquisition of business/undertakings, mergers, amalgamation, revaluation of assets, etc.

Except as disclosed below, our Company has not acquired any business or undertaking, or entered into any scheme of merger or amalgamation.

(i) Scheme of amalgamation of Neerav Properties and Hotels Private Limited ("NPHPL") with our Company

Pursuant to an order dated September 1, 2006, the High Court of Bombay sanctioned a scheme of amalgamation under Sections 391 and 394 of the Companies Act 1956, whereby NPHPL was amalgamated into our Company. The appointed date for such merger was April 1, 2006 while the effective date was October 25, 2006.

The entire undertaking of NPHPL including all assets, properties, liabilities, debts, rights and obligations, immovable and movable assets of NPHPL were transferred to and vested in our Company as a going concern. For every 1 fully paid up equity share of ₹ 10 each of NPHL, 1.08 fully paid up Equity Share were allotted to the shareholders of NPHPL.

(ii) Scheme of amalgamation of Marble Arch Properties and Hotels Private Limited ("MAPHPL") with our Company

Pursuant to an order dated October 16, 1997, the High Court of Bombay sanctioned a scheme of amalgamation under Sections 391 and 394 of the Companies Act 1956, whereby MAPHPL was merged into our Company. The appointed date for such merger was August 1, 1997 and the effective date was December 2, 1997.

The entire undertakings of MAPHPL including all assets, properties, debts, liabilities, rights and obligations, immovable and movable assets of MAPHPL was transferred to and vested in our Company as a going concern.

One fully paid up 4.00% non-cumulative redeemable preference share of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  100 each of our Company was issued and allotted at par, for every one fully paid up 4.00% non-cumulative redeemable preference share of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  100 each held in MAPHPL. These shares ranked *pari-passu* with the then existing preference shares of our Company. The entire equity share capital consisting of 740 equity shares held by our Company in MAPHPL stood cancelled. Our Company held the entire equity consisting of 740 equity shares in MAPHPL which were cancelled pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation becoming effective.

(iii) Scheme of arrangement of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Genext") with our Company

Pursuant to an order dated August 2, 2017, the National Company Law Tribunal (Mumbai Bench) sanctioned a scheme of arrangement under Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act 2013, whereby the hotel and retail undertakings of Genext were demerged into our Company through a scheme of arrangement. The appointed date for such demerger was November 1, 2016 and the effective date was September 30, 2017.

The hotel and retail undertaking of Genext including all assets, properties, debts, liabilities, rights and obligations, immovable and movable assets of the hotel and retail undertakings were transferred to and vested in our Company as a going concern. For every one equity share held by the equity shareholders of Genext, our Company issued and allotted 1,509 fully paid up equity shares of  $\ge$  10 each and for every one non-cumulative redeemable preference share of  $\ge$  100,000 each held by the preference shareholders of Genext, our Company issued and allotted one fully paid up non-cumulative redeemable preference share of  $\ge$  100,000 each. These equity shares and preference shares ranked *pari-passu* with the then existing equity shares and preference shares of our Company. The remaining business and all assets, liabilities and obligations pertaining thereto continued to be vested in Genext.

(iv) Scheme of amalgamation of Magna with our Company

Pursuant to the order dated August 2, 2017 by the National Company Law Tribunal (Mumbai Bench) and the order dated March 14, 2018, by the National Company Law Tribunal (Bengaluru Bench) a scheme of amalgamation under Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 was sanctioned, whereby Magna (an erstwhile wholly owned subsidiary of our Company) was merged into our Company. The appointed date for such merger was November 1, 2016 and the effective date was March 31, 2018.

The entire undertaking of Magna including all assets, liabilities, rights and obligations, immovable and movable assets of Magna were transferred to and vested in our Company as a going concern and as the entire equity share

capital of Magna was held by our Company and its nominees, no shares were issued and allotted by our Company pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation. The entire share capital of Magna stands cancelled and extinguished.

Our Company has revalued its freehold land in Fiscal 2017 by an independent registered appraiser. For details, see "Summary Financial Information" on page 259.

# **Summary of Material Agreements**

### Shareholders' agreements

As on the date of this Prospectus, there are no subsisting shareholder's agreements to which our Company is a party to. Further to the extent that our Company is aware, there are no subsisting Shareholders' agreements which have been entered *inter se* our Shareholders, as on the date of this Prospectus.

# **Other Material Agreements**

Except as stated below, our Company has not entered into any material contracts (including any shareholders agreement) other than in the ordinary course of business carried on or intended to be carried on by our Company in the two years preceding this Prospectus. For details on business agreements of our Company, see "Our Business – Certain Key Agreements" on page 165.

Subscription agreement dated June 4, 2018 entered into among our Company, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja ("Subscription Agreement")

Pursuant to the Subscription Agreement, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja, the Promoters of our Company as designated nominees on behalf of all our Promoters, have agreed to subscribe to 10,000 (zero percent) non-cumulative non-convertible redeemable preference shares ("Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS") and 10,000 (zero percent) non-cumulative non-convertible redeemable preference shares ("Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS") to be issued by our Company having a tenure of 20 years for an aggregate amount of ₹ 2,000 million to provide funds as required by our Company in connection with all costs, expenses and liabilities pertaining to the development of our residential project located in Koramangala, Bengaluru ("Koramangala Project"). The construction of our Koramangala Project is incomplete and any further construction has been suspended by our Company due to an on-going litigation. For details, see "Outstanding Litigation - Material outstanding litigation by our Company" on page 621.

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Subscription Agreement, the Promoters of our Company shall undertake to bear costs for all expenditure including cost of completion of the Koramangala Project, any litigation and other penalties arising out of it until the completion of the Koramangala Project ("**Project Costs**"). In case, the Project Costs exceeds the initial subscription amount, our Company may require the Promoters pay such further amounts towards call money relating to the Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS as and when calls are made by the Company to meet such Project Costs. Further, the consideration received from the issuance of these Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS shall be accumulated in a designated bank account and shall be exclusively utilised for the purpose of Project Costs and redeeming Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS. The cash flows generated from the other activities / businesses carried on by our Company (other than the Koramangala Project), shall not be utilised by our Company for the purpose of meeting the Project Costs. In order to facilitate treasury management, our Company may utilise the funds in the designated bank account for the purpose of satisfying the temporary overdraft limits on a day to day basis, until there shall be any immediate requirement for meeting any Project Costs or redemption of Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS. Any amount required for the Project Costs shall be ploughed back to the designated bank account from such overdraft facility.

The Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS are partly paid up in nature. Any further amount shall be paid by our Promoters towards call money as and when call is made pursuant to the terms and conditions set out in the Subscription Agreement. The Promoters shall not receive any voting rights pursuant to receiving the Series A Zero Coupon NCRPS and Series B Zero Coupon NCRPS in any meetings of the shareholders and board of our Company. The Subscription Agreement shall remain in effect until all subscription are redeemed under its terms and conditions.

# **Holding Company**

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company does not have a holding company.

### **Subsidiaries of our Company**

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company has one Subsidiary i.e., Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited ("Chalet Kerala").

Chalet Kerala was incorporated under the Companies Act 1956 on December 22, 2006, as a private limited company. Its CIN is U55101KL2006PTC020125 and its registered office is located at ICCC, Near NISH School, Village Cheruvaikkal & Village Attipra, Akkulam, Thiruvananthapuram 695 017, Kerala, India.

The authorized share capital of Chalet Kerala is ₹ 280,000,000 divided into 28,000,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and its paid-up share capital is ₹ 277,877,700 divided into 27,787,770 equity shares of ₹ 10 each. Our Company currently holds 90.00% of the issued equity share capital of Chalet Kerala with the balance 10.00% being held by K Raheja Corp. Chalet Kerala is involved in carrying out the business of hospitality as authorized by the MoA.

There are no accumulated losses of Chalet Kerala that have not been accounted for by our Company as per the last available audited financials.

Chalet Kerala had impaired the entire Capital Work in Progress (CWIP) in its books, however the same has been partially reversed on account of favourable responses from the government of Kerala with respect to various approvals and sanctions for the proposed convention centre. Partial reversal of impairment of CWIP has been appropriately adjusted in the restated consolidated summary statement for the six months ended on September 30, 2018

Further, Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited and Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ceased to be our subsidiaries with effect from March 31, 2018 and April 1, 2018, respectively.

### **Confirmations**

### Listing

Our Subsidiary is not listed in India or abroad.

### Sale or purchases exceeding 10.00% in aggregate of the total sales or purchases of our Company

Other than as provided in "Summary Financial Information—Related Party Transactions" on page 259, our Company is not involved in any sales or purchases with our Subsidiary where such sales or purchases exceed in value in the aggregate 10% of the total sales or purchases of our Company.

### **Business** interests

Except as disclosed in "Our Business" and "Summary Financial Information – Related Party Transactions" on page 153 and 259 respectively, our Subsidiary does not have any business interest in our Company.

# Common pursuit of our Subsidiary

Our Subsidiary is in the same line of business as our Company. As on the date of this Prospectus, there are no conflict of interest situations amongst our Subsidiary and our Company.

# Strategic and financial partnerships

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company does not have any strategic or financial partners.

### Guarantees provided by our Promoters

Except guarantees provided by Neel C. Raheja (one of our individual Promoters) to secure facilities availed by our Company amounting to ₹ 808.87 million as on December 31, 2018, no guarantees have been provided by our Promoters participating in the Offer.

### **OUR MANAGEMENT**

Under our Articles of Association, our Company is authorised to have up to 15 Directors. As on the date of this Prospectus, we have eight Directors on our Board, comprising two Executive Directors, two Non-Executive Directors and four Independent Directors. The Chairman of our Board, Hetal Gandhi is an Independent Director. Further, we have one woman director on our Board. Our Company is in compliance with the corporate governance norms prescribed under the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013 in relation to the composition of our Board and constitution of committees thereof.

# **Our Board**

The following table sets forth details regarding our Board as on the date of this Prospectus:

Name, designation, address, occupation, nationality, term and DIN	Age (years)	Other directorships
Hetal Gandhi	53	Indian companies
Designation: Chairman and Independent Director		1. Shree Shubham Logistics Limited
		2. Tano India Advisors Private Limited
Address: B/2, 1203, Vivarea Sane Guruji Marg,		3. Windlas Biotech Private Limited
Jacob Circle, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai 400 011		
		Foreign companies
Occupation: Professional		
		Nil
Nationality: Indian		
Term: Five years with effect from June 12, 2018		
DIN: 00106895		
Ravi C. Raheja	47	Indian companies
Designation: Non-Executive Director		Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited
		2. Gigaplex Estate Private Limited
Address: 4th Floor, Raheja House, Auxilium Convent		3. Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited
Road, Pali Hill, Bandra (West), Mumbai		4. Intime Properties Limited
400 050, Maharashtra, India		5. Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited
,		6. K. Raheja Corp Private Limited
Occupation: Business		7. K. Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited
		8. K. Raheja Private Limited
Nationality: Indian		9. Shoppers Stop Limited
		10. Sundew Properties Limited
Term: Liable to retire by rotation		11. Support Properties Private Limited
		12. Whispering Heights Real Estate Private Limite
DIN: 00028044		12. Winspering Heights Heat Estate Hill and Estate
		Foreign companies
		Nil
Neel C. Raheja	44	Indian companies
Designation: Non-Executive Director		Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited
		2. Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited
Address: 4th Floor, Raheja House, Auxilium Convent		3. Intime Properties Limited
Road, Pali Hill, Bandra (West), Mumbai		4. Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited
400 050, Maharashtra, India		5. K. Raheja Corp Private Limited
		6. K. Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited
Occupation: Business		7. K. Raheja Private Limited
		8. Eternus Real Estate Private Limited
Nationality: Indian		9. Shoppers Stop Limited
·		10. Sundew Properties Limited
Term: Liable to retire by rotation		11. Trion Properties Private Limited
DIN: 00029010		Foreign companies

Name, designation, address, occupation, nationality, term and DIN	Age (years)	Other directorships
	Juis	Asia Pacific Real Estate Association Limited
Sanjay Sethi	54	Indian companies
Designation: Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer  Address: C/o Badrinath CHS, 15 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Flat 1602, Plot No. 458,459, Khar West, Corner of 13 <sup>th</sup> & 15 <sup>th</sup> Road, Mumbai 400 052, Maharashtra, India		Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited  Foreign companies  Nil
Occupation: Service		
Nationality: Indian		
Term: Three years with effect from February 9, 2018*		
DIN: 00641243		
Rajeev Newar	50	Indian companies
Designation: Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer		Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited
Address: Flat no. P1, 16 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Cuffe Castle, CHS Cuffe Parade, GD Somani Marg, Mumbai 400 005, Maharashtra, India		Foreign companies Nil
Occupation: Service		
Nationality: Indian		
Term: Three years with effect from August 3, 2017*		
DIN: 00468125		
Arthur William De Haast	61	Indian companies
Designation: Independent Director		Nil
Address: Sheepleas House, Epsom Road,		Foreign companies
Leatherhead, West Horsley - KT24 6AL, United Kingdom		Nil
Occupation: Service		
Nationality: British		
Term: Five years with effect from June 12, 2018		
DIN: 07893738		
Conrad D'Souza	59	Indian companies
Designation: Independent Director		Association of Finance Professionals of India     HDFC Education and Development Service  Private Limited
Address: 501 & 502, Hasmukh Mansion, Plot No375, 14 <sup>th</sup> Road, Khar, Mumbai 400 052, Maharashtra, India		Private Limited 3. HDFC Holdings Limited 4. HDFC Investments Limited 5. HDFC Sales Private Limited
Occupation: Professional		5. TIDI C Sales Filvate Limited

Name, designation, address, occupation, nationality, term and DIN	Age (years)	Other directorships
		Foreign companies
Nationality: Indian		
		1. First Housing Finance (Tanzania) Limited
<i>Term:</i> Five years with effect from June 12, 2018		2. Housing Development Finance Corporation
•		PLC, Maldives
DIN: 00010576		3. Nations Trust Bank PLC, Sri Lanka
Radhika Piramal	40	Indian companies
Designation: Independent Director		VIP Industries Limited
g		2. DGP Securities Limited
Address: 50 Apartment 8, Furnival House,		3. Kiddy Plast Limited
Cholmoley Park. London. N65AD. Great		4. Blow Plast Retail Limited
Britain		
		Foreign companies
Occupation: Industrialist		Nil
•		
Nationality: British		
Term: Five years with effect from June 12, 2018		
DIN: 02105221		

<sup>\*</sup>Liable to retire by rotation

In compliance with Section 152 of the Companies Act 2013, not less than two-thirds of our non-independent Directors are liable to retire by rotation.

### Arrangement or Understanding with Major Shareholders

None of our Directors or Key Managerial Personnel have been nominated pursuant to any arrangement or understanding with our major Shareholders, customers, suppliers or others.

# **Brief profiles of our Directors**

**Hetal Gandhi**, is the Chairman and Independent Director of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from the University of Mumbai and is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. He has been on our Board since March 20, 2003. He has been appointed as an Independent Director of our Company for a period of 5 years with effect from June 12, 2018. He is the co-founder and managing director of Tano India Advisors Private Limited and was previously associated with a diversified financial services company as its head-financial services and with ORIX Auto and Business Solutions Limited as its chief executive officer. He has over 31 years of experience in the financial services industry.

Ravi C. Raheja, Promoter of our Company, is a Non-Executive Director of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from the University of Mumbai and a master's degree in business administration from the London Business School. He has been on our Board since September 4, 1995. He is also the group president of K. Raheja Corp group. Ravi C. Raheja has 22 years of experience across the real estate, hotel and retail industry.

Neel C. Raheja, Promoter of our Company, is a Non-Executive Director of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in law and a master's degree in commerce from the Mumbai University. He has also completed the Owner/President Management Program from Harvard Business School. He has been on our Board since December 12, 1996. He is also the group president of K. Raheja Corp group. He has been instrumental in the diversification of the K. Raheja Corp group's business from real estate development to retail and hospitality for the last two decades. He has also played a key role in the organisation's presence in retail brands namely Shoppers Stop, Inorbit Mall and Crossword. Neel C. Raheja is the co-chairman of the CII-National Committee on Real Estate and Housing, India chapter of Asia Pacific Real Estate Association Limited, and president of the NAREDCO Maharashtra, Management Committee. He is also a Council Member of Sadhana Education Society. He has 20 years of experience across the real estate, hospitality and retail industry.

**Sanjay Sethi,** is the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of our Company. He holds a diploma in hotel management, catering and nutrition from IHM Pusa. Sanjay Sethi ceased to be the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer from October 1, 2017. He re-joined our Company on February 5, 2018 as the CEO and was

appointed as an Additional Director and as Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer of our Company with effect from February 9, 2018. Prior to joining our Company, he worked with ITC Limited as the chief operating officer for their hotels division, Berggruen Hotels Private Limited as the managing director and chief executive officer, and with The Indian Hotels Company Limited as a general manager to their hotel properties and area director for Hyderabad hotel properties. He has 30 years of experience in the hospitality industry.

Rajeev Newar, is an Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from the University of Calcutta. He is a chartered accountant registered with Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and has also been admitted as an associate with the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. He was appointed as an Executive Director with effect from August 3, 2017. He has also been appointed, as a special invitee member of Hotel & Restaurant Association (Western India). Prior to joining our Company, he has led various transformational initiatives with companies like The Indian Hotels Company Limited. He has over 26 years of experience in the field of finance and management. During the course of his career, he has held leadership roles in finance and management.

**Arthur William De Haast,** is an Independent Director of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in hotel and catering management from the University of Strathclyde. He has also been elected as a Life Fellow of the Institute of Hospitality. He has been associated with Jones Lang LaSalle incorporated since August 4, 1987 in a variety of senior roles, including the global chief executive officer and then chairman of its hotels and hospitality group. Currently, he is an international director and chairman of its global capital markets board. He has been on our Board since August 2017 and was appointed for a three year term with effect from August 3, 2017. He was appointed as an Independent Director on June 12, 2018 for a period of five years with effect from June 12, 2018. He has over 34 years of experience in the hospitality sector and has led many transactional and advisory assignments.

Conrad D'Souza, is an Independent Director of our Company. He holds a master's degree in commerce and a diploma in financial management from the University of Mumbai and a master's degree in business administration from South Gujarat University. He is also a graduate of the Senior Executive Program from the London Business School. He has been on our Board since March 2012. He was appointed as an Independent Director on June 12, 2018 for a period of five years with effect from June 12, 2018. He has been associated with HDFC Limited since 1984 and is currently a member of executive management & chief investor relations officer and his responsibilities include corporate planning and budgeting, corporate finance and investor relations.

**Radhika Piramal**, is an Independent Director of our Company. She holds a bachelor's degree in arts from Brasenose College, University of Oxford and a master's in business administration from Harvard Business School. She was appointed as an Independent Director on June 12, 2018 for a period of five years with effect from June 12, 2018. She has 9 years of experience in managing, strategizing and carrying on the business of luggage, bags and other travel accessories. She has been associated with VIP Industries Limited since 2009 and was previously associated with Bain and Company, and Carlton Travel Goods Limited.

### **Relationship between Directors**

Apart from Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja, who are brothers, none of our Directors are related to each other.

# **Terms of Appointment of our Executive Directors**

# Sanjay Sethi

Sanjay Sethi was appointed as our Chief Executive Officer on February 5, 2018 and thereafter as our Managing Director for a period of three years with effect from February 9, 2018 pursuant to the resolution passed by our Board on February 9, 2018 and our shareholders on June 13, 2018.

Pursuant to the Board resolution dated February 9, 2018 and the employment agreement dated June 21, 2018, Sanjay Sethi is entitled to remuneration as enumerated below:

Basic Salary:	₹ 1,045,000 per month with annual increments as may be declared by the Board.	
House Rent Allowance:	₹ 522,500 per month.	
Flexi Balance:	₹ 820,352 per month.	
Transport Allowance:	₹ 103,000 per month.	
Leave Travel Allowance:	Upto a limit of ₹ 120,000 per annum.	

Supplementary Benefit:	₹ 36,500 per month.
Provident Fund:	12% of the basic salary per month.
Telephone Reimbursement:	Upto a limit of ₹ 24,000 per annum.
Bonus:	₹ 1,044,588 per annum.

Reimbursement of entertainment and travelling expenses incurred by the Managing Director and the Chief Executive Officer in connection with our business, as per the HR policy of our Company.

Sanjay Sethi is also entitled to a performance bonus at the discretion of our Company's management.

He received a gross remuneration of ₹ 26,316,701 in Fiscal 2018 from our Company.

# Rajeev Newar

Rajeev Newar was appointed as our Executive Director for a period of three years with effect from August 3, 2017, pursuant to the resolution passed by our Board on August 3, 2017 and an employment agreement dated September 15, 2017, which was approved by the shareholders at the AGM held on September 22, 2017.

Rajeev Newar was appointed as an Executive Director with effect from August 3, 2017 and he received a gross remuneration of ₹ 11,389,236 in Fiscal 2018. Further, pursuant to the approval of the Board of Directors on May 01, 2018, the Board has revised his remuneration for Fiscal 2019, as enumerated below.

Basic Salary	₹ 587,000 per month
House Rent Allowance	₹ 293,500 per month
Flexi Balance	₹ 456,480 per month
Transport Allowance	₹ 93,000 per month
Supplementary Benefits	₹ 32,300 per month
Leave Travel Allowance	Upto a limit of ₹120,000 per annum
Telephone Reimbursement	Upto a limit of ₹ 24,000 per annum
Bonus:	₹ 586,764 per annum
Provident fund:	12% of the basic salary per month

Reimbursement of entertainment and travelling expenses incurred by the Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer in connection with our business, as per the HR policy of our Company.

Rajeev Newar is also entitled to a performance bonus at the discretion of our Company's management.

# Compensation paid to our Non-Executive and Independent Directors

Pursuant to the resolution passed by our Board on June 17, 2005, our Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors were entitled to receive a sitting fee of ₹ 10,000 for attending each meeting of our Board. Further, pursuant to the resolution passed by our Board on June 12, 2018, our Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors are entitled to receive a sitting fee of ₹ 50,000 for attending each meeting of our Board, ₹ 25,000 for attending the Audit Committee Meeting and ₹ 10,000 for other Committees, other than CSR Committee and Bank Account Operations Committee.

Details of the remuneration/sitting fees paid by our Company to the Non- Executive Directors and Independent Directors in Fiscal Year 2018 are as follows:

S. No	Name of Director	Total remuneration (including sitting fees) for Fiscal 2018 (in ₹)
1.	Ravi C. Raheja	50,000
2.	Neel C. Raheja	90,000
3.	Hetal Gandhi	70,000
4.	Arthur William De Haast	982,932*
5.	Conrad D'Souza	90,000
6.	Radhika Piramal	Nil**
	Total	1,282,932

<sup>\*</sup> Arthur William De Haast was paid professional fees of ₹ 982,932 in Fiscal 2018.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Radhika Piramal was appointed as a Director on our Board on June 12, 2018 and was not paid any sitting fees for Fiscal 2018.

Independent Directors shall be entitled to receive sitting fees and reimbursement of local travelling expenses as per the Policy determined by our Board / Compensation, Nomination & Remuneration Committee from time to time for attending meetings of our Board and its Committees.

Arthur William De Haast, Independent Director, will also be entitled to receive professional fees and reimbursement of expenses, as per the terms of the Agreement dated July 7, 2017.

### **Loans to Directors**

Except for a loan of ₹ 664,000 extended to Rajeev Newar, our Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer and a loan of ₹ 706,000 extended to Sanjay Sethi, our Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer, our Company or its Subsidiary has not granted any loans to our Directors on the date of this Prospectus.

None of our Directors are related to the beneficiaries of loans, advances and sundry debtors of our Company.

### **Bonus or profit sharing plan for the Directors**

Our Company does not have a bonus or profit sharing plan for our Directors.

### **Shareholding of our Directors**

Our Articles of Association do not require our Directors to hold any qualification shares.

Other than as disclosed under "Capital Structure – Shareholding of our Directors and Key Managerial Personnel in our Company" on page 116, none of our Directors hold any shares in our Company as on the date of this Prospectus.

### **Service contracts with Directors**

There are no service contracts entered into with any Directors, which provide for benefits upon termination of employment.

### **Interest of Directors**

All our Directors may be deemed to be interested to the extent of fees, if any, payable to them for attending meetings of the Board or a committee thereof, as well as to the extent of other remuneration and reimbursement of expenses, if any, payable to them by our Company. For further details, see "- *Terms of Appointment of our Executive Directors*", "- *Compensation Paid to Our Non-Executive and Independent Directors*" on pages 190 and 191 respectively.

Our Directors may also be interested to the extent of Equity Shares, if any, held by them and to the extent of any dividend payable to them and other distributions in respect of these Equity Shares. Our Directors may also be interested to the extent of Equity Shares held by the entities in which they are associated as promoters, directors, partners, proprietors or trustees or held by their relatives or that may be subscribed by or allotted to the companies, firms, ventures, trusts in which they are interested as promoters, directors, partners, proprietors, members or trustees, pursuant to the Offer. Additionally, the Directors may be interested to the extent of stock options that have been granted to them under ESOP 2018. For further details regarding the shareholding of our Directors and the ESOP 2018, see "Capital Structure – Shareholding of our Directors and Key Managerial Personnel in our Company" and "Capital Structure – Employee Stock Option Scheme" on pages 116 and 103, respectively.

Our Directors may also be interested to the extent of loans availed by them from our Company. For further details, see "- **Loans to Directors**" on page 191.

No sum has been paid or agreed to be paid to our Directors or to firms or companies in which they may be members, in cash or shares or otherwise by any person either to induce him/her to become, or to qualify him/her as, a Director, or otherwise for services rendered by him/her or by such firm or company, in connection with the promotion or formation of our Company.

Interest in land and property

Except as stated below, our Directors are not interested in any property acquired by our Company, in any property that is proposed to be acquired by our Company or in any transaction in the acquisition of land, construction of building or supply of machinery within two years of the date of this Prospectus.

Our Company has acquired approximately 8.62 acres of land from Genext in Bengaluru, as part of the Whitefield project, and has entered into a 'memorandum of understanding' that grants our company an option to acquire leasehold rights for 0.98 acres of land and / or building from Mindspace for our proposed hotel and related services in Airoli. Our Directors, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are shareholders and directors of Genext and shareholders of Mindspace.

### *Interest in promotion of our Company*

Except Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja, who are Promoters of our Company, our Directors have no interest in the promotion of our Company, as on the date of this Prospectus.

### **Business** interest

Except as stated in the section titled "*Related Party Transactions*" on page 256, our Directors do not have any other interest in our business or our Company.

### **Directorships of Directors in listed companies**

None of our Directors are, or for the five years prior to the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus, have been on the board of any listed company whose shares have been/were suspended from being traded on BSE or NSE.

Except as disclosed below in respect of Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja, none of our Directors has been or is a director on the board of any listed companies which have been or were delisted from any stock exchange(s).

Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja were directors on the board of Asiatic Properties Limited.

S. No.	Particulars Particulars Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the company	Asiatic Properties Limited
2.	Name of the stock exchange(s) on which the company was listed	BSE
3.	Date of delisting on stock exchanges	July 2, 2004
4.	Whether the delisting was compulsory or voluntary delisting	compulsory
5.	Reasons for delisting	Non-compliance with certain
		provisions of the Listing Agreement
		entered into with the BSE
6.	Whether the company has been relisted	No
7.	Date of relisting, in the event the company is relisting	NA
8.	Name of the stock exchange(s) on which the company was relisted	NA
9.	Term (along with relevant dates) in the above company	NA

Except as disclosed below and in "*Management – Our Board*" on page 178, none of our Directors is associated with the securities market.

Radhika Piramal is a director on the board of DGP Securities Limited since April 11, 2011, a stock broking company registered with SEBI.

S. No.	Particulars Particulars	Details
1.	SEBI Registration No.	INB230654134 /
	-	INF230654134
2.	Category of registration	Equity /
		Derivatives
3.	Date of expiry of registration	None
4.	If registration has elapsed, reasons for non-renewal	None
5.	Details of any enquiry/ investigation conducted by SEBI at any	SEBI registered cases against DGP
	time	Securities Limited for alleged structured
		trading/ deals in share of five companies
		in the year 2001-02.

S. No.	Particulars Details			
6.	Penalty imposed by SEBI, if any (Penalty includes deficiency/warning letter, adjudication proceedings, suspension/cancellation/prohibitory orders)	SEBI suspended DGP Securities Limited's trading membership registration for a period of two month		
		and one month by way of orders dated September 30, 2004, October 18, 2004 and September 25, 2008. The trading / registration suspension period was reduced to one month pursuant to a SAT		
		appeal. DGP Securities Limited voluntarily discontinued the trading / broking activities since July 24, 2009.		
7	Outstanding fees payable to SEBL if any	None		

None of our Directors has been declared as Wilful Defaulters.

# Changes in our Board during the last three years

The changes in our Board during the three years immediately preceding the date of this Prospectus are set forth below.

Name of Director	Date of Change	Reasons
Conrad D'Souza***	June 12, 2018	Appointment as Independent Director
Radhika Piramal***	June 12, 2018	Appointment as Independent Director
Arthur William De Haast***	June 12, 2018	Appointment as Independent Director
Hetal Gandhi***	June 12, 2018	Appointment as Independent Director
Conrad D'Souza	June 11, 2018	Resignation
Arthur William De Haast	June 11. 2018	Resignation
Hetal Gandhi	June 11, 2018	Resignation
Ramesh M. Valecha	May 2, 2018	Resignation
Rajeev Chopra	May 2, 2018	Resignation
Chandru L. Raheja	April 26, 2018	Resignation
Sanjay Sethi	February 9, 2018	Appointed as Managing Director
Sanjay Sethi	October 1, 2017	Resignation
Rajeev Newar*	August 3, 2017	Appointed as an Additional Director and Executive Director
Arthur William De Haast*	August 3, 2017	Appointed as an Additional Director
Ramesh M. Valecha	August 1, 2017	Change in designation from Whole Time Director to Non-Executive Director
Rajeev Chopra**	June 1, 2017	Appointment as an Additional Director

<sup>\*</sup> Arthur William De Haast's and Rajeev Newar's appointment was regularized pursuant to a resolution passed by the Shareholders on

# Payment of non-salary related benefits

Except as stated in "-Compensation paid to our Executive Directors", "-Compensation paid to our non-Executive Directors", "Loans to Directors", "Interest of Directors" and "Summary Financial Information - Related Party Transactions", our Company has not in the last two years preceding the date of this Prospectus paid and nor does it intend to pay any non-salary related amount or benefits to our Directors.

# **Borrowing Powers**

Pursuant to our Articles of Association, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws and pursuant to the resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company on June 13, 2018, our Board has been authorised to borrow from time to time any sum or sums of money (inclusive of interest) on such terms and conditions as may be determined, which, together with the monies already borrowed by our Company (apart from the temporary loans obtained or to be obtained from our Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) shall not exceed the sum of  $\stackrel{?}{\scriptstyle <}$  50,000 million over and above the aggregate of the paid-up share capital and free reserves of our Company.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Rajeev Chopra's appointment was regularised pursuant to a resolution passed by the Shareholders on September 22, 2017.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Conrad D'Souza, Arthur William De Haast, Radhika Piramal, Hetal Gandhi & Sanjay Sethi's appointment were regularized pursuant to resolutions passed by the Shareholders on June 13, 2018.

### **Corporate Governance**

As on the date of this Prospectus, we have eight Directors on our Board, comprising two Executive Directors, two Non-Executive Directors and four Independent Directors. The Chairman of our Board, Hetal Gandhi is a Non-Executive Independent Director. Further, we have one woman director on our Board. Our Company is in compliance with the corporate governance norms prescribed under the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Companies Act 2013 in relation to the composition of our Board and constitution of committees thereof.

Our Company undertakes to take all necessary steps to continue to comply with all the applicable requirements of SEBI Listing Regulations and the Companies Act 2013.

### **Board committees**

Our Company has constituted the following Board committees in terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations, and the Companies Act 2013:

- (a) Audit Committee;
- (b) Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
- (c) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee;
- (d) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee; and
- (e) IPO Committee.

### Audit Committee

Our Audit Committee was constituted by a resolution of our Board dated December 8, 2000 and was last reconstituted by a resolution of our Board dated June 12, 2018 and is in compliance with Section 177 of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Audit Committee currently consists of:

- 1. Conrad D'Souza Chairman
- 2. Hetal Gandhi Member
- 3. Ravi C. Raheja Member

The Company Secretary shall act as the secretary to the Audit Committee.

Scope and terms of reference: The terms of reference of the Audit Committee shall include the following:

The Audit Committee shall be responsible for, among other things, as may be required by the stock exchanges from time to time, the following:

# A. Powers of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee shall have powers, including the following:

- 1. to investigate any activity within its terms of reference;
- 2. to seek information from any employee;
- 3. to obtain outside legal or other professional advice; and
- 4. to secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.

# B. Role of the Audit Committee

The role of the Audit Committee shall include the following:

- 1. oversight of our Company's financial reporting process, examination of the financial statement and auditor's report thereon and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible;
- 2. recommendation for appointment, re-appointment, replacement, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of our Company;
- 3. reviewing the financial statement with respect to its subsidiaries, in particular investments made by the unlisted subsidiaries;
- 4. approval of payment to our Company's statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors:
- 5. reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
  - a. matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013:
  - b. changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
  - c. major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management of the Company;
  - d. significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
  - e. compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
  - f. disclosure of any related party transactions; and
  - g. modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.
- 6. reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- 7. reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- 8. reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- 9. approval of any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties and omnibus approval for related party transactions proposed to be entered into by the Company, subject to the conditions as may be prescribed-:

Explanation: The term "related party transactions" shall have the same meaning as provided in Clause 2(zc) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and/or the applicable Accounting Standards and/or the Companies Act.

- 10. scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- 11. valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- 12. evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- 13. formulating a policy on related party transactions, which shall include the materiality of related party transactions;

- 14. reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- 15. reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- 16. discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- 17. reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board:
- 18. discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- 19. looking into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- 20. reviewing the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- 21. overseeing the vigil mechanism established by the Company, with the Chairman;
- 22. approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- 23. reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the Subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans /advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision;
- 24. carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee; and
- 25. performing such other activities as may be delegated by the Board of Directors and/or are statutorily prescribed under any law to be performed by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the following information:

- 1. management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- 2. statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by management;
- 3. management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- 4. internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;
- 5. the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the Audit Committee; and
- 6. statement of deviations in terms of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended:
  - (a) quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s); and
  - (b) annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice.

### Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Our Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee was constituted by a resolution of our Board dated

February 21, 2004 and was last reconstituted on by a resolution of the Board dated June 12, 2018. The Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee is in compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act 2013, Regulation 19 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee currently consists of:

- 1. Conrad D'Souza Chairman
- 2. Neel C. Raheja Member
- 3. Arthur William De Haast Member

The Company Secretary shall act as the secretary to the Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Scope and terms of reference: The terms of reference of the Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall include the following:

The Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall be responsible for, among other things, as may be required by the stock exchanges from time to time, the following:

1. formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration of the directors, key management personnel and other employees;

The Compensation, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, while formulating the above policy, should ensure that -

- i. the level and composition of remuneration be reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the Company successfully;
- ii. relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- iii. remuneration to directors, key management personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.
- 2. formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the Board;
- 3. devising a policy on diversity of Board of Directors;
- 4. identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal and shall carry out evaluation of every director's performance (including independent director);
- 5. whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of directors;
- 6. frame suitable policies, procedures and systems to ensure that there is no violation of securities laws, as amended from time to time, including:
  - the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
     and
  - ii. the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices Relating to the Securities Market) Regulations, 2003, by the trust, the Company and its employees, as applicable.
- 7. perform such other activities as may be delegated by the Board or specified/ provided under the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent notified and effective, as amended or by the Securities and Exchange

Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended or by any other applicable law or regulatory authority."

### Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

Our Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was constituted by a resolution of our Board dated May 01, 2018 and was last reconstituted by a resolution of the Board dated June 12, 2018. The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee is in compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 20 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee currently consists of:

- 1. Conrad D'Souza Chairman
- 2. Ravi C. Raheja Member
- 3. Neel C. Raheja Member
- 4. Rajeev Newar Member

The Company Secretary shall act as the secretary to the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee shall be responsible for, among other things, as may be required by the stock exchanges from time to time, the following:

- 1. considering and resolving grievances of shareholders', debenture holders and other security holders;
- 2. redressal of grievances of the security holders of the Company, including complaints in respect of allotment of Equity Shares, transfer/transmission of Equity Shares, non-receipt of declared dividends, annual reports, balance sheets of the Company, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.;
- 3. allotment of Equity Shares, approval of transfer or transmission of Equity Shares, debentures or any other securities;
- 4. issue of duplicate certificates and new certificates on split/consolidation/renewal, etc.;
- 5. review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- 6. review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent;
- 7. review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company; and
- 8. carrying out any other functions required to be undertaken by the Stakeholders Relationship Committee under applicable law."

### Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

Our Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was constituted by a resolution of the Board dated February 26, 2015 and was last re-constituted on June 12, 2018 and is in compliance with Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013. The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee currently consists of:

- 1. Hetal Gandhi Chairman
- 2. Sanjay Sethi Member
- 3. Neel C. Raheja Member
- 4. Radhika Piramal Member

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee be and is hereby authorized to perform the following functions:

- 1. formulate and recommend to the Board, a "Corporate Social Responsibility Policy" which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013;
- 2. review and recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities referred to in clause (1);
- 3. monitor the corporate social responsibility policy of the Company and its implementation from time to time; and
- 4. any other matter as the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee may deem appropriate after approval of the Board or as may be directed by the Board from time to time.

### IPO Committee

Our IPO Committee was constituted by a resolution of our Board dated February 09, 2018 and was last reconstituted by a resolution of the Board dated August 16, 2018. The IPO Committee currently consists of:

- 1. Ravi C. Raheja
- 2. Neel C. Raheja
- 3. Conrad D'Souza
- 4. Sanjay Sethi
- 5. Rajeev Newar

# Scope and terms of reference of the IPO Committee

This Committee is responsible for taking all decisions and approving, negotiating, finalising and carry out all activities relating to the Offer, without requiring any further approval of the Board, including the following:

1. to decide in consultation with the Selling Shareholders and the Book Running Lead Managers (the "BRLMs") on the actual size, timing of the Offer, including any reservation (including any reservation for eligible employees, green shoe option, discount and any other reservations as may be permitted) on a competitive basis or firm allotments as may be permitted, and/or any private placement of certain Equity Shares to selected investors as permitted under the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any amendments, modifications or re-enactment), including the applicable rules made thereunder to the extent notified (the "Companies Act, 2013"), and the provisions of the memorandum of association of the Company and articles of association of the Company, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and the rules framed thereunder (the "SCRA"), the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 (the "SEBI ICDR Regulations"), the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the "SEBI Listing Regulations"), and other applicable regulations, guidelines, circulars and directives issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), as well as other applicable law, regulations, rules, guidelines, policies, ordinances, notifications, circulars or clarifications, directions and orders, in India or outside India (including any amendment thereto or reenactment thereto for the time being in force) issued from time to time by the Government of India, including by the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Government of India (the "DIPP"), the Reserve Bank of India (the "RBI"), the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai (the "RoC"), the Department of Economic Affairs, the Ministry of Finance, the Real Estate Regulatory Authority ("RERA"), the relevant stock exchanges or any other competent authority from time to time and the listing agreements with the relevant stock exchanges where the Equity Shares are proposed to be listed (the "Stock Exchanges") in each case, as amended (collectively, "Applicable Law") after filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus (the "DRHP") with the SEBI and prior to filing of the Red Herring Prospectus (the "RHP") with the RoC (the "Pre-IPO Placement") and/ or any rounding off in the event of any oversubscription and/or any discount (as permitted under Applicable Law) to be offered to retail individual bidders or eligible employees participating in the Offer and all the terms and conditions of the Offer, including, without limitation timing, pricing (price band, offer price, including to anchor investors, etc.) opening and closing dates of the Offer, allocation/allotment to eligible persons pursuant to the Offer,

including any anchor investors, and to accept any amendments, modifications, variations or alterations thereto:

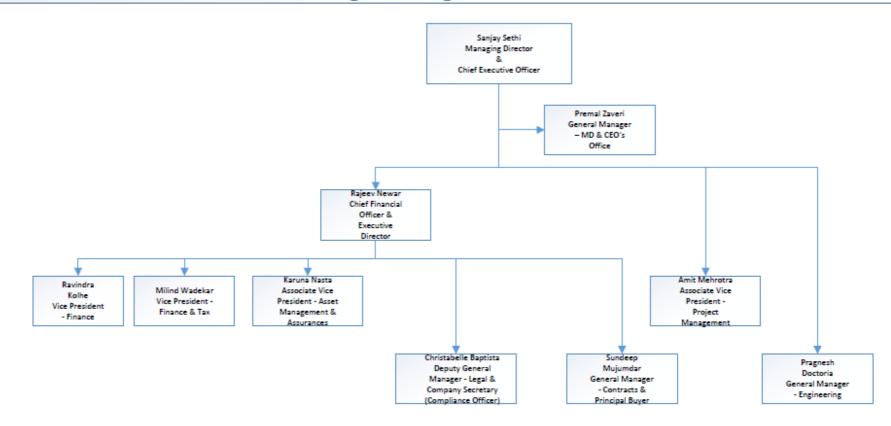
- 2. to appoint, instruct and enter into arrangements with the BRLMs, underwriters, syndicate members, brokers, advisors, escrow collection bankers, refund banks, public offer accounts banks, registrar, offer grading agency, monitoring agency, legal counsel, printers, advertising agency(ies) and any other agencies, intermediaries or persons (including any successors or replacements thereof) whose appointment is required in relation to the Offer and to negotiate and finalize the terms of their appointment, including but not limited to execution of the mandate letter(s) with the BRLMs, negotiation, finalization and execution of the offer agreement with the BRLMs and the Selling Shareholders;
- 3. to invite the existing shareholders of the Company to participate in the IPO to offer for sale Equity Shares held by them at the same price as in the IPO;
- 4. to finalise, approve, adopt and arrange for, in consultation with the Selling Shareholders and BRLMs, submission of the DRHP, the RHP and the Prospectus (including amending, varying or modifying the same, as may be considered desirable or expedient), the preliminary and final international wrap and any amendments, supplements, notices or corrigenda thereto for the offer of Equity Shares including incorporating such alterations/corrections/modifications as may be required by SEBI, RoC, or any other relevant governmental and statutory authorities or in accordance with all Applicable Law,
- 5. to issue advertisements in such newspapers and other media as it may deem fit and proper in accordance with Regulation 60 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the Companies Act and the other Applicable Law;
- 6. to decide the total number of Equity Shares to be reserved for allocation to eligible categories of investors, if any, in accordance with Applicable Law and on permitting existing shareholders to sell any Equity Shares of the Company held by them;
- 7. approving any corporate governance requirement that may be considered necessary by the Board or the committee or as may be required under Applicable Law in connection with the Offer;
- 8. to open and operate separate escrow accounts and or any other account, with scheduled banks to receive applications along with application monies in relation to the Offer in terms of Section 40(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and to authorize one or more officers of the Company to execute all documents/deeds as may be necessary in this regard;
- 9. to determine and finalise the floor price and the price band at which the Equity Shares are offered and confirm allocation of the equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each of the Company to be, offered and allotted to investors in the Offer in accordance with Applicable Law in consultation with the Selling Shareholders(if any) and the BRLMs and/or any other advisors, and determine the discount, if any, proposed to be offered to eligible categories of investors and do all such acts and things as may be necessary and expedient for and incidental and ancillary to the Offer;
- 10. to negotiate, finalise, sign, execute and deliver or arrange the delivery of the offer agreement, syndicate agreement, cash escrow agreement, share escrow agreement, underwriting agreement, agreements with the registrar to the Offer and the advertising agency and all other agreements, documents, deeds, memorandum of understanding and other instruments whatsoever, any amendment(s) or addenda thereto, including, with respect to the payment of commissions, brokerages and fees, with the registrar to the Offer, legal counsel, auditors, stock exchanges, BRLMs and other agencies/intermediaries in connection with Offer with the power to authorize one or more officers of the Company to negotiate, execute and deliver all or any of the aforesaid documents;
- 11. the opening of a bank account of the Company in terms of the escrow agreement for the handling of refunds for the Offer and to authorize one or more officers/ employees of the Company to execute all documents/deeds as may be necessary in this regard;
- 12. to make any applications to, seek clarifications/exemptions and obtain approvals from, if necessary, RBI, SEBI, RERA, Corporate Debt Restructuring Cell or to any other statutory and governmental authorities in connection with the Offer, as may be required (including for the purpose of offer of shares by the Company to non-resident investors, including NRIs and FPIs) and wherever necessary, incorporate such

modifications, amendments, alterations, corrections as may be required in the DRHP, the RHP and the Prospectus;

- 13. to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and execute all such other documents, etc. as it may, in its absolute discretion, in consultation with the Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs, deem necessary or desirable for the Offer, including, without limitation, determining the anchor investor portion and allocation to anchor investors, finalizing the basis of allocation and allotment of Equity Shares to the successful allottees as permissible under Applicable Law and credit of Equity Shares to the demat accounts of the successful allottees in accordance with Applicable Law, issue of shares in accordance with the relevant rules;
- 14. to seek, if required, the consent of the lenders to the Company and/or the lenders to the subsidiaries of the Company, industry data providers, joint venture partners, parties with whom the Company has entered into various commercial and other agreements including, without limitation customers, suppliers, strategic partners of the Company, all concerned government and regulatory authorities in India or outside India, and any other consents that may be required in connection with the Offer in accordance with Applicable Law;
- 15. to settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise from time to time in relation to such issues or allotment, as it may in its absolute discretion deem fit;
- 16. to do all acts and deeds, and negotiate, finalise, settle, execute and deliver or arrange the delivery of all documents, agreements, forms, certificates, undertakings, letters and instruments as may be necessary, appropriate or advisable in order to carry out the purposes and intent of the foregoing for the purpose of or in connection with the Offer and any documents or instruments so executed and delivered or acts and things done or caused to be done by committee shall be conclusive evidence of the authority of the committee in so doing;
- 17. to do all such deeds and acts as may be required to dematerialize the Equity Shares and to sign and/or modify, as the case may be, agreements and/or such other documents as may be required with the National Securities Depository Limited, Central Depository Services (India) Limited, registrar and transfer agents and such other agencies, as may be required in this connection with power to authorize one or more officers of the Company to execute all or any of the aforesaid documents;
- 18. to authorize and approve the incurring of expenditure, including the payment of fees, commissions and remuneration and expenses in connection with the Offer;
- 19. to submit undertaking/certificates or provide clarifications to the Securities Exchange Board of India, Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai and the Stock Exchanges where the Equity Shares of the Company are proposed to be listed;
- 20. to make applications to the Stock Exchanges for in-principle approval for listing of its equity shares and to execute and to deliver or arrange the delivery and file such papers and documents with the Stock Exchanges, including a copy of the DRHP filed with the Securities Exchange Board of India, as may be required for the purpose;
- 21. to issue allotment advice cum refund intimation and confirmation of allotment notes either in physical or electronic mode representing the underlying Equity Shares in the capital of the Company with such features and attributes as may be required and to provide for the tradability and free transferability thereof as per market practices and regulations, including listing on one or more Stock Exchanges, with power to authorize one or more officers of the Company to sign all or any of the afore stated documents;
- 22. to withdraw the DRHP or the RHP or to decide not to proceed with the Offer in consultation with the BRLMs at any stage in accordance with Applicable Law; and
- 23. to authorize and empower officers of the Company (each, an "Authorized Officer"), for and on behalf of the Company, to execute and deliver, on a several basis, any declarations, affidavits, certificates, consents, agreements and arrangements as well as amendments or supplements thereto as may be required from time to time or that the Authorized Officers consider necessary, appropriate or advisable, in connection with the Offer, including, without limitation, engagement letter(s)/fee letter(s), memoranda

of understanding, the listing agreements, the registrar's agreement, the depository's agreements, the offer agreement with the BRLMs (and other entities as appropriate), the underwriting agreement, the syndicate agreement, the stabilization agreement, the cash escrow agreement, the share escrow agreement, confirmation of allocation notes, and any agreement or document in connection with the Pre-IPO Placement (including any placement agreement, escrow agreement and documentation in relation to the Offer), with the BRLMs, lead manager, syndicate members, bankers to the Offer, registrar to the Offer, bankers to the Company, managers, underwriters, guarantors, escrow agents, accountants, auditors, legal counsel, depositories, trustees, custodians, advertising agencies, industry research consultants and all such persons or agencies as may be involved in or concerned with the Offer, if any and to do or cause to be done any and all such acts or things that the Authorized Officer may deem necessary, appropriate or desirable in order to carry out the purpose and intent of the foregoing resolutions for the Offer and any such agreements or documents so executed and delivered and acts and things done by any such Authorized Officer shall be conclusive evidence of the authority of the Authorized Officer and the Company in so doing.

# Chalet Hotels Limited Management Organisation Chart



### **Key Managerial Personnel**

### **Brief profiles of our Key Managerial Personnel**

In addition to Sanjay Sethi, our Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer, and Rajeev Newar, our Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer, whose details are provided in "—*Brief Profiles of our Directors*" on page 178, the details of our other Key Managerial Personnel as on the date of this Prospectus are set forth below.

Christabelle Baptista, aged 39 years, is the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer and deputy general manager-legal of our Company. She holds a bachelor's degree in commerce and law from University of Mumbai. She is a member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. She has 14 years of experience in legal, secretarial, corporate restructuring & compliance. She has experience in the pharmaceutical and glass industry. She joined our Company on September 23, 2011 and was appointed as Company Secretary on September 23, 2011. She is responsible for secretarial, compliance & restructuring and corporate legal function of the Company. During Fiscal 2018, she received a remuneration of ₹ 2,008,093 from our Company.

### **Senior Management Personnel**

The details of certain Senior Management Personnel, other than our Directors and Key Management Personnel, are set out below.

Milind Wadekar, aged 49 years, is the vice president-finance and tax of our Company. He joined our Company on August 24, 2009. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from M.L. Dahanukar College of Commerce, University of Bombay. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. He has 22 years of experience in the fields of finance, accounts and tax. He is responsible for accounting, finance, taxation and related stakeholder engagement and compliances, treasury and forex activities of our Company. During the Fiscal Year 2018, he was paid a gross remuneration of ₹ 5,512,202.

Ravindra Kolhe, aged 48 years, is the vice president- finance of our Company. He was appointed as vice president- finance of our Company on May 1, 2018. He joined the K. Raheja Corp. group on April 19, 2005. He holds a bachelor's degree in electrical engineering from the Shri Sant Gajanan Maharaj College of Engineering, Shegaon and a master's in business administration from the University of Poona. He has 23 years of experience in fundraising, project finance, corporate finance and strategy. He is responsible for the treasury function and is involved in the loan syndication, fund and cashflow management, fundraising and related stakeholder engagement and compliances. As he was transferred to our Company with effect from May 1, 2018, he was not paid any remuneration during Fiscal Year 2018.

Amit Mehrotra, aged 43 years, is the associate vice president- project management of our Company. He joined K. Raheja Corp. group on July 1, 2016 and was transferred to our Company with effect from April 1, 2018. He holds a bachelor's degree in architecture from Maulana Azad College of Technology, Bhopal and a post-graduate diploma in urban design from the Centre for Environmental Planning and Technology, Ahmedabad. He has also undertaken executive program in Project Management from S P Jain Institute of Management and Research, Mumbai and is an associate with the Indian Institute of Architects. He has 17 years of experience in engineering, planning and design. He is responsible for preparing project execution plan, budget estimates & schedules and coordinate designs across MEP, structure, architecture and interior design. With his team of planners & cost manager, he monitors project progress, forecast and mitigate variances. He is involved in company's initiative to adopt new technologies for cost and time effective methods of construction. As he was transferred to our Company on April 1, 2018, he was not paid any remuneration during Fiscal Year 2018.

Karuna Nasta, aged 43 years, is the associate vice president asset management and assurances of our Company. She joined K. Raheja Corp group on April 12, 1999 and was transferred to our Company on April 1, 2005. She holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from Shri Narsee Monjee College of Commerce and Economics, University of Mumbai. She is also a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. She has 19 years of experience in financial reporting, auditing and accounting, maintaining internal controls and budget management. She is responsible for asset management and assurances of our Company's operating hotels which is aimed at maximizing income, improving on profitability and ensuring statutory compliance. During the Fiscal Year 2018, she was paid a gross remuneration of ₹ 4,536,726.

**Sundeep Mujumdar**, aged 46 years, is the general manager-contracts and principal buyer for our Company. He joined our Company on September 19, 2016. He holds a diploma in engineering from the Board of Technical

Examinations, Maharashtra and a diploma in business management from the National Open School of Management Studies. He has also participated in an accelerated PMP course organized by the Project Management Institute, Pune. He has 18 years of experience in procurement, contracts and purchase. He is involved in procurement and contracting for projects as well as the operational hotels of our Company. During the Fiscal Year 2018, he was paid a gross remuneration of ₹ 3,206,841.

Pragnesh Doctoria, aged 44 years, is the general manager- engineering of our Company. He joined K Raheja Corp group on December 2, 2008 and was transferred to our Company on October 20, 2010. He holds a diploma in mechanical engineering from KJ Somaiya Polytechnic, Mumbai. He has 13 years of experience in engineering operations, renovation, refurbishment, opening of hotels and MEP design. He is responsible for engineering operations, bringing new energy efficient ideas, equipment and system along with complete implementation and followed by tracking of savings, heat light and power budgets, repair maintenance budget, CAPEX and FF&E. He also looks after upkeep of the hotels and technical due diligence of acquisition opportunities. During the Fiscal Year 2018, he was paid a gross remuneration of ₹ 5,062,099.

**Premal Zaveri**, aged 40 years, is the general manager- MD and CEO's office and joined our Company on April 16, 2018. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from University of Mumbai. He oversees business growth for the Company through inorganic development and acquisitions in new markets and aids in strategy planning for the Company. Prior to joining Chalet Hotels, Premal worked in CBRE South Asia, HVS International, Checkin Hospitality Services Private Limited etc. As he joined our Company on April 16, 2018, he was not paid any remuneration during Fiscal Year 2018.

### Status of Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel

All the Key Managerial Personnel and senior management personnel are permanent employees of our Company.

# Relationship among Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel

None of our key managerial personnel or senior management personnel is related to each other or to our Directors, in terms of the definition of 'relative' under Section 2(77) of the Companies Act 2013.

### Bonus or profit sharing plan for the Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel

Our Company has no profit sharing plan for the Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management Personnel. Our Company makes bonus payments, in accordance with their terms of appointment.

# Loans to Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel

Except as stated in "Loans to Directors" on page 183, no loans have been availed by our KMPs or SMPs from our Company as on the date of this Prospectus.

### Shareholding of Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel

None of our Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management Personnel holds Equity Shares as on the date of this Prospectus.

# Service Contracts with Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel

Our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel have not entered into any service contracts with our Company which include termination/retirement benefits. Except statutory benefits upon termination of their employment in our Company or superannuation, no officer of our Company including Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management Personnel is entitled to any benefit upon termination of such officer's employment or superannuation.

# Interest of Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel

None of our Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management Personnel has any interest in our Company except to the extent of their remuneration, benefits, reimbursement of expenses incurred by them in the ordinary course of business or loans availed from our Company. Our Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management Personnel may also be interested to the extent of employee stock options, if any, held by them.

# Contingent and deferred compensation payable to Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel

There is no contingent or deferred compensation payable to our Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management Personnel, which does not form part of their remuneration.

# Arrangements and understanding with major shareholders, customers, suppliers or others

None of our Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management Personnel has been appointed pursuant to any arrangement or understanding with our major Shareholders, customers, suppliers or any other person.

### Changes in Key Managerial Personnel during the last three years

The changes in our Key Managerial Personnel during the three years immediately preceding the date of this Prospectus are set forth below.

Name	Date	Reason
Christabelle Baptista	September 1, 2018	Designated as Compliance Officer
Dhanraj Mulki	September 1, 2018	Resigned as Compliance Officer
Dhanraj Mulki	June 12, 2018	Designated as Compliance Officer
Rajeev Newar	May 1, 2018	Appointed as Chief Financial Officer
Sanjay Sethi	February 9, 2018	Appointed as Managing Director
Sanjay Sethi	February 5, 2018	Appointed as Chief Executive Officer
Rajeev Newar	August 3, 2017	Appointed as Executive Director

### Employee stock option and stock purchase schemes

For details of the employee stock option plan of our Company, ESOP 2018, see "Capital Structure- Employee Stock Option Scheme" on page 103.

# Payment of non-salary related benefits to officers of our Company

No amount or benefit has been paid or given to any officer of our Company within the two years preceding the date of filing of this Prospectus or is intended to be paid or given, other than in the ordinary course of their employment.

### OUR PROMOTERS AND PROMOTER GROUP

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters who are also the Equity Shareholders, hold, in the aggregate, 171,095,293 Equity Shares which constitutes 100.00 % of our Company's pre-Offer paid-up Equity Share capital. For details of the build-up of our Promoters' shareholding and the current shareholding in our Company, see "Capital Structure – Build-up of Promoters Equity Share Capital" and "Capital Structure – Shareholding of our Promoters and Promoter Group" on pages 106 and 111 respectively.

# I. Details of our Promoters

### **Details of our Individual Promoter**

### Ravi C. Raheja



Ravi C. Raheja aged 47 years, is our Promoter and a Non-Executive Director of our Company.

Residential Address: 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Raheja House, Auxilium Convent Road, Pali Hill, Bandra (West), Mumbai 400 050, Maharashtra, India.

Driving license number: MH-02-19910019774

Voter identification number: ROL1524487

For the complete profile of Ravi C. Raheja along with details of his educational qualifications, professional experience, position/posts held in the past, directorships held, special achievements and business and financial activities, see "Our Management – Board of Directors" on page 178.

Neel C. Raheja



Neel C. Raheja aged 44 years, is our Promoter and a Non-Executive Director of our Company.

Residential Address: 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Raheja House, Auxilium Convent Road, Pali Hill, Bandra (West), Mumbai 400 050, Maharashtra, India.

Driving license number: MH-02-92-20788

Voter identification number: ROL1524495

For the complete profile of Neel C. Raheja along with details of his educational qualifications, professional experience, position/posts held in the past, directorships held, special achievements and business and financial activities, see "Our Management – Board of Directors" on page 178.

We confirm that the PAN, passport number and bank account numbers of our individual Promoters have been submitted to the Stock Exchanges at the time of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus with the Stock Exchanges.

# **Details of our Corporate Promoters**

# K. Raheja Corp Private Limited ("K Raheja Corp")

# Corporate Information

K Raheja Corp was incorporated on November 8, 1979 under the Companies Act 1956 as a private limited company. K Raheja Corp is primarily engaged in the business of owning and operating hotel and business of real estate and its registered office is located at Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India. Its CIN is U55100MH1979PTC021866.

There has been no change in the control or management of K Raheja Corp during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

As on the date of this Prospectus, the equity shares of K Raheja Corp are not listed on any stock exchange in India or abroad.

Entities and natural persons forming part of promoter group of K Raheja Corp and who hold equity shares of K Raheja Corp are as follows:

# Shareholding Pattern

Set forth below is the shareholding pattern of K Raheja Corp as on the date of this Prospectus.

Name of the Shareholder	Number of Shares	% of Shareholding
Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	590,400	9.76
Jyoti C. Raheja Jointly with Chandru L. Raheja	667,200	11.04
Chandru L. Raheja Jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja	744,000	12.30
Casa Maria Properties LLP	590,400	9.76
Raghukool Estate Developement LLP	590,400	9.76
Capstan Trading LLP	590,400	9.76
Anbee Constructions LLP	590,400	9.76
Cape Trading LLP	590,400	9.76
Ravi C. Raheja Jointly with Chandru L. Raheja Jointly with Jyoti	547,200	9.05
C. Raheja		
Neel C. Raheja Jointly with Chandru L. Raheja Jointly with Jyoti	547,199	9.05
C. Raheja		
Neel C. Raheja Jointly with Ramesh M. Valecha	1	0.0
Total	6,048,000	100.00

# Board of Directors

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are the directors on the board of K Raheja Corp in addition to Ramesh Mohanlal Valecha and Vinod Nandlal Rohira.

### Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of K Raheja Corp for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from audited financial statements:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

	As on		
Particulars	March 31, 2018 (Ind AS)	March 31, 2017 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	604.80	604.80	604.80
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	12,152.91	3,902.12	2,698.94
Total Income	4,973.33	3,579.73	3,111.02
Profit/(Loss) after tax	978.68	1,203.18	(269.56)
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	161.82	198.94	(44.57)
Net asset value per share (₹)	2,109.41	745.19	546.25

### K. Raheja Private Limited ("K Raheja")

### Corporate Information

K Raheja was incorporated on November 17, 1973 under the Companies Act 1956 as a private limited company. K Raheja is primarily engaged in the business of real estate and building, contracting, erecting, constructing buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial or developing co-operative housing societies, developers of housing schemes, townships, holiday resorts, hotels, motels and its registered office is located at Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East) Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India. Its CIN is U45200MH1973PTC017018.

There has been no change in the control or management of K Raheja during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

As on the date of this Prospectus, the equity shares of K Raheja are not listed on any stock exchange in India or abroad.

Entities and natural persons forming part of the promoter group of K Raheja and who hold equity shares of K Raheja, are as follows:

### Shareholding Pattern

Set forth below is the shareholding pattern of K Raheja as on the date of this Prospectus.

Name of the Shareholder	Number of Shares	% of Shareholding
Chandru L. Raheja Jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja	290,375	15.68
Jyoti C. Raheja Jointly with Chandru L. Raheja	258,280	13.94
Ravi C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly	150,475	8.13
with Jyoti C. Raheja		
Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly	150,475	8.13
with Jyoti C. Raheja		
Casa Maria Properties LLP	159,156	8.59
Raghukool Estate Developement LLP	159,156	8.59
Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	159,157	8.59
Anbee Constructions LLP	182,885	9.88
Cape Trading LLP	182,885	9.88
Capstan Trading LLP	159,156	8.59
Total	1,852,000	100.00

### **Board of Directors**

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are the directors on the board of K Raheja, in addition to Vinod N. Rohira.

# Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of K Raheja for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from audited financial statements:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

	As on		
Particulars	March 31, 2018 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2017 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	185.20	185.20	185.20
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(2,647.07)	(2,116.55)	(1,672.34)
Total Income	90.50	80.73	83.37
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(533.25)	(446.95)	(436.88)
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	(287.93)	(241.34)	(235.90)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(1,329.30)	(1,042.85)	(802.99)

# Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited ("Ivory Properties")

### Corporate Information

Ivory Properties was incorporated on February 18, 1982 under the Companies Act 1956 as a private limited company. Ivory Properties is primarily engaged in the business of real estate and building, contracting, erecting, constructing buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial or developing co-operative housing societies, developers of housing schemes, townships, holiday resorts, hotels, motels and its registered office is located at Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India. Its CIN is U70100MH1982PTC026374.

There has been no change in the control or management of Ivory Properties during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

As on the date of this Prospectus, the equity shares of Ivory Properties are not listed on any stock exchange in India or abroad.

Entities and natural persons forming part of the promoter group of Ivory Properties and who hold equity shares of Ivory Properties, are as follows:

### Shareholding Pattern

Set forth below is the shareholding pattern of Ivory Properties as on the date of this Prospectus.

Name of the Shareholder	Number of Shares	% of Shareholding
Chandru L. Raheja Jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja	1,915	8.51
Ravi C. Raheja Jointly with Mr. Chandru L. Raheja Jointly with Jyoti C.	1,350	6.00
Raheja		
Neel C. Raheja Jointly with Chandru L. Raheja Jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja	1,350	6.00
Jyoti C. Raheja Jointly with Chandru L. Raheja	2,025	9.00
Raghukool Estate Developement LLP	2,278	10.12
Casa Maria Properties LLP	2,278	10.12
Cape Trading LLP	3,375	15.00
Anbee Constructions LLP	3,375	15.00
Capstan Trading LLP	2,277	10.12
Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	2,277	10.12
Total	22,500	100.00

# Board of Directors

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are the directors on the board of Ivory Properties in addition to Ramesh Mohanlal Valecha and Sunil Hingorani.

### Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of Ivory Properties for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from audited financial statements:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

	As on		
<b>Particulars</b>	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.23	0.23	0.23
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation	(853.07)	(826.13)	(857.81)
reserves)			
Total Income	439.61	325.67	301.26
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(26.94)	31.68	(189.07)
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	(1,197.19)	1,408.01	(8,403.22)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(37,904.13)	(36,706.89)	(38,114.89)

### Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Genext")

### Corporate Information

Genext was incorporated on March 3, 2006 under the Companies Act 1956 as a private limited company. Genext is primarily engaged in the business of building hardware parks, industrial parks, parks for IT and ITES industries and act as real estate developers, contractors, erectors, constructors of buildings, houses, apartments and structures. Genext's registered office is located at Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India. Its CIN is U72100MH2006PTC160261.

There has been no change in the control or management of Genext during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

As on the date of this Prospectus, the equity shares of Genext are not listed on any stock exchange in India or abroad.

Entities and natural persons forming part of the promoter group of Genext and who hold equity shares of Genext, are as follows:

### Shareholding Pattern

Set forth below is the shareholding pattern of Genext as on the date of this Prospectus.

Name of the Shareholder	Number of Shares	% of
		Shareholding
Ravi C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja	3,702	29.47
Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja	3,702	29.47
Chandru L. Raheja Jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja*	5,156	41.05
Total	12,560	100.00

<sup>\*</sup>held by the said registered owners for and on behalf of the beneficiaries of Ivory Property Trust

# Board of Directors

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are the directors on the board of Genext.

# Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of Genext for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from audited financial statements:

		(in < million,	except otherwise statea)
As on			
<b>Particulars</b>	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
	(Ind AS)	(Ind AS)	(Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.13	0.13	0.13
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation	14,139.87	9,867.55	8,155.78
reserves)			
Total Income	5,534.16	5,113.08	2,502.71
Profit/(Loss) after tax	1,523.61	929.21	203.22
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	121,306.53	73,981.00	16,353.00
Net asset value per share (₹)	1,125,795.78	785,643.31	649,355.89

# **Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited ("Touchstone")**

# Corporate Information

Touchstone was incorporated on October 30, 1996 under the Companies Act 1956 as a private limited company. Touchstone is primarily engaged in the business of builders, contractors, erectors, constructors of buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial or developer of cooperative housing societies, developers of housing schemes, townships, holiday resorts, hotels and motels. Its

registered office is located at Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India. Its CIN is U45200MH1996PTC103640.

There has been no change in the control or management of Touchstone during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

As on the date of this Prospectus, the equity shares of Touchstone are not listed on any stock exchange in India or abroad.

Entities and natural persons forming part of the promoter group of Touchstone and who hold equity shares of Touchstone, are as follows:

### Shareholding Pattern

Set forth below is the shareholding pattern of Touchstone as on the date of this Prospectus.

Name of the Shareholder	Number of Shares	% of Shareholding
Chandru L. Raheja Jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja	54,870	13.96
Jyoti C. Raheja Jointly with Chandru L. Raheja	47,310	12.04
Ravi C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja	35,370	9.00
Neel C. Raheja jointly with Chandru L. Raheja jointly with Jyoti C. Raheja	35,370	9.00
Casa Maria Properties LLP	37,335	9.50
Raghukool Estate Developement LLP	37,335	9.50
Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	37,335	9.50
Anbee Constructions LLP	35,370	9.00
Cape Trading LLP	35,370	9.00
Capstan Trading LLP	37,335	9.50
Total	393,000	100.00

### **Board of Directors**

As on the date of this Prospectus, Ramesh Mohanlal Valecha and Sunil Hingorani are the directors on the board of Touchstone.

# Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of Touchstone for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from audited financial statements:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

		1 /	····/
	As on		
<b>Particulars</b>	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	39.30	39.30	39.30
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation			
reserves)	7.64	7.95	8.17
Total Income	0.08	0.16	0.19
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(0.31)	(0.22)	(0.21)
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	(0.78)	(0.57)	(0.54)
Net asset value per share (₹)	119.44	120.23	120.79

# Cape Trading LLP ("Cape Trading")

# Corporate Information

Cape Trading was incorporated on March 17, 2016 under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 ("**LLP Act**") subsequent to its conversion from a private limited company. Prior to its conversion, Cape Trading was registered as Cape Trading Private Limited. Cape Trading is primarily engaged in the business of builders, developers, contractors, erectors, constructors of buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, to purchase for development, investment or for resale lands, buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, to make advances upon the security of lands, houses, to purchase, sell, lease, hire, exchange or otherwise deal in land and house property, to carry on business as developers of land, buildings, immovable properties, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, business centers, retail trading and all types of real estate including by

constructing, reconstructing, developing, renovating, refurbishing, owning, maintaining, including through continuing / making investments in shares and other securities in any other form of any other entity(s) (company, LLP, trust, body corporate, etc.) engaged, directly or indirectly (as investors), in any of the aforesaid businesses as set out in this object and/or carry on such other or additional trade, profession or business as decided by the Partners from time to time. Its registered office is located at Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India. Its LLPIN is AAF-9676.

### Partners of Cape Trading

The partners of Cape Trading are Chandru L. Raheja, Jyoti C. Raheja, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja.

### Designated Partners

As on the date of this Prospectus, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are the Designated Partners of Cape Trading.

There has been no change in the control or management of Cape Trading during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

### Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of Cape Trading for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from statement of accounts:

(in ₹ million)

		As on	
Particulars	March 31, 2018 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2017 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Contribution Received / Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation	691.07	660.65	404.03
reserves)			
Total Income	40.28	355.42	4.70
Profit/(Loss) after tax	30.42	256.63	4.57
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	NA	NA	NA
Net asset value per share (₹)	NA	NA	NA

# Capstan Trading LLP ("Capstan Trading")

# Corporate Information

Capstan Trading was incorporated on March 17, 2016 under the LLP Act subsequent to its conversion from a private limited company. Prior to its conversion, Capstan Trading was registered as Capstan Trading Private Limited. Capstan Trading is primarily engaged in the business of builders, developers, contractors, erectors, constructors of buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, to purchase for development, investment or for resale of lands, buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, to make advances upon the security of lands, houses, to purchase, sell, lease, hire, exchange or otherwise deal in land and house property, to carry on business as developers of land, buildings, immovable properties, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, business centers, retail trading and all types of real estate including by constructing, reconstructing, developing, renovating, refurbishing, owning, maintaining, including through continuing / making investments in shares and other securities in any other form of any other entity(s) (company, LLP, trust, body corporate, etc.) engaged, directly or indirectly (as investors), in any of the aforesaid businesses as set out in this object and/or carry on such other or additional trade, profession or business as decided by the Partners from time to time. Its registered office is located at Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India. Its LLPIN is AAF-9693.

### Partners of Capstan Trading

The partners of Capstan Trading are Chandru L. Raheja, Jyoti C. Raheja, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja.

### Designated Partners

As on the date of this Prospectus, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are the Designated Partners of Capstan Trading.

There has been no change in the control or management of Capstan Trading during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

# Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of Capstan Trading for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from statement of accounts:

(in ₹ million)

Particulars	As on March 31, 2018 March 31, 2017 March 31, 2016		
Tur tections	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)
Contribution Received / Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation	512.54	1,381.76	498.82
reserves)			
Total Income	40.41	926.38	6.10
Profit/(Loss) after tax	30.44	882.94	5.97
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	NA	NA	NA
Net asset value per share (₹)	NA	NA	NA

# Casa Maria Properties LLP ("Casa Maria")

### Corporate Information

Casa Maria was incorporated on March 17, 2016 under the LLP Act subsequent to its conversion from a private limited company. Prior to its conversion, Casa Maria was registered as Casa Maria Properties Private Limited. Casa Maria is primarily engaged in the business of builders, developers, contractors, erectors, constructors of buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, to purchase for development, investment or for resale lands, buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, to make advances upon the security of lands, houses, to purchase, sell, lease, hire, exchange or otherwise deal in land and house property, to carry on business as developers of land, buildings, immovable properties, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, business centers, retail trading and all types of real estate including by constructing, reconstructing, developing, renovating, refurbishing, owning, maintaining, including through continuing / making investments in shares and other securities in any other form of any other entity(s) (company, LLP, trust, body corporate, etc.) engaged, directly or indirectly (as investors), in any of the aforesaid businesses as set out in this object and/or carry on such other or additional trade, profession or business as decided by the Partners from time to time. Its registered office is located at Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India. Its LLPIN is AAF-9701.

# Partners of Casa Maria

The partners of Casa Maria are Chandru L. Raheja, Jyoti C. Raheja, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja.

# Designated Partners

As on the date of this Prospectus, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are the Designated Partners of Casa Maria.

There has been no change in the control or management of Casa Maria during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

### Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of Casa Maria for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from statement of accounts:

(in ₹ million)

			(in \ miiion)
		As on	
Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)
Contribution Received / Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10

	As on									
Particulars	March 31, 2018 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2017 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2016 (Indian GAAP)							
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation										
reserves)	498.79	1,371.45	496.27							
Total Income	40.24	919.62	5.93							
Profit/(Loss) after tax	26.58	875.19	5.64							
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	NA	NA	NA							
Net asset value per share (₹)	NA	NA	NA							

## **Anbee Constructions LLP ("Anbee Constructions")**

### Corporate Information

Anbee Constructions was incorporated on March 17, 2016 under the LLP Act subsequent to its conversion from a private limited company. Prior to its conversion, Anbee Constructions was registered as Anbee Constructions Private Limited. Anbee Constructions is primarily engaged in the business of builders, developers, contractors, erectors, constructors of buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, to purchase for development, investment or for resale lands, buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, to make advances upon the security of lands, houses, to purchase, sell, lease, hire, exchange or otherwise deal in land and house property, to carry on business as developers of land, buildings, immovable properties, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, business centers, retail trading and all types of real estate including by constructing, reconstructing, developing, renovating, refurbishing, owning, maintaining, including through continuing / making investments in shares and other securities in any other form of any other entity(s) (company, LLP, trust, body corporate, etc.) engaged, directly or indirectly (as investors), in any of the aforesaid businesses as set out in this object and/or carry on such other or additional trade, profession or business as decided by the Partners from time to time. Its registered office is located at Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India. Its LLPIN is AAF-9712.

### Partners of Anbee Constructions

The partners of Anbee Constructions are Chandru L. Raheja, Jyoti C. Raheja, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja.

## Designated Partners

As on the date of this Prospectus, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are the Designated Partners of Anbee Constructions.

There has been no change in the control or management of Anbee Constructions during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

### Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of Anbee Constructions for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from statement of accounts:

(in ₹ million)

	As on								
Particulars	March 31, 2018 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2017 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2016 (Indian GAAP)						
Contribution Received / Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10						
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	704.84	675.19	418.57						
Total Income	40.29	355.42	4.89						
Profit/(Loss) after tax	29.65	256.62	4.76						
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	NA	NA	NA						
Net asset value per share (₹)	NA	NA	NA						

## Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP ("Palm Shelter")

### Corporate Information

Palm Shelter was incorporated on March 17, 2016 under the LLP Act subsequent to its conversion from a private limited company. Prior to its conversion, Palm Shelter was registered as Palm Shelter Estate Development Private Limited. Palm Shelter is primarily engaged in the business of builders, developers, contractors, erectors, constructors of buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, to purchase for development, investment or for resale lands, buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, to make advances upon the security of lands, houses, to purchase, sell, lease, hire, exchange or otherwise deal in land and house property, to carry on business as developers of land, buildings, immovable properties, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, business centers, retail trading and all types of real estate including by constructing, reconstructing, developing, renovating, refurbishing, owning, maintaining, including through continuing / making investments in shares and other securities in any other form of any other entity(s) (company, LLP, trust, body corporate, etc.) engaged, directly or indirectly (as investors), in any of the aforesaid businesses as set out in this object and/or carry on such other or additional trade, profession or business as decided by the Partners from time to time. Its registered office is located at Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India. Its LLPIN is AAF-9705.

### Partners of Palm Shelter

The partners of Palm Shelter are Chandru L. Raheja, Jyoti C. Raheja, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja.

## Designated Partners

As on the date of this Prospectus, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are the Designated Partners of Palm Shelter.

There has been no change in the control or management of Palm Shelter during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

# Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of Palm Shelter for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from statement of accounts:

(in ₹ million)

	As on								
Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016						
	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)						
Contribution Received / Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10						
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation	620.35	627.17	540.58						
reserves)									
Total Income	45.34	123.69	8.86						
Profit/(Loss) after tax	34.97	86.59	8.73						
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	NA	NA	NA						
Net asset value per share (₹)	NA	NA	NA						

## Raghukool Estate Developement LLP ("Raghukool Estate")

### Corporate Information

Raghukool Estate was incorporated on March 18, 2016 under the LLP Act subsequent to its conversion from a private limited company. Prior to its conversion Raghukool Estate was registered as Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited. Raghukool Estate is primarily engaged in the business of builders, developers, contractors, erectors, constructors of buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, to purchase for development, investment or for resale lands, buildings, houses, apartments, malls, hotels, resorts, to make advances upon the security of lands, houses, to purchase, sell, lease, hire, exchange or otherwise deal in land and house property, to carry on business as developers of land, buildings, immovable properties, malls, hotels, resorts, IT parks, SEZs, business centers, retail trading and all types of real estate including by constructing, reconstructing, developing, renovating, refurbishing, owning, maintaining, including through continuing / making investments in shares and other securities in any other form of any other entity(s) (company, LLP, trust, body corporate, etc.) engaged, directly or indirectly (as investors), in any of the aforesaid businesses as set out in this

object and/or carry on such other or additional trade, profession or business as decided by the Partners from time to time. Its registered office is located at Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India. Its LLPIN is AAF-9753.

### Partners of Raghukool Estate

The partners of Raghukool Estate are Chandru L. Raheja, Jyoti C. Raheja, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja.

### Designated Partners

As on the date of this Prospectus, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are the Designated Partners of Raghukool Estate.

There has been no change in the control or management of Raghukool Estate during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

### Financial Information

Set forth below are the financial results of Raghukool Estate for Fiscals 2018, 2017 and 2016, derived from statement of accounts:

(in ₹ million)

	As on								
Particulars	March 31, 2018 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2017 (Indian GAAP)	March 31, 2016 (Indian GAAP)						
Contribution Received / Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10						
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	428.03	1,291.49	407.13						
Total Income	46.59	930.19	6.20						
Profit/(Loss) after tax	34.72	884.35	6.06						
Earnings per share (₹) (Basic /Diluted)	NA	NA	NA						
Net asset value per share (₹)	NA	NA	NA						

### **Ivory Property Trust ("Ivory Trust")**

## Trust Information

Ivory Trust was formed pursuant to a trust deed dated July 8, 2004, and as amended on June 15, 2018 (the "**Trust Deed**"). The principal place of business of Ivory Trust is located at Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India.

Chandru L. Raheja is the settlor of the Ivory Trust.

### **Board of Trustees**

The Trustee of Ivory Trust as on the date of this Prospectus are Chandru L. Raheja, Jyoti C. Raheja, Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and Ivory Properties.

# Beneficiaries of Ivory Trust

The beneficiaries of Ivory Trust include Chandru L. Raheja, Jyoti C. Raheja, Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja, upon death of Ravi C. Raheja his wife and if his wife has pre-deceased him, then his children, upon death of Neel C. Raheja his wife and if his wife has pre-deceased him, then his children.

# Objects and Function

The overall objective of Ivory Trust is to provide for income and capital to beneficiaries. Under the terms of the Trust Deed, the trustees of Ivory Trust have rights and obligations to manage the trust property, including, amongst others, to sell, lease and transfer the trust property; to issue debentures, promissory notes or any other negotiable instrument' open bank accounts in the name of the trust; appoint employees for management of trust property etc.

We confirm that the PAN, bank account numbers, and company registration numbers/LLP registration numbers

of all our Corporate Promoters, and the address of the registrar of companies where our Corporate Promoters are registered have been submitted to the Stock Exchanges at the time of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus with the Stock Exchanges.

### **Interests of our Promoters and Related Party Transactions**

Our Promoters are interested in our Company to the extent of their respective shareholding in our Company and dividend or other distributions payable, if any, by our Company in relation thereto. For further details of our Promoters' shareholding, see "Capital Structure – Notes to Capital Structure" on page 97.

Additionally, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are also interested in our Company as Non-Executive Directors on our Board. "For details, see "Our Management – Compensation paid to our Non-Executive and Independent Directors" on page 191.

Except as mentioned in this section and sections titled "Our Business", "History and Certain Corporate Matters", "Our Management" and "Related Party Transactions" on pages 153, 179, 187 and 256, respectively, our Promoters do not have any other interest in our Company.

Except in the normal course of business and as stated in the "*Related Party Transactions*" on page 256, our Company has not entered into any contract, agreements or arrangements in which our Promoters are directly or indirectly interested, and no payments have been made to our Promoters in respect of the contracts, agreements or arrangements which are proposed to be made with it.

Except as set forth below, our Promoters do not have any interest in any property acquired by our Company during the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and till the date of this Prospectus or proposed to be acquired by our Company as on the date of this Prospectus or in any transaction in the acquisition of land, construction of building or supply of machinery:

Our Company has acquired through a demerger, approximately 8.62 acres of land from Genext in Bengaluru for our Whitefield project. For details, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding acquisition of business/ undertakings, mergers, amalgamation, revaluation of assets, etc." on page 182. Our Company has also entered into a 'memorandum of understanding' that grants our Company an option to acquire leasehold rights for 0.98 acres of land and / or building from Mindspace for our proposed hotel and related services in Airoli. Our Promoters, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are shareholders and directors of Genext and shareholders of Mindspace.

Except as set forth below, our Promoters are not interested in any entity which holds any intellectual property rights that are used by our Company.

Trademarks used by our Company	Name of the Entity	Nature of the Contract and date
'Inorbit'	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Name and Trademark License Agreement dated August 24, 2014 and as amended on June 11,
	Promoters of our Company are directors and shareholders of Inorbit	2018.
'The Orb'	Malls (India) Private Limited	Name and Trademark License Agreement dated June 11, 2018.

Our Promoters are not interested as members of any firm or any company and no sum has been paid or agreed to be paid to our Promoters or to such firm or company in cash or shares or otherwise by any person for services rendered by our Promoters or by such firm or company in connection with the promotion or formation of our Company.

Except as mentioned in this chapter and chapters titled "Our Business", "History and Certain Corporate Matters", "Our Management" and "Related Party Transactions" on pages 153, 179, 187 and 256 respectively, our Promoters do not have any other interest in our Company.

## Payment of benefits and guarantees

Other than the remuneration paid to Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja in their capacity as Non-Executive Directors of our Company, and any dividends paid on the Equity Shares held by the Promoters, no benefits or

amounts have been paid to our Promoters and members of our Promoter Group during the two years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus up till the date of this Prospectus or is intended to be paid as on the date of this Prospectus. For further details, see "Our Management – Interest of Directors".

### **Confirmations**

As on the date of this Prospectus, none of our sundry debtors are related to our Promoters.

Further, our Promoters are not related to any beneficiary of loans and advances provided by our Company other than those mentioned below.

Our Promoters, their relatives and other members of our Promoter Group have not been declared as wilful defaulters as defined under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, and there are no violations of securities laws committed by our Promoters in the past and no proceedings for violation of securities laws are pending against our Promoters as on the date of this Prospectus.

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters and members of our Promoter Group or any person in control of our Company, have not been debarred or prohibited by SEBI or any other regulatory or governmental authority from accessing capital markets for any reason. Further, our Promoters were not and are not a promoter, director or persons in control of any other company that is or has been debarred or restricted from accessing capital markets under any order or direction made by SEBI or any other authority.

There has been no change in control of our Company in the five years preceding the date of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and up till the date of filing of this Prospectus.

Except as set forth below, none of our Promoters have an outstanding unsecured loan taken from our Company, which may be recalled by the Company at any time.

Promoter	Outstanding unsecured loan taken from Company (₹)
K. Raheja Private Limited	₹ 1,310.62 million

Except as set forth below, our Company does not have an outstanding unsecured loan taken from any of our Promoters, which may be recalled by them at any time.

Promoter	Outstanding unsecured loan taken from Promoters
	by Company (₹)
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	₹ 18.14 million

### **Common Pursuits of our Promoters**

We are primarily in the hospitality and related ancillary developments business. There are no common pursuits amongst our Promoters and us in relation to the same.

There are certain of our Promoters which are engaged in the development of real estate as set out below:

- 1. K Raheja Corp
- 2. K Raheja
- 3. Genext
- 4. Ivory Property Trust
- 5. Ivory Properties

## Disassociation by our Promoters in the preceding three years

Except as disclosed below, our Promoters have not disassociated themselves from any company during the last three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus or until the date of filing of this Prospectus:

S. No.	Name of the disassociated entity	Reasons for and terms of disassociation	Date of disassociation
1.	Hypercity Retail (India) Limited	Our Promoters Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP, Anbee Construction LLP, Cape Trading LLP, Capstan Trading LLP, Casa Maria Properties LLP, Raghukool Estate Developement LLP, Ravi Chandru Raheja, Neel Chandru Raheja and Genext Hardware & Parks Pvt. Ltd have sold shares to Future Retail Limited	November 30, 2017

### **GROUP COMPANIES**

In terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, for the purposes of identification of group companies for disclosure in connection with the Offer, our Company has considered companies which are included in the list of related parties in our Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information ("Relevant Period") in accordance with applicable accounting standards, i.e., Indian Accounting Standard 24 notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rule, 2015 ("Ind AS 24") and such other companies considered material by our Board. Our Subsidiary and some of our Promoters are also appearing in the list of related parties in our Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information in accordance with Ind AS 24. For further details of these promoter companies and our Subsidiary, please see "Promoters and Promoter Group- Details of Our Corporate Promoters" and "History and Certain Corporate Matters- Subsidiaries of our Company" on pages 208 and 179 respectively.

Pursuant to the materiality policy adopted by our Board of directors ("Materiality Policy"), for the purpose of disclosure in this Prospectus, a company shall be considered as a material 'Group Company' by our Board, if such company is: (a) a member of the 'Promoter Group' (as defined under the SEBI ICDR Regulations); (b) has not been disclosed as related parties in accordance with the applicable accounting standards; and (c) has entered into one or more transactions with our Company during the six month ended September 30, 2018 and the last completed financial year (i.e., Fiscal 2018), which cumulatively in value exceeds 10 % of the total standalone revenue of our Company, as per the last restated standalone summary financial information of our Company included in this Prospectus.

On the basis of the Materiality Policy, other than the companies already covered under Ind AS 24 in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information, no company was considered to be material by our Board for the purposes of disclosure in this Prospectus. Accordingly, we have set out below the details of our Group Companies which have also been disclosed in this Prospectus in "Summary Financial Information" beginning on page 259.

It is clarified that the companies which (a) subsequent to the Relevant Period have ceased to be related parties of our Company in terms of the Indian Accounting Standard 24, and (b) are consolidated under Indian Accounting Standard 27, shall not be considered as 'Group Companies' for the purposes of disclosure in this Prospectus. It is further clarified that in addition to the entities covered above, if companies which, subsequent to the Relevant Period, become related parties in accordance with the applicable accounting standard shall be considered as 'Group Companies' for the purposes of disclosure in this Prospectus.

Accordingly, in terms of the policy adopted by our Board for determining group companies, we have set out herein the details of our Group Companies. Our Board has also approved that, as on the date of the aforesaid resolution, there are no other group companies of our Company other than the companies disclosed herein:

The following are our Group Companies:

- 1. Aqualine Real Estate Private Limited ("Aqualine")
- 2. Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited ("**Brookfields**")
- 3. Carin Properties Private Limited ("Carin Properties")
- 4. Cavalcade Properties Private Limited ("Cavalcade")
- 5. Challenge Properties Private Limited ("Challenge")
- 6. Convex Properties Private Limited ("Convex Properties")
- 7. Feat Properties Private Limited ("**Feat**")
- 8. Flabbergast Properties Private Limited ("**Flabbergast**")
- 9. Grange Hotels & Properties Private Limited ("Grange")
- 10. Immense Properties Private Limited ("Immense")
- 11. Imperial Serviced Offices and Property Management Private Limited ("Imperial")

- 12. Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited ("Inorbit")
- 13. Intime Properties Limited ("**Intime**")
- 14. K. Raheja Corp Advisory Services (Cyprus) Private Limited ("K Raheja Cyprus")
- 15. K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited ("K Raheja Corporate")
- 16. K. Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited ("K Raheja IT Park")
- 17. Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited ("Mindspace")
- 18. Nakshtra Logistics Private Limited ("Nakshtra")
- 19. Newfound Properties and Leasing Private Limited ("Newfound")
- 20. Nirankar Properties Private Limited ("Nirankar")
- 21. Novel Properties Private Limited ("Novel")
- 22. Pact Real Estate Private Limited ("Pact")
- 23. Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private Limited ("Paradigm")
- 24. Pramaan Properties Private Limited ("**Pramaan**")
- 25. Sundew Properties Limited ("Sundew Properties")
- 26. Sundew Real Estate Private Limited ("Sundew")
- 27. Sustain Properties Private Limited ("Sustain")
- 28. Sycamore Properties Private Limited ("**Sycamore**")
- 29. The Residency Hotels Private Limited ("The Residency")
- 30. Trion Properties Private Limited ("**Trion**")

# **Interest of our Promoters in Group Companies**

Our Promoters are interested in our Group Companies to the extent of their respective shareholdings in our Group Companies, as applicable, and dividend or other distributions payable, if any, by such Group Companies.

## Financial Information of Top Five Group Companies (based on turnover of Fiscal 2018)

None of our Group Companies are listed on any stock exchange. The five largest Group Companies based on turnover are-

- i. Inorbit;
- ii. Mindspace;
- iii. Sundew Properties;
- iv. K. Raheja Corporate; and
- v. K Raheja IT Park.

### 1. Mindspace

## Corporate Information

Mindspace is a private limited company and was originally incorporated as Serene Properties Private Limited on December 23, 2003 under the Companies Act, 1956. Mindspace is involved in the business of builders, real estate developers, contractors, erectors, constructing of buildings, houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, developers of housing schemes, hotels, shopping mall.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 63.24 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Mindspace.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Mindspace for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Mindspace	Fiscal Year 2018 (Ind AS)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.82	240.68	240.56
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	766.50	4,257.39	236.94
Revenue from operations and other income	5,802.26	4,110.35	3,721.31
Profit/Loss after tax	239.85	500.57	(134.15)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	3,315.69	8,829.81	(2,393.01)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	3,315.69	8,829.81	(2,393.01)
Net asset value per share (₹)	9,413.39	65,871.00	8,517.81

Except as mentioned below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018
NIL	Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –	Emphasis of Matter

As more fully explained in note no. 3 .39 to the standalone financial statements, the company has invested ₹711,800,000 by way of investment in equity shares advanced in its four wholly owned subsidiaries, which have cumulative accumulated losses of ₹54,319,751 as at 31 March 2017. The management of the company is in the process of commencing the process to merge these four subsidiaries with the company and hence no adjustment has been made towards the investment in equity shares. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Above referred note no. 3.39 Investment in Subsidiaries

In the previous year, pursuant to the in-principle decision of the Board of the Directors of the company for merger of Newfound Properties And Leasing Private Limited (Newfound) and Gigaplex Estate Private Limited (Gigaplex) and demerger of Commerzone Division of K. Raheja Corp Private Limited (Commerzone Division) and demerger of Pune Undertaking of Trion Properties Private Limited (Pune Undertaking) into the company, the company had filed an application before the Competition Commission of India (CCI), seeking its approval. Subsequent to the

We draw attention to Note 34 to the Standalone Ind AS financial Statements in respect of the Scheme of Arrangement of demerger of "TPPL Undertaking" of Trion Properties Private Limited and "KRCPL Commerzone undertaking" of K. Raheja Corp Private Limited into the company under Section 230, 232 and 52 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Scheme"), sanctioned by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) vide its order dated September 07, 2017 (effective date November 1, 2017). The company has given effect to the Scheme from the appointed date specified in the Scheme i.e. 1 April 2016 (acquisition date). The company has followed the accounting treatment for this arrangement as specified in the scheme at book values based on the NCLT order from the appointed date. Pursuant to the Scheme as approved by the Court, the company has debited the Reserves by Rs. 1.32 Lakhs in accordance with the Scheme. The accounting treatment at book values and the date from which the arrangement is accounted (appointed date) is different from that prescribed under Ind AS 103 - "Business Combinations".

Note No. 34 referred above - Business Combination

Fiscal Fiscal 2017 Fiscal 2018 2016

receipt of CCI approval, the in-principle decision of merger of Newfound and Gigaplex was dropped and the company proposed to proceed with the said demergers. During the year ended 31 March 2016, the company had acquired the entire shareholdings of Dices Realcon Private Limited, Educator Protech Private Limited, Happy Eastcon Private Limited and Sampada Eastpro Private Limited (collectively referred to as 'the Subsidiaries'), who had entered into agreements to acquire certain premises in the project of the said Commerzone Division. Given the decision by the company to proceed with the demerger of the Commerzone Division and with the view to achieve consolidation of the said premises with the Commerzone Division, the Subsidiaries cancelled the said agreements and the said premises vested beck in the Commerzone Division. The aforesaid developments had taken place around the end of the financial year 2015-2016 and the management of the company was evaluating various options relating to the Subsidiaries, including any possible merger of the Subsidiaries into the company.

The company had also advanced certain loans to the Subsidiaries in the earlier years, and the principal and the interest thereon was recovered during the current financial year. The company has further invested Rs.54,300,000 in equity shares of the subsidiaries during the year. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Board of Directors of the company have resolved to consider a merger of the Subsidiaries with the Companies under the pooling of interests method specified in Accounting Standard (AS) Alternatively, the company continues to explore possibilities of commencing other projects in these subsidiaries, the plans of which are in a preliminary stage as of date. Given the future plans of the company to merge the Subsidiaries with the company or alternatively commence new projects in the Subsidiaries, the management believes that there is no impairment in respect of the investments made by the company in its Subsidiaries.

The company ('transferee company') and Trion Properties private Limited (TPPL) and K. Raheja Corp Private Limited (KRCPL) (together known as transferor companies) had filed Scheme of Arrangement of demerger of "TPPL undertaking" and "KRCPL Commerzone undertaking" under Section 230, 232 and 52 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Scheme') with the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) during the year ended 31 March, 2017.

Pursuant to the Scheme, the TPPL undertaking and the KRCPL Commerzone undertaking of transferor companies were transferred along with assets and liabilities to the company, with effect from the appointed date i.e. 1 April 2016.

The Scheme was sanctioned by NCLT, Mumbai vide its order dated September 7, 2017 (effective date November 1, 2017). The total consideration of Rs. 970.26 Lakhs and Rs. 1.06 Lakhs is payable by the company for TPPL undertaking and KRCPL Commerzone undertaking to the respective transferor companies which is settled by the company through issue of equity shares during the year ended 31 March, 2018. The Scheme has become operative from 31 October upon filing of certified copy of order of NCLT, Mumbai with Registrar of Companies with an appointed date of 1 April 2016.

The excess of amount of total consideration payable by the company over carrying value of net assets of TPPL undertaking and KRCPL Commerzone undertaking of the transferor companies on the appointed date aggregating to Rs. 1.32 Lakhs has been debited to the Reserves (under Retained Earnings).

The company has accounted for this scheme of arrangement in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme as approved by NCLT, Mumbai whereby the assets and liabilities of the TPPL undertaking and KRCPL Commerzone undertaking of the transferor companies have been recognized at their respective carrying values in the balance sheet of the company as on 1 April 2016.

As a result of the scheme of arrangement, the financial statements of the company as at 1 April 2016, for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2018 incorporate and merge the book values of assets and liabilities and the profits and losses of TPPL undertaking and KRCPL Commerzone undertaking of transferor companies as given in table below. The accounting treatment of the net assets at book values instead of fair values and the acquisition date considered as the appointed date (i.e. 1 April 2016), instead of the effective date (i.e. November 1, 2017), based on the order of the NCLT, is not in accordance with Ind AS 103 – Business Combinations.

## 2. Inorbit

Corporate Information

Inorbit is a private limited company and was originally incorporated as K. Raheja Malls Limited on January 1, 1999 under the Companies Act, 1956. Inorbit is involved in the business of owning, constructing, taking on lease or in any other manner, any land or building and to conceptualise, plan, design, construct and market a mall (shopping centre) for the purpose of operating, franchising and licensing of retail space.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 99.86 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Inorbit.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Inorbit for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Inorbit Malls	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	875.60	875.60	875.60
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	1,132.90	350.81	307.79
Revenue from operations and other income	5,879.79	3,549.28	3,046.04
Profit/Loss after tax	404.55	43.03	(62.53)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	46.20	4.91	(7.14)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	46.20	4.91	(7.14)
Net asset value per share (₹)	229.39	140.07	135.15

Except as disclosed below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

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NIL Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report -

Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report -

We draw attention to note 3.34 to the standalone financial statement regarding the material uncertainties related to the outcome of the lawsuits filed against the company for the lands situated at the Project mall at Malad, Project mall at Vashi, Project residential at Goa and Project residential at Pune. Based on the advice of legal counsel, management believes it has a strong defence and litigation should have no adverse impact on the standalone financial statement. The ultimate outcome of these matters cannot presently be determined and, accordingly, no provision for any effects on the company that may result has been made in the standalone financial statement.

Above referred note no. 3.34

## (a) Project Mall at Malad

The company has vide registered Agreement executed by and between the Administrator of the estate of late E.F.Dinshaw and Ivory (Vendors) and the company, purchased the Malad Mall constructed up to the plinth level on a demarcated portion of land and has completed construction of the building from plinth onwards on its own account and at its cost after having paid the full consideration to the Vendors as mentioned in the said Agreement. The Conveyance for the property is yet to be executed in the name of the company.

We draw attention to note 3.34 to the standalone financial statements regarding the material uncertainties related to the outcome of the lawsuits filed against the company for the lands situated at the Project mall at Malad, Project mall at Vashi, Project residential at Goa and Project residential at Pune. Based on advice of its legal counsel, management believes it has a strong defense and the litigation should have no adverse impact on the standalone financial statements. The ultimate outcome of these matters cannot presently be determined and, accordingly, no provision for any effects on the company that may result has been made in the standalone financial statements.

Above referred note no. 3.34

## (a) Project Mall at Malad

The company has vide registered Agreement executed by and between the Administrator of the estate of late E.F. Dinshaw and Ivory (Vendors) and the company, purchased the Malad Mall constructed up to the plinth level on a demarcated portion of land and has completed construction of the building from plinth onwards on its own account and at its cost after having paid the full consideration to the Vendors as mentioned in the said Agreement. The Conveyance for the property is yet to be executed in favour of the company.

i) A Suit has been filed in the High Court of Bombay by Nusli Neville Wadia (Plaintiff), Administrator of the estate of late E.F.Dinshaw, owner of the plot of land on which the company's Malad Mall is situated. This suit is filed against Ivory Properties and Hotels Pvt. Ltd. (Ivory) & Others including the company as one of the Defendants, Based on the allegations and contentions by the Plaintiff in the said suit, the main reliefs claimed by the Plaintiff against the company are for demolition and removal of the Malad Mall. Plaintiff has also claimed ad-interim and interim reliefs for (i) appointment of a Court Receiver in respect of the Malad Mall, (ii) restraining company from alienating, encumbering or parting with possession of the Malad Mall, (iii) restraining company from dealing in any manner (including renewals of lease / leave & license, etc.) or creating any leases / licenses in respect of the Malad Mall and (iv) restraining it from receiving or recovering any real / license fee / compensation in respect of such leases / licenses, depositing all the rents in the Court, etc. The company has filed its reply in the pending proceedings denying the allegations and contending, inter alia, that the Plaintiff is estopped from raising any dispute with regard to the Malad Mall ad admittedly, the Plaintiff was aware of the transaction between the company and Ivory in respect of the Malad Mall and stating that the suit is barred by limitation. The Court has not granted any relief to the Plaintiff in the pending proceedings. Pursuant to the Plaintiff's application for expedited hearing of the case, the Hon'ble High Court Bombay, vide an Order dated 19/9/2013 framed the issue of limitation under Section

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ii) Pursuant to the Plaintiff's SLP in the Supreme Court, challenging the Orders of the Hon'ble High Court dated 19/09/2013 and 20/09/2013, the Hon'ble Supreme Court, vide its Order dated 08/10/2013 stayed the operation of the aforesaid Orders and further proceedings in the High Court Suit No. 414 of 2008. Subsequently, the Supreme Court has by its Order dated 25/08/2015, referred the said SLP to a three-Judge Bench, to be posted along with SLP © No. 22438 of 2015. The said SLP is pending the hearing in the Supreme Court. In the management's view, considering the matter and facts, no provision for any loss, impairment, liability etc. is presently required to be made.

9(a) of Code of Civil Procedure to be tried as to

jurisdiction for the maintainability of the suit and

directed the Plaintiff to file an affidavit dated

20/09/2013 stated that the issue of limitation is an issue

of jurisdiction and can be tried by the Hon'ble High

Court under Section 9A of Code of Civil Procedure.

### (b) Project Residential at Goa

Two civil suits have been filed in respect of land purchased by the company at Goa vide Special Civil Suit No. 14/2008/A and Special Suit No. 20/2008/A, wherein the Plaintiffs have sought the sale deed in favour of the company (Defendant) be declared null and void and injunction be granted against all Defendants from creating third party rights etc. Both the matters are currently pending before the Civil Judge Senior

i) A Suit has been filed in the High Court of Bombay by Nusli Neville Wadia (Plaintiff), Administrator of the estate of late E.F. Dinshaw owner of the plot of land on which the company's Malad Mall is situated. This suit is filed against Ivory Properties and Hotels Pvt. Ltd. (Ivory) & Others including the company as one of the Defendants, Based on the allegations and contentions by the Plaintiff in the said suit, the main reliefs claimed by the Plaintiff against the company are for demolition and removal of the Malad Mall. Plaintiff has also claimed ad-interim and interim reliefs for appointment of a Court Receiver in respect of the Malad Mall, (ii) restraining company from alienating, encumbering or parting with possession of the Malad Mall, (iii) restraining company from dealing in any manner (including renewals of lease / leave & license, etc.) or creating any leases / licenses in respect of the Malad Mall and (iv) restraining it from receiving or recovering any rent / license fee / compensation in respect of such leases / licenses, depositing all the rents in the Court, etc. The company has filed its reply in the pending proceedings denying the allegations and contending, inter alia, that the Plaintiff is estopped from raising any dispute with regard to the Malad Mall as admittedly the Plaintiff was aware of the transaction in respect of the Malad Mall having received his share of the consideration; and that the suit is barred by limitation. The Court has not granted any relief to the Plaintiff in the pending proceedings. Pursuant to the Plaintiff's application for expedited hearing of the case, the Hon'ble High Court Bombay vide Order dated 19/09/2013 r/w Order dt 20/9/2013 framed the issue of limitation under section 9 (A) of Code of Civil Procedure to be tried as to jurisdiction for the maintainability of the suit and directed the Plaintiff to file an affidavit in lieu of examination in chief of the first witness on or before 17/10/2013.

ii) Pursuant to the Plaintiff's SLP in the Supreme Court challenging the Orders of the Hon'ble High Court dated 19/09/2013 and 20/09/2013, the Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its Order dated 08/10/2013 stayed the operation of the aforesaid Orders and further proceedings in the High Court Suit No. 414 of 2008. Subsequently the Supreme Court has by its Order dated 25/08/2015, referred the said SLP to a three-Judge Bench, to be posted along with SLP (C) No. 22438 of 2015. The said SLP is pending the hearing in the Supreme Court. In the management's view, considering the matter and the facts, no provision for any loss, impairment, liability etc. is presently required to be made.

### (b) Project Residential at Goa

Two civil suits have been filed in respect of land purchased by the company at Goa vide Special Civil Suit No. 14/2008/A and Special Suit No. 20/2008/A, wherein the Plaintiffs have sought the sale deed in favour of the company (Defendant) be declared null and void and injunction be granted against all Defendants from creating third party rights etc. Both the matters are currently pending before the Civil

Fisc Fiscal 2017 Fiscal 2018

Division at Panaji, Goa. The Hon'ble Court vide its order dated 18/07/2013 dismissed the application, seeking temporary injunction in respect of Special Civil Suit No. 14/2008/A and has not granted any interim relief to the Plaintiffs in Civil Suit No. 14/2008/A, interim application praying for amendment of plaint is being heard by the court. Both suits are pending hearing. In the management's view, considering the matter and facts, no provision for any loss, impairment, liability etc. is presently required to be made.

### (c) Project Mall at Vashi

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The company has, vide registered Agreements executed by and between K.Raheja Corp Pvt. Ltd. (Vendor) and the company, purchased constructed units together with proportionate undivided interest in the leasehold land and proportionate undivided interest in the common areas and facilities for its mall at Vashi, Navi Mumbai. The company has been informed by the Vendor that:

i)Two Public Interest Litigations (PIL) bearing No. 131 of 2003 and PIL No. 48 of 2004 had been filed against the State of Maharashtra & Ors., inter alia challenging the allotment of the land by City & Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Ltd. (CIDCO) in favour of the Vendor and by Order dated 20/21 November, 2014, the Hon'ble Bombay High Court has cancelled the allotment of the leasehold land to the Vendor. The Vendor has filed an SLP in the Supreme Court against the aforesaid Order and the Hon'ble Supreme court has by its Order dated 22/01/2015 directed that "status quo as it exists today, shall be maintained".

ii) The Vendor filed an Interim Application in the SLP in August 2015 as CIDCO refused to accept the annual lease rent of Rs. 30,622/- (for the period 16/12/2004 to 15/12/2015) payable under the Agreement to Lease dated 16/12/2003. The matter was heard on 27/11/2015 and the Supreme Court by its order of even date, disposed off the application on CIDCO making a statement that non-deposit of the lease amount shall not be put against the applicant/petitioner. Further, the Vendor has in response dated 23/04/2015 to the Show Cause Notice dated 11/11/2014 of CIDCO, applied to the State Government for regularization of the allotment of land without prejudice to its pending SC Appeal and vide its further letter dated 05/12/2016 made further submissions regarding the without prejudice proposal for regularization. The State Government has appointed a committee for the purpose and the hearing of the Committee is in progress, with the last hearing being conducted on 28/02/2017.

iii) The Vendor filed a Writ Petition being Writ Petition No. 2489 of 2013 before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court inter alia challenging the Order dated 22/01/2013 passed by CIDCO directing the Vendor to vacate the land under open space being used as Entry & Exit points inter alia to the mall.

iv) A Public Interest Litigation being PIL No. 6 of 2013 was also filed by one Mr. Sandeep Thakur before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court against Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation (NMMC) & Ors. Including the

Judge Senior Division at Panaji, Goa. The Hon'ble Court vide its order dated 18/07/2013 dismissed the application seeking temporary injunction in respect of Special Civil Suit No. 14/2008/A and has not granted any interim relief to the Plaintiffs. In Civil Suit No. 14/2008/A, interim application praying for amendment of plaint is being heard by the court. Both suits are pending hearing. In the management's view, considering the matter and the facts, no provision for any loss, impairment, liability etc. is presently required to be made.

### (c) Project Mall at Vashi

The company has vide registered Agreements executed by and between K. Raheja Corp Pvt. Ltd. (Vendor) and the company, purchased constructed units together with proportionate undivided interest in the leasehold land and proportionate undivided interest in the common areas and facilities for its mall at Vashi, Navi Mumbai.

i) Two Public Interest Litigations (PIL) bearing No. 131 of 2003 and PIL No. 48 of 2004 had been filed against the State of Maharashtra & Ors., inter alia challenging the allotment of the land by City & Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Ltd (CIDCO) in favour of the Vendor and by Order dated 20 / 21 November, 2014, the Hon'ble Bombay High Court has cancelled the allotment of the leasehold land to the Vendor. The Vendor has filed an SLP in the Supreme Court against the aforesaid Order and the Hon'ble Supreme Court has by its Order dated 22/01/2015 directed that "status quo as it exists today, shall be maintained".

ii) The Vendor filed an Interim Application in the SLP in August 2015 as CIDCO refused to accept the annual lease rent of Rs. 30,622/- (for the period 16/12/2014 to 15/12/2015) payable under the Agreement to Lease dated 16/12/2003. The matter was heard on 27/11/2015 and the Supreme Court by its order of even date, disposed-off the application, on CIDCO making a statement that non-deposit of the lease amount shall not be put against the applicant/petitioner. Further the Vendor has in response dated 23/04/2015 to the Show Cause Notice dated 11/11/2014 of CIDCO, applied to the State Government for regularization of the allotment of land without prejudice to its pending SC Appeal.

iii) The Vendor filed a Writ Petition being Writ Petition No.2489 of 2013 before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court inter alia challenging the Order dated 22/01/2013 passed by CIDCO directing the Vendor to vacate the land under open space being used as Entry & Exit points inter alia to the mall.

iv) A Public Interest Litigation being PIL No. 6 of 2013 was also filed by one Mr. Sandeep Thakur before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court against Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation (NMMC) & Ors. including the Vendor, inter alia seeking an injunction restraining the Vendor or any person claiming through the Vendor

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Vendor, inter alia seeking an injunction restraining the Vendor or any person claiming through the Vendor from using the aforesaid open space for any purpose, including for entry and exit inter alia to the mall.

v) The Writ Petition No. 2489 of 2013 and PIL No. 6 of 2013 were clubbed for hearing and Hon'ble Bombay High Court in view of CIDCO agreeing to withdraw its Order dated 22/01/2014 and give fresh hearing to the Vendor, Hon'ble High Court by its Order dated 16/04/2014 disposed of both the petitions. Accordingly, CIDCO issued notice for fresh hearing and pursuant to a hearing, by its Order dated 01/12/2014 directed the Vendor to vacate the land under open space being used as Entry & Exit points inter alia to the mall.

vi) The Vendor has filed Writ Petition being Writ Petition No.368 of 2015 before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court inter alia challenging the Order dated 01/12/2014 passed by CIDCO, wherein by an order dated 16/01/2015 (as extended by subsequent orders) the parties have been directed to maintain status quo.

vii) Writ Petition No.11632 of 2016 was filed by KRC as NMMC had erroneously demanded arrears of Property Taxes vide Final Notice dated 7th June 2016 in respect of the Shopping Mall for the period up to March, 2016. The Hon'ble High Court, Bombay, by its Order dated 24th November 2016 recorded that NMMC would consider the Petitioner's representation in the form of the High Court Writ Petition. By the said order, the Hon'ble High Court has stayed the final demand Notice dated 7th June 2016 issued by NMMC till the Petitioner's representation is decided and further ordered that NMMC will not act upon the Order that may be passed by the Municipal Commissioner and 2 weeks thereafter from the date the same is communicated to the Petitioner. However, till date, the Dy. Municipal Commissioner of NMMC has not passed any Order in the matter. Petitioner has made personal representations at NMMC. Accordingly, the stay granted by the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay continues to operate in respect of the Impugned Demand Notice dated 7th June 2016. Therefore, as on today, there is no outstanding Property Tax payable by the Shopping Mall in view of the said High Court Order dated 24<sup>th</sup> November 2016.

In the management's view as per advice, considering the matter and the facts, no provision for any loss, impairment, liability etc. is presently required to be made.

## d) Project Residential at Pune

i)Special Civil Suit No.475 of 1998 in respect of land bearing Survey No. 27/4 situated at Village Mohammadwadi, Pune in the Court of Civil Judge Senior Division, Pune has been filed by one Mr. S.A.Inamdar ("the Plaintiff") against Shri Satish Murlidhar Ghatge and others for Specific Performance, Injunction and Compensation. The suit is pending as on date and no decree has been passed in the matter.

## Brief Note:

from using the aforesaid open space for any purpose, including for entry and exit inter alia to the mall.

v) The Writ Petition No. 2489 of 2013 and PIL No. 6 of 2013 were clubbed for hearing and Hon'ble Bombay High Court in view of CIDCO agreeing to withdraw its Order dated 22/01/2014 and give fresh hearing to the Vendor, Hon'ble High Court by its Order dated 16/04/2014 disposed of both the petitions. Accordingly, CIDCO issued notice for fresh hearing and pursuant to a hearing, by its Order dated 01/12/2014 directed the Vendor to vacate the land under open space being used as Entry & Exit points inter alia to the mall.

vi) The Vendor has filed Writ Petition being Writ Petition No.368 of 2015 before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court inter alia challenging the Order dated 01/12/2014 passed by CIDCO; wherein by an Order dated 16/01/2015 (as extended by subsequent orders) the parties have been directed to maintain status quo. vii) Writ Petition No. 11632 of 2016 was filed by KRC as NMMC had erroneously demanded arrears of Property Taxes vide Final Notice dated 07th June 2016 in respect of the Shopping Mall for the period upto March 2016. The Hon'ble High Court, Bombay, by its Order dated 24th November 2016 recorded that NMMC would consider the Petitioner's representation in the form of the High Court Writ Petition. By the said order the Hon'ble High Court has stayed the final demand Notice dated 7th June 2016 issued by NMMC till the Petitioners' representation is decided and further ordered that NMMC will not act upon the Order that may be passed by the Municipal Commissioner and 2 weeks thereafter from the date the same is communicated to the Petitioner. However till date the Dy. Municipal Commissioner of NMMC has not passed any Order in the matter. Petitioner has made personal representations at NMMC. Accordingly the stay granted by the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay continues to operate in respect of the Impugned Demand Notice dated 7th June 2016. Therefore, as on today there is no outstanding Property Tax payable by the Shopping Mall in view of the said High Court Order dated 24th November 2016.

viii) Writ Petition No. 7141 of 2016 was filed by IMIPL against NMMC Notices dated 18th and 19th July, 2016 pursuant to which NMMC has sealed Hypercity Area of Lower Ground at Inorbit, Vashi on the ground that no occupancy has been granted for commercial use of the same and the usage of the same as a Departmental Store is contrary to the permitted usage of basement under GDCR. By Order dated 1/07/2016, Writ Petition is admitted, interim relief has been granted and seal has been removed.

In the management's view, considering the matter and the facts, no provision for any loss, impairment, liability etc. is presently required to be made.

# d) Project Residential at Pune

i) Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited ("Inorbit") filed an Intervention Application on 03/03/2015 (impleaded as a Defendant No. 6) in Special Civil Suit No. 475 of 1998 in the Court of Civil Judge Senior Division, Pune, filed by one Mr. S. A. Inamdar ("the

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The Property bearing S.No.27 Hissa No.4 changed hands several times from 1995 since the Defendant No.5 in the aforesaid suit Mr. Balasaheb Badade who was the then owner of the said property sold the same to subsequent third parties and presently, the said property vests in Inorbit Malls (India) Pvt. Ltd. by virtue of the Conveyance Deed dated 28.02.2012 duly registered at Sr.No.1757/2012 at the office of the Subregistrar Haveli No.13, Pune. The said property has already been amalgamated with the adjoining lands. The property is in possession of Inorbit Malls (India) Pvt. Ltd. and construction of several buildings on the said property in terms of plans sanctioned by the Pune Corporation under Commencement Certificate No. CC/3891/10 dated 14/02/2011, further revised sanction obtained under CC//2845/12 dated 29/12/2012 and further revised sanction obtained under CC/0079/16 dated 13/04/2016 is in progress. Inorbit Malls (India) Pvt. Ltd. filed an application to be joined and was impleaded as Defendant No.6 in the matter on 03.03.2015. Inorbit Malls (India) Pvt. Ltd. filed its written statement on 29.04.2015 and thereafter amended written statement along with list of documents relied upon by Inorbit Malls (India) Pvt. Ltd. was filed on 19.04.2016. On 06.08.2016, the Plaintiff filed affidavit for examination in Chief through his constituted attorney along with the list of documents. Also, Shri Balasaheb Badade (Defendant No.5) filed an Application stating that the Defendant No.1 Shri Satish Ghatge had expired in the year 2007 and his legal heirs be brought on record. Further, the Plaintiff filed an Application for condonation of delay in bringing the legal heirs on record. An Application was filed by Defendant No.6 for abatement of suit. The Hon'ble Court was pleased to allow the Application for condonation of delay filed by the Plaintiff and condone the delay for bringing the legal heirs of Defendant No.1 on record within 14 days and reject the Application filed by the Defendant No.6 in view of the Application for condonation of delay being allowed by the Hon'ble Court.

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The plaintiff carried out the amendment and brought the legal heirs of Defendant No.1 on record. Defendant No.6 filed review Applications against the orders passed, rejecting the Application for abatement of suit and allowing the Application for condonation of delay filed by the Plaintiff. The review Applications were rejected on 3<sup>rd</sup> March 2017.

On 22<sup>nd</sup> April 2017, Defendant No.6 filed an application, seeking an adjournment on the grounds of filing appropriate proceedings before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court against the order dated 29<sup>th</sup> March 2017, rejecting the review applications. The Hon'ble Court granted the adjournment subject to filing of the copy of the petition on the next date with the Court. The matter has now been listed on June 17, 2017 for filing before the Court copy of the petition filed before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court by the Defendant No. 6. In the management's view, considering the matter and the facts, no provision for any loss/liability is presently required to be made.

ii) The General Body of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Pune, vide Resolution No. 772 dated Plaintiff") in respect of land bearing Survey No. 27/4 situate at Village Mohammadwadi, Pune ("said Land") owned by Inorbit. The suit is filed against the predecessor in title of Inorbit for specific performance in respect of agreement for sale entered into by predecessor in title in respect of the said Land, injunction and compensation. The said Land has already been amalgamated with the adjoining lands and is being currently developed by Inorbit. Further the Writ Petition No. 6979 of 2017 filed by Inorbit and Defendant No. 7 in the Bombay High Court challenging the order dated 29.03.2017 in the matter (rejecting the review application of Inorbit and Defendant No. 7 against order dated 10/01/2017 in the matter, allowing the application of the Plaintiff for impleading of the legal heirs of Defendant No. 1 and dismissing the application of Inorbit for abatement of the suit), has been dismissed by the Bombay HC, by its order dated 10/04/2018. The matter is presently posted for framing of additional issues by the Hon'ble Court. The suit is pending as on date and no decree has been passed in the matter.

In the management's view, considering the matter and the facts, no provision for any loss/liability is presently required to be made.

ii) The General Body of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Pune, vide Resolution No.772 dated 21/01/2016, Meeting No. 95, Subject No. 690 on reconsideration of Urban Improvement Committee Resolution No.146, dated 22/11/2013, approved the proposal to acquire a strip of land passing through the company's land at Survey Nos. 25, 27 and 28 of village Mohammedwadi till village road of Undri for the purposes of 12.00 meter wide road under section 205 of the Maharashtra Municipal Corporations Act (previously known as the Bombay Provincial Municipal Corporation Act, 1949). The proposed road if carved out would run east west cutting through the said Land rendering it into north and south part and would require revision of the plans. The company has by its letter dated 16/02/2016 raised strong objections against the said action on various grounds. The company has also filed a Writ Petition in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, bearing Writ Petition No. 5647 of 2016 against the Municipal Corporation of Pune and others, inter alia for quashing of its actions taken under Sec 205 of Maharashtra Municipal Corporation Act. It is informed by the Advocates of the company that notice was issued against the Municipal Corporation of Pune and Municipal Corporation of Pune appeared in the matter. The Hon'ble Bombay HC was pleased to grant liberty has been granted to seek production in case of urgency. The acquisition of the proposed strip passing inter alia through the said Land has not yet taken place.

In the management's view, considering the matter and the facts, no provision for any loss/liability is presently required to be made.

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21/01/2016, Meeting No.95, Subject No.690 on reconsideration of Urban Improvement committee Resolution No.146, dated 22/11/2013, approved the proposal to acquire a strip of land passing through the company's land at Survey Nos. 25, 27 and 28 of Village Mohammedwadi till village road of Undri for the purposes of 12.00 meter wide road under section 205 of the Maharashtra Municipal corporations Act (Previously known as the Bombay Provincial Municipal Corporation Act, 1949). The proposed road if carved out, would run east west, cutting through the said land rendering it into north and south part and would require revision of the plans. The company has, by its letter dated 16/02/2016 raised strong objections against said action on various grounds. The company has also filed a Writ petition in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, bearing Writ petition No.5647 of 2016 against the Municipal corporation of Pune and others, inter alia for quashing of its actions taken under Sec.205 of Maharashtra Municipal Corporation Act. It is informed by the Advocates of the company that notice has been issued against the Municipal Corporation of Pune and would be listed as per the CMIS of the Bombay High Court. Liberty has been granted to seek production in case of urgency. The acquisition of the proposed strip passing inter alia through the said Land has not yet taken place. In the management's view, considering the matter and the facts, no provision for any loss / liability is presently required to be made.

## 3. Sundew Properties

# Corporate Information

Sundew Properties was incorporated as a private limited company on August 11, 2006 under the Companies Act, 1956. Sundew Properties is engaged in the business of building, contracting, erecting, leasing, constructing of buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotels and shopping malls.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 60.34 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Sundew Properties.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Sundew Properties for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

			(in < millio	n, except otnerwise statea)
Sundew Properties	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2016
	(Ind AS)	(Ind AS)	(Ind AS)*	(Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	281.71	281.71	11.27	11.27
Reserves and surplus	639.80	1150.29	790.18	131.04
(excluding revaluation				
reserves)				
Revenue from operations	3,116.30	3049.16	2024.45	1920.71
and other income				
Profit/Loss after tax	(171.43)	630.54	409.53	281.76
Earnings/(loss) per share	(6.09)	22.38	14.54	250.05
(₹) (Basic)				
Earnings/(loss) per share	(6.09)	22.38	14.54	250.05
(₹) (Diluted)				

Sundew Properties	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2016
	(Ind AS)	(Ind AS)	(Ind AS)*	(Indian GAAP)
Net asset value per share (₹)	32.71	50.83	711.24	126.29

<sup>\*</sup>restated numbers appearing in audited financials for Fiscal Year 2017.

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

## 4. K Raheja IT Park

### Corporate Information

K Raheja IT Park was incorporated as a private limited company on June 2, 2003 under the Companies Act, 1956. K Raheja IT Park is engaged in the business of building, real estate development, contracting, erecting, leasing, constructing of buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial.

### Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 68.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of K Raheja IT Park.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of K. Raheja IT Park for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

K Raheja IT Park	Fiscal Year 2018 (Ind AS)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	5,514.95	4,837.80	3,804.36
Revenue from operations and other income	2,370.20	2,100.88	2,056.88
Profit/Loss after tax	951.79	1,033.45	876.86
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	47.59	51.67	43.84
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	47.59	51.67	43.84
Net asset value per share (₹)	285.75	251.89	200.22

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

## 5. K Raheja Corporate

### Corporate Information

K Raheja Corporate was originally incorporated as Naman BKC Constructions Private Limited on May 21, 2004 under the Companies Act, 1956. K Raheja Corporate is involved in the business of construction.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold  $100.00\,\%$  of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of K Raheja Corporate.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of K. Raheja Corporate for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

K. Raheja Corporate	Fiscal Year 2018 (Ind AS)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	1.00	1.00	1.00
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(4,831.48)	(4,291.76)	(3,576.38)
Revenue from operations and other income	2,704.41	1,810.84	1,366.30

K. Raheja Corporate	Fiscal Year 2018 (Ind AS)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Profit/Loss after tax	(498.74)	(715.37)	(823.87)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(5,728.00)	(7,154.00)	(8,239.00)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(5,728.00)	(7,154.00)	(8,239.00)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(48,304.83)	(42,907.60)	(35,753.80)

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

## Group Companies with negative net worth

The following Group Companies had negative networth in Fiscal Year 2018-



For the financial information derived from the audited financial results of K. Raheja Corporate, please see "*Group Companies - Financial Information of Top Five Group Companies*" on page 223 of this Prospectus.

# 1. **Paradigm**

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## Corporate Information

Convex.

Paradigm is a private limited company and was incorporated on September 21, 2005 under the Companies Act, 1956. Paradigm is involved in the business of warehousing, logistic, supply chain, packers, distribution, clearing and forwarding agents, customs house agents, cargo movers, cargo agents, freight brokers, freight contractors, carrier of goods, multimodal transport operators, freight forwarding transporters, containerization.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Paradigm.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Paradigm for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Paradigm	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	5.30	5.30	5.30
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(1,532.42)	(1,473.43)	(1,257.70)
Revenue from operations and other income	481.97	118.65	149.37
Profit/Loss after tax	(58.99)	(215.73)	(348.11)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(5,899.20)	(21,573.06)	(34,811.19)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(5,899.20)	(21,573.06)	(34,811.19)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(1,52,712.40)	(146,813.00)	(125,240.00)

Except as disclosed below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Fiscal 2016				
Emphasis of matter in Independ	lent			
Auditors' Report –				
Without qualifying our opinion,	we			
	_			

without qualifying our opinion, we draw your attention to note 4.13 to the financial statement relating to the circumstances which have been considered for capitalisation of borrowing cost.

Above referred note 4.13 The activity undertaken by the company is relating to development of plot of land located at Hyderabad and Goa. Since all the expenditure incurred (excluding including corporate expenses), borrowing costs amounting to Rs.176,362,718/-(PY:202,604,320/-), is towards this activity only, the same have been considered for capitalization and added to Inventories and Capital Work In Progress.

Considering the market scenario and especially drop in demand, development works, in case of certain projects have been slowed down. In certain cases, the management is considering significant changes in the existing plans. In addition, development works, in certain projects, are taken up in a phased manner and only certain portions of plots are taken up for development. Delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project are capitalized.

# Fiscal 2017

Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw your attention to note 4.16 to the financial statement relating to the circumstances which have been considered for capitalisation of borrowing cost.

Above referred note 4.16 The activity undertaken by the company is relating to development of plot of land located at Hyderabad and Goa. Since all the expenditure incurred (excluding including corporate expenses), borrowing costs amounting to Rs 181,821,100/- (PY: Rs. 176,362,718/-), is towards this activity only, the same have been considered for capitalization and added Inventories and Capital Work In Progress.

Considering the market scenario and especially drop demand, in development works, in case of certain projects have been slowed down. In certain cases, the management is considering significant changes in the existing plans. In addition, development works, in certain projects, are taken up in a phased manner and only certain portions of plots are taken up for development. Delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project are capitalized.

# Fiscal 2018

Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw your attention to Note no. 4.16 to the financial statements relating to the circumstances which have been considered for capitalisation of borrowing costs.

Above referred note 4.16 The activity undertaken by the company is relating to development of plot of land located at Hyderabad and Goa. Since all the expenditure incurred (excluding corporate expenses), including borrowing costs amounting to Rs 63,569,873/- (PY: Rs. 181,821,100/-/-), is towards this activity only, the same have been considered for capitalization and added Inventories and Capital Work In Progress.

Considering the market scenario and especially dron in demand. development works, in case of certain projects have been slowed down. In certain cases, the management is considering significant changes in the existing In addition, plans. development works, in certain projects, are taken up in a phased manner and only certain portions of plots are taken up for development. Delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project are capitalized.

The management is of the opinion that, having considered various factors relating to development including preparatory work carried out for intended development and market value of property/underlying rights in the property, net realizable value in case of projects undertaken for development would be higher than its book value. The auditors have relied on managements' opinion.

The management is of the opinion that, having considered various factors relating to development including preparatory work carried out for intended development and market value of property / underlying rights in the property, net realizable value in case of projects undertaken for development would be higher than its book value. The auditors have relied on managements' opinion.

The management is of the opinion that, having considered various factors relating to development including preparatory work carried out for intended development and market value of property / underlying rights in the property, net realizable value in case of projects undertaken for development would be higher than its book value. The auditors have relied on managements' opinion.

### 2. Pact

## Corporate Information

Pact is a private limited company and was incorporated on March 10, 2007 under the Companies Act, 1956. Pact is involved in the business of real estate development and constructing, building, developing, redecorating and furnishing, buildings houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping mall and any immovable property.

Interest of our Promoters

Fiscal 2016

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Pact.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Pact for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Fiscal 2018

Pact	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding		(1,245.78)	(655.58)
revaluation reserves)	(1,869.56)		
Revenue from operations and		64.47	0.07
other income	140.01		
Profit/Loss after tax	(623.78)	(590.20)	(524.05)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)		(59,020.28)	(52,405.43)
(Basic)	(62,378.00)		
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)		(59,020.28)	(52,405.43)
(Diluted)	(62,378.00)		
Net asset value per share (₹)	(1,86,945.90)	(1,24,568.00)	(65,548.00)

Except as disclosed below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Fiscal 2017

1 iscai 2010	113041 2017	1 iscui 2010
Emphasis of matter in Independent	Emphasis of matter in Independent	Emphasis of matter in Independent
Auditors' Report –	Auditors' Report –	Auditors' Report –
We draw attention to note no. 2.25 to	We draw attention to note no. 2.27 to	We draw attention to note no. 2.29 to
the financials on Project at Pirangut,	the financials on Project at Pirangut,	the financials on Project at Pirangut,
Pune relating to capitalisation of borrowing cost. Our opinion is not	Pune relating to capitalisation of borrowing cost and carrying value of	Pune relating to capitalisation of borrowing cost and carrying value of
qualified in this matter.	the project. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.	the project. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
Above referred note no. 2.25 The sole activity undertaken by the company is	Above referred note no. 2.27 The sole activity undertaken by the company is	Above referred note no. 2.29 The sole activity undertaken by the company is
relating to development of plot of land	relating to development of plot of land	relating to development of plot of land
located at Pirangut, Pune.	located at Pirangut, Pune.	located at Pirangut, Pune.
Considering the market scenario, the	Considering the market scenario, the	Considering the market scenario, the
management is considering significant	management is considering significant	management is considering significant

changes in the existing plans and development work is taken up in a phased manner and only portion of plots are taken up for development. Delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project is capitalized. During the year, company has ceased capitalization of borrowing cost w.e.f. 01.04.2015.

The management is of the opinion that, having considered various factors relating to development including preparatory work carried out for intended development & market value of property / underlying rights in the property, net realizable value in case of projects would be higher than its book value. The auditors have relied on management's opinion.

changes in the existing plans and development work is taken up in a phased manner and only portion of plots are taken up for development. Delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project is capitalized. During the year, company has ceased capitalization of borrowing cost w.e.f. 01.04.2015.

The management is of the opinion that, having considered various factors relating to development including preparatory work carried out for intended development & market value of property / underlying rights in the property, net realizable value in case of projects would be higher than its book value. The auditors have relied on management's opinion.

changes in the existing plans and development work is taken up in a phased manner and only portion of plots are taken up for development. Delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project is capitalized. During the year, company has ceased capitalization of borrowing cost w.e.f. 01.04.2015.

The management is of the opinion that, having considered various factors relating to development including preparatory work carried out for intended development & market value of property / underlying rights in the property, net realizable value in case of projects would be higher than its book value. The expected loss in cases where the company had accepted bookings for sale in earlier years but cost of construction is likely to exceed the agreed consideration, have been appropriately considered in valuation of inventory. The auditors have relied on management's opinion.

### 3. Cavalcade

### Corporate Information

Cavalcade is a private limited company and was incorporated on June 28, 2005 under the Companies Act, 1956. Cavalcade is involved in the business of real estate development and constructing, developing, decorating and furnishing, buildings, houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping mall and any immovable property.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Cavalcade.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Cavalcade for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

		,	C mittion, except otherwise stated
Cavalcade	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian
	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding	(1,142.27)	(914.04)	(696.52)
revaluation reserves)			
Revenue from operations and	13.02	47.64	19.07
other income			
Profit/Loss after tax	(228.23)	(217.52)	(204.81)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)	(22,822.87)	(21,751.86)	(20,480.52)
(Basic)			
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)	(22,822.87)	(21,751.86)	(20,480.52)
(Diluted)			
Net asset value per share (₹)	(1,14,217.00)	(91,394.00)	(69,642.00)

Except as disclosed below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

### Fiscal 2016

## Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –

We draw attention to note no. 2.19 to the financials on Project at Bhosari, Pune relating to capitalisation of borrowing cost and carrying value of the project. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

# Above referred note no. 2.19 Project at Bhosari, Pune

Considering the market scenario and especially drop in demand, the construction has been slowed down. Delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project is capitalized. Since all the expenditure incurred (excluding corporate expenses), including borrowing costs amounting to Rs. 3,692,321 (P.Y. Rs.10,351,316) at Bhosari, Pune is towards this activity only, the same have been considered for capitalization and added to Inventories. The company ceased capitalization of borrowing cost w.e.f. 01/04/2014.

The company had sold during the previous year, Part of inventory at Bhosari, Pune, at a price lower than its book value (which includes borrowing cost). The consideration stated in the said agreement has not been considered in determining the net realizable value for the purpose of valuation of closing inventory. Net realizable value is determined by the management by considering various factors such as market value. preparatory work done for intended development development, carried out etc. and relied upon by the auditors.

### Fiscal 2017

Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –

We draw attention to note no. 2.19 to the financials on Project at Bhosari, Pune relating to capitalisation of borrowing cost and carrying value of the project. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Above referred note no. 2.19 Project at Bhosari, Pune

Considering the market scenario and especially drop in demand, the construction has been slowed down. Delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project is capitalized. Since all the expenditure incurred (excluding corporate expenses), including borrowing costs amounting to Rs. 4,383,875 (P.Y. Rs.3,692,321) at Bhosari, Pune is towards this activity only, the same have been considered for capitalization and added to Inventories. The company has ceased capitalization of borrowing cost w.e.f. 01/04/2014.

The company has sold during the year, Part of inventory at Bhosari, Pune, at a price lower than its book value (which includes borrowing cost). The consideration stated in the said agreement has not been considered in determining the net realizable value for the purpose of valuation of closing inventory. Net realizable value is determined by the management by considering various factors such as market value, preparatory work done development, for intended development work carried out etc. and relied upon by the auditors.

### Fiscal 2018

Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –

We draw attention to note no. 2.19 to the financials on Project at Bhosari, Pune relating to capitalisation of borrowing cost and carrying value of the project. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Above referred note no. 2.19 Project at Bhosari, Pune

Considering the market scenario and especially drop in demand the construction has been slowed down. Delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project is capitalized. Since all the expenditure incurred (excluding corporate expenses), amounting Rs.4,369,980 to (P.Y.Rs.4,383,875) at Bhosari, Pune is towards this activity only, the same been considered and capitalization added Inventories. The company has ceased capitalisation of borrowing cost w.e.f. 01.04.2014.

The company had sold during the financial year 2014-15 part of inventory at Bhosari, Pune, at a price lower than its book value (which includes borrowing cost). consideration stated in the said agreement had not been considered in determining the net realisable value for the purposes of valuation of closing inventory. Net realizable value is determined by the management by considering various factors such as market value, preparatory work done development, intended development work carried out etc. and relied upon by the auditors.

### 4. Novel

## Corporate Information

Novel is a private limited company and was incorporated on January 22, 2007 under the Companies Act, 1956. Novel is involved in the business of real estate development and constructing, building, developing, decorating and furnishing, building houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping mall and any immovable property.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Novel.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Novel for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Novel	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding	(556.04)	(488.18)	(419.77)
revaluation reserves)			
Revenue from operations and	36.80	36.01	36.15
other income			
Profit/Loss after tax	(67.86)	(68.41)	(75.04)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)	(6,786.12)	(6,840.54)	(7,503.73)
(Basic)			
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)	(6,786.12)	(6,840.54)	(7,503.73)
(Diluted)			
Net asset value per share (₹)	(55,594.10)	(48,808.00)	(41,967.00)

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

### 5. **Brookfields**

### Corporate Information

Brookfields is a private limited company and was incorporated on November 15, 2007 under the Companies Act, 1956. Brookfields is involved in the business of developing land, including agricultural land, which may be converted to non-agricultural use, buildings, all kinds of immovable properties and of real estates, including development of townships, IT parks and special economic zones.

# Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Brookfields.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Brookfields for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Brookfields	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian
	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding	(203.46)	(176.39)	(150.16)
revaluation reserves)			
Revenue from operations and	0.00	0.00	0.00
other income			
Profit/Loss after tax	(27.07)	(26.24)	(24.89)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)	(2,707.00)	(2,624.00)	(2,489.00)
(Basic)			
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)	(2,707.00)	(2,624.00)	(2,489.00)
(Diluted)			
Net asset value per share (₹)	(20,336.40)	(17,629.34)	(15,005.75)

Except as mentioned below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018
Emphasis of matter in Independent	Emphasis of matter in Independent	Emphasis of matter in Independent
Auditors' Report –	Auditors' Report –	Auditors' Report –
We draw attention to note no. 2.14 of	We draw attention to note no. 2.13 to	We draw attention to note no. 2.13 to
the financial statements regarding	the financial statements regarding	the financial statements regarding
realisable value of inventories and	realisable value of inventories and	realisable value of inventories and

advances of properties. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of said matter.

advances of properties. Our opinion is not modified in respect of said matter.

advances of properties. Our opinion is not modified in respect of said matter.

Above referred note no. 2.14. The sole activity undertaken by the company is relating to development of land located at Village Lonikand, Pune and Village Jambe, Pune. Considering the market scenario & especially drop in demand, works have been slowed down. The delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector.

The company has ceased capitalization of borrowing cost w.e.f. April 16, 2011 due to the company's decision to cancel the existing land purchase agreements / sale of land as a result of delay in development process. Further, due to above, the company had written off expenses and interest capitalized in earlier years to loans & advances and had diminished its value of inventories in earlier

Considering various factors and market value, the management is of the opinion that net realizable value of inventory is more than Rs. 2,01,91,501/- (P.Y. Rs.2,01,91,501/-). Further, advance for properties of Rs. 5,55,91,110/- (P.Y. Rs. 5,55,91,110/-) have a realizable value in the ordinary course not less than the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet and provision for all known liabilities and doubtful assets have been made. The auditors have relied on management's opinion.

Above referred note no. 2.13. The sole activity undertaken by the company is relating to development of land located at Village Lonikand, Pune and Village Jambe, Pune. Considering the market scenario & especially drop in demand, works have been slowed down. The delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector.

The company has ceased capitalization of borrowing cost w.e.f. April 16, 2011 due to the company's decision to cancel the existing land purchase agreements / sale of land as a result of delay in development process. Further, due to above, the company had written off expenses and interest capitalized in earlier years to loans & advances and had diminished its value of inventories in earlier years.

Considering various factors and market value, the management is of the opinion that net realizable value of inventory is more than 2,01,91,501/- (P.Y. Rs.2,01,91,501/-). Further, advance for properties of Rs. 5,55,91,110/- (P.Y. Rs. 5,55,91,110/-) have a realizable value in the ordinary course not less than the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet and provision for all known liabilities and doubtful assets have been made. The auditors have relied on management's opinion.

Above referred note no. 2.13. The sole activity undertaken by the company is relating to development of land located at Village Lonikand, Pune and Village Jambe, Pune. Considering the market scenario & especially drop in demand, works have been slowed down. The delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector.

The company has ceased capitalization of borrowing cost w.e.f. April 16, 2011 due to the company's decision to cancel the existing land purchase agreements / sale of land as a result of delay in development process. Further, due to above, the company had written off expenses and interest capitalized in earlier years to loans & advances and had diminished its value of inventories in earlier years.

Considering various factors and market value, the management is of the opinion that net realizable value of inventory is more than Rs. 2,01,91,501/- (P.Y. Rs.2,01,91,501/-). Further, advance for properties of Rs. 5,55,91,110/- (P.Y. Rs. 5,55,91,110/-) have a realizable value in the ordinary course not less than the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet and provision for all known liabilities and doubtful assets have been made. The auditors have relied on management's opinion.

### 6. Feat

vears.

### Corporate Information

Feat is a private limited company and was incorporated on April 19, 2007 under the Companies Act, 1956. Feat is involved in the business of real estate development and constructing, building, developing, decorating and furnishing, buildings houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping mall and any immovable property.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Feat.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Feat for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

Feat	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10

Feat	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(174.74)	(75.54)	(11.48)
Revenue from operations and other income	0.00	0.00	0.00
Profit/Loss after tax	(99.20)	(64.06)	(7.11)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(9,920.08)	(6,405.57)	(710.82)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(9,920.08)	(6,405.57)	(710.82)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(17,463.70)	(7,544.00)	(1,138.00)

Except as mentioned below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018
NIL	NIL	Material uncertainty related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2.2 to the financial statements, which indicates that the company has incurred a net loss of Rs. 99,200,751 during the year ended March 31, 2018 and, as of that date, the company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets. These events or conditions, ALONG WITH OTHER MATTERS AS SET FORTH IN Note 2.2, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the financial statements of the company have been prepared on a going concern basis for the reasons stated in the said Note.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

## Note 2.2 Going Concern -

As at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2018, the company's paid-up capital and reserves (excluding the deficit in the statement of profit and loss) were Rs. 100,000 and correspondingly, the company's accumulated losses aggregated to Rs.174,737,082/-(2017: Rs.75,536,331/-). The company has incurred cash losses during the year. These events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Management, however believes that, the company will be able to continue operations on a going concern basis and meet all its liabilities, as they fall due for payment in the foreseeable future based on continued financial support, as required, from the shareholders of the company.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, based on the continuation of financial support received from the principal shareholders and taken in record by the Board of the company. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets or to amounts and classification of recorded liabilities that might be necessary, if the company is unable to continue as going concern.

# 7. Grange

### Corporate Information

Grange is a private limited company and was incorporated on May 4, 2005 under the Companies Act, 1956. Grange is involved in the business of constructing and owning restaurants, cafes, refreshment rooms, clubs and casinos and buying, selling, constructing, renovating, repairing, taking on lease, exchanging or acquiring immovable property.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Grange.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Grange for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Grange	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2018 Fiscal Year 2017	
	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(33.36)	(21.53)	(10.08)
Revenue from operations and	0.00	0.00	0.00
other income			
Profit/Loss after tax	(11.83)	(11.45)	(10.60)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)	(1,183.35)	(1,145.20)	(1,060.00)
(Basic)			
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)	(1,183.35)	(1,145.20)	(1,060.00)
(Diluted)			
Net asset value per share (₹)	(3,326.40)	(2,143.00)	(998.00)

Except as mentioned below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018
NIL	NIL	Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –
		We draw attention to note 2.16 to the financial statement regarding right in properties under inventories, the transaction was to be completed upon obtaining approval from a public authority, which approval was not granted. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of the said matter.
		Above referred note no. 2.16
		The company has entered into an agreement for purchase of a property at Pune during the year 2005-06. The transaction was to be completed upon obtaining approval from a public authority, which approval was not granted. The company is exploring other options to deal with the right in the said property. Pending finalization and considering the fact that the company continues to be a caretaker appointed by the party who has agreed to sell the property who is committed to the transaction and also of any other possible alternatives,

the amount paid is continued to be classified as right in property under inventories and in the opinion of the management, there is no impairment in value in view of market conditions

### 8. Immense

## Corporate Information

Immense is a private limited company and was incorporated on March 5, 2007 under the Companies Act, 1956. Immense is involved in the business of real estate development and constructing, building, developing, decorating and furnishing, building houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping mall and any immovable property.

# Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Immense.

and not realizable value.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Immense for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

		( iii	i C million, except otherwise stated,
Immense	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian
	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding	(14.85)	(12.17)	(10.13)
revaluation reserves)			
Revenue from operations and	0.00	0.00	0.00
other income			
Profit/Loss after tax	(2.68)	(2.03)	(1.97)

Immense	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(268.25)	(203.45)	(197.43)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(268.25)	(203.45)	(197.43)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(1,475.00)	(1,207.00)	(1,003.00)

Except as disclosed below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Fiscal 2016				
Emphasis of matter Auditors' Report –	in	Independent		

We draw attention to note no. 2.14 of the financial statements relating to circumstances which have been considered for determining the period for capitalisation of borrowing costs.

Above referred note no.\_2.14. The sole activity undertaken by the company is relating to development of land located at Village Dena, District Vadodara, Gujarat. Considering the market scenario and especially drop in demand, work has been slowed down. The management is exploring the various options for development. The delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project, including advance for properties is capitalized.

Fiscal 2017

Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –

We draw attention to note no. 2.14 of the financial statements relating to circumstances which have been considered for determining the period for capitalisation of borrowing costs.

Above referred note no.2.14. The sole activity undertaken by the company is relating to development of land located at Village Dena, District Vadodara, Gujarat. Considering the market scenario and especially drop in demand, work has been slowed down. The management is exploring the various options for development. The delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project, including advance for properties is capitalized.

Fiscal 2018
Emphasis of Matter in Independent
Auditors' Report –:

We draw attention to note no. 2.14 of the financial statements relating to circumstances which have been considered for determining the period for capitalization of the borrowing

Above referred note no.2.14. The sole activity undertaken by the company is relating to development of land located at Village Dena, District Vadodara, Gujarat. Considering the market scenario and especially drop in demand, work has been slowed down. The management is exploring the various options for development. The delay caused on account of the same are considered as part of operating cycle in view of overall development in the real estate sector and accordingly, borrowing cost incurred during such period on entire project including advance for properties is capitalized.

# 9. **Sycamore**

## Corporate Information

Sycamore is a private limited company and was incorporated on December 12, 2005 under the Companies Act, 1956. Sycamore is involved in the business of building, contracting, erecting, constructing of buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial hotels and shopping mall.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Sycamore.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Sycamore for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

Sycamore	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(18.27)	(9.82)	(8.25)
Revenue from operations and other income	3.80	5.48	2.31
Profit/Loss after tax	(8.45)	(1.57)	(0.58)

Sycamore	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(844.98)	(156.82)	(57.83)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(844.98)	(156.82)	(57.83)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(1,816.50)	(972.00)	(815.00)

Except as disclosed below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Eigen 2016	Eineal 2017	Et and 2010
Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018
NIL	NIL	Material uncertainty related to Going Concern
		We draw attention to Note 2.2 to the financial statements, which indicate that the company
		has incurred a net loss of Rs. 8,449,828 during the year ended March 31, 2018 and, as of that date, the company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets. These events or conditions, indicate that material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the
		company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the financial statements of the company have been prepared on a going concern basis for the reasons stated in the Note 2.2.
		Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
		Note 2.2 Going Concern -
		As at 31st March 2018, the company's paid-up capital and reserves (excluding the deficit in the statement of profit and loss) were Rs.100,000 and correspondingly, the company's accumulated losses aggregated to Rs. 18,265,329/- (2017: Rs. 98,15,501/-). The company has incurred cash losses during the year. These events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The management however believes that, the company will be able to continue operations on a going concern basis and meet all its liabilities as they fall due for payment in the foreseeable future based on continued financial support, from the shareholders of the company.
		The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, based on the continuation of financial support from the principal shareholders and taken in record by the Board of the company. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include any

## 10. Flabbergast

## Corporate Information

Flabbergast is a private limited company and was incorporated on April 19, 2007 under the Companies Act, 1956. Flabbergast is involved in the business of real estate development and constructing, building, developing, redecorating and furnishing, buildings, houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping mall and any immovable property.

adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets or to amounts and classification of recorded liabilities that might be necessary, if the company

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Flabbergast.

is unable to continue as going concern.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Flabbergast for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

Flabbergast	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(7.46)	(6.34)	(5.31)

Flabbergast	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Revenue from operations and other income	0.01	0.00	0.00
Profit/Loss after tax	(1.12)	(1.03)	(0.97)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(112.28)	(102.96)	(97.11)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(112.28)	(102.96)	(97.11)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(735.70)	(624.00)	(521.00)

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

# 11. Aqualine

## Corporate Information

Aqualine is a private limited company and was incorporated on December 3, 2007 as Opulence Warehousing And Logistics Private Limited under the Companies Act, 1956. Aqualine is involved in the business of constructing, developing, redecorating and furnishing, buildings houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping malls and any immovable property.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Aqualine.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Aqualine for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Aqualine	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian
	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	GAAP)
Equity capital	9.00	9.00	9.00
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(22.21)	(10.19)	(9.17)
Revenue from operations and other income	0.00	0.00	0.01
Profit/Loss after tax	(12.02)	(1.02)	(0.19)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(13.35)	(1.13)	(0.21)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(13.35)	(1.13)	(0.21)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(14.67)	(1.32)	(0.19)

Except as disclosed below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018
NIL	NIL	Material uncertainty related to Going Concern
		We draw attention to Note 2.2 to the financial statements, which indicates that the company has incurred a net loss of Rs. 1,20,19,165 during the year ended March 31, 2018 and, as of that date, the company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets. These events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the financial statements of the company have been prepared on a going concern basis for the reasons stated in the Note 2.2.
		Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
		Note 2.2 Going Concern - As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2018, the company's paid-up capital and reserves (excluding the deficit in the statement of profit and loss) were Rs. 9,000,000 and correspondingly, the company's accumulated losses aggregated to Rs.22,206,751/-(2017: Rs.10,187,586/-). The company has incurred cash losses during the year. These events or conditions indicate that a

material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Management, however believes that, the company will be able to continue operations on a going concern basis and meet all its liabilities, as they fall due for payment in the foreseeable future based on continued financial support, as required, from the shareholders of the company.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, based on the continuation of financial support received from the principal shareholders and taken in record by the Board of the company. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets or to amounts and classification of recorded liabilities that might be necessary, if the company is unable to continue as going concern.

### 12. **Pramaan**

## Corporate Information

Pramaan Properties Private Limited was incorporated as a private limited company on January 16, 2008 under the Companies Act, 1956. Pramaan is engaged in the business of real estate development and constructing, building, developing, decorating and furnishing, buildings, houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping mall and any immovable property.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 99.99 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Pramaan.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Pramaan for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Pramaan	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(137.86)	(123.76)	(110.23)
Revenue from operations and other income	0.00	0.00	0.00
Profit/Loss after tax	(14.09)	(13.53)	(27.84)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(1,409.32)	(1,352.78)	(2,783.61)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(1,409.32)	(1,352.78)	(2,783.61)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(13,775.50)	(12,366.20)	(11,013.40)

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

## 13. Nakshtra

## Corporate Information

Nakshtra Logistics Private Limited was incorporated as a private limited company on December 19, 2007 under the Companies Act, 1956. Nakshtra is engaged in the business of real estate development and constructing, building, developing, decorating and furnishing, buildings, houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping mall and any immovable property.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 99.99 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Nakshtra.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Nakshtra for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Nakshtra	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(32.39)	(27.62)	(23.02)
Revenue from operations and other income	0.00	0.00	0.00
Profit/Loss after tax	(4.77)	(4.60)	(4.24)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(477.18)	(459.85)	(423.74)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(477.18)	(459.85)	(423.74)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(3,229.10)	(2,751.90)	(2,292.10)

Except as disclosed below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018
Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –	Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –	Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –
We draw attention to note no. 4.04 of the financial statements regarding realisable value of advances of properties. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of said matter.	We draw attention to note no. 4.04 of the financial statements regarding realisable value of advances of properties. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of said matter.	We draw attention to note no. 4.04 of the financial statements regarding realisable value of advances of properties. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of said matter.
Above referred note no. 4.04	Above referred note no. 4.04	Above referred note no. 4.04
In the opinion of the management, advances for properties aggregating to Rs 12,092,850 have a realisable value in the ordinary course not less than the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet and the underlying arrangement with the respective parties are subsisting and in force. The management has made necessary provisions for the all known liabilities and doubtful assets.	In the opinion of the management, advances for properties aggregating to Rs 12,092,850 have a realisable value in the ordinary course not less than the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet and the underlying arrangement with the respective parties are subsisting and in force. The management has made necessary provisions for the all known liabilities and doubtful assets.	In the opinion of the management, advances for properties aggregating to Rs 12,092,850 have a realisable value in the ordinary course not less than the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet and the underlying arrangement with the respective parties are subsisting and in force. The management has made necessary provisions for the all known liabilities and doubtful assets.

## 14. Nirankar

# $Corporate\ Information$

Nirankar is a private limited company and was incorporated on January 21, 2008 under the Companies Act, 1956. Nirankar is involved in the business of real estate development and constructing, building, developing, decorating and furnishing, buildings, houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping mall and any immovable property.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00% of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Nirankar.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Nirankar for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Nirankar	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian
	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding	(17.89)	(15.04)	(12.31)
revaluation reserves)			
Revenue from operations and	0.00	0.00	0.00
other income			
Profit/Loss after tax	(2.85)	(2.73)	(2.53)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)	(285.12)	(272.83)	(253.12)
(Basic)			
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹)	(285.12)	(272.83)	(253.12)
(Diluted)			
Net asset value per share (₹)	(1,779.10)	(1,494.00)	(1,221.20)

Except as disclosed below, there are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018
Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –	Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –	Emphasis of matter in Independent Auditors' Report –
We draw attention to note no.4.03 of the financial statements regarding realizable value of advances of properties. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of the said matter.	We draw attention to note no.4.03 of the financial statements regarding realizable value of advances of properties. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of the said matter.	We draw attention to note no. 4.03 of the financial statements regarding realizable value of advances of properties. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of the said matter.
Above referred note no.4.03	Above referred note no.4.03	Above referred note no.4.03
In the opinion of the management, advances for properties of Rs. 7,393,050 have a realizable value in the ordinary course of business not less than the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet and provision for all known liabilities and doubtful assets have been made.	In the opinion of the management, advances for properties of Rs. 7,393,050 have a realizable value in the ordinary course of business not less than the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet and provision for all known liabilities and doubtful assets have been made.	In the opinion of the management, advances for properties aggregating to Rs. 7,393,050 have a realizable value in the ordinary course of business not less than the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet and the underlying arrangements with the respective parties are subsisting and in force. The management has made necessary provision for all known liabilities and doubtful assets.

## 15. Convex Properties

## Corporate Information

Convex Properties is a private limited company and was incorporated on July 14, 2006 under the Companies Act, 1956. Convex Properties is involved in the business of building, real estate developing, contracting, erecting, constructing of buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional and commercial hotel or shopping mall.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 99.00% of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Convex Properties.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Convex for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

Convex	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(191.55)	(157.25)	(117.30)

Convex	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Revenue from operations and other income	28.41	21.32	18.82
Profit/Loss after tax	(34.30)	(39.96)	(38.66)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(3,429.60)	(3,995.54)	(3,866.09)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(3,429.60)	(3,995.54)	(3,866.09)
Net asset value per share (₹)	(19,144.70)	(15,715.00)	(11,720.00)

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

## 16. **Imperial**

## Corporate Information

Imperial was incorporated as Imperial Serviced Offices Private Limited on December 19, 2006 under the Companies Act, 1956. Imperial is engaged in the business of providing on lease business centres, office services, executive suites, virtual office or office space and or to provide well equipped and convenient venue for conducting business, conferences, conventions, meetings.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Imperial.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Imperial for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Imperial	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	215.60	215.60	215.60
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	(264.84)	(178.07)	(347.93)
Revenue from operations and other income	180.94	1,159.69	992.13
Profit/Loss after tax	(86.77)	169.23	108.81
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(4.02)	7.85	36.11
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(4.02)	7.85	36.11
Net asset value per share (₹)	(2.28)	1.74	(6.14)

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

# **Details of loss-making Group Companies**

Except the Group Companies mentioned below, none of our Group Companies has incurred a loss in the preceding year

- i. K. Raheja Corporate;
- ii. Sundew Properties;
- iii. Pact;
- iv. Cavalcade;
- v. Paradigm;
- vi. Novel;

vii. Feat;

viii. Convex;

ix. Brookfields;

x. Grange;

xi. Immense;

xii. Sycamore;

xiii. Aqualine;

xiv. Flabbergast;

xv. Sustain;

xvi. Sundew:

xvii. Pramaan;

xviii. Nakshtra;

xix. Carin Properties;

xx. Challenge;

xxi. Imperial

xxii. Nirankar; and

xxiii. K Raheja Cyprus

For the financial information derived from the audited financial results of K. Raheja Corporate and Sundew Properties for the last three Fiscal Years, please see "*Group Companies - Financial Information of Top Five Group Companies*" on page 223 of this Prospectus and for financial information derived from the audited financial results of Paradigm, Pact, Cavalcade, Novel, Feat, Brookfields, Grange, Immense, Sycamore, Aqualine, Pramaan, Nakshtra, Nirankar, Convex, Imperial and Flabbergast for the last three Fiscal Years, please see "*Group Companies - Group Companies with negative net worth*" on page 233 of this Prospectus.

### 1. Sustain

### Corporate Information

Sustain is a private limited company and was incorporated on November 1, 2007 under the Companies Act, 1956. Sustain is involved in the business of building, contracting, erecting, constructing of buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotels and shopping mall.

### Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Sustain.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Sustain for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

C4-:	Eigeal Wass 2010	,	Figure 1 Vacas 2016 (Indian
Sustain	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian
T ' ' 1	(Indian GAAP)	(Indian GAAP)	GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	3.14	8.21	9.05

Sustain	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Revenue from operations and other income	0.01	0.07	1.03
Profit/Loss after tax	(5.06)	(0.85)	0.48
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(506.49)	(84.59)	48.35
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(506.49)	(84.59)	48.35
Net asset value per share (₹)	324.00	831.00	915.00

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

#### 2. Sundew

## Corporate Information

Sundew was incorporated as Matrix Property Management Private Limited on July 28, 2006 under the Companies Act, 1956. Sundew is involved in the business of real estate development and constructing, building, developing, redecorating and furnishing land, building houses, apartments and structures being residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotel, shopping mall and any immovable property.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Sundew.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Sundew for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

 $(in \notin million, except otherwise stated)$ 

Sundew	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.10	0.10	0.10
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	0.31	0.55	1.10
Revenue from operations and other income	0.33	0.00	0.01
Profit/Loss after tax	(0.24)	(0.55)	(0.43)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(23.76)	(55.46)	(42.74)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(23.76)	(55.46)	(42.74)
Net asset value per share (₹)	40.80	64.61	120.07

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

# 3. Challenge

# Corporate Information

Challenge is a private limited company and was incorporated on November 2, 2007 under the Companies Act, 1956. Challenge is involved in the business of building, contracting, erecting, leasing, constructing of buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, holiday resorts, hotels, and motels.

### Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 47.50 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Challenge.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Challenge for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

Challenge	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.20	0.20	0.20
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	12.90	13.30	13.68
Revenue from operations and other income	0.00	0.00	0.01
Profit/Loss after tax	(0.41)	(0.38)	(0.38)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(20.17)	(18.98)	(19.15)
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(20.17)	(18.98)	(19.15)
Net asset value per share (₹)	654.85	675.00	694.00

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

## 4. K Raheja Cyprus

### Corporate Information

K Raheja Cyprus was incorporated as a limited liability company under the Companies Law, Cap 113 with the Registrar of Companies, Cyprus on August 10, 2006. Subsequently, the company was redomiciled and registered by continuation as a company limited by shares under the Companies Law, DIFC Law No. 2 of 2009 with the Registrar of Companies of the Dubai International Finance Center. K Raheja Cyprus is engaged in the business of acting as a holding company, and making proprietary investments in commercial enterprises and management.

## Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of K Raheja Cyprus.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of K Raheja Cyprus for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in £ GBP million, except otherwise stated)

K Raheja Cyprus	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	0.05	0.05	0.05
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	3.70	3.72	3.72
Revenue from operations and other income	0.00	0.01	0.00
Profit/Loss after tax	(0.02)	(0.00)	(0.03)
Earnings/(loss) per share (£) (Basic)	(0.41)	(0.10)	(0.85)
Earnings/(loss) per share (£) (Diluted)	(0.41)	(0.10)	(0.85)
Net asset value per share (£)	93.85	94.25	94.36

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

## 5. Carin Properties

## Corporate Information

Carin Properties was incorporated as Carin Hotels Limited on September 7, 1999 under the Companies Act, 1956. Carin Properties is involved in the business of owning, purchasing, erecting, acquiring, operating, managing any other manner dealing in hotels, lodging, houses, resorts, motels & dwelling units of every kind.

# Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 100.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Carin Properties.

The financial information derived from the audited financial results of Carin Properties for the Fiscal Years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 are set forth below:

(in ₹ million, except otherwise stated)

Carin Properties	Fiscal Year 2018 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Indian GAAP)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Indian GAAP)
Equity capital	1.00	1.00	1.00
Reserves and surplus (excluding revaluation reserves)	37.80	37.88	35.07
Revenue from operations and other income	0.01	4.05	3.88
Profit/Loss after tax	(0.08)	2.81	2.23
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Basic)	(0.79)	28.12	22.34
Earnings/(loss) per share (₹) (Diluted)	(0.79)	28.12	22.34
Net asset value per share (₹)	387.98	388.80	360.70

There are no significant notes of the auditors in relation to the aforementioned financial statements.

There are no adverse factors related to our Group Companies in relation to losses incurred by them in the immediately preceding three years prior to the date of this Prospectus.

#### **Details of other Group Companies**

#### 1. **Trion**

#### Corporate Information

Trion is a private limited company and was incorporated on November 17, 2005 under the Companies Act, 1956. Trion is involved in the business of building, contracting, erecting, constructing of buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotels and shopping mall.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 0.04 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Trion.

### 2. The Residency

## Corporate Information

The Residency is a private limited company and was incorporated on June 24, 1985 under the Companies Act, 1956. The Residency is involved in the business of purchasing, erecting, acquiring, operating, managing and the running of hotels and lodging houses, management consultancy, technical advisory and other consultancy services to hotels, restaurants, clubs and such institutions.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters do not hold any of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of The Residency.

#### 3. **Intime**

#### Corporate Information

Intime was originally incorporated as a private limited company on August 22, 2006 under the Companies Act, 1956 and was later converted into a public limited company. Intime is involved in the business of building, real estate developing, contracting, erecting, constructing of buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial, hotels and shopping malls.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 46.16 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Intime.

#### 4. **Newfound**

### Corporate Information

Newfound is a private limited company and was incorporated on May 12, 2004 under the Companies Act, 1956. Newfound is involved in the business of building, contracting, erecting, leasing, constructing of buildings, houses, apartments, structures or residential, office, industrial, institutional or commercial or developing of co-operative housing societies, developers of townships, holiday resorts and hotels.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters directly hold 85.00 % of the issued, subscribed and paid up capital of Newfound.

#### **Details of Group Companies under winding up**

As on the date of this Prospectus, none of our Group Companies is under winding up. Further, as on the date of this Prospectus, no winding up or revocation proceedings or actions have been initiated against any of our Group Companies.

#### **Sick or Defunct Group Companies**

As on the date of this Prospectus, none of our Group Companies have become sick or defunct within the meaning of the erstwhile Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985, and Companies Act, respectively and no application has been made to the RoC for striking off the name of any of our Group Companies during the five years preceding the date of filing of this Prospectus.

Further, none of our Group Companies have been declared insolvent or bankrupt under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 and there are no insolvency or bankruptcy proceedings initiated against any of our Group Companies.

## Nature and extent of interests of our Group Companies

As on the date of this Prospectus:

- i. None of our Group Companies has any interest in the promotion or formation of our Company.
- ii. Except as disclosed below, none of our Group Companies has any interest in any property acquired by our Company within the two years preceding the date of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus or proposed to be acquired by it, or any interest in any transaction by our Company pertaining to acquisition of land, construction of building and supply of machinery, etc:
  - Our Company has acquired through a demerger, approximately 8.62 acres of land from Genext in Bengaluru for our Whitefield project. For details, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters Details regarding acquisition of business/ undertakings, mergers, amalgamation, revaluation of assets, etc." on page 182. Our Company has also entered into a 'memorandum of understanding' that grants our Company an option to acquire leasehold rights for 0.98 acres of land and / or building from Mindspace for our proposed hotel and related services in Airoli. Our Promoters, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja are shareholders and directors of Genext and Mindspace.
- iii. None of our Group Companies have any business or other interest in our Company, except to the extent of any Equity Shares held by the Group Companies and any benefits arising out of such shareholding or out of any related party transactions as mentioned in "Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information Annexure VI Related Party Transactions".
- iv. None of the securities of our Group Companies are listed on any stock exchange or failed to list on any recognised stock exchange in India or abroad or incurred any penalty imposed by any recognised stock exchange in India or abroad.

- v. None of our Group Companies have made any public or rights issue of securities in the preceding 10 years.
- vi. Except as set forth below, none of our Group Companies have an outstanding unsecured loan taken from our Company, which may be recalled by the lender at any time:

Group Company	Outstanding unsecured loan taken from Company (₹)
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private	₹ 250.00 million
Limited	

vii. Except as set forth below, our Company also does not have an outstanding unsecured loan taken from any of our Group Companies, which may be recalled by them at any time:

Group Company	Outstanding unsecured loan taken from Group Company (₹)
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private	₹ 8.00 million
Limited	

viii. Further, except as set forth in "Summary Financial Information" on page 259, our Company does not have any sales or purchase transactions with our Group Companies exceeding, in the aggregate, 10% of the total sales or purchases of our Company. For more information on business transactions with our Group Companies and their significance on our financial performance, see "Summary Financial Information" on page 259.

### **Common pursuits of our Group Companies**

Our Company is primarily in the hospitality and related ancillary developments business. There are no common pursuits amongst our Group Companies and us in relation to the same.

There are certain Group Companies which are engaged in the development of real estate as set out below:

- 1. Cavalcade: Real Estate Development
- 2. Inorbit: Retail/Mall development, leasing and operational management
- 3. Intime: Commercial Real Estate Development
- 4. K Raheja Corporate: Real Estate Development
- 5. K Raheja IT Park: Commercial Real Estate Development
- 6. Mindspace: Commercial Real Estate Development
- 7. Newfound: Commercial Real Estate Development
- 8. Pact: Residential Development
- 9. Sundew Properties: Commercial Real Estate Development
- 10. Trion: Retail/Mall development, leasing and operational management
- 11. Pramaan: Real Estate Development
- 12. Nirankar: Real Estate Development

#### **Related Party Transactions**

Except as set forth in "Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information - Annexure VI - Related Party Transactions" and "Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information - Annexure VI - Related Party Transactions" on page 454 and 297 respectively, no related party transactions have been entered into between our Group Companies and our Company, as on the date of the Restated Summary Financial Information included in this Prospectus.

#### **Confirmations**

No portion of the Fresh Issue proceeds is proposed to be paid to our Group Companies.

As on the date of this Prospectus, none of our Group Companies have been declared as a wilful defaulter, as defined under the SEBI ICDR Regulations and there are no violations of securities laws committed by any of them in the past and no proceedings for violation of securities laws are pending against them.

As on the date of this Prospectus, none of our Group Companies have been prohibited by the SEBI or any other regulatory or governmental authorities from accessing the capital markets for any reasons.

## RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For details of the related party transactions during the six months ended September 30, 2018 and for the Fiscals 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014, as per the requirements under Ind AS 24 "Related Party Disclosures", see "Summary Financial Information – Annexure VI - Notes to restated standalone summary financial information." on page 296 and "Summary Financial Information – Annexure VI - Notes to restated consolidated summary financial information." on page 454.

#### DIVIDEND POLICY

The SEBI LODR Regulations requires listed companies to formulate a dividend distribution policy. Our Company has framed this policy to comply with the aforesaid requirements which has been approved by the Board. This policy shall be effective and applicable for dividend, if any, declared for Fiscal 2019 onwards. Dividends will generally be recommended by the Board once a year, after the announcement of the full year results and before the AGM, out of the profits of our Company for the current year or out of profits of our Company for any previous financial years or out of both, as may be permitted by the Companies Act 2013. In the event of inadequacy or absence of profits in any year, the Board may recommend declaring dividend out of the accumulated profits earned by our Company in any previous financial years and transferred to free reserves, provided such declaration of dividend shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and rules framed thereunder. The Board may also declare interim dividends as may be permitted by the Companies Act 2013. Subject to the provisions of the applicable laws, our Company's dividend payout will be determined based on available financial resources, investment and business requirements and taking into account optimal shareholder return.

While determining the nature and quantum of the dividend pay-out, the Board would take into account the following factors:

*Internal Factors*: Cash flow position of our Company, profit after tax during the financial year, working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirement, future cash requirements for business expansion / organic growth and / or for inorganic growth, likelihood of crystalization of contingent liabilities, if any, upgradation of technology and physical infrastructure, debt levels and cost of borrowings and past dividend pay-out ratio / trends.

*External Factors*: Business cycles, industry outlook for the future, economic environment, capital markets, global conditions, changes in the government policies and regulatory provisions and guidelines.

Circumstances under which the shareholders of the Company may or may not expect dividend: The shareholders of our Company may not expect dividend in the following circumstances, subject to discretion of the Board: a) proposed expansion plans, renovations and up-gradations requiring higher capital allocation, b) decision to undertake any acquisitions, amalgamations, merger, joint ventures, new launches etc. which requires significant capital outflow, c) requirement of higher working capital for the purpose of business of the Company, d) debt obligations, e) proposal for buy-back of securities and f) in the event of loss or inadequacy of profit.

*Utilization of retained earnings*: The Board may retain its earnings in order to make better use of the available funds and increase the value of the stakeholders in the long run. The decision of utilization of the retained earnings of our Company shall be based on the following factors: a) market expansion plans, b) organic and / or inorganic growth, c) diversification of business, d) long term strategic plans for growth, e) replacement of capital assets and f) such other criteria's as the Board may deem fit from time to time.

*Objective of the dividend policy*: The Board our Company has considered the above, and also taken into account the following objectives of the dividend distribution policy:

- This dividend distribution policy establishes the principles to ascertain amounts that can be
  distributed to Equity Shareholders as dividend by our Company as well as enable our Company
  to strike a balance between pay-out and retained earnings, in order to address future needs of
  our Company.
- The hospitality industry is a capital intensive industry and the hotels of our Company are owned by our Company which entails substantial capital outlays.
- The objective of this Policy is to reward its shareholders by returning a portion of its profits after retaining sufficient funds for growth of our Company thus maximizing shareholders' value.
- The Policy sets forth the broad principles for guiding the Board and the Management in matters concerning declaration and distribution of dividend, with a view to ensure fairness, transparency, sustainability and consistency in the decision for distributing profits to shareholders.

- Our Company believes that driving growth creates maximum shareholder value. Thus, our Company would first utilise its profits inter- alia for working capital requirements, capital expenditure to meet expansion needs, reducing borrowings, earmarking reserves for growth opportunities and thereafter distributing the surplus profits in the form of dividend to the shareholders.
- The Policy shall broadly specify the external and internal factors including financial parameters that shall be considered while declaring dividend and the circumstances under which the shareholders of our Company may or may not expect dividend and how the retained earnings shall be utilized, etc.

The amounts paid as dividends in the past are not necessarily indicative of our Company's dividend amounts, if any, in the future and there is no guarantee that any dividends will be declared or paid in the future. For details in relation to the risk involved, see "*Risk Factors*" on page 18.

In addition, our ability to pay dividends may be impacted by restrictive covenants under the loan or financing arrangements which our Company is currently availing of or may enter into to finance our fund requirements for our business activities. For further details, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 619.

Our Company has not paid any dividend on the Equity Shares or Preference Shares issued by our Company in the last five financial years.

#### SECTION V – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Particulars Particulars	Page Nos.
Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information	259 to 413
Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information	414 to 585

#### Private and confidential

The Board of Directors Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G' Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex Bandra East MUMBAI 400 051

20 December 2018

#### Dear Sirs

- 1) We have examined, as appropriate (refer paragraph 5 below), the attached Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) (the "Company"), which comprise of the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at 30 September 2018, 31 March 2018, 31 March 2017, 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014, the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Changes in Equity and the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for each of the years ended 31 March 2018, 31 March 2017, 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 and the summary of significant accounting policies, read together with the annexures and notes thereto and other restated financial information explained in paragraph 7 below (co`llectively, the 'Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information"), for the purpose of inclusion in the offer document prepared by the Company in connection with its proposed initial public offer of Equity shares by way of fresh issue and an offer for sale by the existing shareholders ('the proposed issue'). The Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information has been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company prepared in terms of the requirements of:
  - (a) Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act");
  - (b) the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 as amended from time to time in pursuance of provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009") (in consonance with the information in DRHP as advised by the merchant bankers); and
  - (c) the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2016) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") (the "Guidance Note").

- 2) The preparation of the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information is the responsibility of the Management of the Company for the purpose set out in paragraph 11 below. The Management's responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining adequate internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information. The Management is also responsible for identifying and ensuring that the Company complies with the Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009 and the Guidance Note.
- 3) We have examined such Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information after taking into consideration:
  - (a) The terms of reference and terms of our engagement agreed upon with you in accordance with our engagement letter dated 18 October 2018 in connection with the proposed issue of equity shares of the Company; and
  - (b) The Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2016) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') ("The Guidance Note").
- 4) This Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information has been compiled by the management as follows:
  - (a) As at and for the period ended 30 September 2018: From the audited standalone interim Ind AS financial statements of the Company as at and for the period ended 30 September 2018, prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meeting held on 20 December 2018;
  - (b) As at and for the year ended 31 March 2018: From the audited standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 March 2018, prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meeting held on 12 June 2018;
  - (c) As at and for the year ended 31 March 2017: From the comparative period (i.e. as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017) for the audited standalone Ind AS financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2018 prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meeting held on 12 June 2018. The comparative period as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017 has been restated based on the audited standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2017 prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, and the other relevant provisions of the Act, which had been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meeting held on 27 July 2017.

These audited standalone financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017 have been converted into Ind AS to align accounting policies, exemptions and disclosures as adopted for the preparation of the first Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2018 and form the comparative period of the said first Ind AS financial statements of the Company; and

(d) As at and for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014: From the audited standalone financial statements of the Company as at and for the years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015, prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, and the other relevant provisions of the Act, which had been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meetings held on 3 August 2016 and 14 July 2015 respectively.

From the audited standalone financials statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 March 2014, prepared in accordance with the Accounting standards prescribed under Section 211 (3C) of the Companies Act, 1956 read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meeting held on 5 September 2014.

These audited standalone financial statements of the Company as at and for each of the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 have been converted into Ind AS to align accounting policies, exemptions and disclosures as adopted for the preparation of the first Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2018. These Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information as at and for each of the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 is referred to as "the Proforma Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information".

5) The audit of the Company's standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017 was conducted by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, and accordingly reliance has been placed on the audited standalone financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The audit of the Company's standalone financial statements as at and for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 was conducted by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, and accordingly reliance has been placed on the Proforma Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information examined by them as at and for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014. The examination report included for these years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 is based solely on the report dated 20 December 2018 submitted by Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP.

Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP have also confirmed that the Proforma Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information as at and for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014:

- (a) have been made after incorporating adjustments for the changes in accounting policies retrospectively in respective financial years to reflect the same accounting treatment as per changed accounting policy for all the reporting years / period;
- (b) have been made after incorporating adjustments for the material amounts in the respective financial years / period to which they relate; and
- (c) do not contain any extra-ordinary items that need to be disclosed separately, other than those presented in the Proforma Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information and do not contain any qualifications requiring adjustments.

- 6) Based on our examination and in accordance with the requirements of the Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009 (in consonance with the information in DRHP as advised by the merchant bankers), the Guidance Note and terms of our engagement agreed with you, read together with paragraph 4 above and for reliance placed on the reports of the previous auditors as referred to in paragraph 5 above, we report that:
  - (a) The Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Company, as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 examined and reported upon by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, on which reliance has been placed by us, and as at 30 September 2018, 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 examined by us, as set out in Annexure I to this report, have been arrived at after making adjustments and regrouping/reclassifications as in our opinion were appropriate and more fully described in the Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII of the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information.
  - (b) The Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss of the Company, for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 examined and reported upon by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, on which reliance has been placed by us, and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 examined by us, as set out in Annexure II to this report, have been arrived at after making adjustments and regroupings/reclassifications as in our opinion, were appropriate and more fully described in the Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII of the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information.
  - (c) The Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Changes in Equity of the Company, for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 examined and reported upon by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, on which reliance has been placed by us, and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 examined by us, as set out in Annexure III to this report, have been arrived at after making adjustments and regroupings/reclassifications as in our opinion, were appropriate and more fully described in the Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII of the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information.
  - (d) The Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Cash Flows of the Company, for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 examined and reported upon by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, on which reliance has been placed by us, and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 examined by us, as set out in Annexure IV to this report, have been arrived at after making adjustments and regroupings/reclassifications as in our opinion, were appropriate and more fully described in the Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII of the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information.
  - (e) Based on the above and according to the information and explanations given to us and also as per the reliance placed on the reports submitted by the previous auditors Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP for the respective years, we further report that the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information:

- i. have been made after incorporating adjustments for change in accounting policies retrospectively in respective financial years to reflect the same accounting treatment as per changed accounting policy for all the reporting years / period;
- ii. have been made after incorporating adjustments for the material amounts in the respective financial years / period to which they relate;
- iii. do not contain any exceptional items that need to be disclosed separately other than those presented in the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information in the respective financial years / period and do not contain any qualifications requiring adjustments; and
- iv. do not have any qualifications and other remarks / comments in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 issued by Central Government of India under sub-section (4A) of Section 227 of Companies Act 1956 / Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015 and Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India, in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act (together referred to as 'CARO') which require any corrective adjustment in the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information.
- 7) We have also examined the following Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information of the Company as set out in the Annexures prepared by the management of the Company and approved by the Board of Directors, on 20 December 2018 as at 30 September 2018, 31 March 2018, 31 March 2017, 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for each of the years ended 31 March 2018, 31 March 2017, 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 (in respect of the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014, this information has been included based upon the examination reports submitted by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, and relied upon by us):
  - (i) Basis of preparation and significant accounting policies as enclosed in Annexure V;
  - (ii) Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information as enclosed in Annexure VI;
  - (iii) Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements as enclosed in Annexure VII;
  - (iv) Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Other Income, as enclosed in Annexure VIII;
  - (v) Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Accounting Ratios, as enclosed in Annexure IX;
  - (vi) Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Capitalisation, as enclosed in Annexure X;
  - (vii) Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Tax Shelter, as enclosed in Annexure XI;
  - (viii) Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Dividend, as enclosed in Annexure XII.

## 8) Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following matters in Annexure VII: Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements in the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information:

#### As at and for the period ended 30 September 2018:

A. Note 1.2 to the audited standalone interim Ind AS financial statements, which describes the basis of preparation. The Company has not presented the corresponding figures for the previous period in these audited standalone interim Ind AS financial statements as these have been prepared for inclusion in the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information in the Red Herring Prospectus / Prospectus in connection with the proposed issue of Equity Shares of the Company by way of a fresh issue and/or an offer for sale by the existing shareholders. These audited standalone interim Ind AS financial statements are not the statutory standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company.

## As at and for the year ended 31 March 2018:

B. Note 42 (b) in respect of the Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') between Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ('Genext') and the Company for demerger of the Hotel undertaking and Retail undertaking ('demerged undertaking') of Genext which has been approved by the National Company Law Tribunal ('NCLT') at Mumbai and Bengaluru and other regulatory authorities on 11 September 2017, with effect from the Appointed date specified in the Scheme i.e. 1 November 2016. The Scheme has been accounted in the manner prescribed by the NCLT order i.e. the book values of the assets, liabilities and reserves of the demerged undertaking of Genext as of 1 November 2016 have been recorded by the Company and the identity of the reserves have been maintained. The excess of the book value of the net assets and reserves of the demerged undertaking of Genext acquired over the face value of the shares issued by the Company amounting to Rs 189.53 million has been debited to Goodwill in accordance with the Scheme. This accounting treatment is different from that prescribed under Ind AS 103 on Business Combination.

## As at and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended 31 March 2018, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016:

C. Note 43 (c) in respect of the entire building comprising of the hotel and apartments therein, purchased together with a demarcated portion of the leasehold rights to land at Vashi (Navi Mumbai), from K. Raheja Corp Private Limited, on which the Company's Four Points by Sheraton Hotel has been built. The allotment of land by City & Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Limited ('CIDCO') to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited has been challenged by two public interest litigations and the matter is currently pending with the Honorable Supreme Court of India. Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter, no adjustments have been made in the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information as at 30 September 2018 to the carrying value of the leasehold rights (reflected as prepayments) and the hotel assets thereon aggregating to Rs 497.90 million, Rs 503.49 million, Rs 530.18 million and Rs 567.14 million as at 30 September 2018, 31 March 2018, 31 March 2016 respectively.

### As at and for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016:

D. Note 37 regarding suspension of construction activity and sale of flats at the Company's Bengaluru Residential Project. At 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016 amounts related to the project carried under inventories was Rs 2,659.87 million and Rs 2,533.02 million and under trade receivables was Rs 9.12 million and Rs 6.77 million respectively. No provision against these amount was considered necessary by the Company at that stage.

## As at and for the year ended 31 March 2014:

E. Note 37, wherein pursuant to an interim order passed by the High Court of Karnataka following an objection raised by Hindustan Aeronautical Limited, during the year the Company had to stop construction activity at the Bengaluru project and sale of further flats for all wings, above 40 meters.

Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter, the Company had not recognized profits during the year on flats sold above 40 meters and had derecognized profits on sales of previous years that had been cancelled during the year. The Company had also recompensed flat owners, in accordance with a litigation plan framed by the Company for customers, with payments on account of the delay in completion of the project as a result of the above matter. Additionally provision for estimated loss on account of cancellation in the subsequent year had been made in the accounts.

Our report is not qualified in respect of these matters.

- 9) This report should not in any way be construed as a reissuance or re-dating of any of the previous audit reports issued by us or by other firms of Chartered Accountants, nor should this report be construed as a new opinion on any of the financial statements referred to herein.
- 10) We have no responsibility to update our report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of the report.
- 11) Our report is intended solely for use of the management and for inclusion in the offer document to be filed with Securities and Exchange Board of India, and stock exchanges where the equity shares are proposed to be listed and the relevant Registrar of Companies in India in connection with the proposed issue of Equity Shares of the Company by way of fresh issue and an offer for sale by the existing shareholders. Our report should not be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose except with our prior consent in writing.

### For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

#### Aniruddha Godbole

Partner

Membership No: 105149

Mumbai

20 December 2018

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure I-Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities

	Notes to Annexure VI	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014
	**				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
ASSETS							
Non-current assets	2	20,929.19	21,210.47	21,803.82	19,411.89	19,478.98	11,228.25
Property, plant and equipment Capital work-in-progress	3	169.85	21,210.47	223.59	316.11	487.62	5,720.16
Investment property	4	6,710.32	6,736.65	6,424.19	4,525.03	3,502.95	1,596.36
Goodwill	5	226.11	226.11	226.11	36.58	36.58	36.58
Other intangible assets	6	12.39	18.53	29.78	37.92	40.94	6.25
Financial assets	· ·	12107	10.55	23.70	37.52	10.71	0.25
(i) Investment in subsidiaries	7	-	-	0.10	0.10	0.29	0.29
(ii) Other Investments	8	43.17	43.17	3.08	474.24	128.41	115.41
(iii) Loans	9	101.72	110.65	105.48	117.17	110.81	71.53
(iv) Others	10	50.07	50.00	14.02	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets (net)	24	1,175.30	952.70	982.15	834.53	449.00	407.64
Other non-current assets	11	105.66	89.19	109.21	113.89	252.03	294.02
Non-current tax assets (net)	_	458.04	461.79	337.80	212.42	163.31	79.29
Total non current assets	_	29,981.82	30,118.41	30,259.33	26,079.88	24,650.92	19,555.78
Current assets							
Inventories	12	3,975.02	4,188.97	4,264.02	4,330.72	4,323.28	4,054.13
Financial assets		500 FA	520.10	207.20	101.20	100.02	156.00
(i) Trade receivables	13	533.72	539.12	296.20	181.38	100.82	156.98
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	14a 14b	339.87	294.27	224.26	210.02	174.19	926.46
(iii) Bank balances other than above (iv) Loans	140 15	20.83	21.50 2,364.90	103.44 1,793.47	131.82 1,378.12	138.73 1,074.74	96.64 1,923.47
(v) Others	15 16	1,868.86 285.66	2,364.90	38.79	1,3/8.12	1,074.74	1,923.47
Other current assets	10 17	558.25	518.03	446.02	414.79	355.03	307.87
Total current assets	17 _	7,582.21	8,134.02	7,166.20	6,646.85	6,178.45	7,654.28
	_	7,002121	0,10 1102	7,100120			ĺ
Assets classified as held for sale	18	-	-	-	2,870.27	3,763.93	4,346.15
TOTAL ASSETS	_	37,564.03	38,252.43	37,425.53	35,597.00	34,593.30	31,556.21
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES							
Equity	**	4.540.05	1.710.05	1 521 42	1 501 40	1.501.40	1 521 42
Equity share capital	19	1,710.95	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42
Other equity	20 _	3,194.00	3,522.96	3,480.40	3,953.74	5,109.58	5,293.74
Total equity	_	4,904.95	5,233.91	5,001.82	5,475.16	6,631.00	6,815.16
Non current liabilities							
Financial liabilities							
(i) Borrowings	21	23,484.42	22,151.53	20,505.76	19,022.83	15,386.92	14,205.70
(ii) Others	22	115.76	151.77	32.46	53.03	26.62	20.20
Provisions	23	42.99	38.11	57.62	55.74	51.19	36.80
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	24	621.06	592.20	699.19	1,078.67	1,201.64	1,018.23
Other non-current liabilities	25	33.74	28.08	21.14	=	=	-
Total non current liabilities	_	24,297.97	22,961.69	21,316.17	20,210.27	16,666.37	15,280.93
Current liabilities							
Financial liabilities	27	4 4 4 4 4 5	1 222 22	2 005 65	2 200 20	1 721 42	1 227 05
(i) Borrowings	26 27	1,141.35	1,377.77	3,005.67	2,388.29	1,731.42	1,337.05
(ii) Trade payables (a) Due to micro and small enterprises	27	5.85	4.75	5.46	0.70	0.19	0.23
(refer note 44)							
(b) Due to others		798.81	854.25	841.26	651.17	596.45	589.07
(iii) Other financial liabilities	28	2,572.24	3,761.57	3,124.62	2,318.74	4,304.31	2,389.06
Other current liabilities	29	2,859.82	3,099.87	2,982.01	3,333.36	3,492.40	3,953.84
Provisions	30 _	983.04	958.62	1,148.54	1,219.29	1,171.17	1,190.86
Total current liabilities	_	8,361.11	10,056.83	11,107.54	9,911.57	11,295.93	9,460.12
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	37,564.03	38,252.43	37,425.53	35,597.00	34,593.30	31,556.21

The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statements of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

As per our examination report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W- For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) (CIN No. U55101MH1986PLC038538)

Aniruddha Godbole Partner

Membership No: 105149

Sanjay Sethi Managing Director & CEO (DIN 00641243) Rajeev Newar Executive Director & CFO (DIN 00468125)

 Mumbai
 Mumbai

 December 20, 2018
 December 20, 2018

Christabelle Baptista Company Secretary Membership No: A17817

#### Annexure II: Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss

(Rs. in million)

4

Revenue from operations   31   4,698,68   8,737,83   7,058,79   5,729,43   4,405,63		Notes to Annexure	For the period ended	For the year ended				
Revenue from operations		VI		March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
Other income         32         283.33         447.44         2,186.49         235.36         278.05           Total Income (A)         4,982.01         9,185.27         9,245.28         5,964.79         4,683.68         5           Expenses         33(a)         316.78         194.80         207.99         251.54         349.98         5           Food and beverages consumed         33(b)         440.98         822.20         667.35         604.45         426.81						Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Other income         32         283.33         447.44         2,186.49         235.36         278.05           Total Income (A)         4,982.01         9,185.27         9,245.28         5,964.79         4,683.68         5           Expenses         33(a)         316.78         194.80         207.99         251.54         349.98         5           Food and beverages consumed         33(b)         440.98         822.20         667.35         604.45         426.81	Revenue from operations	31	4.698.68	8 737 83	7 058 79	5 729 43	4 405 63	4,576.17
A   Second   A   Second   Second   A   Sec	•					,		590.51
Expenses   State development costs   33(a)   316.78   194.80   207.99   251.54   349.98   150 cod and beverages consumed   33(b)   430.98   822.20   667.35   604.45   426.81   426.8		_						5,166.68
Real state development costs   33(a)   316.78   194.80   207.99   251.54   349.98   150.00 and beverages consumed   33(b)   430.98   822.20   667.35   604.45   426.81   160.00   184.88   256.17   218.40   189.98   306.04   306.10   306	* *	_		7,200121	7,210120	2,, 2,	1,000100	-,,,,,,,,,,
Food and beverages consumed   33(b)   430,98   822.20   667.35   604.45   426.81	•	33(a)	316.78	194.80	207.99	251.54	349.98	696.42
Operating supplies consumed   33(c)   118.48   256.17   218.40   189.98   306.04   2mployee benefits expense   34   726.91   1,295.59   1,188.25   1,067.19   861.80   2,032.23   3,221.49   2,653.89   2,300.33   1,749.98   1   1,749.80   1   1,7	•							409.02
Employee benefits expense Other expenses 34 726.91 1,295.59 1,188.25 1,067.19 861.80 Other expenses 36 2,032.23 3,221.49 2,653.89 2,300.33 1,749.98 1  Total Expenses (B) 3,625.38 5,790.25 4,935.88 4,413.49 3,694.61 2  Earnings before interest, depreciation, amortisation and tax (EBITDA) before exceptional items (C) (A - B)  Depreciation and amortisation expenses 2,4,6 569.26 1,116.33 1,269.80 988.12 617.72 1,596.55 1  CLoss/profit before exceptional items and tax (D) 608.07 186.09 885.99 (1,594.08) (1,225.20) (2,550.01) (2,500.01) (2	•							122.04
Other expenses 36 2,032.23 3,221.49 2,653.89 2,300.33 1,749.98 1  Total Expenses (B) 3,625.38 5,790.25 4,935.88 4,413.49 3,694.61 2  Earnings before interest, depreciation, amortisation and tax (EBITDA) before exceptional items (C) (A - B)  Depreciation and amortisation expenses 2,46 569.26 1,116.33 1,269.80 988.12 617.72 1,596.55 1  (Loss)/profit before exceptional items and tax (D) (608.07) 186.09 885.99 (1,594.08) (1,225.20) (82.59) (608.07) 136.09 885.99 (1,594.08) (1,225.20) (82.59) (608.07) 132.01 818.18 (1,666.28) (1,307.79) (108.07) 132.01 1								679.74
Earnings before interest, depreciation, amortisation and tax (EBITDA) before exceptional items (C) (A - B)  Depreciation and amortisation expenses 2,4,6 569.26 1,116.33 1,269.80 988.12 617.72 Finance Costs 35 1,395.44 2,092.60 2,153.61 2,157.26 1,596.55 1  (Loss)/profit before exceptional items and tax (D) (608.07) 186.09 885.99 (1,594.08) (1,225.20)  Exceptional items (E) 37 - (54.08) (67.81) (72.20) (82.59) (0.000)  Exceptional items (F) (D+E) (608.07) 132.01 818.18 (1,666.28) (1,307.79) (1.000)  Tax (credit)/expense (G): 1. Current tax 24	* *			,		,		1,712.69
Class/profit before exceptional items (C) (A - B)   Class/profit before exceptional items and tax (D)   Class/profit before exceptional items and tax (D)   Class/profit before exceptional items (E)   37   Class (Construction of tax (F) (D+E)   Class/profit before tax (F) (D+E)	Total Expenses (B)	_	3,625.38	5,790.25	4,935.88	4,413.49	3,694.61	3,619.91
tax (EBITDA) before exceptional items (C) (A - B)  Depreciation and amortisation expenses 2,4,6 569.26 1,116.33 1,269.80 988.12 617.72 1,594.60 1,596.55 1,5		_						
Finance Costs 35 1,395,44 2,092.60 2,153.61 2,157.26 1,596.55 1  (Loss)/profit before exceptional items and tax (D) (608.07) 186.09 885.99 (1,594.08) (1,225.20)  Exceptional items (E) 37 - (54.08) (67.81) (72.20) (82.59) (  (Loss)/profit before tax (F) (D+E) (608.07) 132.01 818.18 (1,666.28) (1,307.79) (1  Tax (credit)/expense (G):  1. Current tax 24			1,356.63	3,395.02	4,309.40	1,551.30	989.07	1,546.77
Finance Costs 35 1,395,44 2,092.60 2,153.61 2,157.26 1,596.55 1  (Loss)/profit before exceptional items and tax (D) (608.07) 186.09 885.99 (1,594.08) (1,225.20) (82.59) (1,594.08) (1,225.20) (82.59) (1,594.08) (1,225.20)	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	2.4.6	569.26	1,116.33	1,269.80	988.12	617.72	595.95
Closs/profit before tax (F) (D+E)   (608.07)   132.01   818.18   (1,666.28)   (1,307.79)   (1 Tax (credit)/expense (G):	1			,			1,596.55	1,368.20
(Loss)/profit before tax (F) (D+E) (608.07) 132.01 818.18 (1,666.28) (1,307.79) (1  Tax (credit)/expense (G):  1. Current tax 24	(Loss)/profit before exceptional items and tax (D)	_	(608.07)	186.09	885.99	(1,594.08)	(1,225.20)	(417.38)
Tax (credit)/expense (G):  1. Current tax 24 2. Deferred tax (credit) (Loss)/profit for the period/year (H) (F-G)  Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax  Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss  Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans  (5.78) 22.54 0.20 1.93 (3.98) 1.26 0.13 1.26 (2.60)  Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax	Exceptional items (E)	37	-	(54.08)	(67.81)	(72.20)	(82.59)	(838.58)
1. Current tax 24	(Loss)/profit before tax (F) (D+E)	_	(608.07)	132.01	818.18	(1,666.28)	(1,307.79)	(1,255.96)
2. Deferred tax (credit) (Loss)/profit for the period/year (H) (F-G) (416.34) 231.75 1,301.40 (1,131.12) (1,163.52) (  Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax  Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans (5.78) 22.54 0.20 1.93 (3.98) Income tax on above 2.02 (7.88) (0.07) (0.67) 1.38  Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax								
(Loss)/profit for the period/year (H) (F-G) (416.34) 231.75 1,301.40 (1,131.12) (1,163.52) ( Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax    Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss   Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans (5.78) 22.54 0.20 1.93 (3.98)   Income tax on above 2.02 (7.88) (0.07) (0.67) 1.38   Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax		24	-	-	-	-	-	65.00
Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax  Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans (5.78) 22.54 0.20 1.93 (3.98) Income tax on above 2.02 (7.88) (0.07) (0.67) 1.38  Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax	2. Deferred tax (credit)	24	. ,	. /	(483.22)	(535.16)	(144.27)	(335.03)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss     Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans   (5.78)   22.54   0.20   1.93   (3.98)     Income tax on above   2.02   (7.88)   (0.07)   (0.67)   1.38     Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of the defined benefit plans   (5.78)   22.54   0.20   1.93   (3.98)     Income tax on above   (0.07)   (0.67)   1.38     Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (2.60)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (3.76)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (3.76)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (3.76)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (3.76)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (3.76)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (3.76)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (3.76)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (3.76)     The state of tax on above   (3.76)   14.66   0.13   1.26   (3.76)   1.26	(Loss)/profit for the period/year (H) (F-G)	_	(416.34)	231.75	1,301.40	(1,131.12)	(1,163.52)	(985.93)
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans   (5.78)   22.54   0.20   1.93   (3.98)		,						
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans   (5.78)   22.54   0.20   1.93   (3.98)	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss							
1.38   1.38   1.38   1.38   1.26   1.38   1.26   1.38   1.26   1.38   1.26   1.38			(5.78)	22.54	0.20	1.93	(3.98)	(4.73)
Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net of tax	•		, ,	(7.88)	(0.07)	(0.67)	, ,	1.61
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the period/year (420.10) 246.41 1,301.53 (1,129.86) (1,166.12)	Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year,	, <u> </u>				( /		(3.12)
	Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the period/year	_	(420.10)	246.41	1,301.53	(1,129.86)	(1,166.12)	(989.05)
Earnings per equity share Basic and diluted earnings per share 38 (2.43) 1.35 8.14 (7.43) (7.65)	0 . · ·	38	(2.43)	1 25	Q 1.4	(7.42)	(7.65)	(6.48)

The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

As per our examination report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

(CIN No. U55101MH1986PLC038538)

Aniruddha Godbole

Partner

Membership No: 105149

Sanjay Sethi Managing Director & CEO (DIN 00641243) Rajeev Newar Executive Director & CFO (DIN 00468125)

#### Annexure III: Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Changes in Equity

(a) Equity share capital (Rs. in million)

	As at September 30, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period/year Changes in equity share capital during the period/year	1,710.95	1,521.42 189.53	1,521.42 -	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42		
Balance at the end of the reporting period/year	1,710.95	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42		
(b) Other equity				to the owners of the Co				
	Equity Component of Compound Instrument	Shares pending allotment	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	General reserve	ESOP Reserve	Retained earnings *	Total
Balance at March 31, 2018 Total comprehensive income for the period		-	0.05	1,418.13	35.78	-	2,069.01	3,522.96
Additions during the period	86.08	-	-	-	-	5.06	-	91.14
Profit for the period Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(416.34)	(416.34) (3.76)
Total comprehensive income for the period	86.08		-	-	-	5.06	(420.10)	(328.96)
Impact of adoption of Ind AS 115, net of tax (refer Balance at September 30, 2018	86.08		0.05	1,418.13	35.78	5.06	1,648.91	3,194.00
		189.53	0.05	-			-	
Balance at March 31, 2017 Total comprehensive income for the year		189.53	0.05	1,418.13	35.78		1,836.91	3,480.40
Profit for the year Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	231.75 14.66	231.75 14.66
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	246.41	246.41
Others Shares issued during the year	-	(189.53)	_	-	-	-		(189.53)
Impact of change in tax rate on fair valuation of land Balance at March 31, 2018		-	0.05	1,418,13	35.78	-	(14.31) 2,069.01	(14.31) 3,522.96
				,				
Balance at March 31, 2016 Total comprehensive income for the year		-	0.05	992.60	-	-	2,961.09	3,953.74
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	1,301.40	1,301.40
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)  Total comprehensive income for the year		-		-	-	-	0.13 1.301.53	0.13 1,301.53
Others					***		(2.12.51)	
Acquired in business combination (refer note 42) Share pending allotment		189.53	-	425.53	35.78	-	(2,425.71)	(1,964.40) 189.53
Balance at March 31, 2017		189.53	0.05	1,418.13	35.78	-	1,836.91	3,480.40
Balance at March 31, 2015 - Proforma		-	0.05	992.60			4,116.93	5,109.58
Total comprehensive income for the year (Loss) for the year		_	_	-	-	-	(1,131.12)	(1,131.12)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)		-	-	-	-	-	1.26	1.26
Total comprehensive income for the year  Others		-	-	-	-	-	(1,129.86)	(1,129.86)
Impact of change in tax rate on fair valuation of land		-	-	-	-	-	(25.98)	(25.98)
Balance at March 31, 2016 - Proforma		-	0.05	992.60	-	-	2,961.09	3,953.74
Balance at March 31, 2014 - Proforma Total comprehensive income for the year		-	0.05	992.60	-	-	4,301.09	5,293.74
(Loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(1,163.52)	(1,163.52)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)  Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(2.60) (1,166.12)	(2.60)
•			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(1,100.12)	(1,100.12)
Others Fair valuation of land (net of tax)		_	_	_	_	_	981.96	981.96
Balance at March 31, 2015 - Proforma		-	0.05	992.60	-	-	4,116.93	5,109.58
Balance at April 1, 2013 - Proforma		-	0.05	992.60	-	-	5,114.72	6,107.37
Total comprehensive income for the year (Loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(985.93)	(985.93)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)		-	-	-	-	-	(3.12)	(3.12)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(989.05)	(989.05)
Others								
Fair valuation of land (net of tax) Impact of change in tax rate on fair valuation of land		-	-	-	-	-	134.24 50.41	134.24 50.41
Add: Amalgamation impact of magna			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(9.23)	(9.23)
Balance at March 31, 2014 - Proforma		-	0.05	992.60	-		4,301.09	5,293.74

<sup>\*</sup> Includes impact of fair valuation of land on transition to Ind AS (net of related tax impact): Rs. 3,710.05 million(March 31, 2018: Rs. 3,710.05 million, March 31 2017: Rs. 3,724.37 million, March 31 2016: Rs. 3,724.37 million, March 31 2015: Rs. 3,750.36 million and March 31 2014: Rs. 2,768.42 million)

The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

As per our examination report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) (CIN No. U55101MH1986PLC038538)

Aniruddha GodboleSanjay SethiRajeev NewarPartnerManaging Director & CEOExecutive Director & CFOMembership No: 105149(DIN 00641243)(DIN 00468125)

 Mumbai
 Mumbai
 Company Secretary

 December 20, 2018
 December 20, 2018
 Membership No: A17817

Annexure IV: Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Cash Flows

(Rs. in million)

		For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015	For the year ended March 31, 2014
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
	(Loss)/profit before Tax	(608.07)	132.01	818.18	(1,666.28)	(1,307.79)	(1,255.96)
	Adjustments for:						
	Interest income	(131.12)	(197.63)	(245.99)	(87.86)	(247.50)	(314.50)
	Depreciation and amortisation	569.26	1,116.33	1,269.80	988.12	617.72	595.95
	Finance costs	1,395.44	2,092.60	2,153.61	2,157.26	1,596.55	1,368.20
	Provision for estimated / actual cancellations and cost of alteration	9.92	54.08	67.81	72.20	82.59	838.58
	Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	(3.55)	(1.23)	(3.85)	(0.03)	(1.80)	(12.02)
	Profit on sale of investments	-	(4.63)	(1,301.24)	-	-	-
	Dividend received	-	(0.00)	-	(7.90)	(1.32)	-
	Provision for doubtful debts	17.07	20.43	1.38	1.55	-	3.23
	Provision for doubtful Advances	9.07					
	Fixed assets written off	0.38	-	29.96	0.52	1.12	-
	Bad debts written off (net)	-	0.52	0.48	0.86	0.28	(256.05)
	Export benefits and entitlements	(89.69)	(200.33)	(314.74)	(95.14)	(8.90)	(256.05)
	Provision for impairment on export benefits and entitlements	-	-	0.96		- (10	-
	Loss on sale of investment	-	-	-	5.78	6.19	4.60
	Stock obsolesence	-	-	-	-		
	Provision for estimated loss on account of cancellations in subsequent Provision for mark to market on derivative contract	(39.38)	(72.39)	(11.31)	46.66	60.49	-
	Provision for interest payment	(33.36)	(72.39)	2.26	40.00	00.49	-
	Gain on mark to market on derivative contracts		-	2.20	-	-	-
	Provision for Diminution in value of Investment written back		-	(0.10)	(0.10)	-	-
	Reversal of cost of sales of flats cancelled		-	(0.10)	(0.10)	-	-
	Unrealised exchange (gain) / loss	413.30	16.33	(129.59)	1.63	6.01	84.92
	Remeasurement impact of Defined benefir obligation	415.50	-	(125.55)	-	-	01.52
	Fair value change on instruments measured at FVTPL		_	_	9.60	_	_
	Sundry Balances written back		_	(19.11)	(11.30)	(0.71)	_
	Others	0.25	13.15	(4.30)	(12.27)	(5.81)	23.94
	Total	2,150.95	2,837.23	1,512,98	3,080,98	2,105.62	2,336.85
							-
	Operating Profit before working capital changes	1,542.88	2,969.24	2,331.16	1,414.70	797.83	1,080.89
	Adjustments:						
	(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables and loans and advances	(45.40)	(300.23)	(75.91)	(178.13)	32.62	(38.98)
	Decrease / (increase) in inventories : hospitality	12.20	13.49	7.45	(15.99)	(2.40)	(20.11)
	Decrease in inventories : property developments	141.52	61.57	211.39	106.73	231.68	(33.52)
	(Decrease) / increase in liabilities and provisions	(319.85)	261.29	(23.81)	227.00	(177.72)	302.82
	Increase/(decrease) in advances received from customers: towards	158.05	(374.48)	(353.99)	(320.84)	(1,032.78)	(331.35)
	sale of residential flats						
	Total	(53.48)	(338.36)	(234.87)	(181.23)	(948.60)	(121.14)
	Direct taxes refunded/(paid)	3.75	(123.99)	(67.11)	(49.11)	(84.73)	(26.82)
	Total	3.75	(123.99)	(67.11)	(49.11)	(84.73)	(26.82)
	NET CASH CENEDATED EDOM/(JISED IN) ODEDATING	1 403 15	2,506.89	2 020 18	1,184.36	(235 50)	932.93
	NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	1,493.15	2,300.69	2,029.18	1,104.30	(235.50)	932.93
В.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
	Purchase of fixed assets (including capital work in progress, capital creditors and capital advances)	(130.27)	(420.70)	(1,144.73)	(1,880.99)	(3,412.48)	(2,705.14)
	Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	10.39	17.96	6.91	19.23	6.70	12.85
	Purchase of investments	(79.79)	(477.39)	(89.72)	(4.36)	(4.14)	(5,011.35)
	Proceeds from sale of investments	-	4.63	4,675.40	543.37	582.22	433.34
	Dividend received	-	-	-	7.90	1.32	-
	Loans given	(886.79)	(7,170.20)	(8,373.10)	(2,633.60)	(2,534.36)	(3,194.16)
	Loans repaid	1,269.53	6,602.03	7,997.36	2,250.20	3,468.95	6,099.81
	Inter corporate deposit placed repaid / ( placed)		-	-		<del>-</del>	500.00
	Interest income received	247.33	197.63	141.70	236.51	237.05	852.69
	Fixed deposits (placed) / matured	(0.07)	(35.98)	6.61	-	-	-
	Margin money received / (placed) (net)	0.67	81.94	76.49	5.90	(42.09)	(19.48)
	-			2 20 4 02	Ø 155.00		(2.024.40)
	NET CASH GENERATED/(USED IN) FROM INVESTING	431.00	(1,200.08)	3,296.92	(1,455.84)	(1,696.83)	(3,031.44)

#### Annexure IV: Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Cash Flows

## C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

(Rs. in million)

Issue of Prefrence shares	260.00	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	2,400.00	5,200.00	2,557.66	9,100.00	4,722.24	4,194.53
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(3,052.01)	(2,725.19)	(4,410.32)	(7,276.30)	(2,183.91)	(1,634.01)
Short term borrowings (net)	(500.79)	(1,960.05)	(609.44)	120.99	466.15	1.84
Interest and finance charges paid	(1,240.68)	(2,076.27)	(2,235.37)	(2,073.91)	(1,604.86)	(1,428.06)
NET CASH (USED IN) / GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	(2,133.49)	(1,561.51)	(4,697.47)	(129.22)	1,399.62	1,134.30
NET (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A) + (B) + ( C)	(209.34)	(254.70)	628.63	(400.70)	(532.71)	(964.21)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - OPENING BALANCE	(138.92)	115.78	(553.22)	(152.52)	380.19	1,344.40
On account of merger (refer note 42)		-	40.37	-	-	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CLOSING BALANCE	(348.26)	(138.92)	115.78	(553.22)	(152.52)	380.19

Notes:

1 Cash and cash equivalents and bank balances includes balances in escrow account which shall be used only for specified purposes as defined under Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2

		For the period ended	For the year ended				
		September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
2	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalent with the balance sheet						
Note:							
	Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 14a)	339.87	294.27	224.26	210.02	174.19	926.46
	Less: Cash credit / over draft accounts from banks (refer note 26)	688.13	433.19	108.48	763.24	326.71	546.27
	Cash and cash equivalent as per restated summary statement of cash flows above	(348.26)	(138.92)	115.78	(553.22)	(152.52)	380.19

 $3\,$   $\,$  The movement of borrowings as per Ind AS 7 is as follows:

	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015	For the year ended March 31, 2014
	September 50, 2016	Wiai Cii 31, 2016	Wiaicii 31, 2017	Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Opening borrowings	25,618.93	23,111.28	20,923.22	18,907.69	16,177.88	13,323.64
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	2,400.00	5,200.00	2,557.66	9,100.00	4,722.24	4,194.53
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(3,052.01)	(2,725.19)	(4,410.32)	(7,276.30)	(2,183.91)	(1,634.01)
Non-cash adjustments	731.99	32.84	(24.21)	191.83	191.48	373.72
Adjustment on account of mergers (refer note 42)	-	-	4,064.93	-	-	(80.00)
	25,698.91	25,618.93	23,111.28	20,923.22	18,907.69	16,177.88

The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

As per our examination report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) (CIN No. U55101MH1986PLC038538)

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Aniruddha GodboleSanjay SethiRajeev NewarPartnerManaging Director & CEOExecutive Director & CFOMembership No: 105149(Din No.00641243)(DIN 00468125)

 Mumbai
 Mumbai
 Company Secretary

 December 20, 2018
 December 20, 2018
 Membership No: A17817

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies

### 1. Basis of preparation and presentation

The Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Chalet Hotels Limited as at September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 and the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Changes in Equity and the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Cash flows for the period/years ended September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 and Restated Other Standalone Financial Information (together referred as 'Restated Standalone Financial Information') has been prepared under Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

For all periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company prepared its audited financial information in accordance with accounting standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 ("Indian GAAP"). The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018 are the Company's first Ind AS financial statements. The date of transition to Ind AS is April 1, 2016.

The Company has elected to present all the five years including the period ended on September 30, 2018 in accordance with Ind AS/ Proforma Ind AS, instead of Indian GAAP. The Restated Standalone Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 has been prepared on Proforma basis (i.e. "Proforma Standalone Ind AS financial information") in accordance with requirements of SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/47 dated March 31, 2016 ("SEBI Circular") and Guidance note on Reports in Company Prospectuses issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS standalone financial information for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the Company has followed the same accounting policy and accounting policy choices (both mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions availed as per Ind AS 101) as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments (both re-measurements and reclassifications) in the accounting heads are made to the Proforma Ind AS Standalone financial information as of and for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014. The basis of preparation for specific items where exemptions have been applied are as follows:

(a) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE): As permitted by Ind AS 101, the Company has elected to fair value land as at the date of transition to Ind AS (April 1, 2016) and use that fair value as its deemed cost at that date with the resultant impact being accounted for in the reserves.

For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS Standalone Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, the same has been accounted in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectus (Revised 2016). The fair value as on transition date is basis the land parcels and subsequent capitalisations made to the cost of land (for purchase of additional FSI) till such date (i.e. April 1, 2016). For the purpose of pushback of such fair value, proportionate fair value of such additions made is calculated based on the ratio of cost (adjusted for inflation) incurred for purchase of such additions to the total cost of such land. The fair value of such additions has been considered in their respective years of purchase by the Company.

**(b)** All other items of PPE have been measured as per the requirements of Ind AS 16 retrospectively

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Basis of preparation and presentation (Continued)

- (c) Intangible assets and Investment Properties- As permitted by Ind AS 101, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its Intangible assets and investment properties recognised as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous Indian GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost. For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS Standalone Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, the Company has provided the depreciation based on the estimated useful life of respective years.
- (d) Ind AS 103 Business Combinations has not been applied to business combinations, which are considered businesses under Ind AS that occurred before 1 April 2016. Pursuant to this exemption, goodwill arising from business combination has been stated at the carrying amount under previous GAAP. Use of this exemption means that the Indian GAAP carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, that are required to be recognised under Ind AS, is their deemed cost at the date of the acquisition after considering specific adjustments as required by Para C4 of Appendix C of Ind AS 101. For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS Standalone Financial Information for the year ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the Company has continued with the existing exemption on the date of transition (i.e. April 1, 2016) and no retrospective assessment/ adjustments have been made except as those required by Para C4 of Appendix C of Ind AS 101.

## (e) Scheme of arrangement - Hotel and Retail Undertaking (refer note 42):

The Board of Directors at their meeting held on 26 October 2013 had approved the merger proposal and approved the "Scheme of Arrangement" to demerge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking (together referred to as 'Demerged Undertaking') at Bengaluru from a subsidiary company, namely Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ('MWDPL') under Section 391 read with Section 394 of the Companies Act, 1956, with effect from 1 April 2013, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of the Shareholders, Honourable High Court of Karnataka at Bangalore and Honourable High Court of Bombay and other statutory and regulatory authorities. The Scheme has become effective from 11 September 2015.

The effect of the above scheme of demerger was given in the standalone statutory accounts in the financial year ended March 31, 2015 when the said scheme has received all the requisite approvals with effect from Appointed Date. However for the purpose of restated Proforma Ind AS Standalone Financial Information, the effect of the above scheme has been given in the standalone financial information on the Appointed Date (1 April 2013). Refer No te-54(IV)(6 & 7).

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Basis of preparation and presentation (Continued)

#### (f) Other material restated adjustments:

#### Reversal of revenue on account of cancellation of flats of residential flats at Bengaluru:

The Company has in the statutory financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 reversed the revenue and derecognised margins, in respect of its residential flats at Bengaluru, in the respective year of cancellation. Also net Interest paid to the Customers as compensation at the time of cancellation of the contract is also recognised in the year of the cancellation of the sale of flats.

For the purpose of Restated Proforma Ind AS Standalone Financial Information, the Company has adjusted the revenue and margin reversals in the year in which such revenue and margins were originally recognised. Also net interest paid to the Customers as compensation at the time of cancellation of the contract is also recognised in the year of the cancellation of the sale of flats is recognised in the respective year's as compensation to customer's for delay. Refer Note (c) of Annexure-VII

The Restated Financial Information (including Restated Standalone Ind AS financial information for the period ended September 30, 2018 and years ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 and Restated Proforma Ind AS Standalone Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014) have been compiled by the Company from the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2018 prepared under Ind AS and Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the years ended March 31, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 prepared under the previous generally accepted accounting principles followed in India ('Previous GAAP or Indian GAAP').;

In accordance with Ind AS 101 First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standard, the Company has presented a reconciliation from the presentation of Restated Standalone Financial Information under Accounting Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 ("Previous GAAP" or "Indian GAAP") to Proforma Ind AS for Restated Proforma Ind AS Standalone Shareholders' equity as at March 31, 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014 and April 1, 2013 and of the Restated Proforma Ind AS Standalone Statement of profit and loss for the years ended March 31, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

As specified in the Guidance Note, the equity balance computed under Proforma Ind AS Standalone Financial Information for the year ended March 31, 2016 (i.e. equity under Indian GAAP as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013 adjusted for impact of Ind AS 101 items and after considering profit or loss for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 with adjusted impact due to Ind- AS principles applied on proforma basis) and equity balance computed in opening Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date (i.e. April 1, 2016), prepared for filing under Companies Act, 2013, differs due to restatement adjustments made as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013. Accordingly, the closing equity balance as at March 31, 2016 of the Proforma Ind AS Standalone Financial Information has not been carried forward to opening Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date already adopted for reporting under Companies Act, 2013. Reconciliation of the same is disclosed in Note 54 of Annexure VI.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Basis of preparation and presentation (Continued)

The Restated Proforma Ind AS Standalone Financial Information have been prepared by the Management of the Company in connection with the proposed listing of equity shares of the Company by way of an offer for sale, to be filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Registrar of Companies, Mumbai and the concerned Stock Exchange in accordance with the requirements of:

- a) Section 26 of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 to the Companies Act, 2013;
- b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") on August 26, 2009, as amended to date in pursuance of provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 read along with SEBI circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/47 dated March 31, 2016 (together referred to as the "SEBI ICDR regulations 2009"). SEBI has issued Securities Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 ('SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018') on 11 September 2018, which are effective from 11 November 2018. Accordingly, on and from the commencement of these regulations, the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009 shall stand rescinded. In consonance with the information in Draft Red Herring Prospectus ('DRHP'), as advised by the merchant bankers, the Company continues to comply with the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009; and
- c) Guidance note on reports in Company prospectuses (revised 2016) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

These Restated Proforma Ind AS Standalone Financial Information have been compiled by the Company from the Audited Standalone Financial Statements and:

- material amounts relating to adjustments for previous years in arriving at profit/loss
  of the years to which they relate, have been appropriately adjusted,
- adjustments for reclassification of the corresponding items of income, expenses, assets and liabilities, in order to bring them in line with the groupings as per the audited Standalone financial statements of the Company as at and for the period ended ended September 30, 2018 prepared under Ind AS and the requirements of the SEBI Regulations, and
- the resultant tax impact on above adjustments has been appropriately adjusted in deferred taxes in the respective years to which they relate.

The Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information has been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) that are measured at fair value (refer- Accounting policy regarding financials instruments);
- assets held for sale measured at lower of cost or fair value less cost to sell;
- defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value less present value of defined benefit obligation; and
- land at fair value on transition date

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## **Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)**

### A. Functional and presentation currency

The Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information is presented in Indian rupees, which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest million with two decimals, unless otherwise indicated.

## B. Use of estimates and judgements

While preparing the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information in conformity with Ind AS, the management has made certain estimates and assumptions that require subjective and complex judgments. These judgments affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the restated standalone summary statement of assets and liabilities date and the reported amount of income and expenses for the reporting period. Future events rarely develop exactly as forecasted and the best estimates require adjustments, as actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

Judgement, estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

## - Determination of the estimated useful lives

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and investment property are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Act. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II and in case of intangible assets, they are estimated by management based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.

#### - Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations

The obligation arising from defined benefit plan is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, trends in salary escalation, actuarial rates and life expectancy. The discount rate is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. The period to maturity of the underlying bonds correspond to the probable maturity of the post-employment benefit obligations. Due to complexities involved in the valuation and its long term nature, defined benefit obligation is sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting period.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## **Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)**

#### - Recognition of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and unutilised business loss and depreciation carry-forwards and tax credits. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilised.

#### - Recognition and measurement of other provisions

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the closing date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore, vary from the amount included in other provisions.

#### - Discounting of long-term financial assets / liabilities

All financial assets / liabilities are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. In case of financial liabilities/assets which are required to subsequently be measured at amortised cost, interest is accrued using the effective interest method.

#### - Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

At inception of an arrangement, the Company determines whether the arrangement is or contains a lease.

At inception or on reassessment of an arrangement that contains a lease, the Company separates payments and other consideration required by the arrangement into those for the lease and those for other elements on the basis of their relative fair values. If the Company concludes for a finance lease that it is impracticable to separate the payments reliably, then an asset and a liability are recognised at an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying asset; subsequently, the liability is reduced as payments are made and an imputed finance cost on the liability is recognised using the Companies incremental borrowing rate. And in case of operating lease, treat all payments under the arrangement as lease payments.

#### - Fair value of financial instruments

Derivatives are carried at fair value. Derivatives includes foreign currency forward contracts. Fair value of foreign currency forward contracts are determined using the fair value reports provided by respective bankers.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following notes:

- Note J impairment test of non-financial assets: key assumptions underlying recoverable amounts; and
- Note L determining the fair value less costs to sell of the assets classified as held for sale on the basis of significant unobservable inputs.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)

#### C. Measurement of fair values

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for, both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following notes:

- Note 2 to Annexure VI Property, plant and equipment (Freehold land)
- Note 4 to Annexure VI Investment property
- Note 17 to Annexure VI Assets classified as held for sale
- Note 47 to Annexure VI Financial instruments

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)

#### 2. Current and non-current classification

The Schedule III to the Act requires assets and liabilities to be classified as either current or non-current.

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- (d) it is cash or a cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for atleast twelve months after the balance sheet date.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be settled in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- (d) the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for atleast twelve months after the balance sheet date.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

#### **Operating cycle**

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents.

Based on the nature of services and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### 3. Significant accounting policies

## A. Business combination

As part of its transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to apply the relevant Ind AS, viz. Ind AS 103, Business combinations, to only those business combinations that occurred on or after the transition date i.e. April 1, 2016.

The Company has accounted merger schemes in a manner prescribed by the High Court orders. The book values of the assets, liabilities and reserves of the Transferor Company have been recorded and the identity of the reserves has been maintained. The excess of book value of the net assets and reserves of the Transferor Company taken over, over the face value of the shares issued by the transferee Company has been debited to the Goodwill as per the Scheme. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment.

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## Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Significant accounting policies (continued)

Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except to the extent related to the issue of debt or equity securities. The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships with the acquiree. Such amounts are recognised in the restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss.

#### **Common control**

Business combinations involving entities that are ultimately controlled by the same parties before and after the business combination are considered as Common control entities. Common control transactions are accounted using pooling of interest method. The financial statements in respect of prior periods have been restated from the period that the Transferor Company became a subsidiary of the Transferee Company where the assets and liabilities of the transferee are recorded at their existing carrying values, the identity of reserves of the transferee company is preserved.

#### B. Revenue

#### i. Real estate development and sale

Revenue from real estate activity is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company, all significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customers and it is not unreasonable to expect ultimate collection and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration.

Revenue from real estate development activity is recognised at a point in time when significant risks and rewards are transferred to the Customer i.e. when the control of the residential flat is transferred to the Customer.

Cost of construction/development includes all costs directly related to the Project and other expenditure as identified by the management which are reasonably allocable to the project.

Unbilled revenue from Real Estate represents revenue recognised over and above amount due as per payment plans agreed with the customers. Progress billings which exceed the costs and recognised profits to date on projects under construction are disclosed as advance received from customers under other current liabilities. Any billed amount that has not been collected is disclosed under trade receivables.

## ii. Hospitality business

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue comprises sale of rooms, food, beverages, smokes and allied services relating to hotel operations. Revenue is recognised upon rendering of the service, provided pervasive evidence of an arrangement exists, tariff / rates are fixed or are determinable and collectability is reasonably certain.

Revenue recognised is net of indirect taxes, returns and discounts.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)

## Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### iii. Rental income

Revenues from property leased out under an operating lease are recognised over the tenure of the lease / service agreement on a straight line basis over the term of the lease, except where the rentals are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation, and except where there is uncertainty of ultimate collection.

### iv. Income from other services

Maintenance income is recognised as and when related expenses are incurred. Income from ancillary services are recognised as and when the services are rendered.

#### v. Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised only when the right to receive the same is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

#### vi. Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instruments or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial assets on initial recognition. Interest income is included in other income in the Restated Standalone statement of profit or loss.

### C. Foreign currency

## Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains / (losses).

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of transactions. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured.

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## Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### D. Employee benefits

#### i. Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering services are classified as short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Short-term benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensation absences, etc., are determined on an undiscounted basis and recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

#### ii. Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans such as Provident Fund and Family pension maintained with Regional Provident Fund Office are expensed as the related service is provided.

Defined benefit plans

The following post – employment benefit plans are covered under the defined benefit plans:

#### Gratuity Fund

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus the Company's defined benefit plans.

When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of changes in equity and in the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

#### iii. Terminal Benefits:

All terminal benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

### iv. Employee stock option expense

The grant date fair value of equity settled share-based payment awards granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees unconditionally become entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as expense is based on the estimate of the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that do meet the related service and non-market vesting conditions at the vesting date.

#### E. Income-tax

Income-tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in net profit in the restated standalone statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in the OCI.

#### i. Current tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit / (tax loss) for the year determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years & items that are never taxable or deductible. Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### ii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries and associates to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Significant accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity or OCI is recognised in equity or OCI and not in the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of profit and loss.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

#### F. Inventories

#### **Hospitality**

Stocks of stores, food and beverages and operating supplies (viz. crockery, cutlery, glassware and linen) are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories comprises of all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present condition and location. Cost is arrived at by the weighted average cost method.

Stocks of stores and spares and operating supplies (viz. crockery, cutlery, glassware and linen) once issued to the operating departments are considered as consumed and expensed to the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss.

## **Real Estate Development (Residential Flats)**

Property is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises of land, development rights, materials, services, and other expenses attributable to the projects. Costs of construction / development (including cost of land) incurred is charged to the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss proportionate to area sold and the balance cost is carried over under inventories as part of property under development.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Significant accounting policies (continued)

Cost of construction material (including unutilised project materials) at site is computed by the weighted moving average method and carried at lower of cost and Net Realizable value.

## G. Property, plant and equipment

#### i. Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisaton and impairment losses, if any except for freehold land which is not depreciated. Cost comprises of purchase price and any attributable cost such as duties, freight, borrowing costs, erection and commissioning expenses incurred in bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted and depreciated for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administration purposes are carried at cost, less any impairment loss recognised. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the company's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of Property, Plant & Equipment when completed and are ready for intended use. Depreciation on these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

#### ii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

#### iii. Transition to Ind AS

For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to apply Ind AS 16 retrospectively to its property, plant and equipment along with selective fair valuation of few assets (Freehold land at Powai and Sahar in Mumbai and Westin at Hyderabad are measured at fair value as deemed cost) and use that carrying value as its deemed cost. While measuring the property, plant and equipment in accordance with Ind AS, the Company has elected to measure certain items of property, plant and equipment at the date of transition to Ind AS at their fair values and use that fair values as their deemed cost.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

### iv. Depreciation

Depreciation is provided using the Straight line method (SLM) as per the useful life of the assets estimated by the management.

Depreciation on addition/deletion of fixed asset made during the year is provided on prorata basis from / upto the date of each addition / deletion. The useful lives of assets estimated by management is same as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act, except in respect of the following categories of assets, where the life is different than that of Schedule II to the Act.

Asset Type		Useful Life		
	F.Y. 2014	F.Y. 2015-17	F.Y. 2018-	Schedule II
			Sep 2018	
Buildings (Interior and Accessories)	10 Years	10 Years	14 Years	NA
Plant and Machinery				
- Food and beverages and Kitchen				
equipment	5 Years	8 Years	8 Years	
- Audio video equipment	7 Years	5 Years	5 Years	_15 Years
- Laundry equipment	7 Years	5 Years	15 Years	
- Others	10 Years	10 Years	14 Years	J
Electrical installations	10 Years	10 Years	14 Years	10 Years
Office Equipments				
- Mobile phones	2 Years	2 Years	2 Years	
- Others	4 Years	4 Years	4 Years	4 Years
Data Processing Equipments	4 Years	3 Years	3 Years	3 Years
Vehicles	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	6 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	7 Years	10 Years	10 Years	10 Years

Building interiors and accessories comprise of the interiors of the Hotel building which will undergo renovation, are depreciated on a SLM basis over a period of 10 years, which in management's view, represents the useful life of such assets.

Building constructed on leasehold land are amortised from the date of commencement of commercial operations over the balance lease period.

Leasehold Improvements are depreciated over the primary period of lease.

Temporary structures and assets costing Rs. 5,000/- or less are depreciated at 100% in the year of capitalization.

Freehold land is measured at fair value as per Ind AS 113 with the resultant impact being accounted for in the reserves. The fair value of the Company's freehold land parcels as at April 1, 2016 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by an independent registered appraiser not related to the Company with appropriate qualifications and relevant experience in the valuation of properties at relevant locations. The fair value was determined based on a combination of Discounted Cash Flow method and Residual method. The fair value of such freehold land has been pushed back to the earliest of reporting period in the restated financial statements in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2016).

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

### H. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### I. Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The management committee assesses the financial performance and position of the company, and makes strategic decisions. It is identified as being the chief operating decision maker for the Company. Refer note 49 for segment information presented.

## J. Intangible assets

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Intangible assets comprises of trademarks and computer software and are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

#### Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

#### **Transition to Ind AS**

On transition of Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognised as at 1 April 2016, measured as per the previous GAAP, and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of such intangible assets.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated over the cost of the asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value. Amortisation is recognised in the Restated Standalone Statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, from the date that they are available for use, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.

Intangible assets are amortised on straight-line method over estimated useful life of 3 years, which in management's view represents the economic useful life of these assets.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate prospectively.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Significant accounting policies (continued)

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists.

If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised for such excess amount. The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case any impairment loss of the revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease to the extent a revaluation reserve is available for that asset.

Goodwill on business combination is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is not recognised.

#### K. Investment property and investment property under construction

#### (a) Recognition and measurement

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Upon initial recognition, an investment property is measured at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its investment property recognised as at 1 April 2016, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of such investment property.

Investment property and investment property under construction represents the cost incurred in respect of areas retail block and commercial office space. Property under construction is accounted for as investment property under construction until construction or development is complete.

Direct expenses like cost of land, including related transaction costs, site labour cost, material used for project construction, project management consultancy, costs for moving the plant and machinery to the site and general expenses incurred specifically for the respective project like insurance, design and technical assistance, and construction overheads are taken as the cost of the project.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

Investment properties are carried individually at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Investment properties under construction are carried individually at cost less impairment, if any. Impairment of investment property is determined in accordance with the policy stated for impairment of assets.

## (a) Depreciation

Depreciation on investment property has been provided pro rata for the period of use by the Straight Line Method. The useful lives of Investment Property is estimated by management and the same is as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act, except in respect of the following categories of assets, where the life of these assets differs from Schedule II.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is recognised in Restated Standalone summary statement of profit and loss.

The fair values of investment property are disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined by an independent valuer who holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued.

Asset Type	F.Y. 2014-17	F.Y. 2018- Sep 2018	Schedule II
Buildings	60 Years	60 Years	60 Years
Buildings (Interior and Accessories)	10 Years	14 Years	NA
Plant and Machinery	10 Years	14 Years	
Plant and Machinery – Others	15 Years	15 years	15 Years
Electrical installations	10 Years	14 Years	10 Years
Office Equipments	4 Years	4 Years	5 Years
Data Processing Equipments	3 Years	3 Years	3 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years	10 Years	10 Years

# L. Assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that their carrying amount will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

When the Company is committed to a sale plan involving disposal of an investment, or a portion of an investment, in an associate, the investment or the portion of the investment that will be disposed of is classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, and the Company discontinues the use of the equity method in relation to the portion that is classified as held for sale. Any retained portion of an investment in an associate that has not been classified as held for sale continues to be accounted for using the equity method. The Company discontinues the use of the equity method at the time of disposal when the disposal results in the Company losing Significant influence over the associate or joint venture.

After the disposal takes place, the Company accounts for any retained interest in the associate in accordance with Ind AS 109 unless the retained interest continues to be an associate, in which case the Company uses the equity method (see the accounting policy regarding investments in associates above).

Such assets are generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in Restated Standalone summary statement of profit and loss. Refer Note 18.

## M. Financial Instruments

## 1. Financial assets

## (a) Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivable are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

## (b) Classification and subsequent measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets into a) financial assets measured at amortised cost, and b) financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Management determines the classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition or, where applicable, at the time of reclassification.

# (i) Financial assets measured at amortised costs

A financial asset is classified at amortised costs if it is held within a business model whose objective is to a) hold financial asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method (EIR). Amortised cost is arrived at after taking into consideration any discount on fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The amortisation of such interests forms part of finance income in the restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss. Any impairment loss arising from these assets are recognised in the restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

This is a residual category for classification. Any asset which do not meet the criteria for classification as at amortised cost, is classified as FVTPL. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognised in the restated standalone statement of profit or loss.

- (iii) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Debt investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss.
- Equity investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in Restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to Restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss.

# (c) Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognised as a separate asset and associated liability for any amounts it may have to pay.

## (d) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

## 3. Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the restated standalone summary statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## 4. Derivative financial instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts, interest rate swaps and currency options to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value. The resulting gain/loss is recognised in Restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss immediately at the end of each reporting period. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. The Company does not designate the derivative instrument as a hedging instrument.

# N. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

# O. Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases. In determining whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease date if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset, even if that right is not explicitly specified in the arrangement.

# i. Lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the term of the lease unless such payments are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increase, such increases are recognised in the years in which such benefits accrue.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

## ii. Lease assets

Assets held by the Company under leases that transfer to the Company substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The leased assets are measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the restated standalone summary statement of assets and liabilities. Subsequent to initial recognition, the assets are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Assets held under other leases are classified as operating leases and are not recognised in the Companies restated standalone statement of financial position.

## P. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Restated standalone summary statement of assets and liabilities comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## Q. Government Grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in Restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred revenue in the Restated standalone summary statement of assets and liabilities and transferred to Restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

## R. Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

The basic Earnings Per Share ("EPS") is computed by dividing the net profit / (loss) after tax for the year attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, net profit/(loss) after tax for the year attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

# S. Earnings before interest and depreciation and amortisation ("adjusted EBITDA")

The Companies presents adjusted EBITDA in the restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss; this is not specifically required by Ind AS 1. The terms adjusted EBITDA are not defined in Ind AS. Ind AS complaint Schedule III allows companies to present Line items, sub-line items and sub-totals shall be presented as an addition or substitution on the face of the financial statements when such presentation is relevant to an understanding of the Company's financial position or performance or to cater to industry/sector-specific disclosure requirements or when required for compliance with the amendments to the Companies Act or under the Indian Accounting Standards.

## Measurement of adjusted EBITDA

Accordingly, the Company has elected to present earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (adjusted EBITDA) before exceptional items, as a separate line item on the face of the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company measures adjusted EBITDA before exceptional items, on the basis of profit/ (loss) from continuing operations including other income. In its measurement, the Company does not include exceptional items, depreciation and amortisation expense, finance costs, share of profit from associate and tax expense.

## **Recent amendments:**

## **Trade Receivable:**

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 467 of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013), the Central Government have made the following further amendments in Schedule III to the said Act.

Trade Receivables shall be sub-classified as:

- (a) Trade Receivables considered good Secured;
- (b) Trade Receivables considered good Unsecured;
- (c) Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk; and
- (d) Trade Receivables credit impaired.";

The Company has made the necessary amendments in the Restated Standalone Financial Information.

# **Trade Payables:**

Under the heading "Equity and Liabilities", for the words "Trade payables" at both the places where they occur, the following shall be substituted, namely:—
"Trade Payables:-

- (A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and
- (B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.";

MSME related disclosures for Trade Payables are to be shown on the face of balance sheet i.e. Outstanding due to MSME and others.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant accounting policies (continued)

# S. Earnings before interest and depreciation and amortisation ("adjusted EBITDA")

The Companies presents adjusted EBITDA in the restated standalone summary statement of profit and loss; this is not specifically required by Ind AS 1. The terms adjusted EBITDA are not defined in Ind AS. Ind AS complaint Schedule III allows companies to present Line items, sub-line items and sub-totals shall be presented as an addition or substitution on the face of the financial statements when such presentation is relevant to an understanding of the Company's financial position or performance or to cater to industry/sector-specific disclosure requirements or when required for compliance with the amendments to the Companies Act or under the Indian Accounting Standards.

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"Trade Payables:-

- (A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and
- (B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.";

MSME related disclosures for Trade Payables are to be shown on the face of balance sheet i.e. Outstanding due to MSME and others.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Recent amendments (Continued)

The following details relating to micro, small and medium enterprises shall be disclosed in the notes:-

- (a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year;
- (b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (27 of 2006), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;
- (c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;
- (d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and
- (e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

The Company has made the necessary amendments in the Restated Standalone Financial Information.

## **Government Grants:**

Appendix A of Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, defines 'Revenue' as income arising in the course of an entity's ordinary activities. As per paragraph 3 of Ind AS 20, Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance, 'government grants' are assistance by government in the form of transfers of resources to an entity in return for past or future compliance with certain conditions relating to the operating activities of the entity. They exclude those forms of government assistance which cannot reasonably have a value placed upon them and transactions with government which cannot be distinguished from the normal trading transactions of the entity. The export incentive is in the nature of government grant and does not fall within the scope of Ind AS 115, as it is not revenue arising from contract with customer. Such export incentives are benefits given by the government to incentivise companies to export more products. In accordance with above, while recognising the income arising from SEIS scheme, the Company has applied the provisions of Ind AS 20. The presentation of such incentives is made in accordance with the relevant provisions of Ind AS 20 and Schedule III to the Companies Act,2013.

The Company has made the necessary amendments in the Restated Standalone Financial Information.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information

Note 1 (Rs in million)

### Reporting entity

Chalet Hotels Limited ('the Company') is a public limited company, which is domiciled and incorporated in the Republic of India with its registered office situated at Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, MUMBAI 400 051. The Company was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on January 6, 1986 and has been converted into a public company with effect from June 6, 2018.

The Company is engaged in the business of hospitality (hotels), commercial and retail operations and real estate development. As at September 30, 2018, the Company has, (a) five hotels (and one service apartment building) operating at Powai and Sahar (Mumbai), Vashi (Navi Mumbai), Bengaluru and Hyderabad, (b) developed residential property at Hyderabad (c) Retail block at Sahar, Mumbai and at Bengaluru, (d) commercial property at Bengaluru and Sahar, Mumbai (e) is engaged in construction and development of a residential property at Bengaluru.

Note 2 Property, plant and equipment

## Reconciliation of carrying amount

## Period ended September 30, 2018

Particulars		Gross blo	ock			Accumulated deprec	iation/amortisation	Į.	Net block
	Opening balance as	Additions/	Deductions/	Closing balance as	Opening balance	For the period	Deductions/	Closing balance as	As at September
	at April 1, 2018	Adjustments	Adjustments	at September 30,	as at April 1, 2018		Adjustments	at September 30,	30, 2018
				2018				2018	
Tangible assets									
Freehold land	7,958.76	-	-	7,958.76	-	-	-	-	7,958.76
Buildings	12,507.93	86.54	-	12,594.47	2,765.43	178.46	-	2,943.89	9,650.58
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	4,192.18	30.20	17.09	4,205.29	2,233.49	140.67	15.58	2,358.58	1,846.71
Data processing equipments	201.33	18.69	-	220.02	174.23	9.46	-	183.69	36.33
Electrical installations	1,591.00	7.07	0.20	1,597.87	904.64	34.82	0.15	939.31	658.56
Furniture and fixtures	2,008.44	31.36	18.57	2,021.23	1,239.82	72.14	18.14	1,293.82	727.41
Vehicles	277.21	3.74	32.36	248.59	214.35	18.29	27.13	205.51	43.08
Office equipments	97.37	4.20	0.12	101.45	91.79	2.02	0.12	93.69	7.76
Total	28,841.14	181.80	68.34	28,954.60	7,630.67	455.86	61.12	8,025.41	20,929.19

#### Year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars		Gross blo	ck		1	Accumulated depreci	ation/amortisation	l	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018		For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	As At March 31, 2018
Tangible assets									
Freehold land	7,782.13	176.63	-	7,958.76	-	-	-	-	7,958.76
Buildings	12,411.57	96.36	-	12,507.93	2,375.98	389.45	-	2,765.43	9,742.50
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	4,144.44	50.33	2.59	4,192.18	1,963.59	272.12	2.22	2,233.49	1,958.69
Data processing equipments	185.95	18.42	3.04	201.33	148.58	28.69	3.04	174.23	27.10
Electrical installations	1,577.34	13.68	0.02	1,591.00	826.13	78.55	0.04	904.64	686.36
Furniture and fixtures	1,982.99	32.30	6.85	2,008.44	1,091.66	154.13	5.97	1,239.82	768.62
Vehicles	311.64	-	34.43	277.21	195.62	44.34	25.61	214.35	62.86
Office equipments	92.48	5.29	0.40	97.37	83.15	9.01	0.37	91.79	5.58
Total	28,495.45	393.01	47.33	28,841.14	6,691.63	976.29	37.25	7,630.67	21,210.47

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information

Note 2 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Reconciliation of carrying amount

Year ended March 31, 2017

Particulars			Gross block				Accumulated	depreciation/amortis	sation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2016	Opening balance as On account of at April 1, 2016 merger (refer note 42)				Opening On account of balance as at merger (refer note April 1, 2016 42) / transfer in from investment property		For the year Deduction		Closing balance as at March 31, 2017	As At March 31, 2017
Tangible Assets											
Freehold land	7,495.49	286.64	(0.00)	-	7,782.13	-	-	-	-	-	7,782.13
Buildings	10,025.55	1,963.46	563.09	140.52	12,411.58	1,611.18	390.58	514.75	140.53	2,375.98	10,035.60
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	3,225.34	687.21	262.02	30.15	4,144.42	1,454.84	258.31	279.45	29.01	1,963.59	2,180.83
Data processing equipments	172.04	23.82	5.35	15.25	185.96	113.83	21.21	28.78	15.24	148.58	37.38
Electrical installations	1,271.16	245.71	60.96	0.49	1,577.34	567.19	122.92	136.44	0.42	826.13	751.21
Furniture and fixtures	1,699.49	178.91	130.17	25.59	1,982.98	889.39	80.47	144.82	23.02	1,091.66	891.32
Vehicles	268.50	41.65	3.24	1.75	311.64	124.15	27.58	45.65	1.76	195.62	116.02
Office equipments	79.32	7.59	7.93	2.36	92.48	64.42	6.85	14.08	2.20	83.15	9.33
Total	24,243.81	3,434.99	1,032.76	216.11	28,495.45	4,831.92	907.92	1,163.97	212.18	6,691.63	21,803.82

(Rs in million)

## Year ended March 31, 2016 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross blo	ck		I	Accumulated depreci	ation/amortisation	ı	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016		For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	As At March 31, 2016
Tangible Assets									
Freehold land	7,495.49	-	-	7,495.49	-	-	-	-	7,495.49
Buildings	9,629.00	403.99	7.44	10,025.55	1,186.32	428.15	3.29	1,611.18	8,414.37
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	3,111.24	139.90	25.80	3,225.34	1,246.17	224.70	16.03	1,454.84	1,770.50
Data processing equipments	146.72	26.65	1.33	172.04	91.60	23.54	1.31	113.83	58.21
Electrical installations	1,216.07	56.02	0.93	1,271.16	453.33	114.79	0.93	567.19	703.97
Furniture and fixtures	1,425.88	282.39	8.78	1,699.49	768.95	128.11	7.67	889.39	810.10
Vehicles	269.39	3.10	3.99	268.50	82.28	42.48	0.61	124.15	144.35
Office equipments	70.75	8.61	0.04	79.32	56.91	7.55	0.04	64.42	14.90
Total	23,371.46	920.66	48.31	24,243.81	3,892.48	969.32	29.88	4,831.92	19,411.89

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information

Note 2 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

(Rs in million)

Reconciliation of carrying amount

Year ended March 31, 2015 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross blo	ck			Accumulated deprecia	ation/amortisation	l	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015		For the year *	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	As At March 31, 2015
Tangible Assets									
Freehold land	5,858.97	1,636.52	-	7,495.49	-	-	-	-	7,495.49
Buildings	4,961.26	4,704.31	36.57	9,629.00	972.35	250.54	36.57	1,186.32	8,442.68
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	1,824.30	1,302.67	15.73	3,111.24	1,091.50	165.30	10.63	1,246.17	1,865.07
Data processing equipments	90.07	57.18	0.53	146.72	82.69	9.45	0.54	91.60	55.12
Electrical installations	664.95	555.77	4.65	1,216.07	395.30	62.68	4.65	453.33	762.74
Furniture and fixtures	1,032.44	401.07	7.63	1,425.88	682.55	93.24	6.84	768.95	656.93
Vehicles	82.07	191.81	4.49	269.39	66.33	20.53	4.58	82.28	187.11
Office equipments	55.68	15.66	0.59	70.75	50.77	6.62	0.48	56.91	13.84
Total	14,576.66	8,864.99	70.19	23,371.46	3,348.41	608.36	64.29	3,892.48	19,478.98

<sup>\*</sup> Refer note 2 below

Year ended March 31, 2014 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross b	lock			Accumulated depre	ciation/amortisatio	n	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	As At March 31, 2014
Tangible Assets									
Freehold land	5,649.01	209.96	-	5,858.97	-	-	-	-	5,858.97
Buildings	4,934.58	36.63	9.93	4,961.28	769.60	212.69	9.94	972.35	3,988.93
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	1,745.87	81.46	3.03	1,824.30	906.98	186.98	2.46	1,091.50	732.80
Data processing equipments	88.23	2.41	0.57	90.07	78.26	4.99	0.57	82.68	7.39
Electrical installations	658.31	9.02	2.39	664.94	349.85	47.84	2.39	395.30	269.64
Furniture and fixtures	1,010.78	24.21	2.56	1,032.43	559.10	125.98	2.53	682.55	349.88
Vehicles	125.54	6.23	49.70	82.07	109.85	6.00	49.51	66.34	15.73
Office equipments	53.71	1.97	-	55.68	45.09	5.68	-	50.77	4.91
Total	14,272.95	371.89	68.18	14,576.66	2,825.65	590.16	67.40	3,348.41	11,228.25

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information

Note 2

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Notes

(Rs in million)

- 1) The Company has considered fair value for freehold land as of April 1, 2016 with impact of Rs. 5,887.72 million (related tax: Rs. 2163.35) based on the deemed cost exemption available under Ind AS 101 with the resultant impact being accounted for in the reserves. Further, the fair value of such freehold land has been pushed back to the earliest of reporting period in the restated standalone financial statements in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2016). Refer note 54 of Annexure VI for details.
- 2) The Company has reviewed and revised the estimated economic useful lives of its property, plant and equipment in accordance with the useful lives specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 in accordance with an internal evaluation which is more representative of the useful lives of its property, plant and equipment during the year March 31, 2015. Consequently, the depreciation expense during the year ended March 31, 2015 is lower by Rs. 89.32 million. Further, the Company has fully depreciated the carrying value of assets, net of residual value, where the remaining useful lives of the assets was determined to be Nil as on April 1, 2014 applying the revised lives and has consequently included Rs. 4.8 million under depreciation in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2015. The change in estimated useful lives has effect of reduction in depreciation charge in future periods.
- 3) The Company has reviewed and revised the estimated economic useful lives of its investment property in accordance with the useful lives specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and in accordance with an internal evaluation which is more representative of the useful lives of its investment property for the year ended March 31, 2018. Consequently, the depreciation expense for the year ended March 31, 2018 is lower by Rs. 295.10 million. The change in estimated useful lives has effect of reduction in depreciation charge in future periods.
- 4) Refer note 21 and 26 of Annexure VI for information on Property, plant and equipment pledged as security by the Company.
- 5) Refer Note 43 of Annexure VI for contractual commitments with respect to property plant and equipment.
- 6) 'In December 2005, the Company had purchased the entire building comprising of the hotel and apartments therein, together with a demarcated portion of the leasehold rights to land at Vashi (Navi Mumbai) from K. Raheja Corp Private Limited (reflected in the schedule above). The Company has been operating the Four Points By Sheraton Hotel at the said premises. Two Public Interest Litigations challenging the allotment of land by CIDCO to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited had been filed in FY 2003-04. During the financial year 2014-15, the Honourable High Court at Bombay ordered K. Raheja Corp Private Limited to demolish the structure and hand back the land to CIDCO. K Raheja Corp Private Limited has filed a special leave petition against the order in the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court on January 22, 2015 directed the maintenance of a status quo. Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter no adjustments have been made in the Restated Standalone financial information. The carrying value of property, plant and equipment as at September 30, 2018 is Rs. 443.78 million (March 31, 2018 is Rs. 449.27 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 474.47 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 510.23 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 562.92 million).

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 3 Capital work in progress

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Opening Balance	219.15	223.59	316.11	487.62	5,720.16	3,246.90
Add: Additions	132.50	388.57	940.24	749.13	3,632.45	2,845.15
Less: Capitalised	(181.80)	(393.01)	(1,032.76)	(920.64)	(8,864.99)	(371.89)
Capital work in progress	169.85	219.15	223.59	316.11	487.62	5,720.16

# **Notes:** Expenses (net) capitalised to capital work in progress, during the period/year(s).

Particulars	For the period ended	For the year ended				
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Legal and professional charges	7.71	12.02	3.12	19.55	51.05	71.45
Employee costs	17.76	72.52	49.35	9.09	47.05	47.11
Rates, taxes and license fees	4.20	6.75	0.41	0.77	154.28	131.54
Repairs and maintenance	-	0.21	-	0.08	12.06	0.04
Interest and other finance cost	0.01	-	3.08	27.38	326.50	607.62
Miscellaneous expenses	0.89	4.31	0.99	3.07	16.99	10.16
Interest income on surplus funds		-	-	-	(20.60)	(223.09)
Other income / sale of scrap	(0.04)	(1.13)	(0.11)	(2.22)	(4.27)	3.20
Total	30.53	94.68	56.85	57.73	583.04	648.02

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4 Investment Property

A. Reconciliation of carrying amount Peeriod ended September 30, 2018

(Rs. in million)

Particulars		Gross	block		Ac	cumulated depreciat	ion / amortisatio	n	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions / transfer out	Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	Opening balance as at March 31, 2018	For the period	Deductions	Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	As At September 30, 2018
Investment Property									
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	893.35	-	-	893.35	51.16	12.99	-	64.15	829.20
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai	1,135.22	2.81	-	1,138.03	50.44	17.93	-	68.37	1,069.66
Commercial block, Sahar, Mumbai		3,139.68	-	3,139.67	-	43.63	-	43.63	3,096.04
Retail block, Bengaluru	1,779.00	3.63	-	1,782.63	450.02	31.44	-	481.46	1,301.17
Hyderabad flats	15.27	-	-	15.27	0.51	0.13	-	0.64	14.63
Total (A)	3,822.84	3,146.12	-	6,968.95	552.13	106.12	-	658.25	6,310.70
<b>Investment Property under Construction</b>									
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai									45.39
Business centers & offices at Sahar, Mumbai									21.56
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - II									332.67
Total (B)								<del>-</del>	399.62
Total (A+B)								-	6,710.32

## Year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars		Gross	block		A	ccumulated depreciat	ion / amortisatio	on	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions / transfer out	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	As At March 31, 2018
Investment Property									
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	897.92	4.91	9.48	893.35	27.95	25.85	2.64	51.16	842.19
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai	1,090.55	44.67	-	1,135.22	14.86	35.58	-	50.44	1,084.78
Retail block, Bengaluru	1,776.87	2.13	-	1,779.00	386.89	63.13	-	450.02	1,328.98
Hyderabad flats	15.27	-	-	15.27	0.26	0.26	-	0.51	14.76
Total (A)	3,780.61	51.71	9.48	3,822.84	429.96	124.82	2.64	552.14	3,270.70
Investment Property under Construction									
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai									30.01
Business centers & offices at Sahar, Mumbai									3,124.74
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - II									311.20
Total (B)								_	3,465.95
								=	
Total (A+B)									6,736.65

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4 Investment Property

Year ended March 31, 2017 (Rs in million)

Particulars			Gross block				Accumula	ted depreciation / amortis	sation		Net block
	Opening balance as at	On account of	Additions			Opening balance		For the year	Deductions		As At March
	April 1, 2016	merger (refer note 42)		out	March 31, 2017	as at April 1, 2016	note 42)			as at March 31, 2017	31, 2017
Investment Property											
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	53.85	-	1,116.30	272.23	897.92	-	-	30.95	3.00	27.95	869.97
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai	-	-	1,090.55	-	1,090.55	-	-	14.86	-	14.86	1,075.69
Retail block, Bengaluru	-	1,776.87	-	-	1,776.87	-	343.32	43.64	0.07	386.89	1,389.98
Hyderabad flats	15.27	-	-	-	15.27	-	-	0.26	-	0.26	15.01
Total (A)	69.12	1,776.87	2,206.85	272.23	3,780.61	-	343.32	89.71	3.07	429.96	3,350.65
Investment Property under Construction											
Business centers & offices at Sahar, Mumbai	•										2,768.37
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - II											305.17
Total (B)										-	3,073.54
• •										-	
Total (A+B)										-	6,424,19

## Year ended March 31, 2016 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross block			Ac	cumulated depreciati	on / amortisatio	n	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	As At March 31, 2016
Investment Property									
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	62.17	-	-	62.17	4.22	4.10	-	8.32	53.85
Hyderabad flats	16.05	-	-	16.05	0.52	0.26	-	0.78	15.27
Total (A)	78.22	-	-	78.22	4.74	4.36	-	9.10	69.12
Investment Property under Construction Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai Business centers & offices at Sahar, Mumbai Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I Total (B)								<u>-</u>	1,027.76 2,359.71 1,068.44 <b>4,455.91</b>
Total (A+B)									4,525.03

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4 Investment Property

Year ended March 31, 2015 - Proforma (Rs in million)

Particulars		Gross block			A	ccumulated depreciat	ion / amortisatio	on	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	For the year *	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	As At March 31, 2015
Investment Property									
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	18.43	43.74	-	62.17	0.40	3.82	-	4.22	57.95
Hyderabad flats	16.05	-	-	16.05	0.26	0.26	-	0.52	15.53
Total (A)	34.48	43.74	-	78.22	0.66	4.08	-	4.74	73.48
Investment Property under Construction									
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai									814.74
Business centers & offices at Sahar, Mumbai	•								1,724.32
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I									890.41
Total (B)								_	3,429.47
								_	
Total (A+B)								_	3,502.95

<sup>\*</sup> Refer note 1 below

## Year ended March 31, 2014 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross block			A	ccumulated depreciati	on / amortisatio	n	Net block
	Opening balance as at	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at	Opening balance as at	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at	As At March 31,
	April 1, 2013			March 31, 2014	April 1, 2013			March 31, 2014	2014
Investment Property									
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	18.43	-	-	18.43	-	0.40	-	0.40	18.03
Hyderabad flats	16.05	-	-	16.05	-	0.26	-	0.26	15.79
Total (A)	34.48	-	-	34.48	-	0.66	-	0.66	33.82
Investment Property under Construction									
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai									343.85
Business centers & offices at Sahar, Mumbai	•								626.07
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I									592.62
Total (B)								_	1,562.54
								_	
Total (A+B)									1,596.36

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4

**Investment Property** 

Deemed cost exemption (Rs in million)

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its investment properties recognised as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous Indian GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the investment properties. The Company has followed the same accounting policy choice as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016 while preparing Restated Standalone schedule for the years ended March 31, 2015, March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013.

## Deemed cost as at April 1, 2016

	Gross Block as on	Accumulated	Net Block treated as
	April 1, 2016	amortisation till	Deemed cost upon
		April 1, 2016	transition
Investment property			
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	62.17	8.32	53.85
Hyderabad flats	16.05	0.78	15.27
Total	78.22	9.10	69.12

#### Deemed cost as on April 1, 2013 - Proforma

	Gross Block as on April 1, 2013	Accumulated amortisation till April 1, 2013	Net Block treated as Deemed cost upon transition
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I Hyderabad flats	18.58 16.05	0.15	18.43 16.05
Total	34.63	0.15	34.48

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 4 Investment Property

Notes: (Rs in million)

- 1. Pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013 being effective from April 1, 2014, the Company has revised the depreciation rates on investment property based on the management estimate of the useful lives of the assets, which are lower than or in accordance with Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Act. Consequently, depreciation charged for the period April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015 is higher by Rs 9.04 million due to change in estimated useful life of certain assets wherein the opening carrying value as at April 1, 2014 is depreciated over the balance useful life.
- 2. The Company has reviewed and revised the estimated economic useful lives of its investment property in accordance with the useful lives specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and in accordance with an internal evaluation which is more representative of the useful lives of its fixed assets during the year ended March 31, 2018. Consequently, the depreciation expense for the year ended March 31, 2018 is lower by Rs. 52.14 million. The change in estimated useful lives has effect of reduction in depreciation charge in future periods.
- 3. Borrowing cost aggregating to Rs 0.13 million (March 2018, Rs. 221.41 million, March 31, 2017: 266.57 million, March 31, 2016: Rs 224.52 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 193.21 million, March 31, 2014: Rs. 17.93 million) are capitalised under investment property under construction
- 4. Refer note 21 and 26 of Annexure VI for information on investment property pledged as security by the Company.
- 5. Details of investment property under construction

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Opening Balance	3,465.95	3,073.54	4,455.90	3,429.47	1,562.54	402.43
Add: Additions	79.79	444.12	2,601.36	1,026.44	1,910.67	1,160.11
Less: Capitalised	(3,146.12)	(51.71)	(3,983.72)	-	(43.74)	-
Closing Balance	399.62	3465.95	3073.54	4,455.91	3429.47	1562.54

6. Expenses (net) capitalized to cost of investment property under construction, during the period/year(s).

Particulars	For the period ended	For the year ended F	or the year ended			
	September 30, 2018	31st March 2018	31st March 2017	31st March 2016	31st March 2015	31st March 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Legal and professional charges	2.91	7.41	2.35	7.14	2.28	2.44
Employee costs	3.79	1.25	19.99	36.93	-	-
Rates, taxes and license fees	9.00	3.89	-	3.03	0.41	-
Repairs and maintenance	0.69	0.96	-	0.84	3.13	-
Interest and other finance cost	0.13	221.41	266.57	224.52	193.21	171.93
Miscellaneous expenses	1.21	3.92	10.93	1.29	1.11	-
Interest income on surplus funds	-	-	-	-	(2.29)	(5.62)
Other income / sale of scrap	(0.14)	(0.10)	(2.55)	(1.73)	(0.02)	(0.07)
Total	17.58	238.74	297.30	272.02	197.82	168.68

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 4

**Investment Property** 

#### B. Fair value measurement

(Rs in million)

#### i. Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of investment property was determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate recognised professional qualification and experience. The fair value measurement for all of the investment properties has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used.

Investment Properties		Fair Value as on										
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014						
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma						
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	885.00	905.00	870.00	-	-	-						
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai	2,631.00	2,688.00	2,394.00	-	-	-						
Commercial block, Sahar, Mumbai	4,930.00	-	-	-	-	-						
Retail block, Bengaluru	1,534.00	1,554.00	1,414.00	-	-	-						
Hyderabad flats	23.00	23.00	23.00	22.00	22.00	22.00						

#### ii. Valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs

#### Valuation technique

The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers / management, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued.

The fair value measurement for all of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used.

The Company follows discounted cash flows technique. The valuation model considers the present value of net cash flows to be generated from the property, taking into account the expected rental growth rate, vacant periods, occupancy rate, lease incentive costs such as rent-free periods and other costs not paid by tenants. The expected net cash flows are discounted using risk-adjusted discount rates. Among other factors, the discount rate estimation considers the quality of a building and its location (prime vs secondary), tenant credit quality and lease terms. The land of Commercial Complex, Bengaluru - I office is valued by residual method.

#### C. Information regarding income and expenditure of investment property

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Rental income derived from investment properties  Direct operating expenditure (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income  Direct operating expenditure that did not generate rental income	119.21 44.27 -	166.37 54.14	114.23 28.30	7.73 - -	7.08 - -	- - -
Profit arising from investment properties before depreciation and indirect expenses Depreciation	<b>74.94</b> 106.12	<b>112.23</b> 124.82	<b>85.93</b> 89.71	7.73 4.36	<b>7.08</b> 4.08	0.66
(Loss)/profit arising from investment properties before indirect expenses	(31.18)	(12.59)	(3.78)	3.37	3.00	(0.66)

D. The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of investment property or the remittance of income and proceeds of disposal.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4 Investment Property (continued)

E. Asset wise breakup of Investment property is as follows:

Period ended September 30, 2018

(Rs in million)

Particulars		Gross	block		A	ccumulated depreci	ation / amortisa	tion	Net block
	Opening	Additions	Deductions /	Closing balance	Opening	For the period	Deductions	Closing balance as	As At
	balance as at		transfer out	as at September	balance as at			at September 30,	September 30,
	March 31, 2018			30, 2018	March 31, 2018			2018	2018
Tangible assets									
Freehold land	411.56	400.91	-	812.47	-	_	-	_	812.47
Buildings	2,501.22	2,163.69	-	4,664.90	281.75	54.94	-	336.69	4,328.20
Plant and machinery	590.58	446.23	-	1,036.81	151.99	32.53	-	184.52	852.29
Computers	1.41	0.05	-	1.46	0.89	0.15	-	1.04	0.42
Electrical installations	248.77	132.67	-	381.44	79.93	13.79	-	93.72	287.72
Furniture and fixtures	68.05	2.57	-	70.62	36.57	4.68	-	41.25	29.37
Vehicles			-	-			-	-	-
Office equipments	0.71	-	-	0.71	0.48	0.03	-	0.51	0.20
	3,822.30	3,146.12	-	6,968.41	551.61	106.12	-	657.73	6,310.68
Intangible assets									
Software	0.54			0.54	0.52			0.52	0.02
	0.54	-	-	0.54	0.52	-	-	0.52	0.02
Total	3,822.84	3,146.12	-	6,968.95	552.13	106.12	-	658.25	6,310.70

Particulars		Gross	block		Ac	cumulated depreci	ation / amortisa	tion	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions / transfer	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	As At March 31, 2018
Tangible assets									
Freehold land	367.70	43.86	-	411.56	-	-	-	-	411.56
Buildings	2,499.60	1.62	-	2,501.22	218.17	63.58	-	281.75	2,219.47
Plant and machinery	594.69	3.56	7.67	590.58	117.11	36.55	1.67	151.99	438.59
Computers	2.15	0.28	1.02	1.41	1.42	0.22	0.75	0.89	0.52
Electrical installations	247.50	1.27	-	248.77	65.43	14.50	-	79.93	168.84
Furniture and fixtures	68.08	0.76	0.79	68.05	27.11	9.68	0.22	36.57	31.48
Office equipments	0.58	0.13	-	0.71	0.43	0.06	-	0.49	0.22
	3,780.30	51.48	9.48	3,822.30	429.67	124.59	2.64	551.62	3,270.68
Intangible assets									
Software	0.31	0.23	-	0.54	0.29	0.23	-	0.52	0.02
	0.31	0.23	-	0.54	0.29	0.23	-	0.52	0.02
Total	3,780.61	51.71	9.48	3,822.84	429.96	124.82	2.64	552.14	3,270.70

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4 Investment Property (continued)

E. Asset wise breakup of Investment property is as follows:

Year ended March 31, 2017

Particulars			Gross block				Accumulated	depreciation / amo	rtisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2016	On account of merger (refer note 42)	Additions	Deductions / transfer out	Closing balance as at March 31, 2017	Opening balance as at April 1, 2016	On account of merger (refer note 42)	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2017	As At March 31, 2017
Tangible assets											
Freehold land	-	157.44	210.26	-	367.70	-	-	-	-	-	367.70
Buildings	56.22	1,146.08	1,567.54	270.24	2,499.60	-	168.01	53.16	3.00	218.17	2,281.43
Plant and machinery	8.44	294.46	291.79	-	594.69	-	97.84	19.27	-	117.11	477.58
Computers	0.52	1.34	0.29	-	2.15	-	1.03	0.39	-	1.42	0.73
Electrical installations	1.99	118.08	129.42	1.99	247.50	-	53.32	12.11	-	65.43	182.07
Furniture and fixtures	1.92	58.74	7.42	-	68.08	-	22.42	4.76	0.07	27.11	40.97
Office equipments	-	0.45	0.13	-	0.58	-	0.42	0.01	-	0.43	0.15
	69.09	1,776.59	2,206.85	272.23	3,780.30	-	343.04	89.70	3.07	429.67	3,350.63
Intangible assets											
Software	0.03	0.28	-	-	0.31	-	0.28	0.01	-	0.29	0.02
	0.03	0.28	-	-	0.31	-	0.28	0.01	-	0.29	0.02
Total	69.12	1,776.87	2,206.85	272.23	3,780.61	-	343.32	89.71	3.07	429.96	3,350.65

(Rs in million)

#### Year ended March 31, 2016 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross b	lock		Acc	cumulated deprecia	ation / amortisa	tion	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	As At March 31, 2016
Tangible assets									
Buildings	62.41	-	-	62.41	3.35	2.84	-	6.19	56.22
Plant and machinery	9.97	-	-	9.97	0.73	0.80	-	1.53	8.44
Computers	1.02	-	-	1.02	0.24	0.26	-	0.50	0.52
Electrical installations	2.43	-	-	2.43	0.21	0.23	-	0.44	1.99
Furniture and fixtures	2.34	-	-	2.34	0.20	0.22	-	0.42	1.92
	78.17	-	-	78.17	4.73	4.35	-	9.08	69.09
Intangible assets									
Software	0.05	-	-	0.05	0.01	0.01	-	0.02	0.03
	0.05	-	-	0.05	0.01	0.01	-	0.02	0.03
Total	78.22	-	-	78.22	4.74	4.36		9.10	69.12

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4 Investment Property (continued)

## E. Asset wise breakup of Investment property is as follows:

Year ended March 31, 2015 - Proforma

(Rs in million)

Particulars		Gross b	olock		Ac	cumulated depreci	ation / amortisa	tion	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	As At March 31, 2015
Tangible assets									
Buildings	34.48	27.93	-	62.41	0.66	2.69	-	3.35	59.06
Plant and machinery	-	9.97	-	9.97	-	0.73	-	0.73	9.24
Computers	-	1.02	-	1.02	-	0.24	-	0.24	0.78
Electrical installations	-	2.43	-	2.43	-	0.21	-	0.21	2.22
Furniture and fixtures	-	2.34	-	2.34	-	0.20	-	0.20	2.14
	34.48	43.69	-	78.17	0.66	4.07	-	4.73	73.44
Intangible assets									
Software	-	0.05	-	0.05	-	0.01	-	0.01	0.04
	-	0.05	-	0.05	-	0.01	-	0.01	0.04
Total	34.48	43.74	-	78.22	0.66	4.08	-	4.74	73.48

Year ended March 31, 2014 - Proforma (Rs. in million)

Particulars		Gros	s block			Net block			
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	As At March 31, 2014
Tangible assets Buildings	34.48	-	-	34.48	-	0.66	-	0.66	33.82
Total	34.48	-	-	34.48	-	0.66	-	0.66	33.82

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

## Note 5 Goodwill

## Impairment testing for cash generating unit (CGU) containing goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the Company's operating segments which represent the lowest level within the Company at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. The aggregate carrying amounts of goodwill allocated to each cash generating unit are as follows:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Hotel	164.04	164.04	164.04	-	-	-
Retail	25.49	25.49	25.49	-	-	-
Commercial complex at Bengaluru	36.58	36.58	36.58	36.58	36.58	36.58
	226.11	226.11	226.11	36.58	36.58	36.58

The recoverable amount is based on a value-in-use calculation using the discounted cash flow method.

Value in use has been determined by discounting the future cash flows generated from the continuing use of the unit. The calculation of the value in use in based on the following key assumptions:

### The table below shows the key assumptions used in the value in use calculations of :

ш	atal

Particulars (in %)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Discount rate	12.00%	9.59%	9.13%	-	-	-
Terminal value growth rate	6.66%	6.50%	6.50%	-	-	-

#### B. Retail

Particulars (in %)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Discount rate	12.00%	9.59%	9.13%	-	-	-
Terminal value growth rate	7.27%	8.50%	8.50%	-	-	-

### C. Commercial complex at Bengaluru

Particulars (in %)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Discount rate	12.00%	9.59%	9.13%	9.55%	9.83%	10.82%
Terminal value growth rate	7.27%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%

### Discount rate

The discount rate is a pre tax measure based on the rate of 10 year government bonds issued by the Government of India, adjusted for a risk premium to reflect both the increased risk of investing in equities generally and the systematic risk of the specific CGU.

## Terminal value growth rate

Terminal value growth rate used for the purpose of calculation of terminal value has been determined based on the long-term compound annual growth rate in EBITDA.

The above assumptions are reviewed annually as part of management's budgeting and strategic planning cycles. These estimates may differ from actual results. The values assigned to each of the key assumptions reflect the Management's past experience as their assessment of future trends, and are consistent with external / internal sources of information.

Based on the above assumptions and analysis, no impairment was identified for any of the CGU as at September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 as the recoverable value of the CGU exceeded the carrying value.

With regard to the assessment of value in use, no reasonably possible change in any of the above key assumptions would cause the carrying amount of the CGUs to exceed their recoverable amount.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 6

Other Intangible assets

Reconciliation of carrying amount

Period ended September 30, 2018 (Rs. in million)

Particulars		Gross blo	ock				Net block		
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	Opening balance as at March 31, 2018	For the period	Deductions	Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	As At September 30, 2018
Trade marks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer software	67.05	1.13	-	68.18	48.52	7.28	-	55.80	12.39
Total	67.05	1.13	-	68.18	48.52	7.28	-	55.80	12.39

## Year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars		Gross bloc	k				Net block		
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	As At March 31, 2018
Trade marks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer software	63.08	3.97	-	67.05	33.30	15.22	-	48.52	18.53
Total	63.08	3.97	-	67.05	33.30	15.22	-	48.52	18.53

## Year ended March 31, 2017

Particulars			Gross Block				Accum	ulated Amortisation			Net Block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2016	On account of merger (refer note 42)	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2017	Opening balance as at April 1, 2016	On account of merger (refer note 42)	For the year		closing balance s at March 31, 2017	As At March 31, 2017
Trade marks Computer software	37.92	- 19.74	5.60	0.18	63.08	- -	- 17.36	16.12	0.18	33.30	29.78
Total	37.92	19.74	5.60	0.18	63.08	-	17.36	16.12	0.18	33.30	29.78

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# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 6

Other Intangible assets

Year ended March 31, 2016 - Proforma (Rs. in million)

Particulars		Gross E	Block			Net Block				
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	Additions	Additions Deductions		Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	For the year Deductions		Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	As At March 31, 2016	
Trade marks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Computer software	51.35	12.73	1.36	62.72	10.41	14.44	0.05	24.80	37.92	
Total	51.35	12.73	1.36	62.72	10.41	14.44	0.05	24.80	37.92	

## Year ended March 31, 2015 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross Block	k			Accumulated Am	ortisation		Net Block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	As At March 31, 2015
Trade marks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer software	11.38	39.97	-	51.35	5.13	5.28	-	10.41	40.94
Total	11.38	39.97	-	51.35	5.13	5.28	-	10.41	40.94

## Year ended March 31, 2014 - Proforma

Particulars	Gross Block					Accumulated Amortisation			
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	As At March 31, 2014
Trade marks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer software	9.53	1.97	0.12	11.38	-	5.13	-	5.13	6.25
Total	9.53	1.97	0.12	11.38	-	5.13	-	5.13	6.25

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 6

Other Intangible assets

(Rs. in million)

## Deemed cost exemption

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible asset recognised as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous Indian GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the intangible assets. The Company has followed the same accounting policy choice as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016 while preparing Proforma Restated Standalone schedule for the years ended March 31, 2015, March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013.

#### Deemed cost as at April 1, 2016

Particulars	Gross Block as on April 1, 2016	Accumulated amortisation till April 1, 2016	Net Block treated as Deemed cost upon transition
Trade marks	0.04	0.04	-
Computer software	122.29	84.38	37.92
Total	122.34	84.42	37.92

## Deemed cost as on April 1, 2013 - Proforma

Particulars	Gross Block as on April 1, 2013	Accumulated amortisation till April 1, 2013	Net Block treated as Deemed cost upon transition
Trade marks	0.04	0.04	-
Computer software	69.09	59.56	9.53
Total	69.13	59.60	9.53

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 7						
Investment in subsidiaries						
Investments in equity shares (non-trade, unquoted)						
In subsidiary companies (equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid)						
Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: 10,000, March 31, 2016: 10,000, March 31, 2015: 10,000, March 31, 2014: 10,000) shares of Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited		-	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
9,000 (March 31, 2018: 9000, March 31, 2017: 9,000, March 31, 2016: 9,000, March 31, 2015: 9,000, March 31, 2014: 9,000) shares of Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited		0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Less: Provision for impairment	(0.09)	(0.09)	(0.09)	(0.09)	-	-
Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: 10,000, March 31, 2014: 10,000) shares of Sycamore Properties Private Limited Less: Provision for impairment	-	-	-	-	0.10	0.10
		_	0.10	0.10	0.29	0.29
Aggregate amount of unquoted securities	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.29	0.29
Aggregate amount of quoted securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Market value of quoted securities  Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-	-

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 8 Other investments				Troiorina	Troiorina	Trotorma
Measured at fair value through profit and loss						
(a) Investments in equity shares (non-trade, unquoted)						
In other companies (equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid)						
1,000 (March 31, 2018: 1,000,March 31, 2017: 1,000, March 31, 2016: 1,000, March 31, 2015: 1,000, March 31, 2014: 1,000) shares of Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
423 (March 31, 2018: 423,March 31, 2017: 423, March 31, 2016: 203,181, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) Shares of Intime Properties Limited (Refer Note 18)	1.94	1.94	1.94	331.39	-	-
428,285 (March 31, 2018: 428,285, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) shares of Krishna Valley Power Private Limited	8.64	8.64	=	=	=	-
1,044,500 (March 31, 2018: 1,044,500, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) shares of Sahyadri Renewable Energy Private Limited		31.45	-	-	-	=
Sundew Properties Ltd	-	=	=	=	=	=
Less: Provision for Dimunition in Value of Investment.  10,000 (March 31, 2018: 10,000, March 31, 2017: 10,000, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) shares of Renew Wind Power Energy (AP) Limited		1.00	1.00	-	-	-
Measured at Amortised cost						
Investments in Preference Shares  In Subsidiary Company (0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.100,000/- each fully paid)						
800 Shares of Magna Warehousing and Distribution Private Ltd.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measured at amortised cost						
(a) Investments in preference shares (non-trade, unquoted)						
In associate company (0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of $Rs.100,000/\hbox{-}\ each\ fully\ paid)$						
Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: 1,600, March 31, 2015: 1,600, March 31, 2014: 1,600) shares of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	-	-	142.71	128.27	115.33
(b) Other investments	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.07
National Saving Certificates	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.07
	43.17	43.17	3.08	474.24	128.41	115.41
Aggregate amount of unquoted securities	43.17	43.17	3.08	474.24	128.41	115.41
Aggregate amount of quoted securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Market value of quoted securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 9						
Loans						
(Unsecured, considered good) Security deposit						
- Related parties	26.98	26.98	26.98	26.98	26.38	16.34
- Others	69.74	78.67	73.50	90.19	74.43	55.19
Option deposit others  Loans to related parties (refer foot note below)	5.00	5.00	5.00	-	10.00	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	101.72	110.65	105.48	117.17	110.81	71.53

Loan to related parties include amounts due from a Director Rs.Nil (March 31, 2018: Rs.Nil, March 31, 2017: Rs.Nil, March 31, 2016: Rs. Nil, March 31, 2015: Rs. 10.00 million, March 31, 2014: Rs. Nil ).

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#### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 10						
Other non-current financial assets						
Deposits with banks with more than 12 months maturity	50.07	50.00	14.02	-	-	-
	50.07	50.00	14.02	-	-	-
Particulars  Note 11 Other non-current assets	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
(Unsecured) Prepayment (refer footnote) Capital advances Less: Provision for Diminuiation in advances Capital advances (secured, considered good) Others	88.97 16.69 - -	87.25 1.94 - -	91.32 17.89 - -	78.84 25.59 - 9.46	79.81 156.80 - 15.21 0.21	75.95 152.34 - 65.03 0.70
	105.66	89.19	109.21	113.89	252.03	294.02

In December 2005, the Company had purchased the entire building comprising of the hotel and apartments therein, together with a demarcated portion of the leasehold rights to land at Vashi (Navi Mumbai) from K. Raheja Corp Private Limited (reflected under prepayment and others above). The Company has been operating the Four Points By Sheraton Hotel at the said premises. Two Public Interest Litigations challenging the allotment of land by CIDCO to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited had been filed in FY 2003-04. During the financial year 2014-15, the Honourable High Court at Bombay ordered K. Raheja Corp Private Limited to demolish the structure and hand back the land to CIDCO. K Raheja Corp Private Limited has filed a special leave petition against the order in the Supreme Court on January 22, 2015 directed the maintenance of a status quo. Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter no adjustments have been made in the Restated financial information. The balance of prepaid lease rental in relation to such leasehold land as of September 30, 2018 is Rs. 53.92 million. (March 31, 2018: Rs. 54.52 million, March 31, 2015: Rs.55.71 million, March 31, 2016: Rs.56.91 million, March 31, 2015: Rs.58.11 million, March 31, 2014: Rs 59.30 million).

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 12 Inventories (valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)						
Hospitality:						
Food, beverages and smokes	91.88	105.43	112.46	97.14	71.86	67.63
Operating supplies	-	-	-	3.28	13.05	20.43
Stores and spares	5.81	2.78	9.24	8.14	7.51	-
Property Development :						
Developed property	55.76	247.25	312.47	388.96	434.50	504.22
Building materials, components and spares	-	-	6.70	2.17	2.32	4.28
Property under development (Refer Note 53)	4,173.09	4,173.09	4,161.49	4,167.79	4,129.33	3,798.93
Less: Provision for impairment	(454.56)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)
Property under development, (net)	3,718.53	3,728.46	3,716.86	3,723.16	3,684.70	3,354.30
Materials at site	100.27	100.60	106.29	107.87	109.34	103.27
Retail and commercial:						
Materials at site	2.77	4.45	-	-	-	-
	3,975.02	4,188.97	4,264.02	4,330.72	4,323.28	4,054.13

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

					(	Rs. in million)
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 13				1101011111	1101011111	1101011111
Trade receivables						
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)						
Considered good	533.72	539.12	296.20	181.38	100.82	156.98
Credit impaired	33.47	16.40	9.22	6.29	4.74	6.02
	567.19	555.52	305.42	187.67	105.56	163.00
Less : Provision for impairment	(33.47)	(16.40)	(9.22)	(6.29)	(4.74)	(6.02)
	533.72	539.12	296.20	181.38	100.82	156.98
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 14a						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Balance with banks						
- Current accounts	330.46	289.30	214.66	204.93	169.34	199.26
- Demand Deposit	-	-	-	-	-	720.10
Cheques on hand	2.39	0.08	1.08	0.30	0.48	3.98
Cash on hand	7.02	4.89	8.52	4.79	4.37	3.12
	339.87	294.27	224.26	210.02	174.19	926.46
Cash and cash equivalents includes balances in escrow account which shall be used only	y for specified purpose	s as defined under	real estate (Regula	tion and Developm	ent) Act, 2016.	
•				•		
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 14b				1 i vivi illă	1 I OIOI MA	1 I OI OI III A
Other bank balances						
In term deposit accounts (balances held as margin money)	20.83	21.50	103.44	131.82	138.73	96.64
	20.83	21.50	103.44	131.82	138.73	96.64

Includes accrued interest Rs 0.26 million (March 31, 2018 : Rs. 0.93 million, March 31, 2017 : Rs. 2.38 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 4.77 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 5.78 million, March 31, 2014: Rs. 6.18 million)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 15						
Loans						
Deposits (unsecured, considered good)						
Security deposits - others	25.65	22.74	14.31	9.77	-	21.96
Loans to related parties (refer footnote and note 51)	1,842.96	2,342.16	1,779.16	1,368.35	1,089.46	1,916.23
Loans to Others (unsecured, considered good)	0.25	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for diminution in value of loan	-	-	-	-	(14.72)	(14.72)
	1,868.86	2,364.90	1,793.47	1,378.12	1,074.74	1,923.47

Loan to related parties include amounts due from a Director is Rs.1.75 million (March 31, 2018: Rs.1.42 million, March 31, 2017: Rs.7.50 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 10.00 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. Nil million, March 31, 2014: Rs. Nil ) and due from private limited companies aggregating to Rs. 1841.21 million (March 31, 2018: Rs.2,340.74 million, March 31, 2017: Rs.1,771.66 million, March 31, 2016: Rs.1,358.35 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 1,089.46 million, March 31, 2014: Rs. 1,916.23 million) in which directors of the Company are directors.

The interest rate applicable to the amounts due from private limited companies in which directors of the Company are directors are 11.00% (March 31, 2018: 11.00%, March 31, 2017: 12.00%, March 31, 2016: 12.50%, March 31, 2015: 14.00%, March 31, 2014: 14.00%). These amounts are unsecured and repayable on demand.

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## $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 16						
Other current financial assets (Unsecured, considered good)						
Others *	254.58	192.85	30.07	-	11.66	188.73
Mark to market derivative contracts	31.08	14.38	8.72	-	-	-
	285.66	207.23	38.79	-	11.66	188.73

<sup>\*</sup> Includes export benefits and entitlements of Rs. 254.58 million (March 31, 2018 : Rs. 192.85 million, March 31, 2017 : Rs. 26.96 million (net of related provision of Rs. 0.96 million), March 31, 2016: Rs. Nil, March 31, 2015: Rs. Nil, March 31, 2015: Rs. Nil, March 31, 2014: Rs. Nil)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 17						
Other current assets						
Unsecured, considered good						
Unbilled revenue	180.52	195.33	134.70	145.55	119.23	112.22
Indirect tax balances/receivable credits	112.79	192.45	161.44	159.16	89.17	72.53
Receivable from tax authorities	-	-	5.15	-	26.43	-
Prepayment and others	193.45	77.54	83.10	70.08	66.07	42.80
Other Advances						
Secured advance to supplier	-	-	-	-	13.44	34.05
Advance to suppliers	66.29	44.73	49.43	30.00	25.46	29.32
Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(9.07)	-	-	_	_	-
Capital advances	`-	-	-	-	10.56	-
Others	14.27	7.98	12.20	10.00	4.67	16.95
	558.25	518.03	446.02	414.79	355.03	307.87

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# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

# Note 18 Assets classified as held for sale

A. Following investments were classified as held for sale:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Investment in equity shares of associate (face value of Rs. 10)						
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (number of shares: Nil;March 31,2018 : Nil; March 31, 2017 : Nil; March 31, 2016 : 5,156; March 31, 2015 : 4,936; March 31, 2014 : 4,936) *						
Intime Properties Limited (number of shares: Nil; March 31, 2018: Nil; March 31, 2017: Nil; March 31, 2016: Nil; March 31, 2016:	-	-	-	2,870.27	2,870.27	2,870.27
526,893; March 31, 2014: 526,893)  Sundew Properties Limited (number of shares: Nil; March 31, 2018:	-	-	-	-	893.66	893.66
Nil; March 31, 2017 : Nil; March 31, 2016 : Nil ; March 31, 2015 : Nil; March 31, 2014 : 439,246)	_					582.22
Total assets held for sale	-			2,870.27	3,763.93	4,346.15

<sup>\*</sup> Pursuant to the court approved scheme (refer note 42), the Hotel and Retail undertaking of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary company) was demerged into Genext Hardware and Parks Private Limited. Consequently, during the year ended March 31, 2016, 220 fully paid equity shares of Genext Hardware and Parks Private Limited were alloted to the Company.

The investment in all the above companies were acquired exclusively with a view of its subsequent disposal within twelve months from the date of purchase. They were classified as held for sale on acquisition during the year ended March 31, 2014 and consequently measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

The Company was able to sell off the investment in Sundew Properties Limited within a twelve month period. The investments in Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited and Intime Properties Limited required additional time beyond twelve months due to regulatory approvals and approval from the local state governments.

The Company ceased to hold significant influence on sale of partial stake in Intime Properties Limited on March 30, 2016. Subsequent to partial sale of investment, it does not meet classification as an associate and was accounted under Ind AS 109 - 'Financial instruments' (refer note 8).

The Company had pledged Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: 385,822) equity shares of Sundew Properties Limited and Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: 4,936, March 31, 2015: 4,936, March 31, 2014: 4,936) equity shares of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited in favour of Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited, as security for loan taken by entities identified as related parties. In addition, Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: 30,298, March 31, 2015: 30,298, March 31, 2014: 30,298) equity shares of Magna Warehousing and Distribution Private Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, were also pledged in favour of Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited, as security for loan taken by entities identified as related parties.

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# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

# Note 19 Share Capital

(a) Details of the Authorised, Issued, Subscribed and fully Paid-up Share Capital are as below:

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
(i) Authorised 205,100,000 (March 31,2018 172,000,000, March 31, 2017: 152,500,000 March 31, 2016: 152,500,000 March 31, 2015: 152,500,000 March 31, 2014: 152,500,000) equity shares of the par value of Rs. 10 each	2,051.00	1,720.00	1,525.00	1,525.00	1,525.00	1,525.00
(ii) Issued, subscribed and paid-up 171,095,293 (March 31,2018 171,095,293, March 31, 2017: 152,142,253 March 31, 2016: 152,142,253 March 31, 2015: 152,142,253 March 31, 2014: 152,142,253) equity shares of the par value of Rs. 10 each	1,710.95	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42

## (b) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the period/year:

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	September 30, 2018		March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year	171,095,293	1,710.95	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42
Issued during the period/year (refer note 42)			18,953,040	189.53	-	-
Total	171,095,293	1,710.95	171,095,293	1,710.95	152,142,253	1,521.42

Particulars	March 31, 2	March 31, 2016		March 31, 2015		2014
	Proforma	Proforma		Proforma		na
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 19 Share Capital

## (c) Registered shareholder holding more than 5% Equity shares in the Company is set out below:

Particulars	September 30	September 30, 2018		1 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
Casa Maria Properties LLP (formerly known as Casa Maria Properties Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	16,496,280	9.64%	16,496,280	9.64%	16,496,280	10.84%
Capstan Trading LLP (formerly known as Capstan Trading Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	16,495,680	9.64%	16,495,680	9.64%	16,495,680	10.84%
Raghukool Estate Development LLP (formerly known as Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited till March 18, 2016)	16,495,680	9.64%	16,495,680	9.64%	16,495,680	10.84%
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	14,570,000	8.52%	14,570,000	8.52%	14,570,000	9.58%
Touchstone Properties and Hotels Private Limited	14,500,000	8.47%	14,500,000	8.47%	14,500,000	9.53%
Ravi Raheja	15,876,318	9.28%	13,354,374	7.81%	7,768,056	5.11%
Neel Raheja	15,876,318	9.28%	13,354,374	7.81%	7,768,056	5.11%
Anbee Construction LLP (formerly known as Anbee Construction Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	13,116,180	7.67%	13,116,180	7.67%	13,116,180	8.62%
Cape Trading LLP (formerly known as Cape Trading Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	13,116,180	7.67%	13,116,180	7.67%	13,116,180	8.62%
K Raheja Private Limited	12,400,000	7.25%	12,400,000	7.25%	12,400,000	8.15%
Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited			-	-	-	-
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	8,000,000	4.68%	8,000,000	4.68%	8,000,000	5.26%
	156,942,636	91.73%	151,898,748	88.78%	140,726,112	92.50%

Particulars	As at March Proforn	*	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma		As at March 31, 2014 Proforma	
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
Casa Maria Properties LLP (formerly known as Casa Maria Properties Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	16,496,280	10.84%	16,496,280	10.84%	16,496,280	10.84%
Capstan Trading LLP (formerly known as Capstan Trading Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	16,495,680	10.84%	16,495,680	10.84%	16,495,680	10.84%
Raghukool Estate Development LLP (formerly known as Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited till March 18, 2016)	16,495,680	10.84%	16,495,680	10.84%	16,495,680	10.84%
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	14,570,000	9.58%	14,570,000	9.58%	14,570,000	9.58%
Touchstone Properties and Hotels Private Limited	14,500,000	9.53%	14,500,000	9.53%	14,500,000	9.53%
Ravi Raheja	7,768,056	5.11%	7,768,056	5.11%	7,768,056	5.11%
Neel Raheja	7,768,056	5.11%	7,768,056	5.11%	7,768,056	5.11%
Anbee Construction LLP (formerly known as Anbee Construction Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	13,116,180	8.62%	13,116,180	8.62%	13,116,180	8.62%
Cape Trading LLP (formerly known as Cape Trading Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	13,116,180	8.62%	13,116,180	8.62%	13,116,180	8.62%
K Raheja Private Limited.	12,400,000	8.15%	12,400,000	8.15%	12,400,000	8.15%
Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited	8,000,000	5.26%	8,000,000	5.26%	8,000,000	5.26%
	140,726,112	92.50%	140,726,112	92.50%	140,726,112	92.50%

In cases where certain shareholders holds equity the shares jointly with other persons, the name of the primary beneficiary has been specified.

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(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 19 Share Capital

(Rs. in million)

## (d) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares.

The Company has a single class of equity shares. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The equity shareholders are eligible for dividend when recommended by the Board of Directors and approved by the Shareholders. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

#### (e) Details of share issued for other than cash in last 5 years:

Particulars		Septembe	September 30, 2018		March 31, 2018		1, 2017
		Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Issued during	g the period/year (refer note 42)			18,953,040	189.53	-	-

Particulars	Marc	March 31, 2016		March 31, 2015		ch 31, 2014
	Pro	Proforma		orma	Proforma	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 20						
Other equity						
Equity Component of Compound Instruments	86.08	-	-	-	-	-
Capital reserve	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Securities premium	1,418.13	1,418.13	1,418.13	992.60	992.60	992.60
Shares pending allotment	-	-	189.53	-	-	-
General Reserve						
General Reserve As per last Balance Sheet	35.78	35.78	-	-	-	-
Add: Transfer from Repairs and Maintenance and Renewal Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-
Add: Merger of Genext Hardware (General Reserve)	-	-	35.78	-	-	-
General reserve	35.78	35.78	35.78	-	-	-
ESOP Reserve	5.06	-	-	-	-	-
Retained earnings						
As per last Balance Sheet	2,069.00	1,836.91	2,961.09	4,116.93	4,301.09	5,114.72
Add: Impact on Amalgamation of Magna Distribution and Warehousing Private	-	-	-	-	-	(9.23)
Add: Fair Valuation of Land (Net of Tax)	-	(14.32)	-	(25.98)	981.96	184.65
Add: Merger of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	-	(2,425.71)	-	-	-
Add:Profit/ (Loss) for the period/year	(420.10)	246.40	1,301.53	(1,129.86)	(1,166.12)	(989.05)
Retained earnings	1,648.90	2,069.00	1,836.91	2,961.09	4,116.93	4,301.09
	3,194.00	3,522.96	3,480.40	3,953.74	5,109.58	5,293.74

## **Equity Component of Compound Instruments**

Equity component of Component Instruments comprises of the impact of fair valuation of preference shares issued by the Company.

#### Capital reserve

The reserve comprises of profits/gains of capital nature earned by the Company and credited directly to such reserve.

#### Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

## Shares pending allotment

Shares pending allotment represents consideration to be issued in relation to the merger of Genext Hardware and Parks Private Limited. The issue of such shares was completed in the financial year ended March 31, 2018 on receipt of requisite approvals for the merger (refer note 42).

### General reserve

General reserve represents appropriation of retained earnings and are available for distribution to shareholders.

### Employee stock option reserve

Represents expense recognised towards employee stock option plans issued by the company. (Refer note 52)

### Retained earnings

Retained earnings represents surplus/accumulated earnings of the Company and are available for distribution to shareholders. It includes impact of fair valuation of land on transition to Ind AS, not presently available for distribution to shareholders (net of related tax impact): Rs. 3,710.05 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 3,710.05, March 31, 2017: Rs. 3,724.37 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 3,750.36 million and March 31, 2014: Rs. 2,768.42 million).

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 21 Long-term borrowings

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	As at Septembere 30, As a 2018	As at Septembere 30, As at March 31, 2018 2018			As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma	
Secured							
Rupee term loans							
From banks (refer note A)	12,395.42	12,760.60	12,433.93	8,229.92	4,403.05	5,448.65	
From financial institutions (refer note A)	5,754.40	5,975.65	4,815.63	7,002.72	5,551.43	4,266.50	
Vehicle loans from banks (refer note A)	-	5.21	15.85	24.69	35.13	6.31	
Preference share liability							
Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares (refer note B)	336.82	160.00	-	-	-	-	
Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares pending allotment (refer footnote)			160.00	-	-	-	
Foreign currency term loans							
From banks (refer note A)	4,997.78	3,250.07	3,080.35	3,765.50	5,397.31	4,484.24	
	23,484.42	22,151.53	20,505.76	19,022.83	15,386.92	14,205.70	

Note: 1,600 non-cumulative preference shares were payable as consideration pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') to demerge the hotel undertaking and the retail undertaking of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Transferor Company") with the Company. These shares were issued and allotted during the year ended March 31, 2018 (refer note 42).

.) Terms of repayme	nt

Particulars	Sanction Carrying rate of amount (Rs. in million)  September	interest As at As at	Carrying rate o interest As at March 31, 2017	interest As at	te of Carrying rate of interest As at 016 March 31, 2015	interest As at	Repayment / modification of terms Security details
	September	50,2010 Marca 51,2010		Profo		, .	
TERM LOANS- Rupee loans		<u> </u>				'	
From banks							
The Ratnakar Bank Limited	1,500.00 9.30% to 9.77 %	9.77%	10.55%	10.65%	NA	NA	Repayable quarterly instalment starting It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable and movable from August 2015 to May 2020.  by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all
Indian Overseas Bank	1,000.00 NA	NA	NA	NA	12.75%	12.75%	Repayable half yearly in June and Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Powai Phase I December from June 2009 to June 2015 and II.
Standard Chartered Bank	2,000.00 9.00% to 9.15%	9.00%	10.45%	10.45%	NA		Repayable monthly instalment over 84 It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable and movable month starting from April 2016 to February property and receivables at Powai - Phase I and II (ii) Pari Susc charge 2023 and balance amount is bullet paymently way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all on March 2023.  Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Powai Phase I and II. Standard Chartered Bank has charge on the ISRA account reseat and II. Standard Chartered Bank has charge on the ISRA account reseat
Standard Chartered Bank	1,950.00 9.20% to 9.35%	9.20%	NA	NA	NA		Repayable half yearly starting from March in respect of security. 2018 to March 2022 and balance amount is bullet payment on November 2022.
TERM LOANS- Rupee loans							
From banks							
ICICI Bank Limited	3,080 (Term Loan - Rs.2,285 million with 300 million OD as a sub-limit of term loan)	9.25%	10.00%	10.80%	12.00%	12.00%	Repayable quarterly instalment starting It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable and movable from December 2017 to September 2026. property and receivables (both present and future) from Hotel and Retail Block, Sahar (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of
Bank of Baroda	900 8.85%	8.85%	11.20%	11.25%	NA	NA	Repayable monthly instalment from April Datest, Sanda (1) Fair Faste League by way or assignment or Centuri of Repayable monthly instalment from April Datest October 2026 of Rs. 8.30 million proceeds pertaining to Hotel and Retail Block, Sahar. and remaining amount bullet payment on November 2026.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 21

Long-term borrowings

(A) Terms of repayment

	Sanction amount (Rs. in million)	Carrying rate of interest  As at September 30, 2018	Carrying rate of interest As at March 31, 2018	interest As at	interest As at March 31, 2016	interest As at March 31, 2015	interest As at March 31, 2014	Repayment / modification of terms Security details
ICICI Bank Limited	1,500	NA	NA	NA	Proform: NA		12.55%	Repayable quarterly instalment over 24 It is secured by first pari passsu charge on moveable and immoveable quarters from year 2013.
Corporation Bank	900	NA	NA	NA	NA	13.00%	12.60%	Repayable monthly instalment over 96 months from April 2011.
Corporation Bank	500	NA	NA .	NA	NA	NA	12.60%	Repayable monthly instalment over 72 month from April 2009 to March 2015.
From banks Standard Chartered Bank	2,567	NA	9.25%	10.80%	12.28%	NA		Repayable monthly instalment over 60 It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable propert months starting from November 2017 to and receivables (both present future) at Business Centre and office Bloc September 2022 and balance amount is Sant, Mumbai, (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or reation bullet payment on October 2022.  The payable monthly instalment over 60 It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable properties (both present future) at Business Centre and office Block, Sahar Mumba proceeds pertaining to Business Centre and office Block, Sahar Mumba
	1,100 (Term Loan - Rs.900 million and OD sub-limit - Rs.200 million of sanction)			10.80%	12.28% NA			months starting from November 2017 to land receivables (both present future) at Business Centre and office Blo- September 2022 and balance amount is Sahar, Mumbai. (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creating bullet payment on October 2022.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 21

Long-term borrowings

(A) Terms of repayment

(A) Terms of repayment									
Particulars	Sanction	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest			Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Repayment / modification of terms	Security details
	amount (Rs. in million)	As at	As at	interest As at	interest As at	As at	As at		
	(Its III IIIIII)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2016				
					ъ.	D 6	ъ. с		
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma	1	
TERM LOANS- Rupee loans									
From banks									
Union Bank of India	1,000	NA	NA	NA	11.15%	12.50%	12.50%		It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on land pertaining to Powai Phase
								2015.	III- (ii) Second charge on the current assets of the company.
Other loans from banks - vehicle	45.06	11%	11%	10.50% to 10.75%	10.50% to	10.50% to	10.50% to	Repayable in monthly instalments till year	It is secured against hypothecation of vehicles financed by those banks.
					10.75%	10.75%	10.75%	ending June 2019.	
Other loans from banks - vehicle				10.50% to 10.75%	10.50% to 10.75%	10.50% to 10.75%	10.50% to 10.75%	Repayable in monthly instalments till year ending June 2017.	It is secured against hypothecation of vehicles financed by those banks.
					10./5%	10./5%	10.75%	ending June 2017.	
	000 m V P ##0	0.050/	0.040/			27.			
Standard Chartered Bank	900 (Term Loan - Rs.750 million and OD Rs.150	8.85% to 9%	8.85%	NA	NA	NA	NA		It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable property and receivables at Retail Block at Bengaluru (ii) Exclusive charge by way of
	million)								assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance
									contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Retail Block at Bengaluru (iii) Charge over DSRA amounting to Rs. 50 million.
									(iii) Charge over DSRA amounting to Rs. 30 immon.
Standard Chartered Bank	1.000 (Term Loan - Rs.700	NA.	N.A.	10.25%	NA	NA	NA	OCAL A DE OCAC ON	It is secured by (i) first charge by way of equitable mortgage in favour of
Standard Chartered Bank	1,000 (Term Loan - Rs. 700 million and OD Rs. 300	NA	NA	10.25%	NA	NA			It is secured by (i) first charge by way of equitable mortgage in favour of lender on the premises being Retail Block at Bengaluru having a built up
	million)							June 2012 ranging between Rs 4.5 million	area of approximately 29,803.90 sq. mtrs together with proportionate
								to Rs 10.40 million and a bullet payment of Rs 608.0 million in last instalment.	land appurtenant thereto being a portion of immovable property on a first pari passu basis and (ii) first pari passu charge over all the present and
								and over minor in any installment.	future book debts, outstanding moneys receivable, claims and bills and
									(iii) cash shortfall undertaking from, Chalet Hotels Private Limited. (iv) Charge over DSRA amounting to Rs. 50 million.
									Charge over DSKA amounting to Ks. 30 million.
ICICI Bank Limited	1,900	9.25% to 9.60%	9.25%	10%	NA	NA	NA	Repayable quarterly instalment from September	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable and movable
								2016 to June 2025.	property and receivables (both present and future) from Marriott Hotel
									Bangalore, Whitefield (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and
									Insurance proceeds pertaining to Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield.
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(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 21

Long-term borrowings

(A) Terms of repayment

Particulars	Sanction amount (Rs. in million)	Carrying rate of interest  As at September 30, 2018	Carrying rate of interest As at March 31, 2018	Carrying rate of interest As at March 31, 2017	interest As at	Carrying rate of interest As at March 31, 2015	Carrying rate of interest As at March 31, 2014	Repayment / modification of terms	Security details
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma		
TERM LOANS- Rupee loans					Protorma	Protorma	Protorma		
From banks									
Citi Bank NA	500	8.20%	8.20%	NA	NA	NA		Repayable in Monthly instalments from May 2017 to April 2025.	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable proper and receivables at Commercial Complex at Bangalore (ii) Exclusic charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lend of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining Commercial Complex at Bangalore (iii) Personal guarantee of Ne Raheja.
Citi Bank NA	442.5	8.20%	8.20%	9.25%	NA	NA	NA	Repayable in Monthly instalments fron November 16 to March 2024.	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable propert and receivables at Commercial Complex at Bangalore (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lende of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining t Commercial Complex at Bangalore (iii) Personal guarantee of Nec Raheja.
DBS Bank Ltd	3750	9.45%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Repayable in Monthly instalments from April 26 to Sept 2025.	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable propert and receivables (both present future) at Business Centre at Saha Mumbai. (ii) Exclusive charge on Current Accounts, DSRA Accour and assignment or creation of charge in favor of the lender of a Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Busines Centre at, Sahar Mumbai.
Standard Chartered - IT Building	300 (Rs.210 million as term loan with Rs.900 million overdraft facility)	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.50%	12.50%	Repayable Rs 300 million bullet payment afte 27 months (i.e. July 2015).	Secured by charge over IT / Commercial at Whitefield through Escrov Mechanism, securing a minimum security cover of 1.75x
From financial institutions					1			<u> </u>	
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	2,000	8.95% to 9.30%	8.70%	9.75%	10.85%	12.00%	12.00%	Repayable monthly instalment ending or March 2019.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable and movable property and receivables at Powai - Phase I and II (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the Index of a Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Powai Phase and II.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	1,000	NA	NA	9.75%	10.85%	11.50%	12.00%	Repayable monthly instalment ending or January 2018.	
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	700	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.00%	Repayable monthly instalment ending or October 2014.	It is secured by (i) mortgage of immovable properties at Vashi Hot premises together with proportionate undivided interest in the land an common area, facilities and parking area and construction thereo present and future. (ii) Corporate Guarantee of related party.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	3,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.00%	12.50%		It is secured by (i) first exclusive mortgage and charge on the (a) large land area of 291,145,36 sq. ft. bearing New Municipi No.21, Koramagala Industrial Layout, Ward No.68, H2) No.68-4-21 Bengaluru 560 034 (excluding the undivided interest in the plinth are of the residential towers in respect of flats' units already sold by the company before the date of creation of the charge and the proportionat undivided interest in the common areas and facilities in the larger land tundivided interest in the common areas and facilities in the larger land tundivided interest in the common areas and facilities in the larger land sold (ii) a first charge on and hypothecation of all receivables from the Koramangala project and (iii) security interest in the designated accour (escrow account) opened with HDFC Bank Limited, Bengaluru for the deposit of all receivables from the Koramangala project.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### Note 21

Long-term borrowings

#### (A) Terms of repayment

	Sanction amount (Rs. in million)	Carrying rate of interes	interest	interest	Carrying rate of interest As at	Carrying rate of interest As at	Carrying rate of interest As at	Repayment / modification of terms	Security details
	(KS. III IIIIIIIII)	September 30, 2013			March 31, 2016				
rom financial institutions					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma		
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	1	350 8.95% to 9.30%	8.70%	10.35%	10.85%	11.25%	NA	Repayable monthly instalment from Apri	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable property ar
ousing 50 copinion 1 mance corporation. Elimined		330 03300			10.0070	11.23 /3		2017 to May 2024.	receivables at Four Points By Sheraton, Vashi (ii) Exclusive charge I way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of I Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Four Points I Sheraton, Vashi (iii) Guarantee by related party.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	2.	,500 8.95% to 9.30%	8.70%	9.75%	10.85%	12.00%	NA	Repayable yearly from March 2019 to March 2026.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property an receivables (both present and future) from Sahar Hotel and retai operations (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Sahar Hotel and retails operations.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	1,	000 NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.25%	Payable on demand.	It is secured by personal guarantee by related party.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	3.	,600 8.95% to 9.30%	8.70%	10.10%	10.60%	NA	NA	Repayable monthly instalment ending or April 2025.	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable propert and receivables at Westin Hotel (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Westin Hotel.
(A) Terms of repayment									
Particulars	Sanction amount (USD in million)	Carrying rate of interes  As a September 30, 201	interest t As a	interest t As a	Carrying rate of interest As at March 31, 2016	interest As at	Carrying rate of interest As at March 31, 2014	Repayment / modification of terms	Security details
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma		
Foreign currency loans				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-		Proforma		
Foreign currency loans From banks					-		Proforma		
From banks		30 NA	NA	NA NA	-	Proforma		Repayable bullet payment on March 16.	
From banks Standard Chartered Bank, Singapore		30 NA 30 3.75% fixed plus 6 month libor			Proforma	Proforma 3.00% fixed plus	3.00% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR		(both present and future) located at Powai for a minimum security cov of 1.5x (ii) Pari Passu charge over above project receivables.  It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property ar receivables (both present and future) from Marriott Hotel Bangalor Whitefield (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation
From banks Standard Chartered Bank, Singapore Standard Chartered Bank, UK		30 3.75% fixed plus 6 month libor  30 3.75% fixed plus 3 mont	3.75% fixed plus 6 month LIBOR	NA 3.75% fixed plus 6	Proforma  NA  NA  4.25% fixed plus	Proforma  3.00% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR  NA  4.25% fixed plus	3.00% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	Repayable in half yearly from January 2017 to July 2021.	(both present and future) located at Powai for a minimum security cov of 1.5x (ii) Pari Passu charge over above project receivables.  It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property ar receivables (both present and future) from Marriott Hotel Bangalor Whitefield (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insuran proceeds pertaining to Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield.  It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property ar receivables at Powai - Phase I and II (ii) Pari Passu charge by way assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance proceeds pertaining to Powai Phase I are
		30 3.75% fixed plus 6 month libor  30 3.75% fixed plus 3 mont	3.75% fixed plus 6 month LIBOR  14.25% fixed plus 3 r month LIBOR	3.75% fixed plus 6 month LIBOR  4.25% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	NA NA 4.25% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR 4.75% fixed plus	3.00% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR  NA  4.25% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	3.00% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR NA 4.25% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	Repayable in half yearly from January 2017 to July 2021.  Repayable in quaterly installations ending on May 4, 2023.  Repayable quarterly from April 2018 to 31 January 2027.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property an receivables (both present and future) from Marriott Hotel Bangalor Whitefield (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield.  It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property an exceivables at Powai - Phase I and II (ii) Pari Passu charge by way assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Powai Phase I an II.Standard Chartered Bank has charge on the ISRA account created

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 21

Long-term borrowings
(B) Preference share capital

(a) Details of the authorised, issued, subscribed and paid-up preference share capital as below:

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
(i) Authorised 1,600 (March 31, 2018: 1,600, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each	160.00	160.00	-	-	-	-
2,400 (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each	240.00	-	-	-	-	-
20,000 (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.00%Non-cumulative, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each	2,000.00	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Issued, subscribed and paid-up 1,600 (March 31, 2018: 1,600, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each*	160.00	160.00		-	-	-
20,000 (Series A 10,000 And Series B 10,000)(March 31, 2018:Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil) 0,00% Non-cumulative, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares subscribed and partly paid up of Series A Rs 25,000 each and Series B Rs 1,000 each subscribed and partly paid up of Series A Rs 25,000 each and Series B Rs 1,000 each	176.82	-	-	-	-	-
Total	336.82	160.00	-	-	-	-

#### (b) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the period / year:

(b) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the per	riou / year:							
							(F	Rs. in million)
Particulars	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	March 31,	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2016
			2018				Proforma	Proforma
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
1,600 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each								
Number of preference shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year	1,600	160.00	_	_	_	_	_	_
remote of protective states outstanding at the beginning of the period year	1,000	100.00						
Issued during the period / year			1,600	160	-	-	-	-
Number of preference shares outstanding at the end of the period / year	1,600	160.00	1,600	160	-	-	-	-
20,000 (Series A 10,000 And Series B 10,000)(March 31, 2018:Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2017)	arch 31, 2016: Nil, March 31,	2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: N	Nil) 0.00% Non-cum	ulative, Non-conve	ertible redeemable	preference shares	s subscribed and par	rtly paid up of Series A Rs 25,000 each
and Series B Rs. 1,000 each.								
Number of Preference shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year								
Issued during the period/year	20,000	176.82	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number of Preference shares outstanding at the end of the period / year	20,000	176.82	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	21,600	336.82	1,600	160.00	_	_	_	_

Particulars		h 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Number of preference shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	Number	-	Amount 1	Number -	Amount -
Issued during the year Number of preference shares outstanding at the end of the year		-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	_	_	-

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### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 21

#### Long-term borrowings

#### (d) Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to preference shares.

The Company has two classes of preference shares having a par value of Rs.100,000 each per share.

#### 1,600 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each.

Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares

The preference shares do not carry any voting rights, even if dividend has remained unpaid for any year or dividend has not been declared by the Company for any year. Preference shares shall, subject to availability of profits during any financial year, be entitled to nominal dividend of Re.1 per preference share per year.

Preference shares issued by the Company are due for redemption at par. Accordingly, the preference shares are liable to be redeemed at any time at the option of the Company but not later than December 21, 2023.

In the event of liquidation of the Company before redemption of the equity shares, holders of the preference shares will have priority over equity shares in the payment of dividend and repayment of capital.

#### 20,000 0(Zero) %(Series A & Series B) Non-cumulative, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each.

# Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to 0(Zero) % (Series A & Series B) Non-cumulative Non convertible redeemable preference shares The preference shares do not carry any voting rights.

Preference shares issued by the Company are due for redemption at par. The Company and its Board shall have the right to redeem the preference shares to the extent of any surplus amounts available from the Bengaluru Residential Project. However, the preference shares are liable to be redeemed not later than one month prior to completion of 20 years from the date of allotment.

The Preference Shares do not carry any voting rights whatsoever in any meetings of the shareholders of the Company or of members of any class of shares of the Company.

Subject to applicable laws, other than the amounts payable for redemption, no amounts shall be payable to the Preference Shareholders, whether by way of dividend or in any other manner whatsoever.

In the event of liquidation of the Group before redemption of the equity shares, holders of the preference shares will have priority over equity shares in the payment of dividend and repayment of capital.

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### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Particulars  Note 22  Other non-current financial liabilities	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Security deposits Retention money	115.76	151.77 - 151.77	28.90 3.56 <b>32.46</b>	13.45 39.58 <b>53.03</b>	15.85 10.77 <b>26.62</b>	15.39 4.81 <b>20.20</b>
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 23 Provisions						
Provision for gratuity	42.99	38.11	57.62	55.74	51.19	36.80
	42.99	38.11	57.62	55.74	51.19	36.80

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### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 24
Tax expense
(a) Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss

(Rs. in million)

	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Current income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	65.00
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net						
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(199.93)	(1.30)	(483.22)	(535.16)	(139.47)	(335.03)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	8.20	(102.87)	-	-	-	-
Change in tax rate	-	4.42	-	-	(4.80)	-
Deferred tax credit	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.16)	(144.27)	(335.03)
Tax credit for the period/ year	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.16)	(144.27)	(270.03)

#### (b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

	For the perio	For the period ended September 30, 2018			For the year ended March 31, 2018			For the year ended March 31	
	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss									
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	(5.78)	2.02	(3.76)	22.54	(7.88)	14.66	0.20	(0.07)	
	(5.78)	2.02	(3.76)	22.54	(7.88)	14.66	0.20	(0.07)	

	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma			For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma			For the year ended March 31 Proforma		
	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss									
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	1.93	(0.67)	1.26	(3.98)	1.38	(2.60)	(4.73)	1.61	
	1.93	(0.67)	1.26	(3.98)	1.38	(2.60)	(4.73)	1.61	

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 24
Tax expense
(c) Amounts recognised directly in equity

	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Deferred income tax asset, net	-	14.32	-	25.98	287.69	(11.08)
(d) Reconciliation of effective tax rate						
	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015	For the year ended March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Profit/(loss) before tax	(608.07)	132.01	818.18	(1,666.28)	(1,307.79)	(1,255.96)
Company's domestic tax rate	34.94%	34.61%	34.61%	34.61%	34.61%	33.99%
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	(212.48)	45.69	283.16	(576.67)	(452.60)	(426.90)
Tax effect of:						
Expenses not allowed under tax	57.69	28.00	30.14	25.81	22.29	302.12
Income not subject to tax	-	(1.55)	(36.36)	(3.56)	(1.19)	-
Utlisation of brought forward losses	(8.20)	(102.87)	-	-	-	-
Adjustment for deferred taxes (prior period)	-	-	(241.07)	-	-	-
Recognition of deferred tax asset on unrecognised tax losses	(46.97)	-	(346.07)	(519.12)	-	(114.13)
Deferred tax asset not recognised on current year's loss	-	33.67	103.97	699.11	2,637.54	8.51
Indexation of land and investment property	(22.26)	(118.51)	(526.51)	(38.66)	(39.83)	(32.50)
Indexation of equity instruments	-	-	-	(115.29)	(4.48)	(3.73)
Difference in applicable tax rates	-	11.41	(1.25)	1.12	-	-
Section 35AD deduction	-	-	232.19	(7.90)	(2,301.19)	-
Change in tax rate	-	4.42	-	-	(4.80)	-
Others		-	18.58	-	-	(3.40)
EIR measurement of preference shares	(1.01)	-	-	-	-	-
	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.16)	(144.27)	(270.03)

The Company's weighted average tax rates for period/years ended September 30, 2018: 31.53% March 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were (75.55%), (59.06%), 32.12%, 11.03% and 21.50%, respectively.

The effective tax rate is primarily lower on account of indexation benefit recognised on land and unquoted equity shares. Further unabsorbed tax losses have been utilised during some years to reduce the current tax expense.

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### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### (e) Movement in deferred tax balances

Movement in deferred tax balances for the period ended September 30, 2018

(Rs. in million)

	Net balance April 1, 2018	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Net balance September 30, 2018
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Property, plant and equipment	(3,142.56)	43.30			(3,099.26)
Investment property	79.91	1.82			81.73
Assets classified as held for sale	0.04	0.00			0.04
Real estate inventory	(409.28)	-			(409.28)
Expenditure on specified business u/s 35 AD	2,350.86	(39.71)			2,311.15
Investments	(0.28)				(0.28)
Provisions	382.28	23.06	2.02		407.36
Borrowings	(71.12)	(1.07)			(72.19)
Unabsorbed depreciation / carry forward tax losses	856.32	196.61			1,052.94
Other current liabilities	304.55	130.14			434.69
Other items	9.79	(163.34)			(153.55)
Employee Stock option plans		0.92			0.92
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	360.51	191.73	2.02	-	554.24

### Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2018

	Net balance April 1, 2017	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Net balance March 31, 2018
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Property, plant and equipment	(3,241.41)	113.16	-	(14.32)	(3,142.56)
Investment property	59.48	20.44	-	-	79.91
Assets classified as held for sale	0.03	0.01	-	-	0.04
Real estate inventory	(485.99)	76.70	-	-	(409.28)
Expenditure on specified business u/s 35 AD	2,328.27	22.59	-	-	2,350.86
Investments	(0.28)	(0.00)	-	-	(0.28)
Provisions	438.24	(55.96)	-	-	382.28
Borrowings	(71.75)	8.51	(7.88)	-	(71.12)
Unabsorbed depreciation / carry forward tax losses	865.20	(8.88)	-	-	856.32
Other current liabilities	477.32	(172.77)	-	-	304.55
Other items	(86.16)	95.96	-	-	9.79
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	282.95	99.74	(7.88)	(14.32)	360,50

### Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2017 $\,$

	Net balance April 1, 2016	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Acquired in business combinations (refer note 42)	Net balance March 31, 2017
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)						
Property, plant and equipment	(1,908.12)	(1,450.68)	-	-	117.39	(3,241.41)
Investment property	64.72	(5.24)	-	-	-	59.48
Assets classified as held for sale	110.30	(110.27)	-	-	-	0.03
Real estate inventory	(532.07)	46.08	-	-	-	(485.99)
Expenditure on specified business u/s 35 AD	-	2,328.27	-	-	-	2,328.27
Investments	2.22	(2.50)	-	-	-	(0.28)
Provisions	454.68	(20.82)	(0.07)	-	4.45	438.24
Borrowings	(51.41)	7.34	-	-	(27.69)	(71.75)
Unabsorbed depreciation / carry forward tax losses	635.32	229.88	-	-	-	865.20
Other current liabilities	629.47	(152.15)	-	-	-	477.32
Other items	350.75	(386.70)	-	-	(50.22)	(86.16)
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	(244.13)	483.22	(0.07)	-	43.94	282.96

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Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2016 - Proforma

	Net balance April 1, 2015	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Net balance March 31, 2016
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Property, plant and equipment	(3,867.49)	1,985.35	-	(25.98)	(1,908.12)
Investment property	54.12	10.60	-	-	64.72
Assets classified as held for sale	-	110.30	-	-	110.30
Real estate inventory	(565.15)	33.08	-	-	(532.07)
Expenditure on specified business u/s 35 AD	2,301.20	(2,301.20)	-	-	-
Investments	-	2.22	-	-	2.22
Provisions	442.45	12.90	(0.67)	-	454.68
Borrowings	(33.79)	(17.62)	-	-	(51.41)
Unabsorbed depreciation / carry forward tax losses	116.20	519.12	-	-	635.32
Other current liabilities	705.33	(75.85)	-	-	629.47
Other items	94.47	256.28	-	-	350.75
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	(752.64)	535.16	(0.67)	(25.98)	(244.14)

Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2015 - Proforma

	Net balance April 1, 2014	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Net balance March 31, 2015
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Property, plant and equipment	(1,340.30)	(2,239.49)	-	(287.69)	(3,867.49)
Investment property	43.82	10.31	-	-	54.12
Real estate inventory	(676.36)	111.22	-	-	(565.15)
Expenditure on specified business u/s 35 AD	-	2,301.20	-	-	2,301.20
Investments	2.11	(2.11)	-	-	-
Provisions	434.67	6.40	1.38	-	442.45
Borrowings	(41.29)	7.50	-	-	(33.79)
Carry forward tax losses	114.13	2.08	-	-	116.20
Other current liabilities	865.88	(160.55)	-	-	705.33
Other items	(13.25)	107.72	-	-	94.47
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	(610.60)	144.27	1.38	(287.69)	(752.64)

Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2014 - Proforma

	Net balance April 1, 2013	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Net balance March 31, 2014
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Property, plant and equipment	(1,395.44)	44.07	-	11.08	(1,340.30)
Investment property	35.44	8.38	-	-	43.82
Real estate inventory	(693.91)	17.54	-	-	(676.36)
Investments	-	2.11	-	-	2.11
Provisions	200.71	232.36	1.61	-	434.67
Borrowings	(24.01)	(17.28)	-	-	(41.29)
Carry forward tax losses	-	114.13	-	-	114.13
Other current liabilities	845.74	20.14	-	-	865.88
Other items	73.16	(86.41)	-	-	(13.25)
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	(958.31)	335.03	1.61	11.08	(610.59)

The company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax

liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Significant management judgement is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered. Any changes in future taxable income would impact the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

Given that the holding company does not have any intention to dispose investments in subsidiaries in the foreseeable future, deferred tax asset on indexation benefit in relation to such investments has not been recognised.

#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets (DTA) have not been recognised in respect of the following items, because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the company can use the benefits therefrom:

	Se Gross amount	ptember 30, 2018 DTA not	Expiry date	Gross amount	March 31, 2018 DTA not	Expiry date	Gross amount	March 31, 2017 DTA not	Expiry date
		recognised			recognised			recognised	
Business Loss	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	489.45	169.39	March 31, 2024
Business Loss	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	47.65	16.49	March 31, 2025
House property loss	88.71	31.00	March 31, 2027	84.39	29.49	March 31, 2026	-	-	NA
House property loss	84.39	29.49	March 31, 2026	-	-	NA	-	-	NA
Long Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA
Long Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	-	_	NA	-	-	NA
Long Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA
Long Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA
Short Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	-	_	NA	-	-	NA
Short Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA
Total	173.11	60.49		84.39	29.49		537.10	185.88	
•									
	Marci	h 31, 2016 - Profo	rma	Mar	rch 31, 2015 - Profo	rma	Marc	ch 31, 2014 - Pro	forma
	March Gross amount	h 31, 2016 - Profe DTA not recognised	orma Expiry date	Mar Gross amount	rch 31, 2015 - Profo DTA not recognised	rma Expiry date	Marc Gross amount	ch 31, 2014 - Pro DTA not recognised	forma Expiry date
Business Loss		DTA not			DTA not			DTA not	
Business Loss Business Loss	Gross amount	DTA not recognised	Expiry date		DTA not			DTA not	
	Gross amount 36.12	DTA not recognised 12.50 502.97	Expiry date  March 31, 2023	Gross amount	DTA not recognised	Expiry date		DTA not	Expiry date
Business Loss	36.12 1,453.33	DTA not recognised 12.50 502.97	Expiry date  March 31, 2023  March 31, 2024	1,536.12	DTA not recognised	Expiry date  March 31, 2023	Gross amount	DTA not recognised	Expiry date  NA
Business Loss  Long Term Capital Loss	36.12 1,453.33 0.21	DTA not recognised  12.50  502.97  0.05  0.59	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 March 31, 2017	1,536.12 0.21	DTA not recognised  531.62  0.05	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2017	Gross amount  - 0.21	DTA not recognised	NA March 31, 2017
Business Loss  Long Term Capital Loss  Long Term Capital Loss	36.12 1,453.33 0.21 2.55	DTA not recognised  12.50  502.97  0.05  0.59	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 March 31, 2017 March 31, 2018	1,536.12 0.21	DTA not recognised  531.62  0.05	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2017 NA	- 0.21	DTA not recognised  - 0.05	NA March 31, 2017
Business Loss Long Term Capital Loss Long Term Capital Loss Long Term Capital Loss	36.12 1,453.33 0.21 2.55 8.46	DTA not recognised  12.50  502.97  0.05  0.59  1.95	Expiry date  March 31, 2023  March 31, 2024  March 31, 2017  March 31, 2018  March 31, 2019	1,536.12 0.21 - 8.46	DTA not recognised  531.62  0.05  - 1.92	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2017 NA March 31, 2019	- 0.21 - 8.46	DTA not recognised  - 0.05 - 1.92	NA March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019
Business Loss  Long Term Capital Loss  Long Term Capital Loss  Long Term Capital Loss  Long Term Capital Loss	36.12 1,453.33 0.21 2.55 8.46 88.90	DTA not recognised  12.50 502.97 0.05 0.59 1.95 20.51 1.06	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 March 31, 2017 March 31, 2018 March 31, 2019 March 31, 2022	1,536.12 0.21 - 8.46 0.00	DTA not recognised  531.62  0.05  - 1.92  0.00	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2017 NA March 31, 2019 March 31, 2022	. 0.21	DTA not recognised  - 0.05  - 1.92  0.00	NA March 31, 2017 NA March 31, 2019 March 31, 2022

Deferred tax assets for the carry forward of unused tax losses are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilised. The existence of unused tax losses is strong evidence that future taxable profit may not be available. Therefore, in case of a history of recent losses, the Company recognises a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised. Deferred tax assets — unrecognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised/ reduced to the extent that it is probable/ no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realised.

The Company has recognised deferred tax asset to the extent that the same will be recoverable using the estimated future taxable income based on the approved business plans and budgets of the Company. The Company has generated taxable income for the financial year ended March 31, 2018 and has adjusted the carry forward losses partially. The Company is expected to continue generating taxable income going forward. The business losses can be carried forward for a period of 8 years as per the tax regulations and the Company expects to recover the losses.

The Retail block at Sahar, Mumbai will become operational during the financial year ended March 31, 2019 and is expected to generate profits for the Company. Further, the Company has merged the hotel and retail undertaking from Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited for which the Scheme was filed in the financial year ended March 31, 2017. The said Scheme received the approval of the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) at Mumbai and Bangalore and other statutory and regulatory authorities and became effective from October 1, 2017.

Further, the Company had incurred losses in relation to the residential project at Bengaluru pursuant to litigation which arose during the financial year ended March 31, 2014. During the financial year ended March 31, 2018, without prejudice to its rights and remedies under law and keeping the commercial considerations in perspective, the Board of Directors of the Company, decided that the Company should proactively consider re-commencement of construction upto the minimum permissible limits and engage with the buyers above the 10th floor for evaluating possible options. Consequently, the Company has made a provision for estimated losses on such cancellations pertaining to all flats above 10 floors and had recognised the same during the financial year ended March 31, 2018 (refer note 36 of Annexure VI). Such costs have been pushed back for the purpose of restated consolidated summary financial statements (refer Annexure VII). Further, the Company does not expect any further material losses to be incurred in relation to the said project.

Accordingly, the Company, has recognised deferred tax asset on the carried forward business losses after considering the relevant facts and circumstances during each financial year to the extent that the Company had convincing evidence based on its business plans and budgets to the extent that the deferred tax asset will be realised. Consequently, the Company has recognised a deferred tax asset of Rs. 1,053.91 million as at September 30, 2018 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 856.32 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 865.20 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 519.12 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 116.20 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 519.12 million, March 31, 2016

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 25

(Rs. in million)

### Other non-current liabilities

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	,	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Other non-current liabilities Deferred finance income	22.74	28.08	21.15			
Deferred finance income	33.74 33.74	28.08	21.15			

#### Note 26

#### Borrowings

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Secured						
From financial institutions (refer footnote)		-	-	-	-	173.44
Cash credit / over draft accounts from banks	688.13	433.19	108.48	763.24	326.71	546.27
Unsecured						
Buyer's credit	231.56	252.29	251.73	686.73	658.96	377.09
From directors	-	-	74.00	-	-	-
Loans from related parties	221.66	692.29	2,571.46	938.32	745.75	240.25
	1,141.35	1,377.77	3,005.67	2,388.29	1,731.42	1,337.05

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## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### (A) Terms associated with secured loans

Particulars	Sanction amount (Rs. in million)	Carrying rate of interest As at September 30, 2018	interest As at	Carrying rate of interest As at March 31, 2017	Carrying rate of interest As at March 31, 2016	Carrying rate of interest As at March 31, 2015	interest As at March 31, 2014		Security details
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma		
TERM LOANS- Rupee loans									
From banks Standard Chartered Bank	500	9.95% to 10.30%	10 00% to 10 05%	11.75% to 10.90%	12% to 11.75%	12 50% to 12 00%	12 50% to 12 50%	Renewal every year	Secured against land parcel admeasuring 6,826 sq. mtrs.
Standard Charleted Bank	300	9.93% 10 10.30%	10.90% to 10.03%	11.75% to 10.90%	1270 to 11.7370	12.30% to 12.00%	13.30% to 12.30%		at Powai and future receivable from Renaissance Hotel and Marriott Executive Apartments at Powai, Mumbai.
Yes Bank	1,100 (Term Loan - Rs.900 million and OD sub-limit - Rs.200 million of sanction)	9.62% to10.35%	9.90 to 9.60%	9.90%	NA	NA	NA		It is secured by exclusive charge on Land for Powai Phase III land
ICICI Bank Ltd	3,080 (Term Loan - Rs.2285 million with Rs.300 million OD as a sub-limit of term loan)	9.35%	10.60% to 9.35%	10.85% to 10.60%	12% to 10.85%	12.00%		from December 2017 to September 2026.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property and receivables (both present and future) from Hotel and Retail Block, Sahar (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Hotel and Retail Block, Sahar.
Indian Overseas Bank	50	12.50%	12.95%	12.95%	13.50% to 12.95%	13.50%	13.50%		Cash Credit is secured by hypothecation of inventories, crockery, cutlery, and linen held by the Company at its property in Powai, both present and future.
ICICI Bank Ltd	1,900 (Term Loan - Rs.1,530 million and OD Rs. 150 million)	9.25% to 9.45%	10.05% to 9.25%	12.85% to 10.05%	NA	NA		September 2016 to June 2025.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property and receivables (both present and future) from Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### (A) Terms associated with secured loans

Particulars	Sanction amount (Rs. in million)	As at September	interest  As at	Carrying rate of interest  As at	Carrying rate of interest  As at March 31, 2016	Carrying rate of interest  As at March 31, 2015	interest  As at	Repayment / modification of terms	Security details
		30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014		
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma		
TERM LOANS- Rupee loans From banks									
Standard Chartered Bank	900 (Term Loan - Rs.700 million and OD Rs.300 million)	8.75% to 9.10%	11.95% to 8.85%	11.95% to 12.25%	NA	NA	NA	months starting from July 17 to July 2029	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable property and receivables at Retail Block at Bengaluru (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Retail Block at Bengaluru (iii) Charge over DSRA amounting to Rs. 50 million.
Standard Chartered Bank	300 (Term Loan - Rs.210 million and OD Rs. 90 million)	NA	NA	NA	12.50% to 12.25%	12.25% to 13.50%			Secured by charge over IT / Commercial at whitefield through Escrow Mechanism, securing a minimum security cover of 1.75x.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	1,500	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.50%	holders till July 2016 whichever is earlier.	It is secured by (i) first exclusive mortgage and charge on the (a) larger land area of 291,145.36 sq. ft. bearing New Municipal No.21,Koramangala Industrial Layout, Ward No.68, PID No.68-4-21, Bengaluru 560 034 (excluding the undivided interest in the plinth area of the residential towers in respect of flats/ units already sold by the company before the date of creation of the charge and the proportionate undivided interest in the common areas and facilities in the larger land relating to such flats already sold) and (b) structures to be constructed on the larger land, present and future, excluding the area of flats already sold (ii) a first charge on and hypothecation of all receivables from the Koramangala project and (iii) security interest in the designated account (escrow account) opened with HDFC Bank Limited, Bengaluru for the deposit of all receivables from the Koramangala project.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

From related parties (Rs. in million)

Particulars	Sanction amount (Rs. in million)	Carrying rate of interest	Repayment / modification of terms	Security details					
		As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014		
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma		
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	NA	NA	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	NA	NA	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
New Found properties Private Limited	NA	10.50%	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
K.Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	NA	NA	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	NA	NA	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
From directors	NA	NA	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
Buyers credits		1	I	I	1	1	1	ı	
Buyers credit	NA	1% to 5%	Repayable within 1 years	Unsecured					

There are no material breaches of the covenants associated with the borrowings (referred to above) and none of the borrowings were called back during the period.

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### $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 27						
Trade payables						
Acceptances	-	-	-	-	13.01	55.33
Other than Acceptances Micro and small enterprises (refer note 44)	5.05	4.75	5.46	0.70	0.19	0.23
Others	5.85 798.81	854.25	841.26	651.17	583.44	533.74
Oulers	804.66	859.00	846.72	651.87	596.64	589.30
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 28				TTOIOTINA	Troiorina	Troiorma
Other current financial liabilities						
Current maturity of long term debt (refer note 21)	2,214.49	3,467.40	2,605,52	1,900.39	3,520.77	1,972.18
Accrued expenses	2,214.47	5,407.40	2,005.52	1.38	2.02	25.44
Creditors for capital expenditure	30.17	-	-	-	5.09	4.06
Retention money payable	39.41	48.64	82.54	122.09	163.40	99.78
Security deposits	107.94	47.79	121.55	21.23	16.52	5.25
Mark to market derivative contracts	<u>-</u>	37.83	104.56	107.15	60.49	-
Others	180.23	159.91	210.46	166.50	536.02	282.35
	2,572.24	3,761.57	3,124.63	2,318.74	4,304.31	2,389.06
Particulars	As at September	As at March	As at March	As at March	As at March	As at March
1 at uculais	30, 2018	31, 2018	31, 2017	31, 2016 Proforma	31, 2015 Proforma	31, 2014 Proforma
Note 29					31011111	3101 mu
Other current liabilities						
Acceptances for capital expenditure	_	_	_	1.04	_	4.95
Deferred government grant (refer note 39)	-	_	_	134.29	178.94	-
Income received in advance (unearned revenue)	-	208.36	334.94	381.03	403.76	509.64
Advances from customers towards sale of residential flats(refer note 37)	2,300.02	2,141.97	2,389.87	2,585.39	2,748.75	3,295.72
Advances from customers towards hospitality services	198.32	170.97	106.77	84.26	56.37	60.15
Statutory dues payable	361.48	578.57	150.43	147.35	104.58	83.38
	2,859.82	3,099.87	2,982.01	3,333.36	3,492.40	3,953.84

Advances from customers towards sale of residential flats includes amount refundable to customers on estimated cancellation of flats for the period ended September 30, 2018 above 10 floors of Rs. 881.18 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 944.07 million (refer note 37).

Statutory dues payable includes ESIC, TDS payable, provident fund payable, indirect taxes payable, etc.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Particulars  Note 30 Short term provisions	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Provision for gratuity Provision for compensated absences Provision for estimated/actual cancellations and cost of alteration (refer footnote and note 37)	29.74 66.38 886.92	27.18 56.71 874.73	23.73 53.86 1,070.95	15.22 55.18 1,148.89	11.53 50.77 1,108.87	12.45 43.46 1,134.95
1.500 377	983.04	958.62	1,148.54	1,219.29	1,171.17	1,190.86

#### Current provisions

#### Bengaluru residential project

During the year 2013-14, Hindustan Aeronautics Limited (HAL) had raised an objection with regard to the permissible height of buildings of the Company's Bengaluru residential project. Pursuant to an interim order passed by the Karnataka High Court, in the petition filed by the Company, the Company had suspended construction activity at the project and sale of flats.

Pending the outcome of the proceedings and a final closure of the matter, the Company suspended revenue recognition based on the percentage completion method after financial year ended March 31, 2014. Further, in case of cancellations subsequent to March 31, 2014, the Company reversed the revenue and derecognised margins in the respective year of cancellation. The Company also recompensed flat owners, in accordance with mitigation plans framed by the Company on account of the delay in completion of the project.

During the year ended March 31, 2018, without prejudice to its rights and remedies under law and keeping the commercial considerations in perspective, the Board of Directors of the Company, decided that the Company should proactively consider re-commencement of construction upto the minimum permissible limit and engage with the buyers above 10th floor for evaluating possible options. Accordingly, the Company has reassessed the estimated cost of completion of the project up to 10th floor as per the aforementioned plan and has recognised a provision towards the following:

- cost of alteration of superstructure
- Estimated cost in relation to expected potential cancellations

Further, cost of actual cancellations (where applicable) has also been provided for and included in the provision referred to above.

#### Movement for provision for estimated loss on account of cancellations of flats

	As at September 30, 2018			As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Provision for cost of alteration of super structure	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00
Provision for estimated / actual cancellation						
Opening balance	624.73	820.95	898.89	858.87	884.95	239.48
Provisions made during the period/year	115.36	178.22	199.31	277.75	360.91	751.64
Provisions utilised during the period/year	(103.17)	(374.44)	(277.25)	(237.73)	(386.99)	(106.17)
Closing balance	636.92	624.73	820.95	898.89	858.87	884.95
Total	886.92	874.73	1,070.95	1,148.89	1,108.87	1,134.95

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 31						
Revenue from operations						
(a) Sale of services Hospitality:						
Room income	2,472.46	4,855.89	3,961.01	3,216.11	2,485.00	2,499.36
Food, beverages and smokes	1,381.96	2,821.93	2,327.42	2,030.79	1,444.58	1,326.39
Others	389.79	717.11	517.26	397.41	364.33	315.65
(b) Sale of products Real Estate: Sale of residential flats Sale of transferable development Rights	284.55 -	102.13	111.44 -	77.39 -	104.64	434.77
Retail and commercial: Lease rent	119.21	166.37	114.23	7.73	7.08	-
Retail and commercial:						
Maintenance and other recoveries	31.55	49.09	19.16	-	-	-
Revenue from other services	19.16	25.31	8.27	-	-	-
_	4,698.68	8,737.83	7,058.79	5,729.43	4,405.63	4,576.17

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### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Particulars Note 32	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Other income						
Profit on sale of investments	-	4.63	1,301.24	-	-	-
Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	131.12	197.63	228.70	73.43	234.56	303.73
Interest Income from amortised cost measurement of preference shares	-	-	17.29	14.43	12.94	10.77
Gain on foreign exchange fluctuation (net)	-	4.63	213.66	-	-	-
Net mark to market gain on derivative contracts	39.38	21.54	35.00	-	-	-
Export benefits and entitlements	89.69	200.33	314.74	95.14	8.90	256.05
Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	3.55	1.23	3.85	0.03	1.80	12.02
Dividend received	-	-	-	7.90	1.32	-
Interest on income tax refund	15.32	-	13.61	-	-	-
Miscellaneous income	4.27	17.45	47.58	44.43	18.53	7.94
Fair value gains on instruments measured at FVTPL	-	-	10.82	-	-	-
<del>-</del>	283.33	447.44	2,186.49	235.36	278.05	590.51

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### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

for the period ended September 30, 2018

(Rs. in million)

Particulars						
	For the period ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 33(a) Real estate development costs				Trotorma	Troiorina	1 Tolorina
(i) Cost of construction						
Opening project work in progress Inventory of unsold flats	<b>3,728.46</b> 247.25	3,716.86 312.47	3,723.16 388.96	3,684.69 434.50	3,354.30 504.22	3,451.60 522.43
inventory of unsold hats	247.23	312.47	366.70	434.30	304.22	322.43
Expenditure incurred during the period/year:						
Addition during the period/year	-	0.24	(5.20)	2.05	167.72	26.21
Materials consumed	-	0.24	(5.36)	3.95	167.73	26.21
Contractors labour and other charges Rates and taxes	-	16.80	(1.00)	30.42 0.43	112.71 0.43	254.82 0.43
Legal and professional charges	-	-	-	0.43	4.75	5.90
Project support fees	-	-	-	2.50	30.00	39.96
Interest and finance charges		_	_	2.30	3.68	12.72
Other expenses	_	_	0.05	1.18	13.01	11.07
Culci Capelloco	3,975.71	4,046.36	4,105.81	4,158.09	4,190.84	4,325.15
Less: Transferred to investment property	-	-	-	-	-	21.99
Add: Adjustment for provision for impairment	-	-	-	-	-	(444.63)
Less: Closing stock	-					
Inventory of unsold flats	55.76	247.25	312.47	388.96	434.50	504.22
Project work in progress	3,718.53	3,728.46	3,716.86	3,723.16	3,684.70	3,354.30
Cost of construction	201.42	70.65	76.48	45.97	71.64	(0.00)
(ii) Cost of mitigation program compensation	115.36	124.15	131.51	205.57	278.34	357.69
(iii) Cost of Transferable Development Rights					_	338.73
•						
Total real estate development cost ( i + ii + iii)	316.78	194.80	207.99	251.54	349.98	696.42
Note 33(b)						
Food and beverages consumed*						
Food and beverages materials at the beginning of the period/year	98.49	112.46	97.14	71.86	67.63	52.12
Purchases	424.37	815.17	682.67	629.73	431.04	424.53
Food and beverages materials at the end of the period/year	91.88	105.43	112.46	97.14	71.86	67.63
	430.98	822.20	667.35	604.45	426.81	409.02
	430.98	822.20	667.35	604.45	426.81	409.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes complimentaries Rs 64.12 Million (March 31, 2018 : Rs 94.83 million, March 31, 2017 : Rs 59.23 million, March 31, 2016 : Rs 55.75 million, March 31, 2015 : Rs 34.72 million; March 31, 2014 : Rs 52.77 million)

#### Note 33(c)

### Operating supplies consumed

Operating supplies materials at the beginning of the period/year	-	-	3.28	20.56	20.43	14.94
Purchases	118.48	256.17	215.12	172.70	306.17	127.53
Operating supplies materials at the end of the period/year	-	-	-	3.28	20.56	20.43
_	118.48	256.17	218.40	189.98	306.04	122.04

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### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 34						
Employee benefits expense						
Salaries, wages and bonus Contribution to provident and other funds Employee stock option expense	611.28 27.92 5.06	1,085.03 50.48	986.60 53.54	892.52 45.30	733.22 34.37	568.97 28.86
Staff welfare expenses	82.65	160.08	148.11	129.37	94.21	81.91
	726.91	1,295.59	1,188.25	1,067.19	861.80	679.74
Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 35						
Finance costs						
Interest expenses  Exchange differences regarded as a adjustment to borrowing cost	1,226.89 168.55	2,049.74	2,111.87	1,769.46 380.29	1,527.08 67.44	1,301.21
Other borrowing costs	1,395.44	42.86 <b>2,092.60</b>	41.74 2,153.61	7.51 2,157.26	2.03 1,596.55	66.99 1,368.20

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## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	(Rs. in million) For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 36 Other expenses						
Travelling and conveyance expenses	28.82	111.49	95.04	87.48	78.70	66.80
Power and fuel*	336.16	627.40	544.95	612.28	459.34	396.82
Rent	10.81	22.83	32.37	29.67	31.64	23.44
Repairs and maintenance						
- Buildings	59.00	136.88	116.62	135.99	65.81	44.10
- Plant and machinery	96.81	216.10	179.94	108.41	72.40	60.59
- Others	50.55	96.15	84.89	74.59	51.72	54.17
Insurance	11.40	29.69	26.03	25.93	17.40	15.90
Rates and taxes	122.76	417.06	182.31	135.64	85.25	99.62
Advertisement and business promotion expenses	186.73	383.14	336.32	273.56	221.13	181.38
Donations	0.06	0.50	0.13	0.28	0.30	0.51
Commission	105.22	229.14	212.96	140.58	99.58	107.72
Royalty and management fees	198.96	375.28	304.69	241.62	199.02	190.42
Legal and professional charges	74.14	113.36	118.50	107.33	75.88	71.50
Loss on sale of export benefits and entitlements	0.11	-	0.40	-	-	-
Provision for impairment on export benefits and entitlements	-	-	0.96	-	-	-
Loss on sale of investment/written off	-	-	-	5.78	6.19	4.60
Provision for diminution in value of investments	-	-	-	3.71	(6.19)	6.19
Provision for stock obsolescence	-	-	8.33	-	2.61	2.82
Provision for diminution in value of loans and advances	-	-	-	-	-	14.72
Provision for doubtful debts	17.07	20.43	1.38	1.55	-	3.23
Bad debt written off	-	0.52	0.48	0.86	0.28	-
Fixed assets written off	0.38	-	29.96	0.52	1.12	-
Loss on foreign exchange fluctuation (net)	452.60	-	-	11.37	5.86	124.54
Provision for mark to market loss on derivative contracts	-	-	-	46.66	60.49	-
Provision for doubtful Advances	9.07	-	-	-	-	-
Director sitting fees	1.47	0.40	0.39	0.36	0.36	0.33
Payment to auditors (refer note 46)	7.70	5.67	9.07	12.03	8.43	7.20
Buyout labour	48.09	116.75	88.82	82.58	61.90	67.33
Manpower contract	22.78	19.55	15.49	10.97	-	-
Miscellaneous expenses**	191.54	299.15	263.86	140.98	150.76	168.76
	2,032.23	3,221.49	2,653.89	2,300.33	1,749.98	1,712.69

<sup>\*</sup>Net off Rs. 23.86 million (March 31, 2018: 47.70 million, March 31, 2017: 15.92 million, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) on account of recoveries.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Net off Rs. 1.17 million (March 31, 2017:Rs. 1.98 million, March 31, 2017: (1.45) million, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) on account of recoveries.

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### Note 37 Exceptional items

(Rs. in million)

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Exceptional Items						
- Provision for impairment loss on super structure - Provision for cost of alteration of super structure - Provision for impairment loss on inventories	- - -	- - - - (5100)		- - - - (72.20)	- - - - (02.50)	(350.89) (250.00) (93.74)
- Provision for estimated cost in relation to potential cancellation	-	(54.08)	(67.81)	(72.20)	(82.59)	(838.58)

#### Note

During the year 2013-14, Hindustan Aeronautics Limited (HAL) had raised an objection with regard to the permissible height of buildings of the Company's Bengaluru Residential Project ("Project"). Pursuant to an interim order passed by the Karnataka High Court, in the petition filed by the Company, the Company had suspended construction activity at the Bengaluru Project and sale of flats.

Pending the outcome of the proceedings and a final closure of the matter, the Company suspended revenue recognition based on the percentage completion method after financial year ended March 31, 2014. Further, in case of cancellations subsequent to March 31, 2014, the Company reversed the revenue and derecognised margins in the respective year of cancellation. The Company also recompensed flat owners, in accordance with mitigation plans framed by the Company on account of the delay in completion of the Project.

During the year ended March 31, 2018, without prejudice to its rights and remedies under law and keeping the commercial considerations in perspective, the Board of Directors of the Company, decided that the Company should proactively consider re-commencement of construction up to the permissible limits and engage with the buyers above 10th floor for evaluating possible options. Accordingly, the Company has reassessed the estimated cost of completion of the Project up to 10th floor as per the aforementioned plan and has recorded the following adjustments as exceptional items as at March 31, 2018:

- i) Provision towards impairment of super structure of Rs 350.89 million and expected cost of alteration of super structure of Rs 250 million;
- ii) Provision for cost of mitigation program compensation and related expenses of Rs 420.63 million in relation to potential cancellations referred to in above, net of compensation already provided for; and
- iii) Impact of revised estimated cost of completion of the project on the net realisable value of inventory resulting in write down of Rs 93.74 million.
- iv) In the event all the buyers of flats above 10th floor decide to exercise exit option, the Company has to refund Rs 944.07 million which is presently being accounted as an advance from customers.

Construction of and sales in the Project have been suspended due to an on-going litigation relating to the Project. Parties who have booked flats in the Project, are paid compensation for delay in delivery of their respective units and those who seek to cancel their bookings are repaid the advances / deposits made by them together with interest thereon, leading to considerable cash out flows for the Company.

Subsequent to March 31, 2018 the Promoter-Directors of the Company have agreed to provide funds to the Company either by themselves or through their Nominees, to meet its cash flow requirements for the Project to the extent of Rs. 200 Crores by way of subscription to '0'% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of the Company, for which a Subscription Agreement has been executed by them.

The proceeds of issue of Preference Shares will be deposited in a separate Designated Bank Account of the Company and will be utilised for meeting future cash outflows of the Project. The redemption of Preference Shares shall be not later than one month prior to completion of 20 years from the date of allotment, or earlier, out of surplus from the Project, subject to applicable law/s.

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### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 38

#### Earnings per share

	Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
	Basic and diluted earnings per share						
1	(Loss)/profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	(416.34)	231.75	1,301.40	(1,131.12)	(1,163.52)	(985.93)
2	Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Basic and diluted						
(a)	Number of shares at the beginning of the period/year	171,095,293	171,095,293	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253
(b)	Add: on account of share pending allotment (Refer note 42)		-	7,788,921	-	-	-
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period/year	171,095,293	171,095,293	159,931,174	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253
3	Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	(2.43) *	1.35	8.14	(7.43)	(7.65)	(6.48)
4	Nominal value of shares (Rs.)	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00

(Rs. in million)

#### Note

Weighted average number of shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year adjusted by the number of equity shares issued during period/year, multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the period/year.

The impact of dilution on account of ESOP is not considered as they are anti-dilutive.

<sup>\*</sup> Not annualised

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 39

#### Government grant

### Export Promotion Capital Goods (EPCG) scheme

The Company under the EPCG scheme receives a grant from the Government towards import of capital goods without any levy of import duty. The Company has an obligation towards future exports of the Company.

The Company has recognised a deferred grant at the point of waiver of import duty in relation to import of capital goods. Given that the grant is conditional on fulfillment of future export obligation, the same is treated as a revenue grant and is accordingly recognised in the Statement of Profit and loss on fulfillment of such obligation.

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Opening balance		-	134.29	178.94	-	-
Grants during the period/year	7.19	10.00	138.21	50.49	187.84	65.55
Less: Released to statement of profit and loss	(7.19)	(10.00)	(272.49)	(95.14)	(8.90)	(65.55)
Closing balance		-	-	134.29	178.94	-

### Served from India scheme (SFIS)/Service exports from India scheme (SEIS)

The Company under SFIS/SEIS receives an entitlement/credit to be sold separately (only in case of SEIS) or utilised against future imports. The Company recognises income in respect of duty credit entitlement arising from export sales under the SFIS/SEIS of the Government of India in the year of exports, provided there is no significant uncertainty regarding the entitlement and availment of the credit and the amount thereof. Export credit entitlement can be utilized within specified benefit period, by way of adjustment against duties payable on purchase of capital equipments, spare parts and consumables or sale of such licenses.

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Opening balance Grants received during the period/year Less: Utilisation / written off Closing balance	192.85 82.50 (47.75) 227.60	27.92 190.33 (25.40) 192.85	42.25 (14.33) 27.92	11.66 - (11.66) -	188.73 - (177.08) 11.66	122.46 190.50 (124.22) 188.73
Income recognised in the statement of profit and loss on account of EPCG (A) Income recognised in the statement of profit and loss on account of SFIS / SEIS (B)	7.19 82.50	10.00 190.33	272.49 42.25	95.14 -	8.90	65.55 190.50
Total income recognised in the statement of profit and loss (A + B)	89.69	200.33	314.74	95.14	8.90	256.05

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### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 40

#### **Employee benefits**

#### a) Defined contribution plan

The contributions paid/payable to Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance Scheme, Employees Pension Schemes, 1995 and other funds, are determined under the relevant approved schemes and/or statutes and are recognised as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service. There are no further obligations other than the contributions payable to the approved trusts/appropriate authorities.

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss for the year

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Employer's contribution to provident fund and ESIC	27.92	50.48	53.54	45.30	34.37	28.86
	27.92	50.48	53.54	45.30	34.37	28.86

### b) Defined benefit plan

#### Gratuity

The company provides for gratuity for employees as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

The company follows unfunded gratuity except for one of its Hotel division (Westin, Hyderabad) where fund is maintained with Life Insurance Corporation of India.

The most recent actuarial valuation of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation for gratuity was carried out as at September 30, 2018. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the details of the employee benefit obligation and the plan assets as at balance sheet date:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Defined benefit obligation	72.70	66.71	82.57	72.37	64.52	53.70
Less: Fair value of plan assets	(1.39)	(1.41)	(1.21)	(1.40)	(1.79)	(1.73)
Net defined benefit assets/(obligation)	71.31	65.30	81.36	70.97	62.73	51.97

#### Fair value of the plan assets and present value of the defined benefit liabilities

The amount included in the Balance sheet arising from the Company's obligations and plan assets in respect of its defined benefit schemes is as follows:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
-				Proforma	Proforma Proforma	Proforma
Movement in defined benefit obligations:						
At the beginning of theperiod/ year	66.71	82.57	72.37	64.52	53.70	42.99
Liabilities assumed on business combination		-	1.53	-	-	-
Recognised in profit or loss						
Current service cost	3.44	8.19	10.59	10.12	8.09	5.49
Interest cost	2.21	5.52	5.57	5.10	4.85	3.44
Recognised in other comprehensive income						
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations -						
Due to change in demographic assumptions		(8.64)	2.95	(1.13)	(1.09)	(8.09)
Due to change in financial assumptions	(1.55)	(1.15)	(4.24)	5.42	4.86	1.87
Due to experience	7.33	(12.75)	1.09	(6.22)	0.22	10.95
Benefit paid	(5.44)	(7.03)	(7.29)	(5.44)	(6.10)	(2.95)
At the end of the period/year	72.70	66.71	82.57	72.37	64.52	53.70

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### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

### Note 40

### **Employee benefits**

2	Movement in fair value of plan assets:						
	At the beginning of the period/year	1.41	1.21	1.40	1.79	1.73	1.62
	Recognised in profit or loss						
	Interest income	0.05	0.08	0.11	0.14	0.16	0.13
	Expected return on plan assets	0.04	(0.04)	(0.11)	(0.07)	(0.04)	(0.02)
	Recognised in other comprehensive income						
	Actuarial gains/(losses)						
	Due to change in financial assumptions						
	Employer contributions	0.95	1.20	1.84	0.76	1.03	-
	Benefit paid	(1.05)	(1.05)	(2.03)	(1.22)	(1.08)	-
	At the end of the period/year	1.39	1.41	1.21	1.40	1.79	1.73
3	Recognised in profit or loss						
	Current service cost	3.44	8.19	10.59	10.12	8.09	5.49
	Interest expense	2.21	5.52	5.57	5.10	4.85	3.44
	Interest income	(0.05)	(0.08)	(0.11)	(0.14)	(0.16)	(0.13)
	For the period/year	5.60	13.63	16.06	15.08	12.78	8.80
4	Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income						
	Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations	5.78	(22.54)	(0.20)	(1.93)	3.98	4.73
	Actuarial (gains)/losses on plan assets		-	-	-	-	-
	For the period/year	5.78	(22.54)	(0.20)	(1.93)	3.98	4.73

<sup>5</sup>  $\,$  Plan assets for this Fund are insurance funds. (100%)

### (i) Employees of Chalet Hotels

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Preformat	Preformat
Rate of increase in salaries (%)	7.00% - 8.00%	7.00% - 8.00%	5.89% -10.00%	8.50% - 13.00%	8.00% - 14.00%	8.30% - 15.00%
Discount rate (%) Employee turnover rate	7.81% 26.00% -51.35%	6.63% 26.00% - 51.85%	6.85% 16.80% - 41.50%	7.54% 15.59% - 63.60%	7.90% 14.35% - 78.00%	9.03% 8.00% - 30.61%
Mortality rate during employment	Indian Assured Lives	Indian Assured				
	Mortality (2006-08)	Lives Mortality (2006-08)				
E1	1 0 D 1 D 1 T 1 1/1	. 6 37 ( 42)				

### $\textbf{(ii)} \ \ \textit{Employees of undertaking demerged from Genet Hardware \& Parks Private Limited (Refer Note 42)}$

Particulars	March 31, 2017
Rate of increase in salaries	7.00%
Discount rate	6.35%
Rate of employee turnover	45.00% - 55.31%
Mortality rate during employment	Indian Assured
	Lives Mortality (2006-08)

<sup>6</sup> The principal actuarial assumptions used for estimating the Company's benefit obligations are set out below (on a weighted average basis):

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### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

## Note 40

#### **Employee benefits**

#### 7 Sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation

	September 30,	September 30, 2018		, 2018	March 31,	March 31, 2017		
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease		
Discount rate (1% movement)	(1.08)	1.48	(1.16)	1.21	(2.91)	3.21		
Rate of increase in salaries (1% movement)	1.47	(1.10)	1.18	(1.16)	3.10	(2.88)		
Rate of employee turnover (1% movement)	(0.10)	0.44	(0.31)	0.30	(0.74)	0.79		

	March 31, 2016 Proforma		March 31 Profor	*	March 31. Profor	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(2.81)	3.07	(2.10)	3.08	(1.98)	(1.75)
Rate of increase in salaries (1% movement)	2.97	2.77	2.93	(2.72)	2.44	2.20
Rate of employee turnover (1% movement)	(0.63)	0.68	(0.80)	0.87	0.05	(0.48)

The above sensitivity analysis have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the reporting date. In practice, generally it does not occur. When we change one variable, it affects to others. In calculating the sensitivity, project unit credit method at the end of the reporting period has been applied.

Although the analysis does not take account of the full distribution of cash flows expected under the plan, it does provide an approximation of the sensitivity of the assumptions shown.

8 Expected contributions to gratuity fund for the year ended March 31, 2019 is Rs 13.00 million.

#### 9 The expected future cash flows as at each reporting date were as follows:

Particulars	Up to 1 year Between 1-2 years Between 2-5 years More than 5 years			ars More than 5 years T	
September 30, 2018	24.07	17.96	29.24	11.97	83.24
March 31, 2018	23.01	15.14	25.87	10.47	74.49
March 31, 2017	16.78	13.77	34.54	23.98	89.06
March 31, 2016 Proforma	11.95	10.01	28.07	31.23	81.26
March 31, 2015 Proforma	9.10	8.39	24.61	30.45	72.55
March 31, 2014 Proforma	16.97	4.66	15.99	19.35	56.97

### (c) Short-term compensated absences:

Compensated absences, classified as other long term employee benefits, is recognised as an expense and included in "Employee benefits expense" in the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss. The following table provides details in relation to such compensated absences

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Expense for the period/year	9.37	12.81	3.51	12.23	15.59	13.58
Closing balance	66.38	56.74	53.85	55.18	50.77	46.18

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### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 41

#### Operating leases

(Rs. in million)

#### A. Leases as lessor

The company leases out its investment property on operating lease basis (Refer note 4). Also, the company leases office premises and shops in hotel premises i) Amount recognised in Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss

Description	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Income from lease of shops in hotels included in revenue from operations	9.27	4.72	11.39	-	-	_
Income from lease of office premises in revenue from operations  Income from lease of investment properties included in revenue from operations	33.43	49.71	57.53	7.73	7.08	-
	85.77	111.94	45.31	-	-	-
Total	128.47	166.37	114.23	7.73	7.08	-

ii) Future minimum lease receivables under non cancellable operating lease of shops in Hotels

Future minimum lease receivables	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Less than one year	17.41	16.44	35.75	2.53	3.39	5.00
Between one and five years	35.69	45.97	27.62	2.09	-	3.11
More than five years	20.44	19.13	-	-	-	-
Total	73.54	81.54	63.37	4.62	3.39	8.12

iii) Future minimum lease receivables under non cancellable operating lease of investment properties and office premises

(Rs. in million)

Future minimum lease receivables	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Less than one year	185.81	122.42	51.12	-	-	-
Between one and five years	617.65	401.76	225.56	-	-	-
More than five years	198.84	281.30	295.26	-	-	-
Total	1,002.30	805.48	571.94	-	-	-

#### B. Leases as lessee

The Company has taken lease on office premises and land on lease on which the Four Points by Sheraton Vashi Hotel is situated. All agreements are cancellable at short notice. Lease expense in the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Lease expense in the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss	10.81	22.83	32.37	29.67	31.64	23.44

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 42

### Scheme of Arrangements

#### a. Merger of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on January 5, 2017, approved the merger of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Transferor Company"), its wholly owned subsidiary, with the Company ("Transferee Company") under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, with effect from November 01, 2016, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) at Mumbai and Bangalore.

The said Scheme received the approval of the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) at Mumbai and Bangalore and other statutory and regulatory authorities on March 21, 2018. The Scheme has become effective from April 1, 2018.

The merger is accounted as per the 'Pooling of Interest' method as prescribed in the Hon'ble court order. Further since this is a common control transaction, the financial statements in respect of prior periods have been restated from the earliest period presented. Accordingly, the carrying values of the assets, liabilities and reserves pertaining to the Transferor as appearing in the financial statements of the Transferee have been recorded.

Book value of assets and liabilities related to the commercial business transferred to holding company i.e. 1 April 2013 are as under:

Particulars	Amount
Assets	
Investment Property	18.42
Investment Property under construction	414.71
Long-term loans and advances	18.80
Other non-current assets	-
Inventories	5.17
Cash and bank balances	22.97
Short-term loans and advances	8.56
	489.00
Liabilities	
Equity share capital	0.62
Preference share capital	80.00
Reserves and surplus	26.14
Long-term borrowings	210.00
Other long-term liabilities	0.33
Short-term borrowings	116.63
Other current liabilities	54.91
	489.00

#### b. Merger of hotel and retail undertaking of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited with the Company

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on January 5, 2017, approved the demerger proposal and approved the "Scheme of Arrangement" ('the Scheme') to demerge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Transferor Company") with the Company ("Transferoe Company") under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, with effect from November 01, 2016, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of National Company Law Tribunal (NCL T) at Mumbai.

The said Scheme received the approval of the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) at Mumbai and Bangalore and other statutory and regulatory authorities on September 11, 2017. The Scheme has become effective October 1, 2017.

The scheme has been accounted in a manner prescribed by the Hon'ble court order. The book values of the assets, liabilities and reserves of the Transferor company as of November 1, 2016 have been recorded and the identity of the reserves have been maintained. The consideration for such merger was Rs. 189.53 million in the form of equity shares. Such equity shares were issued during the year ended March 31, 2018 and accordingly has been presented as shares pending allotment in the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2017. Further, the effect of shares pending allotment has been appropriately considered for computation of basic and diluted earnings per share from the Appointed Date.

The excess of book value of the net assets and reserves of the Transferor Company taken over, amounting to Rs.189.53 millions over the face value of the shares issued by the transferee Company has been debited to the Goodwill as per the Scheme. Further, the results of the operations of the hotel and retail undertaking have been incorporated with effect from November 1, 2016. Accordingly, the results for the periods covered by Restated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss may not be comparable.

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### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Book value of assets and liabilities related to the commercial business transferred to Company i.e 1 November 2016 are as under:

Particulars	Amount
Assets	
Property Plant & Equipments	2,524.06
Capital Work in Progress	13.58
Intangible Assets	2.39
Investment property	1,433.55
Investment property under construction	301.52
Non Current Investment	1.00
Loans	26.79
Non-current tax assets (net)	58.28
Other non- current assets	18.37
Current assets	
Inventories	31.36
Trade receivables	89.98
Cash and cash equivalents	40.37
Bank balances other than above	58.22
Loans	0.06
Other financial assets	0.64
Other current assets	21.57
	4,621.74
Liabilities	
Other equity	(1,964.42)
Non-current liabilities	(-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Borrowings	3,263.44
Provisions	0.15
Current liabilities	
Borrowings	2,120.15
Deferred Tax Liability	43.93
Trade and other payables	85.69
Other financial liabilities	929.95
Other current liabilities	65.56
Provisions	77.29
	4,621.74
	4,021.74

For the five months ended March 31, 2017, Transferor Company contributed revenue of Rs. 716.65 Million and loss (after tax) of Rs. 34.29 Million to the Company's results.

If the acquisition had occurred on April 1, 2016, management estimates that revenue would have been higher by Rs 847.97 million and restated profit after tax would have been lower by Rs. 73.41 million.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 43 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for) (Rs. in million)

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Contingent liabilities				1101011111	1101011111	110101111
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts						
Disputed service tax demands	95.27	96.57	145.17	148.96	103.92	95.15
Disputed VAT demands	12.70	12.70	3.53	10.58	8.99	8.40
Disputed License Fee (Excise demand)	-	-	-	1.36	1.36	-
Disputed Provident Fund demands	5.80	5.80	5.80	3.78	-	-
Disputed Income Tax demands	-	-	-	-	-	0.07
Claim from third party	-	-	1.95	-	-	-
Property Tax	0.30	27.55	27.55	-	-	-
ESIC	-	0.35	-	-	-	-
SFIS/SEIS Scheme	224.07	5.74	5.74	-	-	-

a. The Company is a party to various other proceedings in the normal course of business and does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have an adverse effect on its financial conditions, results of operations or cash flows.

d. The Directorate of Revenue Intelligence ("DRI") has issued a show-cause notice dated November 29, 2018 to the Company in respect of import of goods against SFIS Scrip/License under Foreign Trade Policy 2004-09 and 2009-14 and the post-export service benefits availed, under the provisions of the Customs Act, 1962 directing the Company to show cause as to why duty amounting to ₹ 195.18 million and ₹ 23.14 million, plus interest and penalty as may be levied under the Customs Act, should not be recovered.

Commitments	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital	49.44	60.82	29.56	196.88	568.43	1,683.37
account and not provided for (net of advances)						

Note 44 Dues to micro and small suppliers

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
The amounts remaining unpaid to micro and small suppliers as at the end						
of the period/year						
Principal	5.85	4.75	5.46	0.70	0.19	0.23
Interest	0.01	0.23	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.13
The amount of interest paid by the buyer as per the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006)		-	-	-	-	-
The amounts of the payments made to micro and small suppliers beyond the appointed day during each accounting period/year		-	-	-	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006	0.57	-	-	-	0.41	0.05
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting period/year	-	0.75	0.55	0.93	0.49	0.45
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act, 2006	-	-	-	-	-	-

b. Further, claims by parties in respect of which the Management has been legally advised that the same are frivolous and not tenable, have not been considered as contingent liabilities as the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is highly remote.

c. In December 2005, the Company had purchased the entire building comprising of the hotel and apartments therein, together with a demarcated portion of the leasehold rights to land at Vashi (Navi Mumbai) from K. Raheja Corp Private Limited. The Company has been operating the Four Points By Sheraton Hotel at the said premises. Two Public Interest Litigations challenging the allotment of land by CIDCO to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited. had been filed in FY 2003-04. During the financial year 2014-15, the Honourable High Court at Bombay ordered K. Raheja Corp Private Limited to demolish the structure and hand back the land to CIDCO. K Raheja Corp Private Limited has filed a special leave petition against the order in the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court on 22 January 2015 directed the maintenance of a status quo. Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter no adjustments have been made in the restated financial information. The balance of prepaid lease rental in relation to such leasehold land as of September 30, 2018 is Rs. 53.92 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 54.52 million March 31, 2017: Rs. 55.71 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 56.91 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 56.91 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 56.92 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 510.23 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 56.92 million).

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 45

### **Specified Bank Notes**

Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 was amended by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide Notification G.S.R. 308(E) dated 30 March 2017. The said amendment requires the Company to disclose the details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period from 8 November 2016 to 30 December 2016. For the purpose of this clause, the term 'Specific Bank Notes' shall have the same meaning provided in the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs number S.O. 3407 (E), dated the 8th November, 2016.

The details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period 08/11/2016 to 30/12/2016 are provided in the table below:

Particulars	Specified Bank	Other	Total
	Notes	Denomination	
		Notes	
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016	3.51	1.83	5.34
(+) Permitted receipts	-	26.73	26.73
(-) Permitted payments	0.01	12.67	12.68
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	3.50	12.45	15.95
Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016	-	3.45	3.45

#### Note 46

Payment to auditors

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017*	March 31, 2016*	March 31, 2015*	March 31, 2014*	
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma	
Audit Fees	5.25	4.60	7.00	7.01	6.94	5.77	
Tax Audit Fees		0.40	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.02	
Other services	2.00	0.67	0.85	3.76	0.49	0.35	
Out of pocket expenses	0.44	-	0.21	0.26	-	0.07	
Amount debited to Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit	7.70	5.67	9.07	12.03	8.43	7.20	
and Loss							
GST/Service Tax	0.98	0.10	1.18	1.55	0.83	0.82	
Total	8.68	5.77	10.25	13.59	9.25	8.01	

<sup>\*</sup>payment made to erstwhile auditors.

#### Note 47

### Corporate Social responsibility

The Company in light of losses incurred in the past years is not required to spend any amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility for the period/years ended September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 respectively.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 48
Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

#### Accounting elassification and fair values

### (A) Accounting classification and fair values

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Name, current financial assest			Carrying an	ount	Fair value			
Investment in equity shares	September 30, 2018	FVTPL		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota
Danis	Non-current financial assets							
Danis	Investment in equity shares	43.04	_	43.04	_	_	43.04	43.04
Other noncurrent investments         0         0.13         0.13         0.13         0.07         50.07<			101.72		-	101.72		101.72
Page		-	0.13		-	0.13	_	0.13
Trade receivables	Others	-		50.07	-	50.07	-	50.07
Cash and cash equivalents         339,87         339,87	Current financial assets							
Other bank balances	Trade receivables	-	533.72	533.72	-	-	-	-
Decimation   1,868,86   1,868,8	Cash and cash equivalents	-	339.87	339.87	-	-	-	-
Derivative asset	Other bank balances	-	20.83	20.83	-	-	-	-
Section   Sect		-			-	-	-	-
Non-current financial liabilities	Other current financial assets	-	254.58	254.58	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Habilities   Supplemental Hab	Derivative asset						43.04	31.08 226.04
Borrowings	_	74.12	5,105.70	3,243.70		105.00	45.04	220.04
Other non-current financial liabilities         -         115.76         115.76         -         115.76         -         115.76         -         115.76         -         115.76         -         115.76         -	Non-current financial liabilities							
Private financial liabilities	Borrowings	-	23,484.42	23,484.42	-	23,484.42	-	23,484.42
Borrowings	Other non-current financial liabilities	-	115.76	115.76	-	115.76	-	115.76
Tack payables (the privative liability)         -         804.66 (a)         - <t< td=""><td>Current financial liabilities</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Current financial liabilities	-			-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities         1         2,572,24         2,572,24         -	Borrowings	-	1,141.35	1,141.35	-	-	-	_
Perivative liability   Perivative liabili	Trade payables	-	804.66	804.66	-	-	-	-
Part	Other financial liabilities	-	2,572.24	2,572.24	-	-	-	-
Name	Derivative liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current financial assets	_	-	28,118.43	28,118.43	-	23,600.18		23,600.18
Non-current financial assets	_	Carrying amount						
Description of the policy shares   43.04   -   43.04   -   -   43.04   43.04   -   10.65   -   110.65   -     110.65   -     110.65   -     110.65   -     110.65   -     110.65   -     110.65   -     110.65   -       110.65   -	March 31, 2018	FVTPL		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Colars	Non-current financial assets							
Other non-current investments         -         0.13         0.13         -         0.13         -         0.13           Others         -         50.00         50.00         -         50.00         -         50.00           Current financial assets           Trade receivables         -         539.12         539.12         -         -         -         -           Cash and cash equivalents         -         294.27         294.27         -         -         -         -         -           Other balk balances         -         21.50         21.50         - <t< td=""><td>Investment in equity shares</td><td>43.04</td><td>-</td><td>43.04</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>43.04</td><td>43.04</td></t<>	Investment in equity shares	43.04	-	43.04	-	-	43.04	43.04
Others         -         50.00         50.00         -         50.00         -         50.00           Current financial assets           Trade receivables         -         539.12         539.12         - </td <td>Loans</td> <td>-</td> <td>110.65</td> <td>110.65</td> <td>-</td> <td>110.65</td> <td>-</td> <td>110.65</td>	Loans	-	110.65	110.65	-	110.65	-	110.65
Current financial assets   Trade receivables   -	Other non-current investments	-	0.13	0.13	-	0.13	-	0.13
Trade receivables  - 539,12 539,12	Others	-	50.00	50.00	-	50.00	-	50.00
Cash and cash equivalents         -         294.27         294.27         -	Current financial assets							
Other bank balances         -         21.50         21.50         -<	Trade receivables	-	539.12	539.12	-	-	-	-
Consider current financial assets	Cash and cash equivalents	-	294.27	294.27	-	-	-	-
Other current financial assets         -         192.85         192.85         -	Other bank balances	-	21.50	21.50	-	-	-	-
Derivative asset		-			-	-	-	-
Non-current financial liabilities   Source   S			192.85		-	=	-	
Non-current financial liabilities   Source   S	Derivative asset		3.573.42		<u> </u>		43.04	
Borrowings - 22,151.53 22,151.53 - 22,151.53 - 22,151.5. Other non-current financial liabilities - 151.77 151.77 - 151.77 - 151.77  Current financial liabilities  Borrowings - 1,377.77 1,377.77	Non-current financial liabilities	<u>.</u>	5,676112	2,020101		170110		210,20
Other non-current financial liabilities         -         151.77         151.77         -         151.77         -         151.77         -         151.77         -         151.77         -         151.77         -         151.77         -         -         151.77         -         -         -         151.77         -         <								
Current financial liabilities           Borrowings         -         1,377.77         1,377.77         -         -         -         -         -           Trade payables         -         859.00         859.00         -         -         -         -         -           Other financial liabilities         -         3,723.74         - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>		-			-		-	
Borrowings         -         1,377.77         1,377.77         - <td>Other non-current financial liabilities</td> <td>-</td> <td>151.77</td> <td>151.77</td> <td>-</td> <td>151.77</td> <td>-</td> <td>151.77</td>	Other non-current financial liabilities	-	151.77	151.77	-	151.77	-	151.77
Trade payables         -         859.00         859.00         - <td>Current financial liabilities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current financial liabilities							
Other financial liabilities         -         3,723.74         3,723.74         -		-			-	-	-	-
Derivative liability 37.83 - 37.83 - 37.83 - 37.83					-	-	-	-
			3,723.74		-		-	
37.83 28,263.81 28,301.64 - 22,341.13 22,341.13	Derivative liability	37.83	-	5/.83	_	1 / X 1	_	37/ X3

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 48 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

		Carrying an			Fair v	alue	
March 31, 2017	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota
Non-current financial assets							
Investment in equity shares	2.95	-	2.95	_	_	2.95	2.95
Other non-current investments	_	0.13	0.13	-	0.13	_	0.13
Loans	-	105.48	105.48	-	105.48	-	105.48
Others	-	14.02	14.02	-	14.02	-	14.02
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	-	296.20	296.20	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	224.26	224.26	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	103.44	103.44	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	1,793.47	1,793.47	-	-	-	-
Others	-	30.07	30.07	-	-	-	-
Derivative asset	8.72	2 5 ( 7 0 7	8.72		8.72	2.05	8.72
-	11.67	2,567.07	2,578.74	-	128.35	2.95	131.30
Non-current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	-	20,505.76	20,505.76	-	20,505.76	-	20,505.76
Other non-current financial liabilities	-	32.46	32.46	-	32.46	-	32.46
Current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	_	3,005.67	3,005.67	_	_	_	_
Trade payables	_	846.70	846.70	_	_	_	_
Other financial liabilities	_	3,020.06	3,020.06	_	_	_	_
Derivative liability	104.56	-	104.56	_	104.56	_	104.56
· -	104.56	27,410.65	27,515.21	-	20,642.78		20,642.78
March 31, 2016 - Proforma	FVTPL	Carrying an Amortised	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Fair v	alue Total
-		Cost					
Non-current financial assets							
Investment in Equity shares	331.40	-	331.40	-	-	331.40	331.40
Other non-current investments	-	142.84	142.84	-	142.84	-	142.84
Loans	-	117.17	117.17	-	117.17	-	117.17
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	-	181.38	181.38	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	210.02	210.02	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	131.82	131.82	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	1,378.12	1,378.12	-	-	-	-
- -	331.40	2,161.35	2,492.75	-	260.01	331.40	591.41
Non-current financial liabilities							
Borrowings		19,022.83	19,022.83		19,022.83		19,022.83
Other non-current financial liabilities	-	53.03	53.03	-	53.03	-	53.03
Current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	-	2,388.29	2,388.29	_	_	_	_
Trade payables	_	651.89	651.89	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	2,211.59	2,211.59	-	-	-	-
Derivative liability	107.15	-	107.15	-	107.15	-	107.15
	107.15	24,327.63	24,434.78	-	19,183.01		19,183.01

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 48
Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

							(Rs in million)	
<u> </u>		Carrying an				Fair value		
March 31, 2015 - Proforma	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
_								
Non-current financial assets								
Investment in Equity shares	0.01	-	0.01	-	-	0.01	0.01	
Other non-current investments	-	128.40	128.40	-	128.40	-	128.40	
Loans	-	110.81	110.81	-	110.81	-	110.81	
Current financial assets								
Trade receivables	-	100.82	100.82	-	-	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	-	174.19	174.19	-	-	-	-	
Other bank balances	-	138.73	138.73	-	-	-	-	
Loans	-	1,074.74	1,074.74	-	-	-	-	
Others	-	11.66	11.66	-	-	-	-	
_	0.01	1,739.35	1,739.36	-	239.21	0.01	239.22	
Non-current financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	15,386.92	15,386.92	-	15,386.92	-	15,386.92	
Other non-current financial liabilities	-	26.62	26.62	-	26.62	-	26.62	
				-	-	-	-	
Current financial liabilities				-	-	-	-	
Borrowings	-	1,731.42	1,731.42	-	-	-	-	
Trade payables	-	596.63	596.63	-	-	-	-	
Other financial liabilities	-	4,304.31	4,304.31	-	-	-	-	
Derivative liability	60.49		60.49	-	60.49	-	60.49	
_	60.49	22,045.90	22,106.39	-	15,474.03		15,474.03	

		Carrying an		Fair value			
March 31, 2014 - Proforma	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non-current financial assets							
Investment in Equity shares	0.01	-	0.01	-	-	0.01	0.01
Other non-current investments	-	115.40	115.40	-	115.40	-	115.40
Loans	-	71.53	71.53	-	71.53	-	71.53
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	_	156.98	156.98	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	926.46	926.46	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	96.64	96.64	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	1,923.47	1,923.47	-	-	-	-
Others	-	188.73	188.73	-	-	-	-
_	0.01	3,479.21	3,479.22	-	186.93	0.01	186.94
Non-current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	_	14,205.70	14,205.70	-	14,205.70	-	14,205.70
Other non-current financial liabilities	-	20.20	20.20	-	20.20	-	20.20
Current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	_	1,337.05	1,337.05	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	589.31	589.31	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	2,389.06	2,389.06	-	-	-	
_	-	18,541.32	18,541.32	-	14,225.90		14,225.90

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## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### Note 48

## Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

(Rs in million)

## (ii) Valuation techniques used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the fair value of certain unlisted equity shares are determined based on the income approach or the comparable market approach.
- the fair value for the currency swap is determined using forward exchange rate for balance maturity
- the fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves
- the fair value of the forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date for residual maturity.
- the fair value preference shares and the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis. The valuation model considers the present value of expected receipt/payment discounted using appropriate discounting rates.

The investments included in level 3 of the fair value hierarchy have been valued using the discounted cash flow technique to arrive at the fair value.

## (iii) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

Reconciliation of level 3 fair values

	FVTPL
	equity shares
Balance at April 1, 2018	43.04
Additions during the period	-
Balance at September 30, 2018	43.04
Balance at April 1, 2017	2.95
Additions during the year	40.09
Balance at March 31, 2018	43.04
Balance at April 1, 2016	331.40
Sale / disposal during the year	(328.45)
Balance at March 31, 2017	2.95
Balance at April 1, 2015 - Proforma	0.01
Additions during the year	331.39
Balance at March 31, 2016	331.40
Balance at April 1, 2014 - Proforma	0.01
Change in fair value	-
Balance at March 31, 2015 - Proforma	0.01

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### Note 48

## Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

### (iv) Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements.

See (ii) above for the valuation techniques adopted.

Particulars	Significant unobservable inputs								
	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma			
Discount rate	21.00%	21.00%	21.00%	21.00%	-	-			
Capitalisation rate	11.00%	11.00%	11.00%	11.00%	-	-			

### (v) Sensitivity analysis

For the fair values of FVTPL equity shares, reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the significant unobservable inputs, holding other inputs constant, would have the following effects.

					Profit o	or loss			
	Septembe	September 30, 2018		March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016 - Proforma	
	Increase by 100bps	Decrease by 100bps							
Discount rate	(0.05)	0.05	(0.05)	0.05	(0.05)	0.05	(8.09)		
Capitalisation rate	(0.05)	0.06	(0.05)	0.06	(0.05)	0.06	(8.36)	10.03	

### Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk ;
- · Liquidity risk;
- Market risk;

### Risk management framework

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The board of directors is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 48

Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

### (B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances, derivatives and investment securities. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure.

### (a) Trade receivables from customers

The Company does not have any significant credit exposure in relation to revenue generated from hospitality business. For other segments the company has established a credit policy under which sale limits are established for each customer (as applicable), reviewed regularly and any sales exceeding those limits require approval from the appropriate authority. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Company.

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
(a) Trade Receivables considered good - Secured;	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured;						
Past due not impaired						
1-90 days	415.42	421.34	267.39	156.84	76.03	128.74
90-180 days	42.75	45.40	13.16	15.55	13.73	14.49
180-365 days	15.59	48.20	14.29	6.78	4.08	6.27
More than 365 days	13.00	24.18	1.35	2.21	6.98	7.48
Total	486.75	539.12	296.20	181.38	100.82	156.98
(c) Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk; and	46.97	-	-	-	-	-
(d) Trade Receivables - credit impaired	33.47	16.40	9.22	6.29	4.74	6.02

 $The \ movement \ in \ the \ allowance \ for \ impairment \ in \ respect \ of \ other \ receivables \ during \ the \ year \ was \ as \ follows:$ 

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 - Proforma	March 31, 2015 - Proforma	March 31, 2014 - Proforma
Balance as at April 1	16.40	9.22	6.29	4.74	6.02	2.99
Impairment loss recognised / (reversed)	17.07	6.66	2.45	0.69	(1.56)	3.03
Amounts written off	-	0.52	0.48	0.86	0.28	-
Balance as at Sep 30/March 31	33.47	16.40	9.22	6.29	4.74	6.02

## (b) Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances

The cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances are held with bank and financial institution counterparties with good credit rating.

### (c) Derivatives

The derivatives are entered into with banks, financial institutions and other counterparties with good credit ratings. Further exposures to counter-parties are closely monitored and kept within the approved limits.

### (d) Other financial assets

Other financial assets are neither past due nor impaired.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

### Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

### Note 48

### (C) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Liquidity risk is managed by Company through effective fund management. The Company has obtained fund and non-fund based working capital lines from various banks. Furthermore, the Company has access to funds from debt markets through foreign currency borrowings and other debt instruments.

### Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

			Cont	ractual cash flows		
September 30, 2018	Carrying amount	Total	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-5 Years	More than 5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non current, non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term debt)	25,698.91	34,058.27	4,218.17	4,595.54	16,540.14	8,704.42
Security deposits	115.76	115.76	-	115.76	-	-
Current, non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	1,141.35	1,141.35	1,141.35	-	-	-
Trade payables	804.66	804.66	804.66	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current maturity of long term debt & derivative	357.75	357.75	357.75	-	-	-
contracts)						
Issued financial guarantee contract on behalf of related parties*						
Derivative financial liabilities						
Interest rate swap	(31.08)	(31.08)	(31.08)	-	-	-
Forward exchange contract (gross settled)						
- Outflow	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow		-	-	-	-	-
Total	28,087.35	36,446.70	6,490.85	4,711.30	16,540.14	8,704.42

	Contractual cash flows					
March 31, 2018	Carrying amount	Total	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-5 Years	More than 5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non current, non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term debt)	25,618.93	34,700.30	5,585.68	4,637.83	17,249.46	7,227.33
Security deposits	151.77	151.77	-	151.77	-	-
Current, non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	1,377.77	1,377.77	1,377.77	-	-	-
Trade payables	859.00	859.00	859.00	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current maturity of long term debt & derivative	256.34	256.34	256.34	-	-	-
contracts)						
Issued financial guarantee contract on behalf of related parties*						
Derivative financial liabilities						
Interest rate swap	(17.29)	(17.29)	(17.29)	-	-	-
Forward exchange contract (gross settled)						
- Outflow	1,351.18	1,351.18	1,351.18	-	-	-
- Inflow	(1,300.88)	(1,300.88)	(1,300.88)	-	-	-
Total	28,296.82	37,378.18	8,111.79	4,789.60	17,249.46	7,227.33

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (Continued)

Note 48

			Cont	ractual cash flows		
March 31, 2017	Carrying amount	Total	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-5 Years	More than 5 Year
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non current, non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term debt)	23,111.28	33,382.96	4,597.17	5,082.33	12,317.33	11,386.1
Security deposits	28.90	28.90	-	28.90	-	-
Retention money	3.56	3.56	-	3.56	-	-
Current, non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	3,005.67	3,005.67	3,005.67	-	-	-
Trade payables	846.70	846.70	846.70	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current maturity of long term debt & derivative	414.55	414.55	414.55	-	-	-
contracts)						
Issued financial guarantee contract on behalf of related parties*						
Derivative financial liabilities						
Currency swap	40.18	40.18	40.18	-	-	-
Interest rate swap	23.73	23.73	23.73	-	-	-
Forward exchange contract (gross settled)						
- Outflow	1,391.45	1,391.45	1,391.45	-	-	-
- Inflow	(1,296.77)	(1,296.77)	(1,296.77)	-	-	-
Total	27,569.25	37,840.93	9,022.68	5,114.79	12,317.33	11,386.1

	Contractual cash flows								
March 31, 2016 - Proforma	Carrying amount	Total	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-5 Years	More than 5 Years			
Non-derivative financial liabilities									
Non current, non-derivative financial liabilities									
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term debt)	20,923.22	32,112.27	3,991.03	4,150.85	11,415.40	12,554.98			
Security deposits	13.45	13.45	-	13.45	-	-			
Retention money	39.58	39.58	-	39.58	-	-			
Current, non-derivative financial liabilities									
Borrowings	2,388.29	2,388.29	2,388.29	-	-	-			
Trade payables	651.89	651.89	651.89	-	-	-			
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current maturity of long term debt & derivative	311.20	311.20	311.20	-	-	-			
contracts)									
Issued financial guarantee contract on behalf of related parties*									
Derivative financial liabilities									
Currency swap	104.45	107.15	107.15	-	-	-			
Interest rate swap	2.70	-	-	-	-	-			
Total	24,434.78	35,623.83	7,449.56	4,203.88	11,415.40	12,554.98			

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

Note 48

	Contractual cash flows							
March 31, 2015 - Proforma	Carrying amount	Total	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-5 years	More than 5 years		
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Non current, non-derivative financial liabilities								
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term debt)	18,907.69	26,601.65	7,071.52	3,579.93	7,811.68	8,138.52		
Security deposits	15.85	15.85	-	15.85	-	-		
Retention money	10.77	10.77	-	10.77	-	-		
Current, non-derivative financial liabilities								
Borrowings	1,731.42	1,731.42	1,731.42	-	-	-		
Trade payables	596.63	596.63	596.63	-	-	-		
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current maturity of long term debt & derivative	723.05	723.05	723.05	-	-	-		
contracts)								
Issued financial guarantee contract on behalf of related parties*								
Derivative financial liabilities								
Currency swap	46.07	46.07	46.07	-	-	-		
Interest rate swap	14.42	14.42	14.42	-	-	-		
Total	22,045.90	29,739.86	10,183.11	3,606.55	7,811.68	8,138.52		

March 31, 2014 - Proforma	Carrying amount	Total	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-5 Years	More than 5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non current, non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term debt)	16,177.88	22,645.04	3,552.82	6,412.81	7,931.90	4,747.51
Security deposits	15.39	15.39	-	15.39	-	-
Retention money	4.81	4.81	-	4.81	-	-
Current, non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	1,337.05	1,337.05	1,337.05	-	-	-
Trade payables	589.31	589.31	589.31	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current maturity of long term debt & derivative	415.28	415.28	415.28	-	-	-
contracts)						
Issued financial guarantee contract on behalf of related parties*						
Derivative financial liabilities						
Forward exchange contract (gross settled)						
- Outflow	24.65	1.60	1.60	-	-	-
- Inflow	(23.05)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	18,541.32	25,008.48	5,896.06	6,433.01	7,931.90	4,747.51

The gross outflows / (inflows) disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to derivative financial liabilities held for risk management purposes and which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity. The disclosure shows net cash flow amounts for derivatives that are net cash-settled and gross cash inflow amounts for derivatives that have simultaneous gross cash settlement.

<sup>\*</sup> Guarantees issued by the Company on behalf of subsidiaries and associates are with respect to borrowings raised by the respective subsidiary/joint ventures and associates. These amounts will be payable on default by the concerned parties. As of the reporting date, none of the subsidiaries have defaulted and hence, the Company does not have any present obligation to third parties in relation to such guarantees (refer note 51).

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

## Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

## Note 48

### (D) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. The Company uses derivative to manage market risk.

### (E) Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its operating and financing activities. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. The exchange rate between the Indian rupee and foreign currencies has changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future. Consequently, the Company uses derivative instruments, i.e., foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in respect of recognized liabilities. The company enters into foreign currency forward contracts which are not intended for trading or speculative purposes but for hedge purposes to establish the amount of reporting currency required or available at the settlement date of certain payables. Following are the derivative financial instruments outstanding:

Particulars	Buy / Sell	Currency	Cross Currency	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Forward contract	Buy	USD	INR	Nil	USD 20 million	USD 20 million	Nil	Nil	USD 0.38 Million
Currency swap	Buy	INR	USD	Nil	Nil	USD 14.31 million	USD 14.31 million	USD 14.31 million	Nil

### Exposure to currency risk

The summary quantitative data about the Company's exposure to currency risk as reported to the management of the Company is as follows. The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

The amounts reflected in the table blow represents the INR exposure to the respective currency

	September 30, 2018				
	USD	EUR	GBP		
Financial liabilities					
Foreign currency loans (including	5,432.50		-		
Trade payables	303.47	1.99			
Buyers' credit	231.56		-		
_	5,967.53	1.99	-		
Derivatives					
Foreign currency forward exchange	-	-	-		
Currency swap	-	-	-		
<del>-</del>	-	-	-		
Net exposure	5,967.53	1.99			

	N	Iarch 31, 2018		March 31, 2017		
	USD	EUR	GBP	USD	EUR	GBP
Financial liabilities						
Foreign currency loans (including						
interest accrued)	5,000.06	-	-	5,696.26	-	-
Trade payables	331.09	0.74	-	264.67	0.12	-
Buyers' credit	249.76	2.53	-	231.11	13.43	7.19
<del>-</del>	5,580.91	3.27	-	6,192.04	13.55	7.19
Derivatives						
Foreign currency forward exchange	(1,300.88)			(1,296.77)		
contract		-	-		-	-
Currency swap	-	-	-	890.00	-	-
<del>-</del>	(1,300.88)	-	-	(406.77)	-	-
Net exposure	4,280.03	3.27	_	5,785.27	13.55	7.19

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

## $Financial\ instruments-Fair\ values\ and\ risk\ management\ ({\it Continued})$

Note 48

March 31, 2016 - Proforma			March 31, 2015 - Proforma		
USD	EUR	GBP	USD	EUR	GBP
			5,477.28		
3,819.96	-	_		_	_
185.51	0.23	-	181.69	3.95	-
640.00	53.30	8.47	580.44	59.07	8.22
4,645.47	53.53	8.47	6,239.41	63.02	8.22
			-		
(890.00)	-	-	(890.00)	-	-
(890.00)	-	-	(890.00)	-	-
3,755.47	53.53	8.47	5,349.41	63.02	8.22
	3,819.96 185.51 640.00 4,645.47 (890.00) (890.00)	USD EUR  3,819.96 - 185.51 0.23 640.00 53.30 4,645.47 53.53  (890.00) - (890.00) -	USD EUR GBP  3,819.96 185.51 0.23 - 640.00 53.30 8.47  4,645.47 53.53 8.47  (890.00) (890.00)	USD EUR GBP USD  5,477.28  3,819.96 185.51 0.23 - 181.69 640.00 53.30 8.47 580.44  4,645.47 53.53 8.47 6,239.41  -  (890.00) (890.00) (890.00) (890.00)	USD EUR GBP USD EUR

The amounts reflected in the table blow represents the INR exposure to the respective currency

March 31, 2014 - Proforma							
USD	EUR	GBP	SGD	RM			
4,538.28	-	-	-	-			
190.06	21.56	0.03	0.09	0.13			
255.68	58.82	-	62.59	-			
4,984.02	80.39	0.03	62.68	0.13			
(23.05)							
	-	-	-	-			
(23.05)	-	-	-	-			
4,960.97	80.39	0.03	62.68	0.13			
	4,538.28 190.06 255.68 4,984.02 (23.05)	4,538.28 - 190.06 21.56 255.68 58.82 4,984.02 80.39  (23.05)  - (23.05) -	4,538.28 190.06 21.56 0.03 255.68 58.82 - 4.984.02 80.39 0.03 (23.05) (23.05)	USD         EUR         GBP         SGD           4,538.28         -         -         -           190.06         21.56         0.03         0.09           255.68         58.82         -         62.59           4,984.02         80.39         0.03         62.68           (23.05)         -         -         -           (23.05)         -         -         -			

### Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against all other foreign currencies at September 30, would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency and affected profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

## Profit or loss before tax

	September	September 30, 2018		1, 2018	March 31, 2017	
Effect in INR (before tax)	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
USD (1% movement)	59.68	(59.68)	42.80	(42.80)	57.85	(57.85)
EUR (1% movement)	0.02	(0.02)	0.03	(0.03)	0.14	(0.14)
GBP (1% movement)	-	-		-	0.07	(0.07)
	59.70	(59.70)	42.83	(42.83)	58.06	(58.06)

## Profit or loss before tax

	March 31, 2016 - Proforma		March 31, 201	15 - Proforma	March 31, 2014 - Proforma	
Effect in INR (before tax)	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
USD (1% movement)	37.55	(37.55)	53.49	(53.49)	49.61	(49.61)
EUR (1% movement)	0.54	(0.54)	0.63	(0.63)	0.80	(0.80)
GBP (1% movement)	0.08	(0.08)	0.08	(0.08)	0.00	(0.00)
SGD (1% movement)			-	-	0.63	(0.63)
RM (1% movement)			-	-	0.00	(0.00)
	38.17	(38.17)	54.21	(54.21)	51.04	(51.04)

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## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

## Note 48

### Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

(Rs in million)

### (F) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing financial assets or borrowings because of fluctuations in the interest rates, if such assets/borrowings are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing borrowings will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

The Company adopts a policy to hedge the interest rate movement in order to mitigate the risk with regards to floating rate linked loans based on the market outlook on interest rates. This is achieved partly by entering into fixed rate instruments and partly by borrowing at a floating rate and using interest rate swaps as hedges of the variability in cash flows attributable to interest rate risk.

### Particulars of outstanding interest rate swaps as at

September 30, 2018	USD 27.60 million
March 31, 2018	USD 28.65 million
March 31, 2017	USD 63 million
March 31, 2016 - Proforma	USD 30 million
March 31, 2015 - Proforma	USD 60 million
March 31, 2014 - Proforma	USD 60 million

## Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments is as follows.

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	Carrying amount March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Fixed-rate instruments						
Loans given						
Loans to related parties	(1,842.96)	(2,342.16)	(1,779.16)	(1,368.35)	(1,099.46)	(1,916.23)
Non current borrowings						
Vehicle loan from bank	-	5.21	15.85	24.69	35.13	6.31
Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares	336.82	160.00	160.00	-	-	-
Current borrowings						
Loan from directors	-	-	74.00	-	-	-
Loan from related parties other than directors	221.66	692.29	2,571.46	938.32	745.75	240.25
Buyer's credit	231.56	252.29	251.73	686.73	658.96	377.09
Total	(1,052.92)	(1,232.37)	1,293.88	281.39	340.38	(1,292.58)
Variable-rate instruments						
Non current borrowings						
Rupee term loans from banks	12,395.42	12,760.60	12,433.93	8,229.92	4,403.05	5,448.65
Rupee term loans from financial institutions	5,754.40	5,975.65	4,815.63	7,002.72	5,551.43	4,266.50
Foreign currency term loans from banks	4,997.78	3,250.07	3,080.35	3,765.50	5,397.31	4,484.24
Current maturity of long term debt	2,214.49	3,467.40	2,605.52	1,900.39	3,520.77	1,972.18
Current borrowings						
Cash credit / overdraft accounts from banks	688.13	433.19	108.48	763.24	326.71	546.27
From financial institution	-	-	-	-	-	173.44
Less : Interest rate swaps	(2,002.10)	(3,164.40)	(4,084.83)	(1,989.99)	(3,754.25)	(3,605.99)
Total	24,048.12	22,722.51	18,959.08	19,671.78	15,445.02	13,285.29
TOTAL	22,995.20	21,490.14	20,252.96	19,953.17	15,785.40	11,992.71

### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in *Ind AS 107, Financial Instruments : Disclosures*, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

## Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant. In cases where the related interest rate risk is capitalised to fixed assets, the impact indicated below may affect the Company's income statement over the remaining life of the related fixed assets.

	Profit or loss	Profit or loss before tax				
	100 bps increase	100 bps decrease				
September 30, 2018	(240.48)	240.48				
March 31, 2018	(227.23)	227.23				
March 31, 2017	(189.59)	189.59				
March 31, 2016 - Proforma	(196.72)	196.72				
March 31, 2015 - Proforma	(154.45)	154.45				
March 31 2014 - Proforma	(132.85)	132.85				

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## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

## Note 49

## Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'adjusted equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total borrowings, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits. Adjusted equity comprises all components of equity.

The Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio was as follows:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Total borrowings	25,698.91	26,996.70	26,116.95	23,311.51	20,639.11	17,514.93
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	339.87	294.27	224.26	210.02	174.19	926.46
Less : Bank deposits	20.83	21.50	103.44	131.82	138.73	96.64
Adjusted net debt	25,338.21	26,680.93	25,789.25	22,969.67	20,326.19	16,491.83
Total equity	4,904.95	5,233.91	5,001.82	5,475.16	6,631.00	6,815.16
Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio	5.17	5.10	5.16	4.20	3.07	2.42

## Note 50

## **Segment reporting**

As per the exemption under Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments", the disclosure for the segment reporting has been presented as part of the restated consolidated summary financial information.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 51 Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below:

Relationship			Name of pa	arty		
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Subsidiary	-	-	-	Sycamore Properties Private Limited (Upto November 28, 2015)	Sycamore Properties Private Limited	Sycamore Properties Private Limited
	Grandwell Properties And Leasing Private Limited (Upto 31 Mar 18)	Grandwell Properties And Leasing Private Limited (Upto 31 Mar 18)	Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited	Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited	Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited	Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited
	Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	Chalet Hotels & Properties(Kerala) Private Limited	Chalet Hotels & Properties(Kerala) Private Limited	Chalet Hotels & Properties(Kerala) Private Limited	Chalet Hotels & Properties(Kerala) Private Limited
	-	-	-	-	Strength Real Estate Private Limited (Indirect Subsidiary) (From August 18,2014 to September 30,2014)	-
	Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (Upto March 31, 2018)	Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (Upto March 31, 2018)	Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited	Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited	Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited	Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited
Associates	-	-	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (Upto October 31, 2016)	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited
	-	-	-	Intime Properties Private Limited (Upto March 31, 2016)	Intime Properties Private Limited	Intime Properties Private Limited
	-	-	-	-	-	Sundew Properties Limited (Upto July 28, 2014)
	-	-	-	-	Starshine Warehousing & Logistics Private Limited (from August 18, 2014 to September 30, 2014)	

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## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 51 Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below:(Continued)

Relationship			Name	of party		
	September 30, 2018	8 March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
				1101011114	1 Totol ma	Tiolorma
Key Managerial Personnel /Relative (KMP)	Sanjay Sethi -Managing Director & CEO	Sanjay Sethi -Managing Director & CEO (Resigned w.e.f. from October 1, 2017) (Appointed w.e.f. February 9, 2018)	Sanjay Sethi -Managing Director &	CEO Sanjay Sethi -Managing Director & CEO	Sanjay Sethi -Managing Director & CEC (from January 2, 2015)	-
	-	-	-	-	Suresh Singaravelu - Managing Director & CEO (Upto May 31, 2014) (Non Executive Director from June 1,2014) (Resigned w.e.f. January 2, 2015)	Suresh Singaravelu - Managing Director & CEO
	Ramesh M. Valecha , Non-Executive Director (Resigned w.e.f. May 2, 2018)	Ramesh M. Valecha , Non-Executive Director (from August 1, 2017) (Executive Director upto July 31, 2017) (Resigned w.e.f. May 2, 2018)	Ramesh M. Valecha - Executive Dir	ector Ramesh M. Valecha - Executive Directo	r Ramesh M. Valecha - Executive Directo	r Ramesh M. Valecha - Executive Director
	Rajeev Newar, Executive Director	Rajeev Newar, Executive Director (from August 3, 2017)	-	-	-	-
	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director (Resigned w.e.f. April 26, 2018)	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director (Resigned w.e.f. April 26, 2018)	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Chandru L Raheja, Non- Executive Director
	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Direc	tor Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director
	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Direct	tor Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director
	Rajeev Chopra, Non-Executive Director (Resigned w.e.f. May 2, 2018)	Rajeev Chopra, Non-Executive Director (from June 1, 2017)(Resigned w.e.f. May 2, 2018)	-	-	-	-
	Roshan M. Chopra, relative of director	Roshan M. Chopra, relative of director	-	-	-	-
	Arthur De Haast, Independent Director	Arthur De Haast, Independent Director (from August 3, 2017)	-	-	-	-
	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independer Director	t Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director
	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director
	-	-	-	-	Rusi Nusserwanji Sethna, Non-Executiv Director (Resigned w.e.f. May 11, 2014	
	Radhika Piramal (Appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. June 12, 2018)	-	-	-	-	-
	Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary	y Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary	y Christabelle Baptista, Company Secr	etary Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretar	y Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretar	y Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 51 Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below:(Continued)

Enterprises Controlled/ Jointly	C I	č i		te Brookfields Agro & Development Privat	Č 1	
controlled by KMPs	Limited	Limited	Limited	Limited	Limited	Development Private Limited
	Cavalcade Properties Private Limited	Cavalcade Properties Private Limited	Cavalcade Properties Private Limited			
	Convex Properties Private Limited	Convex Properties Private Limited	Convex Properties Private Limited			
	Grange Hotels And Properties Private Limited	Grange Hotels And Properties Private Limited	Grange Hotels And Properties Private Limited			
	-	-	-	Horizonview Properties Private Limited	Horizonview Properties Private Limited	Horizonview Properties Privat Limited
	Immense Properties Private Limited	Immense Properties Private Limited	Immense Properties Private Limited			
	-	-	-	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited
	Novel Properties Private Limited	Novel Properties Private Limited	Novel Properties Private Limited			
	Pact Real Estate Private Limited	Pact Real Estate Private Limited	Pact Real Estate Private Limited			
	Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private Limited	Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private Limited	Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private Limited			
	Sustain Properties Private Limited Sycamore Properties Private Limited	Sustain Properties Private Limited Sycamore Properties Private Limited	Sustain Properties Private Limited Sycamore Properties Private Limited	Sustain Properties Private Limited Sycamore Properties Private Limited (from November 28, 2015)	- -	-
	Aqualine Real Estate Private Limited	-	-			
	Feat Properties Private Limited	Feat Properties Private Limited	Feat Properties Private Limited	Feat Properties Private Limited KRC Infrastructure And Projects Private	-	-
	-	-	-	Limited	-	-
	Carin Properties Private Limited	Carin Properties Private Limited	Carin Properties Private Limited	-	-	-
	Flabbergast Properties Private Limited	Flabbergast Properties Private Limited	Flabbergast Properties Private Limited	-	-	-
	The Residency Hotels Private Limited	The Residency Hotels Private Limited	-	-	-	-
	Sundew Real Estate Private Limited K Raheja Corp Advisory Services	Sundew Real Estate Private Limited K Raheja Corp Advisory Services	Sundew Real Estate Private Limited K Raheja Corp Advisory Services	K Raheja Corp Advisory Services	- K Raheja Corp Advisory Services	K Raheja Corp Advisory
	(Cyprus) Private Limited	(Cyprus) Private Limited	(Cyprus) Private Limited	(Cyprus) Private Limited	(Cyprus) Private Limited	Services (Cyprus) Private

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# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 51 Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below:(Continued)

Shareholders of the Company	Anbee Constructions LLP	Anbee Constructions LLP	Anbee Constructions LLP	Anbee Constructions LLP (formerly Anbee Constructions Private Limited upto March 17, 2016)	Anbee Constructions Private Limited	Anbee Constructions Private Limited
	-	-	Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited (Upto December 21, 2016)	Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited	Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited	Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited
	Cape Trading LLP	Cape Trading LLP	Cape Trading LLP	Cape Trading LLP (formerly known as Cape Trading Private Limited upto March 17, 2016)	Cape Trading Private Limited	Cape Trading Private Limited
	Capstan Trading LLP	Capstan Trading LLP	Capstan Trading LLP	Capstan Trading LLP (formerly known as Capstan Trading Private Limited upto March 17, 2016)	s Capstan Trading Private Limited	Capstan Trading Private Limited
	Casa Maria Properties LLP	Casa Maria Properties LLP	Casa Maria Properties LLP	Casa Maria Properties LLP (formerly known as Casa Maria Properties Private Limited upto March 17, 2016)	Casa Maria Properties Private Limited	Casa Maria Properties Private Limited
	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited
	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited
	K. Raheja Private Limited Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	K. Raheja Private Limited Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	K. Raheja Private Limited Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	K. Raheja Private Limited Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP (formerly known as Palm Shelter Estate Development Private Limited upto March 17, 2016)	K. Raheja Private Limited Palm Shelter Estate Development Private Limited	K. Raheja Private Limited Palm Shelter Estate Development Private Limited
	Raghukool Estate Development LLP	Raghukool Estate Development LLP	Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited	Raghukool Estate Development LLP (formerly known as Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited upto March 18, 2016)	Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited	Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited
	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited Ivory Property Trust	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited Ivory Property Trust	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited
	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (from December 22, 2016)	-	-	-

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 51 Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below:(Continued)

List of related parties Other Related parties		-	Gigaplex Estate Private Limited		-	-
yaner recance par ues	Imperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Private Limited	Imperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Private Limited	orgapion Estate i Triale Estatica	Imperial Serviced Offices Private Limited	i -	Imperial Serviced Offices Private Limited
	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited
	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited
	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited (formerly known as K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Private Limited upto November 8, 2016)	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Private Limited	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Private Limited	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderaba Private Limited
	-	-	-	-	-	Matrix Integrated Facilities & Property Management Privat Limited
	Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited (formerly known as Serene Properties Private Limited upto November 23, 2015)	Serene Properties Private Limited	Serene Properties Private Limited
	-	-	Stargaze Properties Private Limited	Stargaze Properties Private Limited	Stargaze Properties Private Limited	Stargaze Properties Private Limited
	Sundew Properties Limited	Sundew Properties Limited	Sundew Properties Private Limited	Sundew Properties Private Limited	Sundew Properties Private Limited	-
	Trion Properties Private Limited	Trion Properties Private Limited	Trion Properties Private Limited	Trion Properties Private Limited	Trion Properties Private Limited	Trion Properties Private Limited
	-	-	-	-	Opul Constructions Private Limited	-
	-	-	-	-		Sustain Properties Private Limited
	<u>-</u>	-	Ivory Property Trust	Ivory Property Trust	=	-
	-	-	-	Powai Developers (Division of K. Raheja Corp Private Limited)	a <u>-</u>	-
	-	-	Horizon View Properties Private Limited	· -	-	-
	Intime Properties Limited	Intime Properties Limited	Intime Properties Limited KRC Infrastructure And Projects Private	-	-	-
	-	-	Limited	<u>-</u>	-	-
	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	-
	-	Challenge Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	-
	Nakshtra Logistics Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-
	Praman Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-
	Nirankar Properties Private Limited	=	-	-	-	-

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# $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

Note 51 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below:

Related party disclosures for period ended September 30, 2018

Sr.no Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management	Enterprises
1 Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	11.65	-	-	109.69
2 Miscellaneous income	-	-	-	0.08
3 Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	-	-	-	1.97
4 Sale of services - Lease rent	-	-	-	0.56
5 Sale of Material	-	-	-	0.31
6 Dividend	-	-	-	-
7 Director sitting fees	-	-	1.47	-
8 Interest expenses	-	-	-	32.63
9 Other expenses	-	-	1.20	34.02
10 Salaries, wages and bonus	-	-	25.75	-
11 Loan Given	218.50	-	1.00	668.29
12 Loan Repaid	-	-	0.67	1,761.00
13 Preference shares	-	-	120.90	139.10
	-	-	-	-
Balances outstanding as at the period-end				
14 Trade payables	-	-	-	8.99
15 Trade Receivables	-	-	-	1.26
16 Loans payable	-	-	-	128.00
17 Loans Receivable	225.00	-	1.75	1,560.62
18 Interest payable	-	-	-	93.66
19 Interest receivable	10.48	-	-	45.12
20 Guarantees outstanding	-	-	835.09	-
21 Preference shares outstanding	-	-	120.90	139.10
*Amount less than Rs. 0.01 million				

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued) Note 51

Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Related party disclosures for period ended September 30, 2018

(Rs. in million)

 $Significant\ transactions\ with\ material\ related\ parties\ for\ period\ ended\ September\ 30,2018$ 

o Particulars	Subsidiaries Associates	Key Management	Enterprises
1 Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	11.65		
Chalet Hotels & Prop (Kerala) Pvt. Ltd.	11.65	-	-
Immense Properties Private Limited	-	-	- 0.0
Imperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Pvt Ltd	-	-	- 1.3
Ivory Properties & Hotels Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	- 0.0
Ivory Property Trust	-	-	- 0.0
K. Raheja Private Ltd.	-	-	- 98.0
K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.	-	-	- 5.1
Nakshtra Logistics Pvt.Ltd	-	-	- 1.0
Nirankar Properties Pvt.Ltd	-	-	- 0.1
Praman Properties Private Ltd	-	-	- 3.8
2 Miscellaneous income			
K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.		-	- 0.0
3 Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes		-	-
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	-	- 0.0
Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	-	-	- 0.1
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	- 0.:
K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited	-	-	- 0.0
K. Raheja Private Ltd.	_	_	- 0.2
K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.	_	_	- 0.7
Mindspace Business Parks Pvt. Ltd.	_	_	- 0.0
Newfound Properties & Leasing Pvt Ltd	_	_	- 0.1
Paradigm logistics & Dist Pvt Ltd	-	-	- 0.0
Trion Properties Ltd	- -	-	- 0.0
4 Sale of services - Lease rent			0.4
K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.	- -	-	- 0.5 -
5 Sale of Material	-	-	-
Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	-	-	- 0.1
Pact Real Estate Pvt Ltd	-	-	- 0.1
6 Dividend			
Intime Properties Limited	-	-	- 0.0
7 Director sitting fees			
Aurthur De Haast	_	- 0.0	5
Chandru L.Raheja	_	- 0.0	
Hetal Gandhi	_	- 0.3	
Joseph Conrad D' Souza		- 0.3	
Neel C.Raheja		- 0.2	
Radhika Piramal	-	- 0.0	
	-	- 0.0	
Rajeev Chopra Ravi C.Raheja	-	- 0.3	
0.1			
8 Interest expenses Newfound Properties & Leasing Pvt Ltd	-	-	- 32.6
9 Other expenses Aurthur De Haast	_	- 1.0	1
Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	_	-	- 11.
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	=	- 0.0
	-	-	- 21.
K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.	-	-	
Newfound Properties & Leasing Pvt Ltd	-	- 0.1	- 0.
Roshan M. Chopra	-	- 0.1	9
10 Salaries, wages and bonus			
Rajeev Newar	-	- 9.2	8
Sanjay Sethi	-	- 16.4	7

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 51

Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Related party disclosures for period ended September 30, 2018

r.no Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management	t Enterprises	
11 Loan Given		<del>-</del>			
Chalet Hotels & Prop (Kerala) Pvt. Ltd.	218.	50	-	-	
Imperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Pvt Ltd		-	-	-	40.0
K. Raheja Private Ltd.		-	-	-	180.7
K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.		-	-	-	250.0
Nakshtra Logistics Pvt.Ltd		-	-	-	35.0
Nirankar Properties Pvt.Ltd		-	-	-	25.0
Praman Properties Private Ltd		_	-	-	137.5
Sanjay Sethi		-	- 1.0	00	
12 Loan Repaid					
Immense Properties Private Limited		-	-	-	0.1
Imperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Pvt Ltd		-	-	-	40.0
Ivory Properties & Hotels Pvt. Ltd.		_	-	-	0.5
Ivory Property Trust		_	-	_	0.7
K. Raheja Private Ltd.		_	_	- 1	1,022.1
Nakshtra Logistics Pvt.Ltd		_	_	_	35.0
Newfound Properties & Leasing Pvt Ltd		_	_	_	500.0
Nirankar Properties Pvt.Ltd					25.0
Praman Properties Private Ltd		-	-	-	137.5
Rajeev Newar		-	- 0.5		137.3
		-			
Sanjay Sethi		-	- 0.1	. /	
13 Preference Shares					
Ivory Properties & Hotels Pvt. Ltd.		-	-	-	22.1
K Raheja Corp Private Limited		_	-	-	117.0
Neel C.Raheja		_	- 60.4	15	
Ravi C.Raheja		-	- 60.4	15	
Balances outstanding as at 30.09.18					
14 Trade payables		-	-	-	
Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited		-	-	-	7.2
K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.		-	-	-	1.7
15 Trade Receivables					
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited		-	-	-	0.0
Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited		-	-	-	0.2
K Raheja Corp Private Limited		_	-	-	0.3
K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited		_	-	-	0.0
K. Raheja Private Ltd.		_	_	_	0.1
K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.		_	_	_	0.3
Newfound Properties & Leasing Pvt Ltd		_	_	_	0.0
Pact Real Estate Pvt Ltd					0.1
Trion Properties Ltd		-	-	-	0.0
16 Loans payable					
Newfound Properties & Leasing Pvt Ltd		-	-	-	128.0
17 Loans Receivable					
Chalet Hotels & Prop (Kerala) Pvt. Ltd.	225.	00	-	-	
K. Raheja Private Ltd.		-	-	- 1	1,310.6
K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.		_	-	-	250.0
Rajeev Newar		_	- 0.9	)1	200.0
Sanjay Sethi		_	- 0.8		
Sanja, Soun			0.0		

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# Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 51

Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Related party disclosures for period ended September 30, 2018

(Rs. in million)

Newfound Properties & Leasing Pvt Ltd -  Interest receivable Chalet Hotels & Prop (Kerala) Pvt. Ltd. 10.48 K. Raheja Private Ltd K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd Guarantees outstanding Neel C.Raheja -  Preferance shares outstanding Ivory Properties & Hotels Pvt. Ltd	-	- -	93.6
Chalet Hotels & Prop (Kerala) Pvt. Ltd. 10.48 K. Raheja Private Ltd K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd Guarantees outstanding Neel C.Raheja - Preferance shares outstanding	-	-	
Chalet Hotels & Prop (Kerala) Pvt. Ltd. 10.48 K. Raheja Private Ltd K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd Guarantees outstanding Neel C.Raheja - Preferance shares outstanding	-	-	
K. Raheja Private Ltd K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd Guarantees outstanding Neel C.Raheja - Preferance shares outstanding	-	-	
K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd  Guarantees outstanding Neel C.Raheja -  Preferance shares outstanding	-		
Guarantees outstanding Neel C.Raheja -  Preferance shares outstanding		-	40.:
Neel C.Raheja - Preferance shares outstanding	-	-	4.
Neel C.Raheja - Preferance shares outstanding	-	-	
Preferance shares outstanding			
	-	835.09	
Ivory Properties & Hotels Pvt. Ltd.			
	-	-	22.
K Raheja Corp Private Limited -	-	-	117.
Neel C.Raheja -	-	60.45	
Ravi C.Raheja	-	60.45	

Related party disclosures for year ended March 31, 2018

Sr.no Particulars	Subsidiaries Assoc	iates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
1 Dividend received	-	-	-	_*
2 Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	-	-	-	173.54
3 Miscellaneous income	-	-	-	11.35
4 Sale of services - Lease rent	-	-	-	0.98
5 Sale of Investment	-	-	-	0.10
6 Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	-	-	1.22	12.68
7 Other expense	-	-	2.89	60.92
8 Director sitting fees	-	-	0.40	-
9 Salaries, wages and bonus	-	-	45.47	-
10 Interest expenses	-	-	-	65.94
11 Loans given	246.50	-	2.00	6,923.70
12 Loans repaid	240.00	-	82.08	6,357.44
13 Deposit received	-	-	-	1.90
14 Guarantees given on behalf of the Company	-	-	870.36	-
Balances outstanding as at the year-end				
15 Trade receivables	-	-	-	0.39
16 Loans receivable	6.50	-	1.42	2,153.33
17 Interest receivable	9.11	-	-	171.81
18 Loans payable	-	-	-	628.00
19 Interest payable	-	-	-	64.29
*Amount less than Rs. 0.01 million				

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued) Note 51

Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Significant transactions with material related parties for year ended March 31, 2018

Sr.no	Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
1	Loans given				
	Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	246.50	-	-	-
	Immense Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	120.10
	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	-	-	-	450.00
	Ivory Property Trust	-	-	-	1,781.60
	K. Raheja Private Limited	-	<u>-</u>	-	4,572.00
2	Loans repaid				
	Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	240.00	-	-	-
	Immense Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	289.00
	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	-	-	-	449.50
	Ivory Property Trust	-	-	-	3,168.20
	K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	<u>-</u>	2,450.74
3	Loans receivable				
	K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	-	2,152.00
4	Loans payable				
	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	<u>-</u>	628.00
5	Guarantees given on behalf of the Company				
	Neel C. Raheja	-	-	870.36	<u> </u>
6	Guarantees outstanding				
	Neal C. Bahaia			970.26	

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 51 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Related party disclosures for year ended March 31, 2017

(Rs. in million)

r.no Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
1 Dividend received	-	_*	-	-
2 Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	-	-	-	219.48
3 Sale of services - Lease rent	-	-	-	0.98
4 Sale of Investment	-	-	-	3,769.20
5 Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	-	1.20	-	809.86
6 Other expense	-	1.09	-	49.90
7 Interest expenses	-	-	-	9.56
8 Director sitting fees	-	-	0.19	-
9 Salaries, wages and bonus	-	-	51.99	-
10 Deposit given	-	-	-	5.00
11 Deposit received	-	11.98	-	-
12 Loans taken	-	-	74.00	1,149.71
13 Loans given	-	-	-	7,354.03
14 Loans repaid	-	-	2.50	7,588.77
15 Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	2.05
16 Guarantees given on behalf of the Company	-	-	432.28	-
Balances outstanding as at the year-end	-			
17 Trade receivables	-	-	-	2.75
18 Trade payables	-	-	-	4.55
19 Deposits outstanding as at the year-end	-	10.25	-	31.98
20 Investments	0.1	9 -	-	0.73
21 Balances outstanding as at the year-end	-	-	74.00	-
22 Loans given	-	-	7.50	1,587.07
23 Interest receivable	-	-	-	184.59
24 Loans taken	-	1,925.73	-	628.00
25 Interest payable  *Amount less than Rs. 0.01 million	-	-	-	17.73

Significant transactions with material related parties for year ended March 31, 2017  $\,$ 

Sr.no	Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
1	Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes				
	Ivory Property Trust	-	-	-	794.37
2	Loans given				
	Ivory Property Trust	-	-	-	3,445.33
	K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	-	1,249.50
	Pact Real Estate Private Limited	-	-	-	1,000.00
	Immense Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	550.00
	KRC Infrastructure And Projects Private Limited	-	-	-	500.00
	Convex Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	400.00
	Horizonview Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	209.20

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

Note 51 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Significant transactions with material related parties for year ended March 31, 2017 (Continued)

r.no Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
3 Sale of investments				
Ivory Property Trust	-	-	-	3,769.20
4 Loans taken				
Gigaplex Estate Private Limited	-	-	-	521.50
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	-	628.21
5 Loans repaid				
Immense Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	381.00
Ivory Property Trust	-	-	-	2,058.00
K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	-	2,518.86
Pact Real Estate Private Limited	-	-	-	1,000.00
Gigaplex Estate Private Limited	-	-	-	521.50
Horizonview Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	209.20
Convex Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	400.00
KRC Infrastructure And Projects Private Limited	-	-	-	500.00
6 Loans given				
Immense Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	169.00
Ivory Property Trust	-	-	-	1,387.33
7 Loans taken				
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	1,925.73	-	
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	-	628.00

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

Note 51 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Related party disclosures for year ended March 31, 2016

no Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
1 Dividend received	-	7.90	-	-
2 Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	23.01	17.66	-	18.81
3 Sale of services - Lease rent	-	-	-	0.98
4 Sale of other assets	-	-	-	8.51
5 Sale of Investment	-	-	0.10	543.27
6 Sale of Material	-	-	-	1.54
7 Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	2.29	0.35	0.51	7.78
8 Interest expenses	-	-	-	113.87
9 Other expense	-	1.26	-	46.40
10 Director sitting fees	-	-	0.19	-
11 Salaries, wages and bonus	-	-	53.96	-
12 Project support services and other expenses	-	-	-	2.50
13 Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	1.76
14 Loans taken	-	-	-	5,279.24
15 Loans given	283.10	430.60	-	1,300.10
16 Loans repaid	383.40	1,212.69	-	5,169.36
17 Guarantees given by the Company	-	2,706.68	-	-
Balances outstanding as at the year-end				
18 Trade receivables	-	-	-	2.19
19 Trade payables	-	-	-	5.23
20 Deposits outstanding as at the year-end	-	-	-	26.98
21 Investments Outstanding	-	3,315.83	-	-
22 Loans receivable	-	-	10.00	1,300.10
23 Interest receivable	22.53	17.30	-	18.42
24 Loans Payable	-	-	-	824.60
25 Interest payable	-	-	-	113.72
26 Guarantees given by the Company	-	2,706.68	-	-

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

Note 51 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Significant transactions with related parties for year ended March 31, 2016

Sr.no Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
1 Loans given				
Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	283.10	-	-	
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	430.60	-	-
K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	-	1,300.10
2 Sale Of Investment				
Ivory Property Trust	-	-	-	543.27
3 Loans taken				
Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	-	-	-	2,861.34
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	-	2,417.90
4 Loans repaid				
Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	383.40	-	-	
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	1,212.68	-	-
Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	-	-	-	2,282.90
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	-	2,871.74
5 Investments Outstanding				
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	2,974.83	-	-
Intime Properties Limited	-	340.99	-	-
6 Loans Payable				
Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	-	-	-	578.44
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	-	246.16
7 Loans receivable				
K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	-	1,300.10
8 Guarantees given by the Company				
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	2,706.68	-	-
9 Guarantees outstanding				
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited		2,706.68	-	-

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

Note 51 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Related party disclosures for year ended March 31, 2015

no Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
1 Dividend received	-	1.32	-	-
2 Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	13.24	179.11	-	28.15
3 Sale of services - Lease rent				0.99
4 Sale of Investment	-	582.22	-	-
5 Sale of Material	-	-	-	0.13
6 Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	-	0.57	0.01	4.57
7 Sale of other assets	-	-	-	3.94
8 Interest expenses	-	-	-	51.74
9 Other expense	-	0.28	-	33.16
10 Director sitting fees	-	-	0.18	-
11 Salaries, wages and bonus	-	-	48.44	-
12 Loans taken	-	-	-	960.00
13 Loans given	21.72	1,071.73	10.00	1,302.23
14 Loans repaid	0.12	1,695.50	-	1,802.23
15 Deposit given	0.20	-	0.04	10.03
16 Deposit received	0.20	-	-	-
17 Project support services and other expenses	-	-	-	30.00
18 Guarantees given by the Company	2,772.67	-	-	-
19 Short-term investment made	3.34	-		
20 Short-term investment written off	3.34	-		
Balances outstanding as at the year-end				
21 Trade receivables	-	-	-	0.04
22 Trade payables	-	-	-	10.07
23 Deposits outstanding as at the year-end	-	-	-	26.98
24 Outstanding Investment	-	3,868.50	-	-
25 Loans Receivable	115.21	782.09	10.00	-
26 Interest receivable	13.24	179.11	-	-
27 Loans Payable	-	-	-	700.00
28 Interest payable	-	-	-	45.75
29 Guarantees given by the Company	2,772.67	-	-	_

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

Note 51

Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Significant transactions with related parties for year ended March 31, 2015

r.no Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
1 Interest income from instruments measured at amortised co	ast			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	351	179.11		
2 Loans given				
Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	_	_	_	240.00
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	_	1,071.73	_	-
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	<del>-</del>	-	1,062.23
3 Sale Of Investment				
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	582.22	-	-
4 Loans taken				
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	-	260.0
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	-	700.00
5 Loans repaid				
Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	-	-	-	240.0
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	-	500.0
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited		1,695.50		
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	-	1,062.23
6 Interest receivable				
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	179.11	-	<u> </u>
7 Oustanding Investments				
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	2,974.83	-	-
Intime Properties Limited	-	893.66	-	-
8 Loans Payable				
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	-	700.00
9 Loans Receivable				
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited		782.09	-	-
Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	100.3	-	-	-
10 Guarantees given by the Company				
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	2,772.67	-	-
11 Guarantees outstanding				
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	2,772.67	-	-

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# $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

Note 51 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Related party disclosures for Year ended March 31, 2014

Sr.no Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
1 Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	10.87	-	-	90.74
2 Sale of services - Lease rent	-	-	-	0.97
3 Sale of Investment	-	-	-	433.34
4 Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	-	0.32	_*	5.83
5 Other expense	0.89	-	-	63.05
6 Director sitting fees	-	-	0.15	-
7 Salaries, wages and bonus	-	-	41.35	-
8 Loans given	19.50	-	-	271.73
9 Loans repaid	-	-	-	3,719.81
10 Project support services and other expenses	-	-	-	39.96
11 Purchase of property, plant and equipment	0.34	-	-	-
12 Deposit received	-	-	-	0.23
13 Advance received	-	0.14	-	-
14 Purchase of Investments	-	4,299.01	-	-
15 Guarantees given by the Company	-	2,954.84	-	-
Balances outstanding as at the year-end				
16 Trade receivables	0.06	-	-	0.26
17 Trade payables	-	-	0.03	4.85
18 Deposits outstanding as at the year-end	-	-	-	16.94
19 Outstanding Investment	0.29	4,299.01	-	-
20 Loans Receivable	93.60	1,652.92	-	-
21 Interest Receivable	9.59	160.11	-	-
23 Interest Rayable				0.25
24 Loans Payable	-	-	-	240.00
25 Guarantees outstanding	-	2,954.84	=	-
*Amount less than Rs. 0.01 million				

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# $Annexure\ VI-Notes\ to\ the\ Restated\ Standalone\ Summary\ Financial\ Information\ ({\it Continued})$

Note 51 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Significant transactions with material related parties for year ended March 31, 2014

Sr.no	Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other Related Parties
1	Sale of investments				
	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	-	-	-	433.34
2	2 Loans given				
	Stargaze Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	173.00
3	3 Loans repaid				
	K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	-	885.00
	Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	-	-	-	855.50
	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	-	559.09
	Horizonview Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	461.50
	Convex Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	261.50
	Stargaze Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	233.44
	Immense Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	155.00
	Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited	-	-	-	130.00
	Sustain Properties Private Limited			-	95.07
4	Purchase of Investments				
	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	2,816.94	-	-
	Intime Properties Limited	-	893.66		-
	Sundew Properties Limited	-	588.41	-	-
5	Outstanding Investment				
	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	2,816.94	-	-
	Intime Properties Limited	-	893.66	-	-
	Sundew Properties Limited	-	588.41	-	<u> </u>
6	6 <b>Loans Payable</b> K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	-	240.00
7	Loans Receivable				
	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	1,652.92	-	
8	Interest receivable				
	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	160.11	•	-
9	Guarantees given by the Company		2.054.04		
	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	<u>-</u>	2,954.84	-	-
10	Guarantees outstanding Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	_	2,954.84		
	Ocheki maruware & Parks Private Limited	-	2,934.84	-	

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Notes to the Standalone Interim Ind AS financial statements (Continued)

as at September 30, 2018

(Rs. in million)

### Note 52

## **Employee Stock Option Schemes**

## Description of share-based payment arrangements:

At September 30 2018, Company had following share-based payment arrangements:

The primary objective of the plan is to reward the key employee for his association, dedication and contributions to the goals of the company. The plan is established is with effect from June 12, 2018 on which the shareholders of the Company have approved the plan by the way of special resolution and it shall continue to be in force until its termination by the Company as per provisions of Applicable laws, or the date on which all of the Options available for issuance under the plan have been issued and exercised, whichever is earlier.

Scheme	Number of	Vesting conditons	Contractual life of options	Vesting	Grant	Exercise	Exercise
	options			Period	Date	Period	Price (Rs)
Chalet Hotels Limited'- 'Employee	200,000	For the Options to vest, the Grantee	The exercise period for Options	3 years	26-Jun-18	One year	320.00
Stock Option Plan'-2018		has to be in employment of the Group	vested will be two years from date of			from	
		on the date of the vesting.	vesting subject to shares of the			vesting	
		_	company are listed at the time of			period	
			exercise.				

## Reconciliation of Outstanding share options

The number and weighted-average exercise price of share options under the share share option plans are as follows:

	Septemb	er 30, 2018
	Weighted	Number of
	average exercise	options
	price	
Outstanding at the beginning of the period	-	-
Granted during the period	320	200,000
Exercised during the period	-	-
Lapsed/ forfeited /surrendered	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the period	320	200,000
Exercisable at the end of the period	-	-

### Measurement of Fair value

The fair value of employee share options has been measured using Black Scholes Option Pricing Model and is charged to the statement of Profit and Loss over the vesting period. The fair value of the options and the key inputs used in the measurement of the grant date fair values of the equity settled share based payment plans are as follows:

Particulars	Unit	Chalet Hotels Limited' 'Employee Stock Option Plan'-2018	Description of inputs used
Fair value of the option at grant date	Rs/share	143-189	As per Black Scholes Model
Exercise price	Rs/share	320	As per the Scheme
Expected volatility (Weighted average volatility)	% p.a.	31.91% - 32.77%	Based on comparable listing companies
Expected life (expected weighted average life)	in years	1.99 - 3.99	Calculated time to maturity as a sum of the following periods:  - Time remaining from the valuation date till the date on which options are expected to vest on the holder and;  - Average Time from the vesting date till the expected exercise date.
Dividend yield	% p.a.	0%	Dividend yield is taken as 0% since the Company has not declared any dividend in last 5 financial years.
Risk-free interest rates (Based on government bonds)	% p.a.	7.4% - 7.85%	Risk free interest rate refers to the yield to maturity on the zero-coupon securities maturing in the period which commensurate with the maturity of the option.

The options outstanding at September 30, 2018 have an exercise price of Rs 320 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.32 year.

The expense recognised for the period ended September 30, 2018 is Rs. 5.06 millions.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

(Rs. in million)

# Annexure VI - Notes to Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

## Note 53

# Bengaluru residential project

Amounts related to the Bengaluru residential project carried under inventories and trade receivables are as under

	<b>September 30, 2018</b>	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Inventories	4,173.09	4,173.09	4,161.49	4,167.79	4,129.33	3,798.93
Less: Provision for impairment	(454.56)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)
Inventories, net	3,718.53	3,728.46	3,716.86	3,723.16	3,684.70	3,354.30
Advances from customers towards sale of residential flats	2,285.26	2,349.13	2,774.15	3,026.10	3,206.69	3,855.75

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### Note 54

### First time adoption

The Restated statement of assets and liabilities of the Company as at March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 and the Restated statement of profit and loss, the Restated statement of changes in equity and the restated statement of cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2018 and March 31 2017 and restated other financial information (together referred as 'restated financial information') has been prepared under Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The Company has elected to present all five years as per Ind AS/Proforma Ind AS. The restated financial information for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 has been prepared on Proforma basis (i.e. "Proforma Ind AS financial information") in accordance with requirements of SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/47 dated March 31, 2016 ("SEBI Circular") and Guidance note on reports in company prospectuses issued by ICAI. For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS financial information for the year ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the Company has followed the same accounting policy and accounting policy choices (both mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions availed as per Ind AS 101) as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments (both re-measurements and reclassifications) in the accounting heads are made to the Proforma Ind AS financial information as of and for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014 following accounting policies and accounting policy choices (both mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions) consistent with that used at the date of transition to Ind AS (i.e. April 1, 2016).

In addition to the adjustments carried herein, the Company has also made material restatement adjustments in accordance with SEBI Circular and Guidance note on reports in company prospectuses issued by ICAI (refer Annexure VII). Together these constitute the restated standalone summary financial information.

### **Exemptions applied**

Ind AS 101 allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under Ind AS. The Company has applied the following exemptions:

### Business combination exemption:

The Company has applied the exemption as provided in Ind AS 101 in relation to Ind AS 103, "Business Combinations" for business combinations consummated prior to the date of transition (April 1, 2016). Pursuant to this exemption, goodwill arising from business combination has been stated at the carrying amount under previous GAAP IND AS 103 will be applied prospectively to business combinations occurring after its transition date.

### 2 Investment in subsidiaries and associates

As permitted by Ind AS 101, for measuring investment in subsidiaries and associates, the Company has considered their previous GAAP carrying amount as their deemed cost as at 1 April 2016. For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS financial information, the Company has used carrying amount as per previous GAAP as at March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 to be the value of Investments for such respective years.

### 3 Property, plant and equipment

As permitted by Ind AS 101, the Company has chosen to reflect the fair value of all freehold land as of April 1, 2016 as their respective deemed cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment have been measured as per the requirements of Ind AS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" retrospectively.

### 4 Intangible assets and investment property

As permitted by IND AS 101, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying values under previous GAAP as 'deemed cost' at April 1, 2016 for all the items of intangible assets and investment property. For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS financial information for the year ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the Company has provided the depreciation based on the estimated useful life of respective years.

## 5 Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to assess classification of financial assets and financial liabilities on the basis of facts and circumstances existing as on the date of transition. Further, the standard permits measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities accounted at amortised cost based on facts and circumstances existing at the date of transition if retrospective application is impracticable. Accordingly, the Company has determined the classification of financial assets and financial liabilities based on facts and circumstances that exist on the date of transition. Measurement of the financial assets and financial liabilities accounted at amortised cost has been done retrospectively except where the same is impracticable.

### 6 Estimates

On assessment of the estimate made under the Previous GAAP financial statements, the Company has concluded that there is no necessity to revise the estimates under Ind AS, as there is no objective evidence of an error in those estimates. However estimates that were required under Ind AS but not required under Previous GAAP are made by the Company for the relevant reporting dates reflecting conditions as at that date.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 54 First time adoption of Ind AS

A. Reconciliation between previous GAAP and Ind AS

(Rs. in million)

## (I) Reconciliation of Equity as previously reported under IGAAP and Ind AS

Particulars	Notes to first time adoption	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
(i) Total Equity as per previous GAAP		7,545.89	1,622.73	3,671.25	4,830.68
(ii) Ind AS adjustments / prior period adjustments					
Fair valuation of land treated as deemed cost	1	-	5,186.49	5,186.49	3,916.84
Accounting for transaction costs on borrowings as per effective interest method	2	83.52	114.51	90.81	118.92
Fair value movement of FVTPL investments	3	1.22	(9.60)	-	-
Investment in preference shares measured at amortised cost	4	-	38.14	23.71	10.77
Accounting of EPCG Scheme as a government grant, including depreciation impact	5	378.70	198.69	153.64	165.71
Business combination of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (Magna)	6	(144.66)	(9.61)	(1.09)	8.91
Net assets acquired of hotel and retail undertaking from Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (Genext) under Court scheme reflected from appointed date i.e. November 1, 2016	7	(1,809.16)	-	-	-
Deferred tax on above adjustments, as applicable	8	(249.90)	(106.18)	(84.60)	(96.75)
Deferred tax impact on brought forward business losses and unabsorbed depreciation	8	865.20	635.32	116.20	114.13
Deferred tax impact related to land and building	8	(775.27)	(1,257.59)	(1,259.66)	(1,001.48)
Deferred tax impact on investments held for sale	8	0.03	110.30	-	-
Deferred tax created - indexation benefit on land under Investment Property	8	94.66	64.72	54.12	43.82
Total Ind AS adjustments / prior period adjustments *	<u>-</u>	(1,555.66)	4,965.19	4,279.62	3,280.87
(iii) Total restated adjustments (refer Annexure VII)		(988.41)	(1,112.75)	(1,319.87)	(1,296.40)
(iv) Total equity as per Restated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities (i + ii + iii)	<u>-</u>	5,001.82	5,475.16	6,631.00	6,815.16

<sup>\*</sup> The Ind AS adjustments reflected for adjustment with equity as of April 1, 2016 are consistent with those made as part of the first Ind AS financial statements of the Company. The adjusted net worth of the Company so arrived at shall differ from the total equity as per Restated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities to the extent of the restatement adjustments identified in the table above and explained as part of Annexure VII.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 54

# First time adoption of Ind AS

(II) Reconciliation of net profit after tax/total comprehensive income (as applicable) as previously reported under IGAAP and Ind AS

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	Notes to first time adoption	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
(i) Net profit after tax as per previous GAAP		736.67	(2,048.52)	(1,159.43)	(635.63)
(ii) Ind AS Adjustments / prior period adjustments Accounting for transaction costs on borrowings as per effective interest method	2	(30.99)	23.69	(28.11)	50.47
Fair value movement of FVTPL investments	3	10.82	(9.60)	-	-
Investment in preference shares measured at amortised cost	4	(38.14)	14.43	12.94	10.77
Accounting of EPCG Scheme as a government grant, including depreciation impact	5	180.01	45.05	(12.07)	48.34
Business combination of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (Magna)	6	(135.05)	(8.52)	(9.98)	(5.92)
Net assets transferred out of Hotel and Retail undertaking from Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (Magna) under Court scheme reflected from appointed date i.e. April 1, 2013	7	(34.29)	-	-	-
Deferred tax on above adjustments, as applicable	8	(143.74)	(21.57)	12.14	(33.59)
Deferred tax impact on brought forward business losses and unabsorbed depreciation	8	229.88	519.12	2.06	114.13
Deferred tax impact on fair valuation and indexation benefit on land	8	482.32	28.06	29.52	24.11
Deferred tax impact on investments held for sale	8	(110.27)	110.30	-	-
Deferred tax impact on indexation benefit on investment property	8	29.94	10.60	10.31	8.38
Total Ind AS adjustments / prior period adjustments		440.49	711.56	16.81	216.69
(iii) Total restated adjustments (refer Annexure VII)		124.37	207.11	(23.49)	(570.11)
(iv) Total comprehensive income as per Restated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (i +ii +iii )		1,301.53	(1,129.85)	(1,166.12)	(989.05)

## (III) Impact of Ind AS adoption on the Restated Summary Statement of Cash Flows

There were no material differences between the restated summary statement of cash flows and cash flow statement under previous GAAP (as adjusted for the impact of the demerger of hotel & retail undertaking from Magna and merger of hotel & retail undertaking from Genext - refer Note 41).

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### Note 54

### First time adoption of Ind AS

### (IV) Notes to First time adoption:

The Company has followed the same accounting policy choice as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016 while preparing Proforma Restated Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015, March 31, 2014 and as at April 1, 2013. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments are made to the retained earnings as at March 31, 2016, March 31, 2014 and April 1, 2013.

### 1 Fair valuation of land treated as deemed cost

On the date of transition the Company has chosen to reflect the fair value of all freehold land as of April 1, 2016 as their respective deemed cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment have been measured as per the requirements of Ind AS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" retrospectively. The impact of both these adjustments has been considered through retained earnings and corresponding assets/liabilities, as appropriate. The fair value has been determined with reference to residual value approach which also involves determining the business value of the respective hotel building. The fair value so determined is categorised as Level 3 in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 113. The key unobservable inputs used for determination of the fair value referred to above includes the rate used for discounting (12.10%) and growth rate (5%).

The fair value of land taken as deemed cost on transition date has been pushed back for restated standalone financial statements as per the Guidance note on Reports in Company Prospectus (revised 2016) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The fair value as on transition date is basis the land parcels and subsequent capitalisations made to the cost of land (for purchase of additional FSI) till such date (i.e. April 1, 2016). For the purpose of pushback of such fair value, proportionate fair value of such additions made is calculated based on the ratio of cost (adjusted for inflation) incurred for purchase of such additions to the total cost of such land. The fair value of such additions has been considered in their respective years of purchase by the company.

## 2 Accounting for transaction costs on borrowings as per effective interest method

Under previous GAAP, directly attributable transaction costs were charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss or capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment in the year of disbursement of the loan. As per the requirements of Ind AS, the Company has measured the borrowings at amortised cost (including the directly attributable transaction costs) based on the effective interest rate of the borrowings. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments have been made in the Restated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss and Property, plant and equipment.

### 3 Fair value movement of FVTPL investments

Under previous GAAP, non-current investments were carried at cost less provision for diminution (other than temporary). Under Ind AS, investment in equity shares (other than subsidiaries and associates) are measured at fair value, with fair value changes being routed through the Summary Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 4 Investment in preference shares measured at amortised cost

Under previous GAAP, non-current investments in preference shares were carried at cost less provision for diminution (other than temporary). Under Ind AS, investment in 0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited are measured at amortised cost as per Ind AS 109. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments have been made in the Restated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss and Investment in preference shares.

## 5 Accounting of EPCG Scheme as a government grant, including depreciation impact

The Company under the EPCG scheme has received grants from the Government in form of waiver of import duty on purchase of capital goods. These, however are conditional on the Company achieving specified future export obligations.

Under previous GAAP, the Company recognised its property, plant and equipment at the net cost i.e. the import duty was excluded from the cost of the property, plant and equipment and adjusted directly with the export benefits. Under Ind AS, the Company has recognised the value of import duty waiver as part of the cost of the property, plant and equipment with the corresponding impact to deferred grant. The deferred grant is recognised in Restated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss on fulfillment of the respective export obligation.

### 6 Business combination of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (refer note 42)

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on January 5, 2017, approved the merger of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Transferor Company"), its wholly owned subsidiary, with the Company ("Transferee Company") under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, with effect from November 01, 2016, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) at Mumbai and Bangalore. The said Scheme received the approval of the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) at Mumbai and Bangalore and other statutory and regulatory authorities on March 21, 2018 and has become effective from April 1, 2018. The merger is accounted as per the 'Pooling of Interest' method as prescribed in the Scheme. Further since this is a common control transaction, the financial statements in respect of prior periods have been restated from the earliest period presented.

### 7 Merger of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (refer note 42)

The Board of Directors at their meeting held on January 5, 2017, had approved the merger proposal and approved the "Scheme of Arrangement" to merge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking at Bengaluru from Genext under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, with effect from November 1, 2016, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of the Shareholders, Honourable High Court of Karnataka at Bangalore and Honourable High Court of Bombay and other statutory and regulatory authorities. The Scheme has become effective from October 1, 2017 and has been given effect to from the appointed date (in line with the accounting treatment prescribed in the Scheme).

### 8 Deferred tax

Previous GAAP requires deferred tax to be recognised with reference to the income statement approach. Ind AS 12 requires entities to determine deferred taxes with reference to the balance sheet approach, which focuses on temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base. The application of Ind AS 12 approach has resulted in recognition of deferred tax related adjustments in relation to certain items such as fair valuation of land, indexation benefit on investment property, fair value of investments which were not required to be considered under the income statement approach.

Further, under the previous GAAP, deferred tax asset on carry forward business losses and unabsorbed depreciation was recognised only on existence of virtual certainty of taxable profits. The application of Ind AS 12 approach has resulted in recognition of deferred tax assets in case of reasonable certainty. The deferred tax impact of all Ind AS adjustments (as applicable) has also been considered.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 54

### First time adoption of Ind AS

#### 9 Other reclassification adjustments

### A) Actuarial gain and loss

Under previous GAAP, the company recognised remeasurement on defined benefit plans of the company were recognised in the statement of Profit or Loss. However, as per the requirements of Ind AS, the company has recognised these in Other comprehensive income.

#### B) Investment property

As per the requirements of Ind AS 40, the company has reclassified land and building held with the intention to earn rental income as Investment property and Investment Property under construction.

The above reclassification adjustments do not have any impact on the reconciliations given above.

#### (V) Reconciliation of Equity as at April 1, 2013

As specified in the Guidance Note, the equity balance computed under Proforma Standalone Ind AS financial information for the year ended March 31, 2016 (i.e. equity under Indian GAAP as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013 adjusted for impact of Ind AS 101 items and after considering profit or loss for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 with adjusted impact due to Ind AS principles applied on proforma basis) and equity balance computed in opening Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date (i.e. April 1, 2016), prepared for filing under Companies Act, 2013, differs due to restatement adjustments made as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013. Accordingly, the closing equity balance as at March 31, 2016 of the Proforma Standalone Ind AS financial statements has not been carried forward to the opening Standalone Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date already adopted for reporting under Companies Act, 2013. Reconciliation of the same is below:

Particulars -	Notes to first time adoption	April 1, 2013 Proforma
A. Total equity as per audited financial statements as per previous GAAP		5,466.31
Ind AS Adjustments		
Fair valuation of land treated as deemed cost on transition to Ind AS	1	3,743.29
Amortised measurement of borrowings including related depreciation impact	2	68.45
Government grant on EPCG Scheme including related depreciation impact	5	117.37
Business combination of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (Magna)	6	24.31
Deferred tax on above adjustments, as applicable	8	(63.16)
Deferred tax impact related to land and building	8	(1,036.69)
Deferred tax created - indexation benefit on land under		35.44
Investment Property	8	
B. Total Ind AS adjustments	 	2,889.01
C. Total impact of restatement adjustments (refer Annexure	VII)	(726.53)
D. Total equity as per restated financial information (A + B -	+ C)	7,628.79

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 55

Disclosure under Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

(Rs. in million)

Particulars						
	For the period ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Details of contract balances:						
Balance as at beginning of the period / year	1,242.51	2,774.15	3,026.10	3,206.69	3,855.75	4,015.08
Trade receivables as on April 1	(9.01)	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue recognised that was classified as due to contract customers at the beginning of the reporting period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances received from the customers	-	-	-	14.95	154.91	104.66
Add: Derecognition of revenue on cancellation	-	-	_	-	-	-
Less: Repayment to the customer on cancellation	(63.85)	(425.02)	(251.95)	(195.54)	(803.97)	(263.99)
Significant change due to other reasons	1,115.61	-	-	-	-	-
(Eg. Business acquisition etc.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less :Cancellation of optional bookings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at end of the period / year	2,285.26	2,349.13	2,774.15	3,026.10	3,206.69	3,855.75
Total	2,285.26	2,349.13	2,774.15	3,026.10	3,206.69	3,855.75

As on September 30, 2018, revenue recognised in the current period from performance obligations satisfied/partially satisfied in the previous year is Nil (March 31, 2018: 112.88 million, March 31, 2017: 84.26 million, March 31, 2016: 59.57 million, March 31, 2015: Rs 88.33 million, March 31, 2014: Rs 71.19 million

#### ${\bf Information\ on\ performance\ obligations\ in\ contracts\ with\ Customers:}$

#### Real Estate Development Project:

The following table includes revenue to be recognised in future related to performance obligations that are unsatisfied towards the real estate development projects as at:

#### September 30, 2018

Particulars	2019	2020	2021-2025	Beyond 2025	Total
Contract Revenue		-	1,785.66	-	1,785.66
Contract Expense		-	1,762.90	-	1,762.90
Total	-	-	22.77	-	22.77

### March 31, 2018

Particulars	2019	2020	2021-2025	Beyond 2025	Total	
Contract Revenue	-		1,856.88	-	1,856.88	
Contract Expense	-	-	1,878.65	-	1,878.65	
Total	-		(21.77)		(21.77)	

#### March 31, 2017

Particulars	2018	2019	2020-2024	Beyond 2024	Total
Contract Revenue	-	_	2,091.16	-	2,091.16
Contract Expense	-	-	1,673.22	-	1,673.22
Total			417.94		417.94

#### March 31, 2016

Particulars	2017	2018	2019-2023	Beyond 2023	Total
Contract Revenue	-	-	2,394.40	-	2,394.40
Contract Expense	-	-	1,916.14	-	1,916.14
Total	-	-	478.26	-	478.26

### March 31, 2015

Contract Expense

Total

Particulars	2016	2017	2018-2022	Beyond 2022	Total
Contract Revenue	-	-	-	2,525.27	2,525.27
Contract Expense	-	-	-	1,991.06	1,991.06
Total	-	-	-	534.21	534.21
March 31, 2014					
Particulars	2015	2016	2017-2021	Beyond 2021	Total
Contract Revenue	-	-	-	2,681.93	2,681.93

Hospitality and Commercial & Retail
The Company applies practical expedient in paragraph 121 of Ind AS 115 and does not disclose information about remaining performance obligations that have original expected duration of one year or less.

2,135.43

546.50

2,135.43

546.50

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### Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### Note 56

#### Changes in accounting policies:

Except for the changes below, the Company has consistently applied the accounting policies to all periods presented in these standalone financial information.

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("Ind AS 115") with a date of initial application of April 1, 2018. As a result, the Company has changed its accounting policy for revenue recognition as detailed below.

The Company has applied Ind AS 115 using the cumulative effect method. The details of the significant changes and qualitative impact of changes are set out below:

#### A. Real Estate development

The Company accounted for its sale of residential flats in their real estate projects on a percentage completion basis as prescribed under the Guidance note for Accounting for Real Estate Trasactions. Under Ind AS 115, the Company recognises the revenue from sale of residential projects at a point in time, i.e. when all the risks and rewards associated are transferred to the customer. Accordingly the Company has reversed the cumulative revenue recognised on sale of residential flats in the opening reserve as on April 1, 2018.

### A. Reconciliation between balances without adoption of Ind AS 115 and as reported

Ind AS 8 requires an entity to reconcile equity and total comprehensive income for the reported period.

### (I) Reconciliation of equity as at September 30, 2018

		accounting	

Particulars	As reported	Adjustments	Balances without	
Taracana	ris reported	rujustments	adoption of Ind AS 115	
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	20,929.19	-	20,929.19	
Capital work-in-progress	169.85	-	169.85	
Investment property	6,710.32	-	6,710.32	
Goodwill	226.11	-	226.11	
Other intangible assets	12.39	-	12.39	
Financial assets	-			
(i) Investments	-	-	-	
(ii) Other Investments	43.17		43.17	
(ii) Loans	101.72	-	101.72	
(iii) Others	50.07	-	50.07	
Deferred tax assets (net)	1,175.30	-	1,175.30	
Other non-current assets	105.66	(17.24)	88.42	
Non-current tax assets (net)	458.04	-	458.04	
Total non current assets	29,981.82	(17.24)	29,964.58	
Current assets				
Inventories	3,975.02	(1,084.30)	2,890.72	
Financial assets				
(i) Trade receivables	533.72	-	533.72	
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	339.87	-	339.87	
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	20.83	-	20.83	
(iv) Loans	1,868.86	-	1,868.86	
(v) Others	285.66	-	285.66	
Other current assets	558.25	-	558.25	
Total current assets	7,582.21	(1,084.30)	6,497.91	
TOTAL ASSETS	37,564.03	(1,101.54)	36,462.49	

	Impact of changes in accounting policies				
Particulars	As reported	Adjustments	Balances without		
			adoption of Ind AS 115		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity					
Equity share capital	1,710.95	-	1,710.95		
Other equity	3,194.00	9.16	3,203.16		
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	4,904.95	9.16	4,914.11		
Total Equity	4,904.95	9.16	4,914.11		
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Non current liabilities					
Financial liabilities					
(i) Borrowings	23,484.42	-	23,484.42		
(ii) Others	115.76	-	115.76		
Provisions	42.99	-	42.99		
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	621.06	8.82	629.88		
Other non-current liabilities	33.74	-	33.74		
Total non current liabilities	24,297.97	8.82	24,306.79		
Current liabilities					
Financial liabilities					
(i) Borrowings	1,141.35	-	1,141.35		
(ii) Trade payables	804.66	-	804.66		
(iii) Other financial Liabilities	2,572.24	-	2,572.24		
Other current liabilities	2,859.82	(1,115.62)	1,744.20		
Provisions	983.04	_	983.04		
Total current liabilities	8,361.11	(1,115.62)	7,245.49		
Total liabilities	32,659.08	(1,106.80)	31,552.28		
Total Equity and Liabilities	37,564.03	(1,097.64)	36,466.38		

## $(II)\ Reconciliation\ of\ total\ comprehensive\ income\ for\ the\ period\ ended\ September\ 30,2018$

Particulars	As reported	Adjustments	Balances without adoption of Ind AS 115
Revenue			•
Revenue from operations	4,698.68	-	4,698.68
Other income	283.33	-	283.33
Total Revenue	4,982.01	-	4,982.01
Expenses			
Real estate development cost	316.78	-	316.78
Food and beverages consumed	430.98	_	430.98
Operating supplies consumed	118.48	-	118.48
Employee benefits expense	726.91	-	726.91
Other expenses	2,032.23	-	2,032.23
Total expenses	3,625.38	-	3,625.38
Earnings before interest, depreciation, amortisation,	1,356.63	-	1,356.63
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	569.26	-	569.26
Finance costs	1,395.44	-	1,395.44
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax	(608.07)	-	(608.07)
Exceptional items- Provision for estimated loss			
Profit before tax	(608.07)	-	(608.07)
Tax expense:	(191.73)	-	(191.73)
Current Tax			-
Deferred Tax	(191.73)		(191.73)
Profit/(Loss) for the period after Tax	(416.34)	-	(416.34)
Other comprehensive income/(expense)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	(5.78)		(5.78)
Income tax on above	2.02		2.02
Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the period, net of tax	(3.76)	-	(3.76)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the period	(420.10)	-	(420.10)

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### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### Note 57 Disclosure under Section 186 of the Act

The operations of the Company are classified as 'infrastructure facilities' as defined under Schedule VI to the Act. Accordingly, the disclosure requirements specified in sub-section 4 of Section 186 of the Act in respect of loans given, guarantee given or security provided and the related disclosures on purposes/ utilisation by recipient companies, are not applicable to the Company.

Details of investments made during the period ended September 30, 2018 as per section 186(4) of the Act:

Name of entity	March 31, 2018	Investments made	Investments redeemed / sold	September 30, 2018
Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.10	-	0.10	-
Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0.09	-	-	0.09
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	-	-	0.01
Intime Properties Limited	0.72	-	-	0.72
Krishna Valley Power Private Limited	8.64	-	-	8.64
Sahyadri Renewable Energy Private Limited	31.45	-	-	31.45
Renew Wind Power Energy (AP) Limited	1.00	-	-	1.00
National Saving Certificates	0.13	=	-	0.13

Details of investments made during the year ended March 31, 2018 as per section 186(4) of the Act:

Name of entity	March 31, 2017	Investments made	Investments redeemed / sold	March 31, 2018
Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.10	-	0.10	-
Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0.09	-	-	0.09
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	-	-	0.01
Intime Properties Limited	0.72	-	-	0.72
Krishna Valley Power Private Limited	-	8.64	-	8.64
Sahyadri Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	31.45	-	31.45
Renew Wind Power Energy (AP) Limited	1.00	-	-	1.00
National Saving Certificates	0.13	-	-	0.13

Details of investments made during the year ended March 31, 2017 as per section 186(4) of the Act:

Name of entity	March 31, 2016	Investments made	Investments redeemed / sold	March 31, 2017
Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.10	-	-	0.10
Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0.09	-	-	0.09
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	-	-	0.01
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (equity shares)	2,816.94	-	2,816.94	-
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (preference shares)	157.89		157.89	-
Intime Properties Limited	340.99	-	340.27	0.72
Renew Wind Power Energy (AP) Limited	-	1.00	-	1.00
National Saving Certificates	0.13	-	-	0.13

Details of investments made during the year ended March 31, 2016 as per section 186(4) of the Act:

Name of entity	March 31, 2015	Investments made	Investments redeemed / sold	March 31, 2016
Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.10	-	-	0.10
Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0.09	-	-	0.09
Sycamore Properties Private Limited	0.10	-	0.10	-
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	-	-	0.01
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (equity shares)	2,816.94	-	-	2,816.94
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (preference shares)	157.89	-	-	157.89
Intime Properties Limited	893.66	-	552.67	340.99
National Saving Certificates	0.13	-	-	0.13

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 57 Disclosure under Section 186 of the Act

Details of investments made during the year ended March 31, 2015 as per section 186(4) of the Act:

Name of entity	March 31, 2014	Investments made	Investments redeemed / sold	March 31, 2015
Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.10	-	-	0.10
Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0.09	-	-	0.09
Sycamore Properties Private Limited	0.10	-	-	0.10
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	-	-	0.01
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (equity shares)	2,816.94	-	-	2,816.94
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (preference shares)	157.89	-	-	157.89
Intime Properties Limited	893.66	-	-	893.66
Sundew Properties Limited	588.41	-	588.41	-
National Saving Certificates	0.07	0.06	-	0.13

As per our examination report of even date attached.

For **B S R & Co. LLP**Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

(CIN No.U55101MH1986PLC038538)

Aniruddha Godbole

Membership No: 105149

Sanjay Sethi Managing Director & CEO (DIN 00641243) Rajeev Newar Executive Director & CFO (DIN 00468125)

Mumbai

December 20, 2018

Mumbai December 20, 2018 Christabelle Baptista Company Secretary Membership No: A17817 (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VII: Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements

Summarised below are the restatement adjustments made to the equity of the audited financial statements of the Company for the years ended March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015, and March 31, 2014 and balance sheet as at April 1, 2013 and their consequential impact on the equity of the Company:

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
A. Total equity as per audited financial statements as per Ind AS/previous GAAP		5,222.99	7,545.89	1,622.73	3,671.25	4,830.68
B. Total Ind AS adjustments (refer note 54 of Annexure VI)		NA	(1,555.66)	4,965.19	4,279.62	3,280.87
C. Total equity as per Ind AS (A+B)		5,222.99	5,990.23	6,587.92	7,950.87	8,111.55
D. Adjustments: Material restatement adjustments (i) Audit qualifications		-	-	-	-	-
Total:		-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Adjustments due to prior period items / other adjustments						
Reversal of revenue on account of cancellation of flats of residential project at Bengaluru	3(c)	-	(63.62)	(97.61)	(123.46)	(249.23)
Adjustments on account of alignment of accounting policies	3(g)	(25.23)	(25.23)	(25.23)	(25.23)	(25.23)
Adjustments due to change in status of residential project at Bengaluru	3(b)	-	(1,521.72)	(1,453.92)	(1,381.72)	(1,299.13)
Adjustments for short / excess provision for income taxes	3(d)	-	-	(2.85)	(2.85)	(5.67)
Adjustment for cost of mitigation program compensation	3(e)	-	(87.39)	(279.20)	(301.48)	(211.14)
Adjustment for deferred tax	3(f)	35.52	241.07	-	-	-
Provision for doubtful debts	3(h)	(12.58)	-	-	-	-
Total restatement adjustments		(2.29)	(1,456.89)	(1,858.81)	(1,834.74)	(1,790.40)
(iii) Deferred tax impact on adjustments in (i) and (ii), as applicable						
Deferred tax impact on restatement adjustments	3(i)	13.21	468.48	746.06	514.87	494.00
Total:		13.21	468.48	746.06	514.87	494.00
D. Total impact of adjustments (i + ii+iii)		10.92	(988.41)	(1,112.75)	(1,319.87)	(1,296.40)
E. Total equity as per audited restated summary financial information as per Ind AS (C+D)		5,233.91	5,001.82	5,475.17	6,631.00	6,815.15

Summarised below are the restatement adjustments made to the net profit/(loss) of the audited financial statements of the Company for the period/year ended September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015, March 31, 2014 and their impact on the profit/(loss) of the Company:

Particulars	Notes	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
A. Net profit after tax as per audited financial statements as per Ind AS/previous GAAP		(392.77)	NA	736.67	(2,048.52)	(1,159.43)	(635.63)
B. Total Ind AS adjustments (refer note 54 of Annexure VI)		NA	NA	440.49	711.56	16.81	216.69
C. Net profit after tax as per Ind AS (A+B)		(392.77)	(993.95)	1,177.16	(1,336.96)	(1,142.62)	(418.94)
<u>D. Adjustments:</u> Material restatement adjustments (i) Audit qualifications			-	-	-	-	-
Total:			-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Adjustments due to prior period items / other adjustments							
Export benefits entitlements written off	3(a)	-					58.42
Adjustments due to change in status of residential project at Bengaluru	3(b)	-	1,521.72	(67.81)	(72.20)	(82.59)	(1,006.60)
Adjustments on account of alignment of accounting policies	3(g)	_	-	-	-	-	144.82
Reversal of revenue on account of cancellation of flats of residential project at Bengaluru	3(c)	=	63.62	33.99	25.85	125.77	17.87
Adjustments for short / excess provision for income taxes	3(d)	-	-	2.85	-	2.77	(7.51)
Adjustment for cost of mitigation program compensation	3(e)	=	87.39	191.81	22.28	(90.34)	108.09
Adjustment for deferred tax	3(f)	(35.52)	35.52	241.07	-	-	-
Provision for doubtful debts	3(h)	12.58	(12.58)				
Total:		(22.94)	1,708.25	401.91	(24.07)	(44.39)	(684.91)
(iii) Deferred tax impact on adjustments in (i) and (ii), as applicable							
Deferred tax impact on restatement adjustments	3(i)	(4.40)	(455.32)	(277.54)	231.18	20.90	114.80
Total:		(4.40)	(455.32)	(277.54)	231.18	20.90	114.80
D. Total impact of adjustments (i + ii + iii)		(27.34)	1,252.93	124.37	207.11	(23.49)	(570.11)
F. Net Profit after tax as per restated financial information (C + D)		(420.11)	258.98	1,301.53	(1,129.85)	(1,166.11)	(989.05)

#### Annexure VII: Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements

#### Notes to Adjustments

#### 1. Adjustments for audit qualification: None

#### 2. Material regrouping

Appropriate adjustments have been made in the Restated Standalone Financial Information, wherever required, by a reclassification of the corresponding items of income, expenses, assets, liabilities and cash flows in order to bring them in line with the groupings as per the audited Standalone Interim Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company as at and for the period ended September 30, 2018, prepared in accordance with Division II Ind AS Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act, 2013 (the

#### 3. Material restatement adjustments

#### (a) Export benefit entitlements written off

The Company recognises income in respect of duty credit entitlementarising from export sales under the "Served from India Scheme" of the Governmentof India in the year of exports, provided there is no significant uncertainty regarding the entitlementand availment of the credit and the amount thereof. Export credit entitlementan be utilised within a specified benefit period, by way of adjustment against duties payable on purchase of capital equipments, spare parts and consumables. Untuitised export entitlements written off in the year in which the time period of utilisation of such licenses expires. The Company had written off export entitlementreceivable during the year ended March 31, 2014 on expiry of the utilisation period.

For the purpose of these restated financial information, the Company has appropriately adjusted this in the year in which the duty credit entitlementwas first recognised. Adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated financial information as at April 1, 2013.

#### (b) Adjustments due to change in status of residential project at Bengaluru

In view of Hindustan Aeronautics Limited (HAL's) raising an objection with regards to the permissible height and pursuant to the interim order passed by the Hon. Karnataka High Court ('the Court') in the petition filed by the Company, in respect of the Company's residential project at Bengaluru during the year 2013-14, the Company suspended and limited the vertical construction of all wings up to a particular height, pending outcome of the matter.

Further, pending the outcome of the proceedings and a final closure of the matter, the Company had decided to suspend revenue recognition based on the percentage completion method and has also been derecognising profits on cancellation of flats previously sold. Pursuant to a subsequent order passed by the Court for conduct of an Aeronautical Study by the Airports Authority of India [AAI], AAI conducted the required Aeronautical Study and filed its report in January 2015, confirming that the full height of the then completed building-wingsdoes not adversely affect aircraft operations. HAL has filed objections to the Aeronautical Study Report of AAI, and the matter is currently sub-judice.

Since the litigation has prolonged and is yet to be concluded, the Company explored the option of restructuring the construction plan in consultation with the relevant stakeholders to achieve a mutually beneficial solution. Consequently, during the year ended March 31, 2018, without projudice to its rights and remedies under law and keeping the commercial considerations in perspective, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, decided that the Company should proactively consider re-commencement of construction upto permissible limit and engage with the buyes boy 10th floor for evaluating possible options. Accordingly, the Company has reassessed the estimated cost of completion of the project upto the 10th floor as per the aforementioned plan and has recorded the following adjustments as exceptional items during the year ended March 31, 2018:

i) Provision towards impairment of super structure of Rs 350 million and expected cost of alteration of super structure of Rs 250 million have been adjusted during the year ended March 31, 2014, being the year in which the

ii) Provision for cost of mitigation program compensation of Rs 555 million for expected cancellations for flats above 10th floor, net of compensation already provided for has been adjusted to the respective year to v cost relates. Adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated standalone financial information as at April 1, 2013.

iii) Impact of revised estimated cost of completion of the project on the net realisable value of inventory resulting in write down of Rs 25 million has been adjusted during the year ended March 31, 2014, being the year in which the litigation had initiated.

The auditors' reports for the years ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 included an Emphasis of Matters papragraph in respect of the amounts related to the residential project at Bengaluru (inventories aggregating t 2,659.87 millionand rs 2,533.02 millionand trade receivables of Rs 9.12 millionand Rs 6.77 millionas at March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 respectively. The Company has made necessary adjustments to inventories and receivables in these Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information as per the aforementioned plan.

The auditors' reports for the year ended March 31, 2014 included an Emphasis of Matters papragraph in respect of the residential project at Bengaluru for which the Company had not recognized profits during the year on flats sold above 40 meters, derecognized profits on sales of previous years that have been cancelled during the year, the Company had recompensed flat owners, in accordance with mitigation plan, with payments on account of the delay in completion of the project and additionally provision for estimated loss on account of cancellation in the subsequent year was been made in the accounts. The Company has made necessary adjustments in these Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information as per the aforementioned plan.

### (c) Reversal of revenue on account of cancellation of flats of residential project at Bengaluru

The Company reversed the revenue and derecognised margins, in respect of its residential project at Bengaluru, in the respective year of cancellation. Further, during the year ended March 31, 2018, as mentioned in paragraph b) the Company reversed revenue and margins aggregating Rs 52 feet of its restoration played above, the Company reversed revenue and margins aggregating Rs 52 feet in limition and Rs 122 millionrespectively, in respect of the flast for all wings above 40 meters and also recognised adultion are venue and incremental cost of sale of residential flats aggregating Rs 42.02 million and Rs 278.03 million respectively due to revision of the estimated percentage of completion.

The Company, on restatement, has adjusted the cancellations/ revenue reversals in the year in which the revenue and margins were originally recognised. Adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated financial information as at April 1, 2013.

#### Annexure VII: Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements

(d) Prior period tax adjustments

Excess and short provision for income taxes pertaining to earlier years, based on intimations/ orders / received / returns filed, accounted for during the years ended March 31, 2017 of Rs 7.50 millionand March 31, 2014 of Rs 2.85 millionrespectively has been adjusted in the respective financial years to which it pertains. The Company had also written off MAT credit of Rs 2.7 million during the year ended March 31, 2015. The adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of retained earnings as per restated financial information as at April 1, 2013.

(e) Adjustment for cost related to mitigation program compensation

The Company has recorded additional compensation net of goodwill compensation, in respect of its residential project at Bengaluru, in the respective year of cancellation.

The Company, on restatement, has adjusted the additional compensation cost net of goodwill compensation to the year to which the same pertains as it relates to period cost and is payable for period of delay. Adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated standalone financial information as at April 1, 2013.

The Company has recognised deferred tax credit pertaining to incorrect computation in deferred taxes during the period ended September 30, 2018 and also for the year ended March 31, 2017. The Company, on restatement, has adjusted the deferred tax credit in the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2018 and as of and for the year ended March 31, 2017 respectively

#### (g) Alignment of Accounting policies

Uprasuant to applicability of Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers from 1 April 2018, the Company has changed its accountingpolicy for accounting of its real estate contracts from the percentage completion method as prescribed in the erstwhile Guidance note on accounting for real estate transactions (for entities to whom Ind AS is applicable) to completed contract method under Ind AS 115.

For the purpose of these restated financial information, the Company has appropriately adjusted this in the respective year in which the revenue and cost was recognised. Adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated standalone financial information as at April 1, 2013.

(h) Provision for doubtful debts
The Company had provided debt 12.57 milliontowards a trade receivable as at September 30, 2018 which relates to a receivable against a dispute with the customer. This amount has been pushed back to March 31, 2018, the year in which the services were originally provided to the customer.

Deferred tax has been computed on adjustments made as detailed above and has been adjusted in the restated standalone financialinformation for the years ended March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014. The adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of retained earnings as per restated standalone financial information as at April 1, 2013.

#### Non-adjusting items

#### 1. Emphasis of matters in the Auditors' report which do not require any corrective adjustments in the Restated Standalone Financial Information

a) Leasehold land at Vashi
for the periodycyase neded September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016: the auditors' report has drawn attention in respect of the hotel building purchased, together with a demarcated portion of the leasehold rights to land at Vashi (Navi Mumbai), from K. Raheja Corp Private Limited, on which the Company/sFour Points by Shenton Hotel has been built. The allotment of land by City & IndustrialDevelopment Corporation of Maharashtra Limited ('CIDCO') to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited has been challenged by two public interest litigations and the matter is currently pending with the Honorable Supreme Court of India. Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter, no adjustments have been made in the standalone Ind AS financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2018 to the carrying value of the leasehold rights (reflected as prepayments) and the hotel assets thereon aggregating to Rs 497.70 million, Rs 503.79 million, Rs 530.18 million and Rs 567.14 million as at September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, March, 31 2017 and April 1, 2016 respectively. (Refer Annexure VI, Note 2 and 11).

b) Acquisition of Hotel and Retail division at Bengaluru from Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited
For the year ended March 31, 2018, the auditor's report has drawn attention in respect of the Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') between Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ('Genext') and the Company for demerger of
the Hotel understaking and Retail understaking of Memicration of Genext which has been approved by the National Company Law Tribunal('NCLT') at Mumbai and Bengaluruan other regulatory authorities on September
11, 2017, with effect from the Appointed date specified in the Scheme is. November 1, 2016. The Scheme has been accounted in the manner prescribed by the NCLT order i.e. the book values of the assets, liabilities and reserves
of the demerged undertaking of Genext as of November 1, 2016 has been recorded by the Company and the identity of the antimistance. The excess of the book value of the net assets and reserves of the
demerged undertaking of Genext as of November 1, 2016 has value of the entassets and reserves of the
demerged undertaking of Genext acquired over the face value of the startes issued by the Company amounting to Rs. 189.53 million has been debited to Goodwill in accordance with the Scheme. This accounting treatment is
different from the transcribed undertaked AS 1010 and private of the Scheme (March 1) and 120. different from that prescribed under Ind AS 103 on Business Combination (refer Annexure VI, note 42).

#### c) Disclosure of comparative balance

c) Disclosure of comparative balances

Note 1.2 to the standalone interim Ind AS financial statements, which describes the basis of preparation. These standalone interim Ind AS financial statements have been prepared for inclusion in the Restated standalone Summary

Financial Information in the Red Herring Prospectus / Prospectus in connection with the proposed issue of Equity Shares of the Company by way of a fresh issue and/or an offer for sale by the existing shareholders. These standalone
interim Ind AS financial statements are not the statutory standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company.

#### d) ICDR 2018

As at and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014: Securities Exchange Board of India as issued Securities Exchange Board of India (Issued of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018') on 11 September 2018, which are effective from 11 November 2018. Accordingly, on and from the commencement of this regulations, the SEBI ICDR regulations 2009 shall stand rescinded. Based on the advice received by Management, the Company continues to comply with the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009.

### 2. Audit Qualifications in Annexure to Auditors' Report, which do not require any corrective adjustments in the Restated Standalone Financial Information

In addition to the audit opinion on the financial statements, the auditors are required to comment upon the matters included in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ('CARO') issued by the Central Government India terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the years ended March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017, and March 31, 2016, the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015 issued by the Central Government of India terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year ended 31 March 2015 and the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 issued by the Central Government of India under sub-section (4A) of Section 227 of the Companies Act, 1956 for the year ended 31 March 2014. Certain statements/comments included in the annexure to the Auditors' report on the financial statements (i.e. CARO), which do not require any adjustments in the Restated Standalone Financial Information are reproduced below in respect of the financial statements presented:

#### For the year ended March 31, 2018

Cause (i) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the examination of the registered transfer deeds provided to us and based on confirmations directly received by us from the lenders where the title deeds have been mortgaged as security for loans taken from Banks and financial institutions, we report that, the title deeds, of immovable properties comprising of freehold land and buildings as listed in Notes 2 and 4 of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, are held in the name of the Company, except as stated in the table below:

Land / building	Number of cases	Freehold	Notes in the standalone Ind AS financial statements	Gross block (Rs. in million)	Net block (Rs in million)	Remarks
Building	1	Freehold	2	958.78	449.27 fi re	tefer note 43 (c) in the tandalone Ind AS inancial statements in espect of the matter which is presently under tigation
Land	1	Freehold	2	286.64		Acquired as part of
Building	1	Freehold	2	1,978.10	1,500.45 (l	Refer note 42 (b) to the standalone Ind AS inancial statements),
Land	1	Freehold	4	337.12	337.12 p	
Building	1	Freehold	4	1,779.00	1,328.98	
Land	1	Freehold	4	80.01	80.01 S (I si fi	acquired as part of icheme of arrangement Refer note 42 (a) to the tandalone Ind AS inancial statements),
Building	1	Freehold	4	893.38	842.22 tr	ending to be ransferred in the name of the Company.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited

#### Annexure VII: Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements

Further in respect of the leasehold land acquired by the Company, attention is invited to the table below:

Land	Number of cases	Leashold	Notes in the standalone Ind AS financial statements	Gross block (Rs in million)	Net block (Rs in million)	Remarks
Land	1	Leasehold	11	65.06	54.5:	Refer note 43 (c) in the standalone Ind AS financial statements in respect of the matter which is presently under litigation

#### Clause (vii) (a)

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales tax, Service tax and Duty of excise dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities, though there have been slight delays in a few cases.

#### Clause (vii) (b)

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income-tax, Sales tax, Duty of excise and Goods and Service tax which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. According to the information and explanations given to us, the following dues of Service tax, Duty of customs and Value added tax have not been deposited as on 31 March 2018 by the Company on account of disputes:

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Demand Rupees in million	Amount deposited on account of demand	Financial year (F.Y.) to which the amount	
		mmon	(Rs. in million)	relates	unpute is penuing
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Denial of CENVAT credit of service tax paid for Marriott Executive Apartment.	53.62	-	FY 2004-05 to FY 2010-11	Order-in-Appeal awaited from the CESTAT, Mumbai
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Demand for service tax under reverse charge mechanism on expenditure in foreign currency.	17.7	-	April 2006 to March 2008	Order-in-Appeal awaited from the CESTAT, Mumbai
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Service tax demand on treating In-room dining and Mini-bar services as 'Accommodation instead of 'Restaurant Services' by Service tax Department.	6.53	-	FY 2012-13 to FY 2014-15	Order-in-Appeal awaited from the Commissioner (Appeals- Hyderabad)
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Denial of input credit on services relating to rent a cab service	4.73	-	FY 2012-13 to FY 2014-15	Commissioner (Appeals), Mumbai
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Demand for service tax on Telephone services and Laundry wet cleaning service treated as accommodation services	3.89	-	May 2011 to June 2012	Commissioner (Appeals), Hyderabad
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Letter demanding Interest on Cenvat credit availed not utilised raised by the service tax department	3.2	-	Oct-2006 to Apr 2008	Assistant Commissioner of Service Tax, Hyderabad
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Show cause letter on treating In-room dining and Mini-bar services as 'Accommodation' instead of 'Restaurant Services' by Service tax Department	3.07	-	Oct 2014 to June 2017	Commissioner CGST, Bangalore
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Show cause notice on denial of cenvat credit on garden maintenance	1.98	-	2012-13 to 2015-16	Commissioner CGST, Mumbai
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Audit query letter received treating In-room dining and Mini-bar services a 'Accommodation' instead of 'Restaurant Services' by Service tax Department	1.44	-	Feb 2013 to Sept 2014	Commissioner CGST, Bangalore
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Demand of penalty for non- payment of service tax on reimbursement of Travel Agent's Commission	0.41	-	FY 2012-13 to FY 2014-15	Commissioner (Appeals), Hyderabad
Foreign Trade Policy (Duty of customs)	Recovery of SFIS benefits granted to foreign brands	5.74	-	FY 2016-17	Karnataka High Court
Maharashtra VAT Act,2002	Joint Commissioner has included Service Tax in the Gross Turnover and charged VAT on the same. However, the same demand is not included in the Demand Notice as the same is covered under Section 23(8) of MVAT Act.	9.35		FY 2012-13	Joint Commissioner Appeals LTU-2
Andhra Pradesh VAT	Demanding VAT on sale of cocktail	1.76	0.22	FY 2013-14 to 2015- 16	Asst.Commissioner (CT) LTU
Andhra Pradesh VAT	Demanding VAT on sale of cocktail	1.59	0.4	FY 2010-11 to 2012- 13	Deputy Commissioner, Hyderabad

#### Annexure VII: Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements

#### For the year ended March 31, 2017

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the examination of the registered transfer deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, of such immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. Immovable properties of land and buildings whose title deeds have been mortgaged as security for loans taken from Banks and financial institutions are held in the name of the Company based on confirmations directly received by us from the lenders/parties. In respect of immovable properties of land and buildings that have been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed asset in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company. Attention is however invited to Footnote (2) to note 13(a) regarding the leasehold land on which the Company's Four Points by Sheraton Hotel - Vashi (Navi Mumbai) has been built, which is presently under litigation.

#### Clause (vii) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

Details of dues of Service tax, Provident fund and Value added tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2017 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs in	Period to which it	Forum where the
		million)	relates	dispute is pending
Telangana VAT Act	VAT on cocktails	1.70 *	FY 2013-14 to FY 2015-	Telangana VAT
			16	Assistant Deputy
				Commissioner
Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act	G		FY 2008-09 to FY 2010-	D 1 1771 G
	Computation of Provident Fund	3.78	11	Bombay High Court
	Computation of Provident Fund		November 2011 to	PF Regional
	Computation of Frovident Fund	3.00	November, 2014	Commissioner
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)			FY 2012-13 to FY 2014-	Additional
	Service Tax - CENVAT credit		15	Commissioner,
	disallowed	5.77	1.5	Service Tax
	disanowed		FY 2004-05 to FY 2010-	Appellate Tribunal
		109.09	11	Appenate Tribunai
	Service Tax demand on foreign			
	currency expenditure under		FY 2003-04 to FY 2007-	Superintendent,
	reverse mechanism charge		08	service tax
	reverse meetamism enarge	17.48		
	Service Tax demand on wrong		October 2006 to April	Assistant
	availment of CENVAT Credit		2008	Commissioner,
	availment of CENVAT Credit	3.20	2000	Service Tax
	Service Tax demand for			Commissioner
	Laundry and telephone charges		May 2011 to June 2012	Appeals, Service tax
	Laundry and telephone enarges	3.35		Appeals, Service tax

<sup>^</sup> Net of Rs 0.04 million paid under protest \* Net of Rs 0.02 million paid under protest

#### For the year ended March 31, 2016

#### Clause (i) (c)

Leavage (1) (C)

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the examination of the registered transfer deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, of such immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. Immovable properties of land and buildings whose title deeds have been mortgaged as security for loans taken from Banks and financial institutions are held in the name of the Company based on confirmations directly received by us from the lenders I parties. In respect of immovable properties of land and buildings that have been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed asset in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company. Attention is however invited to Footnote (2) to note 13(a) regarding the leasehold land on which the Company's Four Points by Sheraton Hotel - Vashi (Navi Mumbai) has been built, which is presently under litigation.

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted unsecured loans to companies covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of which:
(b) The schedule of repayment of principal has not been stipulated. The schedule of payment of interest has been stipulated and receipts of interest have been regular as per stipulations, except for a loan granted to one party where interest of Rs. 17.66 million was paid after a delay of 80 days.

Clause (vii) (c)
According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
Details of dues of Service tax, Excise duty, Provident fund and Value added tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2016 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs. in million)	Period to which it relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT – levy of interest u/s 30 (2) of MVAT Act, 2002	8.40	FY 2006-07 to 2007-08	Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax – Appeals II
Telangana VAT Act	VAT – disallowance of VAT credit on LPG expense	0.26*		Appellate Deputy Commissioner (CT) Hyderabad Rural
	VAT on cocktails	1 10 ^	FY 2010-11 to FY 2012- 13	Telangana VAT Appellate Tribunal
"inance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	Service Tax - CENVAT credit	19.33	15	Additional Commissioner, Service Tax
	disanowed	99.71	FY 2004-05 to FY 2010- 11	Appellate Tribunal
	Service Tax demand on foreign currency expenditure under reverse mechanism charge		FY 2003-04 to FY 2007- 08	Superintendent, service tax
	Service Tax demand for	3.22	May 2011 to June	Commissioner
	Laundry and telephone charges	-	2012	Appeals, Service
	, 1	-		Tax
Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act	Computation of Provident Fund	3.78	FY 2008-09 to FY 2010- 11	Bombay High Court

<sup>\*</sup> Net of Rs 0.33 million paid under protest ^ Net of Rs 0.40 million paid under protest

#### Annexure VII: Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### Clause (iii) (c)

In our opinionand according to the informationand explanations given to us, the Company has maintained proper records of its inventories and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification, other than at the hotel at Sahar (Mumbai) which commenced operations in February 2015 and in respect of which systems for recording of receipt and issue of stocks are being put in place.

In our opinionand according to the informationand explanations given to us, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business for the purchase of inventories other than at the Sahar Hotel (refer clause (iii) (c) above) and fixed assets and for the sale of goods and services. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any major weakness in such internal control system, except as stated in clause (iii) (c) above.

#### Clause (vii) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

Details of dues of Service tax and Sales tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2015 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs. in million)	Period to which it relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Service Tax Rules, 1994	Service Tax		FY 2003-04 to F.Y. 2010 11 & April 2011	
Service Tax Rules, 1994	Service Tax	12.80	FY 2003-04 to 2007-08	Commissioner Service Tax
MVAT Act, 2002	Sales Tax	8.40	FY 2006-07 to 2008-09	Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax
APVAT Act, 2005	Sales Tax	0.26	FY 2011-12 to FY 2012- 13	Deputy Commissioner, Commercial Tax

The accumulated losses of the Company at the end of the financial year are less than fifty per cent of its net worth. The Company has incurred cash losses during the financial year, there were no cash losses incurred by the Company in the immediately preceding financial year.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2014

Clause (ix) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

Details of dues of Service tax and Sales tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2014 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs. in million)	Period to which it relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Service Tax Rules, 1994	Service Tax		FY 2003-04 to F.Y. 2010 11 & April 2011	
Service Tax Rules, 1994	Service Tax	11.45	FY 2003-04 to 2007-08	Commissioner Service Tax
MVAT Act, 2002	Sales Tax	8.40	FY 2006-07 to 2008-09	Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax
Income Tax Act 1961	Income tax	0.07	AY 2011-12	CIT (Appeals)

#### Clause (x)

The accumulated losses of the Company at the end of the financial year are less than fifty per cent of its net worth. The Company has incurred cash losses during the financial year, there were no cash losses incurred by the Company in the immediately preceding financial year.

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#### Annexure VII: Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements

#### Reconciliation of Equity as at April 1, 2013

As specified in the Guidance Note, the equity balance computed under Proforma Standalone Ind AS financial information for the year ended March 31, 2016 (i.e. equity under Indian GAAP as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013 adjusted for impact of Ind AS 101 items and after considering profit or loss for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 with adjusted impact due to Ind AS principles applied on proforma basis) and equity balance computed in opening Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date (i.e. April 1, 2016), prepared for filing under Companies Act, 2013, differs due to restatement adjustments made as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013. Accordingly, the closing equity balance as at March 31, 2016 of the Proforma Standalone Ind AS financial statements has not been carried forward to the opening Standalone Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date already adopted for reporting under Companies Act, 2013. Reconciliation of the same is disclosed in Note 54 of Annexure VI.

Particulars	Footnotes to Note 54 of Annexure VI	April 1, 2013 Proforma
A. Total equity as per audited financial statements as per previous G.	AAP	5,466.31
Ind AS Adjustments		
Material restatement adjustments		
(i) Audit qualifications		
Total:		-
(ii) Other material adjustments:		
Restatement adjustments:		
Export benefits entitlements written off	(a)	(58.42)
Reversal of margin on account of cancellation of flats of residential project at Bengaluru	(c)	(267.11)
Adjustment for cost of mitigation program compensation	(e)	(319.23)
Adjustments for short / excess provision for income taxes	(d)	1.89
Adjustments due to change in status of residential project at Bengaluru	(b)	(292.52)
Adjustment on adoption of Ind AS 115	(b)	(170.05)
(iii) Deferred tax impact on adjustments in (i) and (ii), as applicable		
Deferred tax impact on restatement adjustments	(i)	378.91
C. Total impact of adjustments (i + ii + iii)		(726.53)
D. Total equity as per restated financial information (A + B + C)	_	7,628.79

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### Annexure VIII - Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Other Income

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	Nature (Recurring/ Non-recurring)	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Profit on sale of investments	Non- recurring	-	4.63	1,356.67	-	-	-
Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	Recurring	124.69	190.30	246.94	108.74	261.79	331.45
Gain on foreign exchange fluctuation (net)	Recurring	-	4.63	169.50	-	-	-
Net mark to market gain on derivative contracts	Recurring	39.38	21.54	-	-	-	-
Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	Recurring	3.55	1.23	3.84	0.03	1.80	12.02
Dividend received	Recurring	-	0.00	0.00	7.90	1.32	-
Export benefits and entitlements	Recurring	-	0.00	42.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest on income tax refund	Recurring	-	-	13.61	-	-	-
Miscellaneous income	Recurring	4.26	17.45	41.79	44.43	18.44	7.76
Total other income as per previous GAAP		171.89	239.79	1,874.60	161.11	283.35	351.24
Add/Less: Ind AS adjustments							
Business combination of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited		6.42	7.32	(75.53)	(35.31)	(27.14)	(27.54)
Business combination of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited		-	-	97.63	-	-	- 1
Reclassification of export benefits income from other income to revenue from operation		-	-	(42.25)	-	-	-
Interest Income from amortised cost measurement of preference shares		-	-	17.29	14.43	12.94	10.77
Total Ind AS adjustments		6.42	7.32	(2.86)	(20.88)	(14.20)	(16.77)
Total other income as per Ind AS		178.31	247.11	1,871.75	140.23	269.15	334.46
Add/Less: Other adjustments		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other adjustments			-		-		-
Total restated other income		178.31	247.11	1,871.75	140.22	269.15	334.46

#### Notes:

<sup>(</sup>i) The figures disclosed above are based on the Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss.

<sup>(</sup>ii) The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

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Annexure IX - Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Accounting Ratios

(Rs. in million)

Sr. No.	Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year March 31,		March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
1	(Loss)/profit available to equity shareholders (Rs. in million)	(416.34)	<b>2018</b> 231.75	2017 1,301.40	Proforma (1,131.12)	Proforma (1,163.52)	Proforma (985.93)
2	Weighted average number of basic equity shares outstanding during the period/year	171,095,293	171,095,293	159,931,174	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253
3	Weighted average number of diluted equity shares outstanding during the period/year	171,095,293	171,095,293	159,931,174	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253
4	Net worth for equity shareholders (Rs. in million)	4,904.95	5,233.91	5,001.82	5,475.16	6,631.00	6,815.16
5	Accounting ratios:						
	Basic earnings per share (1)/(2)	(2.43)	1.35	8.14	(7.43)	(7.65)	(6.48)
	Diluted earnings per Share (1)/(3)	(2.43)	1.35	8.14	(7.43)	(7.65)	(6.48)
	Return on net worth for equity shareholders (1)/(4)	-8.49%	4.43%	26.02%	-20.66%	-17.55%	-14.47%
	Net asset value per share (Rs.) (4)/(2)	28.67	30.59	31.27	35.99	43.58	44.79

<sup>\*</sup>Not annualised

#### Note:

- The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.
- 2 The ratios have been computed as follows
  - a) Earning Per Share (Basic) = Restated net profit after tax and adjustments, available for equity shareholders
    Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period/year
  - b) Earning Per Share (Diluted) = Restated Profit for the year

    Weighted average number of diluted potential equity shares outstanding during the period/year

- c) Return on Net worth (%) =  $\underbrace{Restated\ net\ profit\ after\ tax\ and\ adjustments}$ , available for equity shareholders Restated net worth at the end of the period/year
- d) Net Asset Value per Share (Rs.) =  $\underbrace{Restated}_{}$  net worth at the end of the year Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period/year
- 3 Net worth for ratios mentioned in point 4 is = Equity share capital + Reserves and surplus (including Securities Premium, General Reserve and Retained earnings). Retained earnings includes impact of fair valuation of land considered as deemed cost on transition to Ind AS (net of related tax impact): Rs. 3,710.05 million (March 31 2018: Rs. 3,710.05 million March 31 2017: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2016
- 4 Weighted average number of equity shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year adjusted by the number of equity shares issued during the period/year multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the period/year.

Further, the effect of shares pending allotment has been appropriately considered for computation of basic and diluted earnings per share from the Appointed Date.

- 5 The Company does not have any revaluation reserves or extra-ordinary items.
- 6 Earnings per share calculations are in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 (Ind AS 33) Earnings per share.

The impact of dilution on account of ESOP is not considered as they are anti-dilutive.

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### Annexure X - Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Capitalisation

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	Pre-issue as at	As Adjusted
	September 30,	for issue
	2018	
Debt:		(refer note ii
		below)
Long term borrowings	23,484.42	[.]
Short term borrowings	1,141.35	[.]
Current portion of secured long term borrowings, included in other current financial liabilities	2,214.49	[.]
Total debt (A)	26,840.26	
Shareholders funds:		
Equity share capital	1,710.95	[.]
Reserves and surplus	3,194.00	[.]
Total shareholders funds (B)	4,904.95	
Total debt / shareholder fund (A/B)	5.47	[.]

### **Notes:**

i)The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

ii) The corresponding figures (As adjusted for issue) are not determinable at this stage pending the completion of the book building process and hence have not been furnished.

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### Annexure XI: Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Tax Shelter

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
A. Profit before tax as restated standalone statement of profit and loss						
-	(608.07)	132.01	818.18	(1,666.28)	(1,307.79)	(1,255.96)
B. Company's domestic tax rate	34.94%	34.61%	34.61%	34.61%	34.61%	33.99%
C. Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	(212.48)	45.69	283.16	(576.67)	(452.60)	(426.90)
Tax impact of permanent differences due to:						
Expenses not allowed under tax	(57.69)	28.00	30.14	25.81	22.29	302.12
Income not subject to tax	` <u>-</u> ′	(1.55)	(36.36)	(3.56)	(1.19)	-
Utlisation of brought forward losses	8.20	(102.87)	- 1	- 1	- 1	-
Change in tax rate	_	4.42	-	-	(4.80)	-
Difference in applicable tax rates	-	11.41	(1.25)	1.12	- 1	-
Others	-	-	18.58	-	-	(3.40)
D. Total Tax impact of permanent differences	(49.49)	(60.58)	11.12	23.37	16.29	298.72
Tax impact of timing differences due to:						
Property, plant and equipment	43.30	113.16	(1,450.68)	1,985.35	(2,239.49)	44.07
Investment property	1.82	20.44	(5.24)	10.60	10.31	8.38
Assets classified as held for sale	0.00	0.01	(110.27)	110.30	-	-
Real estate inventory	-	76.70	46.08	33.08	111.22	17.54
Tax deductions under section 35 AD	(39.71)	22.59	2,560.46	(2,309.10)	-	-
Adjustment for deferred taxes (prior period)	-	-	(241.07)	-	-	-
Investments	-	(0.00)	(2.50)	2.22	(2.11)	2.11
Provisions	23.06	(55.96)	(20.82)	12.90	6.40	232.36
Borrowings	(1.07)	8.51	7.34	(17.62)	7.50	(17.28)
Indexation of land and investment property	22.26	(118.51)	(526.51)	(38.66)	(39.83)	(32.50)
Indexation of equity instruments	-	-	-	(115.29)	(4.48)	(3.73)
Other current liabilities	130.14	(172.77)	(152.15)	(75.85)	(160.55)	20.14
Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses	243.58	(8.88)	(116.19)	-	(2.92)	-
Deferred tax asset not recognised on current period/year's loss	-	33.67	103.97	699.11	2,637.54	8.51
EIR measurement of preference shares	1.01	-	-	-	-	-
Employee Stock option plans	0.92	-	-	-	-	-
Other items	(163.34)	95.95	(386.70)	256.27	112.71	(86.41)
E. Total Tax impact of timing differences	261.97	14.89	(294.27)	553.29	436.29	193.18
F. Net adjustments (D+E)	212.48	(45.69)	(283.15)	576.67	452.58	491.90
G. Tax Liability (C+F)	(0.00)	-	-	-	-	65.00

### Notes:

<sup>(</sup>i) The figures disclosed above are based on the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information of the Company

<sup>(</sup>ii) The above statement has been prepared based on the tax computations for the respective years. The figures for year ended March 31, 2018 is based on the provisional computations of total income prepared by the Company and are subject to any changes that may be considered at the time of filing of the return of income.

<sup>(</sup>iii) The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

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### Annexure XII - Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Dividend

(Rs. in million)

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Number of equity shares	171,095,293	171,095,293	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253
Face value (Rs.)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Dividend per equity share (in Rs.)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Rate of dividend	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Dividend tax rate	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total dividend (in Rs.)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Number of preference shares	21,600.00	1,600	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Face value (Rs.)	100,000	100,000	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Dividend per preference share (in Rs.)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Rate of dividend	0.00%	0.00%	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Dividend tax rate	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total dividend (in Rs.)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

#### Notes

1. The Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares were issued pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement to demerge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Transferor Company") with the Company ("Transferoe Company") under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, with effect from November 01, 2016, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of National Company Law Tribunal (NCL T) at Mumbai. The Scheme has become effective October 1, 2017.

These shares are entitled to dividend at the rate of 0.001% per annum. The Company has incurred losses during the financial period ended September 30, 2018 and accordingly has not declared any dividend on the same.

2. The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

### Private and confidential

The Board of Directors Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G' Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex Bandra East MUMBAI 400 051

20 December 2018

### **Dear Sirs**

- 1) We have examined, as appropriate (refer paragraphs 5, 6 and 7 below), the attached Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) (the "Company" or the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group"), and of its associate, which comprise of the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at 30 September 2018, 31 March 2018, 31 March 2017, 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014, the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Changes in Equity and the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for each of the years ended 31 March 2018, 31 March 2017, 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 and the summary of significant accounting policies, read together with the annexures and notes thereto and other restated financial information explained in paragraph 9 below (collectively, the 'Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information"), for the purpose of inclusion in the offer document prepared by the Holding Company in connection with its proposed initial public offer of Equity shares by way of fresh issue and an offer for sale by the existing shareholders ('the proposed issue'). The Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information has been approved by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company prepared in terms of the requirements of:
  - (a) Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act");
  - (b) the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 as amended from time to time in pursuance of provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009") (in consonance with the information in DRHP as advised by the merchant bankers); and
  - (c) the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2016) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") (the "Guidance Note").

- 2) The preparation of the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information is the responsibility of the Management of the Holding Company for the purpose set out in paragraph 13 below. The Management's responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining adequate internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information. The Management is also responsible for identifying and ensuring that the Company complies with the Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009 and the Guidance Note.
- 3) We have examined such Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information after taking into consideration:
  - (a) The terms of reference and terms of our engagement agreed upon with you in accordance with our engagement letter dated 18 October 2018 in connection with the proposed issue of equity shares of the Company; and
  - (b) The Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2016) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') ("The Guidance Note").
- 4) This Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information has been compiled by the management as follows:
  - (a) As at and for the period ended 30 September 2018: From the audited consolidated interim Ind AS financial statements of the Group as at and for the period ended 30 September 2018, prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meeting held on 20 December 2018;
  - (b) As at and for the year ended 31 March 2018: From the audited consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 March 2018, prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meeting held on 12 June 2018;
  - (c) As at and for the year ended 31 March 2017: From the comparative period (i.e. as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017) for the audited consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 March 2018, prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meeting held on 12 June 2018. The comparative period as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017 has been restated based on the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017 prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, and the other relevant provisions of the Act, which had been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meeting held on 3 August 2017.

These audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017 have been converted into Ind AS to align accounting policies, exemptions and disclosures as adopted for the preparation of the first Ind AS consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 March 2018 and form the comparative period of the said first Ind AS consolidated financial statements of the Group; and

(d) As at and for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014: From the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group and its associate as at and for the years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015, prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, and the other relevant provisions of the Act, which had been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meetings held on 3 August 2016 and 17 December 2015 respectively.

From the audited special purpose consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 March 2014, prepared in accordance with the Accounting standards prescribed under Section 211 (3C) of the Companies Act, 1956 read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their Board meeting held on 12 June 2018.

These audited consolidated financial statements of the Group and its associate as at and for each of the years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015 and the special purpose audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 March 2014 have been converted into Ind AS to align accounting policies, exemptions and disclosures as adopted for the preparation of the first Ind AS consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2018. These Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information as at and for each of the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 is referred to as "the Proforma Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information".

5) We did not audit the financial information of one subsidiary, whose financial information reflect total assets of Rs 60.53 million and net assets of Rs (230.11) million as at 30 September 2018, total revenues of Rs Nil and net cash inflows of Rs 0.20 million for the period ended 30 September 2018, as considered in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information. This financial information has been audited by Nayan Parikh & Co. whose report has been furnished to us for the purpose of the consolidation, and our opinion on the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the aforesaid subsidiary, and our report, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary, is based solely on the report of Nayan Parikh & Co. We did not audit the financial information of two subsidiaries, whose financial information reflect total assets of Rs 170.75 million and net assets of Rs (103.60) million as at 31 March 2018, total revenues of Rs 0.07 million and net cash inflows of Rs 0.33 million for the year ended 31 March 2018, as considered in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information. This financial information has been audited by Nayan Parikh & Co. and G. M. Kapadia & Co. (together 'other auditors') whose reports have been furnished to us for the purpose of the consolidation, and our opinion on the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the aforesaid subsidiaries, and our report, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. Our opinion on the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information, is not modified in respect of the above matter with respect to our reliance on the work done.

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017, were audited by Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP who expressed an unmodified opinion on the consolidated financial statements on 3 August 2017 which has been relied on to prepare the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information for 31 March 2017.

- 6) The audit of the financial information of one subsidiary included in the Group's consolidated financial statements as at and for the period ended 30 September 2018 was conducted by other auditors, and accordingly reliance has been placed on the Restated Summary Financial Information of the aforesaid subsidiary, examined by them as at and for the period ended 30 September 2018. The audit of the financial information of the two subsidiaries included in the Group's consolidated financial statements as at and for each of the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 was conducted by other auditors, and accordingly reliance has been placed on the Restated Summary Financial Information of the aforesaid subsidiaries, examined by them as at and for each of the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017. The examination report on the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017, in so far as it relates to the aforementioned subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports dated 12 November 2018 and 2 November 2018 submitted by Nayan Parikh & Co. and by G. M. Kapadia & Co. respectively. These auditors have also confirmed that the Restated Summary Financial Information for the aforementioned subsidiaries as at and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017:
  - (a) have been made after incorporating adjustments for the changes in accounting policies retrospectively in respective financial years to reflect the same accounting treatment as per changed accounting policy for all the reporting years / period;
  - (b) have been made after incorporating adjustments for the material amounts in the respective financial years / period to which they relate; and
  - (c) do not contain any extra-ordinary items that need to be disclosed separately, other than those presented in the Restated Summary Financial Information and do not contain any qualifications requiring adjustments.
- The audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements as at and for each of the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 was conducted by previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, and accordingly reliance has been placed on the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information examined by them as at and for each of the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014. The examination report included for these years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 is based solely on the report dated 20 December 2018 submitted by Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP. Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP have also confirmed that the Proforma Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information as at and for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014:
  - (a) have been made after incorporating adjustments for the changes in accounting policies retrospectively in respective financial years to reflect the same accounting treatment as per changed accounting policy for all the reporting years / period;
  - (b) have been made after incorporating adjustments for the material amounts in the respective financial years / period to which they relate; and
  - (c) do not contain any extra-ordinary items that need to be disclosed separately, other than those presented in the Proforma Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information and do not contain any qualifications requiring adjustments.

- Based on our examination and in accordance with the requirements of the Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009 (in consonance with the information in DRHP as advised by the merchant bankers), the Guidance Note and terms of our engagement agreed with you, read together with paragraph 4 above and for reliance placed on the reports of the previous auditors and other auditors as referred to in paragraphs 5, 6 and 7 above, we report that:
  - (a) The Restated Consolidation Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Group and its associate, as at 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 examined and reported upon by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, on which reliance has been placed by us, and as at 30 September 2018, 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 examined by us, as set out in Annexure I to this report, have been arrived at after making adjustments and regrouping/reclassifications as in our opinion were appropriate and more fully described in the Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII of the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information.
  - (b) The Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss of the Group and its associate for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 examined and reported upon by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, on which reliance has been placed by us, and for the period ended 30 September 2018, and for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 examined by us, as set out in Annexure II to this report, have been arrived at after making adjustments and regroupings/reclassifications as in our opinion, were appropriate and more fully described in the Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII of the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information.
  - (c) The Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Changes in Equity of the Group and its associate for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 examined and reported upon by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, on which reliance has been placed by us, and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 examined by us, as set out in Annexure III to this report, have been arrived at after making adjustments and regroupings/reclassifications as in our opinion, were appropriate and more fully described in the Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Summary Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII of the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information.
  - (d) The Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Cash flows of the Group and its associate for the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 examined and reported upon by the previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, on which reliance has been placed by us, and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 examined by us, as set out in Annexure IV to this report, have been arrived at after making adjustments and regroupings/reclassifications as in our opinion, were appropriate and more fully described in the Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Summary Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII of the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information.
  - (e) Based on the above and according to the information and explanations given to us and also as per the reliance placed on the reports submitted by the previous auditors Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, for the respective years, and on reports submitted by other auditors, we further report that the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information:

- i. have been made after incorporating adjustments for change in accounting policies retrospectively in respective financial years to reflect the same accounting treatment as per changed accounting policy for all the reporting years / period;
- ii. have been made after incorporating adjustments for the material amounts in the respective financial years / period to which they relate; and
- iii. do not contain any exceptional items that need to be disclosed separately other than those presented in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information in the respective financial years / period and do not contain any qualifications requiring adjustments.
- Information of the Group and its associate as set out in the Annexures prepared by the management of the Company and approved by the Board of Directors, on 20 December 2018, for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for each of the years ended 31 March 2018, 31 March 2017, 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 (in respect of the years ended 31 March 2016, 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 this information has been included based upon the examination reports submitted by previous auditors, Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, and relied upon by us, in respect of the one subsidiary for the period ended 30 September 2018 this information has been included based upon the examination report submitted by the Nayan Parikh & Co. and relied upon by us and in respect of the two subsidiaries for the years ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017 this information has been included based upon the examination reports submitted by the other auditors and relied upon by us):
  - (i) Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies as enclosed in Annexure V;
  - (ii) Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information as enclosed in Annexure VI:
  - (iii) Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements as enclosed in Annexure VII;
  - (iv) Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Other Income, as enclosed in Annexure VIII;
  - (v) Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Accounting Ratios, as enclosed in Annexure IX;
  - (vi) Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Capitalisation, as enclosed in Annexure X;
  - (vii) Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Tax Shelter, as enclosed in Annexure XI ; and
  - (viii) Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Dividend, as enclosed in Annexure XII.

### 10) Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following matters in Annexure VII: Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information:

### As at and for the period ended 30 September 2018:

A. Note 1.2 to the audited consolidated interim Ind AS financial statements, which describes the basis of preparation. The Company has not presented the corresponding figures for the previous period in these audited consolidated interim Ind AS financial statements as these have been prepared for inclusion in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information in the Red Herring Prospectus / Prospectus in connection with the proposed issue of Equity Shares of the Company by way of a fresh issue and/or an offer for sale by the existing shareholders. These audited consolidated interim Ind AS financial statements are not the statutory consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company.

### As at and for the year ended 31 March 2018:

B. Note 41 (b) in respect of the Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') between Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ('Genext') and the Company for demerger of the Hotel undertaking and Retail undertaking ('demerged undertaking') of Genext which has been approved by the National Company Law Tribunal ('NCLT') at Mumbai and Bengaluru and other regulatory authorities on 11 September 2017, with effect from the Appointed date specified in the Scheme i.e. 1 November 2016. The Scheme has been accounted in the manner prescribed by the NCLT order i.e. the book values of the assets, liabilities and reserves of the demerged undertaking of Genext as of 1 November 2016 have been recorded by the Company and the identity of the reserves have been maintained. The excess of the book value of the net assets and reserves of the demerged undertaking of Genext acquired over the face value of the shares issued by the Company amounting to Rs 189.53 million has been debited to Goodwill in accordance with the Scheme. This accounting treatment is different from that prescribed under Ind AS 103 on Business Combination.

# As at and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended 31 March 2018, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016:

C. Note 42 (c) in respect of the entire building comprising of the hotel and apartments therein, purchased together with a demarcated portion of the leasehold rights to land at Vashi (Navi Mumbai), from K. Raheja Corp Private Limited, on which the Company's Four Points by Sheraton Hotel has been built. The allotment of land by City & Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Limited ('CIDCO') to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited has been challenged by two public interest litigations and the matter is currently pending with the Honorable Supreme Court of India. Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter, no adjustments have been made in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information as at 30 September 2018 to the carrying value of the leasehold rights (reflected as prepayments) and the hotel assets thereon aggregating to Rs 497.90 million, Rs 503.49 million, Rs 530.18 million and Rs 567.14 million as at 30 September 2018, 31 March 2018, 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016 respectively.

# As at and for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016:

D. Note 36 regarding suspension of construction activity and sale of flats at the Company's Bengaluru Residential Project. At 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016 amounts related to the project carried under inventories was Rs 2,659.87 million and Rs 2,533.02 million and under trade receivables was Rs 9.12 million and Rs 6.77 million respectively. No provision against these amount was considered necessary by the Company at that stage.

### As at and for the year ended 31 March 2014:

E. Note 36, wherein pursuant to an interim order passed by the High Court of Karnataka following an objection raised by Hindustan Aeronautical Limited, during the year the Company had to stop construction activity at the Bengaluru project and sale of further flats for all wings, above 40 meters.

Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter, the Company had not recognised profits during the year on flats sold above 40 meters and had derecognized profits on sales of previous years that had been cancelled during the year. The Company had also recompensed flat owners, in accordance with a litigation plan framed by the Company for customers, with payments on account of the delay in completion of the project as a result of the above matter. Additionally provision for estimated loss on account of cancellation in the subsequent year had been made in the accounts.

Our report is not qualified in respect of these matters.

- 11) This report should not in any way be construed as a reissuance or re-dating of any of the previous audit reports issued by us or by other firms of Chartered Accountants, nor should this report be construed as a new opinion on any of the financial statements referred to herein.
- 12) We have no responsibility to update our report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of the report.
- Our report is intended solely for use of the management and for inclusion in the offer document to be filed with Securities and Exchange Board of India, and stock exchanges where the equity shares are proposed to be listed and the relevant Registrar of Companies in India in connection with the proposed issue of Equity Shares of the Holding Company by way of fresh issue and an offer for sale by the existing shareholders. Our report should not be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose except with our prior consent in writing.

### For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

### Aniruddha Godbole

Partner

Membership No: 105149

Mumbai

20 December 2018

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure I - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities

	Notes to Annexure VI	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	(Rs. in million) As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Non-current assets							
Property, plant and equipment	2	20,929.19	21,210.77	21,706.06	19,302.22	19,369.27	11,118.52
Capital work-in-progress	3	227.56	275.94	269.21	373.82	545.33	5,773.84
Investment property	4	6,710.32	6,736.65	6,424.19	4,525.03	3,502.95	1,596.36
Goodwill	5	226.11	226.11	226.11	36.58	36.68	36.68
Other intangible assets	6	12.39	18.53	29.78	37.92	40.94	6.25
Financial assets							
(i) Investments	7	43.17	43.17	3.08	474.24	128.41	115.41
(ii) Loans	8	101.72	114.05	105.48	117.17	110.81	156.42
(iii) Others	9	50.07	50.00	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets (net)	23	1,174.92	952.31	981.77	834.15	448.63	407.36
Other non-current assets	10	105.66	91.94	111.01	115.69	252.02	294.02
Non-current tax assets (net)	10	458.04	462.99	339.00	213.62	165.64	81.59
Total non current assets		30,039.15	30,182.46	30,195.69	26,030.44	24,600.68	19,586.45
Total non-current assets		00,003110	50,102110	00,170.07	20,000111	21,000100	15,000.10
Current assets							
Inventories	11	3,975.01	4,188.96	4,264.02	4,330.72	4,290.51	4,021.07
Financial assets							
(i) Trade receivables	12	533.72	539.12	296.20	181.38	100.82	156.98
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	13a	340.85	295.21	228.30	214.75	179.27	927.72
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	13b	20.83	21.50	103.44	131.82	138.73	96.64
(iv) Loans	14	1,633.38	2,349.29	1,793.47	1,355.59	971.76	1,834.99
(v) Others	15	285.66	207.23	38.79	· <u>-</u>	11.66	188.73
Other current assets	16	559.62	516.62	460.00	414.49	344.16	307.71
Total current assets		7,349.07	8,117.93	7,184.22	6,628.75	6,036.91	7,533.84
Assets classified as held for sale	17	-	-	-	2,870.27	3,763.93	4,346.15
TOTAL ASSETS		37,388.22	38,300.39	37,379.91	35,529.46	34,401.52	31,466.44
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity Equity share capital	18	1,710.95	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42
Other equity	19	2,963.41	3,312.72	3,190.32	3,690.69	4,840.31	5,124.87
Total equity		4,674.36	5,023.67	4,711.74	5,212.11	6,361.73	6,646.29
Non current liabilities Financial liabilities							
(i) Borrowings	20	23,484.42	22,151.53	20,505.76	19,022.83	15,387.03	14,205.80
(ii) Others	21	115.76	151.77	118.98	53.03	26.62	15.39
Provisions	22	42.99	38.11	57.62	55.74	51.19	36.80
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	23	621.06	592.20	699.19	1,078.67	1,201.64	1,018.23
Other non-current liabilities	24	33.74	28.08	21.15	-	-	-
Total non current liabilities		24,297.97	22,961.69	21,402.70	20,210.27	16,666.48	15,276.22
Current liabilities Financial liabilities							
(i) Borrowings	25	1,195.06	1,634.16	3,247.45	2,583.17	1,807.68	1,414.45
(ii) Trade payables	26	1,175.00	1,054.10	3,277.73	2,505.17	2,007.00	1,717.73
(a)Due to micro and small enterprises	20	5.85	4.55	1.86	0.70	0.19	0.23
(b)Due to other than micro and small enterprises		798.81	854.25	844.88	651.19	598.52	589.19
(iii) Other financial liabilities	27	2,572.52	3,761.64	3,038.13	2,318.85	4,302.42	2,394.15
Other current liabilities	28	2,860.61	3,101.77	2,984.61	3,333.88	3,493.33	3,955.05
Provisions	29	983.04	958.66	1,148.54	1,219.29	1,171.17	1,190.86
Total current liabilities		8,415.89	10,315.03	11,265.47	10,107.08	11,373.31	9,543.93
1 Otal CUFFEII HADIIIUES		8,413.89	10,315.03	11,205.47	10,107.08	11,3/3.31	9,543.93
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		37,388.22	38,300.39	37,379.91	35,529.46	34,401.52	31,466.44

The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

As per our examination report of even date attached.

For **B S R & Co. LLP** Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) (CIN No.U55101MH1986PLC038538)

**Aniruddha Godbole** Partner Membership No: 105149 Sanjay Sethi Managing Director & CEO Rajeev Newar Executive Director & CFO (DIN 00468125)

(DIN. 00641243)

243) (DIN 0046812

Mumbai December 20, 2018 Mumbai December 20, 2018 Christabelle Baptista Company Secretary Membership No: A17817

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure II - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss

		For the period ended	For the year ended	(Rs. in million) For the year ended			
	Notes to Annexure VI	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Revenue from operations	30	4,698.68	8,737.83	7,058.80	5,729.43	4,405.63	4,576.17
Other income	31	271.75	557.31	2,186.57	246.18	264.92	590.70
Total income (A)		4,970.43	9,295.14	9,245.37	5,975.61	4,670.55	5,166.87
Expenses							
Real estate development costs	32(a)	316.77	194.80	207.99	253.57	349.98	696.42
Food and beverages consumed	32(b)	430.98	765.65	667.35	603.85	426.81	409.02
Operating supplies consumed	32(c)	118.48	256.17	218.40	190.06	306.04	122.04
Employee benefits expense	33	726.91	1,295.59	1,188.25	1,067.20	861.80	679.73
Other expenses	35	2,037.71	3,281.45	2,655.07	2,301.99	1,827.99	1,720.00
Total expenses (B)		3,630.85	5,793.66	4,937.06	4,416.67	3,772.62	3,627.21
Earnings before interest, depreciation, amortisation and tax (adjusted EBITDA) before exceptional items (C) (A-B)		1,339.58	3,501.48	4,308.31	1,558.94	897.93	1,539.66
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	2,4,6	569.26	1,116.33	1,269.76	988.08	617.68	595.96
Finance costs	34	1,398.74	2,119.21	2,179.58	2,158.70	1,605.73	1,368.80
Timulee Costs	54	1,570.74	2,117.21	2,177.30	2,130.70	1,003.73	1,500.00
(Loss)/profit before exceptional items and tax (D)		(628.42)	265.94	858.97	(1,587.84)	(1,325.48)	(425.10)
Exceptional items (E)	36	(0201.2)	(54.08)	(67.81)	(72.20)	(82.59)	(838.58)
(Loss)/profit from continuing operations before share of profit		(628.42)	211.86	791.16	(1,660.04)	(1,408.07)	(1,263.68)
equity accounted investees and income tax (F) (D+E)		(* ** )			( ) )	( ) ,	( ,,
Share of profit of equity accounted investees (net of income tax)	(G)	_	_	_	_	(0.04)	_
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations before income tax (H)		(628.42)	211.86	791.16	(1,660.04)	(1,408.11)	(1,263.68)
Tax (credit)/expense (I):	(1.0)	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.14)	(144.19)	(269.85)
1. Current tax	23	(171.73)	(22.74)	(403.22)	(333.14)	(144.17)	65.19
2. Deferred tax (credit)	23	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.14)	(144.19)	(335.04)
(Loss)/profit for the period / year (J) (H-I)	23	(436.69)		1,274.38	(1,124.90)	(1,263.92)	(993.83)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) (K)  Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss  Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans		(5.78)		0.20	1.93	(3.98)	(4.73)
Income tax on above		2.02	(7.88)	(0.07)	(0.67)	1.38	1.61
Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year, net	t of	(3.76)		0.13	1.26	(2.60)	(3.12)
tax	. 01	(3.70)	14.00	0.13	1.20	(2.00)	(5.12)
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the period/year (L)	(J+K)	(440.45)	326.26	1,274.51	(1,123.64)	(1,266.52)	(996.95)
(Loss)/profit attributable to : Owners of the Company		(436.69)	311.60	1,274.38	(1,124.90)	(1,263.92)	(993.83)
Other comprehensive (expense)/income attributable to : Owners of the Company		(3.76)	14.66	0.13	1.26	(2.60)	(3.12)
<b>Total comprehensive (expense)/income attributable to :</b> Owners of the Company		(440.45)	326.26	1,274.51	(1,123.64)	(1,266.52)	(996.95)
XI. Earnings per equity share Basic and diluted earnings per share	37	(2.55)	1.82	7.97	(7.39)	(8.31)	(6.53)

The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

As per our examination report of even date attached.

For **B S R & Co. LLP**Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) (CIN No.U55101MH1986PLC038538)

Aniruddha Godbole

Partne

Membership No: 105149

Sanjay Sethi Managing Director & CEO (DIN. 00641243) Rajeev Newar Executive Director & CFO (DIN 00468125)

(Re in million)

(Rs. in million)

### Annexure III - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Changes in Equity

(a) Equity snare capital	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period / year	1,710.95	1521.42	1521.42	1521.42	1521.42	1,521.42
Shares issued during the period / year	-	189.53	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period / year	1,710.95	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42

### (b) Other equity

Balance at March 31, 2018 Total comprehensive income for the period Additions during the period Loss for the period Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax) Total comprehensive income for the period Balance at September 30, 2018	Equity Component of Compound Instruments	ESOP Reserve	Shares pending allotment	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	General reserve	Retained earnings*	Total 3,312.72
Total comprehensive income for the period Additions during the period Loss for the period Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax) Total comprehensive income for the period	-		-	0.16	1,418.13	35.78	1,858.65	3,312.72
Additions during the period Loss for the period Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax) Total comprehensive income for the period	86.08	5.06	_					
Loss for the period  Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)  Total comprehensive income for the period	86.08	5.06	_					
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)  Total comprehensive income for the period	-			-	-	-	-	91.14
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	(436.69)	(436.69)
		-	-	-	-	-	(3.76)	(3.76
Balance at September 30, 2018	86.08	5.06	-	-	-	-	(440.45)	(349.31
	86.08	5.06	-	0.16	1,418.13	35.78	1,418.20	2,963.41
Balance at March 31, 2017		_	189.53	0.16	1,418.13	35.78	1,546.72	3,190.32
Total comprehensive income for the year	-				-,		-,	
Profit for the year	-	-	_	_	_	-	311.60	311.60
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-	_	-	-	-	_	14.66	14.66
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	326.26	326.26
Others	-							
Impact of change in tax rate on fair valuation of land	-	_	-	_	_	_	(14.33)	(14.33
Shares issued during the year	-	_	(189.53)	_	_	_	(,	(189.53
Balance at March 31, 2018	-	-	-	0.16	1,418.13	35.78	1,858.65	3,312.72
L								
Balance at March 31, 2016		-	-	0.16	992.60	-	2,697.93	3,690.69
Total comprehensive income for the year							1.274.20	4.004.00
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,274.38	1,274.38
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)			-	-	-	-	0.13	0.13
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	=	-	-	1,274.51	1,274.51
Others								
Acquired in business combination (refer note 41)	-	-	-	-	425.53	35.78	(2,425.72)	(1,964.41
Share pending allotment			189.53	-	-	-		-
Balance at March 31, 2017		-	189.53	0.16	1,418.13	35.78	1,546.72	3,190.32
Balance at March 31, 2015 - Proforma	-	-	-	0.05	992.60	-	3,847.66	4,840.31
Total comprehensive income for the year	·							
(Loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,124.90)	(1,124.90)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.26	1.26
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,123.64)	(1,123.64
Others								-
Impact of change in tax rate on fair valuation of land	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25.98)	(25.98)
Transferred from surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss on redemption of preference shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.11)	(0.11
Transfer to Capital Reserve	-	-	-	0.11	-	-	-	0.11
Balance at March 31, 2016 - Proforma	-	-	-	0.16	992.60	-	2,697.93	3,690.69
Balance at March 31, 2014 - Proforma				0.05	992.60	-	4,132.22	5,124.87
Total comprehensive income for the year								
(Loss) for the year	_	-	_	_	-	-	(1,263.92)	(1,263.92)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	_	_	_	_	-	-	(2.60)	(2.60)
Total comprehensive income for the year					-	-	(1,266.52)	(1,266.52
Others							(1,200,02)	(-,
Fair valuation of land (net of tax)	_	_	_	_	_	_	981.96	981.96
Balance at March 31, 2015 - Proforma				0.05	992.60		3,847.66	4,840.31
Ralance at April 1 2013 - Proforma		-	-	0.05	992.60	-	4,944.52	5,937.17
Balance at April 1, 2013 - Proforma								
Total comprehensive income for the year				_	_	-	(993.83)	(993.83)
Total comprehensive income for the year (Loss) for the year	-	-	-					
Total comprehensive income for the year (Loss) for the year Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3.12)	
Total comprehensive income for the year (Loss) for the year Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax)	- - -	- - -	- -	-	-	-	(3.12) (996.95)	
Total comprehensive income for the year (Loss) for the year (Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax) Total comprehensive income for the year Others		- - -		-	-	-	(996.95)	(3.12) (996.95
Total comprehensive income for the year (Loss) for the year Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax) Total comprehensive income for the year Others Fair valuation of land (net of tax)		-		-		- -	(996.95) 134.24	134.24
Total comprehensive income for the year (Loss) for the year (Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (net of tax) Total comprehensive income for the year Others				- - - -	- - -	- - -	(996.95)	(996.95

<sup>\*</sup> Includes impact of fair valuation of land on transition to Ind AS (net of related tax impact): Rs. 3,710.05 million (March 31 2018: Rs. 3,710.05 million, March 31 2017: Rs. 3,724.37 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 3,724.37 million, March 31, 2015: 3,750.36 million, March 31, 2014: 2,768.42 million)

The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

As per our examination report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) (CIN No.U55101MH1986PLC038538)

Aniruddha Godbole Membership No: 105149 Sanjay Sethi Managing Director & CEO (DIN. 00641243)

Rajeev Newar Executive Director & CFO (DIN 00468125)

Mumbai December 20, 2018

Mumbai December 20, 2018

Christabelle Baptista Company Secretary
Membership No: A17817

Annexure IV - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Cash Flows

	-	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015	(Rs. in million) For the year ended March 31, 2014
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	S:			Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
	(Loss)/profit before tax Adjustments for :	(628.42)	211.86	791.16	(1,660.04)	(1,408.11)	(1,263.68)
	Interest income	(119.47)	(197.39)	(245.99)	(65.04)	(234.26)	(313.37)
	Depreciation and amortisation	569.26	1,116.33	1,269.76	988.08	617.68	595.96
	Finance costs	1,398.74	2,119.21	2,179.58	2,158.70	1,605.73	1,368.80
	Profit on sale of fixed assets(net)	(3.55)	(1.23)	(3.85)	(0.17)	(1.80)	(12.05)
	Profit on sale of investments	(3.33)	(114.57)	(1,301.24)	(46.10)	(1.00)	(12.03)
	Provision for estimated / actual cancellation and	9.92	54.08	67.81	72.20	82.59	838.58
	alteration cost				(7.00)	(1.22)	
	Dividend received	-	-	-	(7.90)	(1.32)	-
	Provision for impairment loss	-	-	0.99	0.97	160.94	-
	Fixed assets written off	0.38	-	29.96	0.52	-	-
	Bad debts written off	-	-	0.48	0.86	0.28	-
	Provision for doubtful debts	17.07	20.43	1.38	1.55	-	
	Export benefits and entitlements	(89.69)	(200.33)	(314.74)	(95.14)	(8.90)	(256.05)
	Loss on sale of investment/written off	-	-	-	5.78	6.19	4.60
	Provision for impairment on export benefits and entitlements	-	-	0.96	-	-	-
	Provision for doubtful Advances	9.07					
	Provision for mark to market on derivative contract	(39.38)	(72.39)	(11.31)	46.66	60.49	-
	Unrealised exchange loss	413.30	16.33	(129.59)	1.63	6.01	84.92
	Fair value change on instruments measured at	413.30	-	(10.82)	9.60	0.01	01.52
	FVTPL	_	_	(10.02)	7.00	_	_
	Others		0.53	(8.86)	(7.67)	(87.86)	26.85
	Total	2,165.65	2,741.00	1,524.52	3,064.53	2,205.77	2,338.24
	Operating Profit before working capital changes	1,537.23	2,952.86	2,315.68	1,404.49	797.66	1,074.56
	Adjustments: (Increase) / decrease in trade receivables and loans	(4.98)	(280.62)	(58.15)	(477.27)	186.35	(11.04)
	and advances  Decrease / (increase) in inventories : hospitality & others	10.52	13.49	7.45	(16.14)	(2.40)	(5.23)
	Decrease / (increase) in inventories : property developments	193.51	61.58	211.39	8.70	231.68	(124.76)
	(Decrease) / increase in trade payables & other liabilities	(45.93)	240.21	(43.04)	121.52	(218.74)	179.43
	Refund of advances received from customers - towards sale of residential flats	(208.36)	(374.48)	(353.99)	(199.92)	(1,032.78)	(152.87)
		(55.24)	(220.02)	(22.6.2.6)	(5(2.11)	(025.00)	(114.45)
	Total Direct taxes refunded / (paid)	(55.24) 4.95	(339.82)	(236.34) (67.11)	(563.11) (47.98)	(835.89) (84.73)	(114.47) (27.27)
	Sheet whee retailed (pane)	4.55	(120.55)	(07.11)	(1750)	(0/3)	(27.27)
	NET CASH GENERATED FROM / (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	1,486.94	2,489.05	2,012.23	793.40	(122.96)	932.82
R	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
ъ.	Purchase of fixed assets (including capital work in progress, capital creditors and capital advances)	(126.27)	(622.05)	(1,145.80)	(1,788.89)	(3,198.68)	(2,905.89)
	Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	10.39	12.96	6.91	19.37	6.70	12.86
	Purchase of investments (including investment	(79.79)	(477.40)	(89.71)	(187.44)	(296.03)	(4,760.23)
	property and investment property under Proceeds from sale of investments	(13113)	114.57	4,675.40	543.37	582.22	433.34
		-					
	Proceeds from short term investments	-	-	-	7.00	- 1.22	(5.22)
	Dividend received		- (7.170.00)	(9.272.10)	7.90	1.32	(1.240.40)
	Loans given	(886.79)	(7,170.20)	(8,373.10)	(1,730.70)	(2,143.72)	(1,249.49)
	Loans repaid	1,489.40	6,622.81	7,970.00	1,212.69	2,997.73	6,099.81
	Inter corporate deposit repaid		(50.00)	-	-	-	276.49
	Fixed deposits (placed) / matured	(0.07)	(50.00)	6.61	105.01	100.50	75.00
	Interest income received	235.68	197.39	122.60	195.01	196.58	850.80
	Margin money received / (placed) (net) NET CASH GENERATED (USED IN) / FROM	0.67 643.22	81.94 (1,289.98)	76.49 <b>3,249.40</b>	5.90 (1,722.79)	(42.09) (1,895.97)	(39.91) (1,212.44)
				3 7/19 ///			

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure IV - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

							(Rs. in million)
	_	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	:					
	Issue of Preference shares	260.00	-	-	-	-	-
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	2,400.00	5,200.00	2,557.66	9,100.00	4,722.24	4,194.53
	Repayment of long-term borrowings	(3,052.01)	(2,725.19)	(4,410.32)	(7,276.30)	(2,183.91)	(1,634.01)
	Redemption of preference share capital	_	-	-	(0.11)	-	-
	Short term borrowings (net)	(703.47)	(1,938.74)	(540.75)	612.99	538.83	(1,683.01)
	Interest received	` - '	<u> </u>	-	-	-	(192.93)
	Interest and finance charges paid	(1,243.98)	(2,102.88)	(2,240.28)	(1,906.19)	(1,587.12)	(1,314.25)
	NET CASH (USED IN) / GENERATED FROM	(2,339.46)	(1,566.81)	(4,633.69)	530.39	1,490.04	(629.67)
	FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)						
	NET (DECREASE)/ INCREASE IN CASH AND	(209.30)	(367.74)	627.94	(399.00)	(528.89)	(909.29)
	CASH EQUIVALENTS (A) + (B) + (C)	, , ,	, , ,		, , , ,	, , , ,	, , ,
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -	(137.98)	119.82	(548.49)	(147.44)	381.45	1,310.68
	OPENING BALANCE						
	On account of merger (refer note 41)	-	-	40.37	-	-	-
	Less: Impact of sale of subsidiary / Transferred pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement	-	109.94	-	(2.05)	-	(19.94)
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -	(347.28)	(137.98)	119.82	(548.49)	(147.44)	381.45

#### Notes

<sup>1</sup> Cash and cash equivalents and bank balances includes balances in escrow account which shall be used only for specified purposes as defined under Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016.

2	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with the balance sheet	For the period ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended
		September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
	Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 13a)	340.85	295.21	228.30	214.75	179.27	927.72
	Less: Cash credit / overdraft accounts from banks (refer note 25)	(688.13)	(433.19)	(108.48)	(763.24)	(326.71)	(546.27)
	Cash and cash equivalents as per restated consolidated summary statement of cash flows above	(347.28)	(137.98)	119.82	(548.49)	(147.44)	381.45
3	The movement of borrowings as per Ind AS 7 is as	For the period ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended
	follows:	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
	Opening borrowings	25,618.93	23,111.28	20,923.22	18,907.80	16,177.98	13,323.64
	Opening borrowings Proceeds from long-term borrowings	25,618.93 2,400.00	23,111.28 5,200.00	20,923.22 2,557.66	18,907.80 9,100.00	16,177.98 4,722.24	13,323.64 4,194.53
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,	,	
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	2,400.00	5,200.00	2,557.66	9,100.00	4,722.24	4,194.53
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings Repayment of long-term borrowings	2,400.00 (3,052.01)	5,200.00 (2,725.19)	2,557.66 (4,410.32)	9,100.00 (7,276.30)	4,722.24 (2,183.91)	4,194.53 (1,634.01)

The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

As per our examination report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) (CIN No.U55101MH1986PLC038538)

 Aniruddha Godbole
 Sanjay Sethi

 Partner
 Managing Director &

 Membership No: 105149
 (DIN. 00641243)

Sanjay SethiRajeev NewarManaging Director & CEOExecutive Director & CFO(DIN. 00641243)(DIN 00468125)

 Mumbai
 Mumbai
 Mumbai
 Company Secretary

 December 20, 2018
 December 20, 2018
 Membership No: A17817

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### **Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies**

### 1. Basis of preparation and presentation

The Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Group as at September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 and the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income),, the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Changes in Equity and the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Cash flows for the period/years ended September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 and Restated Other Consolidated Financial Information (together referred as 'Restated Consolidated Financial Information') has been prepared under Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

For all periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group prepared its audited consolidated financial information in accordance with accounting standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 ("Indian GAAP"). The consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018 are the Group's first Ind AS financial statements. The date of transition to Ind AS is April 1, 2016.

The Group has elected to present all the five years including the period ended on September 30, 2018 in accordance with Ind AS/ Proforma Ind AS, instead of Indian GAAP. The Restated Consolidated Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 has been prepared on Proforma basis (i.e. "Proforma Consolidated Ind AS financial information") in accordance with requirements of SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/47 dated March 31, 2016 ("SEBI Circular") and Guidance note on Reports in Company Prospectuses issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS consolidated financial information for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the Group has followed the same accounting policy and accounting policy choices (both mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions availed as per Ind AS 101) as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments (both re-measurements and reclassifications) in the accounting heads are made to the Proforma Ind AS Consolidated financial information as of and for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014. The basis of preparation for specific items where exemptions have been applied are as follows:

(a) **Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)**: As permitted by Ind AS 101, the Group has elected to fair value land as at the date of transition to Ind AS (April 1, 2016) and use that fair value as its deemed cost at that date with the resultant impact being accounted for in the reserves.

For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, the same has been accounted in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectus (Revised 2016). The fair value as on transition date is basis the land parcels and subsequent capitalisations made to the cost of land (for purchase of additional FSI) till such date (i.e. April 1, 2016). For the purpose of pushback of such fair value, proportionate fair value of such additions made is calculated based on the ratio of cost (adjusted for inflation) incurred for purchase of such additions to the total cost of such land. The fair value of such additions has been considered in their respective years of purchase by the Group.

**(b)** All other items of PPE have been measured as per the requirements of Ind AS 16 retrospectively

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of preparation and presentation (Continued)

- (c) Intangible assets and Investment Properties- As permitted by Ind AS 101, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its Intangible assets and investment properties recognised as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous Indian GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost. For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, the Group has provided the depreciation based on the estimated useful life of respective years.
- (d) Ind AS 103 Business Combinations has not been applied to business combinations, which are considered businesses under Ind AS that occurred before 1 April 2016. Pursuant to this exemption, goodwill arising from business combination has been stated at the carrying amount under previous GAAP. Use of this exemption means that the Indian GAAP carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, that are required to be recognised under Ind AS, is their deemed cost at the date of the acquisition after considering specific adjustments as required by Para C4 of Appendix C of Ind AS 101. For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information for the year ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, the Group has continued with the existing exemption on the date of transition (i.e. April 1, 2016) and no retrospective assessment/ adjustments have been made except as those required by Para C4 of Appendix C of Ind AS 101.

### (e) Scheme of arrangement - Hotel and Retail Undertaking (refer note 41):

The Board of Directors at their meeting held on 26 October 2013 had approved the merger proposal and approved the "Scheme of Arrangement" to demerge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking (together referred to as 'Demerged Undertaking') at Bengaluru from a subsidiary company, namely Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ('MWDPL') under Section 391 read with Section 394 of the Companies Act, 1956, with effect from 1 April 2013, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of the Shareholders, Honourable High Court of Karnataka at Bangalore and Honourable High Court of Bombay and other statutory and regulatory authorities. The Scheme has become effective from 11 September 2015.

The effect of the above scheme of demerger was given in the consolidated statutory accounts in the financial year ended March 31, 2015 when the said scheme has received all the requisite approvals with effect from Appointed Date. However for the purpose of restated Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information, the effect of the above scheme has been given in the consolidated financial information on the Appointed Date (1 April 2013). Refer Note-54(IV)(6 and 7).

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of preparation and presentation (Continued)

### (f) Other material restated adjustments:

### Reversal of revenue on account of cancellation of flats of residential flats at Bengaluru:

The Group has in the statutory financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 reversed the revenue and derecognised margins, in respect of its residential flats at Bengaluru, in the respective year of cancellation. Also net Interest paid to the Customers as compensation at the time of cancellation of the contract is also recognised in the year of the cancellation of the sale of flats.

For the purpose of Restated Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information, the Group has adjusted the revenue and margin reversals in the year in which such revenue and margins were originally recognised. Also net interest paid to the Customers as compensation at the time of cancellation of the contract is also recognised in the year of the cancellation of the sale of flats is recognised in the respective year's as compensation to customer's for delay. Refer Note (c) of Annexure-VII

# Reversal of Impairment of CWIP ("Capital Work in Progress")

The Group has in the Consolidated Interim Ind AS Financial Statements for the period ended September 30, 2018 reversed the impairment in respect of Capital Work in Progress ("CWIP"). For the purpose of Restated Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information, the Group has adjusted reversal in retained earning as on April 1, 2013. Refer Note (d) of Annexure-VII

The Restated Financial Information (including Restated Consolidated Ind AS financial information for the period ended September 30, 2018 and years ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 and Restated Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014) have been compiled by the Group from the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group for the year ended March 31, 2018 prepared under Ind AS and Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group for the years ended March 31, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 prepared under the previous generally accepted accounting principles followed in India ('Previous GAAP or Indian GAAP');

In accordance with Ind AS 101 First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standard, the Group has presented a reconciliation from the presentation of Restated Consolidated Financial Information under Accounting Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 ("Previous GAAP" or "Indian GAAP") to Proforma Ind AS for Restated Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Shareholders' equity as at March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 and April 1, 2013 and of the Restated Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Statement of profit and loss for the years ended March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of preparation and presentation (Continued)

# (f) Other material restated adjustments (continued)

As specified in the Guidance Note, the equity balance computed under Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information for the year ended March 31, 2016 (i.e. equity under Indian GAAP as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013 adjusted for impact of Ind AS 101 items and after considering profit or loss for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 with adjusted impact due to Ind- AS principles applied on proforma basis) and equity balance computed in opening Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date (i.e. April 1, 2016), prepared for filing under Companies Act, 2013, differs due to restatement adjustments made as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013. Accordingly, the closing equity balance as at March 31, 2016 of the Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information has not been carried forward to opening Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date already adopted for reporting under Companies Act, 2013. Reconciliation of the same is disclosed in Note 54 of Annexure VI.

The Restated Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information have been prepared by the Management of the Company in connection with the proposed listing of equity shares of the Company by way of an offer for sale, to be filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Registrar of Companies, Mumbai and the concerned Stock Exchange in accordance with the requirements of:

- a) Section 26 of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 to the Companies Act, 2013;
- b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") on August 26, 2009, as amended to date in pursuance of provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 read along with SEBI circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/47 dated March 31, 2016 (together referred to as the "SEBI ICDR regulations 2009"). SEBI has issued Securities Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 ('SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018') on 11 September 2018, which are effective from 11 November 2018. Accordingly, on and from the commencement of these regulations, the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009 shall stand rescinded. In consonance with the information in Draft Red Herring Prospectus ('DRHP'), as advised by the merchant bankers, the Company continues to comply with the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009; and
- c) Guidance note on reports in Company prospectuses (revised 2016) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

These Restated Proforma Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information have been compiled by the Group from the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and:

- material amounts relating to adjustments for previous years in arriving at profit/loss of the years to which they relate, have been appropriately adjusted,
- adjustments for reclassification of the corresponding items of income, expenses, assets
  and liabilities, in order to bring them in line with the groupings as per the audited
  Consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the period ended ended
  September 30, 2018 prepared under Ind AS and the requirements of the SEBI
  Regulations, and

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## **Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)**

### (f) Other material restated adjustments (continued)

• the resultant tax impact on above adjustments has been appropriately adjusted in deferred taxes in the respective years to which they relate.

The Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information has been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) that are measured at fair value (refer- Accounting policy regarding financials instruments);
- assets held for sale measured at lower of cost or fair value less cost to sell;
- defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value less present value of defined benefit obligation; and
- land at fair value on transition date

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

### A. Functional and presentation currency

The Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information is presented in Indian rupees, which is the Group's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest million with two decimals, unless otherwise indicated.

### B. Use of estimates and judgements

While preparing the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information in conformity with Ind AS, the management has made certain estimates and assumptions that require subjective and complex judgments. These judgments affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the restated consolidated summary statement of assets and liabilities date and the reported amount of income and expenses for the reporting period. Future events rarely develop exactly as forecasted and the best estimates require adjustments, as actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

Judgement, estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

### - Determination of the estimated useful lives

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and investment property are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Act. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II and in case of intangible assets, they are estimated by management based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# **Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)**

### - Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations

The obligation arising from defined benefit plan is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, trends in salary escalation, actuarial rates and life expectancy. The discount rate is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. The period to maturity of the underlying bonds correspond to the probable maturity of the post-employment benefit obligations. Due to complexities involved in the valuation and its long term nature, defined benefit obligation is sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting period.

### - Recognition of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases,

and unutilised business loss and depreciation carry-forwards and tax credits. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilised.

#### - Recognition and measurement of other provisions

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the closing date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore, vary from the amount included in other provisions.

#### - Discounting of long-term financial assets / liabilities

All financial assets / liabilities are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. In case of financial liabilities/assets which are required to subsequently be measured at amortised cost, interest is accrued using the effective interest method.

## - Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

At inception of an arrangement, the Group determines whether the arrangement is or contains a lease.

At inception or on reassessment of an arrangement that contains a lease, the Group separates payments and other consideration required by the arrangement into those for the lease and those for other elements on the basis of their relative fair values. If the Group concludes for a finance lease that it is impracticable to separate the payments reliably, then an asset and a liability are recognised at an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying asset; subsequently, the liability is reduced as payments are made and an imputed finance cost on the liability is recognised using the Group's incremental borrowing rate. And in case of operating lease, treat all payments under the arrangement as lease payments.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## **Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)**

#### Fair value of financial instruments

Derivatives are carried at fair value. Derivatives includes foreign currency forward contracts. Fair value of foreign currency forward contracts are determined using the fair value reports provided by respective bankers.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following notes:

- Note J impairment test of non-financial assets: key assumptions underlying recoverable amounts; and
- Note L determining the fair value less costs to sell of the assets classified as held for sale on the basis of significant unobservable inputs.

#### C. Measurement of fair values

The Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for, both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)

### C. Measurement of fair values (continued)

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following notes:

- Note 2 to Annexure VI Property, plant and equipment (Freehold land)
- Note 4 to Annexure VI Investment property
- Note 17 to Annexure VI Assets classified as held for sale
- Note 47 to Annexure VI Financial instruments

## 2. Basis of consolidation

#### **Subsidiaries:**

The restated consolidated summary financial information incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company. Subsidiaries are all entities over which the holding company has control.

The Company controls an investee when the Company has power over the investee, is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the investee. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group. The Group combines the financial statements of the Holding company and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intra-grouptransactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss, Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Changes in Equity and Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities respectively.

In the restated consolidated summary financial information, 'Goodwill' represents the excess of the cost to the Holding company of its investment in the subsidiaries over its share of equity, at the respective dates on which the investments are made. Alternatively, where the share of equity as on the date of investment is in excess of cost of investment, it is recognised as 'Capital Reserve' in the consolidated financial statements.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)

## 2. Basis of consolidation (continued)

#### **Associates:**

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decision of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investment in its associate are accounted for using the equity method, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with Ind AS 105. Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate since the acquisition date. Distributions received from an associate reduce the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses.

Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Goodwill relating to the associates is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually. The restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associates. Any change in other comprehensive income of those investees is presented as part of the Group's other comprehensive income. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associates, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associated are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate, or when the investment is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with Ind AS 109. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)

## 2. Basis of consolidation (continued)

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit and loss of an associate is shown on the face of the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss outside operating profit and represents profit and loss after tax of the associate. The financial statements of the associate are prepared for the same reporting period as of the Group. After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associates. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associates and its carrying value, and recognises the loss as 'Share of profit of an associate' in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

### 3. Current and non-current classification

The Schedule III to the Act requires assets and liabilities to be classified as either current or non-current.

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- (d) it is cash or a cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for atleast twelve months after the balance sheet date.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be settled in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- (d) the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for atleast twelve months after the balance sheet date.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)

## 3. Current and non-current classification (continued)

### Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents.

Based on the nature of services and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

## 4. Significant accounting policies

#### A. Business combination

As part of its transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to apply the relevant Ind AS, viz. Ind AS 103, Business combinations, to only those business combinations that occurred on or after the transition date i.e. April 1, 2016.

The Group has accounted merger schemes in a manner prescribed by the High Court orders. The book values of the assets, liabilities and reserves of the Transferor Company have been recorded and the identity of the reserves has been maintained. The excess of book value of the net assets and reserves of the Transferor Company taken over, over the face value of the shares issued by the transferee Company has been debited to the Goodwill as per the Scheme. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment.

Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except to the extent related to the issue of debt or equity securities. The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships with the acquiree. Such amounts are recognised in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

### Common control

Business combinations involving entities that are ultimately controlled by the same parties before and after the business combination are considered as Common control entities. Common control transactions are accounted using pooling of interest method. The financial statements in respect of prior periods have been restated from the period that the Transferor Company became a subsidiary of the Transferee Company where the assets and liabilities of the transferee are recorded at their existing carrying values, the identity of reserves of the transferee company is preserved.

## B. Revenue

#### i. Real estate development and sale

Revenue from real estate activity is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group, all significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customers and it is not unreasonable to expect ultimate collection and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue from real estate development activity is recognised at a point in time when significant risks and rewards are transferred to the Customer i.e. when the control of the residential flat is transferred to the Customer.

Cost of construction/development includes all costs directly related to the Project and other expenditure as identified by the management which are reasonably allocable to the project.

Unbilled revenue from Real Estate represents revenue recognised over and above amount due as per payment plans agreed with the customers. Progress billings which exceed the costs and recognised profits to date on projects under construction are disclosed as advance received from customers under other current liabilities. Any billed amount that has not been collected is disclosed under trade receivables.

## ii. Hospitality business

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue comprises sale of rooms, food, beverages, smokes and allied services relating to hotel operations. Revenue is recognised upon rendering of the service, provided pervasive evidence of an arrangement exists, tariff / rates are fixed or are determinable and collectability is reasonably certain.

Revenue recognised is net of indirect taxes, returns and discounts.

#### iii. Rental income

Revenues from property leased out under an operating lease are recognised over the tenure of the lease / service agreement on a straight line basis over the term of the lease, except where the rentals are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation, and except where there is uncertainty of ultimate collection.

#### iv. Income from other services

Maintenance income is recognised as and when related expenses are incurred. Income from ancillary services are recognised as and when the services are rendered.

#### v. Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised only when the right to receive the same is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### vi. Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instruments or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial assets on initial recognition. Interest income is included in other income in the Restated Consolidated statement of profit or loss.

## C. Foreign Currency

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains / (losses).

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of transactions. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured.

## D. Employee benefits

#### i. Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering services are classified as short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Short-term benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensation absences, etc., are determined on an undiscounted basis and recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

## ii. Post-employment benefits

### Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans such as Provident Fund and Family pension maintained with Regional Provident Fund Office are expensed as the related service is provided.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Significant accounting policies (continued)

Defined benefit plans

The following post – employment benefit plans are covered under the defined benefit plans:

### • Gratuity Fund

The Group provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Group. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus the Group's defined benefit plans.

When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of changes in equity and in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

#### iii. Terminal Benefits:

All terminal benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### iv. Employee stock option expense

The grant date fair value of equity settled share-based payment awards granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees unconditionally become entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as expense is based on the estimate of the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that do meet the related service and non-market vesting conditions at the vesting date.

#### E. Income-tax

Income-tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in net profit in the restated consolidated statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in the OCI.

#### i. Current tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit / (tax loss) for the year determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years & items that are never taxable

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Significant accounting policies (continued)

or deductible. Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Group:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- a) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### ii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries and associates to the
  extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary
  differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity or OCI is recognised in equity or OCI and not in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of profit and loss.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### F. Inventories

#### **Hospitality**

Stocks of stores, food and beverages and operating supplies (viz. crockery, cutlery, glassware and linen) are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories comprises of all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present condition and location. Cost is arrived at by the weighted average cost method.

Stocks of stores and spares and operating supplies (viz. crockery, cutlery, glassware and linen) once issued to the operating departments are considered as consumed and expensed to the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss.

### **Real Estate Development (Residential Flats)**

Property is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises of land, development rights, materials, services, and other expenses attributable to the projects. Costs of construction / development (including cost of land) incurred is charged to the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss proportionate to area sold and the balance cost is carried over under inventories as part of property under development. Cost of construction material (including unutilised project materials) at site is computed by the weighted moving average method and carried at lower of cost and Net Realizable value.

### G. Property, plant and equipment

## i. Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisaton and impairment losses, if any except for freehold land which is not depreciated. Cost comprises of purchase price and any attributable cost such as duties, freight, borrowing costs, erection and commissioning expenses incurred in bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted and depreciated for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administration purposes are carried at cost, less any impairment loss recognised. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of Property, Plant & Equipment when completed and are ready for intended use. Depreciation on these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

### ii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

### iii. Transition to Ind AS

For transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to apply Ind AS 16 retrospectively to its property, plant and equipment along with selective fair valuation of few assets (Freehold land at Powai and Sahar in Mumbai and Westin at Hyderabad are measured at fair value as deemed cost) and use that carrying value as its deemed cost. While measuring the property, plant and equipment in accordance with Ind AS, the Group has elected to measure certain items of property, plant and equipment at the date of transition to Ind AS at their fair values and use that fair values as their deemed cost.

#### iv. Depreciation

Depreciation is provided using the Straight line method (SLM) as per the useful life of the assets estimated by the management.

Depreciation on addition/deletion of fixed asset made during the year is provided on pro-rata basis from / upto the date of each addition / deletion. The useful lives of assets estimated by management is same as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act, except in respect of the following categories of assets, where the life is different than that of Schedule II to the Act.

Asset Type			<b>Useful Life</b>	
	F.Y. 2014	F.Y. 2015-17	F.Y. 2018-	Schedule II
			Sep 2018	
Buildings (Interior and Accessories)	10 Years	10 Years	14 Years	NA
Plant and Machinery				
- Food and beverages and Kitchen				
equipment	5 Years	8 Years	8 Years	
- Audio video equipment	7 Years	5 Years	5 Years	_15 Years
- Laundry equipment	7 Years	5 Years	15 Years	
- Others	10 Years	10 Years	14 Years	J
Electrical installations	10 Years	10 Years	14 Years	10 Years
Office Equipments				
- Mobile phones	2 Years	2 Years	2 Years	
- Others	4 Years	4 Years	4 Years	4 Years
Data Processing Equipments	4 Years	3 Years	3 Years	3 Years
Vehicles	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	6 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	7 Years	10 Years	10 Years	10 Years

Building interiors and accessories comprise of the interiors of the Hotel building which will undergo renovation, are depreciated on a SLM basis over a period of 10 years, which in management's view, represents the useful life of such assets.

Building constructed on leasehold land are amortised from the date of commencement of commercial operations over the balance lease period.

Leasehold Improvements are depreciated over the primary period of lease.

Temporary structures and assets costing Rs. 5,000/- or less are depreciated at 100% in the year of capitalization.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

Freehold land is measured at fair value as per Ind AS 113 with the resultant impact being accounted for in the reserves. The fair value of the Group's freehold land parcels as at April 1, 2016 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by an independent registered appraiser not related to the Group with appropriate qualifications and relevant experience in the valuation of properties at relevant locations. The fair value was determined based on a combination of Discounted Cash Flow method and Residual method. The fair value of such freehold land has been pushed back to the earliest of reporting period in the restated financial statements in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2016).

## H. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### I. Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The management committee assesses the financial performance and position of the group, and makes strategic decisions. It is identified as being the chief operating decision maker for the Group. Refer note 49 for segment information presented.

### J. Intangible assets

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Intangible assets comprises of trademarks and computer software and are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

## Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

### Transition to Ind AS

On transition of Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognised as at 1 April 2016, measured as per the previous GAAP, and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of such intangible assets.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated over the cost of the asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value. Amortisation is recognised in the Restated Consolidated Statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, from the date that they are available for use, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.

Intangible assets are amortised on straight-line method over estimated useful life of 3 years, which in management's view represents the economic useful life of these assets.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate prospectively.

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists.

If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised for such excess amount. The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case any impairment loss of the revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease to the extent a revaluation reserve is available for that asset.

Goodwill on business combination is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is not recognised.

### K. Investment property and investment property under construction

#### (a) Recognition and measurement

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Upon initial recognition, an investment property is measured at cost. Subsequent to initial

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its investment property recognised as at 1 April 2016, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of such investment property.

Investment property and investment property under construction represents the cost incurred in respect of areas retail block and commercial office space. Property under construction is accounted for as investment property under construction until construction or development is complete.

Direct expenses like cost of land, including related transaction costs, site labour cost, material used for project construction, project management consultancy, costs for moving the plant and machinery to the site and general expenses incurred specifically for the respective project like insurance, design and technical assistance, and construction overheads are taken as the cost of the project.

Investment properties are carried individually at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Investment properties under construction are carried individually at cost less impairment, if any. Impairment of investment property is determined in accordance with the policy stated for impairment of assets.

## (b) Depreciation

Depreciation on investment property has been provided pro rata for the period of use by the Straight Line Method. The useful lives of Investment Property is estimated by management and the same is as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act, except in respect of the following categories of assets, where the life of these assets differs from Schedule II.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is recognised in Restated Consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

The fair values of investment property are disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined by an independent valuer who holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued.

Asset Type	F.Y. 2014-17	F.Y. 2018- Sep 2018	Schedule II
Buildings	60 Years	60 Years	60 Years
Buildings (Interior and Accessories)	10 Years	14 Years	NA
Plant and Machinery	10 Years	14 Years	
Plant and Machinery – Others	15 Years	15 years	15 Years
Electrical installations	10 Years	14 Years	10 Years
Office Equipments	4 Years	4 Years	5 Years
Data Processing Equipments	3 Years	3 Years	3 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years	10 Years	10 Years

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### L. Assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that their carrying amount will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving disposal of an investment, or a portion of an investment, in an associate, the investment or the portion of the investment that will be disposed of is classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, and the Group discontinues the use of the equity method in relation to the portion that is classified as held for sale. Any retained portion of an investment in an associate that has not been classified as held for sale continues to be accounted for using the equity method. The Group discontinues the use of the equity method at the time of disposal when the disposal results in the Group losing Significant influence over the associate or joint venture.

After the disposal takes place, the Group accounts for any retained interest in the associate in accordance with Ind AS 109 unless the retained interest continues to be an associate, in which case the Group uses the equity method (see the accounting policy regarding investments in associates above).

Such assets are generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in Restated Consolidated summary statement of profit and loss. Refer Note 17.

#### M. Financial Instruments

#### 1. Financial assets

## (a) Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivable are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

#### (b) Classification and subsequent measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets into a) financial assets measured at amortised cost, and b) financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Management determines the classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition or, where applicable, at the time of reclassification.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets measured at amortised costs

A financial asset is classified at amortised costs if it is held within a business model whose objective is to a) hold financial asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method (EIR). Amortised cost is arrived at after taking into consideration any discount on fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The amortisation of such interests forms part of finance income in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss. Any impairment loss arising from these assets are recognised in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

### (ii) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

This is a residual category for classification. Any asset which do not meet the criteria for classification as at amortised cost, is classified as FVTPL. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognised in the restated consolidated statement of profit or loss.

- (iii) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Debt investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.
- Equity investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

## (c) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognised as a separate asset and associated liability for any amounts it may have to pay.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (d) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Group applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- b) Trade receivables- The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

#### 2. Financial liabilities

## (a) Recognition, measurement and classification

Financial liabilities are classified as either held at a) fair value through profit or loss, or b) at amortised cost. Management determines the classification of its financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition or, where applicable, at the time of reclassification. The classification is done in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definition of a financial liability and an equity instruments. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities at amortised cost includes loan and borrowings, interest free security deposit, interest accrued but not due on borrowings, Retention money payable, trade and other payables. Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The Group's financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss includes derivative financial instruments.

## (b) Financial guarantee contracts

The Group on a case to case basis elects to account for financial guarantee contracts as a financial intruments or as an insurance contracts as specified in Ind AS 109 on Financial Instruments and Ind AS 104 on Insurance contracts. The Group has regarded all its financial guarantee contracts as insurance contracts. At the end of each reporting period, the Group performs a liability adequacy test, (i.e. it assesses the likelihood of a pay-out based on current undiscounted estimates of future cash flows), and any deficiency is recognised in restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

#### (c) Derecognition

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or have expired.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

### 3. Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the restated consolidated summary statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4. Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts, interest rate swaps and currency options to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value. The resulting gain/loss is recognised in Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss immediately at the end of each reporting period. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. The Group does not designate the derivative instrument as a hedging instrument.

#### N. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

## O. Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases. In determining whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease date if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset, even if that right is not explicitly specified in the arrangement.

## i. Lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the term of the lease unless such payments are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increase, such increases are recognised in the years in which such benefits accrue.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### ii. Lease assets

Assets held by the Group under leases that transfer to the Group substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The leased assets are measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the restated consolidated summary statement of assets and liabilities. Subsequent to initial recognition, the assets are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Assets held under other leases are classified as operating leases and are not recognised in the Group's restated consolidated statement of financial position.

## P. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Restated consolidated summary statement of assets and liabilities comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### Q. Government Grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred revenue in the Restated consolidated summary statement of assets and liabilities and transferred to Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

## R. Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

The basic Earnings Per Share ("EPS") is computed by dividing the net profit / (loss) after tax for the year attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, net profit/(loss) after tax for the year attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Significant accounting policies (continued)

### S. Earnings before interest and depreciation and amortisation ("adjusted EBITDA")

The Group presents adjusted EBITDA in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss; this is not specifically required by Ind AS 1. The terms adjusted EBITDA are not defined in Ind AS. Ind AS complaint Schedule III allows companies to present Line items, sub-line items and sub-totals shall be presented as an addition or substitution on the face of the financial statements when such presentation is relevant to an understanding of the Group's financial position or performance or to cater to industry/sector-specific disclosure requirements or when required for compliance with the amendments to the Companies Act or under the Indian Accounting Standards.

### Measurement of adjusted EBITDA

Accordingly, the Group has elected to present earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (adjusted EBITDA) before exceptional items, as a separate line item on the face of the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss. The Group measures adjusted EBITDA before exceptional items, on the basis of profit/ (loss) from continuing operations including other income. In its measurement, the Group does not include exceptional items, depreciation and amortisation expense, finance costs, share of profit from associate and tax expense.

#### **Recent amendments:**

#### **Trade Receivable**

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 467 of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013), the Central Government have made the following further amendments in Schedule III to the said Act.

Trade Receivables shall be sub-classified as:

- (a) Trade Receivables considered good Secured;
- (b) Trade Receivables considered good Unsecured;
- (c) Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk; and
- (d) Trade Receivables credit impaired.";

The Company has made the necessary amendments in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information.

#### **Trade Payables:**

Under the heading "Equity and Liabilities", for the words "Trade payables" at both the places where they occur, the following shall be substituted, namely:—
"Trade Payables:-

- (A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and
- (B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.";

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# Annexure V: Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Recent amendments (Continued)

The following details relating to micro, small and medium enterprises shall be disclosed in the notes:-

- (a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year;
- (b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (27 of 2006), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;
- (c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;
- (d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and
- (e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

The Company has made the necessary amendments in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information.

### **Government Grants:**

Appendix A of Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, defines 'Revenue' as income arising in the course of an entity's ordinary activities. As per paragraph 3 of Ind AS 20, Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance, 'government grants' are assistance by government in the form of transfers of resources to an entity in return for past or future compliance with certain conditions relating to the operating activities of the entity. They exclude those forms of government assistance which cannot reasonably have a value placed upon them and transactions with government which cannot be distinguished from the normal trading transactions of the entity. The export incentive is in the nature of government grant and does not fall within the scope of Ind AS 115, as it is not revenue arising from contract with customer. Such export incentives are benefits given by the government to incentivise companies to export more products. In accordance with above, while recognising the income arising from SEIS scheme, the Company has applied the provisions of Ind AS 20. The presentation of such incentives is made in accordance with the relevant provisions of Ind AS 20 and Schedule III to the Companies Act,2013.

The Company has made the necessary amendments in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information.

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information

#### Note 1

#### Reporting entity

The Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information comprise of consolidated financial statements of Chalet Hotels Limited ('the Company') or 'the Holding Company'), its subsidiary companies (collectively, 'the Group') and its associate companies. The Company is a public limited company, which is domiciled and incorporated in the Republic of India with its registered office situated at Raheja Tower, Plot No. C-30, Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai 400 051. The Company was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on January 6, 1986 and has been converted into a public company with effect from June 6, 2018.

The Group is engaged in the business of hospitality (hotels), commercial and retail operations and real estate development. At September 30, 2018, the Group has, (a) five hotels (and one service apartment building) operating at Powai and Sahar (Mumbai), Vashi (Navi Mumbai), Bengaluru and Hyderabad, (b) developed residential property at Hyderabad (c) Retail Block at Sahar, Mumbai and at Bengaluru, (d) commercial property at Bengaluru and Sahar, Mumbai (e) is engaged in construction and development of a residential property at Bengaluru.

Note 2 Property, plant and equipment

(Rs. in million)

#### Reconciliation of carrying amount

Period ended September 30, 2018

Particulars		Gross	block			Accumulated depres	ciation / amortisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	Additions/Adjustments	Deductions/Adjustments	Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	For the period Dec	luctions/Adjustments	Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	As at September 30, 2018
Tangible assets									
Freehold land	7,960.94	-	-	7,960.94	-	-	-	-	7,960.94
Buildings	12,505.91	86.86	-	12,592.77	2,765.27	178.48	-	2,943.75	9,649.02
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	4,192.15	30.20	17.09	4,205.26	2,233.50	140.66	15.58	2,358.58	1,846.68
Data processing equipments	201.34	18.69	-	220.03	174.26	9.46	-	183.72	36.31
Electrical installations	1,590.99	7.08	0.20	1,597.87	904.66	34.81	0.15	939.32	658.55
Furniture and fixtures	2,008.42	31.35	18.57	2,021.20	1,239.76	72.14	18.14	1,293.76	727.44
Vehicles	276.65	3.73	32.36	248.02	213.76	18.29	27.13	204.92	43.10
Office equipments	97.37	3.59	0.12	100.84	91.79	2.02	0.12	93.69	7.15
Total	28,840.69	181.50	68.34	28,953.85	7,629.92	455.86	61.12	8,024.66	20,929.19

Particulars		Gross block			Accumulated depreciation / amortisation				
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2018
Tangible assets	_				-				
Freehold land	7,674.37	286.57	-	7,960.94	-	-	-	-	7,960.94
Buildings	12,421.63	84.28	-	12,505.91	2,376.03	389.24	-	2,765.27	9,740.64
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	4,144.41	50.33	2.59	4,192.15	1,963.59	272.12	2.21	2,233.50	1,958.65
Data processing equipments	185.96	18.42	3.04	201.34	148.61	28.69	3.04	174.26	27.08
Electrical installations	1,577.33	13.68	0.02	1,590.99	826.13	78.55	0.02	904.66	686.33
Furniture and fixtures	1,982.97	32.30	6.85	2,008.42	1,091.60	154.13	5.97	1,239.76	768.66
Vehicles	311.08	-	34.43	276.65	195.06	44.52	25.82	213.76	62.89
Office equipments	92.48	5.29	0.40	97.37	83.15	9.01	0.37	91.79	5.58
Total	28,397,15	490.87	47.33	28,840.69	6,691.09	976.26	37.43	7,629,92	21,210,77

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information

Note 2 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Year ended March 31, 2017 (Rs. in million)

Particulars	Opening balance as at April 1, 2016	On account of Merger (Refer note 41) fr	Gross block Additions/ transfer in om investment property	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2017	Opening balance as at April 1, 2016	Accumulated dep On account of Merger (Refer note 41) / transfer in from investment property	reciation / amorti For the year		Closing balance as at March 31, 2017	Net block As at March 31, 2017
Tangible assets											
Freehold land	7,387.73	286.64	-	-	7,674.37	-	-	-	-	-	7,674.37
Buildings	10,023.51	1,963.46	575.18	140.52	12,421.63	1,611.07	390.58	514.90	140.52	2,376.03	10,045.60
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	3,225.34	687.20	262.02	30.15	4,144.41	1,454.85	258.31	279.44	29.01	1,963.59	2,180.82
Data processing equipments	172.04	23.82	5.35	15.25	185.96	113.84	21.21	28.60	15.04	148.61	37.35
Electrical installations	1,271.15	245.71	60.96	0.49	1,577.33	567.19	122.92	136.44	0.42	826.13	751.20
Furniture and fixtures	1,699.48	178.91	130.17	25.59	1,982.97	889.33	80.47	144.82	23.02	1,091.60	891.37
Vehicles	267.94	41.65	3.24	1.75	311.08	123.59	27.58	45.64	1.75	195.06	116.02
Office equipments	79.32	7.59	7.93	2.36	92.48	64.42	6.85	14.08	2.20	83.15	9.33
Total	24,133.43	3,434.98	1,044.85	216.11	28,397.15	4,831.21	907.92	1,163.92	211.96	6,691.09	21,706.06

#### Year ended March 31 2016 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross block				Accumulated deprecia	tion / amortisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2016
Tangible assets									
Freehold land	7,387.73	-	-	7,387.73	-	-	-	-	7,387.73
Buildings	9,626.96	403.99	7.44	10,023.51	1,186.25	428.12	3.30	1,611.07	8,412.44
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	3,111.24	139.90	25.80	3,225.34	1,246.18	224.70	16.03	1,454.85	1,770.49
Data processing equipments	146.72	26.65	1.33	172.04	91.60	23.54	1.30	113.84	58.20
Electrical installations	1,216.06	56.02	0.93	1,271.15	453.33	114.79	0.93	567.19	703.96
Furniture and fixtures	1,425.87	282.39	8.78	1,699.48	768.89	128.11	7.67	889.33	810.15
Vehicles	269.39	3.10	4.55	267.94	82.29	42.47	1.17	123.59	144.35
Office equipments	70.75	8.61	0.04	79.32	56.91	7.55	0.04	64.42	14.90
Total	23,261.64	920.66	48.87	24,133.43	3,892.37	969.28	30.44	4,831.21	19,302.22

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## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information

Note 2 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Year ended March 31 2015 - Proforma (Rs. in million)

Particulars		Gross block				Accumulated deprecia	tion / amortisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	For the year*		Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2015
Tangible assets									
Freehold land	5,749.02	1,638.71	-	7,387.73	-	-	-	-	7,387.73
Buildings	4,961.41	4,702.12	36.57	9,626.96	972.32	250.50	36.57	1,186.25	8,440.71
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	1,824.30	1,302.67	15.73	3,111.24	1,091.50	165.42	10.74	1,246.18	1,865.06
Data processing equipments	90.07	57.18	0.53	146.72	82.68	9.45	0.53	91.60	55.12
Electrical installations	664.94	555.77	4.65	1,216.06	395.30	62.68	4.65	453.33	762.73
Furniture and fixtures	1,032.43	401.07	7.63	1,425.87	682.49	93.24	6.84	768.89	656.98
Vehicles	82.07	191.81	4.49	269.39	66.34	20.40	4.45	82.29	187.10
Office equipments	55.68	15.66	0.59	70.75	50.77	6.62	0.48	56.91	13.84
Total	14,466.84	8,864.99	70.19	23,261.64	3,348.32	608.31	64.26	3,892.37	19,369.27

<sup>\*</sup> Refer note 2 below

#### Year ended March 31 2014 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross block				Accumulated depreciat	tion / amortisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2014
Tangible assets									
Freehold land	5,539.06	209.96	-	5,749.02	-	-	-	-	5,749.02
Buildings	4,950.78	20.57	9.94	4,961.41	769.60	212.66	9.94	972.32	3,989.09
Leasehold improvements	6.92	-	-	6.92	6.92	-	-	6.92	-
Plant and machinery	1,745.87	81.46	3.03	1,824.30	906.98	186.98	2.46	1,091.50	732.80
Data processing equipments	88.23	2.41	0.57	90.07	78.26	4.99	0.57	82.68	7.39
Electrical installations	658.31	9.02	2.39	664.94	349.85	47.84	2.39	395.30	269.64
Furniture and fixtures	1,010.78	24.21	2.56	1,032.43	559.10	125.94	2.55	682.49	349.94
Vehicles	125.54	6.23	49.70	82.07	109.85	6.08	49.59	66.34	15.73
Office equipments	53.71	1.97	-	55.68	45.09	5.68	-	50.77	4.91
Total	14,179.20	355.83	68.19	14,466.84	2,825.65	590.17	67.50	3,348.32	11,118.52

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information

#### Note 2

#### Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

#### Footnote

- 1) The Group has considered fair value for freehold land as of April 1, 2016 with impact of Rs. 5,887.72 million (related tax: Rs. 2,163.35 million) based on deemed cost exemption available under Ind AS 101 with the resultant impact being accounted for in the reserves. Further, the fair value of such freehold land has been pushed back to the earliest of reporting period in the restated financial statements in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2016). Refer note 54 of Annexure VI for details.
- 2) The Group has reviewed and revised the estimated economic useful lives of its property, plant and equipment in accordance with the useful lives specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 in accordance with an internal evaluation which is more representative of the useful lives of its property, plant and equipment during the year ended March 31, 2015. Consequently, the depreciation expense for the year ended March 31, 2015 is lower by Rs. 89.32 million. Further, the Group has fully depreciated the carrying value of assets, net of residual value, where the remaining useful lives of the assets was determined to be Nil as on April 1, 2014 applying the revised lives and has consequently included Rs. 4.8 million under depreciation in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2015. The change in estimated useful lives has effect of reduction in depreciation charge in future periods.
- 3) The Group has reviewed and revised the estimated economic useful lives of its property, plant and equipment in accordance with the useful lives specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and in accordance with an internal evaluation which is more representative of the useful lives of its property, plant and equipment for the year ended March 31, 2018. Consequently, the depreciation expense for the year ended March 31, 2018 is lower by Rs. 295.10 million. The change in estimated useful lives has effect of reduction in depreciation charge in future periods.
- 4) Refer note 20 and 25 of Annexure VI for information on Property, plant and equipment pledged as security by the Group.
- 5) Refer Note 42 of Annexure VI for contractual commitments with respect to property plant and equipment.
- 6) In December 2005, the Group had purchased the entire building comprising of the hotel and apartments therein, together with a demarcated portion of the leasehold rights to land at Vashi (Navi Mumbai) from K. Raheja Corp Private Limited (reflected in the schedule above). The Group has been operating the Four Points By Sheraton Hotel at the said premises. Two Public Interest Litigations challenging the allotment of land by CIDCO to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited had been filed in FY 2003-04. During the financial year 2014-15, the Honourable High Court at Bombay ordered K. Raheja Corp Private Limited to demolish the structure and hand back the land to CIDCO. K Raheja Corp Private Limited has filed a special leave petition against the order in the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court on January 22, 2015 directed the maintenance of a status quo. Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter no adjustments have been made in the Restated Consolidated financial information. The carrying value of property, plant and equipment as at September 30, 2018 is Rs. 443.78 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 449.27 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 474.47 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 510.23 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 562.92 million).

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information(Continued)

## Note 3 Capital work in progress

(Rs. in million)

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Opening balance	382.35	374.39	478.01	648.56	5,877.07	3,198.46
Add: Additions	133.12	498.83	941.23	750.12	3,636.48	3,034.44
Less: Capitalised	(181.50)	(490.87)	(1,044.85)	(920.66)	(8,864.99)	(355.83)
Closing balance	333.97	382.35	374.39	478.01	648.56	5,877.07
Less: Provision for impairment	(106.41)	(106.41)	(105.18)	(104.19)	(103.23)	(103.23)
Net balance	227.56	275.94	269.21	373.82	545.33	5,773.84

#### Note

1) Capital Work in Progress includes expenditure incurred by a subsidiary, "Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Ltd." aggregating to Rs. 168.15 million as at Sepember 30, 2018 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 164.12 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 162.89 million; March 31, 2016: Rs. 161.90 million; March 31, 2015: Rs. 160.94 million; March 31, 2014: Rs. 160.09 million) in accordance with the agreement entered into with the Department of Tourism, Government of Kerala with regard to the International Convention Centre Complex (ICCC) Project. The Department of Tourism (DOT) is required to contribute the land for the project as its equity in kind and the Group and K Raheja Corp Private Limited, the joint bidders for the project are required to bring equity for the project in cash. Pending execution of the lease deed on the requisite project land and due to abnormal delays in the execution of the project the subsidiary has stopped capitalisation of borrowing costs. Considering the above, the management of the Group has made an impairment loss provision aggregating to Rs 106.41 million Sepember 30, 2018 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 106.41 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 105.18 million; March 31, 2016: Rs. 104.19 million; March 31, 2015: Rs. 103.23 million; March 31, 2014: Rs. 103.23 million) to the carrying value of capital work in progress of ICCC project.

2) Expenses (net) capitalised to capital work in progress, during the period/year(s).

Particulars			For the perio	d / year ended		
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Legal and professional charges	7.71	12.02	3.12	19.55	51.13	71.52
Employee costs	17.76	72.52	49.35	9.09	47.05	47.11
Rates, taxes and license fees	4.20	6.75	0.41	0.77	154.28	131.54
Repairs and maintenance	-	0.21	-	0.08	12.06	0.04
Interest and other finance cost	0.01	-	3.08	27.38	326.50	627.42
Miscellaneous expenses	0.89	4.38	1.08	3.14	16.86	10.32
Interest income on surplus funds	-	-	-	-	(20.60)	(223.09)
Other income / sale of scrap	(0.04)	(1.13)	(0.11)	(2.22)	(4.27)	3.20
Total	30.53	94.75	56.94	57.80	583.00	668.06

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4 Investment Property

A. Reconciliation of carrying amount

Period ended September 30, 2018 (Rs. in million)

Particulars		Gross	block		Acc	cumulated depreciat	ion / amortisati	on	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	For the period	Deductions	Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	As at September 30, 2018
Investment property									
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	893.38			893.38	51.16	12.99	-	64.15	829.23
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai	1,135.23	2.81		1,138.04	50.47	17.93	-	68.40	1,069.64
Commercial block, Sahar, Mumbai	-	3,139.68		3,139.68	-	43.63	-	43.63	3,096.05
Retail block, Bengaluru	1,778.99	3.63		1,782.62	450.02	31.44	-	481.46	1,301.16
Hyderabad flats	15.27			15.27	0.52	0.13	-	0.65	14.62
Total (A)	3,822.87	3,146.12	-	6,968.99	552.17	106.12	-	658.29	6,310.70
Investment property under construction									
Business centers & offices, Sahar, Mumbai									21.56
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - II									332.67
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai									45.39
Total (B)									399.62
Total (A+B)									6,710.32

Year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars		Gross	s block		Acc	umulated depreciat	tion / amortisati	on	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2018
Investment property									
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	897.93	4.93	9.48	893.38	27.95	25.85	2.64	51.16	842.22
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai	1,090.55	44.68	-	1,135.23	14.86	35.61	-	50.47	1,084.76
Retail block, Bengaluru	1,776.86	2.13	-	1,778.99	386.89	63.13	-	450.02	1,328.97
Hyderabad flats	15.27	-	-	15.27	0.26	0.26	-	0.52	14.75
Total (A)	3,780.61	51.74	9.48	3,822.87	429.96	124.85	2.64	552.17	3,270.70
Investment property under construction									
Business centers & offices, Sahar, Mumbai									3,124.74
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - II									311.20
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai									30.01
Total (B)								-	3,465.95
Total (A+B)								-	6,736.65

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

## Note 4 Investment Property (Continued)

A. Reconciliation of carrying amount (Continued) (Rs. in million)

Year ended March 31, 2017

Particulars			Gross block				Accumulated	depreciation / an	nortisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2016	On account of Merger (Refer note 41)	Additions	Deductions / Transfer out		Opening balance as at April 1, 2016		For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2017
Investment property											
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	53.86	-	1,116.30	272.23	897.93	-	-	30.95	3.00	27.95	869.98
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai	-	-	1,090.55	-	1,090.55	-	-	14.86	-	14.86	1,075.69
Retail block, Bengaluru	-	1,776.86	-	-	1,776.86	-	343.32	43.64	0.07	386.89	1,389.97
Hyderabad flats	15.27	-	-	-	15.27	-	-	0.26	-	0.26	15.01
Total (A)	69.13	1,776.86	2,206.85	272.23	3,780.61	-	343.32	89.71	3.07	429.96	3,350.65
Investment property under construction											
Business centers & offices, Sahar, Mumbai	`										2,768.37
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - II											305.17
Total (B)										_	3,073.54
Total (A+B)										-	6,424.19

#### Year ended March 31, 2016 - Proforma

Particulars		Gros	s block		Acc	umulated depreciat	tion / amortisati	ion	Net Block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2016
Investment Property									
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	62.17	-	-	62.17	4.22	4.09	-	8.31	53.86
Hyderabad flats	16.05	-	-	16.05	0.52	0.26	-	0.78	15.27
Total (A)	78.22	-	-	78.22	4.74	4.35	-	9.09	69.13
Investment Property under Construction									
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai									1,027.75
Business centers & offices, Sahar, Mumbai	*								2,359.71
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I									1,068.44
Total (B)								-	4,455.90
Total (A+B)								-	4,525.03

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4 Investment Property (Continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015 - Proforma (Rs. in million)

Particulars		Gross	Block		Acc	cumulated depreciat	tion / amortisat	ion	Net Block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	For the year *	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2015
Investment Property									
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	18.43	43.74	-	62.17	0.40	3.82	-	4.22	57.95
Hyderabad flats	16.05	-	-	16.05	0.26	0.26	-	0.52	15.53
Total (A)	34.48	43.74	-	78.22	0.66	4.08	-	4.74	73.48
Investment Property under Construction									
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai									814.74
Business centers & offices, Sahar, Mumbai	`								1,724.32
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I									890.41
Total (B)								_	3,429.47
Total (A+B)								=	3,502.95

<sup>\*</sup> Refer note 1 below

#### A. Reconciliation of carrying amount (Continued)

#### Year ended March 31, 2014 - Proforma

Particulars		Gros	s block		Ac	cumulated depreciat	ion / amortisat	ion	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2014
Investment Property									
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	18.43	-	-	18.43	-	0.40	-	0.40	18.03
Hyderabad flats	16.05	-	-	16.05	-	0.26	-	0.26	15.79
Total (A)	34.48	-	-	34.48	-	0.66	-	0.66	33.82
Investment Property under Construction									
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai									343.85
Business centers & offices, Sahar, Mumbai									626.07
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I									592.62
Total (B)								-	1,562.54
Total (A+B)								=	1,596.36

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 4

#### **Investment Property (Continued)**

(Rs. in million)

#### Deemed cost exemption

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its investment properties recognised as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous Indian GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the investment properties. The Group has followed the same accounting policy choice as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016 while preparing Restated schedule for the years ended March 31, 2015, March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013.

#### Deemed cost as at April 1, 2016

	Gross block as on April 1, 2016	Accumulated amortisation till April 1, 2016	Net block treated as deemed cost upon transition
Investment property			
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	62.17	8.31	53.86
Hyderabad flats	16.05	0.78	15.27
Total	78.22	9.09	69.13

#### Deemed cost as on April 1, 2013 - Proforma

	Gross block as on April 1, 2013	Accumulated amortisation till April 1, 2013	Net block treated as deemed cost upon transition
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	18.58	0.15	18.43
Hyderabad flats	16.05	-	16.05
Total (A)	<b>34.63</b>	0.15	<b>34.48</b>

#### Notes

- 1. Pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013 being effective from April 1, 2014, the Group has revised the depreciation rates on investment property based on the management estimate of the useful lives of the assets, which are lower than or in accordance with Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Act. Consequently, depreciation charged for the period April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015 is higher by Rs 9.04 million due to change in estimated useful life of certain assets wherein the opening carrying value as at April 1, 2014 is depreciated over the balance useful life.
- 2. The Group has reviewed and revised the estimated economic useful lives of its investment property in accordance with the useful lives specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 in accordance with an internal evaluation which is more representative of the useful lives of its investment property during the year ended March 31, 2018. Consequently, the depreciation expense for the year ended March 31, 2018 is lower by Rs. 52.14 million. The change in estimated useful lives has effect of reduction in depreciation charge in future periods.
- 3. Borrowing cost aggregating to Rs. 0.13 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 221.41 million, March 31, 2017: 266.57 million, March 31, 2016: Rs 224.52 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 193.21 million, March 31, 2014: Rs. 171.93 million) are capitalised under investment property under construction.
- 4. Refer note 20 and 25 of Annexure VI for information on investment property pledged as security by the Group.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4 Investment Property (Continued)

5. Details of investment property under construction:

(Rs. in million)

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Opening balance	3,465.95	3,073.54	4,455.90	3,429.47	1,562.54	402.43
Add: Additions	79.79	444.15	824.49	1,026.43	1,910.67	1,160.11
Less: Capitalised	(3,146.12)	(51.74)	(2,206.85)	-	(43.74)	-
Closing balance	399.62	3,465.95	3,073.54	4,455.90	3,429.47	1,562.54

<sup>6.</sup> Expenses (net) capitalised to investment property under construction, during the period/year(s).

Particulars			For the perio	d/year ended		
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Legal and professional charges	2.91	7.41	2.35	7.14	2.28	2.44
Employee costs	3.79	1.25	19.99	36.93	-	-
Rates, taxes and license fees	9.00	3.89	-	3.03	0.41	-
Repairs and maintenance	0.69	0.96	-	0.84	3.13	-
Interest and other finance cost	0.13	221.41	266.57	224.52	193.21	171.93
Miscellaneous expenses	1.21	3.92	10.93	1.29	1.11	-
Interest income on surplus funds	-	-	-	-	(2.29)	(5.62)
Other income / sale of scrap	(0.14)	(0.10)	(2.55)	(1.73)	(0.02)	(0.07)
Total	17.58	238.74	297.30	272.02	197.82	168.68

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 4

#### **Investment Property (Continued)**

(Rs. in million)

#### B. Fair value measurement

#### i. Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of investment property was determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate recognised professional qualification and experience.

The fair value measurement for all of the investment properties has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used.

Investment Properties			Fair Val	ue as on		
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Commercial complex, Bengaluru - I	885.00	905.00	870.00	-	-	-
Retail block, Sahar, Mumbai	2,631.00	2,688.00	2,394.00	-	-	-
Commercial block, Sahar, Mumbai	4,930.00	-	-	-	-	-
Retail block, Bengaluru	1,534.00	1,554.00	1,414.00	-	-	-
Hyderabad flats	23.00	23.00	23.00	22.00	22.00	22.00

#### ii. Valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs

#### Valuation technique

The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers / management, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued.

The fair value measurement for all of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used.

The Group follows discounted cash flows technique. The valuation model considers the present value of net cash flows to be generated from the property, taking into account the expected rental growth rate, vacant periods, occupancy rate, lease incentive costs such as rent-free periods and other costs not paid by tenants. The expected net cash flows are discounted using risk-adjusted discount rates. Among other factors, the discount rate estimation considers the quality of a building and its location (prime vs secondary), tenant credit quality and lease terms. The land of Commercial Complex, Bengaluru - 1 is valued by residual method.

#### C. Information regarding income and expenditure of investment property

	For the period / year ended									
Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma				
Rental income derived from investment properties	119.21	166.37	114.23	7.73	7.08	-				
Direct operating expenditure (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income	44.27	54.14	28.30	-	-	-				
Direct operating expenditure that did not generate rental income	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Profit/ (loss) arising from investment properties before depreciation and indirect expenses	74.94	112.23	85.93	7.73	7.08	-				
Depreciation	106.12	124.85	89.71	4.35	4.08	0.66				
Profit/ (loss) arising from investment properties before indirect expenses	(31.19)	(12.62)	(3.78)	3.38	3.00	(0.66)				

D. The Group has no restrictions on the realisability of investment property or the remittance of income and proceeds of disposal.

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## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4
Investment property (Continued)

(Rs. in million)
E. Asset wise breakup of Investment property is as follows:

Period ended September 30, 2018

Particulars		Gross b	olock		Ac	ccumulated depreci	ation / amortisa	tion	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	For the period	Deductions	Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	As at September 30, 2018
Tangible assets									
Freehold land	411.27	400.91	-	812.18	-	-	-	-	812.18
Buildings	2,501.51	2,163.69	-	4,665.20	281.76	54.94	-	336.70	4,328.50
Plant and machinery	590.58	446.23	-	1,036.81	151.98	32.53	-	184.51	852.30
Computers	1.41	0.05	-	1.46	0.89	0.15	-	1.04	0.42
Electrical installations	248.78	132.67	-	381.45	79.94	13.79	-	93.73	287.72
Furniture and fixtures	68.06	2.57	-	70.63	36.58	4.68	-	41.26	29.37
Office equipments	0.72	-	-	0.72	0.50	0.03	-	0.53	0.19
	3,822.33	3,146.12	-	6,968.45	551.65	106.12	-	657.77	6,310.68
Intangible assets									
Software	0.54	-	-	0.54	0.52	_	-	0.52	0.02
	0.54	-	-	0.54	0.52	-	-	0.52	0.02
Total	3,822.87	3,146.12	-	6,968.99	552.17	106.12	-	658.29	6,310.70

Year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars		Gross b	olock		Ac	cumulated depreci	ation / amortisa	tion	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2018
Tangible assets									
Freehold land	367.41	43.86	-	411.27	-	-	-	-	411.27
Buildings	2,499.89	1.62	-	2,501.51	218.16	63.60	-	281.76	2,219.75
Plant and machinery	594.69	3.56	7.67	590.58	117.11	36.54	1.67	151.98	438.60
Computers	2.15	0.28	1.02	1.41	1.43	0.21	0.75	0.89	0.52
Electrical installations	247.50	1.28	-	248.78	65.43	14.51	-	79.94	168.84
Furniture and fixtures	68.08	0.77	0.79	68.06	27.11	9.69	0.22	36.58	31.48
Office equipments	0.58	0.14	-	0.72	0.43	0.07	-	0.50	0.22
	3,780.30	51.51	9.48	3,822.33	429.67	124.62	2.64	551.65	3,270.68
Intangible assets									
Software	0.31	0.23	-	0.54	0.29	0.23	-	0.52	0.02
	0.31	0.23	-	0.54	0.29	0.23	-	0.52	0.02
Total	3,780.61	51.74	9.48	3,822.87	429.96	124.85	2.64	552.17	3,270.70

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## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4
Investment property (Continued)

Year ended March 31, 2017 (Rs. in million)

Particulars	Gross block						Net block				
balance	Opening balance as at	On account of Merger (Refer	Additions		Closing balance as at March 31,	Opening balance as at	On account of Merger (Refer	For the year	Deductions	S Closing balance as at March 31,	
	April 1, 2016	note 41)		Transcr vac		April 1, 2016	note 41)		2017		
Tangible assets											
Freehold land	-	158.19	209.22	-	367.41	-	-	-	-	-	367.41
Buildings	56.23	1,145.32	1,568.58	270.24	2,499.89	-	168.01	53.15	3.00	218.16	2,281.73
Plant and machinery	8.44	294.46	291.79	-	594.69	-	97.84	19.27	-	117.11	477.58
Computers	0.52	1.34	0.29	-	2.15	-	1.03	0.40	-	1.43	0.72
Electrical installations	1.99	118.08	129.42	1.99	247.50	-	53.32	12.11	-	65.43	182.07
Furniture and fixtures	1.92	58.74	7.42	-	68.08	-	22.42	4.76	0.07	27.11	40.97
Office equipments	-	0.45	0.13	-	0.58	-	0.42	0.01	-	0.43	0.15
	69.10	1,776.58	2,206.85	272.23	3,780.30	-	343.04	89.70	3.07	429.67	3,350.63
Intangible assets											
Software	0.03	0.28	-	-	0.31	-	0.28	0.01	_	0.29	0.02
	0.03	0.28	-	-	0.31	-	0.28	0.01	-	0.29	0.02
Total	69.13	1,776.86	2,206.85	272.23	3,780.61	-	343.32	89.71	3.07	429.96	3,350.65

#### Year ended March 31, 2016 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross b	lock		Acc	cumulated depreci	ation / amortisa	tion	Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	
Tangible assets									
Buildings	62.41	-	-	62.41	3.35	2.83	-	6.18	56.23
Plant and machinery	9.97	-	-	9.97	0.73	0.80	-	1.53	8.44
Computers	1.02	-	-	1.02	0.24	0.26	-	0.50	0.52
Electrical installations	2.43	-	-	2.43	0.21	0.23	-	0.44	1.99
Furniture and fixtures	2.34	-	-	2.34	0.20	0.22	-	0.42	1.92
	78.17	-	-	78.17	4.73	4.34	-	9.07	69.10
Intangible assets									
Software	0.05	-	-	0.05	0.01	0.01	-	0.02	0.03
	0.05	-	-	0.05	0.01	0.01	-	0.02	0.03
Total	78.22	-	-	78.22	4.74	4.35	-	9.09	69.13

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 4
Investment property (Continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015 - Proforma

(Rs. in million)

Particulars		Ac	Net block						
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2015
Tangible assets	• /				• /				
Buildings	34.48	27.93	-	62.41	0.66	2.69	-	3.35	59.06
Plant and machinery	-	9.97	-	9.97	-	0.73	-	0.73	9.24
Computers	-	1.02	-	1.02	-	0.24	-	0.24	0.78
Electrical installations	-	2.43	-	2.43	-	0.21	-	0.21	2.22
Furniture and fixtures	-	2.34	-	2.34	-	0.20	-	0.20	2.14
	34.48	43.69	-	78.17	0.66	4.07	-	4.73	73.44
Intangible assets									
Software	-	0.05	-	0.05	-	0.01	-	0.01	0.04
	-	0.05	-	0.05	-	0.01	-	0.01	0.04
Total	34.48	43.74	-	78.22	0.66	4.08		4.74	73.48

#### Year ended March 31, 2014 - Proforma

Particulars		Gros			Net block				
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	For the year	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2014
Tangible assets Buildings	34.48	-	-	34.48	-	0.66	-	0.66	33.82
Total	34.48	-	-	34.48	-	0.66	-	0.66	33.82

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 5 Goodwill

(Rs. in million)

#### Impairment testing for cash generating unit (CGU) containing goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the Group's operating segments which represent the lowest level within the Group at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. The aggregate carrying amounts of goodwill allocated to each cash generating unit are as follows:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Hotel	164.04	164.04	164.04	-	-	-
Retail	25.49	25.49	25.49	-	-	-
Commercial complex at Bengaluru (refer footnote below)	36.58	36.58	36.58	36.58	36.68	36.68
Total	226.11	226.11	226.11	36.58	36.68	36.68

Goodwill for Commercial complex at Bengaluru pertains to acquisition of 40% stake in Magna Warehousing and Distribution Private Limited in the financial year ended March 31, 2014. The same represents excess of consideration paid (Rs. 47.11 million) over book value of proportionate net assets acquired (Rs.10.53 million). The Group has chosen not to restate past business combinations in line with exemptions available under Ind AS 101 "First Time Adoption of Ind AS" (refer note 54) and accordingly, the carrying value of goodwill under the previous GAAP has been continued to be reflected under Ind AS without any adjustment.

The recoverable amount is based on a value-in-use calculation using the discounted cash flow method.

Value in use has been determined by discounting the future cash flows generated from the continuing use of the unit. The calculation of the value in use in based on the following key assumptions:

The table below shows the key assumptions used in the value in use calculations of :

#### A. Hotel

Particulars (in %)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Discount rate	12.00%	9.59%	9.13%	-	-	-
Terminal value growth rate	6.66%	6.50%	6.50%	-	-	-

### B. Retail

Particulars (in %)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Discount rate	12.00%	9.59%	9.13%	-	-	-
Terminal value growth rate	7.27%	8.50%	8.50%	-	-	-

C. Commercial complex at Bengaluru

C. Commercial complex at Bengaluru						
Particulars (in %)	September 30,	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
	2018			Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Discount rate	12.00%	9.59%	9.13%	9.55%	9.83%	10.82%
Terminal value growth rate	7.27%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%

#### Discount rate

The discount rate is a pre tax measure based on the rate of 10 year government bonds issued by the Government of India, adjusted for a risk premium to reflect both the increased risk of investing in equities generally and the systematic risk of the specific CGU.

#### Terminal value growth rate

Terminal value growth rate used for the purpose of calculation of terminal value has been determined based on the long-term compound annual growth rate in EBITDA.

The above assumptions are reviewed annually as part of management's budgeting and strategic planning cycles. These estimates may differ from actual results. The values assigned to each of the key assumptions reflect the Management's past experience as their assessment of future trends, and are consistent with external / internal sources of information.

Based on the above assumptions and analysis, no impairment was identified for any of the CGU as at September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 as the recoverable value of the CGU exceeded the carrying value.

With regard to the assessment of value in use, no reasonably possible change in any of the above key assumptions would cause the carrying amount of the CGUs to exceed their recoverable amount.

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### Note 6 Other intangible assets

(Rs. in million)

Period ended September 30, 2018

Particulars		Gross blo	ock			Accumulated :	amortisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	Additions		Closing balance as at September 30, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	Charged for the period	Deductions	Upto September 30, 2018	As at September 30, 2018
Trade marks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer software	67.06	1.13	-	68.19	48.53	7.28	-	55.81	12.39
Total	67.06	1.13	-	68.19	48.53	7.28	-	55.81	12.39

### Year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars		Gross bl	ock			Accumulated a	mortisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance ( as at March 31, 2018	Opening balance as at April 1, 2017	Charged for the year	Deductions	Upto March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2018
Trade marks	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Computer software	63.09	3.97	-	67.06	33.31	15.22	-	48.53	18.53
Total	63.09	3.97	-	67.06	33.31	15.22	-	48.53	18.53

### Year ended March 31, 2017

Particulars			Gross block				Acc	umulated amortisa	tion		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2016	On account of Merger (Refer note 41)	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2017		On account of Merger (Refer note 41)	Charged for the year	Deductions	Upto March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2017
Trade marks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer software	37.92	19.74	5.60	0.18	63.09	-	17.36	16.13	0.18	33.31	29.78
Total	37.92	19.74	5.60	0.18	63.09	-	17.36	16.13	0.18	33.31	29.78

### Year ended March 31, 2016 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross	block			Accumulated a	mortisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2016	Opening balance ( as at April 1, 2015	harged for the year	Deductions	Upto March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2016
Trade marks	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
Computer software	51.37	12.72	1.36	62.73	10.42	14.45	0.05	24.81	37.92
Total	51.37	12.72	1.36	62.73	10.42	14.45	0.05	24.81	37.92

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 6

Other intangible assets (Continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross	block			Accumulated	amortisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2015	Opening balance of as at April 1, 2014	Charged for the year	Deductions	Upto March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2015
Intangible asset (acquired)									
Trade marks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer software	11.38	39.98	-	51.37	5.13	5.29	-	10.42	40.94
Total	11.38	39.98	-	51.37	5.13	5.29	-	10.42	40.94

Year ended March 31, 2014 - Proforma

Particulars		Gross	block			Accumulated a	amortisation		Net block
	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Closing balance as at March 31, 2014	Opening balance as at April 1, 2013	Charged for the year	Deductions	Upto March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2014
Intangible asset (acquired)									
Trade marks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer software	9.53	1.97	0.12	11.38	-	5.13	-	5.13	6.25
Total	9.53	1.97	0.12	11.38	-	5.13	-	5.13	6.25

#### Deemed cost exemption

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible asset recognised as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous Indian GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the intangible assets. The Group has followed the same accounting policy choice as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016 while preparing Proforma Restated schedule for the years ended March 31, 2015, March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013.

Deemed cost as at April 1, 2016

	Gross block as at April 1, 2016	Accumulated amortisation till April 1, 2016	Net block treated as deemed cost upon transition
Trade marks	0.04	0.04	-
Computer software	122.29	84.38	37.92
Total	122.34	84.42	37.92

Deemed cost as on April 1, 2013 - Proforma

	Gross Block as at April 1, 2013	Accumulated amortisation till April 1, 2013	Net Block treated as deemed cost upon transition
Trade marks	0.04	0.04	-
Computer software	69.09	59.56	9.53
Total	69.13	59.60	9.53

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

						(Rs. in million)
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 7 Investments						
Measured at fair value through profit and loss Unquoted, fully paid up: Investments in equity shares (non-trade, unquoted)						
In other companies (equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid)						
1,000 (March 31, 2018: 1,000, March 31, 2017: 1,000, March 31, 2016: 1,000, March 31, 2015: 1,000, March 31, 2014: 1,000) shares of Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
423 (March 31, 2018: 423, March 31, 2017: 423, March 31, 2016: 203,181, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) shares of Intime Properties Limited (Refer Note 17)	1.94	1.94	1.94	331.39	_	_
10,000 (March 31, 2018: 10,000, March 31, 2017: 10,000, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) shares of Renew Wind Power Energy (AP) Limited	1.00	1.00	1.00	331.37		
Value 1 Over Energy (A.) Edinical 428,285, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) shares of Krishna Valley Power Private Limited	8.64	8.64	1.00	-	-	-
1,044,500 (March 31, 2018: 1,044,500, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) shares of Sahyadri Renewable Energy Private Limited	31.45	31.45	-	-	-	-
Measured at amortised cost (a) Investments in preference shares (non-trade, unquoted)						
In associate company (0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs. 100,000/- each fully paid)						
Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: 1,600, March 31, 2015: 1,600, March 31, 2014: 1,600) shares of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	<u>-</u>	-	-	142.71	128.27	115.33
66 Shares of Aesthetic Realtors Private Ltd. (b) Other investments						
National Saving Certificates	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.07
Aggregate amount of unquoted securities	43.17	43.17	3.08	474.24	128.41	115.41
Aggregate amount of quoted securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Market value of quoted securities Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments	- -	- -	-	-	-	-
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 8						
Loans						
Unsecured, considered good Deposits						
Security deposits - related parties	26.98	26.98	26.98	26.98	26.38	16.34
Security deposits - others	69.74	78.67	73.50	90.19	74.43	55.19
Option deposits - others  Loans to related parties (refer footnote below)	5.00	8.40	5.00	-	10.00	84.89
	101.72	114.05	105.48	117.17	110.81	156.42

Loan to related parties include amounts due from a Director Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Rs. 10.00 million, March 31, 2014: Nil).

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

						(Rs. in million)
	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at
Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Note 9						
Other non-current financial assets						
Deposits with banks with more than 12 months maturity	50.07	50.00	_	_	_	_
Deposits with sums with more than 12 months maturely	50.07	50.00	-	-	-	-
	•					
	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at
Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 10						
Other non-current assets						
Prepayments (refer footnote)	88.97	87.25	91.32	78.84	79.81	75.95
Secured, considered good						
Capital advances	-	-	11.20	9.46	18.74	65.03
Unsecured, considered good						
Capital advances.	16.69	3.73	8.49	27.39	153.26	152.34
Others		0.96	-	-	0.21	0.70
	105.66	91.94	111.01	115.69	252.02	294.02

In December 2005, the Group had purchased the entire building comprising of the hotel and apartments therein, together with a demarcated portion of the leasehold rights to land at Vashi (Navi Mumbai) from K. Raheja Corp Private Limited (reflected under prepayment and others above). The Group has been operating the Four Points By Sheraton Hotel at the said premises. Two Public Interest Litigations challenging the allotment of land by CIDCO to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited had been filed in FY 2003-04. During the financial year 2014-15, the Honourable High Court at Bombay ordered K. Raheja Corp Private Limited to demolish the structure and hand back the land to CIDCO. K Raheja Corp Private Limited has filed a special leave petition against the order in the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court on January 22, 2015 directed the maintenance of a status quo. Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter no adjustments have been made in the Restated Consolidated financial information. The balance of prepaid lease rental in relation to such leasehold land as at September 30, 2018 is Rs. 53.92 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 54.52 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 55.71 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 56.91 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 58.11 million, March 31, 2014: Rs. 59.30 million).

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 11 Inventories (valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)						
Hospitality:						
Food, beverages and smokes	91.88	105.43	112.46	97.14	71.86	67.63
Operating supplies	-	-	-	3.28	20.56	20.43
Stores and spares	5.81	2.78	9.24	8.14	-	-
Property Development :						
Developed property	55.76	247.25	312.47	388.96	434.50	504.22
Property under development (Refer note 53)	4,173.08	4,173.08	4,161.49	4,167.79	4,091.02	3,760.34
Less: Provision for impairment	(454.56)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)
Property under development, net	3,718.52	3,728.45	3,716.86	3,723.16	3,646.39	3,315.71
Materials at site	100.27	100.60	108.30	110.04	111.67	103.27
Retail:						
Materials at site.	2.77	4.45	4.69	-	-	4.28
Others:						
Traded goods (including stock-in-transit)	-	-	-	-	5.53	5.53
	3,975.01	4,188.96	4,264.02	4,330.72	4,290.51	4,021.07

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### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	(Rs. in million) As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 12 Trade and other receivables Trade receivables				TIGOTHA	1101011111	Trotorna
(unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)						
Considered good	533.72	539.12	296.20	181.38	100.82	156.98
Credit impaired	33.47	16.40	9.22	6.29	4.74	6.02
Less: Provison for impairment	(33.47)	(16.40)	(9.22)	(6.29)	(4.74)	(6.02)
	533.72	539.12	296.20	181.38	100.82	156.98
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 13a Cash and cash equivalents				TTOTOTIAL	TTOTOTIME	Trotorina
Balance with banks						
- Current accounts	331.43	290.22	218.69	209.64	174.20	200.49
- Demand deposit	-	-	-	-	-	720.10
In term deposit accounts Cheques on hand	2.39	0.08	1.08	0.30	0.01 0.68	0.01 3.98
•	7.03	4.91	8.53	4.81	4.38	3.14
Cash on hand					.150	5.1.

Other bank balances	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 13b Other bank balances						
In term deposit accounts (balances held as margin money)	20.83	21.50	103.44	131.82	138.73	96.64
	20.83	21.50	103.44	131.82	138.73	96.64

Includes accrued interest of Rs. 0.26 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 0.93 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 2.38 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 4.77 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 5.78 million, March 31, 2014: Rs. 6.10 million.

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 14						
Loans						
(Unsecured, considered good) Deposits						
Security deposits - others	25.65	22.74	14.31	9.77	10.56	21.96
Loans to related parties (refer footnote and note 50)	1,607.48	2,326.55	1,779.16	1,345.82	961.20	1,813.03
Loans to others	0.25	-	-	-	-	-
	1,633.38	2,349.29	1,793.47	1,355.59	971.76	1,834.99

Loan to related parties include amounts due from a Director Rs. 1.75 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 1.41 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 7.50 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 10.00 million, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) and due from private limited companies aggregating to Rs. 1,605.73 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 2,324.14 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 1,771.66 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 1,335.82 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 961.20 million, March 31, 2014: Rs. 1,813.03 million) in which directors of the Company are directors.

The interest rate applicable to the amounts due from private limited companies in which directors of the Company are directors are 11.00% (March 31, 2018: 11.00%, March 31, 2017: 12.00%, March 31, 2018: 11.00%, March 31, 2  $2016: 12.50\%, March \ 31, 2015: 14.00\%, March \ 31, 2014: 14.00\%). \ These amounts are unsecured and repayable on demand.$ 

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

						(Rs. in million)
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Note 15						_
Other current financial assets						
(Unsecured, considered good)						
Others*	254.58	192.85	30.07	-	11.66	188.73
Mark to market derivative contracts	31.08	14.38	8.72	-	-	-
	285.66	207.23	38.79	-	11.66	188.73

<sup>\*</sup> Includes export benefits and entitlements of Rs. 254.58 million (March 31, 2018 : Rs. 192.85 million, March 31, 2017 : Rs. 26.96 million (net of related provision of Rs. 0.96 million), March 31, 2016: Rs. Nil, March 31, 2015: Rs. Nil, March 31, 2014: Rs. Nil)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 16 Other current assets Secured, considered good						
Advance to suppliers	-	-	3.55	-	13.44	-
Unsecured, considered good						
Advance to suppliers	68.12	44.73	45.87	30.00	25.46	63.36
Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(9.07)	-	-	-	-	-
Indirect tax balances/receivable credits	112.79	192.45	161.44	159.16	89.17	72.53
Receivable from tax authorities	<u>-</u>	-	5.15	68.24	26.43	-
Unbilled revenue	180.52	195.33	148.72	145.55	119.23	112.22
Prepayment and others	193.45	76.58	83.12	1.84	66.07	37.65
Others	13.81	7.53	12.15	9.70	4.36	21.95
	559.62	516.62	460.00	414.49	344.16	307.71

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### Note 17 Assets classified as held for sale

(Rs. in million)

### A. Following investments were classified as held for sale:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Investment in equity shares of associate (face value of Rs. 10)						
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (number of shares : Nil; March 31, 2018 : Nil; March 31, 2017 : Nil; March 31, 2016 : 5,156; March 31, 2015 : 4,936; March 31, 2014 : 4,936)*	-	-	-	2,870.27	2,870.27	2,870.27
Intime Properties Limited (number of shares : Nil; March 31, 2018 : Nil; March 31, 2017 : Nil; March 31, 2016 : Nil; March 31, 2015 : 526,893; March 31, 2014 : 526,893)	-	-	-	-	893.66	893.66
Sundew Properties Limited (number of shares: Nil; March 31, 2018: Nil; March 31, 2017: Nil; March 31, 2016: Nil; March 31, 2015: Nil; March 31, 2014: 439,246)	-	-	-	-	-	582.22
Total assets held for sale	-	-	-	2,870.27	3,763.93	4,346.15

<sup>\*</sup> Pursuant to the Court scheme (refer note 41), the Hotel and Retail undertaking of Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary company) were demerged into Genext Hardware and Parks Private Limited. Consequently, during the year ended March 31, 2016, 220 fully paid equity shares of Genext Hardware and Parks Private Limited were alloted to the Group.

The investment in all companies were acquired exclusively with a view of its subsequent disposal within twelve months from the date of purchase. They were classified as held for sale on acquisition during the year ended March 31, 2014 and consequently measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The Group was able to sell off the investment in Sundew Properties Limited within a twelve month period. The investments in Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited and Intime Properties Limited required additional time beyond twelve months due to regulatory approvals and approvals from the local state governments.

The Group ceased to hold significant influence on sale of partial stake in Intime Properties Limited on March 30, 2016. Subsequent to partial sale of investment, it does not meet classification as an associate and was accounted under Ind AS 109 - 'Financial Instruments'. (Refer note 7)

The Company had pledged Nil (March 31, 2018:Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: 385,822) equity shares of Sundew Properties Limited and Nil (March 31,2018:Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: 4,936, March 31, 2015: 4,936, March 31, 2014: 4,936) equity shares of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited in favour of Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited, as security for loan taken by entities identified as related parties. In addition, Nil (March 31, 2018:Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: 30,298, March 31, 2015: 30,298, March 31, 2014: 30,298) equity shares of Magna Warehousing and Distribution Private Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, were also pledged in favour of Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited, as security for loan taken by entities identified as related parties.

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 18 Share Capital

(Rs. in million)

### (a) Details of the authorised, issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital as below:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
(i) Authorised 205,100,000 (March 31, 2018: 172,000,000, March 31, 2017: 152,500,000 March 31, 2016: 152,500,000 March 31, 2015: 152,500,000 March 31, 2015: 152,500,000 March 31, 2014: 152,500,000) equity shares of the par value of Rs. 10 each	2,051.00	1,720.00	1,525.00	1,525.00	1,525.00	1,525.00
(ii) Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up 171,095,293 (March 31, 2018: 171,095,293, March 31, 2017: 152,142,253 March 31, 2016: 152,142,253 March 31, 2015: 152,142,253 March 31, 2014: 152,142,253) equity shares of the par value of Rs. 10 each	1,710.95	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42
Total	1,710.95	1,710.95	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42	1,521.42

#### (b) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the period/year:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2014 Proforma
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year	171,095,293	1,710.95	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42
Issued during the period/year (Refer note 41)	-	=	18,953,040	189.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	171,095,293	1,710.95	171,095,293	1,710.95	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42	152,142,253	1,521.42

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 18 Share Capital (Continued)

(c) Registered shareholder holding more than 5% Equity shares in the Company is set out below:

Particulars	As at September	er 30, 2018	As at Marc	ch 31, 2018	As at Marc	ch 31, 2017		As at March 31, 2016 Proforma		
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding		
Casa Maria Properties LLP (formerly known as Casa Maria Properties Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	16,496,280	9.64%	16,496,280	9.64%	16,496,280	10.84%	16,496,280	10.84%		
Capstan Trading LLP (formerly known as Capstan Trading Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	16,495,680	9.64%	16,495,680	9.64%	16,495,680	10.84%	16,495,680	10.84%		
Raghukool Estate Development LLP (formerly known as Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited till March 18, 2016)	16,495,680	9.64%	16,495,680	9.64%	16,495,680	10.84%	16,495,680	10.84%		
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	14,570,000	8.52%	14,570,000	8.52%	14,570,000	9.58%	14,570,000	9.58%		
Touchstone Properties and Hotels Private Limited	14,500,000	8.47%	14,500,000	8.47%	14,500,000	9.53%	14,500,000	9.53%		
Ravi Raheja	15,876,318	9.28%	13,354,374	7.81%	7,768,056	5.11%	7,768,056	5.11%		
Neel Raheja	15,876,318	9.28%	13,354,374	7.81%	7,768,056	5.11%	7,768,056	5.11%		
Anbee Construction LLP (formerly known as Anbee Construction Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	13,116,180	7.67%	13,116,180	7.67%	13,116,180	8.62%	13,116,180	8.62%		
Cape Trading LLP (formerly known as Cape Trading Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	13,116,180	7.67%	13,116,180	7.67%	13,116,180	8.62%	13,116,180	8.62%		
K Raheja Private Limited	12,400,000	7.25%	12,400,000	7.25%	12,400,000	8.15%	12,400,000	8.15%		
Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited	-	0.00%			· · · · · ·	-	8,000,000	5.26%		
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	8,000,000	4.68%	8,000,000	4.68%	8,000,000	5.26%	-	-		
	156,942,636	91.73%	151,898,748	88.78%	140,726,112	92.50%	140,726,112	92.50%		

In cases where certain shareholders hold the equity shares jointly with other persons, the name of the primary beneficiary has been specified.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 18 Share Capital (Continued)

#### (c) Shareholder holding more than 5% Equity shares in the Company is set out below: (Continued)

Particulars	As at March Profor	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma			
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	
Casa Maria Properties LLP (formerly known as Casa Maria Properties Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	16,496,280	10.84%	16,496,280	10.84%	
Capstan Trading LLP (formerly known as Capstan Trading Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	16,495,680	10.84%	16,495,680	10.84%	
Raghukool Estate Development LLP (formerly known as Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited till March 18, 2016)	16,495,680	10.84%	16,495,680	10.84%	
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	14,570,000	9.58%	14,570,000	9.58%	
Touchstone Properties and Hotels Private Limited	14,500,000	9.53%	14,500,000	9.53%	
Ravi Raheja	7,768,056	5.11%	7,768,056	5.11%	
Neel Raheja	7,768,056	5.11%	7,768,056	5.11%	
Anbee Construction LLP (formerly known as Anbee Construction Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	13,116,180	8.62%	13,116,180	8.62%	
Cape Trading LLP (formerly known as Cape Trading Private Limited till March 17, 2016)	13,116,180	8.62%	13,116,180	8.62%	
K Raheja Private Limited	12,400,000	8.15%	12,400,000	8.15%	
Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited	8,000,000	5.26%	8,000,000	5.26%	
	140,726,112	92.50%	140,726,112	92.50%	

In cases where certain shareholders hold the equity shares jointly with other persons, the name of the primary beneficiary has been specified.

#### (d) Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has a single class of equity shares. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The equity shareholders are eligible for dividend when recommended by the Board of Directors and approved by the Shareholders. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

### (e) Details of shares issued for other than cash in last 5 years :

												(Rs. in million)
Particulars	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2014 Proforma
							Proforma	Proforma	Proforma	Proforma	Proforma	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Issued during the period/year (Refer note 41)	-	-	18,953,040	189.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	(Rs. in million)  As at  March 31, 2014  Proforma
Note 19	•					
Other equity						
Equity Component of Compound Instruments	86.08	-	-	-	-	-
ESOP Reserve	5.06					
Securities premium	1,418.13	1,418.13	1,418.13	992.60	992.60	992.60
Shares pending allotment	-	-	189.53	-	-	-
General reserve	35.78	35.78	35.78	-	-	-
Capital reserve	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.05	0.05
Retained earnings	1,418.20	1,858.65	1,546.72	2,697.93	3,847.66	4,132.22
	2,963.41	3,312.72	3,190.32	3,690.69	4,840.31	5,124.87

Nature and Purpose of reserves (refer Annexure III - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Changes in Equity for movement in reserves): Equity component of compound financial instruments

Equity component of Component Instruments comprises of the impact of fair valuation of preference shares issued by the Company.

#### Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Shares pending allotment

Shares pending allotment represents consideration to be issued in relation to the merger of Genext Hardware and Parks Private Limited. The issue of such shares was completed in the financial year ended March 31, 2018 on receipt of requisite approvals for the merger (refer note 41).

#### General reserve

General reserve represents appropriation of retained earnings and are available for distribution to shareholders.

### Capital reserve

The reserve comprises of profits/gains of capital nature earned by the Group and credited directly to such reserve.

#### Employee stock option plan reserve

Represents expense recognised towards employee stock option plans issued by the company.(Refer note no. 52)

#### Retained earnings

Retained Earnings represents surplus/accumulated earnings of the Group and are available for distribution to shareholders. It includes impact of fair valuation of land on transition to Ind AS and presently not available for distribution to shareholders (net of related tax impact): Rs. 3,710.05 million, March 31 2018: Rs. 3,710.05 million, March 31 2017: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2015: 3,750.36 million, March 31, 2014: 2,768.42 million)

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### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20 Long-term borrowings

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Borrowings						
Secured						
Rupee term loans						
i) From bank (refer note A)	12,395.42	12,760.60	12,433.93	8,229.92	4,403.05	3,645.65
ii) From financial institutions (refer note A)	5,754.40	5,975.65	4,815.63	7,002.72	5,551.43	4,266.50
iii) Vehicle loans from banks (refer note A)	-	5.21	15.85	24.69	35.13	6.31
Foreign currency term loans						
i) From bank (refer note A)	4,997.78	3,250.07	3,080.35	3,765.50	5,397.31	6,287.23
Preference share liability						
Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares (Refer note B)	336.82	160.00	-	-	0.11	0.11
Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares pending allotment (Refer		-	160.00	-	-	-
footnote)						
	23,484.42	22,151.53	20,505.76	19,022.83	15,387.03	14,205.80

Note: 1,600 non-cumulative preference shares were payable as consideration pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement " ('the Scheme') to demerge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Transferor Company") with the Company. These shares were issued and allotted during the year ended March 31, 2018. (refer note 41)

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20 Long-term borrowings (A) Terms of repayment

Particulars	Sanction amount	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Repayment/ modification of terms	Security details
	(Rs. in million)	as at September 30, 2018	as at March 31, 2018	as at March 31, 2017	as at March 31, 2016 Proforma	as at March 31, 2015 Proforma	as at March 31, 2014 Proforma		
Term loans - Rupee loans From banks									
The Ratnakar Bank Ltd	1,500	9.30% to 9.77%	9.77%	10.55%	10.65%	NA		instalment starting from August 2015 to May 2020.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable and movable property and receivables at Powai - Phase I and II (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Powa Phase I and II.
Standard Chartered Bank	2,000	9% to 9.10%	9.00%	10.45%	10.45%	NA		payment on March 2023.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable and movable property and receivables at Powai - Phase I and II (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation
Standard Chartered Bank	1,950	9.20% to 9.35%	9.20%	NA	NA	NA		Repayable half yearly starting from March 2018 to March 2022 and balance amount is bullet payment on Nov 2022.	on change in Javoin of the related of all insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Powal Phase I and II.Standard Chartered Bank has charge on the ISRA account created in respect of security.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20

### Long-term borrowings

#### (A) Terms of repayment (Continued)

Particulars	Sanction amount	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Repayment/ modification of terms	Security Details
	(Rs. in million)	as at September 30, 2018	as at March 31, 2018	as at March 31, 2017	as at March 31, 2016 Proforma	as at March 31, 2015 Proforma	as at March 31, 2014 Proforma		
ICICI Bank Limited	3080 (Term Loan - Rs. 2285 million with Rs. 300 million OD as a sub-limit of term loan)		9.25%	10.00%	10.80%	12.00%	12.00%	Repayable quarterly instalment starting from December 2017 to September 2026.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable and
Bank of Baroda	900	8.85%	8.85%	11.20%	11.25%	NA		Repayable monthly instalment from 30 April 2018 to 31 Oct 2026 of Rs.8.30 million and remaining amount bullet payment on 30 Nov 2026.	movable property and receivables (both present and future) from Hotel and Retail Block, Sahar (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and insurance proceeds pertaining to Hotel and Retail Block,
ICICI Bank Limited	1,500	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.55%	12.55%	Repayable quarterly instalment over 24 quarters from year 2013.	
Corporation Bank	900	NA	NA	NA	NA	13.00%	12.60%	months from April 2011.	6 It is secured by first pari passu charge on moveable an
Corporation Bank	500	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		Repayable monthly instalment over 72 months from April 2009 to March 2015.	

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20

Long-term borrowings
(A) Terms of repayment (Continued)

Particulars	Sanction amount	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Repayment/ modification of terms	Security Details
	(Rs. in million)	as at September 30, 2018	as at March 31, 2018	as at March 31, 2017	as at March 31, 2016 Proforma	as at March 31, 2015 Proforma	as at March 31, 2014 Proforma		
Standard Chartered Bank	2,567	NA	9.25% to 9.40%	10.80%	12.28%	NA		instalment over 60 months starting from November 2017 to September 2022 and balance amount is bullet	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable property and receivables (both present future) at Business Centre and office Block Sahar, Mumbai. (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Business Centre and office Block, Sahar Mumbai.
Yes Bank Ltd	1100 (Term Loan - Rs. 900 million and OD sub-limit - Rs. 200 million of sanction)	9.25% to 10.00%	9.25%	10.43%	NA	NA		Repayable in quarterly 28 instalments from March 2020 to December 2026.	
Yes Bank Ltd	1,500	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.25%	12.75%	instalments from the expiry of 3 years from	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable property and receivables (both present future) at Business Centre and office Block Sahar, Mumbai. (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Business Centre and office Block, Sahar Mumbai.
Union Bank of India	1,000	NA	NA	NA	11.15%	12.50%	12.50%	Repayable within 3 years starting from 2015	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on land pertaining to Powai Phase III- (ii) Second charge on the current assets of the company.

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20

Long-term borrowings
(A) Terms of repayment (Continued)

Particulars	Sanction amount	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Repayment/ modification of terms	Security Details
	(Rs. in million)	as at September 30, 2018	as at March 31, 2018	as at March 31, 2017	as at March 31, 2016 Proforma	as at March 31, 2015 Proforma	as at March 31, 2014 Proforma		
Other Loans from Banks - Vehicle	45	11%	11%	10.50% to 10.75%	10.50% to 10.75%	10.50% to 10.75%		Repayable in monthly instalments till year ending June 2019.	It is secured against hypothecation of vehicles financed by those banks.
Standard Chartered Bank	900 (Term Loan - Rs. 750 million and OD Rs. 150 million)	8.85%	8.85%	NA	NA	NA		instalments over 144 months starting from July 2017 to July 2029.	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable property and receivables at Retail Block at Bengaluru (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Retail Block at Bengaluru (iii) Charge over DSRA amounting to Rs. 50 million.
Standard Chartered Bank	1000 (Term Loan - Rs. 700 million and OD Rs. 300 million)	NA	NA	10.25%	NA	NA		Rs 961.60 million is repayable in 51 monthly instalments from June 2012 ranging between Rs. 4.50 million to Rs 10.40 million and a bullet payment of Rs. 608.00 million in last instalment.	It is secured by (i) first charge by way of equitable mortgage in favour of lender on the premises being Retail Block at Bengaluru having a built up area of approximately 29,803.90 sq. mtrs together with proportionate land appurtenant thereto being a portion of immovable property on a first pari passu basis and (ii) first pari passu charge over all the present and future book debts, outstanding moneys receivable, claims and bills and (iii) cash shortfall undertaking from, Chalet Hotel Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited). (iv) Charge over DSRA amounting to Rs. 50 million.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20

Long-term borrowings
(A) Terms of repayment (Continued)

Particulars	Sanction amount	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Repayment/ modification of terms	Security Details
	(Rs. in million)	as at September 30, 2018	as at March 31, 2018	as at March 31, 2017	as at March 31, 2016 Proforma	as at March 31, 2015 Proforma	as at March 31, 2014 Proforma		
ICICI Bank Ltd	1,900	9.25%	9.25%	10%	NA	NA	NA	instalments from	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable and movable property and receivables (both present and future) from Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield.
Citi Bank NA	500	8.20%	8.20%	NA	NA	NA	NA		It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable property and receivables at Commercial Complex at Bangalore (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Commercial Complex at Bangalore (iii) Personal guarantee of Neel Raheja.
Citi Bank NA	443	8.20%	8.20%	9.25%	NA	NA	NA	instalments from	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable property and receivables at Commercial Complex at Bangalore (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Commercial Complex at Bangalore (iii) Personal guarantee of Neel Raheja.
DBS Bank Ltd	3,750	9.45%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable property and receivables (both present future) at Business Centre at Sahar, Mumbai. (ii) Exclusive charge on Current Accounts, DSRA Account and assignment or creation of charge in favor of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Business Centre at, Sahar Mumbai.
	300 (Rs. 210 million as term loan with Rs. 90 million overdraft facility)	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.50%	12.50%		Secured by charge over IT / Commercial at Whitefield through Escrow Mechanism, securing a minimum security cover of 1.75x.

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20

Long-term borrowings

### (A) Terms of repayment (Continued)

Particulars	Sanction amount	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Repayment/ modification of terms	Security Details
	(Rs. in million)	as at September 30, 2018	as at March 31, 2018	as at March 31, 2017	as at March 31, 2016 Proforma	as at March 31, 2015 Proforma	as at March 31, 2014 Proforma		
Term loans - Rupee loans				-					
From financial institutions Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	2,000	8.95% to 9.30%	8.70%	9.75%	10.85%	12.00%	12.00%	instalment ending on March 2019.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable and movable property and receivables at Powai - Phase I and II (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contract and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Powai Phase I and II
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	1,000	NA	NA	9.75%	10.85%	11.50%	12.00%	Repayable monthly instalment ending on January 2018.	
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	700	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	12.00%	instalment ending on October 2014.	It is secured by (i) mortgage of immovable properties a Vashi Hotel premises together with proportionatundivided interest in the land and common area, facilities and parking area and construction thereon present and future. (ii) Corporate Guarantee of related party.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	3,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.00%	12.50%	collection of flat holders till July 2016 whichever is earlier.	It is secured by (i) first exclusive mortgage and charge or the (a) larger land area of 291,145.36 sq. ft. bearing New Municipal No.21,Koramangala Industrial Layout, Warr No.68, PID No.68-4C1, Bengaltur 560 034 (excluding the undivided interest in the plinth area of the residentia towers in respect of flats/ units already sold by the company before the date of creation of the charge and the proportionate undivided interest in the common areas and facilities in the larger land relating to such flats already sold) and (b) structures to be constructed on the large land, present and future, excluding the area of flats already sold (ii) a first charge on and hypothecation of al receivables from the Koramangala project and (iii security interest in the designated account (escrow account) opened with HDFC Bank Limited, Bengalur for the deposit of all receivables from the Koramangala project.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20

Long-term borrowings
(A) Terms of repayment (Continued)

Particulars	Sanction amount	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Carrying rate of interest	Repayment/ modification of terms	Security Details
	(Rs. in million)	as at September 30, 2018	as at March 31, 2018	as at March 31, 2017	as at March 31, 2016 Proforma	as at March 31, 2015 Proforma	as at March 31, 2014 Proforma		
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	1,500	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA .		collection of flat holders till July 2016 whichever is earlier.	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable property and receivables at Four Points By Sheraton, Vashi (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Four Points By Sheraton, Vashi (iii) Guarantee by related party.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	1,350	8.80% to 9.30%	8.70%	10.35%	10.85%	11.25%	NA	instalment from 30 April 2017 to 31 May 2024.	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable property and receivables at Four Points By Sheraton, Vashi (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Four Points By Sheraton, Vashi (iii) Guarantee by related party.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	2,500	8.80% to 9.30%	8.70%	9.75%	10.85%	12.00%	NA	31 March 2019 to 31 March 2026.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property and receivables (both present and future) from Sahar Hotel and retails operations (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Sahar Hotel and retails operations.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	1,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.25%	Payable on demand	It is secured by personal guarantee by related party.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	3,600	8.80% to 9.30%	8.70%	10.10%	10.60%	NA	NA	instalment ending on April 2025.	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable and movable property and receivables at Westin Hotel (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Westin Hotel.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20

Long-term borrowings
(A) Terms of repayment (Continued)
Foreign currency loans
From banks

Particulars	Sanction amount	Carrying rate of interest	Repayment/ modification of terms	Security details					
	(USD in million)	as at September 30, 2018	as at March 31, 2018	as at March 31, 2017	as at March 31, 2016 Proforma	as at March 31, 2015 Proforma	as at March 31, 2014 Proforma	of terms	
Standard Chartered Bank, Singapore	30	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.00% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	3.00% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	payment on March 2016.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on Hotel and apartment property (both present and future) located at Powai for a minimum security cover of 1.5x (ii) Pari Passu charge over above project receivables.
Standard Chartered Bank, UK	30		3.75% fixed plus 6 month LIBOR	3.75% fixed plus 6 month LIBOR	NA	NA		from January 2017 to July 2021.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property and receivables (both present and future) from Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield.
Standard Chartered Bank, UK	30	3.75% fixed plus 3 month libor	4.25% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	4.25% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	instalments November 2017 and May 2018.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property and receivables at Powai - Phase I and II (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Powai Phase I and II.Standard Chartered Bank has charge on the ISRA account created in respect of security.			
Standard Chartered Bank, UK	15	4.75% fixed plus 3 month libor	NA	NA	NA	NA			It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable
ICICI Bank Limited - UK		month LIBOR	4.75% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	4.75% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	4.75% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	4.75% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR		Ianuary 2027	property and receivables (both present and future) from Sahar Hotel and retails operations (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance
ICICI Bank Limited - Bahrain			4.00% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	4.75% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	4.75% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR	4.75% fixed plus 3 month LIBOR		Repayable quarterly from June 2018 to March 2027.	proceeds pertaining to Sahar Hotel and retails operations.

(Rs. in million)

There are no material breaches of the covenants associated with the borrowings (referred to above) and none of the borrowings were called back during the period/year.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20

Long-term borrowings

(B) Preference share capital

(a) Details of the authorised, issued, subscribed and paid-up preference share capital as below:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
(i) Authorised 1,600 (March 31, 2018:1,600, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each	160.00	160.00	-	-	-	-
2,400 (March 31, 2018:1,600, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each 20,000 (March 31, 2018:Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.00% Non-cumulative, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares subscribed and partly paid up of Rs 1,000 each.	240.00 2,000.00	-	-	-	0.11	0.11
Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: 11,000, March 31, 2014: 11,000) 7% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up	-	-	-	-	0.11	0.11
(ii) Issued, subscribed and paid-up 1,600 (March 31, 2018:1,600, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each*	160.00	160.00	-	-	-	-
20,000 (Series A 10,000 And Series B 10,000)(March 31, 2018:Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.00% Non-cumulative, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares subscribed and partly paid up of Series A Rs 25,000 each and Series B	176.82	-	-	-	-	-
Rs. 1 000 each Nii (March 31, 2018: Nii, March 31, 2017: Nii, March 31, 2016: Nii, March 31, 2015: 11,000, March 31, 2014: 11,000) 7% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up	-	-	-	-	0.11	0.11
Total	336.82	160.00	-	-	0.11	0.11

(Rs. in million)

(b) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the period/year:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2017
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
1,600 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 e	ach					
Number of Preference shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year	1,600.00	160.00	-	-	-	-
Issued during the period/year	-	-	1,600	160.00	-	-
Number of Preference shares outstanding at the end of the period/year	1,600.00	160.00	1,600.00	160.00	-	-
20,000 0.00% Non-cumulative, Non-convertible redeemable preference share	res subscribed and partly p	aid up of Rs 1,000 each.				
Number of Preference shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issued during the period/year	20,000	176.82	-	-	-	-
Number of Preference shares outstanding at the end of the period/year	20,000	336.82	-	-	-	-
Nil 7% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully	paid up					
Number of Preference shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year		-	-	-	-	-
Issued during the period/year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number of Preference shares outstanding at the end of the period/year	-	-	-	-	-	-

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20 Long-term borrowings

March 31, 2014 Particulars March 31, 2016 March 31, 2016 March 31, 2015 March 31, 2015 March 31, 2014 Proforma Proforma Proforma Proforma Proforma Proforma Number Number Number Amount Amount Amount 1,600 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each Number of Preference shares outstanding at the beginning of the year Issued during the period/year Number of Preference shares outstanding at the end of the year  $20,\!000\,\,0.00\%\,\,Non\text{-}cumulative, Non\text{-}convertible\,\,redeemable\,\,preference\,\,shares\,\,subscribed\,\,and\,\,partly\,\,paid\,\,up\,\,of\,\,Rs\,\,1,\!000\,\,each.$ Number of Preference shares outstanding at the beginning of the year Number of Preference shares outstanding at the end of the year Nil 7% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up 11,000 11,000 Number of Preference shares outstanding at the beginning of the year 11,000 0.11 0.11 0.11 (11,000) (0.11)Redeemed during the year Number of Preference shares outstanding at the end of the period/year 11,000 0.11 11,000 0.11

#### (c) Shareholder holding more than 5% Preference shares in the Company is set out below:

Particulars	As at September	30, 2018	As at March	31, 2018	As at Marc	h 31, 2017
	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding
1,600 (March 31, 2018: 1,600, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each Chandru Lachmandas Raheja	1.600.00	100%	1,600.00	100%	_	
jointly with Jyoti Chandru Raheja*						
10,000 (March 31, 2018:Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.00% Non-cumulative, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares subscribed and partly paid up of Rs 25,000 each						
Series A						
Mr Ravi Chandru Raheja	2,325.00	23%	-	-	-	
Mr Neel Chandru Raheja	2,325.00	23%	-	-	-	
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	4,500.00	45%	-	-	-	
Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited	850.00	9%	-	-	-	
<u> </u>	10,000.00	100.00%	-	-	-	
10,000 (March 31, 2018:Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.00% Non-cumulative, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares subscribed						
and partly paid up of Rs 1000 each						
Series B						
Mr Ravi Chandru Raheja	2,325.00	23%	-	-	-	
Mr Neel Chandru Raheja	2,325.00	23%	-	-	-	
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	4,500.00	45%	-	-	-	
Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited	850.00	9%	-	-	-	
	10,000.00	100.00%	-	-	-	
Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: 11,000,						
March 31, 2014: 11,000) 7% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully						
Mr. Ajay Mohan Sarup	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indian Cork Mills Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-
<del>-</del>	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Held by the said registered owners for and on behalf of the beneficiaries of Ivory Property Trust.				·		

<sup>(</sup>B) Preference Share Capital (Continued)

Chalet Hotels Limited
(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 20

Long-term borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 201 No. of shares held	6 - Proforma % of holding	As at March 31, No. of Shares held	2015 - Proforma % of Holding	As at March 31, No. of Shares held	2014 - Proforma % of Holding
1,600 (March 31, 2018: 1,600, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each						
Chandru Lachmandas Raheja jointly with Jyoti Chandru Raheja	-	-	-	-	-	-
=	-	-	-	-	-	-
20,000 (March 31, 2018:Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) 0.00% Non-cumulative, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares subscribed and partly paid up of Rs 100,000 each Series A						
Mr Ravi Chandru Raheja	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr Neel Chandru Raheja	-	-	-	-	-	-
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-
Series B	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Mr Ravi Chandru Raheja	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr Neel Chandru Raheja	-	-	-	-	-	-
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-
=	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nil (March 31, 2018: Nil, March 31, 2017: Nil, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: 11,000, March 31, 2014: 11,000) 7% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully						
Mr. Ajay Mohan Sarup	_	_	5,500	50.00%	5,500	50.00%
Indian Cork Mills Limited	-	-	5,500	50.00%	5,500	50.00%
	-	-	11,000	100.00%	11,000	100.00%

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# **Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)**

# **Note 20**

Long-term borrowings

# (d) Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to preference shares.

The Group has two classes of preference shares having a par value of Rs.100,000 each per share.

# 1,600 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each.

# Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to 0.001% Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares

The preference shares do not carry any voting rights, even if dividend has remained unpaid for any year or dividend has not been declared by the Group for any year. Preference shares shall, subject to availability of profits during any financial year, be entitled to nominal dividend of Re.1 per preference share per year.

Preference shares issued by the Group are due for redemption at par. Accordingly, the preference shares are liable to be redeemed at any time at the option of the Group but not later than December 21, 2023.

In the event of liquidation of the Group before redemption of the equity shares, holders of the preference shares will have priority over equity shares in the payment of dividend and repayment of capital.

# 20,000 0(Zero) %(Series A & Series B) Non-cumulative, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each.

# Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to 0(Zero) % (Series A & Series B) Non-cumulative Non convertible redeemable preference shares

The preference shares do not carry any voting rights.

Preference shares issued by the Group are due for redemption at par. The Company and its Board shall have the right to redeem the preference shares to the extent of any surplus amounts available from the Bengaluru Residential Project. However, the preference shares are liable to be redeemed not later than one month prior to completion of 20 years from the date of allotment.

The Preference Shares do not carry any voting rights whatsoever in any meetings of the shareholders of the Company or of members of any class of shares of the Company. Subject to applicable laws, other than the amounts payable for redemption, no amounts shall be payable to the Preference Shareholders, whether by way of dividend or in any other manner whatsoever.

In the event of liquidation of the Group before redemption of the equity shares, holders of the preference shares will have priority over equity shares in the payment of dividend and repayment of capital.

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

As at September 30, 2018   As at September 30, 2018   March 31, 2016   Proforma							(Rs. in million)
Note 21           Other non-current financial liabilities           Security deposits         115.76         151.77         115.42         13.45         15.85         15.39           Retention money         7         -         3.56         39.58         10.77         -           Particulars         As at September 30, 2018         As at March 31, 2018         As at March 31, 2017         As at March 31, 2016         As at March 31, 2015         As at March 31, 2016         Proforma         Proforma           Note 22         Provisions         Provisions         38.11         57.62         55.74         51.19         36.80           Provision for gratuity         42.99         38.11         57.62         55.74         51.19         36.80		As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at
Note 21           Other non-current financial liabilities           Security deposits         115.76         151.77         115.42         13.45         15.85         15.39           Retention money         1.5.76         151.77         118.98         53.03         26.62         15.39           As at September 30, 2018         As at March 31, 2017         As at March 31, 2016         As at March 31, 2015         As at March 31, 2016         Proforma         March 31, 2016         Proforma         Proforma           Note 22         Provisions         38.11         57.62         55.74         51.19         36.80           Provision for gratuity         42.99         38.11         57.62         55.74         51.19         36.80	Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
Security deposits   115.76   151.77   115.42   13.45   15.85   15.39     Retention money					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Security deposits   115.76   151.77   115.42   13.45   15.85   15.39	Note 21						
Particulars   Particulars   Provision for gratuity   Provision for gr	Other non-current financial liabilities						
Particulars   Particulars   Provision for gratuity   Provision for gr		44.5.50	151.55	115.40	10.45	15.05	15.00
Note 22   Provision for gratuity   115.76   151.77   118.98   53.03   26.62   15.39     15.39	* *	115.76	151.77				15.39
As at   As a	Retention money		-			10.77	
Particulars         September 30, 2018         March 31, 2018         March 31, 2017         March 31, 2016         March 31, 2015         March 31, 2014           Note 22         Provisions         From 1         57.62         55.74         51.19         36.80		115.76	151.77	118.98	53.03	26.62	15.39
Particulars         September 30, 2018         March 31, 2018         March 31, 2017         March 31, 2016         March 31, 2015         March 31, 2014           Note 22         Provisions         From 1         57.62         55.74         51.19         36.80							
Note 22         Provisions           Provision for gratuity         42.99         38.11         57.62         55.74         51.19         36.80		As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at
Note 22         Provisions           Provision for gratuity         42.99         38.11         57.62         55.74         51.19         36.80	Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
Note 22           Provisions           Provision for gratuity         42.99         38.11         57.62         55.74         51.19         36.80			,	, .			
Provisions           Provision for gratuity         42.99         38.11         57.62         55.74         51.19         36.80	Note 22						
Provision for gratuity <b>42.99</b> 38.11 57.62 55.74 51.19 36.80							
	1 TOVISIONS						
42.99 38.11 57.62 55.74 51.19 36.80	Provision for gratuity	42.99	38.11	57.62	55.74	51.19	36.80
		42.99	38.11	57.62	55.74	51.19	36.80

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

# Note 23 Tax expense

(a) Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss

(Rs. in million)

	For the period ended September 30, 2018	•	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015	For the year ended March 31, 2014
Current income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	65.19
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net						
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(201.16)	(48.63)	(483.22)	(535.14)	(139.39)	(335.04)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	9.43	(55.53)	-	-	-	-
Change in tax rate	-	4.42	-	-	(4.80)	-
Deferred tax credit	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.14)	(144.19)	(335.04)
Tax credit for the period/year	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.14)	(144.19)	(269.85)

### (b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

	For the period ended September 30, 2018			For the year ended March 31, 2018			For the year ended March 31, 2017		
	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss									
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	(5.78)	2.02	(3.76)	22.54	(7.88)	14.66	0.20	(0.07)	0.13
	(5.78)	2.02	(3.76)	22.54	(7.88)	14.66	0.20	(0.07)	0.13

	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma			For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma			For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma		
	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss									
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	1.93	(0.67)	1.26	(3.98)	1.38	(2.60)	(4.73)	1.61	(3.12)
	1.93	(0.67)	1.26	(3.98)	1.38	(2.60)	(4.73)	1.61	(3.12)

### (c) Amounts recognised directly in equity

For the per ended Septem		For the year ended March 31,				
30, 2	018	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Deferred income tax liability, net	-	(14.32)	-	(25.98)	(287.70)	11.09

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 23 Tax expense (Continued)

### (d) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

(Rs. in million)

	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015	For the year ended March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Profit / (loss) before tax	(628.42)	211.86	791.16	(1,660.04)	(1,408.11)	(1,263.68)
Company's domestic tax rate	34.94%	34.61%	34.61%	34.61%	34.61%	33.99%
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	(219.60)	73.32	273.80	(574.51)	(487.32)	(429.52)
Tax effect of:						
Expenses not allowed under tax	57.68	(9.05)	39.13	34.80	(6.50)	303.97
Income not subject to tax	-	(0.51)	(36.36)	(3.56)	(1.19)	-
Utilisation of brought forward losses	(9.43)	(55.53)	-	-	-	-
Adjustment for deferred taxes (prior period)	-	-	(241.07)	-	-	-
Indexation of land and investment property	(22.26)	(118.52)	(526.51)	(38.66)	(39.83)	(32.50)
Indexation of equity instruments	-	-	-	(115.29)	(4.48)	(3.73)
Difference in applicable tax rates	-	(13.47)	(1.25)	1.12	-	-
Deferred tax asset not recognised on current period/ year's loss	-	19.60	88.34	687.97	2,701.12	5.09
EIR measurement of preference shares	(1.01)	)				
Section 35AD deduction	· -	-	232.19	(7.90)	(2,301.19)	-
Change in tax rate	_	4.42	-	-	(4.80)	-
Recognition of deferred tax asset on unrecognised tax losses	(52.84)	-	(346.08)	(519.11)	-	(114.23)
Others		-	34.58	-	-	1.08
	(191.73)	(99.74)	(483.22)	(535.14)	(144.19)	(269.85)

The Company's weighted average tax rates for period/years ended September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were 30.51%, (47.08%), (61.08%), 32.24%, 10.24% and 21.35%, respectively.

The effective tax rate is primarily lower on account of indexation benefit recognised on land and unquoted equity shares. Further unabsorbed tax losses have been utilised during some years to reduce the current tax expense.

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### (e) Movement in deferred tax balances

Movement in deferred tax balances for the period ended September 30, 2018

(Rs. in million)

	Net balance April 1, 2018	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Net balance September 30, 2018
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Property, plant and equipment	(3,142.57)	43.30	-	-	(3,099.27)
Investment Property	79.92	1.82	-	-	81.74
Assets classified as held for sale	0.04	0.00	-	-	0.04
Real Estate Inventory	(409.28)	-	-	-	(409.28)
Expenditure on specified business u/s 35 AD	2,350.86	(39.71)	-	-	2,311.16
Investments	(0.28)	-	-	-	(0.28)
Provisions	374.40	23.06	2.02	-	399.48
Borrowings	(63.26)	(1.07)	-	-	(64.33)
Other current liabilities	304.55	130.14	-	-	434.70
Other items	9.40	(164.32)	-	-	(154.91)
Unabsorbed depreciation / carry forward tax	856.32	197.59	-	-	1,053.91
losses					
Employee Stock option plans		0.92	-	-	0.92
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	360.11	191.73	2.02	-	553.86

Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2018

	Net balance April 1, 2017	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Net balance March 31, 2018
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Property, plant and equipment	(3,241.40)	113.16	-	(14.32)	(3,142.57)
Investment Property	59.48	20.44	-	-	79.92
Assets classified as held for sale	0.03	0.01	-	-	0.04
Real Estate Inventory	(485.98)	76.70	-	-	(409.28)
Expenditure on specified business u/s 35 AD	2,328.27	22.59	-	-	2,350.86
Investments	(0.28)	(0.00)	-	-	(0.28)
Provisions	438.24	(55.96)	(7.88)	-	374.40
Borrowings	(71.75)	8.51	-	-	(63.26)
Other current liabilities	477.32	(172.77)	-	-	304.55
Other items	(86.55)	95.96	-	-	9.40
Unabsorbed depreciation / carry forward tax	865.20	(8.88)	-	-	856.32
losses		, ,			
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	282.58	99.74	(7.88)	(14.32)	360.11

Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2017

	Net balance April 1, 2016	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Acquired in business combinations	Net balance March 31, 2017
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)						
Property, plant and equipment	(1,908.12)	(1,450.68)	-	-	117.40	(3,241.40)
Investment Property	64.72	(5.24)	-	-	-	59.48
Assets classified as held for sale	110.30	(110.27)	-	-	-	0.03
Real Estate Inventory	(532.07)	46.08	-	-	-	(485.98)
Expenditure on specified business u/s 35 AD	-	2,328.27			-	2,328.27
Investments	2.22	(2.50)	-	-	-	(0.28)
Provisions	454.68	(20.82)	(0.07)	-	4.45	438.24
Borrowings	(51.41)	7.34	-	-	(27.69)	(71.75)
Other current liabilities	629.47	(152.15)	-	-	-	477.32
Other items	350.36	(386.70)	-	-	(50.22)	(86.55)
Unabsorbed depreciation / carry forward tax losses	635.33	229.88	-	-	-	865.20
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	(244.52)	483.22	(0.07)	-	43.95	282.58

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### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

# (e) Movement in deferred tax balances (Continued)

Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2016 - Proforma  $\,$ 

(Rs. in million)

	Net balance April 1, 2015	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Net balance March 31, 2016
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Property, plant and equipment	(3,867.48)	1,985.35	-	(25.98)	(1,908.12)
Investment Property	54.13	10.60	-	-	64.72
Assets classified as held for sale	=	110.30	-	-	110.30
Real Estate Inventory	(565.14)	33.08	-	-	(532.07)
Expenditure on specified business u/s 35 AD	2,301.20	(2,301.20)	-	-	- 1
Investments	-	2.22	-	-	2.22
Provisions	442.45	12.90	(0.67)	-	454.68
Borrowings	(33.79)	(17.62)	-	-	(51.41)
Other current liabilities	705.33	(75.85)	-	-	629.47
Other items	94.10	256.26	-	-	350.36
Unabsorbed depreciation / carry forward tax	116.21	519.12	-	-	635.33
losses					
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	(753.01)	535.14	(0.67)	(25.98)	(244.52)

### Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2015 - Proforma

	Net balance April 1, 2014	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Net balance March 31, 2015
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Property, plant and equipment	(1,340.29)	(2,239.49)	-	(287.70)	(3,867.48)
Investment Property	43.82	10.31	-	-	54.13
Real Estate Inventory	(676.36)	111.22	-	-	(565.14)
Expenditure on specified business u/s 35 AD	=	2,301.20	-	-	2,301.20
Investments	2.11	(2.11)	-	-	-
Provisions	434.67	6.40	1.38	-	442.45
Borrowings	(41.29)	7.50	-	-	(33.79)
Other current liabilities	865.88	(160.55)	-	-	705.33
Other items	(13.54)	107.64	-	-	94.10
Unabsorbed depreciation / carry forward tax losses	114.13	2.08	-	-	116.21
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	(610.87)	144.19	1.38	(287.70)	(753.01)

# Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2014 - Proforma $\,$

	Net balance April 1, 2013	Recognised in profit or loss credit/(charge)	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in equity	Net balance March 31, 2014
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)					
Property, plant and equipment	(1,395.44)	44.07	-	11.09	(1,340.29)
Investment Property	35.44	8.38	-	-	43.82
Real Estate Inventory	(693.91)	17.54	-	-	(676.36)
Investments	-	2.11	-	-	2.11
Provisions	200.71	232.36	1.61	-	434.67
Borrowings	(24.01)	(17.28)	-	-	(41.29)
Other current liabilities	845.74	20.14	-	-	865.88
Other items	72.86	(86.40)	-	-	(13.54)
Unabsorbed depreciation / carry forward tax		114.13	-	-	114.13
losses					
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)	(958.61)	335.04	1.61	11.09	(610.87)

The Group offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Significant management judgement is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered. Any changes in future taxable income would impact the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

### (e) Movement in deferred tax balances (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets (DTA) have not been recognised in respect of the following items, because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the company can use the benefits therefrom:

	Sep	tember 30, 2018			March 31, 2018	
	Gross amount	DTA not recognised	Expiry date	Gross amount	DTA not recognised	Expiry date
House property loss	84.39	29.49	March 31, 2026	84.39	29.49	March 31, 2026
House property loss	88.71	31.00	March 31, 2027	-	-	NA
Business Loss	0.26	0.09	March 31, 2019	0.26	0.09	March 31, 2019
Business Loss	0.31	0.11	March 31, 2020	0.31	0.11	March 31, 2020
Business Loss	0.59	0.21	March 31, 2021	0.59	0.21	March 31, 2021
Business Loss	0.64	0.22	March 31, 2022	0.64	0.22	March 31, 2022
Business Loss	0.08	0.03	March 31, 2023	0.08	0.03	March 31, 2023
Business Loss	0.06	0.02	March 31, 2025	0.06	0.02	March 31, 2025
Business Loss	126.51	44.21	March 31, 2027			•
Unabsorbed depreciation	0.93	0.32	NA	0.93	0.32	NA
Γotal	302.48	105.70		87.26	30.49	
	M	arch 31, 2017		Ma	arch 31, 2016 - Proform	a
	Gross amount	DTA not recognised	Expiry date	Gross amount	DTA not recognised	Expiry date
Business Loss	47.65	16.49	March 31, 2025	1,453.33	502.97	March 31, 2024
Business Loss	489.45	169.39	March 31, 2024	-	-	NA
Short Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	36.12	12.50	March 31, 2023
Short Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	6.19	1.43	March 31, 2023
Short Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	4.60	1.06	March 31, 2022
Long Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	0.21	0.05	March 31, 2017
Long Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	8.46	1.95	March 31, 2019
Long Term Capital Loss	-	-	NA	0.00	0.00	March 31, 2016
Γotal	537.10	185.88		1,508.92	519.96	
	March .	31, 2015 - Profor	ma	Ma	arch 31, 2014 - Proform	a
	Gross amount	DTA not recognised	Expiry date	Gross amount	DTA not recognised	Expiry date
Business Loss	1,536.12	531.62	March 31, 2023	-	-	NA
Short Term Capital Loss	8.46	1.92	March 31, 2019	8.46	1.92	March 31, 2019
Short Term Capital Loss	2.55	0.58	March 31, 2018	2.55	0.58	March 31, 2018
Short Term Capital Loss	0.21	0.05	March 31, 2017	0.21	0.05	March 31, 2017
Long Term Capital Loss	6.19	1.40	March 31, 2023	4.60	1.04	March 31, 2022
Long Term Capital Loss	4.60	1.04	March 31, 2022	1.89	0.43	March 31, 2017
Long Term Capital Loss	0.62	0.14	March 31, 2016	0.62	0.14	March 31, 2016
J 1	1,558.75	536.75	- ,	18.33	4.15	- ,

Deferred tax assets for the carry forward of unused tax losses are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilised. The existence of unused tax losses is strong evidence that future taxable profit may not be available. Therefore, in case of a history of recent losses, the Group recognises a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised. Deferred tax assets — unrecognised or recognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised/reduced to the extent that it is probable/ no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realised.

The Group has recognised deferred tax asset to the extent that the same will be recoverable using the estimated future taxable income based on the approved business plans and budgets of the Group. The Group has generated taxable income for the financial year ended March 31, 2018 and has adjusted the carry forward losses partially. The Group is expected to continue generating taxable income going forward. The business losses can be carried forward for a period of 8 years as per the tax regulations and the Group expects to recover the losses.

The Retail block at Sahar, Mumbai will become operational during the financial year ended March 31, 2019 and is expected to generate profits for the Group. Further, the Group has merged the hotel and retail undertaking from Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited for which the Scheme was filed in the financial year ended March 31, 2017. The said Scheme received the approval of the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) at Mumbai and Bangalore and other statutory and regulatory authorities and became effective from October 1, 2017.

Further, the Group had incurred losses in relation to the residential project at Bengaluru pursuant to litigation which arose during the financial year ended March 31, 2018, without prejudice to its rights and remedies under law and keeping the commercial considerations in perspective, the Board of Directors of the Group, decided that the Group should proactively consider re-commencement of construction upto the minimum permissible limits and engage with the buyers above the 10th floor for evaluating possible options. Consequently, the Group has made a provision for estimated losses on such cancellations pertaining to all flats above 10 floors and had recognised the same during the financial year ended March 31, 2018 (refer note 36 of Annexure VI). Such costs have been pushed back for the purpose of restated consolidated summary financial statements (refer Annexure VII). Further, the Group does not expect any further material losses to be incurred in relation to the said project.

Accordingly, the Group, has recognised deferred tax asset on the carried forward business losses after considering the relevant facts and circumstances during each financial year to the extent that the Group had convincing evidence based on its business plans and budgets to the extent that the deferred tax asset will be realised. Consequently, the Group has recognised a deferred tax asset of Rs. 1,053.91 million as at September 30, 2018 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 856.32 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 865.20 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 519.12 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 116.21 million, March 31, 2014: Rs. 114.13 million) on the carried forward losses of the Group.

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Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

						(Rs. in million)
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 24 Other non-current liabilities						
Deferred finance income	33.74	28.08	21.15	-	-	-
	33.74	28.08	21.15	-	-	-
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 25 Borrowings						
Secured From financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	173.44
Cash credit / over draft accounts from banks	688.13	433.19	108.48	763.24	326.71	546.27
Unsecured From related parties From Directors	275.37	948.68	2,813.24 74.00	1,133.20	822.01	317.65
Buyer's credit	231.56	252.29	251.73	686.73	658.96	377.09
	1,195.06	1,634.16	3,247.45	2,583.17	1,807.68	1,414.45

#### (A) Terms associated with secured loan

Name of Lenders	Sanction Amount	Carrying rate of	Carrying rate of	Carrying rate of	Carrying rate of	Carrying rate of		1 *	Security Details
	(Rs. in million)	Interest as at September 30, 2018	Interest as at March 31, 2018	Interest as at March 31, 2017	Interest as at March 31, 2016	Interest as at March 31, 2015	2014	Modification of terms	
From Banks:					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma		
Standard Chartered Bank	500	9.95% to 10.30%	10.90% to 10.05%	11.75% to 10.90%	12% to 11.75%	12.50% to 12.00%	13.50% to 12.50%	Renewal every year	Secured against land parcel admeasuring 6,826 sq. mtrs. at Powai and future receivable from Renaissance Hotel and Marriott Executive Apartments at Powai, Mumbai.
	1,100 (Term Loan - Rs. 900 million and OD sub-limit - Rs. 200 million of sanction)	9.25% to 10.00%	9.90 to 9.60%	9.90%	NA	NA	NA	Repayable in quarterly 28 instalments from March 2020 to December 2026.	It is secured by exclusive charge on Land for Powai Phase III land
	3,080 (Term Loan - Rs. 2,285 million with Rs. 300 million OD as a sub-limit of term loan)	9.25%	10.60% to 9.35%	10.85% to 10.60%	12% to 10.85%	12.00%	11.75% to 12%	instalment starting from December 2017 to September 2026.	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property and receivables (both present and future) from Hotel and Retail Block, Sahar (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Hotel and Retail Block, Sahar.

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Name of Lenders	Sanction Amount	Carrying rate of	Carrying rate of						Security Details
	(Rs. in million)	Interest as at September 30,	Interest as at March 31,	of Interest as at March 31.	Modification of terms				
	( " , " , " , " , " , " , " , " , " , "	2018	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma		
Indian Overseas Bank	50	12.50%	12.95%	12.95%	13.50% to 12.95%	13.50%	13.50%	Renewal every year	Cash Credit is secured by hypothecation of inventories, crockery, cutlery, and linen held by the Company at its property in Powai, both present and future.
ICICI Bank Ltd	1,900 (Term Loan - Rs. 1,530 million and OD Rs. 150 million)	9.25% to 9.45%	10.05% to 9.25%	12.85% to 10.05%	NA	NA	NA	instalment from	It is secured by (i) Pari-passu charge on immovable property and receivables (both present and future) from Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield (ii) Pari Passu charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Marriott Hotel Bangalore, Whitefield.
Standard Chartered Bank	900 (Term Loan - 700 million and OD 300 million)	8.75% to 9.10%	11.95% to 8.85%	11.95% to 12.25%	NA	NA	NA	instalment over 144 months starting from	It is secured by (i) Exclusive charge on immovable property and receivables at Retail Block at Bengaluru (ii) Exclusive charge by way of assignment or creation of charge in favour of the lender of all Insurance contracts and Insurance proceeds pertaining to Retail Block at Bengaluru (iii) Charge over DSRA amounting to Rs. 50 million.
Standard Chartered Bank	300 (Term Loan - Rs. 210 million and OD Rs. 90 million)	NA	ÑΑ	NA	12.50% to 12.25%	12.25% to 13.50%	12.25% to 13.50%		It is secured by charge over IT / Commercial at Whitefield through Escrow Mechanism, securing a minimum security cover of 1.75x.
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	1,500	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.50%	collection of flat holders	It is secured by (i) first exclusive mortgage and charge on the (a) larger land area of 291,145,36 sq. ft. bearing New Municipal No.21,Koramangala Industrial Layout, Ward No.68, PID No.68-4-21, Bengaluru 560 034 (excluding the undivided interest in the plinth area of the residential towers in respect of flats/ units already sold by the company before the date of creation of the charge and the proportionate undivided interest in the common areas and facilities in the larger land relating to such flats already sold) and (b) structures to be constructed on the larger land, present and future, excluding the area of flats already sold (ii) a first charge on and hypothecation of all receivables from the Koramangala project and (iii) security interest in the designated account (escrow account) opened with HDFC Bank Limited, Bengaluru for the deposit of all receivables from the Koramangala project.

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

# (B) Terms associated with unsecured loan

Name of Lenders	Sanction Amount	Carrying rate of		Carrying rate of					Security Details
		Interest	Interest	Interest	Interest	Interest	of Interest	Modification of terms	
	(Rs. in million)	as at September 30,	as at March 31,	as at March 31,		as at March 31,			
		2018	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma		
From Related Parties									
K Raheja Corp Private Limited	NA	11%	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	NA	NA	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
New Found properties Private Limited	NA	10.50%	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
K.Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	NA	NA	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	NA	NA	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
From Directors	NA	NA	10.50% to 11.00%	12.00%	12.50%	14.00%	14.00%	Repayable on demand	Unsecured
Buyer's credit									
Buyers Credit	NA	4% to 6%	1% to 5%	1% to 5%	1% to 5%	1% to 5%		Repayable within 1 years	Unsecured

There are no material breaches of the covenants associated with the borrowings (referred to above) and none of the borrowings were called back during the period/year.

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Particulars  Note 26  Trade payables	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	(Rs. in million) As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Trade payables						
Acceptances	_	_	_	_	13.01	55.33
Due to micro and small enterprises (Refer Note 43)	5.85	4.55	1.86	0.70	0.19	0.23
Due to other than micro and small enterprises	798.81	854.25	844.88	651.19	585.51	533.86
•	804.66	858.80	846.74	651.89	598.71	589.42
Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 27 Current - Other financial liabilities						
Current maturity of long term debt (refer note 20)	2,214.49	3,467.40	2,605.52	1,900.39	3,520.77	1,972.18
Creditors for capital expenditure	30.17	_	-	_	5.09	4.06
Retention payable	39.41	48.64	82.53	122.10	163.40	104.59
Security deposits	107.94	47.79	35.02	21.23	16.52	5.25
Mark to market derivative contracts	-	37.83	104.56	107.15	60.49	-
Other liabilities	180.51	159.98	210.50	167.98	536.15	308.07
	2,572.52	3,761.64	3,038.13	2,318.85	4,302.42	2,394.15

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	(Rs. in million) As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 28						
Other current liabilities						
Acceptances for capital expenditure	-	-	-	1.04	-	4.95
Income received in advance (unearned revenue)	-	208.36	334.94	381.03	403.76	509.64
Advances from customers towards sale of residential flats (refer note						
36)	2,300.02	2,141.97	2,389.87	2,585.39	2,748.75	3,295.72
Advances from customers towards hospitality services	198.32	170.97	106.77	84.26	56.37	60.15
Statutory dues payable	362.27	580.47	153.03	147.87	105.51	84.59
Deferred government grant (refer note 38)	_	-	-	134.29	178.94	
	2,860.61	3,101.77	2,984.61	3,333.88	3,493.33	3,955.05

Advances from customers towards sale of residential flats includes amount refundable to customers on estimated cancellation of flats for the period ended September 30, 2018 above 10 floors of Rs. 881.18 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 944.07 million (refer note 37).

Statutory dues payable includes ESIC, TDS payable, provident fund payable, indirect taxes payable, etc.

Particulars	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 29 Short term provisions						
Provision for gratuity	29.74	27.22	23.73	15.22	11.53	15.17
Provision for compensated absences  Provision for estimated / actual cancellation and alteration cost (refer	66.38	56.71	53.86	55.18	50.77	40.74
footnote and note 36)	886.92 983.04	874.73 <b>958.66</b>	1,070.95 <b>1,148.54</b>	1,148.89 1,219.29	1,108.87 <b>1,171.17</b>	1,134.95 <b>1,190.86</b>

#### Bengaluru residential project

During the year 2013-14, Hindustan Aeronautics Limited (HAL) had raised an objection with regard to the permissible height of buildings of the Group's Bengaluru residential project. Pursuant to an interim order passed by the Karnataka High Court, in the petition filed by the Group, the Group had suspended construction activity at the Project and sale of flats.

Pending the outcome of the proceedings and a final closure of the matter, the Group suspended revenue recognition based on the percentage completion method after financial year ended March 31, 2014. Further, in case of cancellations subsequent to March 31, 2014, the Group reversed the revenue and derecognised margins in the respective year of cancellation. The Group also recompensed flat owners, in accordance with mitigation plans framed by the Group on account of the delay in completion of the project.

During the year ended March 31, 2018, without prejudice to its rights and remedies under law and keeping the commercial considerations in perspective, the Board of Directors of the Group, decided that the Group should proactively consider re-commencement of construction up to the minimum permissible limit and engage with the buyers above the 10th floor for evaluating possible options. Accordingly, the Group has reassessed the estimated cost of completion of the project up to the 10th floor as per the aforementioned plan and has recognised a provision towards the following:

- cost of alteration of superstructure
- estimated cost in relation to potential cancellations.

Further, cost of actual cancellations (where applicable) has also been provided for and included in the provision referred to above.

### Movement for provision for estimated / actual cancellation and alteration cost

	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
Provision for cost of alteration of super structure	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00
Provision for estimated / actual cancellation						
Opening balance	624.73	820.95	898.89	858.87	884.95	253.83
Provisions made during the period/year	115.35	178.22	199.31	277.75	360.92	751.64
Provisions utilised during the period/year	(103.16)	(374.44)	(277.25)	(237.73)	(387.00)	(120.52)
Closing balance	636.92	624.73	820.95	898.89	858.87	884.95
Total	886.92	874.73	1,070.95	1,148.89	1,108.87	1,134.95

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### $Annexure \ VI - Notes \ to \ the \ Restated \ Consolidated \ Summary \ Financial \ Information \ (Continued)$

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 30						
Revenue from operations						
(a) Sale of services						
Hospitality:						
Room income	2,472.46	4,855.89	3,961.01	3,216.11	2,485.00	2,499.36
Food, beverages and smokes	1,381.96	2,821.93	2,327.42	2,030.79	1,444.58	1,326.39
Others	389.79	717.11	518.42	397.41	364.33	315.65
Retail & commercial:						
Lease rent	119.21	166.37	114.23	7.73	7.08	-
(b) Sale of products						
Real estate:						
Sale of residential flats	284.55	102.13	111.44	77.39	104.64	-
Sale of transferable development rights	-	-	-	-	-	434.77
Retail & commercial:						
Maintenance and other recoveries	31.55	49.09	18.01	_	_	_
Revenue from other services	19.16	25.31	8.27	_	_	_
	4,698,68	8,737.83	7,058,80	5,729.43	4,405.63	4,576.17

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

						(Rs. in million)
Particulars	For the period ended	For the year ended				
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Note 31						
Other income						
Interest income from instruments measured at amortised						
cost	119.47	197.39	228.70	50.61	221.32	302.60
Interest income from amortised cost measurement of						
preference shares		-	17.29	14.43	12.94	10.77
Reversal of provision for impairment on CWIP		-	-	-	-	-
Gain on foreign exchange fluctuation (net)		4.63	213.66	-	-	-
Net mark to market gain on derivative contracts	39.38	21.54	35.00	-	-	-
Export benefits and entitlements	89.69	200.33	314.74	95.14	8.90	256.05
Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	3.55	1.23	3.85	0.17	1.80	12.05
Profit on sale of investments		114.57	1,301.24	46.10	-	-
Dividend received		-	-	7.90	1.32	-
Interest on income tax refund	15.32	-	13.61	-	-	-
Fair value gain on instruments measured at FVTPL		-	10.82	-	-	-
Miscellaneous income	4.34	17.62	47.66	31.83	18.64	9.23
	271.75	557.31	2,186.57	246.18	264.92	590.70

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 32(a) Real estate development costs						
(i) Cost of construction						
Opening project work in progress Inventory of unsold flats	3,728.45 247.25	3,716.86 312.47	3,723.16 388.96	3,646.39 434.50	3,315.71 504.22	3,413.01 522.43
Expenditure incurred during the period / year:						
Materials consumed	-	0.23	(5.35)	3.95	167.73	26.21
Contractors labour and other charges	-	16.80	(1.00)	70.77	112.72	254.81
Rates and taxes	-	-	-	0.43	0.43	0.43
Legal and professional charges	-	-	-	0.41	4.75	5.90
Project support fees	-	-	-	2.50	30.00	39.96
Interest and finance charges	-	-	-	-	3.68	12.72
Other Expenses		-	0.05	1.19	13.02	11.07
	3,975.70	4,046.36	4,105.82	4,160.14	4,152.26	4,286.54
Less: Transfer to investment property	-		-	-	_	21.98
Add: Adjustment for provision for impairment	-	-	-	-	-	(444.63)
Less: Closing stock						
Inventory of unsold flats	55.76	247.25	312.47	388.96	434.50	504.22
Project work in progress	3,718.52	3,728.45	3,716.86	3,723.16	3,646.39	3,315.71
Cost of construction	201.42	70.66	76.49	48.01	71.37	-
(ii) Cost of mitigation program compensation	115.35	124.15	131.50	205.55	278.34	357.69
(iii) Cost of Transferable Development Rights	-	-	-	-		338.73
Total real estate development costs (i + ii + iii)	316.77	194.81	207.99	253.56	349.71	696.42
Note 32(b) Food and beverages consumed*						
Food and beverages materials at the beginning of the period / year	98.49	112.46	97.14	71.86	67.63	52.12
Purchases	424.37	758.62	682.67	629.13	431.04	424.53
Food and beverages materials at the end of the period / year	91.88	105.43	112.46	97.14	71.86	67.63
*Includes complimentaries Rs 64.12 million (March 31, 2018 : Rs 94.83 m	430.98	765.65	667.35	603.85	426.81	409.02
Note 32(c)	inion, March 31, 2017 . RS 39.23 in	illion, water 3, 2010 .	KS 33.73 million, Marci	131, 2013 . Rs 34.72 III	illion, Maich 31, 2014	. KS 32.77 million).
Operating supplies consumed						
Operating supplies materials at the beginning of the period / year		-	3.28	20.56	20.43	14.94
Purchases	118.48	256.17	215.12	172.78	306.17	127.53
Operating supplies materials at the end of the period / year	-	-	-	3.28	20.56	20.43

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

						(Rs. in million)
Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 33 Employee benefits expense						
Salaries, wages and bonus	611.28	1,085.03	986.60	892.52	733.22	571.51
Contributions to provident fund and other funds	27.92	50.48	53.54	42.89	34.37	26.31
Employee stock option expense	5.06	-	-	-	-	-
Staff welfare expenses	82.65	160.08	148.11	131.79	94.21	81.91
	726.91	1,295.59	1,188.25	1,067.20	861.80	679.73
Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 34 Finance costs						
Interest expenses	1,230.19	2,076.35	2,137.84	1,770.14	1,536.26	1,364.97
Exchange differences regarded as a adjustment to						
borrowing cost	168.55	-	-	380.29	67.44	-
Other borrowing cost	1 200 74	42.86	41.74 2.179.58	8.27	2.03	3.83 1,368.80
	1,398.74	2,119.21	2,179.58	2,158.70	1,605.73	1,508.60
Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
Note 35						
Other expenses						
Travelling and conveyance expenses	28.84	111.51	95.06	88.05	78.75	58.12
Power and fuel*	336.17	627.40	544.96	612.28	459.34	396.82
Rent	10.81	22.83	32.37	29.67	31.64	23.44
Repairs and maintenance						
- Buildings	59.00	136.88	116.63	147.65	65.81	44.26
- Plant and machinery	96.81	216.10	179.94	107.82	72.40	60.59
- Others Insurance	50.55 11.40	96.15 29.69	84.89 26.03	62.23 25.93	51.73 17.40	54.17 15.90
Rates and taxes	122.76	417.07	182.32	128.47	85.30	99.46
Business promotion expenses	186.73	383.14	336.32	273.56	221.13	181.38
Commission	105.22	229.14	212.96	140.58	99.58	107.72
Royalty and management fees	198.96	375.28	304.69	241.62	199.02	190.42
Legal and professional charges	74.58	114.49	118.51	107.40	75.90	71.50
Loss on sale of export benefits and entitlements	0.11	-	0.40	-	-	-
Provision for impairment on export benefits and			0.06			
entitlements Loss on sale of investment/written off	-	-	0.96	5.78	6.19	4.60
(Write back)/provision for diminuition in value of	-	_	-	3.76	0.19	4.00
investments	-	=	=	3.62	(6.19)	6.19
Provision for stock obsolescence	-	0.52	8.33	-	2.61	2.82
Provision for doubtful debts	17.07	20.43	1.38	1.55	=	3.23
Bad debt written off	-	=	0.48	0.86	0.28	=
Fixed assets written off	0.38	-	29.96	0.52	1.12	-
Loss on foreign exchange fluctuation (net)	452.60	-	-	11.37	5.86	124.54
Provision for doubtful Advances	9.07	-	=	-	-	-
Provision for mark to market loss on derivative contracts	-	-	-	46.66	60.49	-
Fair value changes on instruments measured at FVTPL	-	-	-	9.60	-	-
Payment to auditors (Refer Note 45)	7.73	5.61	8.95	11.91	8.30	7.26
Director sitting fees	1.47	0.40	0.39	0.36	0.36	0.33
Donation Properties before	0.06 48.09	0.50	0.13 88.82	0.28	0.30	0.51 67.33
Buyout labour Manpower contract	22.78	116.75 19.55	15.49	82.58 10.97	61.90	- 07.33
Miscellaneous expenses**	196.52	358.01	265.10	150.67	228.77	199.41
	2 025 51	2 201 45	2 655 07	2 201 00	1 927 00	1 720 00

<sup>\*</sup> Net off Rs. 23.86 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 47.70 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 15.92 million, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) on account of

recoveries.

\*\*Net off Rs. 1.17 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 1.98 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. (1.45) million, March 31, 2016: Nil, March 31, 2015: Nil, March 31, 2014: Nil) on account of recoveries.

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 36 Exceptional Items

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Exceptional Items				1 TOTOT III a	1 TOTOT IIIa	1 TOTOL III a
- Provision for impairment loss on super structure	-	-	-	-	-	(350.89)
- Provision for cost of alteration of super structure	-	-	-	-	-	(250.00)
- Provision for impairment loss on inventories	-	-	-	-	-	(93.74)
- Provision for estimated cost in relation to potential cancellation	-	(54.08)	(67.81)	(72.20)	(82.59)	(143.95)
Total	-	(54.08)	(67.81)	(72.20)	(82.59)	(838.58)

#### Note

During the year 2013-14, Hindustan Aeronautics Limited (HAL) had raised an objection with regard to the permissible height of buildings of the Group's Bengaluru Residential Project ("Project"). Pursuant to an interim order passed by the Karnataka High Court, in the petition filed by the Group, the Group had suspended construction activity at the Project and sale of flats.

Pending the outcome of the proceedings and a final closure of the matter, the Group suspended revenue recognition based on the percentage completion method after financial year ended March 31, 2014. Further, in case of cancellations subsequent to March 31, 2014, the Group reversed the revenue and derecognised margins in the respective year of cancellation. The Group also recompensed flat owners, in accordance with mitigation plans framed by the Group on account of the delay in completion of the Project.

During the year ended March 31, 2018, without prejudice to its rights and remedies under law and keeping the commercial considerations in perspective, the Board of Directors of the Group, decided that the Group should proactively consider re-commencement of construction upto the permissible limits and engage with the buyers above the 10th floor for evaluating possible options. Accordingly, the Group has reassessed the estimated cost of completion of the Project up to the 10th floor as per the aforementioned plan and has recorded the following adjustments as exceptional items as at March 31, 2018:

- i) Provision towards impairment of super structure of Rs 350.89 million and expected cost of alteration of super structure of Rs 250 million
- ii) Provision for cost of mitigation program compensation and related expenses of Rs 420.63 million in relation to potential cancellations referred to in above, net of compensation already provided for; and
- iii) Impact of revised estimated cost of completion of the project on the net realisable value of inventory resulting in write down of Rs 93.74 million.
- iv) In the event all the buyers of flats above 10th floor decide to exercise exit option, the Group has to refund Rs 944.07 million which is presently being accounted as an advance from customers.

Construction of and sales in the Project have been suspended due to an on-going litigation relating to the Project. Parties who have booked flats in the Project, are paid compensation for delay in delivery of their respective units and those who seek to cancel their bookings are repaid the advances / deposits made by them together with interest thereon, leading to considerable cash out flows for the Group.

Subsequent to March 31, 2018, the Promoter-Directors of the Company have agreed to provide funds to the Company either by themselves or through their Nominees, to meet its cash flow requirements for the Project to the extent of Rs. 2000 million by way of subscription to '0'% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of the Company, for which a Subscription Agreement has been executed by them.

The proceeds of issue of Preference Shares will be deposited in a separate Designated Bank Account of the Company and will be utilised for meeting future cash outflows of the Project. The redemption of Preference Shares shall be not later than one month prior to completion of 20 years from the date of allotment, or earlier, out of surplus from the Project, subject to applicable law/s.

For the purpose of the restated financial statements, the cost of alteration, write off of the superstructure and provision for impairment loss of inventory are reflected in the year in which the litigation had been initiated i.e. the financial year 2013-14. The impact of interest cost net off goodwill compensation and reversal of margins may be reflected in the year to which the impact relates to.

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 37 Earnings per share

							(Rs. in million)
	Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
	Basic and diluted earnings per share				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
1	(Loss)/profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	(436.69)	311.60	1,274.38	(1,124.90)	(1,263.92)	(993.83)
2 (a)	Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Basic and diluted Number of shares at the beginning of the period/year	171,095,293	171,095,293	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253
(b)	Add: on account of share pending allotment (Refer note 41)		-	7,788,921	-	-	-
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period/year	171,095,293	171,095,293	159,931,174	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253
3	Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	(2.55) *	1.82	7.97	(7.39)	(8.31)	(6.53)
4	Nominal value of shares (Rs.)	10	10	10	10	10	10

#### Note:

Weighted average number of shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year adjusted by the number of equity shares issued during year, multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the period/year.

The impact of dilution on account of ESOP is not considered as they are anti-dilutive.

<sup>\*</sup> Not annualised

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 38

Government grant

#### Export Promotion Capital Goods (EPCG) scheme

The Group under the EPCG scheme receives a grant from the Government towards import of capital goods without any levy of import duty. The Group has an obligation towards future exports of the Group.

The Group has recognised a deferred grant at the point of waiver of import duty in relation to import of capital goods. Given that the grant is conditional on fulfilment of future export obligation, the same is treated as a revenue grant and is accordingly recognised in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss on fulfilment of such obligation.

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Opening balance	-	-	134.29	178.94	-	-
Grants received during the period/year	7.19	10.00	138.21	50.49	187.84	65.55
Less: Released to statement of profit and loss	(7.19)	(10.00)	(272.49)	(95.14)	(8.90)	(65.55)
Closing balance	-	-	-	134.29	178.94	-

Served from India scheme (SFIS)/Service exports from India scheme (SEIS)

The Group under SFIS / SEIS receives an entitlement / credit to be sold separately (only in case of SEIS) or utilised against future imports.

The Group recognises income in respect of duty credit entitlement arising from export sales under the SFIS/SEIS of the Government of India in the year of exports, provided there is no significant uncertainty regarding the entitlement and availment of the credit and the amount thereof. Export credit entitlement can be utilized within specified benefit period, by way of adjustment against duties payable on purchase of capital equipments, spare parts and consumables or sale of such licenses.

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Opening balance	192.85	27.92	-	11.66	188.73	122.46
Grants received during the period / year	82.50	190.33	42.25	-	-	190.50
Less: Utilisation / written off	(20.77)	(25.40)	(14.33)	(11.66)	(177.08)	(124.22)
Closing balance	254.58	192.85	27.92	-	11.66	188.73
Income recognised in the statement of profit and loss on account of EPCG (A)	7.19	10.00	272.49	95.14	8.90	65.55
Income recognised in the statement of profit and loss on account of SFIS / SEIS (B)	82.50	190.33	42.25	-	-	190.50
Total income recognised in the statement of profit and loss (A) + (B)	89.69	200.33	314.74	95.14	8.90	256.05

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 39 Employee benefits

#### a) Defined contribution plan

The contributions paid/payable to Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance Scheme, Employees Pension Schemes, 1995 and other funds, are determined under the relevant approved schemes and/or statutes and are recognised as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service. There are no further obligations other than the contributions payable to the approved trusts/appropriate authorities.

The Group has recognised the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss for the period/year

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Employer's contribution to provident fund and ESIC	27.92	50.48	53.54	42.89	34.37	26.31
	27.92	50.48	53.54	42.89	34.37	26.31

#### b) Defined benefit plan

#### Gratuity

Particulars

The Group provides for gratuity for employees as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

The Group follows unfunded gratuity except for one of its Hotel division (Westin, Hyderabad) where fund is maintained with Life Insurance Corporation of India.

The most recent actuarial valuation of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation for gratuity was carried out as at September 30, 2018. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the details of the employee benefit obligation and the plan assets as at balance sheet date:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Defined benefit obligation	72.72	66.73	82.55	72.36	64.51	53.70
Fair value of plan assets	(1.39)	(1.41)	(1.22)	(1.41)	(1.80)	(1.73)
Net defined benefit (assets)/obligations	71.33	65.32	81.34	70.95	62.71	51.97

Sentember 30, 2018 March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015, March 31, 2014

#### Fair value of the plan assets and present value of the defined benefit liabilities

The amount included in the Balance sheet arising from the Group's obligations and plan assets in respect of its defined benefit schemes is as follows:

rarticulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2010	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Movement in defined benefit obligations:						
At the beginning of the period/year	66.73	82.55	72.36	64.51	53.70	42.99
Liabilities assumed on business combination		-	1.53	-	-	-
Recognised in profit or loss						
Current service cost	3.44	8.23	10.58	10.12	8.09	5.49
Interest cost	2.21	5.52	5.57	5.10	4.85	3.44
Recognised in other comprehensive income						
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations -						
Due to change in demographic assumptions	-	(8.64)	2.95	(1.13)	(1.09)	(8.09)
Due to change in financial assumptions	(1.55)	(1.15)	(4.24)	5.42	4.86	1.87
Due to experience	7.33	(12.75)	1.09	(6.22)	0.22	10.95
Benefit paid	(5.44)	(7.03)	(7.29)	(5.44)	(6.10)	(2.95)
At the end of the period/year	72.72	66.73	82.55	72.36	64.51	53.70
	Movement in defined benefit obligations:  At the beginning of the period/year Liabilities assumed on business combination Recognised in profit or loss  Current service cost Interest cost Recognised in other comprehensive income Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations - Due to change in demographic assumptions Due to experience Benefit paid	Movement in defined benefit obligations:         66.73           At the beginning of the period/year         66.73           Liabilities assumed on business combination         86.73           Recognised in profit or loss         3.44           Interest cost         2.21           Recognised in other comprehensive income         8           Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations - Due to change in demographic assumptions         -           Due to change in financial assumptions         (1.55)           Due to experience         7.33           Benefit paid         (5.44)	Movement in defined benefit obligations:           At the beginning of the period/year         66.73         82.55           Liabilities assumed on business combination         -           Recognised in profit or loss         -         -           Current service cost         3.44         8.23           Interest cost         2.21         5.52           Recognised in other comprehensive income         -         -           Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations -         -         -         (8.64)           Due to change in demographic assumptions         -         -         (8.64)           Due to experience         7.33         (12.75)           Benefit paid         (5.44)         (7.03)	Movement in defined benefit obligations:           At the beginning of the period/year         66.73         82.55         72.36           Liabilities assumed on business combination         -         1.53           Recognised in profit or loss	Movement in defined benefit obligations:         Proforma           At the beginning of the period/year         66.73         82.55         72.36         64.51           Liabilities assumed on business combination         66.73         82.55         72.36         64.51           Liabilities assumed on business combination         5         1.53         -           Recognised in profit or loss         2         1.53         10.12           Current service cost         3.44         8.23         10.58         10.12           Interest cost         2.21         5.52         5.57         5.10           Recognised in other comprehensive income         8.23         10.58         10.12           Recognised in other comprehensive income         8.64         2.95         5.10           Due to change in demographic assumptions         -         (8.64)         2.95         (1.13)           Due to change in demographic assumptions         (1.55)         (1.15)         (4.24)         5.42           Due to experience         7.33         (12.75)         1.09         (6.22)           Benefit paid         (5.44)         (7.03)         (7.29)         (5.44)	Movement in defined benefit obligations:         Proforma         Proforma           At the beginning of the period/year         66.73         82.55         72.36         64.51         53.70           Liabilities assumed on business combination         -         1.53         -         -           Liabilities assumed on business combination         -         1.53         -         -           Recognised in profit or loss         -         -         1.53         10.12         8.09           Interest cost         3.44         8.23         10.58         10.12         8.09           Interest cost         2.21         5.52         5.57         5.10         4.85           Recognised in other comprehensive income         -         -         8.64         2.95         (1.13)         (1.09)           Due to change in demographic assumptions         -         8.64         2.95         (1.13)         (1.09)           Due to change in financial assumptions         (1.55)         (1.15)         (4.24)         5.42         4.86           Due to experience         7.33         (12.75)         1.09         (6.22)         0.22           Benefit paid         (5.44)         (7.03)         (7.29)         (5.44)         (6.10)

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 39 Employee benefits (Continued)

#### b) Defined benefit plan (Continued)

	Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
2	Movement in fair value of plan assets:						
	At the beginning of the period/year	1.41	1.22	1.41	1.80	1.73	1.62
	Recognised in profit or loss						
	Interest income	0.05	0.08	0.11	0.14	0.16	0.13
	Expected return on plan assets	0.04	(0.04)	(0.11)	(0.07)	(0.04)	(0.02)
	Employer contributions	0.95	1.20	1.84	0.76	1.03	-
	Benefit paid	(1.05)	(1.05)	(2.03)	(1.22)	(1.08)	-
	At the end of the period/year	1.39	1.41	1.22	1.41	1.80	1.73
3	Recognised in profit or loss						
	Current service cost	3.44	8.23	10.58	10.12	8.09	5.49
	Interest expense	2.21	5.52	5.57	5.10	4.85	3.44
	Interest income	(0.05)	(0.08)	(0.11)	(0.14)	(0.16)	(0.13)
	For the year	5.61	13.68	16.05	15.08	12.79	8.80
4	Recognised in other comprehensive income						
	Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations	5.78	(22.54)	(0.20)	(1.93)	3.98	4.73
	For the year	5.78	(22.54)	(0.20)	(1.93)	3.98	4.73

<sup>5</sup> Plan assets for this Fund are insurance funds. (100%)

#### (i) Employees of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Rate of increase in salaries (%)	7.00% - 8.00%	7.00% - 8.00%	5.89% - 10.00%	8.50% - 13.00%	8% - 14.00%	8.30% - 15.00%
Discount rate (%)	7.81%	6.63%	6.85%	7.54%	7.90%	9.03%
Rate of employee turnover(%)	26.00% - 51.85%	26.00% - 51.85%	16.8% - 41.50%	15.59% - 63.60%	14.35% - 78.00%	8.00% - 30.61%
Mortality rate during employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)				

#### (ii) Employees of undertaking demerged from Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (Refer note 41)

Particulars	March 31, 2017
Rate of increase in salaries	7.00%
Discount rate	6.35%
Rate of employee turnover	45.00% - 55.31%
Mortality rate during employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)

<sup>6</sup> The principal actuarial assumptions used for estimating the Group's benefit obligations are set out below (on a weighted average basis):

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 39

Employee benefits (Continued)

#### b) Defined benefit plan (Continued)

#### 7 Sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation

	September 30, 2018		March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(1.08)	1.48	(1.16)	1.21	(2.91)	3.21
Rate of increase in salaries (1% movement)	1.47	(1.10)	1.18	(1.16)	3.10	(2.88)
Rate of employee turnover (1% movement)	(0.10)	0.44	(0.31)	0.30	(0.74)	0.79

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	March 31, 2016 Proforma		, 2015 ma
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(2.81)	3.07	(2.10)	3.08
Rate of increase in salaries (1% movement)	2.97	2.77	2.93	(2.72)
Rate of employee turnover (1% movement)	(0.63)	0.68	(0.80)	0.87

	March 31, 2014 Proforma		
	Increase	Decrease	
Discount rate (1% movement)	(1.98)	(1.75)	
Rate of increase in salaries (1% movement)	2.44	2.20	
Rate of employee turnover (1% movement)	0.05	(0.48)	

The above sensitivity analysis have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the reporting date. In practice, generally it does not occur. When we change one variable, it affects to others. In calculating the sensitivity, project unit credit method at the end of the reporting period has been applied.

Although the analysis does not take account of the full distribution of cash flows expected under the plan, it does provide an approximation of the sensitivity of the assumptions shown.

8 Expected contributions to gratuity fund for the year ended March 31, 2019 is Rs 6.37 million.

#### The expected future cash flows as at each reporting date were as follows:

Particulars	Up to 1 year	Between 1-2 years	Between 2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
September 30, 2018	24.07	17.96	29.24	11.97	83.24
March 31, 2018	23.01	15.14	25.87	10.47	74.49
March 31, 2017	16.78	13.77	34.54	23.98	89.07
March 31, 2016 Proforma	11.95	10.01	28.07	31.23	81.26
March 31, 2015 Proforma	9.10	8.39	24.61	30.45	72.55
March 31, 2014 Proforma	16.97	4.66	15.99	19.35	56.97

#### c) Short-term compensated absences

Compensated absences, classified as other long-term employee benefits, is recognised as an expense and included in "Employee benefits expense" in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss. The following table provides details in relation to such compensated absences.

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Expense for the period/year	9.37	12.81	3.51	12.23	15.59	13.58
Closing balance	66.38	56.72	53.87	55.19	50.78	40.74

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 40 Operating leases

#### A. Leases as lessor

The Group leases out its investment property on operating lease basis (Refer note 4). Also, the Group leases office premises and shops in hotel premises.

i) Amount recognised in Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss

Description	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Income from lease of shops in hotels included in revenue from operations	9.27	4.72	11.39	-	-	-
Income from lease of office premises included in revenue from operations	33.44	49.71	57.53	7.73	7.08	-
Income from lease of investment properties included in revenue from operations	85.77	111.94	45.31	-	-	-
Total	128.48	166.37	114.23	7.73	7.08	-

ii) Future minimum lease receivables under non cancellable operating lease of shops in hotels

Future minimum lease receivables	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Less than one year	17.41	16.44	35.75	2.53	3.39	5.00
Between one and five years	35.69	45.97	27.62	2.09	-	3.11
More than five years	20.44	19.13	-	-	-	-
Total	73.54	81.54	63.37	4.62	3.39	8.12

iii) Future minimum lease receivables under non cancellable operating lease of investment properties and office premises

Future minimum lease receivables	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Less than one year	185.81	122.42	51.12	-	-	-
Between one and five years	617.65	401.76	225.56	-	-	-
More than five years	198.84	281.30	295.26	-	-	-
Total	1,002.30	805.48	571.94	-	-	-

#### B. Leases as lessee

The Group has taken lease on office premises and land on lease on which the Four Points by Sheraton Vashi Hotel is situated. All agreements are cancellable at short notice.

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Lease expense in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss	10.81	22.83	32.37	29.67	31.64	23.44

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 41 Scheme of Arrangements

#### a. Scheme of Arrangement - Hotel and Retail undertaking

The Board of Directors of a subsidiary company namely, Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (Magna) at their meeting held on October 26, 2013 had approved the "Scheme of Arrangement" to demerge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking (together referred to as 'Demerged Undertaking') at Bengaluru to a company namely Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (Genext) under Section 391 read with Section 394 of the Companies Act, 1956, with effect from April 1, 2013, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of the Shareholders, Honourable High Court of Karnataka at Bangalore and Honourable High Court of Bombay and other statutory and regulatory authorities.

The said Scheme received the approval of the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka at Bangalore vide orders passed on January 9, 2015 and July 31, 2015 and Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay vide orders passed on July 17, 2015 and August 14, 2015 and other statutory and regulatory authorities. The Scheme has become effective September 11, 2015.

The demerger was accounted under the Scheme of Arrangement approved by the respective Hon'ble High Courts. The Company has given effect to the Scheme from the appointed date in accordance with the accounting treatment as per the orders of respective Hon'ble High courts.

In accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Scheme:

- i) The approved share swap ratio is 1 equity share of the face value of Rs. 10 each fully paid-up of Genext for every 280 equity shares of the face value of Rs. 10 each fully paid-up and 1 Non-cumulative redeemable preference share of Rs. 100,000 each of Genext for every 1 Non-cumulative redeemable preference share of the face value of Rs 100,000 of the Demerged Undertaking shareholders. Accordingly, for a total consideration of Rs 160,617,450 Genext will allot and issue 220 equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid-up and 1,600 Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 100,000 each to the shareholders of the Demerged Undertaking in the financial year 2015-16.
- ii) The Accounting Standard 14 Accounting for Amalgamations, deals with amalgamations, and the accounting treatment specified in the Scheme in respect of the demerger for the 'Demerged company' is not envisaged under AS 14. The demerger has been given effect to as per the accounting treatment specified in the Scheme and approved by the respective Hon'ble High courts.
- iii) The transfer of assets and liabilities of Demerged Undertaking at book value has been effected from the "Appointed date" of April 1, 2013, as defined in the Scheme.
- iv) Book value of assets and liabilities related to the Demerged Undertaking transferred with effect from the Appointed date i.e. April 1, 2013 are as under:

Particulars	Amount
Assets	
Property, plant and equipment	3,326.20
Non-current investments	1,972.21
Long-term loans and advances	151.35
Other non-current assets	49.49
Inventories	48.70
Trade receivables	35.89
Cash and bank balances	19.94
Other current assets	13.97
	5,617.75
Liabilities	
Preference share capital	160.00
Reserves and surplus	(252.19)
Long-term borrowings	3,394.63
Other long-term liabilities	77.93
Long-term provisions	2.67
Short-term borrowings	1,339.36
Trade payables	47.01
Other current liabilities	832.96
Short-term provisions	15.38
	5,617.75
Net assets taken over	
1100 disolis dikon 0.01	-

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 41 Scheme of Arrangements

#### b. Merger of Hotel and Retail undertaking of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited with the Company

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on January 5, 2017, approved the demerger proposal and approved the "Scheme of Arrangement" ('the Scheme') to demerge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Transferor Company") with the Company ("Transferoe Company") under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, with effect from November 1, 2016, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) at Mumbai.

The said Scheme received the approval of the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) at Mumbai and Bangalore and other statutory and regulatory authorities on September 11, 2017. The Scheme has become effective October 1, 2017.

The scheme has been accounted in a manner prescribed by the Hon'ble court order. The book values of the assets, liabilities and reserves of the Transferor company as of November 1, 2016 have been recorded and the identity of the reserves have been maintained. The consideration for such merger was Rs. 189.53 million in the form of equity shares. Such equity shares were issued during the year ended March 31, 2018 and accordingly has been presented as shares pending allotment in the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017. Further, the effect of shares pending allotment has been appropriately considered for computation of basic and diluted earnings per share from the Appointed Date.

The excess of book value of the net assets and reserves of the Transferor Company taken over, amounting to Rs. 189.53 million over the face value of the shares issued by the transferee Company has been debited to the Goodwill as per the Scheme. Further, the results of the operations of the hotel and retail undertaking have been incorporated with effect from November 1, 2016. Accordingly, the results for the periods covered by Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss may not be comparable.

Book value of assets and liabilities related to the commercial business transferred to Company i.e. November 1, 2016 are as under:

Particulars	Amount
Property, plant and equipment	2,524.06
Capital work in progress	13.58
Other intangible assets	2.39
Investment property	1,433.55
Investment property under construction	301.52
Non-current investment	1.00
Loans	26.79
Non-current tax assets (net)	58.28
Other non-current assets	18.37
Current assets	ļ.
Inventories	31.36
Trade receivables	89.98
Cash and cash equivalents	40.37
Bank balances other than above	58.22
Loans	0.06
Other financial assets	0.64
Other current assets	21.57
	4,621.74
Liabilities	
Other equity	(1,964.42)
Non-current liabilities	
Borrowings	3,263.44
Provisions	0.15
Current liabilities	
Borrowings	2,120.15
Deferred tax liability	43.93
Trade and other payables	85.69
Other financial liabilities	929.95
Other current liabilities	65.56
Provisions	77.29
	4,621.74
	,

For the five months ended March 31, 2017, Transferor Company contributed revenue of Rs. 716.65 million and loss (after tax) of Rs. 34.29 million to the Group's results

If the acquisition had occurred on April 1, 2016, management estimates that consolidated revenue would have been higher by Rs 847.97 million and consolidated restated profit after tax would have been lower by Rs. 73.41 million.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## **Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)**

(Rs. in million)

Note 42 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Contingent liabilities						
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts						
Disputed service tax demands	95.27	96.57	145.17	148.96	103.92	95.15
Disputed VAT demands	12.70	12.70	3.53	10.58	8.99	8.40
Disputed license fee (excise demand)	-	-	-	1.36	1.36	-
Disputed provident fund demands	5.80	5.80	5.80	3.78	-	-
Disputed income tax demands	-	-	0.47	0.82	0.82	3.30
Claim from third party	-	-	1.95	-	-	-
Property tax	0.30	27.55	27.25	-	-	-
ESIC	-	0.35	-	-	-	-
SFIS / SEIS Scheme	224.07	5.74	5.74	-	-	-

a. The Group is a party to various other proceedings in the normal course of business and does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have an adverse effect on its financial conditions, results of operations or cash flows.

## Commitments

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	49.44	60.82	46.26	213.58	596.91	1,718.48

Note 43

Dues to micro and small suppliers

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March,31 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
The amounts remaining unpaid to micro and small suppliers as at the end of the period/year						
Principal	5.85	4.55	1.86	0.70	0.19	0.23
Interest	0.01	0.23	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.13
The amount of interest paid by the buyer as per the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006)	-	-	-	-	-	-
The amounts of the payments made to micro and small suppliers beyond the appointed day during each accounting period/year	-	-	-	-	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006	-	-	-	-	0.41	0.05
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting period/year	0.57	0.75	0.55	0.93	0.49	0.45
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act, 2006	-	-	-	-	-	-

b. Further, claims by parties in respect of which the Management has been legally advised that the same are frivolous and not tenable, have not been considered as contingent liabilities as the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is highly remote.

c. In December 2005, the Group had purchased the entire building comprising of the hotel and apartments therein, together with a demarcated portion of the leasehold rights to land at Vashi (Navi Mumbai) from K. Raheja Corp Private Limited. The Group has been operating the Four Points By Sheraton Hotel at the said premises. Two Public Interest Litigations challenging the allotment of land by CIDCO to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited had been filed in FY 2003-04. During the financial year 2014-15, the Honourable High Court at Bombay ordered K. Raheja Corp Private Limited to demolish the structure and hand back the land to CIDCO. K Raheja Corp Private Limited has filed a special leave petition against the order in the Supreme Court on 22 January 2015 directed the maintenance of a status quo. Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter no adjustments have been made in the restated consolidated financial information. The balance of prepaid lease rental in relation to such leasehold land as of September 30, 2018 is Rs. 53.92 million (March 31, 2018 is Rs. 54.22 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 55.71 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 56.91 million, March 31, 2015: 58.11 million) and carrying value of property, plant and equipment as at September 30, 2018 is Rs 443.78 million (March 31, 2018: Rs. 449.27 million, March 31, 2017: Rs. 474.47 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 510.23 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 562.92 million).

d. The Directorate of Revenue Intelligence ("DRI") has issued a show-cause notice dated November 29, 2018 to the Company in respect of import of goods against SFIS Scrip/License under Foreign Trade Policy 2004-09 and 2009-14 and the post-export service benefits availed, under the provisions of the Customs Act, 1962 directing the Company to show cause as to why duty amounting to ₹ 195.18 million and ₹ 23.14 million, plus interest and penalty as may be levied under the Customs Act, should not be recovered.

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## **Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)**

(Rs. in million)

## Note 44 Specified Bank Notes

Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 was amended by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide Notification G.S.R. 308(E) dated 30 March 2017. The said amendment requires the Company to disclose the details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period from 8 November 2016 to 30 December 2016. For the purpose of this clause, the term 'Specific Bank Notes' shall have the same meaning provided in the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs number S.O. 3407 (E), dated the 8th November, 2016.

The details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period 08/11/2016 to 30/12/2016 are provided in the table below:-

Particulars	Specified Bank Notes	Other Denomination Notes	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016	3.51	1.83	5.34
(+) Permitted receipts	-	26.73	26.73
(-) Permitted payments	0.01	12.67	12.68
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	3.50	12.45	15.95
Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016	-	3.45	3.45

## Note 45 Payment to auditors

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma *	March 31, 2015 Proforma *	March 31, 2014 Proforma *
Audit fees	5.28	4.64	6.89	6.69	6.81	5.83
Tax audit fees	-	0.40	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.02
Other services	2.00	0.57	0.85	3.96	0.49	0.35
Out of pocket expenses	0.44	-	0.21	0.26	-	0.07
Amount debited to Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and	7.73	5.61	8.95	11.91	8.30	7.26
Loss						
GST / Service Tax	0.98	0.10	1.34	1.72	1.03	0.89
Total	8.71	5.71	10.29	13.63	9.33	8.15

<sup>\*</sup> payment made to erstwhile auditors.

## Note 46

## **Corporate Social responsibility**

The Group in light of losses incurred in the past years is not required to spend any amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility for the period/years ended September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 respectively.

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 47 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

(Rs. in million)

#### (A) Accounting classification and fair values

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of

		Carrying amount				value	
September 30, 2018	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non-current financial assets							
Investment in equity shares	43.04	-	43.04	-	-	43.04	43.04
Other investments	-	0.13	0.13	-	0.13	-	0.13
Loans	-	101.72	101.72	-	101.72	-	101.72
Other non-current financial assets	-	50.07	50.07	-	50.07	-	50.07
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	-	533.72	533.72	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	340.85	340.85	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	20.83	20.83	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	1,633.38	1,633.38	-	-	-	-
Other current financial assets	-	254.58	254.58	-	-	-	-
Derivative asset	31.08	-	31.08	-	31.08	-	31.08
	74.12	2,935.28	3,009.40		183.00	43.04	226.04
Non-current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	_	23,484.42	23,484.42	-	23,484.42	_	23,484.42
Other non-current financial liabilities	_	115.76	115.76	_	115.76	-	115.76
Current financial liabilities				_	_	-	
Borrowings	_	1,195,06	1.195.06	-	-	_	_
Trade payables	_	804.66	804.66	_	-	-	_
Other financial liabilities	_	2,572.52	2,572.52	_	_	_	_
Derivative liability	_	2,072.02	2,572.52	_	_	_	_
Derivative natinity		28,172.42	28,172.42		23,600.18	-	23,600.18
		20,172112	20,27212		20,000110		20,000110
		Carrying amount			Fair	value	
Manch 21 2019	EVTDI	Amouticed Cost	Total	Lowel 1	Larvel 2	Larvel 2	Total
March 31, 2018	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non-current financial assets		Amortised Cost		Level 1			
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares	FVTPL 43.04	-	43.04	-	-	43.04	43.04
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments		0.13	43.04 0.13	Level 1	0.13		43.04 0.13
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans		0.13 114.05	43.04 0.13 114.05	-	0.13 114.05	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets		0.13	43.04 0.13	-	0.13	43.04	43.04 0.13
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets		0.13 114.05 50.00	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00	- - -	0.13 114.05	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables		0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12	- - -	0.13 114.05	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents		0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21	- - -	0.13 114.05	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances		0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50	- - -	0.13 114.05	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans		0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29	- - -	0.13 114.05	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans Other current financial assets	43.04 - - - - - - -	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85	- - -	0.13 114.05 50.00	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans	43.04 - - - - -	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29	- - - - - -	0.13 114.05 50.00	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans Other current financial assets	43.04 - - - - - - -	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85	- - - - - - - -	0.13 114.05 50.00	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans Other current financial assets	43.04 - - - - - - - 14.38	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 14.38	- - - - - - - -	0.13 114.05 50.00	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans Other current financial assets Derivative asset	43.04 - - - - - - - 14.38	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 14.38	- - - - - - - -	0.13 114.05 50.00	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans Other current financial assets Derivative asset	43.04 - - - - - - - 14.38	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 14.38 3,619.57		0.13 114.05 50.00 - - - - 14.38 178.56	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 - - - 14.38 221.60
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Current financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans Other current financial assets Derivative asset  Non-current financial liabilities Borrowings Other non-current financial liabilities	43.04 - - - - - - - 14.38	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 14.38 3,619.57		0.13 114.05 50.00 - - - 14.38 178.56	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 14.38 221.60
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans Other current financial assets Derivative asset  Non-current financial liabilities Borrowings Other non-current financial liabilities Current financial liabilities	43.04 - - - - - - - 14.38	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 14.38 3,619.57		0.13 114.05 50.00 - - - 14.38 178.56	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 14.38 221.60
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans Other current financial assets Derivative asset  Non-current financial liabilities Borrowings Other non-current financial liabilities Current financial liabilities Borrowings	43.04 - - - - - - - 14.38	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 - 3,562.15	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 14.38 3,619.57		0.13 114.05 50.00 - - - 14.38 178.56	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 14.38 221.60
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans Other current financial assets Derivative asset  Non-current financial liabilities Borrowings Other non-current financial liabilities Current financial liabilities Borrowings Trade payables	43.04	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 - 3,562.15 22,151.53 151.77	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 14.38 3,619.57 22,151.53 151.77 1,634.16 858.80	- - - - - - - - - - - - -	0.13 114.05 50.00 - - - 14.38 178.56	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 14.38 221.60
Non-current financial assets Investment in equity shares Other investments Loans Other non-current financial assets Current financial assets Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances Loans Other current financial assets Derivative asset  Non-current financial liabilities Borrowings Other non-current financial liabilities Current financial liabilities Borrowings	43.04	0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 - - 3,562.15 22,151.53 151.77	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 539.12 295.21 21.50 2,349.29 192.85 14.38 3,619.57		0.13 114.05 50.00 - - - 14.38 178.56	43.04	43.04 0.13 114.05 50.00 14.38 221.60

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### $Annexure \ VI - Notes \ to \ the \ Restated \ Consolidated \ Summary \ Financial \ Information \ (Continued)$

Note 47 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

#### (A) Accounting classification and fair values (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

		Carrying amount				value	
March 31, 2017	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non-current financial assets							
Investment in equity shares	2.95	-	2.95	-	-	2.95	2.95
Other investments	=	0.13	0.13	-	0.13	-	0.13
Loans	-	105.48	105.48	-	105.48	-	105.48
Current financial assets	-	-					
Trade receivables	-	296.20	296.20				-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	228.30	228.30	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	103.44	103.44	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	1,793.47	1,793.47	-	-	-	-
Others	-	30.07	30.07	-	-	-	-
Derivative assets	8.72	-	8.72	-	8.72	-	8.72
	11.67	2,557.09	2,568.76		114.33	2.95	117.28
Non-current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	-	20,505.76	20,505.76	_	20,505.76	-	20,505.76
Other non-current financial liabilities	-	118.98	118.98	-	118.98	-	118.98
Current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	_	3,247,45	3,247.45	_	_	_	_
Trade payables	_	846.74	846.74	_	_	_	_
Other financial liabilities	_	2,933.57	2,933.57	_	_	_	_
Derivative liability	104.56	2,755.57	104.56	_	104.56	_	104.56
Derivative manney	104.56	27,652.50	27,757.06		20,729.30		20,729.30
		Carrying amount			Fair	value	
March 31, 2016 - Proforma	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non-current financial assets							
Investment in equity shares	331.40	=	331.40	-	=	331.40	331.40
Other investments	=	142.84	142.84	-	142.84	=	142.84
Loans	=	117.17	117.17	-	117.17	=	117.17
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	-	181.38	181.38	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	214.75	214.75	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	131.82	131.82	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	1,355.59	1,355.59	-	-	-	-
Others				-	-	-	-
	331.40	2,143.55	2,474.95	-	260.01	331.40	591.41
Non-current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	-	19,022.83	19,022.83	-	19,022.83	-	19,022.83
Other non-current financial liabilities	-	53.03	53.03	-	53.03	-	53.03
Current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	-	2,583.17	2,583.17	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	651.89	651.89	-	=	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	2,211.70	2,211.70	-	-	-	-
Derivative liability	107.15		107.15	-	107.15	-	107.15

19,183.01

19,183.01

107.15

24,522.62

24,629.77

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 47 (Continued)

Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

#### (A) Accounting classification and fair values (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

		Carrying amount			Fair	value	
March 31, 2015 - Proforma	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non-current financial assets							
Investment in equity shares	0.01	-	0.01	-	-	0.01	0.01
Other investments	-	128.40	128.40	-	128.40	-	128.40
Loans	-	110.81	110.81	-	110.81	-	110.81
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	-	100.82	100.82	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	_	179.27	179.27	_	-	_	_
Other bank balances	-	138.73	138.73	-	-	-	-
Loans	_	971.76	971.76	_	-	_	_
Others	_	11.66	11.66	_	-	_	_
	0.01	1,641.45	1,641.46	-	239.21	0.01	239.22
Non-current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	_	15,387.03	15,387.03	_	15,387.03	_	15,387.03
Other non-current financial liabilities	=	26.62	26.62	-	26.62	-	26.62
Other non-current financial habilities	=	20.02	20.02	-	20.02	-	20.02
Current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	-	1,807.68	1,807.68	-	=	-	-
Trade payables	-	598.71	598.71	-	=	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	4,241.93	4,241.93	-	-	-	-
Derivative liability	60.49	-	60.49	-	60.49	-	60.49
	60.49	22,061.97	22,122.46	-	15,474.14		15,474.14
		Carrying amount			Fair	value	
March 31, 2014 - Proforma	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non-current financial assets							
Towns and the constitute of the con-	0.01		0.01			0.01	0.01
Investment in equity shares	0.01	- 115.40	0.01	-	115.40	0.01	0.01
Other investments	-	115.40	115.40	-	115.40	-	115.40
Loans	-	156.42	156.42	-	156.42	-	156.42
Current financial assets							
Trade receivables	-	156.98	156.98	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	927.72	927.72	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	96.64	96.64	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	1,834.99	1,834.99	-	-	-	-
Others	0.01	188.73 <b>3,476.88</b>	188.73 <b>3,476.89</b>	-	271.82	0.01	271.83
	0.01	3,470.00	3,470.07		2/1.02	0.01	2/1.03
Non-current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	-	14,205.80	14,205.80	-	14,205.80	-	14,205.80
Other non-current financial liabilities	-	15.39	15.39	-	15.39	-	15.39
Current financial liabilities							
Borrowings	-	1,414.45	1,414.45	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	589.42	589.42	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	2,394.15	2,394.15	-	-	-	_
Derivative liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
,	-	18,619.21	18,619.21	-	14,221.19	-	14,221.19
	-		,		,		,== 2127

#### (ii) Valuation techniques used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include :

- the fair value of certain unlisted equity shares are determined based on the income approach or the comparable market approach.
- the fair value for the currency swap is determined using forward exchange rate for balance maturity
- the fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves
- the fair value of the forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date.
- the fair value preference shares and the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis. The valuation model considers the present value of expected receipt/payment discounted using appropriate discounting rates.

The investments included in level 3 of the fair value hierarchy have been valued using the discounted cashflow technique to arrive at the fair value.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

#### (A) Accounting classification and fair values (Continued)

#### $(iii)\ Fair\ value\ measurements\ using\ significant\ unobservable\ inputs\ (level\ 3)$

Reconciliation of level 3 fair values FVTPL Equity shares Balance at April 1, 2018 43.04 Additions during the period 43.04 Balance at September 30, 2018 Balance at April 1, 2017 2.95 Additions during the year 40.09 43.04 Balance at March 31, 2018 Balance at April 1, 2016 - Proforma 331.40 Sale / disposal during the year (328.45)Balance at March 31, 2017 2.95 Balance at April 1, 2015 - Proforma 0.01 Additions during the year 331.39 Balance at March 31, 2016 - Proforma 331.40 Balance at April 1, 2014 - Proforma 0.01 Change in fair value Balance at March 31, 2015 - Proforma 0.01

#### (iv) Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements.

See (ii) above for the valuation techniques adopted.

Particulars	Significant unobservable inputs					
	As at September 30, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Discount rate	21.00%	21.00%	21.00%	21.00%	-	-
Capitalisation rate	11.00%	11.00%	11.00%	11.00%	-	-

#### (v) Sensitivity analysis

For the fair values of FVTPL equity shares, reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the significant unobservable inputs, holding other inputs constant, would have the following effects.

		Pro	ofit or loss		
	September 30, 2018		arch 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	
	Increase by 100 Decrea	se by 100 Increase	by Decrease b	y Increase by Decreas	e by 100
	bps bps	100 bps	100 bps	100 bps bps	
Discount rate	(0.05)	0.05 (0	0.05) 0.05	5 (0.05)	0.05
Capitalisation rate	(0.05)	0.06 (0	0.05) 0.06	5 (0.05)	0.06

		Profit	or loss		
	March 31, 2016 - Proforma M		March 31, 2015 - Proforma		2014 - Proforma
	Increase by 100 Decre	ase by 100 Increase by	Decrease by	Increase by	Decrease by 100
	bps bps	100 bps	100 bps	100 bps	bps
Discount rate	(8.09)	8.62 -	-	-	-
Capitalisation rate	(8.36)	10.03	-	-	-

#### Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- · Credit risk:
- · Liquidity risk;
- Market risk:

#### Risk management framework

The Group's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board of Directors is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 47

#### Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

#### (B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances, derivatives and investment securities. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure.

#### (a) Trade receivables from customers

The Group does not have any significant credit exposure in relation to revenue generated from the hospitality business. For other segments, the Group has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before entering into a contract. Sale limits are established for each customer, reviewed regularly and any sales exceeding those limits require approval from the appropriate authorities. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group.

#### Impairment

The ageing of trade and other receivables that were not impaired was as follows.

(a) Trade Receivables considered good - Secured;	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
(b) Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured;						
Past due not impaired						
1-90 days	415.42	421.34	267.39	156.84	76.03	128.74
90-180 days	42.75	45.40	13.16	15.55	13.73	14.49
180-365 days	15.59	48.20	14.29	6.78	4.08	6.27
More than 365 days	13.00	24.18	1.35	2.21	6.98	7.48
Total	486.75	539.12	296.20	181.38	100.82	156.98
(c) Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk; and	46.97	-	-	-	-	-
(d) Trade Receivables - credit impaired	33.47	16.40	9.22	6.29	4.74	6.02

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of other receivables during the period / year was as follows:

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 - Proforma	March 31, 2015 - Proforma	March 31, 2014 - Proforma
Balance as at April 1	16.40	9.22	6.29	4.74	6.02	2.99
Impairment loss recognised / (reversed)	17.07	6.66	2.45	0.69	(1.56)	3.03
Amounts written off	-	0.52	0.48	0.86	0.28	-
Balance as at September 30/March 31	33.47	16.40	9.22	6.29	4.74	6.02

#### (b) Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances

The cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances are held with bank and financial institution counterparties with good credit rating.

#### (c) Derivatives

The derivatives are entered into with banks, financial institutions and other counterparties with good credit ratings. Further exposures to counter-parties are closely monitored and kept within the approved limits.

#### (d) Other financial assets

Other financial assets are neither past due nor impaired.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 47

#### Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

#### (C) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

#### Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

			(	Contractual casl	n flows		
September 30, 2018	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Non current, non derivative financial liabilities							
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term debt)	25,698.91	34,058.27	4,218.17	4,595.54	16,540.14	8,704.42	
Security deposits	115.76	115.76	-	115.76	-	-	
Current, non derivative financial liabilities							
Borrowings	1,195.06	1,195.06	1,195.06	-	-	-	
Trade payables	804.66	804.66	804.66	-	-	-	
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current maturity of long term debt and derivative contracts)	358.03	358.03	358.03	-	-	-	
Derivative financial liabilities							
Interest rate swap	(31.08)	(31.08)	(31.08)	-	-	-	
Forward exchange contract (gross settled)							
- Outflow	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Inflow	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	28,141.34	36,500.70	6,544.84	4,711.30	16,540.14	8,704.42	

			(	Contractual casl	n flows	
March 31, 2018	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non current, non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term debt)	25,618.93	34,700.30	5,585.68	4,637.83	17,249.46	7,227.33
Security deposits	151.77	151.77	-	151.77	-	-
Current, non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	1,634.16	1,634.16	1,634.16	-	-	-
Trade payables	858.80	858.80	858.80	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current	256.41	256.41	256.41	-	-	-
maturity of long term debt and derivative contracts)						
Derivative financial liabilities						
Interest rate swap	(17.29)	(17.29)	(17.29)	-	-	-
Forward exchange contract (gross settled)						
- Outflow	1,351.18	1,351.18	1,351.18	-	-	-
- Inflow	(1,300.88)	(1,300.88)	(1,300.88)	-	-	-
Total	28,553.08	37,634.45	8,368.06	4,789.60	17,249.46	7,227.33

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 47 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (*Continued*)

			(	Contractual cas	n flows	
March 31, 2017	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non current, non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term debt)	23,111.28	33,382.96	4,597.17	5,082.33	12,317.33	11,386.13
Security deposits	115.42	115.42	-	115.42	-	-
Retention money	3.56	3.56	-	3.56	-	-
Current, non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	3,247.45	3,247.45	3,247.45	-	-	-
Trade payables	846.74	846.74	846.74	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current maturity of long term debt and derivative contracts)	328.05	328.05	328.05	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities						
Currency swap	40.18	40.18	40.18	-	-	-
Interest rate swap	23.73	23.73	23.73	-	-	-
Forward exchange contract (gross settled)						
- Outflow	1,391.45	1,391.45	1,391.45	-	-	-
- Inflow	(1,296.77)	(1,296.77)	(1,296.77)	-	-	-
Total	27,811.09	38,082.77	9,178.00	5,201.31	12,317.33	11,386.13

#### $(C) \ Liquidity \ risk \ (Continued)$

			(	Contractual casl	ı flows	
March 31, 2016 - Proforma	Carrying	Total	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5
	amount		year			years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non current, non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term	20,923.22	32,112.27	3,991.03	4,150.84	11,415.41	12,554.99
debt)						
Security deposits	13.45	13.45	-	13.45	-	-
Retention money	39.58	39.58	-	39.58	-	-
Current, non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	2,583.17	2,583.17	2,583.17	-	-	-
Trade payables	651.89	651.89	651.89	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current	311.31	311.31	311.31	-	-	-
maturity of long term debt and derivative contracts)						
Derivative financial liabilities						
Currency swap	104.45	104.45	104.45	-	-	-
Interest rate swap	2.70	2.70	2.70	-	-	-
Total	24,629.77	35,818.82	7,644.55	4,203.87	11,415.41	12,554.99

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 47 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (*Continued*)

			(	Contractual cash	n flows	lows		
March 31, 2015 - Proforma	Carrying	Total	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5		
	amount year		year			years		
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Non current, non derivative financial liabilities								
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term	18,907.80	26,601.65	7,071.52	3,579.93	7,811.68	8,138.52		
debt)								
Security deposits	15.85	15.85	-	15.85	-	-		
Retention money	10.77	10.77	-	10.77	-	-		
Current, non derivative financial liabilities								
Borrowings	1,807.68	1,807.68	1,807.68	-	-	-		
Trade payables	598.71	598.71	598.71	-	-	-		
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current	721.16	721.16	721.16	-	-	-		
maturity of long term debt and derivative contracts)								
Derivative financial liabilities								
Currency swap	46.07	46.07	46.07	-	-	-		
Interest rate swap	14.42	14.42	14.42	-	-	-		
Total	22,122.46	29,816.31	10,259.56	3,606.55	7,811.68	8,138.52		

#### (C) Liquidity risk (Continued)

			(	Contractual cash	n flows	
March 31, 2014 - Proforma	Carrying amount	Total	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non current, non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term debt)	16,177.98	22,645.03	3,552.82	6,412.81	7,931.89	4,747.51
Security deposits	15.39	15.39	-	15.39	-	-
Current, non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	1,414.45	1,414.45	1,414.45	-	-	-
Trade payables	589.42	589.42	589.42	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities (excluding current maturity of long term debt and derivative contracts)	421.97	421.97	421.97	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities						
Forward exchange contract (gross settled)						
- Outflow	24.65	24.65	24.65	-	-	-
- Inflow	(23.05)	(23.05)	(23.05)	-	-	-
Total	18,619.21	25,086.26	5,978.66	6,428.20	7,931.89	4,747.51

The gross outflows / (inflows) disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to derivative financial liabilities held for risk management purposes and which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity. The disclosure shows net cash flow amounts for derivatives that are net cash-settled and gross cash inflow and outflow amounts for derivatives that have simultaneous gross cash settlement.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 47

#### Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

#### (D) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. The Group uses derivative to manage market risk.

#### (E) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on account of its operating and financing activities. The functional currency of the Group is Indian Rupee. The exchange rate between the Indian rupee and foreign currencies has changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future. Consequently, the Group uses derivative instruments, i.e, foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in respect of recognized liabilities. The Group enters into foreign currency forward contracts which are not intended for trading or speculative purposes but for hedge purposes to establish the amount of reporting currency required or available at the settlement date of certain payables.

Following are the derivative financial instruments outstanding:

Particulars	Buy / Sell	Currency	Cross Currency	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Forward contract	Buy	USD	INR	Nil	USD 20 million	USD 20 million	Nil	Nil	USD 0.38 million
Currency swap	Buy	INR	USD	Nil	Nil	USD 14.31 million	USD 14.31 million	USD 14.31 million	Nil

#### Exposure to currency risk

The summary quantitative data about the Group's exposure to currency risk as reported to the management of the Group is as follows. The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

The amounts reflected in the table below represent the INR exposure to the respective currency.

	Sep	tember 30, 2018		N	March 31, 2018			March 31, 2017	
	USD	EUR	GBP	USD	EUR	GBP	USD	EUR	GBP
Financial liabilities									
Foreign currency loans (including interest accrued)	5,432.53	-	-	5,000.06	-	-	5,696.26	-	-
Trade payables	303.47	1.99	-	331.09	0.74	-	264.67	0.12	-
Buyers' credit	231.56	-	-	249.76	2.53	-	231.11	13.43	7.19
_	5,967.57	1.99	-	5,580.91	3.27	-	6,192.04	13.55	7.19
Derivatives									
Foreign currency forward exchange contract	-	-	-	(1,300.88)	-	-	(1,296.77)	-	-
Currency swap	-	-		-	-	-	(927.75)	-	-
_	-	-	-	(1,300.88)	-	-	(2,224.52)	-	-
Net exposure	5,967.57	1.99	-	4,280.03	3.27	-	3,967.51	13.55	7.19

The amounts reflected in the table below represent the INR exposure to the respective currency.

	March 3	31, 2016 - Profe	rma	March 31, 2015 - Proforma			
	USD	EUR	GBP	USD	EUR	GBP	
Financial liabilities							
Foreign currency loans (including interest accrued)	3,819.96	-	-	5,477.28	-	-	
Trade payables	185.51	0.23	-	181.69	3.95	-	
Buyers' credit	640.00	53.30	8.47	580.44	59.07	8.22	
	4,645.47	53.53	8.47	6,239.41	63.02	8.22	
Derivatives							
Currency swap	(949.14)	-	-	(895.31)	-	-	
	(949.14)	-	-	(895.31)	-	-	
Net exposure	3,696.33	53.53	8.47	5,344.11	63.02	8.22	

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## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 47

#### Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

#### (E) Currency risk (Continued)

The amounts reflected in the table below represent the INR exposure to the respective currency.

		March	31, 2014 - Profe	orma	
	USD	EUR	GBP	SGD	RM
Financial liabilities					
Foreign currency loans (including interest accrued)	4,538.28	-	-		-
Trade payables	190.06	21.56	0.03	0.09	0.13
Buyers' credit	255.68	58.82	-	62.59	-
	4,984.02	80.39	0.03	62.68	0.13
Derivatives					
Foreign currency forward exchange contract	(23.05)	-	-	-	-
	(23.05)	-	-	-	-
Net exposure	4,960.97	80.39	0.03	62.68	0.13

#### Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against all other foreign currencies at September 30, would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency and affected profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

#### Profit or loss before tax

	September	30, 2018	March 31	1, 2018	March 3	31, 2017	March 31, 201	6 - Proforma
Effect in INR (before tax)	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
USD (1% movement)	59.68	(59.68)	42.80	(42.80)	39.68	(39.68)	36.96	(36.96)
EUR (1% movement)	0.02	(0.02)	0.03	(0.03)	0.14	(0.14)	0.54	(0.54)
GBP (1% movement)	-	-	-	-	0.07	(0.07)	0.08	(0.08)
	59.70	(59.70)	42.83	(42.83)	39.88	(39.88)	37.58	(37.58)

		Profit or loss before tax						
	March 31, 201	March 31, 2014 - Proforma						
Effect in INR (before tax)	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening				
USD (1% movement)	53.44	(53.44)	49.61	(49.61)				
EUR (1% movement)	0.63	(0.63)	0.80	(0.80)				
GBP (1% movement)	0.08	(0.08)	0.00	(0.00)				
SGD (1% movement)	-	-	0.63	(0.63)				
RM (1% movement)	-	-	0.00	(0.00)				
	54.15	(54.15)	51.04	(51.04)				

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 47

#### Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### (F) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing financial assets or borrowings because of fluctuations in the interest rates, if such assets/borrowings are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing borrowings will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

The Group adopts a policy to hedge the interest rate movement in order to mitigate the risk with regards to floating rate linked loans based on the market outlook on interest rates. This is achieved partly by entering into fixed rate instruments and partly by borrowing at a floating rate and using interest rate swaps as hedges of the variability in cash flows attributable to interest rate risk.

#### Particulars of outstanding interest rate swaps as at

September 30, 2018	USD 27.60 million
March 31, 2018	USD 48.65 million
March 31, 2017	USD 63 million
March 31, 2016 - Proforma	USD 30 million
March 31, 2015 - Proforma	USD 60 million
March 31, 2014 - Proforma	USD 60 million

#### Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments is as follows.

				Carrying amount	t	
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Fixed-rate instruments						
Loans given						
Loans to related parties	(1,607.48)	(2,326.55)	(1,779.16)	(1,345.82)	(971.20)	(1,813.03)
Non current borrowings						
Vehicle loan from bank	-	5.21	15.85	24.69	35.13	6.31
Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares	336.82	160.00	160.00	-	-	-
Preference share liability		-	-	-	0.11	0.11
Current borrowings						
Loan from directors	-	-	74.00	-	-	-
Loan from related parties other than directors	275.37	948.68	2,813.24	1,133.20	822.01	317.65
Buyer's credit	231.56	252.29	251.73	686.73	658.96	377.09
Total	(763.73)	(960.37)	1,535.66	498.80	545.01	(1,111.87)
Variable-rate instruments						
Non current borrowings						
Rupee term loans from banks	12,395.42	12,760.60	12,433.93	8,229.92	4,403.05	3,645.65
Rupee term loans from financial institutions	5,754,40	5,975.65	4,815.63	7,002.72	5,551.43	4,266.50
Foreign currency term loans from banks	4,997.78	3,250.07	3,080.35	3,765.50	5,397.31	6,287.23
Current maturity of long term debt	2,214.49	3,467.40	2,605.52	1,900.39	3,520.77	1,972.18
Current borrowings						
Cash credit/overdraft accounts from banks	688.13	433.19	108.48	763.24	326.71	546.27
From financial institution	-	=	-	-	-	173.44
Less: Interest rate swaps	(2,002.31)	(3,164.40)	(4,084.83)	(1,989.99)	(3,754.25)	(3,605.99)
Total	24,047.91	22,722.51	18,959.08	19,671.78	15,445.02	13,285.28
TOTAL	23,284.18	21,762.14	20,494.74	20,170.58	15,990.03	12,173.41

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Group's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant. In cases where the related interest rate risk is capitalised to fixed assets, the impact indicated below may affect the Group's income statement over the remaining life of the related fixed assets.

_	Profit or loss b	oefore tax
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
September 30, 2018	(240.48)	240.48
March 31, 2018	(227.23)	227.23
March 31, 2017	(189.59)	189.59
March 31, 2016 - Proforma	(196.72)	196.72
March 31, 2015 - Proforma	(154.45)	154.45
March 31, 2014 - Proforma	(132.85)	132.85

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## **Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)**

(Rs. in million)

## Note 48

## **Capital management**

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Group monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'adjusted equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total borrowings, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits. Adjusted equity comprises all components of equity.

The Group's adjusted net debt to equity ratio are as follows:

Particulars	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Total borrowings	26,893.97	27,253.09	26,358.73	23,506.39	20,715.48	17,592.43
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	340.85	295.21	228.30	214.75	179.27	927.72
Less: Bank deposits	20.83	21.50	103.44	131.82	138.73	96.64
Adjusted net debt	26,532.29	26,936.38	26,026.99	23,159.82	20,397.48	16,568.07
Total equity	4,674.36	5,023.67	4,711.74	5,212.11	6,361.73	6,646.29
Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio	5.68	5.36	5.52	4.44	3.21	2.49

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 49

#### Segment reporting

#### A. General information

#### (a) Factors used to identify the entity's reportable segments, including the basis for segmentation

For management purposes, the company is organised into business units based on its products and services and has three reportable segments, as follows:

- Hospitality (Hotels) comprises of the income earned through Hotel operations
- Real estate comprises of income from sale of residential flats
- $\bullet$  Retail comprises of the income earned through leasing of commercial properties

The Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by operating segments. The CODM reviews revenue and gross profit as the performance indicator for all of the operating segments, and does not review the total assets and liabilities of an operating segment.

# (b) Following are reportable segments Reportable segment Hospitality (Hotels) Real Estate Commercial and Retail

#### B. Information about reportable segments

For the period ended September 30, 2018	Reportable segments						
Particulars	Hospitality (Hotels)	Real Estate	Commercial and Retail	Unallocated	Total		
Revenue							
External Customers	4,244.22	284.55	169.91	-	4,698.68		
Inter-segment	-	-	-	-	-		
Total Revenue	4,244.22	284.55	169.91	-	4,698.68		
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	825.87	(59.08)	(83.35)	-	683.44		
Unallocated expenses							
Interest Expenses	-	-	-	(1,398.74)	(1,398.74)		
Depreciation	-	-	-	(2.93)	(2.93)		
Other Expenses	=	=	=	(181.94)	(181.94)		
Total Unallocated Expenses	=	=	=	(1,583.60)	(1,583.61)		
Unallocated income							
Interest Income	=	=	-	119.47	119.47		
Other Income	=	=	-	152.28	152.28		
Total Unallocated Income	=	=	=	271.75	271.75		
Loss before Taxation	-	-	-	=	(628.42)		
Tax Credit					(191.73)		
Loss after taxation	-	-	-	-	(436.69)		
Segment assets	22,617.73	3,960.25	7,146.14	3,664.10	37,388.22		
Segment liabilities	1,393.05	3,264.97	252.99	27,802.85	32,713.86		
Other diclosures							
Capital Expenditure	211.38	-	3,154.13	0.28	3,365.78		
Depreciation and amortization	459.93	0.29	106.12	2.93	569.26		
Non cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization	53.84	-	-	49.88	103.71		

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 49 Segment reporting (Rs. in million)

For the year ended March 31, 2018	Reportable segments						
Particulars	Hospitality (Hotels)	Real Estate	Commercial and Retail	Unallocated	Total		
Revenue							
External customers	8,394.93	102.13	240.77	-	8,737.83		
Inter-segment	-	-	-	=	-		
Total revenue	8,394.93	102.13	240.77	-	8,737.83		
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	2,406.70	(189.73)	(76.56)	-	2,140.41		
Unallocated expenses							
Interest expenses	-	-	-	(2,119.21)	(2,119.21		
Depreciation	-	-	-	(5.94)	(5.94		
Other expenses	-	-	-	(360.71)	(360.71		
Total unallocated expenses	-	-	-	(2,485.86)	(2,485.86		
Unallocated income							
Interest income	-	-	-	197.39	197.39		
Other income	-	-	-	359.92	359.92		
Total unallocated income	-	-	-	557.31	557.31		
Profit before taxation	-	-	-	=	211.86		
Tax credit					(99.74		
Profit after taxation	-	-	-	-	311.60		
Segment assets	23,138.76	4,090.61	6,949.04	4,121.98	38,300.39		
Segment liabilities	1,541.39	3,304.51	219.15	28,211.67	33,276.72		
Other disclosures							
Capital expenditure	733.10	-	440.70	1.96	1,175.76		
Depreciation and amortisation	979.56	1.01	129.82	5.94	1,116.33		
Non cash expenses other than depreciation and amortisation	46.65	1,251.37	6.83	(105.19)	1,199.67		

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## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 49 Segment reporting

For the year ended March 31, 2017		Reportable segments						
Particulars	Hospitality (Hotels)	Real Estate	Commercial and Retail	Unallocated	Total			
Revenue								
External customers	6,806.84	111.44	140.51	-	7,058.80			
Inter-segment	-	-	-	-				
Total revenue	6,806.84	111.44	140.51	-	7,058.80			
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	1,307.00	(231.32)	(64.32)	-	1,011.36			
Unallocated expenses								
Interest expense	-	-	-	(2,179.58)	(2,179.58)			
Depreciation	-	-	-	(7.70)	(7.70)			
Other expenses		-	-	(219.49)	(219.49)			
Total unallocated expenses				(2,406.77)	(2,406.77)			
Unallocated income								
Interest income	-	-	-	245.99	245.99			
Other income	-	-	-	1,940.58	1,940.58			
Total unallocated income				2,186.57	2,186.57			
Profit before taxation	-	-	-		791.16			
Tax credit					(483.22)			
Profit after taxation	`				1,274.38			
Segment assets	22,794.87	4,204.44	6,694.51	3,686.09	37,379.91			
Segment liabilities	1,426.52	3,870.16	110.40	27,261.09	32,668.17			
Other disclosures								
Capital expenditure	306.81	-	721.75	1.63	1,030.19			
Depreciation and amortisation	1,169.10	1.26	91.69	7.71	1,269.76			
Non cash expenses other than depreciation and amortisation	18.55	196.76	0.32	8.19	223.82			

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 49 Segment reporting

For the year ended March 31, 2016 - Proforma	Reportable segments						
Particulars	Hospitality (Hotels)	Real Estate	Commercial and Retail	Unallocated	Total		
Revenue							
External customers	5,644.31	77.39	7.73	-	5,729.43		
Inter-segment	-	-	-	-	-		
Total revenue	5,644.31	77.39	7.73	-	5,729.43		
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	935.87	(325.72)	0.39	-	610.54		
Unallocated expenses							
Interest expense	-	-	-	(2,158.69)	(2,158.69)		
Depreciation	-	-	-	(7.33)	(7.33)		
Other expenses	-	-	-	(350.73)	(350.73)		
Total unallocated expenses				(2,516.75)	(2,516.75)		
Unallocated income							
Interest income	-	-	-	65.04	65.04		
Other income	-	-	-	181.14	181.14		
Total unallocated income				246.18	246.18		
Loss before taxation	-	-	-	-	(1,660.04)		
Tax credit					(535.14)		
Loss after taxation	`				(1,124.90)		
Segment assets	20,500.10	4,304.81	4,582.23	6,142.61	35,529.46		
Segment liabilities	1,286.05	4,191.12	129.54	24,710.64	30,317.35		
Other disclosures							
Capital expenditure	755.59	-	845.36	6.28	1,607.23		
Depreciation and amortisation	975.10	1.55	4.09	7.33	988.08		
Non cash expenses other than depreciation and amortisation	21.41	150.70	0.32	58.76	231.20		

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 49 Segment reporting

For the year ended March 31, 2015 - Proforma		1	Reportable segn	nents	
Particulars	Hospitality (Hotels)	Real Estate	Commercial and Retail	Unallocated	Total
Revenue					
External customers	4,285.01	104.64	7.08	-	4,396.73
Inter-segment	8.90	-	-	-	
Total revenue	4,293.91	104.64	7.08	-	4,405.63
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	949.39	(388.18)	0.82	-	562.03
Unallocated expenses					
Interest expense				(1,605.73)	(1,605.73)
Depreciation				(7.46)	(7.46)
Other expenses				(621.86)	(621.86)
Total unallocated expenses				(2,235.05)	(2,235.05)
Unallocated income					
Interest income				234.26	234.26
Other income				30.66	30.66
Total unallocated income				264.92	264.92
Loss before taxation					(1,408.10)
Tax credit					(144.19)
Loss after taxation before minority interest and share of associates	*				(1,263.91)
Share of loss of associate					(0.04)
Loss for the year					(1,263.95)
Segment assets	20,702.29	4,286.14	3,548.52	5,864.57	34,401.52
Segment liabilities	1,567.90	4,576.82	37.93	21,857.14	28,039.79
Other disclosures					
Capital expenditure	4,330.82	1.08	322.87	516.68	5,171.45
Depreciation and amortisation	604.51	1.78	3.93	7.46	617.68
Non cash expenses other than depreciation and amortisation	24.39	160.61	-	246.45	431.45

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 49 Segment reporting

For the year ended March 31, 2014 - Proforma		Reportable segments						
Particulars	Hospitality (Hotels)	Real Estate	Commercial and Retail	Unallocated	Total			
Revenue								
External customers	4,141.40	434.77	-	-	4,576.17			
Inter-segment	-	-	-	-	-			
Total revenue	4,141.40	434.77	-	-	4,576.17			
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	1,032.68	(1,168.08)	(2.85)	-	(138.25)			
Unallocated expenses								
Interest expenses				(1,368.80)	(1,368.80)			
Depreciation				(4.06)	(4.06)			
Other expenses				(343.27)	(343.27)			
Total unallocated expenses				(1,716.13)	(1,716.13)			
Unallocated income								
Interest income				313.32	313.32			
Other income				277.38	277.38			
Total unallocated income				590.70	590.70			
Loss before taxation					(1,263.68)			
Tax credit					(269.85)			
Loss after taxation					(993.83)			
Segment assets	15,878.30	4,065.96	2,396.58	9,125.60	31,466.44			
Segment liabilities	950.05	5,146.21	51.37	18,672.53	24,820.15			
Other disclosures								
Capital expenditure	2,401.52	0.31	710.57	642.97	3,755.37			
Depreciation and amortisation	589.49	2.09	0.31	4.07	595.96			
Non cash expenses other than depreciation and amortisation	95.15	365.53	2.69	102.79	566.16			

#### C. Geographic information

The Company's operations are based in India and therefore the Company has only one geographical segment - India.

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Revenue India	4,698.68	8,737.83	7,058.80	5,729.43	4,405.63	4,576.17
Non current assets India	30,039.15	30,182.46	30,195.69	26,030.44	24,600.68	19,586.45

#### D. Information about major customers

The company did not have any external revenue from a particular customer which exceeded 10% of total revenue during the period/year.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

**Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)** 

Note 50 Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below:

## List of related parties

Relationship	Name of party						
	<b>September 30, 2018</b>	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014	
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma	
Subsidiary	-	-	-	Sycamore Properties Pvt. Ltd.	Sycamore Properties Pvt. Ltd.	Sycamore Properties Pvt. Ltd.	
	-	Grandwell Properties And Leasing Pvt. Ltd. (Upto 31 Mar 18)	Grandwell Properties & Leasing Pvt. Ltd.				
	Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Pvt Ltd.	Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Pvt. Ltd.	Chalet Hotels & Properties(Kerala) Pvt. Ltd.	Chalet Hotels & Properties(Kerala) Pvt. Ltd.	Chalet Hotels & Properties(Kerala) Pvt. Ltd.	Chalet Hotels & Properties(Kerala) Pvt. Ltd.	
	-	Magna Warehousing & Distribution Pvt. Ltd. (Upto 31 Mar 18)	Magna Warehousing & Distribution Pvt. Ltd.				

Associates	-	-	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (Upto October 31, 2016)	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited
	-	-	-	Intime Properties Private Limited (Upto March 31, 2016)	Intime Properties Private Limited	Intime Properties Private Limited
	-	-	-	-	-	Sundew Properties Limited (Upto July 28 2014)
	-	-	-	-	Starshine Warehousing & Logistics Private Limited (from August 18, 2014 to September 30, 2014)	
Key Managerial Personnel / Relative (KMP)	Sanjay Sethi -Managing Director & CEO	Sanjay Sethi -Managing Director & CEO (Resigned w.e.f. from October 1, 2017) (Appointed w.e.f. February 9, 2018)	Sanjay Sethi -Managing Director & CEO	Sanjay Sethi -Managing Director & CEO	Sanjay Sethi -Managing Director & CEO (from January 2, 2015)	-
	-	-	-	-	Suresh Singaravelu - Managing Director & CEO (Upto May 31, 2014) (Non Executive Director from June 1,2014) (Resigned w.e.f. January 2, 2015)	
	,	Ramesh M. Valecha, Non-Executive Director (from August 1, 2017) (Executive Director upto July 31, 2017) (Resigned w.e.f. May 2, 2018)		Ramesh M. Valecha - Executive Director	Ramesh M. Valecha - Executive Director	Ramesh M. Valecha - Executive Director
	Rajeev Newar, Executive Director	Rajeev Newar, Executive Director (from August 3, 2017)	t -	-	-	-
	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director (Resigned w.e.f. April 26, 2018)	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director (Resigned w.e.f. April 26, 2018)	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Chandru L Raheja, Non-Executive Director
	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Ravi C Raheja, Non-Executive Director
	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director	Neel C Raheja, Non-Executive Director
	-	Rajeev Chopra, Non-Executive Director (from June 1, 2017)(Resigned w.e.f. May 2, 2018)	-	-	-	-
	Roshan M. Chopra, relative of director	Roshan M. Chopra, relative of director	-	-	-	-
	Arthur De Haast, Independent Director	Arthur De Haast, Independent Director (from August 3, 2017)	-	-	-	-
	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director	Joseph Conrad D'Souza, Independent Director
	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director	Hetal Gandhi, Independent Director
	-	-	-	-	Rusi Nusserwanji Sethna, Non-Executive Director (Resigned w.e.f. May 11, 2014)	Rusi Nusserwanji Sethna, Non-Executive Director
	Radhika Piramal (Appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. June 12, 2018)	-	-	-	-	-
	Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary	Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary	Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary	Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary	Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary	Christabelle Baptista, Company Secretary

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## **Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)**

Note 50 Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

## List of related parties

Relationship	Name of party					
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs	Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited	Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited	Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited	Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited	Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited	Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited
	Cavalcade Properties Private Limited	Cavalcade Properties Private Limited	Cavalcade Properties Private Limited	Cavalcade Properties Private Limited	Cavalcade Properties Private Limited	Cavalcade Properties Private Limited
	Convex Properties Private Limited Grange Hotels And Properties Private Limited	Convex Properties Private Limited Grange Hotels And Properties Private Limited	Convex Properties Private Limited Grange Hotels And Properties Private Limited	Convex Properties Private Limited Grange Hotels And Properties Private Limited	Convex Properties Private Limited Grange Hotels And Properties Private Limited	Convex Properties Private Limited Grange Hotels And Properties Private Limited
	-	-	-	Horizonview Properties Private Limited	Horizonview Properties Private Limited	Horizonview Properties Private Limited
	Immense Properties Private Limited	Immense Properties Private Limited	Immense Properties Private Limited	Immense Properties Private Limited	Immense Properties Private Limited	Immense Properties Private Limited
	-	-	-	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited
	Novel Properties Private Limited	Novel Properties Private Limited	Novel Properties Private Limited	Novel Properties Private Limited	Novel Properties Private Limited	Novel Properties Private Limited
	Pact Real Estate Private Limited	Pact Real Estate Private Limited	Pact Real Estate Private Limited	Pact Real Estate Private Limited	Pact Real Estate Private Limited	Pact Real Estate Private Limited
	Paradigm Logistics & Distribution	Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private	Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private	Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private	Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private	Paradigm Logistics & Distribution Private
	Private Limited	Limited	Limited	Limited	Limited	Limited
	Sustain Properties Private Limited	Sustain Properties Private Limited	Sustain Properties Private Limited	Sustain Properties Private Limited	-	-
	Sycamore Properties Private Limited	Sycamore Properties Private Limited	Sycamore Properties Private Limited	Sycamore Properties Private Limited (from November 28, 2015)	-	-
	Aqualine Real Estate Private Limited	Aqualine Real Estate Private Limited	Aqualine Real Estate Private Limited	Aqualine Real Estate Private Limited	-	-
	Feat Properties Private Limited	Feat Properties Private Limited	Feat Properties Private Limited	Feat Properties Private Limited	-	-
	-	-	-	KRC Infrastructure And Projects Private Limited	-	-
	Carin Properties Private Limited	Carin Properties Private Limited	Carin Properties Private Limited	-	-	-
	Flabbergast Properties Private Limited	Flabbergast Properties Private Limited	Flabbergast Properties Private Limited	-	-	-
	The Residency Hotels Private Limited	The Residency Hotels Private Limited	-	-	-	-
	Sundew Real Estate Private Limited	Sundew Real Estate Private Limited	Sundew Real Estate Private Limited	-	-	-
	K Raheja Corp Advisory Services (Cyprus) Private Ltd	K Raheja Corp Advisory Services (Cyprus) Private Ltd	K Raheja Corp Advisory Services (Cyprus) Private Ltd	K Raheja Corp Advisory Services (Cyprus) Private Ltd	K Raheja Corp Advisory Services (Cyprus) Private Ltd	K Raheja Corp Advisory Services (Cyprus) Private Ltd

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## **Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)**

Note 50

Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

## List of related parties

Relationship	Name of party							
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014		
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma		
Shareholders of the Company	Anbee Constructions LLP	Anbee Constructions LLP	Anbee Constructions LLP	Anbee Constructions LLP (formerly Anbee Constructions Private Limited upto March 17, 2016)	Anbee Constructions Private Limited	Anbee Constructions Private Limited		
	-	-	Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited (Upto December 21, 2016)	Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited	Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited	Avacado Properties And Trading (India) Private Limited		
	Cape Trading LLP	Cape Trading LLP	Cape Trading LLP	Cape Trading LLP (formerly known as Cape Trading Private Limited upto March 17, 2016)	Cape Trading Private Limited	Cape Trading Private Limited		
	Capstan Trading LLP	Capstan Trading LLP	Capstan Trading LLP	Capstan Trading LLP (formerly known as Capstan Trading Private Limited upto March 17, 2016)	Capstan Trading Private Limited	Capstan Trading Private Limited		
	Casa Maria Properties LLP	Casa Maria Properties LLP	Casa Maria Properties LLP	Casa Maria Properties LLP (formerly known as Casa Maria Properties Private Limited upto March 17, 2016)	Casa Maria Properties Private Limited	Casa Maria Properties Private Limited		
	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited		
	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited		
	K. Raheja Private Limited	K. Raheja Private Limited	K. Raheja Private Limited	K. Raheja Private Limited	K. Raheja Private Limited	K. Raheja Private Limited		
	Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP	Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP (formerly known as Palm Shelter Estate Development Private Limited upto March 17, 2016)	Palm Shelter Estate Development Private Limited	Palm Shelter Estate Development Private Limited		
	Raghukool Estate Development LLP	Raghukool Estate Development LLP	Raghukool Estate Development LLP	Raghukool Estate Development LLP (formerly known as Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited upto March 18, 2016)	Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited	Raghukool Estate Development Private Limited		
	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited	Touchstone Properties And Hotels Private Limited		
	Ivory Property Trust	Ivory Property Trust	-	-	-	-		
	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (from December 22, 2016)	-	-	-		

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# Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 50 Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

## List of related parties

Relationship		Name of party					
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014	
				Proforma	Proforma	Proforma	
Other Related parties	-	-	Gigaplex Estate Private Limited	-	-	-	
	Imperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Private Limited	Imperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Private Limited		Imperial Serviced Offices Private Limited	-	Imperial Serviced Offices Private Limited	
	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	
	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	l K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	
	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited (formerly known as K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Private Limited upto November 8, 2016)	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Private Limited	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Private Limited	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Private Limited	
	-	-	-	-	-	Matrix Integrated Facilities & Property Management Private Limited	
	Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited (formerly known as Serene Properties Private Limited upto November 23, 2015)	1 Serene Properties Private Limited	Serene Properties Private Limited	
	- Sundew Properties Limited	- Sundew Properties Limited	Stargaze Properties Private Limited Sundew Properties Limited	Stargaze Properties Private Limited Sundew Properties Limited	Stargaze Properties Private Limited Sundew Properties Limited	Stargaze Properties Private Limited	
	Trion Properties Private Limited	Trion Properties Private Limited	Trion Properties Private Limited	Trion Properties Private Limited	Trion Properties Private Limited Opul Constructions Private Limited	Trion Properties Private Limited	
	<u>-</u>	_	- -	-	-	Sustain Properties Private Limited	
	_	_	Ivory Property Trust	Ivory Property Trust	-	-	
	-	-		Powai Developers (Division of K. Raheja Corp Private Limited)	-	-	
	-	-	Horizon View Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	
	Intime Properties Limited	Intime Properties Limited	Intime Properties Limited	-	-	-	
	-	-	KRC Infrastructure And Projects Private Limited	-	-	-	
	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	e Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limite	ed Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	-	
	-	Challenge Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	-	
	Nakshtra Logistics Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	
	Praman Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	
	Nirankar Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	

Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 50 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below:

Related party disclosures for Period ended September 30, 2018

Sr.no	Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
1	Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	-	-	109.69
2	Miscellaneous income	-	-	0.08
3	Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	-	-	1.97
4	Sale of services - Lease rent	-	-	0.56
5	Dividend Director sitting fees		- 1.47	0.31
6	Director sitting fees Interest expenses	-	1.4/	35.94
8	Other expenses	-	1.20	34.02
9	Salaries, wages and bonus	-	25.75	-
10	Loan Given	-	1.00	668.29
11	Loan Repaid	-	0.67	1,977.00
12	Loan Taken	-	-	26.24
13	Preference shares	-	120.90	139.10
1.4	Balances outstanding as at September 30, 2018			0.00
14 15	Trade payables Trade Receivables	-	-	8.99 1.26
16	Loans payable	-	-	178.74
17	Interest payable	-	1.75	1,560.62
18	Loans Receivable		1.73	96.63
19	Interest receivable	_	_	45.12
19	Guarantees outstanding	-	835.09	-
20	Preference shares	-	120.90	139.10
1	Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost			
	Immense Properties Private Limited	-	-	0.00
	Imperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Private Limited	-	-	1.34
	Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	-	-	0.02
	Ivory Property Trust	-	-	0.03
	K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.	-	-	5.12
	Nakshtra Logistics Private Limited Nirankar Properties Pvt.Ltd	-	-	1.08 0.15
	Praman Properties Private Limited	-	-	3.85
	K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	98.09
2	Miscellaneous income K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	0.08
3	Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes			
	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	_	_	0.04
	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	-	-	0.17
	K Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	0.58
	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited	-	-	0.01
	K. Raheja Private Ltd.	-	-	0.25
	K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.	-	-	0.72
	Mindspace Business Parks Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	0.01
	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	0.12
	Paradigm logistics & Dist pvt Ltd Trion Properties Ltd	-	-	0.07 0.00
				0.00
4	Sale of services - Lease rent K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	0.56
5	Sale of Material			
	Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	-	-	0.18
	Pact Real Estate Pvt.Ltd.	-	-	0.13
6	Director sitting fees			
	Arthur De Haast	-	0.05	-
	Chandru L.Raheja		0.01	
	Hetal Gandhi		0.36	
	Joseph Conrad D' Souza	-	0.38	-
	Neel C.Raheja Radhika Piramal	-	0.25 0.05	-
	Rajeev Chopra	-	0.05	-
	Ravi C.Raheja	- -	0.36	
7	Interest expenses			
	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	32.63
	K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	3.31

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**Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information** (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 50 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Sr.no F	Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled by / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
8 (	Other expenses			
	Arthur De Haast	-	1.01	-
	norbit Malls (India) Private Limited	-	-	11.98
	K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	21.19 0.00
	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	- -	- -	0.83
	Roshan M. Chopra	-	0.19	
	Salaries, wages and bonus			
	Sanjay Sethi Rajeev Newar	-	16.47 9.28	
	Loan given			
	mperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Pvt Ltd	-	-	40.0
	K. Raheja Private Ltd.	-	-	180.7
	K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.  Nakshtra Logistics Pvt.Ltd	-	-	250.0 35.0
	Virankar Properties Pvt.Ltd	-	-	25.0
	Praman Properties Private Ltd	-	-	137.5
S	Sanjay Sethi	-	1.00	-
	Loan repaid			0.1
	mmense Properties Private Limited mperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Pvt Ltd	-	-	0.10 40.00
	vory Properties & Hotels Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	40.0 0.5
	vory Properties & Floreis Fvt. Etd.	-	- -	0.7
K	K Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	216.0
	K. Raheja Private Ltd.	-	-	1,022.1
	Nakshtra Logistics Pvt.Ltd Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	35.0 500.0
	Virankar Properties Pvt.Ltd	- -	- -	25.0
	Praman Properties Private Ltd	-	-	137.5
F	Rajeev Newar	-	0.50	
S	Sanjay Sethi	-	0.17	-
	L <b>oan taken</b> K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	26.2
P	Preference shares			
	vory Properties & Hotels Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	22.1
k	K Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	117.0
	Neel C.Raheja Ravi C.Raheja	-	60.45 60.45	
	Balances outstanding as at September 30, 2018  Trade payables			
I	norbit Malls (India) Private Limited  K Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	7.2 1.7
	Trade Receivables	-	-	1./.
	Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	-	-	0.0
	norbit Malls (India) Private Limited	-	-	0.2
	K Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	0.3
	K Raheja IT Park (Hyderabad) Limited	-	-	0.0
	K. Raheja Private Ltd. K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd.	-	-	0.1 0.3
	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	0.0
	Pact Real Estate Pvt.Ltd.	-	-	0.1
	Loans payable			
	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited  K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	<u>-</u>	128.0 50.7
r	i Imaga Corp i IIvato Emilioti	-	-	50.7
	nterest payable	-	-	-
	Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited  K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	- -	93.6 2.9
				2.7
	Loans Receivable  C. Rabaja Corporate Services Put I td.			250.0
	K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd. K. Raheja Private Limited	-	- -	1,310.6
	Sanjay Sethi	-	0.83	
	Rajeev Newar	-	0.91	-
k	nterest receivable K.Raheja Corporate Services Pvt.Ltd. K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	4. <i>6</i> 40.5
	Guarantees outstanding	-	-	40.3
	Juarantees outstanding Neel C.Raheja	-	835.09	-
P	Preference shares outstanding			
I	vory Properties & Hotels Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	22.1
K	K Raheja Corp Private Limited Neel C.Raheja	-	-	117.0
			60.45	

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## **Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information** (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 50 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Related party disclosures for Year ended March 31, 2018

Sr.no	Particulars	Associates		Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
1	Dividend received		-	-	0.00
2	Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost		-	-	173.54
3	Miscellaneous income		-	-	11.35
4	Sale of services - Lease rent		-	-	0.98
5	Sale of investments		-	-	0.10
6	Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes		-	1.22	12.68
7	Other expenses		-	2.89	60.92
8	Interest expenses		-	-	83.59
9	Director sitting fees		-	0.40	-
10	Salaries, wages and bonus		-	45.47	-
11	Loans repaid		-	82.08	6,602.44
12	Loans taken		-	-	267.10
13	Loans given		-	2.00	6,923.70
14	Deposit received		-	-	1.90
15	Guarantees given on behalf of the Company		-	870.36	-
	Balances outstanding as at the year-end				
16	Trade receivables		-	-	0.39
17	Loans Receivable		-	1.42	2,153.33
18	Interest receivable		-	-	171.81
19	Loans payable		-	-	868.82
20	Interest payable		-	-	80.18
	*Amount in less than Rs. 0.01 million				

Significant transactions with material related parties for Year ended March 31, 2018

r.no Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
1 Loans given			
Immense Properties Private Limited			120.10
Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited			450.00
Ivory Property Trust			1,781.60
K. Raheja Private Limited		<u>-</u> -	4,572.00
2 Loans repaid			
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited			245.00
Immense Properties Private Limited			289.0
Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited			449.50
Ivory Property Trust		-	3,168.20
K. Raheja Private Limited		-	2,450.7
3 Loans Payable			
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited		-	628.00
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited			267.10
4 Loans Receivable			
K. Raheja Private Limited			2,152.00
5 Guarantees given on behalf of the Company			
Neel C. Raheja		- 870.	36 -
5 Guarantees Outstanding			
Neel C. Raheja		- 870.	36 -

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## **Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information** (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

521.50

Note 50 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)

Related party disclosures for Year ended March 31, 2017

Sr.no	Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
1	Dividend received	0.00	-	-
2	Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	-	-	219.48
3	Interest expenses	-	-	35.53
4	Sale of services - Lease rent	-	-	0.98
5	Sale of investments	-	-	3,769.20
6	Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	16.78	-	15.57
7	Other expenses	2.10	-	50.08
8	Salaries, wages and bonus	-	51.99	-
9	Director sitting fees	-	0.19	-
10	Loans repaid	-	2.50	7,588.77
11	Loans taken	-	74.00	1,174.21
12	Loans given	-	-	7,354.03
13	Deposit given	-		5.00
14	Deposit received	11.98	-	-
15	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	-	2.05
16	Guarantees given on behalf of the Company	-	432.28	-
	Balances outstanding as at the year-end			
17	Trade receivables	0.11	-	2.96
18	Trade payables	10.64	-	22.34
19	Deposits outstanding as at the year-end	10.25	_	31.98
20	Investment Outstanding	-	-	0.73
21	Loans receivable	-	7.50	1,587.07
22	Interest receivable	-	-	184.59
23	Loans payable	1,925.73	74.00	846.40
24	Interest payable	-	-	41.10

Significant transactions with material related parties for Year ended March 31, 2017

Gigaplex Estate Private Limited

Sr.no Particulars	Associates		Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
1 Sale of investments				
Ivory Property Trust		-	-	3,769.20
2 Loans given				
Pact Real Estate Private Limited		-	-	1,000.0
Ivory Property Trust		-	-	3,445.3
K. Raheja Private Limited		-	-	1,249.5
Immense Properties Private Limited		-	-	550.0
Convex Properties Private Limited		-	-	400.0
Horizonview Properties Private Limited		-	-	209.2
KRC Infrastructure And Projects Private Limited		-	-	500.0
3 Loans repaid				
Pact Real Estate Private Limited		-	-	1,000.0
K. Raheja Private Limited		-	-	2,518.8
Ivory Property Trust		-	-	2,058.0
Immense Properties Private Limited		-	-	381.0
Convex Properties Private Limited		-	-	400.0
Horizonview Properties Private Limited		-	-	209.2
KRC Infrastructure And Projects Private Limited		_	-	500.0

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## **Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information** (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 50
Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)
Significant transactions with material related parties for Year ended March 31, 2017 (Continued)

Sr.no Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
4 Loans taken			
Gigaplex Estate Private Limited	-	-	521.50
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-		628.21
5 Loans receivable			
Immense Properties Private Limited	-	-	169.00
Ivory Property Trust	-		1,387.33
6 Loans payable			
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	218.40
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	1,925.7	-	-
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	628.00

## Related party disclosures for Year ended March 31, 2016

Sr.no	Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
1	Dividend received	7.90		-
2	Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	17.66	-	18.81
3	Sale of services - Lease rent	-	-	0.98
4	Sale of investments	-	0.10	543.27
5	Sale of material	-	-	1.54
6	Sale of other assets	-	-	8.51
7	Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	0.35	0.51	9.91
8	Interest expenses	-	-	114.87
9	Other expenses	1.26	-	46.84
10	Director sitting fees	-	0.19	-
11	Project support services and other expenses	-	-	2.50
12	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	-	1.76
13	Salaries, wages and bonus	-	53.96	-
14	Guarantees given by the Company	2,706.68	-	-
15	Loans repaid	1,212.69	-	5,412.64
16	Loans taken	-	-	5,279.24
17	Loans given	430.60	-	2,004.00
	Balances outstanding as at the year-end			
18	Trade receivables	-	-	3.16
19	Trade payables	-	-	5.23
20	Deposits outstanding as at the year-end	-	-	26.98
21	Investment Outstanding	3,315.83	-	-
22	Loans receivable	-	10.00	1,300.10
23	Interest receivable	17.30	-	18.42
24	Interest payable	-	-	113.72
25	Loans Payable	-	-	1,018.50
26	Guarantees Outstanding	2,706.68	-	

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## ${\bf Annexure~VI-Notes~to~the~Restated~Consolidated~Summary~Financial~Information~(\it Continued)}$

(Rs. in million)

Note 50
Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)
Significant transactions with material related parties for Year ended March 31, 2016

no Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
1 Sale of investments			
Ivory Property Trust	-	-	543.27
2 Loans given			
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	383.90
K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	1,300.10
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	430.60	_	-
Avacado Properties & Trading (India) Private Limited	-	-	320.00
3 Loans taken			
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	2,417.90
Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	-	-	2,861.34
4 Loans repaid			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	1,212.69	-	-
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	258.00
Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	-	-	2,282.90
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	2,871.74
5 Loans receivable			
K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	1,300.10
6 Investment Outstanding			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	2,974.83	-	-
Intime Properties Limited	340.99	-	-
7 Loans payable			
Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	-	-	578.44
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	193.90
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	<u>-</u>	-	246.16
8 Guarantees given by the Company			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	2,706.68	-	<del>-</del>
9 Guarantees Outstanding			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	2,706.68	<del>-</del>	-

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## **Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information** (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 50 Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (*Continued*) Related party disclosures for Year ended March 31, 2015

Sr.no	Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
1	Dividend received	1.32	-	-
2	Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	179.11	-	28.15
3	Sale of services - Lease rent	-	-	0.99
4	Sale of investments	582.22	-	-
5	Sale of material	-	-	0.13
6	Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	0.57	0.01	4.57
7	Sale of other assets	-	-	3.94
8	Interest expenses	-	-	104.12
9	Other expenses	0.36	-	33.16
10	Director sitting fees	-	0.18	-
11	Salaries, wages and bonus	-	48.44	-
12	Loans taken	-	-	960.00
13	Loans repaid	1,695.50	-	2,302.23
14	Loans given	1,071.73	10.00	2,002.23
15	Deposit given	-	-	10.04
16	Project support services and other expenses	-	-	30.00
17	Guarantees given by the Company	2,772.67		
18	Short-term investment made	3.34	-	-
19	Short-term investment written off	3.34	-	-
	Balances outstanding as at the year-end			
20	Trade receivables	-	-	0.04
21	Trade payables	-	0.04	10.03
22	Deposits outstanding as at the year-end	-	-	26.98
23	Outstanding Investment	3,868.50	-	-
24	Loans Receivable	782.09	10.00	-
25	Interest receivable	179.11	-	-
26	Loans Payable	-	-	768.00
27	Interest payable	-	-	54.01
28	Guarantees given by the Company	2,772.67	-	-

Significant transactions with material related parties for Year ended March 31, 2015

r.no Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
1 Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	179.11		
2 Loans given			
Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	-	-	240.00
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	700.00
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	1,071.73	-	-
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	1,062.23
3 Sale of investments			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	582.22		<u>-</u>
4 Loans repaid			
Ivory Properties And Hotels Private Limited	-	-	240.00
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	1,695.50	-	-
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	500.00
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	1,062.23
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-		500.00
5 Loans taken			
K. Raheja Corp Private Limited	-	-	260.00
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-	-	700.00

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## **Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information** (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 50
Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)
Significant transactions with material related parties for Year ended March 31, 2015 (Continued)

Sr.no Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
6 Interest receivable			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	179.11	-	-
7 Loans Receivable			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	782.09		
8 Oustanding Investments			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	2,974.83	-	-
Intime Properties Limited	893.66		<u>-</u>
9 Loans Payable			
K. Raheja Corporate Services Private Limited	-		700.00
10 Guarantees given by the Company			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	2,772.67		
11 Guarantees Outstanding			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	2,772.67	-	-

## Related party disclosures for Year ended March 31, 2014

Sr.no	Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other
				related parties
1	Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	-	-	90.74
2	Sale of services - Lease rent			0.97
3	Sale of investments	-	-	433.34
4	Sales of services - Rooms income, Food, beverages and smokes	0.32	0.00	5.83
5	Interest expenses	-	-	9.52
6	Other expenses	-	-	63.05
7	Director sitting fees	-	0.15	-
8	Salaries, wages and bonus	-	41.35	-
9	Loans given	-	-	271.73
10	Loans repaid	-	-	3,719.81
11	Project support services and other expenses	-	-	39.96
12	Deposit received	-	-	0.23
13	Advance received	0.14	-	-
14	Purchase of Investments	4,299.01	-	-
15	Guarantees given by the Company	2,954.84	-	-
	Balances outstanding as at the year-end			
16	Trade receivables	-	-	0.26
17	Trade payables	-	0.03	4.85
18	Deposits outstanding as at the year-end	-	-	16.94
19	Outstanding Investment	4,299.01	-	-
20	Interest payable	-	-	9.65
21	Loans Outstanding	1,652.92	-	-
22	Interest receivable	160.11	-	-
23	Loans Payable	-	-	308.00
24	Guarantees outstanding	2,954.84	-	-

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## **Annexure VI-Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information** (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Note 50
Related party disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: (Continued)
Significant transactions with material related parties for Year ended March 31, 2014

Sr.no Particulars	Associates	Key Management Personnel / Relative	Enterprises Controlled / Jointly controlled by KMPs / Shareholders / Other related parties
16-1			
1 Sale of investments Inorbit Malls (India) Private Limited	-	-	433.34
2 Loans given			
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	-	-	173.00
3 Loans repaid			
K. Raheja Private Limited	-	-	885.00
Mindspace Business Parks Private Limited	-	-	855.50
Newfound Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	559.09
Horizonview Properties Private Limited	-	-	461.5
Convex Properties Private Limited	-	-	261.5
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	-	-	233.4
Immense Properties Private Limited	-	-	155.0
Brookfields Agro & Development Private Limited	-	-	130.0
Sustain Properties Private Limited			95.0
4 Purchase of Investment			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	2,816.94	-	-
Intime Properties Limited	893.66	-	-
Sundew Properties Limited	588.41	-	-
5 Outstanding Investment			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	2,816.94	-	-
Intime Properties Limited	893.66	-	-
Sundew Properties Limited	588.41		
6 <b>Loans Payable</b> K. Raheja Corp Private Limited			240.0
			240.00
7 <b>Loans Receivable</b> Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	1,652.92		-
	-,,		
8 Interest receivable			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	160.11		-
9 Guarantees given by the Company			
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	2,954.84	-	
10 Guarantees outstanding	207101		
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	2,954.84	-	-

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 51

#### Details of interests in subsidiaries and associates

#### Subsidiaries

The details of the Company's subsidiaries at September 30, 2018 are set below. The country of incorporation is also the principal place of business

Name of entity	Country of	Shareholding % as at						
	Incorporation	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma	
Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited	India	-	-	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited (sold on November 27, 2017)	India	-	-	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Sycamore Properties Private Limited (sold on November 27, 2015)	India	-	-	-	-	100.00%	-	
Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	India	90.00%	90.00%	90.00%	90.00%	90.00%	90.00%	
Strength Real Estate Private Limited (From August 18, 2014 to September 30, 2014)*	India	-	-	-	-	66.67%	-	

<sup>\*</sup>Ownership interest held by Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited. On October 12, 2015, Strength Real Estate Private Limited was "lawfully dissolved". The carrying amount of investments was written off in the year of dissolution.

#### Non-controlling interests

Below is the partly owned subsidiary of the Group and the share of the non-controlling interests.

Name	Country of		•		on-controlling intere		•
	Incorporation and Principal Place of	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
	Business						
Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	India	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%
Strength Real Estate Private Limited (From August 18, 2014 to September 30, 2014)*	India	-	-	-	-	33.33%	-

The balance attributable towards the non-controlling interest of Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited was nil as at each reporting date. Further, the non-controlling interest in relation to Strength Real Estate Private Limited was not outstanding as at any of the reporting dates. Accordingly, disclosures applicable to non-controlling interest have not been provided.

#### Interest in Associates

Name of entity	Country of				Shareholding % as on			
	Incorporation September 30, 2018		March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014	
					Proforma	Proforma	Proforma	
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited	India	-	-	-	41.05%	40%	40%	
Intime Properties Limited *	India	-	-	-	-	39%	39%	
Starshine Warehousing & Logistics Private Limited (From August 18, 2014 to September 30, 2014) **	India	-	-	-	-	50%	-	

<sup>\*</sup> Ceased to be an associate w.e.f. March 30, 2016. The residual stake of 15.03% has been accounted as investment in equity shares measured at fair value through profit and loss.

#### Method of accounting of investment in associates

Investment in associates were acquired exclusively with a view to resale and meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale. The investment has been accounted as per Ind AS 105 and measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell and hence are not consolidated with reference to the equity method.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Ownership interest held by Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited. On October 12, 2015, Starshine Warehousing & Logistics Private Limited was "lawfully dissolved". The carrying amount of investments was written off in the year of dissolution.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### Note 52

### **Employee Stock Option Schemes**

Description of share-based payment arrangements:

At September 30 2018, Company had following share-based payment arrangements:

The primary objective of the plan is to reward the key employee for his association, dedication and contributions to the goals of the company. The plan is established is with effect from June 12, 2018 on which the shareholders of the Company have approved the plan by the way of special resolution and it shall continue to be in force until its termination by the Company as per provisions of Applicable laws, or the date on which all of the Options available for issuance under the plan have been issued and exercised, whichever is earlier.

Scheme	Number of	Vesting conditions	Contractual life of options	Vesting	Grant	Exercise	Exercise
	options			Period	Date	Period	Price (Rs)
Chalet Hotels Limited'-'Employee	200,000	For the Options to vest, the Grantee has	The exercise period for Options	3 years	26-Jun-18	One year	320.00
Stock Option Plan'-2018		to be in employment of the Group on	vested will be two years from date of			from	
		the date of the vesting.	vesting subject to shares of the			vesting	
			company are listed at the time of			period	
			exercise.				

#### Reconciliation of Outstanding share options

The number and weighted-average exercise price of share options under the share option plans are as follows:

	Septembe	er 30, 2018
	Weighted average	Number of options
	exercise price	
Outstanding at the beginning of the period	-	-
Granted during the period	320	200,000
Exercised during the period	-	-
Lapsed/ forfeited /surrendered	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the period	320	200,000
Exercisable at the end of the period	-	-

### Measurement of Fair value

The fair value of employee share options has been measured using Black Scholes Option Pricing Model and is charged to the statement of Profit and Loss over the vesting period.

The fair value of the options and the key inputs used in the measurement of the grant date fair values of the equity settled share based payment plans are as follows:

Particulars	Unit	Chalet Hotels Limited'- 'Employee Stock Option Plan'-2018	Description of inputs used
Fair value of the option at grant date	Rs/share	143-189	As per Black Scholes Model
Exercise price	Rs/share	320	As per the Scheme
Expected volatility (Weighted average volatility)	% p.a.	31.91% - 32.77%	Based on comparable listing companies
Expected life (expected weighted average life)	in years	1.99 - 3.99	Calculated time to maturity as a sum of the following periods:  - Time remaining from the valuation date till the date on which options are expected to vest on the holder and;  - Average Time from the vesting date till the expected exercise date.
Dividend yield	% p.a.	0%	Dividend yield is taken as 0% since the Company has not declared any dividend in last 5 financial years.
Risk-free interest rates (Based on government bonds)	% p.a.	7.4% - 7.85%	Risk free interest rate refers to the yield to maturity on the zero-coupon securities maturing in the period which commensurate with the maturity of the option.

#### Scheme 1

The options outstanding at September 30, 2018 have an exercise price of Rs 320 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.32 year.

The expense recognised for the period ended September 30, 2018 is Rs. 5.06 million.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 53 Bengaluru Residential Project

Amounts related to the Bengaluru Residential project carried under inventories and trade receivables are as under

(Rs. in million)

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Inventories	4,173.08	4,173.08	4,161.49	4,167.79	4,091.02	3,760.34
Less: Provision for impairment	(454.56)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)	(444.63)
Inventories, net	3,718.52	3,728.45	3,716.86	3,723.16	3,646.39	3,315.71
Advances from Customers towards Sale of residential flats	2,285.26	2,349.13	2,774.15	3,026.10	3,206.69	3,855.75

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### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 54

#### First time adoption of Ind AS

The Restated Consolidated statement of assets and liabilities of the Group as at March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 and the Restated Consolidated statement of profit and loss, the Restated statement of changes in equity and the restated statement of cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2018 and March 31 2017 and restated other financial information (together referred as 'restated consolidated financial information') has been prepared under Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The Group has elected to present all five years as per Ind AS / Proforma Ind AS. The restated consolidated financial information for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 has been prepared on Proforma basis (i.e. "Proforma Ind AS financial information") in accordance with requirements of SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/47 dated March 31, 2016 ("SEBI Circular") and Guidance note on reports in company prospectuses issued by ICAI. For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS financial information for the year ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the Group has followed the same accounting policy and accounting policy choices (both mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions availed as per Ind AS 101) as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments (both re-measurements and reclassifications) in the accounting heads are made to the Proforma Ind AS financial information as of and for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014 following accounting policies and accounting policy choices (both mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions) consistent with that used at the date of transition to Ind AS (i.e. April 1, 2016).

In addition to the adjustments carried herein, the Group has also made material restatement adjustments as required by the SEBI Circular and the Guidance note on reports in company prospectuseses (refer Annexure VII). Together these constitute the restated consolidated summary financial information.

#### **Exemptions applied**

Ind AS 101 allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under Ind AS. The Company has applied the following exemptions:

#### 1 Business combination

The Group has applied the exemption as provided in Ind AS 101 in relation to Ind AS 103, "Business Combinations" for business combinations consummated prior to the date of transition (April 1, 2016). Pursuant to this exemption, goodwill arising from business combination has been stated at the carrying amount under previous GAAP. Accordingly, Ind AS 103 has been applied prospectively to business combinations occurring after its transition date.

Further, in accordance with Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2016), the Group has adopted the same accounting policy choice for preparing the restated Proforma Ind AS financial statements as adopted initially at the transition date. Accordingly, business combinations that have occurred between April 1, 2013 and March 31, 2016 have not been restated as per Ind AS 103 Business Combinations.

#### 2 Property, plant and equipment

On the date of transition the Group has chosen to reflect the fair value of all freehold land as of April 1, 2016 as their respective deemed cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment have been measured as per the requirements of Ind AS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" retrospectively.

#### 3 Intangible assets and Investment property

As permitted by IND AS 101, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying values under previous GAAP as 'deemed cost' at April 1, 2016 for all the items of intangible assets and investment property. For the purpose of Proforma Ind AS financial information for the year ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the Group has provided the depreciation based on the estimated useful life of respective years.

#### 4 Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to assess classification of financial assets and financial liabilities on the basis of facts and circumstances existing as on the date of transition. Further, the standard permits measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities accounted at amortised cost based on facts and circumstances existing at the date of transition if retrospective application is impracticable. Accordingly, the Group has determined the classification of financial assets and financial liabilities based on facts and circumstances that exist on the date of transition. Measurement of the financial assets and financial liabilities accounted at amortised cost has been done retrospectively except where the same is impracticable.

### 5 Estimates

On assessment of the estimates made under the Previous GAAP financial statements, the Company has concluded that there is no necessity to revise the estimates under Ind AS, as there is no objective evidence of an error in those estimates. However, estimates that were required under Ind AS but not required under Previous GAAP are made by the Company for the relevant reporting dates reflecting conditions existing as at that date.

 $(formerly\ known\ as\ Chalet\ Hotels\ Private\ Limited)$ 

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 54 First time adoption of Ind AS (Rs. in million)

## A. Reconciliation between previous GAAP and Ind AS

### (I) Reconciliation of equity as previously reported under IGAAP and Ind AS

Particulars	Notes to First time adoption	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Proforma	As at March 31, 2015 Proforma	As at March 31, 2014 Proforma
(i) Total equity as per previous GAAP		7,053.71	1,292.62	3,343.43	3,756.28
(ii) Ind AS adjustments					
Fair valuation of land treated as deemed cost	1	-	5,186.48	5,186.48	3,916.84
Accounting for transaction costs on borrowings as per effective interest method	2	83.52	114.51	90.81	118.92
Fair value movement of FVTPL investments	3	1.22	(9.60)	-	-
Investment in preference shares measured at amortised cost	4	-	38.14	23.71	8.66
Accounting of EPCG Scheme as a government grant, including depreciation impact	5	378.70	198.69	153.64	165.71
Net assets transferred out of hotel and retail undertaking from Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (Magna) under Court scheme reflected from appointed date i.e. April 1, 2013	6	-	-	-	1,022.92
Net assets acquired of hotel and retail undertaking from Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (Genext) under Court scheme reflected from appointed date i.e. November 1, 2016	7	(1,809.17)	=	=	=
Deferred tax on above adjustments, as applicable	9	(250.22)	(106.46)	(84.60)	(96.76)
Deferred tax impact on fair valuation and indexation benefit on land	9	(775.27)	(1,257.59)	(1,259.66)	(1,001.48)
Deferred tax impact on indexation benefit on investment property	9	94.66	64.72	54.12	43.82
Deferred tax impact on brought forward business losses and unabsorbed depreciation	9	865.20	635.32	116.20	114.13
Deferred tax impact on investments held for sale	9	0.03	110.30	-	=
Total Ind AS adjustments *		(1,411.33)	4,974.51	4,280.70	4,292.76
(iii) Total restatement adjustments (refer Annexure VII)		(930.64)	(1,055.02)	(1,262.40)	(1,402.75)
(iv) Total equity as per Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities (i + ii + iii)		4,711.74	5,212.11	6,361.73	6,646.29

<sup>\*</sup> The Ind AS adjustments reflected for adjustment with equity as at April 1, 2016 are consistent with those made as part of the first Ind AS financial statements of the Group. The adjusted net worth of the Group so arrived at shall differ from the total equity as per Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities to the extent of the restatement adjustments identified in the table above and explained as part of Annexure VII.

 $(formerly\ known\ as\ Chalet\ Hotels\ Private\ Limited)$ 

#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 54 First Time Adoption of Ind AS (Continued)

### A. Reconciliation between previous GAAP and Ind AS (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

#### (II) Reconciliation of net profit after tax/total comprehensive income (as applicable) as previously reported under IGAAP and Ind AS

Particulars	Notes to First time adoption	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
(i) Net profit after tax as per previous GAAP		574.60	(2,089.11)	(1,433.94)	(1,399.42)
(ii) Ind AS adjustments					
Accounting for transaction costs on borrowings as per effective interest method	2	(31.00)	23.69	(28.11)	50.47
Fair value movement of FVTPL investments	3	10.82	(9.60)	-	-
Investment in preference shares measured at amortised cost	4	(38.14)	14.43	12.94	10.77
Accounting of EPCG Scheme as a government grant, including depreciation impact	5	180.01	45.05	(12.07)	48.34
Net assets transferred out of hotel and retail undertaking from Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (Magna) under Court scheme reflected from appointed date i.e. April 1, 2013	6	-	-	-	770.73
Net assets acquired of hotel and retail undertaking from Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (Genext) under Court scheme reflected from appointed date i.e. November 1, 2016	7	(34.29)	-	-	-
Adjustment for profit on sale of subsidiary	8	_	38.31	_	_
Deferred tax on above adjustments, as applicable	9	(143.74)	(21.57)	12.14	(33.59)
Deferred tax impact on fair valuation and indexation benefit on land	9	482.32	28.06	29.52	24.11
Deferred tax impact on indexation benefit on investment property	9	29.96	10.59	10.31	8.39
Deferred tax impact on brought forward business losses and unabsorbed depreciation	9	229.88	519.12	2.08	114.13
Deferred tax impact on investments held for sale	9	(110.27)	110.30	-	-
Total Ind AS adjustments		575.55	758.38	26.81	993.35
(iii) Total restatement adjustments (refer Annexure VII)		124.36	207.09	140.61	(590.88)
(iv) Total comprehensive income as per Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (i + ii + iii)		1,274.51	(1,123.64)	(1,266.52)	(996.95)

### $(III) \quad Impact \ of \ Ind \ AS \ adoption \ on \ the \ Restated \ Consolidated \ Summary \ Statement \ of \ Cash \ Flows$

There were no material differences between the restated consolidated summary statement of cash flows and cash flow statement under previous GAAP (as adjusted for the impact of the demerger of Hotel & Retail undertaking from Magna and merger of Hotel & Retail undertaking from Genext - refer note 41).

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 54

#### First Time Adoption of Ind AS (Continued)

#### A. Reconciliation between previous GAAP and Ind AS (Continued)

#### (IV) Notes to First time adoption:

The Group has followed the same accounting policy choice as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016 while preparing Proforma Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 and as at April 1, 2013. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments are made to the consolidated retained earnings as at March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015, March 31, 2014 and April 1, 2013.

#### 1 Fair valuation of land treated as deemed cost

On the date of transition the Group has chosen to reflect the fair value of all freehold land as of April 1, 2016 as their respective deemed cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment have been measured as per the requirements of Ind AS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" retrospectively. The impact of both these adjustments has been considered through retained earnings and corresponding assets/liabilities, as appropriate. The fair value has been determined with reference to residual value approach which also involves determining the business value of the respective hotel building. The fair value so determined is categorised as Level 3 in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 113. The key unobservable inputs used for determination of the fair value referred to above includes the rate used for discounting (12.10%) and growth rate (5%).

The fair value of land taken as deemed cost on transition date has been pushed back for restated consolidated financial statements as per the Guidance note on Reports in Company Prospectus (revised 2016) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The fair value as on transition date is basis the land parcels and subsequent capitalisations made to the cost of land (for purchase of additional FSI) till such date (i.e. April 1, 2016). For the purpose of pushback of such fair value, proportionate fair value of such additions made is calculated based on the ratio of cost (adjusted for inflation) incurred for purchase of such additions to the total cost of such land. The fair value of such additions has been considered in their respective years of purchase by the company.

#### 2 Accounting for transaction costs on borrowings as per effective interest method

Under previous GAAP, directly attributable transaction costs were charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss or capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment in the year of disbursement of the loan. As per the requirements of Ind AS, the Group has measured the borrowings at amortised cost (including the directly attributable transaction costs) based on the effective interest rate of the borrowings. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments have been made in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss and Property, plant and equipment.

#### 3 Fair value movement of FVTPL investments

Under previous GAAP, non-current investments were carried at cost less provision for diminution (other than temporary). Under Ind AS, investment in equity shares (other than subsidiaries and associates) are measured at fair value, with fair value changes being routed through the Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 4 Investment in preference shares measured at amortised cost

Under previous GAAP, non-current investments in preference shares were carried at cost less provision for diminution (other than temporary). Under Ind AS, investment in 0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited are measured at amortised cost as per Ind AS 109. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments have been made in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss and Investment in preference shares.

#### 5 Accounting of EPCG Scheme as a government grant, including depreciation impact

The Group under the EPCG Scheme has received grants from the Government in form of waiver of import duty on purchase of capital goods. These, however are conditional on the Group achieving specified future export obligations.

Under previous GAAP, the Group recognised its property, plant and equipment at the net cost i.e. the import duty was excluded from the cost of the property, plant and equipment and adjusted directly with the export benefits. Under Ind AS, the Group has recognised the value of import duty waiver as part of the cost of the property, plant and equipment with the corresponding impact to deferred grant. The deferred grant is recognised in Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss on fulfilment of the respective export obligation.

#### $6\,$ Scheme of arrangement - hotel and retail undertaking (refer note 41)

The Board of Directors at their meeting held on October 26, 2013 had approved the merger proposal and approved the "Scheme of Arrangement" to demerge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking (together referred to as 'Demerged Undertaking') at Bengaluru from a subsidiary company, namely Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited under Section 391 read with Section 394 of the Companies Act, 1956, with effect from April 1, 2013, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of the Shareholders, Honourable High Court of Karnataka at Bangalore and Honourable High Court of Bombay and other statutory and regulatory authorities. The Scheme has become effective from September 11, 2015 and has been given effect to from the appointed date (in line with the accounting treatment prescribed in the Scheme).

The effect of the above scheme of demerger under previous GAAP was given in the consolidated statutory accounts in the financial year ended March 31, 2015 when the scheme had received all the requisite approvals with effect from Appointed Date. However for the purpose of restated proforma Ind AS financial information, the effect of the above scheme has been given in the consolidated financial information on the Appointed Date (April 1, 2013).

#### 7 Merger of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (refer note 41)

The Board of Directors at their meeting held on January 5, 2017, had approved the merger proposal and approved the "Scheme of Arrangement" to merge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking at Bengaluru from Genext under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, with effect from November 1, 2016, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of the Shareholders, Honourable High Court of Karnataka at Bangalore and Honourable High Court of Bombay and other statutory and regulatory authorities. The Scheme has become effective from October 1, 2017 and has been given effect to from the appointed date (in line with the accounting treatment prescribed in the Scheme).

#### 8 Adjustment for profit on sale of subsidiary

The Group had earlier recognised unrealised profit on disposal of the related subsidiary through retained earnings. Such unrealised profit, under Ind AS, has been recognised through the statement of profit and loss.

#### 9 Deferred tax

Previous GAAP requires deferred tax to be recognised with reference to the income statement approach. Ind AS 12 requires entities to determine deferred taxes with reference to the balance sheet approach, which focuses on temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base. The application of Ind AS 12 approach has resulted in recognition of deferred tax related adjustments in relation to certain items such as fair valuation of land, indexation benefit on land, indexation benefit on investment property, fair value of investments which were not required to be considered under the income statement approach.

Further, under the previous GAAP, deferred tax asset on carry forward business losses and unabsorbed depreciation was recognised only on existence of virtual certainty of taxable profits. The application of Ind AS 12 approach has resulted in recognition of deferred tax assets in case of reasonable certainty. The deferred tax impact of all Ind AS adjustments (as applicable) has also been considered.

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### (V) Reconciliation of retained earnings as at April 1, 2013

As specified in the Guidance Note, the equity balance computed under Proforma Consolidated Ind AS financial information for the year ended March 31, 2016 (i.e. equity under Indian GAAP as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013 adjusted for impact of Ind AS 101 items and after considering profit or loss for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 with adjusted impact due to Ind AS principles applied on proforma basis) and equity balance computed in opening Consolidated Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date (i.e. April 1, 2016), prepared for filing under Companies Act, 2013, differs due to restatement adjustments made as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013. Accordingly, the closing equity balance as at March 31, 2016 of the Proforma Consolidated Ind AS financial information has not been carried forward to the opening Consolidated Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date already adopted for reporting under Companies Act, 2013. Reconciliation of the same is disclosed below:

Particulars	Notes to First time adoption	April 1, 2013 Proforma
A. Total retained earnings as per audited consolidated financial statements as per previous GAAP		5,155.70
Ind AS adjustments		
Fair valuation of land treated as deemed cost	1	3,743.29
Accounting for transaction costs on borrowings as per effective interest method	2	68.45
Investment in preference shares measured at amortised cost	4	(2.11)
Accounting of EPCG Scheme as a government grant, including depreciation impact	5	117.37
Net assets transferred out of hotel and retail undertaking from Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (Magna) under Court scheme reflected from appointed date i.e. April 1, 2013	6	252.19
Deferred tax on above adjustments, as applicable	9	(63.16)
Deferred tax impact related to land and building	9	(1,036.69)
Deferred tax created - indexation benefit on land under Investment Property	9	35.44
B. Total Ind AS adjustments		3,114.78
C. Adjustments:		
Material restatement adjustments (i) Audit qualifications		-
Total:		-
(ii) Other adjustments C. Total impact of restatement adjustments (refer Annexure VII)		(811.89)
D. Total equity as per restated consolidated summary financial information $(\mathbf{A}+\mathbf{B}+\mathbf{C})$		7,458.59

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#### Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 55

#### Disclosure on transition to Ind AS 115

#### Changes in accounting policies:

Except for the changes below, the Group has consistently applied the accounting policies to all periods presented in these Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information.

The Group has adopted Ind AS 115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("Ind AS 115") with a date of initial application of April 1, 2018. As a result, the group has changed its accounting policy for revenue recognition as detailed below.

#### A. Real Estate development

The Group accounted for its sale of residential flats in their real estate projects on a percentage completion basis as prescribed under the Guidance note for Accounting for Real Estate Transactions issued by the ICAI. Under Ind AS 115, the Group recognises the revenue from its sale of residential projects at a point in time, i.e. when control of the flats is transferred to the customer and the Group satisfies the performance obligation. Accordingly, the Group has reversed the cumulative revenue recognised on sale of residential flats in the opening reserve as on April 1, 2018.

Further for the purpose of preparation of restated financial information, the Group has retrospectively adopted Ind AS 115 and restated prior years.

#### A. Reconciliation between balances without adoption of Ind AS 115 and as reported

Ind AS 8 requires an entity to reconcile equity and total comprehensive income for the reported period.

#### (I) Reconciliation of equity as at September 30, 2018

(1) reconcinuous of equity as at september 50, 2010	Impact	Impact of changes in accounting policies					
Particulars	As reported	Adjustments	Balances without				
			adoption of Ind AS 115				
ASSETS							
Non-current assets							
Property, plant and equipment	20,929.19	-	20,929.19				
Capital work-in-progress	227.56	-	227.56				
Investment property	6,710.32	-	6,710.32				
Goodwill	226.11	-	226.11				
Other intangible assets	12.39	-	12.39				
Financial assets							
(i) Investments	43.17	-	43.17				
(ii) Loans	101.72	-	101.72				
(iii) Others	50.07	-	50.07				
Deferred tax assets (net)	1,174.92	-	1,174.92				
Other non-current assets	105.66	(17.24)	88.42				
Non-current tax assets (net)	458.04	-	458.04				
Total non current assets	30,039.15	(17.24)	30,021.91				
Current assets							
Inventories	3,975.01	(1,084.30)	2,890.71				
Financial assets							
(i) Trade receivables	533.72	-	533.72				
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	340.85	-	340.85				
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	20.83	-	20.83				
(iv) Loans	1,633.38	-	1,633.38				
(v) Others	285.66	-	285.66				
Other current assets	559.62	-	559.62				
Total current assets	7,349.07	(1,084.30)	6,264.77				
TOTAL ASSETS	37,388.22	(1,101.54)	36,286.68				

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## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 55 (Continued)
Disclosure on transition to Ind AS 115 (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

$\alpha$	n	Reconciliation	of equity	as at Se	ntember 30	2018	(Continued)	١
()	IJ	Reconcination	or equity	as at se	ptember 30	, 4010	(Commueu)	,

	Impact of changes in accounting policies					
Particulars	As reported	Adjustments	Balances without adoption of Ind AS 115			
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
<b>Equity</b>						
Equity share capital	1,710.95	-	1,710.95			
Other equity	2,963.41	9.16	2,972.57			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	4,674.36	9.16	4,683.52			
Total Equity	4,674.36	9.16	4,683.52			
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Non current liabilities						
Financial liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	23,484.42	-	23,484.42			
(ii) Others	115.76	-	115.70			
Provisions	42.99	-	42.99			
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	621.06	4.92	625.98			
Other non-current liabilities	33.74	4.92	33.74			
Total non current liabilities	24,297.97	4.92	24,302.89			
Current liabilities						
Financial liabilities	1,195.06		1 105 04			
(i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables	1,195.06	-	1,195.06 804.66			
(iii) Other financial Liabilities	2,572.52	-	2,572.52			
Other current liabilities	2,860.61	(1,115.62)	1,744.99			
Provisions	983.04	(1,113.02)	983.04			
Total current liabilities	8,415.89	(1,115.62)	7,300.27			
Total liabilities	32,713.86	(1,110.70)	31,603.16			
Total Equity and Liabilities	37,388.22	(1,101.54)	36,286.68			

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## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Note 55 (Continued)

Disclosure on transition to Ind AS 115 (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

 $(II)\ Reconciliation\ of\ total\ comprehensive\ income\ for\ the\ period\ ended\ September\ 30,2018$ 

Particulars	As reported	Adjustments	Balances without adoption of Ind AS 115
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	4,698.68	-	4,698.68
Other income	271.75	-	271.75
Total Revenue	4,970.43	-	4,970.43
Expenses			
Real estate development cost	316.77	-	316.77
Food and beverages consumed	430.98	-	430.98
Operating supplies consumed	118.48	-	118.48
Employee benefits expense	726.91	-	726.91
Other expenses	2,037.71	-	2,037.71
Total expenses	3,630.85	-	3,630.85
Earnings before interest, depreciation, amortisation,	1,339.58	-	1,339.58
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	569.26	-	569.26
Finance costs	1,398.74	-	1,398.74
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax	(628.42)	-	(628.42)
Exceptional items- Provision for estimated loss	-		-
Profit before tax	(628.42)	-	(628.42)
Tax expense:	(92.13)	-	(92.13)
Current Tax	-	-	-
Deferred Tax	(92.13)	-	(92.13)
Profit/(Loss) for the period after Tax	(536.29)	-	(536.29)
Other comprehensive income/(expense)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	(3.00)	-	(3.00)
Income tax on above	1.05	-	1.05
Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the period, net of tax	(1.95)	-	(1.95)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the period	(538.24)	-	(538.24)

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## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

Disclosure under Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	For the period/year ended						
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma	
Details of contract balances:							
Balance as at beginning of the period / year	1,242.51	2,774.15	3,026.10	3,206.69	3,855.75	4,015.08	
Trade receivables as on April 1	(9.01)	-	-	-	-	-	
Advances received from the customers	-	-	-	14.95	154.91	104.66	
Less: Repayment to the customer on cancellation	(63.86)	(425.02)	(251.95)	(195.54)	(803.97)	(263.99)	
Significant change due to other reasons	1,115.62	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance as at end of the period / year	2,285.26	2,349.13	2,774.15	3,026.10	3,206.69	3,855.75	
Balance as at end of the period / year	2,285.26	2,349.13	2,774.15	3,026.10	3,206.69	3,855.75	

As on September 30, 2018, revenue recognised in the current period from performance obligations satisfied/ partially satisfied in the previous year is Nil (March 31, 2018: 112.88 million, March 31, 2017: 84.26 million, March 31, 2016: 59.57 million, March 31, 2015: Rs 88.33 million, March 31, 2014: Rs 71.19 million

## ${\bf Information\ on\ performance\ obligations\ in\ contracts\ with\ Customers:}$

#### Real Estate Development Project:

The following table includes revenue to be recognised in future related to performance obligations that are unsatisfied towards the real estate development projects

#### September 30, 2018

Particulars	2019	2020	2021-2025	Beyond 2025	Total	
Contract Revenue	-	-	1,785.66	-	1,785.66	
Contract Expense	-	=	1,762.90	-	1,762.90	
Total	-	-	22.76	-	22.76	
March 31, 2018						
Particulars	2019	2020	2021-2025	Beyond 2025	Total	
Contract Revenue	-	-	1,856.88	-	1,856.88	
Contract Expense	-	-	1,878.65	-	1,878.65	
Contract Expense						

Particulars	2018	2019	2020-2024	Beyond 2024	Total
Contract Revenue	_	-	2,091.16	-	2,091.16
Contract Expense	-	-	1,673.22	-	1,673.22
Total	-	-	417.94	-	417.94

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## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

#### Note 56

## Disclosure under Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

(Rs. in million)

### March 31, 2016

Particulars	2017	2018	2019-2023	Beyond 2023	Total	
Contract Revenue	-	_	2,394.40	-	2,394.40	
Contract Expense	-	-	1,916.14	-	1,916.14	
Total	-	-	478.26	-	478.26	
March 31, 2015						
Particulars	2016	2017	2018-2022	Beyond 2022	Total	
	_	_	_	2,525.27	2,525.27	
Contract Revenue						
Contract Revenue Contract Expense	-	-	-	1,991.06	1,991.06	

Particulars	2015	2015 2016		2017-2021 Beyond 2021	
G P				2 (01 02	2 (01 02
Contract Revenue	-	-	-	2,681.93	2,681.93
Contract Expense	-	-	-	2,135.43	2,135.43
Total	-	_		546.50	546,50

#### Hospitality and Commercial & Retail

The Group applies practical expedient in paragraph 121 of Ind AS 115 and does not disclose information about remaining performance obligations that have original expected duration of one year or less.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

Note 57

Additional information pursuant to paragraph 2 of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013- 'General instructions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements' of Division II of (Rs. in million)

September 30, 2018

	Net assets (total assets minus total liabilities)		Share in profit	Share in profit or loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets		As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % consolidated of total comprehensive income	Amount	
Parent									
Chalet Hotels Limited	105%	4,903.12	95%	(416.34)	100%	(3.76)	95.38%	(420.10)	
Subsidiary (parent's share) Chalet Hotel & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	-5%	(230.11)	29%	(126.51)	0%	-	28.72%	(126.51)	
Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0.00%	-	
Eliminations	0%	1.35	-24%	106.15	0%	-	-24.10%	106.15	
At September 30, 2018	100%	4,674.36	100%	(436.69)	100%	(3.76)	100%	(440.45)	

Additional information pursuant to paragraph 2 of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013- 'General instructions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements' of Division II of

March 31, 2018

	Net assets (total assets minus total liabilities)		Share in profit or loss		or loss	Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income		As % consolidated of total comprehensive income		
Parent									
Chalet Hotels Limited	104%	5,233.93	74%	231.75	100%	14.66	75.53%	246.41	
Subsidiary (parent's share)									
Chalet Hotel & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	-2%	(103.60)	-9%	(28.00)	0%	-	-8.58%	(28.00)	
Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited	-	-	0%	(0.03)	0%	-	-0.01%	(0.03)	
Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0.00%	-	
Eliminations	-2%	(106.66)	35%	107.89	0%	-	33.07%	107.89	
At March 31, 2018	100%	5,023.67	100%	311.60	100%	14.66	100%	326.26	

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

Note 57

At March 31, 2017

Additional information pursuant to paragraph 2 of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013- 'General instructions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements' of Division II of

100%

4,711.74

(Rs. in million) Net assets (total assets Share in profit or loss Share in other comprehensive income Share in total comprehensive income minus total liabilities) As % of consolidated As % consolidated of As % of consolidated As % of consolidated other comprehensive total comprehensive net assets profit or loss income income Amount Amount Amount Amount Parent 102% 100% 0.13 1,301.53 Chalet Hotels Limited 106% 5,009.08 1,301.40 102.12% Subsidiary (parent's share) Chalet Hotel & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited -2% -2.04% (26.04)-2% (75.60)(26.04)0% Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited 0% 4.75 0% (0.03)0% 0.00% (0.03)Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited (115.53)-12% (158.26)0% -12.42% (158.26)-2% Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries 0% 0% 0% 0.00% Eliminations 157.31 12.34% 157.31 -2% (110.97)12% 0%

100%

1,274.38

100%

0.13

100%

1,274.51

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

Note 57

Additional information pursuant to paragraph 2 of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013- 'General instructions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements' of Division II of March 31, 2016

	`	Net assets (total assets minus total liabilities)  Share in profit or loss Share in other comprehensive income Share in total c		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprel	nensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % consolidated of total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent								
Chalet Hotels Limited	105%	5,475.17	101%	(1,131.11)	100%	1.26	100.55%	(1,129.85)
Subsidiary (parent's share)								
Chalet Hotel & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	-1%	(49.56)	2%	(23.92)	0%	-	2.13%	(23.92)
Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited	0%	4.78	0%	(0.06)	0%	-	0.01%	(0.06)
Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited	1%	42.73	1%	(8.85)	0%	-	0.79%	(8.85)
Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0.00%	-
Eliminations	-5%	(261.01)	-3%	39.04	0%	-	-3.47%	39.04
At March 31, 2016	100%	5,212.11	100%	(1,124.90)	100%	1.26	100%	(1,123.64)

Additional information pursuant to paragraph 2 of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013- 'General instructions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements' of Division II of March 31, 2015

	Net assets (total assets minus total liabilities)		Share in profit or loss Share in other comprehen		r loss Share in other compre		Share in total compreh	nensive income
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income		As % consolidated of total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent			-					
Chalet Hotels Limited	104%	6,631.01	92%	(1,163.51)	100%	(2.60)	92.07%	(1,166.11)
Subsidiary (parent's share)								
Chalet Hotel & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0%	(25.64)	2%	(22.57)	0%	-	1.78%	(22.57)
Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited	0%	4.84	6%	(81.00)	0%	-	6.40%	(81.00)
Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited	1%	51.58	1%	(7.95)	0%	-	0.63%	(7.95)
Sycamore Properties Private Limited	0%	(7.57)	0%	(0.04)	0%	-	0.00%	(0.04)
Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0.00%	-
Eliminations	-5%	(292.49)	-1%	11.16	0%	-	-0.88%	11.17
At March 31, 2015	100%	6,361.73	100%	(1,263.92)	100%	(2.60)	100%	(1,266.51)

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

Note 57

Additional information pursuant to paragraph 2 of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013- 'General instructions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements' of Division II of March 31, 2014

	Net assets (total a minus total liabil		Share in profit or loss Share in other comprehensive income		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive inco	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % consolidated of total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent								
Chalet Hotels Limited	103%	6,815.16	99%	(985.93)	100%	(3.12)	99.21%	(989.05)
Subsidiary (parent's share)								
Chalet Hotel & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0%	(3.07)	0%	(0.66)	0%	-	0.07%	(0.66)
Grandwell Properties & Leasing Private Limited	1%	85.85	0%	(0.11)	0%	-	0.01%	(0.11)
Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited	1%	59.53	1%	(6.16)	0%	-	0.62%	(6.16)
Sycamore Properties Private Limited	0%	(7.53)	0%	0.08	0%	-	-0.01%	0.08
Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0.00%	-
Eliminations	-5%	(303.65)	0%	(1.05)	0%	-	0.11%	(1.05)
At March 31, 2014	100%	6,646.29	100%	(993.83)	100%	(3.12)	100%	(996.95)

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

## Note 58 Disclosure under Section 186 of the Act

The operations of the Company are classified as 'infrastructure facilities' as defined under Schedule VI to the Act. Accordingly, the disclosure requirements specified in sub-section 4 of Section 186 of the Act in respect of loans given, guarantee given or security provided and the related disclosures on purposes/ utilisation by recipient companies, are not applicable to the Company.

Details of investments made during the period ended September 30, 2018 as per section 186(4) of the Act:

Name of entity	March 31, 2018	Investments made	Investments redeemed / sold	September 30, 2018
Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0.09	-	-	0.09
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	-	-	0.01
Intime Properties Limited	0.72	-	-	0.72
Krishna Valley Power Private Limited	8.64	-	-	8.64
Sahyadri Renewable Energy Private Limited	31.45	-	-	31.45
Renew Wind Power Energy (AP) Limited	1.00	-	-	1.00
National Saving Certificates	0.13	-	-	0.13

Details of investments made during the year ended March 31, 2018 as per section 186(4) of the Act:

Name of entity	March 31, 2017	Investments made	Investments redeemed / sold	March 31, 2018
Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.10	-	0.10	-
Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0.09	-	-	0.09
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	-	-	0.01
Intime Properties Limited	0.72	-	-	0.72
Krishna Valley Power Private Limited	-	8.64	-	8.64
Sahyadri Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	31.45	-	31.45
Renew Wind Power Energy (AP) Limited	1.00	-	-	1.00
National Saving Certificates	0.13	-	-	0.13

Details of investments made during the year ended March 31, 2017 as per section 186(4) of the Act:

Name of entity	March 31, 2016	Investments made	Investments redeemed / sold	March 31, 2017
Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.10	-	-	0.10
Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0.09	-	-	0.09
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	-	-	0.01
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (equity shares)	2,816.94	-	2,816.94	-
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (preference shares)	157.89		157.89	-
Intime Properties Limited	340.99	-	340.27	0.72
Renew Wind Power Energy (AP) Limited	-	1.00	-	1.00
National Saving Certificates	0.13	-	-	0.13

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VI - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information (Continued)

(Rs. in million)

Details of investments made during the year ended March 31, 2016 as per section 186(4) of the Act:

Name of entity	March 31, 2015	Investments made	Investments redeemed / sold	March 31, 2016
Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.10	-	-	0.10
Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0.09	-	-	0.09
Sycamore Properties Private Limited	0.10	-	0.10	-
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	-	-	0.01
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (equity shares)	2,816.94	-	-	2,816.94
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (preference shares)	157.89	-	-	157.89
Intime Properties Limited	893.66	-	552.67	340.99
National Saving Certificates	0.13	-	-	0.13

Details of investments made during the year ended March 31, 2015 as per section 186(4) of the Act:

Name of entity	March 31, 2014	Investments made	Investments redeemed / sold	March 31, 2015
Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited	0.10	-	-	0.10
Chalet Hotels and Properties (Kerala) Private Limited	0.09	-	-	0.09
Sycamore Properties Private Limited	0.10	-	-	0.10
Stargaze Properties Private Limited	0.01	-	-	0.01
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (equity shares)	2,816.94	-	-	2,816.94
Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited (preference shares)	157.89	-	-	157.89
Intime Properties Limited	893.66	-	-	893.66
Sundew Properties Limited	588.41	-	588.41	-
National Saving Certificates	0.07	0.06	-	0.13

As per our examination report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chalet Hotels Limited (formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited) (CIN No.U55101MH1986PLC038538)

Aniruddha Godbole	Sanjay Sethi	Rajeev Newar
Partner	Managing Director & CEO	Executive Director &
		CFO
Membership No: 105149	(DIN. 00641243)	(DIN 00468125)

Mumbai Mumbai Mumbai Company Secretary
December 20, 2018 December 20, 2018 Membership No: A17817

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

### Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements

Summarised below are the restatement adjustments made to the equity of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the years ended March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015, and March 31, 2014 and balance sheet as at April 1, 2013 and their consequential impact on the equity of the Group:

					(Rs. in million)			
		As at	As at	As at	As at	As at		
Particulars	Notes 31 March 2018		31 March 2017	31 March 2016 Proforma	31 March 2015 Proforma	31 March 2014 Proforma		
A. Total equity as per audited consolidated financial statements as per Ind AS / previous GAAP		4,955.04	7,053.71	1,292.62	3,343.43	3,756.28		
B. Total Ind AS adjustments (refer note 54 of Annexure VI)		NA	(1,411.33)	4,974.51	4,280.70	4,292.76		
C. Total equity as per Ind AS (A+B)		4,955.04	5,642.38	6,267.13	7,624.13	8,049.04		
D. Adjustments:								
Material restatement adjustments								
(i) Audit qualifications		-	-	-	-	-		
Total:		-	-	-	-	-		
(ii) Adjustments due to prior period items / other adjustments								
Adjustments due to change in status of residential project at Bengaluru	3(b)	-	(1,521.72)	(1,453.92)	(1,381.72)	(1,299.13)		
Adjustments on account of alignment of accounting policies	3(h)	(25.23)	(25.23)	(25.23)	(25.23)	(25.23)		
Reversal of revenue on account of cancellation of flats of residential project at Bengaluru	3(c)	-	(63.62)	(97.61)	(123.46)	(249.23)		
Reversal of impairment / (impairment) of capital work in progress	3(d)	57.71	57.71	57.71	57.71	(106.42)		
Adjustments for short / excess provision for income taxes	3(e)	-	-	(2.85)	(2.85)	(5.62)		
Adjustment for cost of mitigation program compensation	3(f)	-	(87.39)	(279.20)	(301.48)	(211.14)		
Adjustment for deferred tax	3(g)	35.52	241.07	-	-	-		
Provision for doubtful debts	3(i)	(12.58)						
Total:		55.41	(1,399.19)	(1,801.10)	(1,777.04)	(1,896.78)		
(iii) Deferred tax impact on adjustments in (i) and (ii), as applicable								
Deferred tax impact on restatement adjustments	3(j)	13.21	468.55	746.08	514.63	494.03		
Total:		13.21	468.55	746.08	514.63	494.03		
D. Total impact of adjustments (i + ii + iii)		68.63	(930.64)	(1,055.02)	(1,262.40)	(1,402.75)		
E. Total equity as per restated consolidated summary financial information (C+D)	•	5,023.67	4,711.74	5,212.11	6,361.73	6,646.29		

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements

Summarised below are the restatement adjustments made to the net profit / (loss) of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the period/years ended September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015, March 31, 2015, March 31, 2014 and their impact on the profit / (loss) of the Group:

							(Rs. in million)
		For the period ended	For the year				
Particulars	Notes	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	ended March 31, 2014
		September 30, 2016	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2017	Proforma	Proforma	Proforma
A. Net profit after tax as per audited consolidated financial statements as per Ind AS / previous GAAP		(355.43)	(914.09)	574.60	(2,089.11)	(1,433.94)	(1,399.42)
B. Total Ind AS adjustments (refer Note 54 of Annexure VI)		NA	NA	575.55	758.38	26.81	993.35
C. Net profit after tax as per Ind AS (A+B)		(355.43)	(914.09)	1,150.15	(1,330.73)	(1,407.13)	(406.07)
D. Adjustments:							
Material restatement adjustments							
(i) Audit qualifications		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total:		-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Adjustments for prior period items / other adjustments							
Export benefits entitlements written off	3(a)	-	-	-	-	-	58.42
Adjustments due to change in status of residential project at Bengaluru	3(b)	-	1,521.72	(67.81)	(72.20)	(82.59)	(1,006.60)
Adjustments on account of alignment of accounting policies	3(h)	-	-	-	-	-	144.82
Reversal of revenue on account of cancellation of flats of residential project at Bengaluru	3(c)	-	63.62	33.97	25.80	125.77	17.87
(Reversal of impairment) / Impairment of capital work in progress	3(d)	(57.71)	-	-	-	164.13	(20.81)
Adjustments for short / excess provision for income taxes	3(e)	-	-	2.85	-	2.77	(7.51)
Adjustment for cost of mitigation program compensation	3(f)	-	87.39	191.81	22.28	(90.34)	108.09
Adjustment for deferred tax	3(g)	(35.52)	35.52	241.07	-	-	-
Provision for doubtful debts	3(i)	12.58	(12.58)				
Total:		(80.65)	1,695.67	401.90	(24.10)	119.75	(705.71)
(iii) Deferred tax impact on adjustments in (i) and (ii), as applicable							
Deferred tax impact on restatement adjustments	3(j)	(4.38)	(455.32)	(277.55)	231.20	20.87	114.82
Total:		(4.38)	(455.32)	(277.55)	231.20	20.87	114.82
E. Total impact of adjustments (i + ii + iii)		(85.03)	1,240.35	124.36	207.09	140.61	(590.88)
F. Net profit after tax as per restated consolidated summary financial information (C+E)		(440.46)	326.26	1,274.51	(1,123.64)	(1,266.52)	(996.95)

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Notes to Adjustments

#### 1. Adjustments for audit qualification: None

#### 2. Material regrouping

Appropriate adjustments have been made in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information, wherever required, by a reclassification of the corresponding items of income, expenses, assets, liabilities and cash flows in order to bring them in line with the groupings as per the audited Consolidated Interim Ind AS Financial Statements of the Group as at and for the period ended September 30, 2018, prepared in accordance with Division II Ind AS Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 (as amended). Accordingly, the Group has presented the Restated Consolidated Financial Information as at and for the years ended March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2015 following the requirements of Schedule III of the Act.

#### 3. Material restatement adjustments

#### (a) Export benefit entitlements written off

The Group recognises income in respect of duty credit entitlement arising from export sales under the "Served from India Scheme" of the Government of India in the year of exports, provided there is no significant uncertainty regarding the entitlement and availment of the credit and the amount thereof. Export credit entitlement can be utilised within a specified benefit period, by way of adjustment against duties payable on purchase of capital equipments, spare parts and consumables. Unutilised export entitlement is written off in the year in which the time period of utilisation of such licenses expires. The Group had written off export entitlement receivable during the year ended March 31, 2014 on expiry of the utilisation period. For the purpose of these restated consolidated financial information, the Group has appropriately adjusted this in the year in which the duty credit entitlement was first recognised. Adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated consolidated financial information as at April 1, 2013.

#### (b) Adjustments due to change in status of residential project at Bengaluru

In view of Hindustan Aeronautical Limited (HAL's) raising an objection with regards to the permissible height and pursuant to the interim order passed by the Honourable Karnataka High Court ('the Court') in the petition filed by the Group, in respect of the Group's residential project at Bengaluru during the year 2013-14, the Group suspended and limited the vertical construction of all wings up to a particular height, pending outcome of the matter.

Further, pending the outcome of the proceedings and a final closure of the matter, the Group had decided to suspend revenue recognition based on the percentage completion method and has also been derecognising profits on cancellation of flats previously sold. Pursuant to a subsequent order passed by the Court for conduct of an Aeronautical Study by the Airports Authority of India [AAI], AAI conducted the required Aeronautical Study and filed its report in January 2015, confirming that the full height of the then completed building-wings does not adversely affect aircraft operations. HAL has filed objections to the Aeronautical Study Report of AAI, and the matter is currently sub-judice.

Since the litigation has prolonged and is yet to be concluded, the Group explored the option of restructuring the construction plan in consultation with the relevant stakeholders to achieve a mutually beneficial solution. Consequently, during the year ended March 31, 2018, without prejudice to its rights and remedies under law and keeping the commercial considerations in perspective, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, decided that the Group should proactively consider recommencement of construction upto the permissible limit and engage with the buyers above the 10th floor for evaluating possible options. Accordingly, the Group has reassessed the estimated cost of completion of the project upto the 10th floor as per the aforementioned plan and has recorded the following adjustments as exceptional items during the year ended March 31, 2018:

- i) the provision towards impairment of super structure of Rs. 350.89 million and the expected cost of alteration of super structure of Rs. 250 million during the year ended March 31, 2014, being the year in which the litigation had initiated.
- ii) Provision for cost of mitigation program compensation and related expenses of Rs 555 million for expected cancellations for flats above 10th floor, net of compensation already provided for has been adjusted to the respective year to which interest cost relates. Adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated financial information as at April 1, 2013.
- iii) Impact of revised estimated cost of completion of the project on the net realisable value of inventory resulting in write down of Rs 25.76 million has been adjusted during the year ended March 31, 2014, being the year in which the litigation had initiated.

The auditors' reports for the years ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 included an Emphasis of Matters paragraph in respect of the amounts related to the residential project at Bengaluru (inventories aggregating to Rs 2,659.87 million and Rs 2,533.02 million and trade receivables of Rs 9.12 million and Rs 6.77 million as at March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 respectively. The Group has made necessary adjustments to inventories and trade receivables in these Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information as per the aforementioned plan.

The auditors' reports for the year ended March 31, 2014 included an Emphasis of Matters paragraph in respect of the residential project at Bengaluru for which the Group had not recognized profits during the year on flats sold above 40 meters, derecognized profits on sales of previous years that have been cancelled during the year, the Group had recompensed flat owners, in accordance with mitigation plan, with payments on account of the delay in completion of the project and additionally provision for estimated loss on account of cancellation in the subsequent year was been made in the accounts. The Group has made necessary adjustments in these Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information as per the aforementioned plan.

Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) Notes to Adjustments (Continued)

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

#### (c) Reversal of revenue on account of cancellation of flats of residential project at Bengaluru

The Group reversed the revenue and derecognised margins, in respect of its residential project at Bengaluru, in the respective year of cancellation. Further, during the year ended March 31, 2018, as mentioned in paragraph b) above, the Group reversed revenue and margins aggregating Rs 524 million and Rs 122 million respectively, in respect of the flats for all wings above 40 meters and also recognised additional revenue and incremental cost of sale of residential flats aggregating Rs 42.02 million and Rs 278.03 million respectively due to revision of the estimated percentage of completion.

The Group, on restatement, has adjusted the cancellations / revenue reversals in the year in which the revenue and margins were originally recognised. Adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated consolidated financial information as at April 1, 2013.

#### (d) Reversal of impairment / Impairment of capital work in progress

The Group had recognised impairment of capital work in progress in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2015 and subsequently partially reversed the impairment provision during the period ended September 30, 2018

For the purpose of these restated consolidated financial information, the Group has appropriately adjusted this in the respective year in which the provision should have been originally created, net of the reversal of such provision. Further, adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated consolidated financial information as at April 1, 2013.

#### (e) Prior period tax adjustments

Excess and short provision for income taxes pertaining to earlier years, based on intimations / orders / received / returns filed, accounted for during the years ended March 31, 2017 of Rs 7.50 million and March 31, 2014 of Rs 2.85 million respectively has been adjusted in the respective financial years to which it pertains. The Group had also written off MAT credit of Rs 2.7 million during the year ended March 31, 2015. The adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of retained earnings as per restated consolidated financial information as at April 1, 2013.

#### (f) Adjustment for cost related to mitigation program compensation

The Group has recorded additional compensation net of goodwill compensation, in respect of its residential project at Bengaluru, in the respective year of cancellation.

The Group, on restatement, has adjusted the additional compensation cost net of goodwill compensation to the year to which the same pertains as it relates to period cost and is payable for period of delay. Adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated consolidated financial information as at April 1, 2013.

#### (g) Adjustment for deferred tax

The Group has recognised deferred tax credit pertaining to incorrect computation in deferred taxes during the period ended September 30, 2018 and also for the year ended March 31, 2017. The Group, on restatement, has adjusted the deferred tax credit in the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2018 and as of and for the year ended March 31, 2017 respectively.

#### (h) Adjustments on account of alignment of accounting policies

Pursuant to applicability of Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers from 1 April 2018, the Company has changed its accounting policy for accounting of its real estate contracts from the percentage completion method as prescribed in the erstwhile Guidance note on accounting for real estate transactions (for entities to whom Ind AS is applicable) to completed contract method under Ind AS 115.

For the purpose of these restated financial information, the Company has appropriately adjusted this in the respective year in which the revenue and cost was recognised. Adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of the retained earnings as per restated financial information as at April 1, 2013.

#### (i) Provision for doubtful debts

The Group had provided Rs 12.57 million towards a trade receivable as at September 30, 2018 which relates to a receivable against a dispute with the customer. This amount has been pushed back to March 31, 2018, the year in which the services were originally provided to the customer.

#### (j) Deferred tax impacts

Deferred tax has been computed on adjustments made as detailed above and has been adjusted in the restated consolidated financial information for the years ended March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014. The adjustments related to financial years prior to March 31, 2014 have been adjusted against the opening balance of retained earnings as per restated consolidated financial information as at April 1, 2013.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

## Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) Notes to Adjustments (Continued)

#### Non-adjusting items

#### 1. Emphasis of matters in the Auditors' report which do not require any corrective adjustments in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information

#### a) Leasehold land at Vashi

For the period / years ended September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016: the auditors' report has drawn attention in respect of the hotel building purchased, together with a demarcated portion of the leasehold rights to land at Vashi (Navi Mumbai), from K. Raheja Corp Private Limited, on which the Company's Four Points by Sheraton Hotel has been built. The allotment of land by City & Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Limited ('CIDCO') to K. Raheja Corp Private Limited has been challenged by two public interest litigations and the matter is currently pending with the Honorable Supreme Court of India. Pending the outcome of proceedings and a final closure of the matter, no adjustments have been made in the standalone Ind AS financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2018 to the carrying value of the leasehold rights (reflected as preparents) and the hotel assets thereon aggregating to Rs 497.70 million, Rs 503.79 million, Rs 530.18 million and Rs 567.14 million as at September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2018 respectively. (Refer Annexure VI. Note 2 and 10).

#### b) Acquisition of Hotel and Retail division at Bengaluru from Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited

For the year ended March 31, 2018, the auditors' report has drawn attention in respect of the Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') between Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ('Genext') and the Company for demerger of the Hotel undertaking and Retail undertaking ('demerged undertaking') of Genext which has been approved by the National Company Law Tribunal ('NCLT') at Mumbai and Bengaluru and other regulatory authorities on September 11, 2017, with effect from the Appointed date specified in the Scheme i.e. November 1, 2016. The Scheme has been accounted in the manner prescribed by the NCLT order i.e. the book values of the assets, liabilities and reserves of the demerged undertaking of Genext as of November 1, 2016 have been recorded by the Company and the identity of the reserves have been maintained. The excess of the book value of the net assets and reserves of the demerged undertaking of Genext acquired over the face value of the shares issued by the Company amounting to Rs. 189.53 million has been debited to Goodwill in accordance with the Scheme. This accounting treatment is different from that prescribed under Ind AS 103 on Business Combination. (Refer Annexure VI, Note 41).

#### c) Disclosure of comparative balances

Note 1.2 to the consolidated interim Ind AS financial statements, which describes the basis of preparation. These consolidated interim Ind AS financial statements have been prepared for inclusion in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information in the Red Herring Prospectus / Prospectus in connection with the proposed issue of Equity Shares of the Company by way of a fresh issue and/or an offer for sale by the existing shareholders. These consolidated interim Ind AS financial statements are not the statutory consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Group.

#### d) ICDR 2018

As at and for the period ended 30 September 2018 and for the years ended March 31, 2018, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014: Securities Exchange Board of India as issued Securities Exchange Board of India (Issued of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018') on 11 September 2018, which are effective from 11 November 2018. Accordingly, on and from the commencement of this regulations, the SEBI ICDR regulations 2009 shall stand rescinded. Based on the advice received by the Management, the Group continues to comply with the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2009.

#### 2. Audit Qualifications in Annexure to Auditors' Report, which do not require any corrective adjustments in the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information

In addition to the audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements, the auditors are required to comment upon the matters included in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ('CARO') issued by the Central Government of India terms of subsection (11) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the years ended March 31, 2018, March 31, 2016, the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015 issued by the Central Government of India terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year ended March 31, 2015 and the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 issued by the Central Government of India under sub-section (4A) of Section 227 of the Companies Act, 1956 for the year ended March 31, 2014. Certain statements/comments included in the annexure to the Auditors' report on the financial statements (i.e. CARO), which do not require any adjustments in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information are reproduced below in respect of the financial statements presented:

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## Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) Notes to Adjustments (Continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2018

#### **Chalet Hotels Limited**

Clause (i) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the examination of the registered transfer deeds provided to us and based on confirmations directly received by us from the lenders where the title deeds have been mortgaged as security for loans taken from Banks and financial institutions, we report that, the title deeds, of immovable properties comprising of freehold land and buildings as listed in Notes 2 and 4 of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, are held in the name of the Company, except as stated in the table below:

Land / building	Number of cases		Notes in the standalone Ind AS financial statements	Gross block (Rs in million)	Net block (Rs in million)	Remarks	
Building	1	Freehold	2	958.78	449.27	Refer note 43 (c) in the standalone Ind AS financial statements in respect of the matter which is presently under litigation.	
Land	1	Freehold	2	286.64	286.64		
Building	1	Freehold	2	1,978.10	1,500.45	Acquired as part of Scheme of arrangement (Refer note	
Land	1	Freehold	4	337.12		42 (b) to the standalone Ind AS financial statements),	
Building	1	Freehold	4	1,779	1,328.98	pending to be transferred in the name of the Company.	
Land	1	Freehold	4	80.01	80.01		
Building	1	Freehold	4	893.38		Acquired as part of Scheme of arrangement (Refer note 42 (a) to the standalone Ind AS financial statements), pending to be transferred in the name of the Company.	

Further in respect of the leasehold land acquired by the Company, attention is invited to the table below:

Turner in respect of the leasehold land acquired by the Company, attention is						Remarks
Land	Number of cases	Leasehold	Notes in the standalone Ind AS financial statements	Gross block (Rs in million)	Net block (Rs in million)	
Land	1	Leasehold	11	65.06	54.52	Refer note 43 (c) in the standalone Ind AS financial statements in respect of the matter which is presently under litigation

#### Clause (vii) (a)

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales tax, Service tax and Duty of excise dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities, though there have been slight delays in a few cases.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) Notes to Adjustments (Continued)

#### Clause (vii) (b)

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income-tax, Sales tax, Duty of excise and Goods and Service tax which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. According to the information and explanations given to us, the following dues of Service tax, Duty of customs and Value added tax have not been deposited as on 31 March 2018 by the Company on account of disputes:

		Amount deposited on			
	Demand (Rs. in million)	account of demand	Financial year (F.Y.) to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	
<u> </u>	(	(Rs. in million)			
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	53.62	-	FY 2004-05 to FY 2010-11	Order-in-Appeal awaited from the CESTAT, Mumbai	
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	17.7	-	April 2006 to March 2008	Order-in-Appeal awaited from the CESTAT, Mumbai	
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	6.53	-	FY 2012-13 to FY 2014-15	Order-in-Appeal awaited from the Commissioner (Appeals- Hyderabad)	
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	4.73	-	FY 2012-13 to FY 2014-15	Commissioner (Appeals), Mumbai	
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	3.89	-	May 2011 to June 2012	Commissioner (Appeals), Hyderabad	
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	3.2	-	Oct-2006 to Apr 2008	Assistant Commissioner of Service Tax, Hyderabad	
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	3.07	-	Oct 2014 to June 2017	Commissioner CGST, Bangalore	
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	1.98	-	2012-13 to 2015-16	Commissioner CGST, Mumbai	
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	1.44	-	Feb 2013 to Sept 2014	Commissioner CGST, Bangalore	
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	0.41	-	FY 2012-13 to FY 2014-15	Commissioner (Appeals), Hyderabad	
Foreign Trade Policy	5.74	-	FY 2016-17	Karnataka High Court	
(Duty of customs)			1 1 2010-17	Kamataka Ingii Court	
Maharashtra VAT Act,2002	9.35	-	FY 2012-13	Joint Commissioner Appeals LTU-2	
Andhra Pradesh VAT	1.76	0.22	FY 2013-14 to 2015-16	Asst.Commissioner (CT) LTU	
Andhra Pradesh VAT	1.59	0.4	FY 2010-11 to 2012-13	Deputy Commissioner, Hyderabad	

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# Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) Notes to Adjustments (Continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2017

### **Chalet Hotels Limited**

### Clause (i) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the examination of the registered transfer deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, of such immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. Immovable properties of land and buildings whose title deeds have been mortgaged as security for loans taken from Banks and financial institutions are held in the name of the Company based on confirmations directly received by us from the lenders / parties. In respect of immovable properties of land and buildings that have been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed asset in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company. Attention is however invited to Footnote (2) to note 13(a) regarding the leasehold land on which the Company's Four Points by Sheraton Hotel - Vashi (Navi Mumbai) has been built, which is presently under litigation.

#### Clause (iii) (b)

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted unsecured loans to companies covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of which:

The schedule of repayment of principal has not been stipulated. The schedule of payment of interest has been stipulated and receipts of interest have been regular as per stipulations, except for a loan granted to one party where interest of Rs. 17.66 million was paid after a delay of 80 days.

### Clause (vii) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

Details of dues of Service tax, Provident fund and Value added tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2017 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs in	Period to which it relates	Forum where the
		million)		dispute is pending
	VAT on cocktails	1.70 *	FY 2013-14 to FY 2015-16	Telangana VAT
Telangana VAT Act				Assistant Deputy
				Commissioner
	Computation of Provident		FY 2008-09 to FY 2010-11	Bombay High Court
Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act	Fund	3.78		
	Computation of Provident		November 2011 to November.	PF Regional
	Fund	3.00	2014	Commissioner
				Additional
	Service Tax - CENVAT		FY 2012-13 to FY 2014-15	Commissioner, Service
	credit disallowed	5.77	1 2012 10 10 1 201 1 10	Tax
			FY 2004-05 to FY 2010-11	Appellate Tribunal
	Service Tax demand on	103.03	1 200 . 00 .01 1 2010 11	rippenate rinounar
	foreign currency expenditure			Superintendent,
	under reverse mechanism		FY 2003-04 to FY 2007-08	service tax
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	charge	17.48		Service tax
	=			
	Service Tax demand on		0 1 2006 1 1 2008	Assistant
	wrong availment of CENVAT Credit		October 2006 to April 2008	Commissioner, Service
		3.20		Tax
	Service Tax demand for			Commissioner
	Laundry and telephone		May 2011 to June 2012	Appeals, Service tax
	charges	3.35		rippeans, sorvice tax

<sup>^</sup> Net of Rs 0.04 million paid under protest

<sup>\*</sup> Net of Rs 0.02 million paid under protest

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# Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) Notes to Adjustments (Continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2016

**Chalet Hotels Limited** 

Clause (i) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the examination of the registered transfer deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, of such immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. Immovable properties of land and buildings whose title deeds have been mortgaged as security for loans taken from Banks and financial institutions are held in the name of the Company based on confirmations directly received by us from the lenders I parties. In respect of immovable properties of land and buildings that have been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed asset in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company. Attention is however invited to Footnote (2) to note 13(a) regarding the leasehold land on which the Company's Four Points by Sheraton Hotel - Vashi (Navi Mumbai) has been built, which is presently under litigation.

### Clause (iii) (b)

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted unsecured loans to companies covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of which:

(b) The schedule of repayment of principal has not been stipulated. The schedule of payment of interest has been stipulated and receipts of interest have been regular as per stipulations, except for a loan granted to one party where interest of Rs. 17.66 million was paid after a delay of 80 days.

### Clause (vii) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

Details of dues of Service tax, Excise duty, Provident fund and Value added tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2016 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs in	Period to which it relates	Forum where the
		million)		dispute is pending
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT – levy of interest u/s 30 (2) of MVAT Act, 2002	8.40	FY 2006-07 to 2007-08	Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax – Appeals II
Telangana VAT Act	VAT – disallowance of VAT credit on LPG expense	0.26*	FY 2011-12 to FY 2012-13	Appellate Deputy Commissioner (CT) Hyderabad Rural
	VAT on cocktails	1.19^	FY 2010-11 to FY 2012-13	Telangana VAT Appellate Tribunal
	Service Tax - CENVAT	19.33	FY 2011-12 to FY 2014-15	Additional Commissioner, Service
	credit disallowed	99.71	FY 2004-05 to FY 2010-11	Appellate Tribunal
	Service Tax demand on		FY 2003-04 to FY 2007-08	Superintendent,
Finance Act 1994 (Service Tax)	foreign currency expenditure under reverse mechanism charge	14.48		service tax
	Service Tax demand for	3.22	, ,	Commissioner
	Laundry and telephone charges	-	2012	Appeals, Service Tax
Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act	Computation of Provident Fund	3.78	FY 2008-09 to FY 2010-11	Bombay High Court

<sup>\*</sup> Net of Rs. 0.33 million paid under protest

<sup>^</sup> Net of Rs. 0.40 million paid under protest

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# Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) Notes to Adjustments (Continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### **Chalet Hotels Limited**

### Clause (iii) (c)

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Group has maintained proper records of its inventories and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification, other than at the hotel at Sahar (Mumbai) which commenced operations in February 2015 and in respect of which systems for recording of receipt and issue of stocks are being put in place.

### Clause (v)

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business for the purchase of inventories other than at the Sahar Hotel (refer clause (iii) (c) above) and fixed assets and for the sale of goods and services. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any major weakness in such internal control system, except as stated in clause (iii) (c) above.

#### Clause (vii) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

Details of dues of Service tax and Sales tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2015 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs in	Period to which it relates	Forum where the
		million)		dispute is pending
Service Tax Rules, 1994	Service Tax	91.13	FY 2003-04 to F.Y. 2010-11 & April 2011	CESTAT
Service Tax Rules, 1994	Service Tax	12.80	FY 2003-04 to 2007-08	Commissioner Service Tax
MVAT Act, 2002	Sales Tax	8.40	FY 2006-07 to 2008-09	Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax
APVAT Act, 2005	Sales Tax	0.26		Deputy Commissioner, Commercial Tax

#### Clause (viii)

The accumulated losses of the Company at the end of the financial year are less than fifty per cent of its net worth. The Company has incurred cash losses during the financial year, there were no cash losses incurred by the Company in the immediately preceding financial year.

### **Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited**

#### Clause (ix) (b)

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of sales tax, income tax, customs duty, wealth tax, service tax, excise duty and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute except following:-

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Forum where dispute is pending		Amount
Income Tax Act, 1961	Interest	Assessing Officer	2009-10	0.79
Income Tax Act, 1961	Interest	Assessing Officer	2010-11	0.03

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) Notes to Adjustments (Continued)

### Clause (x)

The accumulated losses of the Company at the end of the financial year are less than fifty per cent of its net worth. The Company has incurred cash losses during the financial year, there were no cash losses incurred by the Company in the immediately preceding financial year.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2014

### **Chalet Hotels Limited**

#### Clause (ix) (c)

According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

Details of dues of Service tax and Sales tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2014 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs in	Period to which it relates	Forum where the
		million)		dispute is pending
Service Tax Rules, 1994	Service Tax	83.70	FY 2003-04 to F.Y. 2010-11 &	CESTAT
			April 2011	
Service Tax Rules, 1994	Service Tax	11.45	FY 2003-04 to 2007-08	Commissioner Service
MVAT Act, 2002	Sales Tax	8.40	FY 2006-07 to 2008-09	Joint Commissioner of
Income Tax Act 1961	Income tax	0.07	AY 2011-12	CIT (Appeals)

#### **Grandwell Properties and Leasing Private Limited**

### Clause (ix) (b)

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of sales tax, income tax, customs duty, wealth tax, service tax, excise duty and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute except following:-

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Forum where dispute is pending		Amount
Income Tax Act, 1961	Interest	Assessing Officer	2009-10	0.79
Income Tax Act, 1961	Interest	Assessing Officer	2010-11	0.03

### Clause (x)

The accumulated losses of the Company at the end of the financial year are less than fifty per cent of its net worth. The Company has incurred cash losses during the financial year, there were no cash losses incurred by the Company in the immediately preceding financial year.

### Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited

### For the year ended March 31, 2017

### Clause (vii) (a)

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Duty of customs, Value added tax, Cess, Works contract tax, Property tax and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of Income-tax and Service tax have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities, though there have been slight delay in a few cases.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### Clause (viii

The accumulated losses of the Company at the end of the financial year are less than fifty percent of its net worth. The Company, has incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.

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# Annexure VII - Statement of Adjustments to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) Notes to Adjustments (Continued)

### For the year ended March 31, 2014

Clause (x)

The Company's accumulated losses at the end of the financial year are more than fifty percent of its net worth. The Company has incurred cash losses in the current financial year and the immediately preceding financial year.

#### Clause (xvii)

According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we are of the opinion that bank overdrafts, inter-company borrowings and other current liabilities have financed a part of the long-term fixed assets, investment property, investment property under construction and debit balance in the statement of profit and loss of the Company to the extent of Rs. 2,100.23 million.

### 3. Reconciliation of retained earnings as at April 1, 2013

As specified in the Guidance Note, the equity balance computed under Proforma Consolidated Ind AS financial information for the year ended March 31, 2016 (i.e. equity under Indian GAAP as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013 adjusted for impact of Ind AS 101 items and after considering profit or loss for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 with adjusted impact due to Ind AS principles applied on proforma basis) and equity balance computed in opening Consolidated Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date (i.e. April 1, 2016), prepared for filing under Companies Act, 2013, differs due to restatement adjustments made as at April 1, 2015, 2014 and 2013. Accordingly, the closing equity balance as at March 31, 2016 of the Proforma Consolidated Ind AS Balance sheet as at transition date already adopted for reporting under Companies Act, 2013. Reconciliation of the same is disclosed in Note 54 of Annexure VII.

		(Rs. in million)
Particulars	Notes	April 1, 2013 Proforma
A. Total retained earnings as per audited consolidated financial statements as per previous GAAP		5,155.70
B. Total Ind AS adjustments (refer Note 54 of Annexure VI)		3,114.78
C. Adjustments:		
Material restatement adjustments		
(i) Audit qualifications		
Total:		
(ii) Other adjustments		
Restatement adjustments:		
Export benefits entitlements written off	(a)	(58.42)
Reversal of revenue on account of cancellation of flats of residential project at	(b)	
Bengaluru	a.v.s	(267.11)
Adjustments due to change in status of residential project at Bengaluru	(b)(c)	(292.53)
Adjustments on account of alignment of accounting policies	(h)	(170.06)
Adjustment for cost of mitigation program compensation	(f)	(319.23)
Adjustments for short / excess provision for income taxes	(e)	1.89
(Reversal of impairment) / Impairment of capital work in progress	(d)	(85.61)
Deferred tax impact on restatement adjustments	(j)	379.17
Total impact of restatement adjustments		(811.89)
D. Total equity as per restated consolidated summary financial information (A + B +	C)	7,458.59

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# Annexure VIII - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Other Income

(Rs. in million)

	Nature		For the period/year ended					
Particulars	(Recurring/ Non- recurring)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma	
Interest income from instruments measured at amortised cost	Recurring	113.05	190.06	227.84	50.61	221.32	126.66	
Gain on Foreign Exchange Fluctuation (Net)	Recurring	-	4.63	169.40	-	-	-	
Net mark to market gain on derivative contracts	Recurring	39.38	21.54	-	-	-	-	
Export benefits and entitlements	Recurring	-	-	42.25	-	-	-	
Profit on sale of fixed assets (Net)	Recurring	3.55	1.23	3.84	0.17	1.80	12.12	
Profit on sale of Investments	Non-recurring	-	114.57	1,356.67	7.79	-	-	
Dividend Received	Recurring	-	0.00	0.00	7.90	1.32	-	
Provision for doubtful debts written back	Recurring	-	-	3.62	-	1.29	-	
Sundry Balances written back	Recurring	-	-	15.45	13.55	0.71	0.17	
Interest on Income tax refund	Recurring	-	-	13.61	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous Income	Recurring	4.34	17.60	22.87	18.27	16.65	9.91	
Total Other Income as per previous GAAP	-	160.32	349.64	1,855.56	98.30	243.08	148.86	
Add/Less: Ind AS adjustments								
Business combination of Magna		-	-	(66.77)	-	-	174.85	
Interest Income from amortised cost measurement of Preference shares		-	-	17.29	14.43	12.94	10.77	
Profit on sale of Investments.		-	-	-	38.31	-	-	
Business combination of Genext		6.42	7.34	97.18	-	-	-	
Export benefits and entitlements		-	-	(42.25)	-	-	-	
Fair value gain on instruments measured at FVTPL		-	-	10.82	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous Income		-		-	-	-	0.17	
Total Ind AS adjustments	_	6.42	7.34	16.27	52.74	12.94	185.79	
Total Other Income as per Ind AS	_	166.74	356.98	1,871.83	151.04	256.02	334.65	
Add/Less: Other adjustments		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total other adjustments	_							
Total Restated Other Income		166.74	356.98	1,871.83	151.04	256.02	334.65	

The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VII and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

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### Annexure IX - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Accounting Ratios

(Rs. in million)

Sr. Particulars For the year ended							
No.		September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
1	Restated Profit / (Loss) after Tax (Rs. in millions)	(436.69)	311.60	1,274.38	(1,124.90)	(1,263.92)	(993.83)
1	Net profit / (loss) available to equity shareholders (Rs. in millions)	(436.69)	311.60	1,274.38	(1,124.90)	(1,263.92)	(993.83)
2	Weighted average number of basic equity shares outstanding during the year	171,095,293	171,095,293	159,931,174	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253
3	Weighted average number of diluted equity shares outstanding during the year	171,095,293	171,095,293	159,931,174	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253
4	Net worth for equity shareholders (Rs. in millions)	4,674.36	5,023.67	4,711.74	5,212.11	6,361.73	6,646.29
5	Accounting Ratios:						
	Basic Earnings per Share (1)/(2)	(2.55)	* 1.82	7.97	(7.39)	(8.31)	(6.53)
	Diluted Earnings per Share (1)/(3)	(2.55)	* 1.82	7.97	(7.39)	(8.31)	(6.53)
	Return on Net Worth for Equity Shareholders (1)/(4)	(0.09)	6.20%	6 27.05%	-21.58%	-19.87%	-14.95%
	Net Asset Value Per Share (Rs.) (4)/(2)	27.32	29.36	29.46	34.26	41.81	43.68

<sup>\*</sup> Not annualised

### Note:

- 1 The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary
- 2 The ratios have been computed as follows:
  - a) Earning Per Share (Basic) = <u>Restated net profit after tax and adjustments, available for equity shareholders</u>
    Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period/year
  - b) Earning Per Share (Diluted) = Restated Profit for the period/year

Weighted average number of diluted potential equity shares outstanding during the period/year

- c) Return on Net worth (%) = Restated net profit after tax and adjustments, available for equity shareholders

  Restated net worth at the end of the period/year
- d) Net Asset Value per Share (Rs.) =  $\frac{\text{Restated net worth at the end of the period/year}}{\text{Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period/year}}$
- Net worth for ratios mentioned in point 4 is = Equity share capital + Reserves and surplus (including Securities Premium, General Reserve and Retained earnings). Retained earnings includes impact of fair valuation of land considered as deemed cost on transition to Ind AS (net of related tax impact): Rs. 3,710.05 million (March 31 2018: Rs. 3,710.05 million, March 31 2017: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2016: Rs. 3,724.38 million, March 31, 2015: Rs. 3,750.36 million, March 31, 2014: Rs. 2,868.51 million)
- 4 Weighted average number of equity shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the period/year adjusted by the number of equity shares issued during the period/year multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the period/year.
- 5 The Company does not have any revaluation reserves or extra-ordinary items.
- 6 Earnings per share calculations are in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 (Ind AS 33) Earnings per share. The impact of dilution on account of ESOP is not considered as they are anti-dilutive.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure X - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Capitalisation

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	Pre-issue as at September 30, 2018	As Adjusted for issue
Debt:		
Long term borrowings	23,484.42	[.]
Short term borrowings	1,195.06	[.]
Current portion of Secured long term borrowings, included in Other Current Liabilities	2,214.49	[.]
Total debt (A)	26,893.97	
Shareholders Funds:		
Equity Share Capital	1,710.95	[.]
Reserves and Surplus	2,963.41	[.]
Total Shareholders Funds (B)	4,674.36	
Total Debt/Shareholder fund (A/B)	5.75	[.]

#### Notes:

i) The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

ii) The corresponding figures (As adjusted for issue) are not determinable at this stage pending the completion of the book building process and hence have not been furnished.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure XI - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Tax Shelter

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	For the period ended September 30, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Proforma	For the year ended March 31, 2014 Proforma
A. Profit before tax as restated	(628.42)	211.86	791.16	(1,660.04)	(1,408.11)	(1,263.68)
B. Company's domestic tax rate	34.94%	34.61%	34.61%	34.61%	34.61%	33.99%
C. Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	(219.60)	73.32	273.80	(574.51)	(487.32)	(429.52)
Tax impact of permanent differences due to:						
Expenses not allowed under tax	(57.68)	(9.05)	39.13	34.80	(6.50)	303.97
Income not subject to tax	-	(0.51)	(36.36)	(3.56)	(1.19)	-
Utilisation of brought forward losses	9.43	(55.53)	-	-	-	-
Difference in applicable tax rates	-	(13.47)	(1.25)	1.12	-	-
Change in tax rate	-	4.42	-	-	(4.80)	-
Others	-	-	34.58	-	-	1.08
D. Total tax impact of permanent differences	(48.24)	(74.13)	36.11	32.36	(12.49)	305.05
Tax impact of timing differences due to: Property, plant and equipment Investment Property Assets classified as held for sale Adjustment for deferred taxes (prior period) Real Estate Inventory Section 35AD deduction Investments Provisions	43.30 1.82 0.00 - - (39.71) - 23.06	113.16 20.44 0.01 - 76.70 22.59	(1,450.68) (5.24) (110.27) (241.07) 46.08 2,560.46 (2.50) (20.82)	1,985.35 10.60 110.30 - 33.08 (2,309.10) 2.22 12.90	(2,239.49) 10.31 - 108.62 - (2.11) 6.40	44.07 8.38 - 20.10 - 2.11 232.36
Borrowings Other current liabilities	(1.07)	8.51	7.34	(17.62)	7.50	(17.28) 20.14
Other items	130.14 (164.32)	(172.77) 95.95	(152.15) (386.71)	(75.85) 256.26	(160.55) 112.32	(86.40)
Indexation of land and investment property	22.26	(118.52)	(526.52)	(38.66)	(39.83)	(32.50)
Indexation of equity instruments	22.20	(110.52)	(320.32)	(115.29)	(4.48)	(3.73)
Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses	250.43	(8.87)	(116.18)	0.01	-	(2.66)
EIR measurement of preference shares	1.01	- (0.07)	(110.10)	-	_	(2.00)
Employee Stock option plans	0.92	_	_	-	_	_
Deferred tax asset not recognised on current year's loss	-	19.60	88.34	687.97	2,701.12	5.09
E. Total tax impact of timing differences	267.84	0.82	(309.91)	542.16	499.82	189.67
F. Net adjustments (D+E)	219.59	(73.31)	(273.80)	574.52	487.32	494.72
G. Tax liability (C+F)		-	-	-	-	65.19

# Notes:

<sup>(</sup>i) The figures disclosed above are based on the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information of the Group.

<sup>(</sup>ii) The above statement has been prepared based on the tax computations for the respective years. The figures for year ended March 31, 2018 is based on the provisional computations of total income prepared by the Group and are subject to any changes that may be considered at the time of filing of the return of income.

<sup>(</sup>iii) The above statement should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

(formerly known as Chalet Hotels Private Limited)

# Annexure XII - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Dividend

(Rs. in million)

						(KS. III IIIIIIIII)
	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Number of Equity Shares	171,095,293	171,095,293	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253	152,142,253
Face value (Rs.)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Dividend per Equity Share (in Rs.)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Rate of dividend	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Dividend tax rate	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total dividend (in Rs.)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 Proforma	March 31, 2015 Proforma	March 31, 2014 Proforma
Number of Preference Shares	21,600	1,600	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Face value (Rs.)	100,000	100,000	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Dividend per Preference Share (in Rs.)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Rate of dividend	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Dividend tax rate	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total dividend (in Rs.)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

The Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares were issued pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement to demerge the Hotel Undertaking and the Retail Undertaking of Genext Hardware & Parks Private Limited ("Transferor Company") with the Company ("Transferee Company") under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, with effect from November 01, 2016, ("the Appointed Date") subject to obtaining necessary approvals of National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) at Mumbai. The Scheme has become effective October 1, 2017.

These shares are entitled to dividend at the rate of 0.001% per annum. The Company has incurred losses during the financial period ended September 30, 2018 and accordingly has not declared any dividend on the same.

### Notes:

The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion in conjunction with our restated consolidated summary financial information as of the six months ended September 30, 2018 and the financial years ended March 31, 2018, 2017, and 2016 including the related notes, schedules and annexures. These restated consolidated summary financial information has been prepared under Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent applicable. Our restated consolidated summary financial information have been compiled from the audited consolidated financial statements of our Company for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and the financial years ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 under Ind AS and for the financial years ended March 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014 under the previous generally accepted accounting principles followed in India ("Indian GAAP") and restated in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information, as of and for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, are referred to as "proforma Ind AS financial statements" and are prepared after making adjustments and in accordance with applicable rules, regulations and the ICAI Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses. For further information, see the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information which begin on page 414 of this Prospectus. Our financial year ends on March 31 of each year. Accordingly, all references to a particular financial year are to the 12-month period ended March 31 of that year.

The industry information contained in this section is derived from a report titled "Industry Report – Top tier and Upscale Hotels" dated June 25, 2018 (read with addendum dated September 25, 2018), prepared by Horwath HTL India and commissioned by our Company in connection with the Offer. We have also utilised publicly available research reports titled "CBRE India Retail Market View H2 2017", "CBRE India Market Outlook Report April 2018" and "CBRE India Office Market View Q1 2018, released in years 2017 and 2018, prepared by CBRE Research. Neither we, nor the BRLMs, nor any other person connected with the Offer has independently verified this information. References to hotel segments in this section are in accordance with the presentation in the Horwath Report and we do not report our financial information by these segments.

This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties and reflects our current view with respect to future events and financial performance. Actual results may differ from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of factors such as those set forth under "Forward-looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" on pages 17 and 18 of this Prospectus, respectively.

# Overview

We are an owner, developer and asset manager of high-end hotels in key metro cities in India. Our hotel platform comprises five operating hotels, including a hotel with a co-located serviced residence, located in the Mumbai Metropolitan Region, Hyderabad and Bengaluru, representing 2,328 keys, as of September 30, 2018. Our hotels are branded with globally recognized hospitality brands and are in the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments, according to the Horwath Report. Our hotel platform emphasizes strategic locations, efficient design and development, appropriate positioning in hotel segments together with branding and operational tie-ups with leading hospitality companies. We use our experience to actively manage the hotel assets to drive performance. In addition, we have developed commercial and retail spaces, in close proximity to certain of our hotels.

We have developed our hotels at strategic locations generally with high barriers-to-entry and in high density business districts of their respective metro cities, according to the Horwath Report. We generally develop our hotels on large land parcels, allowing us to situate a greater number of rooms, as well as provide a wide range of amenities, such as, fine dining and specialty restaurants, large banquet and outdoor spaces. We endeavour to build our hotels to superior standards targeting the luxury-upper upscale and upscale hotel segments at an efficient gross built up area and development cost per key.

We believe we have a competitive advantage in key metro cities due to, the significant time outlay required to build and establish a profitable hotel or commercial project, our early mover advantage in large, mixed-use developments in specific micro-markets and availability of unutilized land at certain of our hotel properties to further expand our operations, among others.

We seek to brand our hotels with leading global hospitality brands, which we believe are well matched to the location, size, target customer base and intended hotel segment of our hotel properties. This allows us to save on the time and cost required to build, develop and maintain our 'own hotel brand'. Our hotels are currently branded with global brands such as JW Marriott, Westin, Marriott, Marriott Executive Apartments, Renaissance and Four

Points by Sheraton which are held by Marriott Hotels India Private Limited and its affiliates (collectively "Marriott"). We also determine, by detailed financial and operational analysis, whether hotel operations should be undertaken directly by us or by engaging third party hotel operators. Currently, our hotel at Vashi, Navi Mumbai, is operated by us under a license agreement with Marriott, and four of our hotels, including our serviced residence, are operated pursuant to hotel operation and related agreements with Marriott.

We follow an active asset management model for our hotels operated by third parties, pursuant to which we closely monitor, and exercise regular oversight over, the performance of our hotel properties. Among other things, we discuss and agree on budgeting and operational and financial targets, review performance reports, engage with the hotel management team at each hotel by conducting detailed monthly performance review meetings and provide regular inputs on cost saving initiatives and potential improvements. We believe that our active asset management model, the premium location of our hotels, our large room inventory and large function spaces, together with our relationship with international hospitality brands, has allowed our hotels to achieve competitive financial and operational parameters. For example most of our hotels have higher ADR, occupancies and RevPAR compared to the average of other hotels in their respective micro-markets and hotel segments, for the financial year 2018, according to the Horwath Report. See "*Industry Overview*" on page 134.

We are part of K. Raheja Corp group which is a leading business group in India and we believe that we derive significant benefit from the confidence that consumers, lenders, hospitality partners, vendors and others place in the group. The companies forming part of the K. Raheja Corp group ("K. Raheja Companies") have extensive experience in developing large scale real estate, hospitality and commercial projects resulting in a strong understanding of industry and market trends, which we leverage to identify suitable locations and opportunities. We further leverage the experience and relationships of these companies with construction companies, architects and designers, to develop, refurbish and maintain hotels at optimal cost and quality.

Our Promoters include Mr. Ravi C. Raheja and Mr. Neel C. Raheja, who have been instrumental in the growth of our business and actively advise us on finance, corporate strategy and planning as well as our hotel and retail businesses. We have a strong management team with significant industry experience. Our Managing Director and CEO, Mr. Sanjay Sethi has three decades of experience in the hospitality industry and our Executive Director and CFO, Mr. Rajeev Newar, has over 26 years of experience in various industries. Our Key Management Personnel and senior management include qualified professionals and industry experts with significant experience across various industries and functions including finance, legal, projects and design, asset management, hospitality.

# **Significant Factors Affecting our Results of Operations**

Our results of operations and financial condition are affected by a number of important factors including:

# Competition

We operate in a highly competitive industry and our success is dependent on our ability to compete on various factors such as attractiveness and quality of our offerings, quality of accommodation, food and beverage, location, service levels, and amenities, together with the brand reputation of our brand licensors. We may also have to compete with any new hotel properties that commence operation in the markets in which we operate or intend to commence operations. Our engagement with our hotel operators and brand licensors to enhance guest experiences and drive guest satisfaction is critical to compete and outperform other hotels in our markets. In addition, our ability to capture the expected growth in tourism and the hotel industry, and respond to the consequent competition in the hotel industry, will be critical to our results of operations in the future. See "Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors - The hotel industry is intensely competitive and our inability to compete effectively may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition." on page 31.

# Seasonality and Cyclicality of Business

The hospitality industry is seasonal in nature. The periods during which our properties experience higher revenues vary from property to property, depending principally upon location and the guest base served. Our revenues are higher during the second half of each financial year as compared to first half of the financial year. Seasonality affects leisure travel and the MICE segment (meetings, incentives, conferences and events); however, business travel is generally more consistent throughout the year. Seasonality can be expected to cause quarterly fluctuations in our revenue, profit margins and earnings.

The hospitality industry is cyclical and demand generally follows, on a lagged basis, key macroeconomic indicators. There is a history of increases and decreases in demand for hotel rooms, in occupancy levels and in

room rates realized by hotels through economic cycles. The combination of changes in economic conditions and in the supply of hotel rooms can result in significant volatility in results of hotel properties. The costs of running a hotel tend to be more fixed than variable. These expenses include employee costs, utilities and insurance. When demand for our hotels decreases, due to high operating leverage the resulting decline in our revenues can have an adverse effect on our net cash flow, margins and profits. This effect can be especially pronounced during periods of economic contraction or slow economic growth. Similarly in conditions of economic upturns, when the demand for hotel rooms increases, due to high operating leverage, our net cash flow, margins and profits may increase disproportionately to the increase in revenues. See "Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – Our business is subject to seasonal and cyclical variations that could result in fluctuations in our results of operations." on page 25.

# Changes in Consumer Demand

Economic growth drives business and leisure travel as well as conferences, banquets and events which impact the success of our operations. In addition, the hotel industry and the demand for rooms is also affected by travel advisories, worldwide health concerns, geo-political developments, natural disasters in the region and inflation. Declines in consumer demand due to adverse general economic conditions, risks affecting or reducing travel patterns, lower consumer confidence and adverse political conditions can lower the revenues and profitability of our hotels. Further, adverse general economic conditions may negatively impact the demand for, and occupancies in, our commercial and retail projects. As a result, changes in consumer demand can subject and have subjected our revenues to significant volatility. See "Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors - A slowdown in economic growth in India could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition" on page 18.

# Relationship with Hotel Operators and Leading Hospitality Brands

Our hotel at Vashi, Navi Mumbai, is operated by us under a license agreement with Marriott, and four of our hotels, including our serviced residence, are operated pursuant to hotel operation and related agreements with Marriott. We utilize the brands of our hotel operators and brand licensor to operate and market our hotels. Our hotels are generally obliged to pay periodic management fees, royalty fees, fees for technical services and reimbursements for advertising, marketing, promotion, sales and software, among others. These payments to hotel operators and our brand licensor are based on a fixed percentage of the gross revenue of the hotel, as well as a portion of gross operational profits, subject to certain exclusions and adjustments including periodic increments, together with reimbursements for costs incurred and certain per-transaction service charges. In aggregate, payments including reimbursements, made to Marriott ranged from 8% to 12% of each of our hotel's total operating revenue, for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and financial years 2018 and 2017.

Further, the hotel operation contracts for our hotel, including out serviced residence, at Powai, Mumbai will be due for renewal in March 2020, and for our hotel at Mindspace, Hyderabad will be due for renewal in December 2021. We may seek to rebrand or reflag our properties by using alternate brands at our hotels or renegotiate terms of our existing hotel operation contracts. In the event we are unable to execute agreements on favorable terms our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected. See "Our Business – Description of Our Business – Our Hotel Business" and "Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors - We have entered into hotel operation and related agreements with Marriott to receive operation and marketing services in relation to our hotels. If our hotel operators decide to terminate or not renew any agreement with us, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected." on pages 158 and 19, respectively.

# Cost of land, third party contractors and construction materials

We are developing three additional hotel projects which are expected to have 588 keys and two retail and office projects representing approximately 1.12 million square feet of leasable area. We intend to grow our portfolio through both organic and inorganic means. In our efforts to grow organically we face risks with regards to acquisition of the appropriate land and the development costs.

Land: The growth of our business is dependent on the availability of vacant land in areas where we intend to develop projects and cost thereof. Any change in regulations relating to land use including recent and proposed changes in land regulations which could increase or decrease the FSI available to us in our existing projects could have an impact on the growth of our business and operations.

Third Party Contractors and Development Costs: We utilize third parties for the design, construction and periodic maintenance and repairs of our hotel properties and projects. We engage international and domestic architects and third-party contractors, generally under fixed price contracts. Our development costs largely comprises of cost of various third-party agencies which include contractors, designers, architects, surveyors, engineers, consultants

and project management team. The progress and quality of construction of the hotel properties and projects we develop depends on the availability and skill of our contractors and consultants, as well as contingencies affecting them, including labour and industrial actions. Our cost of development and periodic maintenance and repairs is affected by price fluctuations in raw materials (in particular cement and steel), bricks and glass, electrical accessories, plumbing materials, tiles and paints, lifts and escalators. We oversee the progress and quality of construction to ensure that the costs are under budgetary control. However, any unreasonable cost escalation due to shortage, supply limitations or circumstances beyond our control, could adversely impact the cost and time taken for development and resultantly our return on investment.

See "Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – We are exposed to risks associated with the development of our hotel properties and commercial and retail projects. Delays in the constructions of new buildings or improvements on our properties may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition." on page 26

# Government Regulations and Policies

Our business is subject to significant governmental regulation, particularly in relation to the development of our projects. Regulations applicable during development include standards regarding land acquisition, the ratio of built-up area to land area, land usage, water supply, sewage disposal systems, electricity supply, environmental suitability and size of the project. Approval of development plans is conditioned on, among other things, completion of the acquisition of the site and compliance with relevant conditions. Approvals must be obtained at both the national and local levels, and our results of operations are expected to continue to be affected by the nature and extent of the regulation of our business.

Further, government regulations and policies of India, can also impact the demand for, expenses related to and availability of our hotel services and rooms. We are also subject to regulations, which are periodically amended, including relating to the sale and service of food, alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages and hosting of events and weddings at our hotel properties. These regulations and policies can be extensive and any amendments thereto would require adequate time for implementation. Further, the regulatory and policy environment in which we operate is evolving and subject to change. For example, the Government of India implemented a comprehensive national goods and services tax ("GST") regime with effect from July 1, 2017 that combines multiple taxes and levies by the Central and State Governments into a unified tax structure. Generally, the GST rate applicable on room rates at all our hotels ranges between 18% to 28% of the declared room rate. For further details see, "Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – We are subject to extensive government regulation with respect to safety, health, environmental, real estate, excise and labour laws. Any non-compliance with, or changes in, regulations applicable to us may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition".

# Key indicators of operating performance

The table below sets forth certain key operating performance parameters for our hotels:

	For the six months ended September 30, 2018	Financial Year 2018	Financial Year 2017	Financial Year 2016
For our hotels mana	ged by third par	rties:		
No. of available keys*	2,176	2,176	2,109	1,771
$ADR^{(1)}\left(\mathbf{\xi}\right)$	7,829.85	7,978.76	7,975.35	7,723.09
Average Occupancy (2)	73.82%	71.70%	65.99%	58.09%
Rev PAR $^{(3)}(\mathbf{\xi})$	5,780.30	5,720.54	5,262.83	4,486.35
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) (4)	3,981.38	7,883.79	6,314.75	5,152.01
Total Operating Expenses (₹ million) (5)	2,795.71	4,717.17	4,026.81	3,426.94
Staff per Room Ratio as on last day of the year (6)	1.23	1.21	1.25	1.25
Power units consumed (Kwh) per available room per day <sup>(7)</sup>	56.86	54.62	57.55	60.20
For our hotel n	nanaged by us:			
$ADR^{(1)}\left(\mathbf{\xi}\right)$	6,887.45	6,435.73	6,325.59	6,494.47
Average Occupancy (2)	89.10%	88.10%	86.14%	86.42%
Rev PAR $^{(3)}(\mathbf{\xi})$	6,136.70	5,669.57	5,449.05	5,612.42
Total Operating Revenue (₹ million) (4)	262.83	511.14	492.09	492.31
Total Operating Expenses (₹ million) (5)	162.71	291.50	303.93	306.40
Staff per Room Ratio as on last day of the year (6)	1.44	1.40	1.38	1.48
Power units consumed (Kwh) per available room per day (7)	61.86	58.23	56.03	75.44

- \* As of the end of the period.
- (1) ADR represents revenue from room rentals at our hotels divided by total number of room nights sold (including keys that were available for only a certain portion of a period).
- (2) Average occupancy represents the total number of room nights sold divided by the total number of room nights available at a hotel or group of hotels.
- (3) RevPAR is calculated by multiplying ADR and average occupancy.
- (4) Total operating revenue comprises of revenue from hotels including room revenue, food and beverage revenue and other income from hotel operations.
- (5) Operating expenses comprises of expenses towards food and beverage consumed, operating supplies, employee benefit cost and other expenses.
- (6) Staff per room is calculated by dividing total staff at the end of the relevant period by number of available keys as of the last date of relevant period. Staff includes our employees and personnel engaged on a contractual basis at our hotel.
- (7) Average power consumed per day per room for the year.

# Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Preparation and Presentation Basis of preparation and presentation

The Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities of our Company as at September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Cash Flows for each of the years ended September 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 and Restated Other Consolidated Financial Information (together referred as 'Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information') has been prepared under Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act, to the extent applicable. The Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information have been compiled by us from:

Our Audited Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 ('Audited Consolidated Financial Statements') prepared under previous generally accepted accounting principles followed in India ('Previous GAAP' or 'Indian GAAP').

The Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information for these years along with respective underlying schedules and notes are "Proforma Restated Consolidated Ind AS Financial Information", and in accordance with the requirements of SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/47 dated March 31, 2016 ('SEBI Circular') and the Guidance note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (revised 2016) ('Guidance Note'), issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('the ICAI').

We have followed the same accounting policies and accounting policy choices (both mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions availed as per Ind AS 101) as initially adopted on transition date i.e. April 1, 2016 while preparing Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014. Accordingly, suitable restatement adjustments (both re-measurements and reclassifications) in the accounting heads are made to the Proforma Restated Consolidated Ind AS Financial Information as of and for the years ended March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014; and

• Our Audited Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and years ended March 31, 2018, and March 31, 2017 are prepared under Ind AS (as at and for the year ended March 31, 2017, are in accordance with Ind AS being comparative period for year ended March 31, 2018).

In accordance with Ind AS 101 First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, we have presented a reconciliation from the presentation of Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information under Accounting Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 ("**Previous GAAP**" or "**Indian GAAP**") to Ind AS for Restated Consolidated Shareholders' equity as at March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015, March 31, 2014 and April 1, 2013 and of the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of profit and loss for the years ended March 31, 2017, March 31, 2016, March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014. (Refer Note 54 to Annexure VI).

The Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information have been compiled by us from the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and:

- there were no changes in accounting policies under Previous GAAP during the years of these financial statements,
- material amounts relating to adjustments for previous years in arriving at profit/loss of the years to which they relate, have been appropriately adjusted,
- adjustments for reclassification of the corresponding items of income, expenses, assets and liabilities, in order to bring them in line with the groupings as per our audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2018 prepared under Ind AS and the requirements of the SEBI Regulations, and the resultant tax impact on above adjustments has been appropriately adjusted in deferred taxes in the respective years to which they relate.

# Basis of measurement

The Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information has been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) that are measured at fair value (refer- Accounting policy regarding financials instruments);
- assets held for sale measured at fair value less cost to sell:
- defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value less present value of defined benefit obligation;
   and
- land at fair value on transition date.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

# Significant accounting policies

### **Business** combination

As part of its transition to Ind AS, we have elected to apply the relevant Ind AS standard, Ind AS 103, Business combinations, to only those business combinations that occurred on or after the transition date i.e. April 1, 2016.

We have accounted merger schemes in a manner prescribed by the High Court or the National Company Law Tribunal orders. The book values of the assets, liabilities and reserves of the transferor company have been recorded and the identity of the reserves has been maintained. The excess of book value of the net assets and reserves of the transferor company taken over, over the face value of the shares issued by the transferee company has been debited to the goodwill as per the scheme. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except to the extent related to the issue of debt or equity securities. The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships with the acquiree. Such amounts are recognised in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

# Common control

Business combinations involving entities that are ultimately controlled by the same parties before and after the business combination are considered as common control entities. Common control transactions are accounted using pooling of interest method. The financial statements in respect of prior periods have been restated from the period that the transferor company became a subsidiary of the transferee company where the assets and liabilities of the transferee are recorded at their existing carrying values, the identity of reserves of the transferee company is preserved.

## Revenue

# Real estate development and sale

Revenue from real estate activity is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to us, all significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customers and it is not unreasonable to expect ultimate collection and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration.

Revenue from real estate development activity is recognised at a point in time when significant risks and rewards are transferred to the customer, such as when the control of the residential flat is transferred to the customer.

Cost of construction/development includes all costs directly related to the project and other expenditure as identified by the management which are reasonably allocable to the project.

Unbilled revenue from real estate represents revenue recognised over and above the amount due as per the payment plans agreed with the customers. Progress billings which exceed the costs and recognised profits to date on projects under construction are disclosed as advance received from customers under other current liabilities. Any billed amount that has not been collected is disclosed under trade receivables.

# Hospitality business

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue comprises sale of rooms, food, beverages, smokes and allied services relating to hotel operations. Revenue is recognised upon rendering of the service, provided pervasive evidence of an arrangement exists, tariff or rates are fixed or are determinable and collectability is reasonably certain. Revenue recognised is net of indirect taxes, returns and discounts.

### Rental income

Revenues from property leased out under an operating lease are recognised over the tenure of the lease or service agreement on a straight line basis over the term of the lease, except where the rentals are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation, and except where there is uncertainty of ultimate collection.

# Income from other services

Maintenance income is recognised as and when related expenses are incurred. Income from ancillary services are recognised as and when the services are rendered.

# Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised only when the right to receive the same is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to us, and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

# Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate ("**EIR**"), which is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instruments or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial assets on initial recognition. Interest income is included in other income in the restated consolidated statement of profit or loss.

# Foreign currency

# Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss. Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains / (losses). Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of transactions. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured.

# Employee benefits

# Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering services are classified as short-term

employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if we have a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Short-term benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensation absences, etc., are determined on an undiscounted basis and recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans such as provident fund and family pension maintained with regional provident fund office are expensed as the related service is provided.

Defined benefit plans

The following post-employment benefit plans are covered under the defined benefit plans:

# Gratuity Fund

We provide for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The gratuity plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with us. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus our defined benefit plans. When the calculation results in a potential asset for us, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of changes in equity and in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Other long-term employee benefits

Liability toward long-term compensated absences is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation, using the projected unit credit method, as at the date of the balance sheet. Actuarial gains / losses comprising of experience adjustments and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions are immediately recognised in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss.

Terminal Benefits

All terminal benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

## Income-tax

Income-tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in net profit in the restated consolidated statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in the OCI.

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit / (tax loss) for the year determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years & items that are never taxable or deductible. Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, we:

- have a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- intend either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries and associates to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

### Inventories

# Hospitality

Stocks of stores, food and beverages and operating supplies (crockery, cutlery, glassware and linen) are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories comprises of all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present condition and location. Cost is arrived at by the weighted average cost method.

Stocks of stores and spares and operating supplies (crockery, cutlery, glassware and linen) once issued to the operating departments are considered as consumed and expensed to the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss.

# Real Estate Development (Residential Flats)

Property is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises of land, development rights, materials, services, and other expenses attributable to the projects. Costs of construction / development (including cost of land) incurred is charged to the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss proportionate to area sold and the balance cost is carried over under inventories as part of property under development.

Cost of construction material (including unutilised project materials) at site is computed by the weighted moving average method and carried at lower of cost and Net Realizable value.

# Property, plant and equipment

# Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and impairment losses, if any except for freehold land which is not depreciated. Cost comprises of purchase price and any attributable cost such as duties, freight, borrowing costs, erection and commissioning expenses incurred in bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted and depreciated for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administration purposes are carried at cost, less any impairment loss recognised. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of Property, Plant & Equipment when completed and are ready for intended use. Depreciation on these

assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

# Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to us.

# Transition to Ind AS

For transition to Ind AS, we have elected to apply Ind AS 16 retrospectively to its property, plant and equipment along with selective fair valuation of few assets (Freehold land at Powai and Sahar in Mumbai and our hotel at Hyderabad are measured at fair value as deemed cost) and use that carrying value as its deemed cost. While measuring the property, plant and equipment in accordance with Ind AS, we have elected to measure certain items of property, plant and equipment at the date of transition to Ind AS at their fair values and use that fair values as their deemed cost.

## Depreciation

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method as per the useful life of the assets estimated by the management.

Depreciation on addition or deletion of fixed asset made during the year is provided on pro-rata basis from or up to the date of each addition or deletion. The useful lives of assets estimated by management is same as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act, except in respect of the following categories of assets, where the life is different than that of Schedule II to the Act.

	Useful Life								
Asset Type	Financial Year 2014	Financial Year 2015 to Financial Year 2017	Financial Year 2018	For the six months ended September 30, 2018	Schedule II				
Buildings (Interior and Accessories)	10 Years	10 Years	14 Years	14 Years	NA				
Plant and Machinery									
Food and Beverages and Kitchen Equipment	5 Years	8 Years	8 Years	8 Years					
Audio Video Equipment	7 Years	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	15 Years				
Laundry Equipment	7 Years	5 Years	15 Years	15 Years					
Others	10 Years	10 Years	14 Years	14 Years					
Electrical Installation	10 Years	10 Years	14 Years	14 Years	10 Years				
Office Equipment									
Mobile Phones	2 Years	2 Years	2 Years	2 Years	4 Years				
Others	4 Years	4 Years	4 Years	4 Years	4 Tears				
Data Processing Equipment	4 Years	3 Years	3 Years	3 Years	3 Years				
Vehicles	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	6 Years				
Furniture and Fixtures	7 Years	10 Years	10 Years	10 Years	10 Years				

Building interiors and accessories comprise of the interiors of the hotel building which will undergo renovation, are depreciated on a straight line method basis over a period of 10 years, which in our management's view represents the useful life of such assets. Building constructed on leasehold land are amortised from the date of commencement of commercial operations over the balance lease period. Leasehold Improvements are depreciated over the primary period of lease. Temporary structures and assets costing  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{$\sim}}$  5,000 or less are depreciated at 100% in the year of capitalization.

Freehold land is measured at fair value as per Ind AS 113 with the resultant impact being accounted for in the reserves. The fair value of our freehold land parcels as at April 1, 2016 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by an independent registered appraiser not related to us with appropriate qualifications and relevant experience in the valuation of properties at relevant locations. The fair value was determined based on a combination of discounted cash flow method and residual method. The fair value of such freehold land has been

pushed back to the earliest of reporting period in the restated summary financial information in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2016).

# **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

# Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The management committee assesses our financial performance and position, and makes strategic decisions. It is identified as being the chief operating decision maker for our Company. Refer note 49 for segment information presented.

# Intangible assets

Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets comprises of trademarks and computer software and are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

# Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

# Transition to Ind AS

On transition of Ind AS, our Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of our intangible assets recognised as at April 1, 2016, measured as per the previous GAAP, and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of such intangible assets.

# Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated over the cost of the asset, or other amount substituted for cost less its residual value. Amortisation is recognised in the Restated Consolidated Statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, from the date that they are available for use, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.

Intangible assets are amortised on straight-line method over estimated useful life of three years, which in management's view represents the economic useful life of these assets.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate prospectively.

# Intangible assets (continued)

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists.

If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised for such excess amount. The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case any impairment loss of

the revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease to the extent a revaluation reserve is available for that asset.

Goodwill on business combination is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is not recognised.

# Investment property and investment property under construction

# (a) Recognition and measurement

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Upon initial recognition, an investment property is measured at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

On transition to Ind AS, our Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of our investment property recognised as at 1 April 2016, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of such investment property.

Investment property and investment property under construction represents the cost incurred in respect of areas retail block and commercial office space. Property under construction is accounted for as investment property under construction until construction or development is complete.

Direct expenses like cost of land, including related transaction costs, site labour cost, material used for project construction, project management consultancy, costs for moving the plant and machinery to the site and general expenses incurred specifically for the respective project like insurance, design and technical assistance, and construction overheads are taken as the cost of the project.

Investment properties are carried individually at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Investment properties under construction are carried individually at cost less impairment, if any. Impairment of investment property is determined in accordance with the policy stated for impairment of assets.

# (b) Depreciation

Depreciation on investment property has been provided pro rata for the period of use by the Straight Line Method. The useful lives of Investment Property is estimated by management and the same is as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act, except in respect of the following categories of assets, where the life of these assets differs from Schedule II.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is recognised in Restated Consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

The fair values of investment property are disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined by an independent valuer who holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued.

Asset Type	Financial Year 2014 to Financial Year 2017	Financial Year 2018	For the six months ended September 30, 2018	Schedule II
Buildings	60 Years	60 Years	60 Years	60 Years
Buildings (Interior and Accessories)	10 Years	14 Years	14 Years	NA
Plant and Machinery	10 Years	14 Years	14 Years	15 Years
Plant and Machinery – Others	15 Years	15 years	15 Years	15 Tears
Electrical installations	10 Years	14 Years	14 Years	10 Years
Office Equipment	4 Years	4 Years	4 Years	5 Years
Data Processing Equipment	3 Years	3 Years	3 Years	3 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years	10 Years	10 Years	10 Years

## Assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that their carrying amount will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When our Company is committed to a sale plan involving disposal of an investment, or a portion of an investment, in an associate, the investment or the portion of the investment that will be disposed of is classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, and our Company discontinues the use of the equity method in relation to the portion that is classified as held for sale. Any retained portion of an investment in an associate that has not been classified as held for sale continues to be accounted for using the equity method. We discontinue the use of the equity method at the time of disposal when the disposal results in our Company losing Significant influence over the associate or joint venture.

After the disposal takes place, we accounts for any retained interest in the associate in accordance with Ind AS 109 unless the retained interest continues to be an associate, in which case we use the equity method (see the accounting policy regarding investments in associates above).

Such assets are generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in Restated Consolidated summary statement of profit and loss. Refer Note 17.

# Financial Instruments

# 1. Financial Assets

# a) <u>Recognition and initial measurement</u>

Trade receivable are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when our Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

# b) <u>Classification and subsequent measurement</u>

We classify our financial assets into a) financial assets measured at amortised cost, and b) financial assets measured at FVTPL. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition or, where applicable, at the time of reclassification.

## i. Financial assets measured at amortised costs

A financial asset is classified at amortised costs if it is held within a business model whose objective is to a) hold financial asset in order to collect contractual cash flows

and b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method ("EIR"). Amortised cost is arrived at after taking into consideration any discount on fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The amortisation of such interests forms part of finance income in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss. Any impairment loss arising from these assets are recognised in the restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

ii. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss

This is a residual category for classification. Any asset which do not meet the criteria for classification as at amortised cost, is classified as FVTPL. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognised in the restated consolidated statement of profit or loss.

iii. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Debt investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to Restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

# c) <u>Derecognition</u>

Our Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognised as a separate asset and associated liability for any amounts it may have to pay.

# d) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, our Company applies expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- i. Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- ii. Trade receivables- Our Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component.

The application of simplified approach does not require us to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

## 2. Financial Liabilities

## *a)* Recognition, measurement and classification

Financial liabilities are classified as either held at a) fair value through profit or loss, or b) at amortised cost. Management determines the classification of its financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition or, where applicable, at the time of reclassification. The classification is done in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definition of a financial liability and an equity instruments.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Our Company's financial liabilities at amortised cost includes loan and borrowings, interest free security deposit, interest accrued but not due on borrowings, Retention money payable, trade and other payables. Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Our Company's financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss includes derivative financial instruments.

# b) Financial guarantee contracts

Our Company on a case to case basis elects to account for financial guarantee contracts as a financial instruments or as an insurance contracts as specified in Ind AS 109 on Financial Instruments and Ind AS 104 on Insurance contracts. Our Company has regarded all our financial guarantee contracts as insurance contracts. At the end of each reporting period, our Company performs a liability adequacy test, (i.e. it assesses the likelihood of a pay-out based on current undiscounted estimates of future cash flows), and any deficiency is recognised in restated consolidated summary statement of profit and loss.

# c) Derecognition

Our Company derecognises financial liabilities when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or have expired.

# Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the restated consolidated summary statement of financial position when, and only when, our Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# Derivative financial instruments

Our Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts, interest rate swaps and currency options to manage our exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value. The resulting gain/loss is recognised in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss immediately at the end of each reporting period. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Our Company does not designate the derivative instrument as a hedging instrument.

# Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets And Liabilities comprise

cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

# Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items

We present Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items in the restated summary statement of profit and loss; this is not specifically required by Ind AS 1. The terms EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items are not defined in Ind AS. Ind AS complaint Schedule III allows companies to present line items, sub-line items and sub-totals shall be presented as an addition or substitution on the face of the financial statements when such presentation is relevant to an understanding of their financial position or performance or to cater to industry or sector-specific disclosure requirements or when required for compliance with the amendments to the Companies Act or under the Indian Accounting Standards.

# Measurement of Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items

Accordingly, we have elected to present Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items as a separate line item on the face of the restated summary statement of profit and loss. We measure Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items on the basis of profit/ (loss) from continuing operations including other income. In our measurement, we do not include exceptional items, depreciation and amortisation expense, finance costs, share of profit from associate and tax expense.

# Usefulness for certain Non GAAP items

# Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items

Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items is included as supplemental disclosure because we believe it is a useful indicator of our operating performance. Derivations of EBITDA are well-recognized performance measurements that are frequently used by companies, investors, securities analysts and other interested parties in comparing the operating performance of companies in our industry. We also believe Adjusted EBITDA before Exceptional Items is useful for evaluating performance of our senior management team.

# Average Cost of Indebtedness

The Average Cost of Indebtedness is helpful in understanding the overall interest rate being paid by a company for various types of debt financing. This measure gives investors an idea of a company's risk level compared to others because riskier companies generally have a higher cost of debt.

The table below sets out the manner of calculation for our Average Cost of Indebtedness:

in ₹ million

Components	As of and for the six months ended September 30,	As of, and for the financial year ended	As of, and for the financial year ended March 31,	As of, and for the financial year ended
	2018	March 31, 2018	2017	March 31, 2016
Interest expenses capitalised	0.13	221.41	269.65	251.90
Interest cost charged to statement of profit and loss	1,230.19	2,119.21	2,179.58	1,778.40
Exchange (gain) / loss in other income/ finance cost	129.17	(21.54)	(35.00)	426.95
Exchange (gain) / loss in other expenses	389.09	-	-	-
Total interest expenses	1,748.58	2,319.08	2,414.23	2,457.25
Opening balances – Borrowings	27,253.09	26,358.73	23,506.39	20,715.48
Closing balances – Borrowings	26,893.97	27,253.09	26,358.73	23,506.39
Average balance of Borrowings	27,073.53	26,805.91	24,932.56	22,110.94
Average Cost of Indebtedness (%) (including exchange (gain) /loss)	12.92%	8.65%	9.68%	11.11%
Average Cost of Indebtedness (%) (excluding exchange (gain)/ loss)	9.09%	8.73%	9.82%	9.18%

# **Segmental Information**

Our operations are broadly divided into the following financial segments:

- Hospitality comprises of the income earned through hotel operations;
- Real estate comprises of income from sale of residential flats; and
- *Commercial and Retail Block* comprises of the income earned through letting out of commercial and retail space.

Segment revenue, segment results, segment assets and segment liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segments and amounts are allocated thereunder on a reasonable basis. Net expenditure that is not directly attributable to any business segment is shown under unallocated segment. The following table sets out our segment-wise revenue and results for the periods indicated:

(₹ in million)

					(₹ in million)
	Hospitality (Hotels)	Real Estate	Commercial and Retail	Unallocated	Total
For the six months ended Se	ptember 30, 2018				
Total Revenue	4,244.22	284.55	169.91	0.00	4,698.68
Segment profit / (loss)	825.87	(50.00)	(92.25)	0.00	(92.44
before tax	823.87	(59.08)	(83.35)	0.00	683.44
Total unallocated expenses	0.00	0.00	0.00	(1,583.61)	(1,583.61)
Total unallocated income	0.00	0.00	0.00	271.75	271.75
Loss before taxation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	(628.42)
Loss after taxation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	(436.69)
For the year ended March 3	1, 2018				
Total Revenue	8,394.93	102.13	240.77	0.00	8.737.83
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	2,406.70	(189.73)	(76.56)	0.00	2,140.41
Total unallocated expenses	0.00	0.00	0.00	(2,485.86)	(2,485.86)
Total unallocated income	0.00	0.00	0.00	557.31	557.31
Profit before taxation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	211.86
Profit after taxation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	311.60
For the year ended March 3	1, 2017				
Total Revenue	6,806.84	111.44	140.51	0.00	7,058.80
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	1,307.00	(231.32)	(64.32)	0.00	1,011.36
Total unallocated expenses	0.00	0.00	0.00	(2,406.77)	(2,406.77)
Total unallocated income				2,186.57	2,186.57
Profit before taxation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	791.16
Profit after taxation					1,274.38
For the year ended March 3	1, 2016 (Proforma	Ind AS)			·
Total Revenue	5,644.31	77.39	7.73	0.00	5,729.43
Segment profit / (loss) before tax	935.87	(325.72)	0.39	0.00	610.54
Total unallocated expenses	0.00	0.00	0.00	(2,516.75)	(2,516.75)
Total unallocated income	0.00	0.00	0.00	246.18	246.18
Loss before taxation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	(1,660.04)
Loss after taxation					(1,124.90)

# **Income and Expenses**

Our income and expenditure is reported in the following manner:

# Income

Total income consists of revenue from operations and other income.

Revenue from operations. Revenue from operations primarily comprises (a) hospitality operations which primarily comprise (i) room income, (ii) food, beverages and smokes, and (iii) other hospitality related revenue

such as revenue from spa, laundry, car hire and concierge services; (b) property development which comprises revenue from sale of residential flats and sale of transferable development rights; and (c) retail and commercial operations which primarily comprise lease rent received from our properties and revenue from maintenance and other services.

Other Income. Other income primarily comprises export benefits and entitlements, interest income from instruments measured at an amortised cost, profit on sale of investments and net mark to market gain on derivative contracts.

### **Expenses**

Expenses comprise real estate development costs, food and beverages consumed, operating supplies consumed, employee benefits expenses, depreciation and amortisation expenses, finance cost, tax expenses and other expenses.

Real Estate Development Costs. Real estate development costs comprise cost of construction and development rights, cost of sale for residential flats and compensation paid to customers for delay in handing over possession including interest payable to customers on cancellation of flats.

*Food and beverages consumed.* Food and beverages consumed consists of expenses towards consumption of all food and beverage items (including alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages, banquet costs, room service and restaurants), groceries and food staples.

*Operating supplies consumed.* Operating supplies consumed consist of expenses towards purchase of crockery, cutlery, glassware, silverware and linen.

*Employee benefits expense*. Employee benefits expense comprise salaries, wages and bonus, contributions to provident and other funds and other staff welfare expenses.

Depreciation and amortisation expenses. Depreciation and amortisation expenses comprise depreciation on tangible assets and amortization of intangible assets.

*Finance costs*. Finance costs comprise interest expenses paid by us for long-term loans and short-term borrowings, including working capital loans, processing fees and incidental borrowing costs.

Other expenses. Other expenses primarily comprise power and fuel costs primarily for our hotels, rates and taxes paid, commission, royalty and management fees paid to our hotel operators and their affiliates under our hotel operating agreements and license agreement, legal and professional charges and miscellaneous expenses comprising primarily of security expenses, communication expenses, music and entertainment expenses and others.

*Tax expense*. We are subject to income tax liability in India pursuant to the Income Tax Act, 1961. Also, pursuant to Income Tax Act, 1961, in certain instances, companies are subject to a minimum alternate tax (MAT) liability based on book profit. We make provision for current tax as well as for deferred tax liability (the difference between taxable profit and book profit) based on the effect of timing differences.

## **Our Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth select financial data from our restated consolidated statement of profit and loss for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and financial years 2018, 2017 and 2016, the components of which are also expressed as a percentage of total revenue for such periods:

	For the si	ix months	Financial Year						
		ended September 30, 2018		2018		2017		2016 (Proforma Ind AS)	
	(₹ in million)	(% of Total Income)	(₹ in million)	(% of Total Income)	(₹ in million)	(% of Total Income)	(₹ in million)	(% of Total Income)	
Income:									
Revenue from operations	4,698.68	94.53	8,737.83	94.00	7,058.80	76.35	5,729.43	95.88	
Other income	271.75	5.47	557.31	6.00	2,186.57	23.65	246.18	4.12	
<b>Total Income</b>	4,970.43	100.00	9,295.14	100.00	9,245.37	100.00	5,975.61	100.00	

	For the si	x months			Financ	cial Year		
		eptember 2018	20	18	20	17	2016 (Prof AS	5)
	(₹ in million)	(% of Total Income)						
Expenses:								
Real estate development costs	316.77	6.37	194.80	2.10	207.99	2.25	253.57	4.24
Food and beverages consumed	430.98	8.67	765.65	8.24	667.35	7.22	603.85	10.11
Operating supplies consumed	118.48	2.38	256.17	2.76	218.40	2.36	190.06	3.18
Employee benefits expenses	726.91	14.62	1,295.59	13.94	1,188.25	12.85	1,067.20	17.86
Other expenses	2,037.71	41.00	3,281.45	35.30	2,655.07	28.72	2,301.99	38.52
Total expenses	3,630.85	73.05	5,793.66	62.33	4,937.06	53.40	4,416.67	73.91
Adjusted earnings before interest, depreciation, amortisation, and tax (Adjusted EBITDA) Before Exceptional items	1,339.58	26.95	3,501.48	37.67	4,308.31	46.60	1,558.94	26.09
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	569.26	11.45	1,116.33	12.01	1,269.76	13.73	988.08	16.54
Finance costs	1398.74	28.14	2,119.21	22.80	2,179.58	23.57	2,158.70	36.13
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax	(628.42)	(12.64)	265.94	2.86	858.97	9.29	(1,587.84)	(26.57)
Exceptional Item:	-	-	(54.08)	(0.58)	(67.81)	(0.73)	(72.20)	(1.21)
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations before income tax	(628.42)	(12.64)	211.86	2.28	791.16	8.56	(1,660.04)	(27.78)
Tax expenses:  Deferred tax (income)/expense	191.73	(3.86)	(99.74)	(1.07)	(483.22)	(5.23)	(535.14)	(8.96)
Profit/ (loss) for the year	(436.69)	(8.79)	311.60	3.35	1,274.38	13.78	(1,124.90)	(18.82)
Other comprehensive income/ (expense) for the year, net of tax	(3.76)	(0.08)	14.66	0.16	0.13	0.00	1.26	0.02
Total comprehensive income/ (expense) for the year	(440.45)	(8.86)	326.26	3.51	1,274.51	13.79	(1,123.64)	(18.80)

# Six months ended September 30, 2018

Our results of operations for the six months ended September 30, 2018 were particularly affected by the following factors:

- our finance costs were ₹ 1,398.74 million or 28.14% of our Total Income for the six months ended September 30, 2018, while our finance costs were ₹ 2,119.21 million or 22.80% of our Total Income for the financial year 2018. Our Average Cost of Indebtedness (excluding exchange (gain)/loss) was 9.09% for the six months ended September 30, 2018 compared to 8.73% for the financial year 2018. However, our finance costs during the six months ended September 30, 2018 were impacted due to an exchange loss in finance expenses and exchange loss in other expenses of ₹ 168.55 million and ₹ 389.09, respectively during the period. This resulted in higher Average Cost of Indebtedness (including exchange loss) at 12.92% for the six months ended September 30, 2018 compared to 8.65% for the financial year 2018. See "- Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis of Market Risks Currency Risk" on page 615; and
- our real estate development costs were ₹ 316.77 million or 6.37% of our Total Income for the six months ended September 30, 2018, while our real estate development costs were ₹ 194.81 million or 2.10% of our Total Income for the financial year 2018. Real estate development costs for the six months ended

September 30, 2018, were primarily towards construction of our residential project in Hyderabad and towards cost of mitigation of interest on cancellations at our residential property situated at Koramangala Industrial Layout, Bengaluru. See "- *Certain Exceptional Items*" on page 616.

### Income

Our total income was ₹ 4,970.43 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

*Revenue from Operations*. Our revenue from operations was ₹ 4,698.68 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018, primarily comprising:

- hospitality revenue from room income of ₹ 2,472.46 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018. ADR and occupancy levels for our hotels were ₹ 7,756.57 million and 74.82%, respectively, for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and we had total number of 2,328 keys as of September 30, 2018;
- hospitality revenue from sale of food, beverages and smokes of ₹ 1,381.96 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018;
- hospitality revenue from other hospitality services of ₹ 389.79 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018
- revenue from sale of residential flats of ₹ 284.55 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018;
   and
- lease rent received of ₹ 119.21 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018 in relation to our retail and commercial business.

Other income. Our other income was ₹ 271.75 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018, primarily comprising interest income received from instruments measured at amortised cost of ₹ 119.47 million and export benefits and entitlement of ₹ 89.69 million for six months ended September 30, 2018.

## Expenses

Our total expenses were ₹ 3,630.85 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018, comprising real estate development costs, food and beverages consumed, operating supplies consumed, employee benefits expense and other expenses.

*Real estate development costs*. Real estate development costs were ₹ 316.77 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

*Food and beverages consumed.* Food and beverages consumed were ₹ 430.98 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

*Operating supplies consumed.* Operating supplies consumed were ₹ 118.48 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

*Employee benefits expense*. Employee benefits expense was ₹ 726.91 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018, primarily comprising salaries, wages and bonus paid to employees of ₹ 611.28 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018. Our number of permanent employees was 2,457 employees as of September 30, 2018.

*Other expenses*. Our other expenses were ₹ 2,037.71 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018, primarily comprising:

- power and fuel expenses of ₹ 336.17 million primarily for our hotel operations;
- repairs and maintenance of ₹ 206.36 million primarily for our hotel operations;
- rates and taxes paid of ₹ 122.76 million primarily towards property tax for hotels, retail and commercial properties;
- royalty and management fees of ₹ 198.96 million primarily towards payments made to Marriott;

- business and promotion expenses of ₹ 186.73 million primarily towards sales and marketing payments to Marriott:
- commission of ₹ 105.22 million primarily towards credit card commission, reservation costs and commission paid to travel agents and other intermediaries;
- loss on foreign exchange fluctuation of ₹ 452.60 million primarily towards Indian rupee depreciation against US dollar; and
- miscellaneous expenses of ₹ 196.52 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018, primarily towards other hotel operating expenses, guest transportation expenses and entertainment expenses.

*Depreciation and amortisation expense.* Our depreciation and amortisation expense was ₹ 569.26 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

*Finance costs.* Our finance costs were ₹ 1,398.74 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018, primarily comprising interest expenses of ₹ 1,230.19 million and exchange differences of ₹ 168.55 million regarded as an adjustment to borrowing cost, for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

**Loss from continuing operations before income tax.** Our loss from continuing operations before income tax was ₹ 628.42 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018. Our loss before tax represented 12.64% of our total income for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

*Tax expenses*. Our tax credit, comprising deferred tax income was ₹ 191.73 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

*Loss for the year*. Our loss for the year was ₹ 436.69 million for six months ended September 30, 2018. Our loss for the year represented 8.79% of our total income for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

*Total comprehensive loss for the year*. Our total comprehensive loss for the year was ₹ 440.45 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018.

# Financial Year 2018 compared to Financial Year 2017

Our results of operations for the financial year 2018 compared to the financial year 2017 were particularly affected by the following factors:

- the completion of the demerger and transfer of our hotel and retail project at Whitefield, Bengaluru into our Company, effective November 1, 2016, as an entire business undertaking. Pursuant to the transfer, we recognized revenues and expenses in relation to hotel operations and 324 keys at our hotel at Whitefield, Bengaluru and lease income and expenses for the retail operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru, for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year in the financial year 2018;
- an increase in ADR and occupancy levels for our hotels from ₹ 7,821.71 and 67.46%, respectively, for the financial year 2017 to ₹ 7,857.55 and 72.76%, respectively, for the financial year 2018;
- an increase in our total number of keys from 2,259 as of March 31, 2017 to 2,328 as of March 31, 2018; and
- a decrease in profit on sale of investments to ₹ 114.57 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 1,301.24 million for the financial year 2017 was due to sale of equity in Associates held for sale, in the financial year 2017.

# Income

Our total income increased by 0.54% to \$ 9,295.14 million for the financial year 2018 from \$ 9,245.37 million for the financial year 2017, due to an increase in revenue from operations, which was offset by a decrease in other income.

*Revenue from Operations*. Our revenue from operations increased by 23.79% to ₹ 8,737.83 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 7,058.80 million for the financial year 2017, primarily due to:

- an increase in hospitality revenue from room income by 22.59% to ₹ 4,855.89 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 3,961.01 million for the financial year 2017 due to recognition of room revenues in relation to hotel operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year in the financial year 2018 and improvement in operating revenues from the existing keys in line with an increase in ADR and occupancy levels for our hotels from ₹ 7,821.71 and 67.46%, respectively, in the financial year 2017 to ₹ 7,857.55 and 72.76%, respectively, in the financial year 2018, together with an increase in the total number of keys from 2,259 as of March 31, 2017 to 2,328 as of March 31, 2018;
- an increase in hospitality revenue from sale of food, beverages and smokes by 21.25% to ₹ 2,821.93 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 2,327.42 million for the financial year 2017 primarily due to recognition of food and beverage revenues in relation to hotel operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year in the financial year 2018 and in line with a general growth in our business;
- an increase in other hospitality revenue by 38.33% to ₹717.11 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹518.42 million for the financial year 2017 primarily due to recognition of revenues in relation to hotel operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year in the financial year 2018 and in line with a general growth in our business; and
- an increase in revenue from retail and commercial operations by 71.35% to ₹ 240.77 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 140.51 million for the financial year 2017 due to recognition of revenue in relation to retail operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year in the financial year 2018,
  - which was partially offset by:
- a decrease in revenue from real estate operations to ₹ 102.13 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 111.44 million for the financial year 2017.

Other income. Our other income decreased by 74.51% to ₹ 557.31 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 2,186.57 million for the financial year 2017, primarily due to a recognition of profit on sale of investments of ₹ 114.57 million for the financial year 2018 compared to ₹ 1,301.24 million for the financial year 2017 due to sale of equity in Associates held for sale in the financial year 2017, a decrease in export benefits and entitlements by 36.35% to ₹ 200.33 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 314.74 million for the financial year 2017, a decrease in gain on foreign exchange fluctuation (net) to ₹ 4.63 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 213.66 million for the financial year 2017 due to currency fluctuations and derivative exposure in relation our external commercial borrowings (excluding interest accrued) which were USD 87.05 million as of March 31, 2017 and USD 75.85 million as March 31, 2018; and a decrease in interest income received from instruments measured at amortised cost to ₹ 197.39 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 228.70 million for the financial year 2017.

# Expenses

Our total expenses increased by 17.35% to ₹ 5,793.66 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 4,937.06 million for the financial year 2017, primarily due to an increase in food and beverages consumed, operating supplies consumed, employee benefits expense and other expenses, partially offset by a decrease in real estate development costs, including due to recognition of expenses in relation to hotel operations at our hotel at Whitefield, Bengaluru and lease income and expenses for the retail operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru, for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year in the financial year 2018 and in line with a general growth in our business.

Real estate development costs. Real estate development costs decreased by 6.34% to ₹ 194.80 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 207.99 million for the financial year 2017.

*Food and beverages consumed.* Food and beverages consumed increased by 14.73% to ₹ 765.65 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 667.35 million for the financial year 2017.

Operating supplies consumed. Operating supplies consumed increased by 17.29% to ₹ 256.17 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 218.40 million for the financial year 2017, primarily due to recognition of operating supplies consumed in relation to hotel operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year in financial year 2018.

Employee benefits expense. Employee benefits expense increased by 9.03% to ₹ 1,295.59 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 1,188.25 million for the financial year 2017, primarily due to the employee benefits expense in relation to operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year operations in the financial year 2018 and the standard increases in the employee benefits expense. Within this increase, there was an increase in salaries, wages and bonus paid to employees to ₹ 1,085.03 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 986.60 million for the financial year 2017 and an increase in staff welfare expenses to ₹ 160.08 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 148.11 million for the financial year 2017. Our number of permanent employees was 2,347 employees as of March 31, 2017 and 2,402 employees as of March 31, 2018.

Depreciation and amortisation expense. Our depreciation and amortisation expense decreased by 12.08% to ₹ 1,116.33 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 1,269.76 million for the financial year 2017, primarily due to revision in estimated economic useful life of property, plant and equipment.

Finance costs. Our finance costs decreased by 2.77% to ₹ 2,119.21 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 2,179.58 million for the financial year 2017, primarily due to a decrease in interest incurred on term loans availed from banks to ₹ 2,076.35 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 2,137.84 million for the financial year 2017 due to decrease in our average weighted indebtedness and capitalization of interest for projects under development.

*Other expenses*. Our other expenses increased by 23.59% to ₹ 3,281.45 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 2,655.07 million for the financial year 2017, primarily as a result of:

- an increase in rates and taxes to ₹ 417.07 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 182.32 million for the financial year 2017 due to stamp duty and transfer charges payable in the financial year 2018 in relation to scheme of amalgamation for the hotel and retail project in Whitefield, Bengaluru;
- an increase in miscellaneous expenses to ₹ 358.01 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 265.10 million for the financial year 2017 due to recognition of expenses in relation to hotel operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year in the financial year 2018; and
- an increase in power and fuel to ₹ 627.40 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 544.96 million for the financial year 2017 due to recognition of expenses at our hotel in Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year in the financial year 2018 and in line with an increased number of guests staying at our hotels, which was partially offset by decrease in costs due to purchase of power through open access at our developments.

**Profit from continuing operations before income tax**. Our profit from continuing operations before income tax decreased by 73.22% to ₹ 211.86 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 791.16 million for the financial year 2017. Our profit before tax represented 2.28% and 8.56% of our total income for the financial years 2018 and 2017, respectively.

*Tax expenses*. Our tax credit reduced to ₹ (99.74) million for the financial year 2018 as compared to ₹ (483.22) million for the financial year 2017, due to higher deferred tax credit in the financial year 2017.

**Profit for the year.** Our profit for the year decreased by 75.55% to ₹ 311.60 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 1,274.38 million for the financial year 2017, primarily due to:

- decrease in profit on sale of investments of the Company to ₹ 114.57 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 1,301.24 million for the financial year 2017 due to sale of equity in Associates held for sale, in the financial year 2017;
- increase in other expenses of the Company by 23.59% to ₹ 3,281.45 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 2,655.07 million for the financial year 2017 commensurate with the increase in the revenue from operations, provision for doubtful debts and loss on foreign exchange fluctuation; and
- variation in gain on foreign exchange fluctuation (net) of ₹ 4.63 million for the financial year 2018 as compared to ₹ 213.66 million for the financial year 2017;
  - which was partially offset by
- completion of the demerger and transfer of a hotel and retail project at Whitefield, Bengaluru into the

Company, effective November 1, 2016, as an entire business undertaking and corresponding recognition of revenues and expenses in relation to hotel operations and 324 keys at the hotel and lease income and expenses for the retail operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru, for five months in the financial year 2017 as compared to the full year in the financial year 2018.

Our profit for the year represented 3.35% and 13.78% of our total income for the financial years 2018 and 2017, respectively.

**Total comprehensive income for the year**. Our total comprehensive income for the year decreased by 74.40% to ₹ 326.26 million for the financial year 2018 from ₹ 1,274.51 million for the financial year 2017 in line with a decrease our in profit for the year.

# Financial Year 2017 compared to Financial Year 2016

Our results of operations for the financial year 2017 compared to the financial year 2016 were particularly affected by the following factors:

- the completion of the demerger and transfer of our hotel and retail project at Whitefield, Bengaluru into our Company, effective November 1, 2016, as an entire business undertaking. Pursuant to the transfer, we recognized revenues and expenses in relation to 324 keys at our hotel at Whitefield, Bengaluru and lease income and expenses for the retail project at Whitefield, Bengaluru, for five months in the financial year 2017;
- our luxury hotel at Sahar, Mumbai commenced operations in February 2015. Our revenue from hospitality operations at this hotel were lower in the financial year 2016 compared to the financial year 2017 due to the time taken for a hotel to achieve targeted occupancies and ADRs from its date of commencement of operations;
- an increase in ADR and occupancy levels for our hotels from ₹ 7,585.60 and 60.30%, respectively, in the financial year 2016 to ₹ 7,821.71 and 67.46%, respectively, in the financial year 2017;
- an increase in our total number of keys from 1,921 as of March 31, 2016 to 2,259 as of March 31, 2017;
   and
- an increase in profit on sale of investments to ₹ 1,301.24 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 46.10 million for the financial year 2016 due to sale of equity in Associates held for sale, in the financial year 2017.

## **Total Income**

Our total income increased by 54.72% to ₹ 9,245.37 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 5,975.61 million for the financial year 2016, due to an increase in revenue from operations and other income.

*Revenue from Operations*. Our revenue from operations increased by 23.20% to ₹ 7,058.80 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 5,729.43 million for the financial year 2016, primarily due to:

- an increase in hospitality revenue from room income by 23.16% to ₹ 3,961.01 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 3,216.11 million for the financial year 2016 due to recognition of room revenues at our hotel at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017, an increase in ADR and occupancy levels for our hotels from ₹ 7,585.60 and 60.30%, respectively, in the financial year 2016 to ₹ 7,821.71 and 67.46%, respectively, in the financial year 2017, together with an increase in our total number of keys from 1,921 as of March 31, 2016 to 2,259 as of March 31, 2017;
- an increase in hospitality revenue from sale of food, beverages and smokes by 14.61% to ₹ 2,327.42 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 2,030.79 million for the financial year 2016 primarily due to recognition of food and beverage revenues in relation to hotel operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months and increased revenues from our hotel in Sahar, Mumbai in the financial year 2017, and in line with the growth of our business;
- an increase in other hospitality revenue by 30.45% to ₹ 518.42 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 397.41 million for the financial year 2016 primarily due to recognition of revenues in relation to hotel operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months and increased revenues from our hotel in Sahar,

Mumbai in the financial year 2017;

- an increase in revenue from real estate operations by 44.00% to ₹ 111.44 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 77.39 million for the financial year 2016 due to increased sales; and
- an increase in revenue from retail and commercial operations to ₹ 140.51 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 7.73 million for the financial year 2016 due to recognition of revenue in relation to retail operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017.

Other income. Our other income increased to ₹ 2,186.57 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 246.18 million for the financial year 2016, primarily due to recognition of profit on sale of investments of ₹ 1,301.24 million for the financial year 2017 compared to ₹ 46.10 million for the financial year 2016 due to sale of equity in Associates held for sale, in the financial year 2017, an increase in hospitality operations for export benefits and entitlements to ₹ 314.74 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 95.14 million for the financial year 2016, an increase in gain on foreign exchange fluctuation (net) to ₹ 213.66 million for the financial year 2017 from a loss of ₹ 11.37 million for the financial year 2016 recognized under other expenses due to currency fluctuations and derivative exposure in relation our external commercial borrowings (excluding interest accrued), which were USD 57.20 million as of March 31, 2016 and USD 87.05 million as March 31, 2017; and an increase in interest income received from instruments measured at amortised cost to ₹ 228.70 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 50.61 million for the financial year 2016.

# Expenses

Our total expenses increased by 11.78% to ₹ 4,937.06 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 4,416.67 million for the financial year 2016, primarily due to an increase in food and beverages consumed, operating supplies consumed, employee benefits expense and other expenses, including due to recognition of expenses in relation to hotel operations at our hotel at Whitefield, Bengaluru and lease income and expenses for the retail operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru, for five months in the financial year 2017, partially offset by a decrease in real estate development cost.

Real estate development costs. Real estate development costs decreased by 17.98% to ₹ 207.99 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 253.57 million for the financial year 2016, due to lower cancellations and relevant adjustments.

Food and beverages consumed. Food and beverages consumed increased by 10.52% to ₹ 667.35 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 603.85 million for the financial year 2016.

*Operating supplies consumed.* Operating supplies consumed increased by 14.91% to ₹ 218.40 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 190.06 million for the financial year 2016, primarily due to operating supplies consumed pursuant to the opening of our luxury hotel at Sahar, Mumbai.

Employee benefits expense. Employee benefits expense increased by 11.34% to ₹ 1,188.25 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 1,067.20 million for the financial year 2016, primarily due to the employee benefits expense in relation to operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 and the standard increases in the employee benefits expense for our other hotel operations. Within this increase, there was an increase in salaries, wages and bonus paid to employees to ₹ 986.60 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 892.52 million for the financial year 2016 and an increase in staff welfare expenses to ₹ 148.11 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 131.79 million for the financial year 2016. Our number of permanent employees was 2,063 employees as of March 31, 2016 and 2,347 employees as of March 31, 2017.

*Other expenses*. Our other expenses increased by 15.34% to ₹ 2,655.07 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 2,301.99 million for the financial year 2016, primarily as a result of:

- an increase in miscellaneous expenses to ₹ 265.10 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 150.67 million for the financial year 2016 due to recognition of expenses in relation to hotel operations at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017;
- an increase in royalty and management fees paid to ₹ 304.69 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 241.62 million for the financial year 2016 primarily due to increased payments under our hotel operation, license and related agreements, in line with increased revenue and improved operational performance at our hotel in Sahar, Mumbai; and

- an increase in repairs and maintenance for plant and machinery to ₹ 179.94 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 107.82 million for the financial year 2016 due to refurbishment and repairs carried out at our hotel and convention centre in Powai, Mumbai during the financial year 2017;
  - which was partially offset by:
- a decrease in power and fuel from ₹ 612.28 million for the financial year 2016 to ₹ 544.96 million for the financial year 2017 due to purchase of power through open access at our developments which was partially offset by recognized expenses at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 and in line with an increased number of guests staying at our hotels.

Depreciation and amortization expense. Our depreciation and amortization expense increased by 28.51% to ₹ 1,269.76 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 988.08 million for the financial year 2016, primarily due to depreciation and amortization in relation to property at Whitefield, Bengaluru for five months in the financial year 2017 and depreciation and amortization recognized on the retail project at Sahar, Mumbai.

*Finance costs.* Our finance costs increased by 0.97% to ₹ 2,179.58 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 2,158.70 million for the financial year 2016.

*Profit or loss from continuing operations before income tax*. Our profit before income tax increased to ₹ 791.16 million for the financial year 2017 from a loss of ₹ 1,660.04 million for the financial year 2016. Our profit before tax represented 8.56% of our total income for the financial year 2017.

*Tax expenses*. Our tax credit reduced to ₹ (483.22) million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ (535.14) million for the financial year 2016, on account of higher deferred tax credit recognized in financial year 2016.

**Profit or loss for the year**. Our profit for the year increased to  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  1,274.38 million for the financial year 2017 from a loss of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  1,124.90 million for the financial year 2016, primarily due to:

- completion of the demerger and transfer of a hotel and retail project at Whitefield, Bengaluru into the Company, effective November 1, 2016 as an entire business undertaking and corresponding recognition of revenues and expenses for five months in the financial year 2017;
- increase in profit on sale of investments of the Company to ₹ 1,301.24 million for the financial year 2017 from ₹ 46.10 million for the financial year 2016 due to sale of equity in Associates held for sale, in the financial year 2017; and
- variation in gain on foreign exchange fluctuation (net) of ₹ 213.66 million for the financial year 2017 compared to Nil in the financial year 2016.

Our profit for the year represented 13.78% of our total income for the financial year 2017.

**Total comprehensive income or loss for the year**. Our total comprehensive income for the year increased to ₹ 1,274.51 million for the financial year 2017 from a loss of ₹ 1,123.64 million for the financial year 2016, primarily due to an increase in our profit for the year.

# **Cash Flows**

The following table sets forth our cash flows for the periods indicated:

(₹ in million)

	For the six months		Financial Year	r	
	ended September 30, 2018	2018	2017	2016 (Proforma Ind AS)	
Net cash generated from Operating Activities	1,486.94	2,489.05	2,012.23	793.40	
Net cash generated from/ (used) in Investing Activities	643.22	(1,289.98)	3,249.40	(1,722.79)	
Net cash generated from/ (used) in Financing Activities	(2,339.46)	(1,566.81)	(4,633.69)	530.39	
Net increase/ (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(209.30)	(367.74)	627.94	(399.00)	

#### **Operating Activities**

Net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 1,486.94 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018. Our net loss before tax was ₹ 628.42 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018, we had finance costs of ₹ 1,398.74 million and depreciation and amortisation costs of ₹ 569.26 million. We were refunded ₹ 4.95 million in direct taxes for the six months ended September 30, 2018. Further, the income included interest income of ₹ 119.47 million.

Net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 2,489.05 million for the financial year 2018. Our net profit before tax was ₹ 211.86 million for the financial year 2018, we had finance costs of ₹ 2,119.21 million and depreciation and amortisation costs of ₹ 1,116.33 million. We paid ₹ 123.99 million in direct taxes for the financial year 2018. Further, the income included non-cash income of ₹ 200.33 million towards export benefit and entitlements.

Net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 2,012.23 million for the financial year 2017. Our profit before tax was ₹ 791.16 million for the financial year 2017, we had finance costs of ₹ 2,179.58 million and depreciation and amortisation costs of ₹ 1,269.76 million. We paid ₹ 67.11 million in direct taxes for the financial year 2017. Further, the income included ₹ 314.74 million towards export benefit and entitlements and profit on sale of investments of ₹ 1,301.24 million.

Net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 793.40 million for the financial year 2016. Our loss before tax was ₹ 1,660.04 million for the financial year 2016, we had finance costs of ₹ 2,158.70 million and depreciation and amortisation costs of ₹ 988.08 million. We paid ₹ 47.98 million in direct taxes for the financial year 2016.

#### **Investing Activities**

Net cash generated from investing activities was ₹ 643.22 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018, primarily towards loans repaid of ₹ 1,489.40 million, partially offset by loans given of ₹ 886.79 million.

Net cash used in investing activities was ₹ 1,289.98 million for the financial year 2018, primarily towards loans given of ₹ 7,170.20 million, purchase of fixed assets of ₹ 622.05 million and investments of ₹ 477.40 million.

Net cash generated from investing activities was  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  3,249.40 million for the financial year 2017, primarily towards loans repaid of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  7,970.00 million and proceeds from sale of investments of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  4,675.40 million, partially offset by loans given of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  8,373.10 million and purchase of fixed assets of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  1,145.80 million.

Net cash used in investing activities was ₹ 1,722.79 million for the financial year 2016, primarily towards purchase of fixed assets of ₹ 1,788.89 million and loans given of ₹ 1,730.70 million.

# Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was ₹ 2,339.46 million for the six months ended September 30, 2018, primarily comprising repayment of long-term borrowings of ₹ 3,052.01 million and interest and finance charges paid of ₹ 1,243.98 million, partially offset by proceeds from long-term borrowings of ₹ 2,400.00 million.

Net cash used in financing activities was ₹ 1,566.81 million for the financial year 2018, primarily comprising repayment of long-term borrowings of ₹ 2,725.19 million, net short term borrowings of ₹ 1,938.74 million and net outflow towards interest and finance charges paid of ₹ 2,102.88 million, partially offset by proceeds from long-term borrowings of ₹ 5,200.00 million.

Net cash used in financing activities was  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  4,633.69 million for the financial year 2017, primarily comprising repayment of long-term borrowings of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  4,410.32 million, net short term borrowings of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  540.75 million and net outflow towards interest and finance charges paid of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  2,240.28 million, partially offset by proceeds from long-term borrowings of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  2,557.66 million.

Net cash generated from financing activities was  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  530.39 million for the financial year 2016, primarily comprising repayment of long-term borrowings of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  7,276.30 million and net outflow towards interest and finance charges paid of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  1,906.19 million, offset by proceeds from long-term borrowings of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  9,100.00 million and net short term borrowings of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  612.99 million.

#### **Indebtedness**

As of September 30, 2018, we had outstanding total borrowings of ₹ 26,893.97 million. Our break-down of our indebtedness as well as debt maturity profile is set out below:

(₹ in million)

			As of So	eptember 30, 2	2018	( til million
	Payment due by period					
	Total as per Financials	Principal amount outstanding	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Long term Borrowings						
Secured	23,484.42	23,292.04	-	5,613.17	10,049.78	7,692.09
Unsecured	-	-	-	-	-	
Total long term borrowings	23,484.42	23,292.04	-	5,613.17	10,049.78	7,692.09
Current portion of Secured long term borrowings, included in other current liabilities	2,214.49	2,214.49	2,214.49	-	-	-
Short term borrowings:						
Secured	688.13	688.13	688.13	-	-	
Unsecured	506.93	407.52	407.52	-	-	-
Total Short Term Borrowings	1,195.06	1,195.06	1,195.06	-	-	-
Total Borrowings	26,893.97	26,602.18	3,310.14	-	-	-

Our total borrowings include two classes of redeemable preference shares (i) 0.001% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares amounting to ₹ 160 million. These preference shares are liable to be redeemed at any time at the option of our Company, but not later than December 21, 2023. (ii) Non-cumulative, non-convertible redeemable preference shares amounting to ₹ 176.82 million after making adjustment for EIR. The Company and its Board shall have the right to redeem theses preference shares to the extent of any surplus amounts available from the Bengaluru Residential Project. However, the preference shares are liable to be redeemed not later than one month prior to completion of 20 years from the date of allotment. See "Financial Indebtedness" for a description of broad terms of our indebtedness on page 618 of this Prospectus and "Summary Financial Information" on page 259 of this Prospectus.

In the event our lenders declare an event of default, such current and any future defaults could lead to acceleration of our obligations, termination of one or more of our financing agreements or force us to sell our assets, which may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. See "Risk factors – Internal Risk Factors - Our inability to meet our obligations, including financial and other covenants under our debt financing arrangements could adversely affect our business and results of operations".

# **Contractual Obligations and Commitments**

The following table sets forth certain information relating to future payments due under known contractual obligations and commitments as of September, 2018, aggregated by type of contractual obligation, on a consolidated basis:

(₹ in million)

_	As of September 30, 2018 Payment due by period				
_	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	49.44	49.44	-	-	-

# **Capital Expenditure**

For the six months ended September 30, 2018, we incurred a capital expenditure of ₹ 3,365.78 million, primarily towards (i) capital expenditure of ₹ 211.38 million in relation to renovation at our hotel and convention centre at Powai, Mumbai; and (ii) capital expenditure of ₹ 3,154.13 million in relation to business centres and offices at Sahar, Mumbai.

For the financial year 2018, we incurred a capital expenditure of ₹ 1,175.76 million, primarily towards (i) capital expenditure for renovation and development of hotels of ₹ 733.10 million in relation to land premium and other renovation; and (ii) capital expenditure for commercial and retail projects of ₹ 440.70 million in relation to business centres and offices at Sahar, Mumbai.

For the financial year 2017, we incurred a capital expenditure of ₹ 1,030.19 million, primarily towards (i) capital expenditure for renovation and development of hotels of ₹ 306.81 million in relation to room renovations at our hotel and convention centre at Powai, Mumbai; and (ii) capital expenditure for commercial and retail projects of ₹ 721.75 million in relation to retail block at Sahar, Mumbai and commercial block and retail block at Whitefield, Bengaluru.

For the financial year 2016, we incurred a capital expenditure of ₹ 1,607.23 million, primarily towards (i) capital expenditure for hotels of ₹ 755.59 million in relation to renovation at our hotel and convention centre at Powai, Mumbai; and (ii) capital expenditure for commercial and retail of ₹ 845.36 million in relation to retail and business centres and offices at Sahar, Mumbai and commercial block and at Whitefield, Bengaluru.

During the financial year 2019, we expect to incur capital expenditure of ₹ 811.80 million, primarily towards construction expenditure of new projects.

### **Contingent Liabilities**

The following table sets forth certain information relating to our contingent liabilities which have not been provided for, as of September 30, 2018:

Particulars	Amount (₹ in million)
Disputed Service Tax Demands	95.27
Disputed VAT demands	12.70
Disputed Provident Fund demands	5.80
Disputed Income Tax Demands	86.29
Property Tax	0.30
SFIS/SEIS Scheme	224.07

For details, see "Summary Financial Information - Contingent Liabilities and Commitments" on page 259.

# **Off-Balance Sheet Commitments and Arrangements**

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, derivative instruments, swap transactions or relationships with affiliates or other unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships that would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements other than a guarantee given by our Company for the loans taken by an Associate in the financial year 2016.

#### Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis of Market Risks

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to us if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from our receivables from customers, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances, derivatives and investment securities. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure.

#### Trade receivables from customers

We do not have any significant credit exposure in relation to revenue generated from the hospitality business. For our other segments, we have established a credit policy under which each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before entering into a contract. Sale limits are established for each customer, reviewed regularly and any sales exceeding those limits require approval from the appropriate authorities. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk.

## Currency risk

We are exposed to currency risk on account of our operating and financing activities. Our functional currency is

Indian Rupee. The exchange rate between the Indian rupee and foreign currencies has changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future. We have availed external commercial borrowings (excluding interest accrued) of USD 74.06 million as of September 30, 2018, which also exposes us to currency risk. Consequently, we use derivative instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in respect of recognized liabilities. We enter into foreign currency forward contracts which are not intended for trading or speculative purposes but for hedge purposes to establish the amount of reporting currency required or available at the settlement date of certain payables.

# Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that we will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with our financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Our approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that we will have sufficient liquidity to meet our liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to our reputation.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect our income or the value of our holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. We use derivatives to manage market risk.

## **Certain Exceptional Items**

We own a property situated at Koramangala Industrial Layout, Bengaluru, where we are constructing a residential complex. The completion of the residential complex is stalled on account of the revocation of certain approvals by Hindustan Aeronautical Limited. We have filed a writ petition before the Karnataka High Court in relation to the cancellation of the approvals and the construction and further sale of residential apartments at this property, among others. Pending the outcome of the proceedings and a final closure of the matter, we suspended revenue recognition based on the percentage completion method and have also been derecognizing profits on cancellation of flats previously sold. The accounting impact has been reflected under exceptional items. See "Our residential project at Koramangala, Bengaluru is the subject matter of a litigation with Hindustan Aeronautics Limited. Any adverse order in relation to this litigation may adversely affect our ability to complete the project, and our business, results of operations and reputation" on page 21 and see "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments" on page 621.

#### **Known Trends or Uncertainties**

Our business has been subject, and we expect it to continue to be subject, to significant economic changes arising from the trends identified above in "Factors Affecting our Results of Operations" and the uncertainties described in "Risk Factors" on page 18. To our knowledge, except as discussed in this Prospectus, there are no known trends or uncertainties that have or had or are expected to have a material adverse impact on revenues or income of our Company from continuing operations.

#### **Future Relationship between Cost and Revenue**

Other than as described in "Risk Factors", "Our Business" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 18, 153 and 586, respectively, to our knowledge there are no known factors that may adversely affect our business prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

# **Related Party Transactions**

We have entered into various transactions with related parties, including for the purposes of acquisition of land by sub-lease; provision of goods and services; non-exclusive and limited license use of trademarks; use and occupation of licensed premises; provision of support services; and provision of repairs and maintenance services. As of September 30, 2018, our Company has given loans to our Group Company, Immense Properties Private Limited, Imperial Serviced Offices & Property Management Private Limited, Nakshtra Logistics Private Limited, Pramaan Properties Private Limited and certain of our Promoters (Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited, Ivory Property Trust and K. Raheja Private Limited ) and Loan to Directors aggregating to ₹ 2,107.53 million. These entities have indicated their intention to repay such loans within 15 days from the receipt of the net proceeds

from the Offer by the Company and the Selling Shareholders. See "Summary Financial Information – Restated Standalone Statement of Related Party Transactions and Balances" beginning on page 259.

We cannot assure you that we could not have achieved more favourable terms had such transactions been entered into with unrelated parties. Such related party transactions may potentially involve conflicts of interest. For details on our related party transactions, see "*Related Party Transactions*" on page 256.

#### **Competitive Conditions**

We operate in a competitive environment. See "*Our Business*", "*Industry Overview*" and "*Risk Factors*" on pages 153, 134 and 18, respectively for further information on our industry and competition.

#### **Seasonality of Business**

The hotel and hospitality industry in India is subject to seasonal variations. The periods during which our hotel properties experience higher revenues vary from property to property, depending principally upon location and the guests served. Our revenues are generally higher during the second half of each financial year as compared to first half of the financial year. Seasonality affects leisure travel and the MICE sector (meetings, incentives, conferences and events) including weddings. According to the Horwath Report, the winter months are preferred for travel in India, for leisure, MICE events, management or business travel and more recently for destination weddings. Further, inbound foreign leisure travel varies more with climatic factors, such that it mainly occurs between October and March and to a lesser extent (with lower visitor profile and travel budgets) during the summer and monsoon seasons, as per the Horwath Report. This seasonality can be expected to cause quarterly fluctuations in our revenue, profit margins and net earnings. Further, the timing of opening of newly constructed hotels and the timing of any hotel acquisitions or dispositions may cause a variation of revenue and earnings from quarter to quarter. Further, the hospitality industry is subject to weekly variations. While business travel is high during the weekdays, leisure travel is picking up during weekends encouraged by greater affordability, changing attitudes towards lifestyle, and improved road and air connectivity.

Further, the hospitality industry is cyclical and demand generally follows, on a lagged basis, key macroeconomic indicators. The combination of changes in economic conditions and in the supply of hotel rooms, including periods of excess supply, can result in significant volatility in results for owners and managers of hotel properties. The costs of running a hotel tend to be more fixed than variable. As a result, in an environment of declining revenues the rate of decline in profits can be higher than the rate of decline in revenues. As a result of such seasonal fluctuations, our room rates, sales and results of operations of a given half of the financial year may not be reliable indicators of the sales or results of operations of the other half of the financial year or of our future performance. See "Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors - Our business is subject to seasonal and cyclical variations that could result in fluctuations in our results of operations." on page 226.

#### **New Products or Business Segments**

Other than as disclosed in this section and in "Our Business" on page 153, there are no new products or business segments that have or are expected to have a material impact on our business prospects, results of operations or financial condition.

#### Significant developments subsequent to September 30, 2018

Except as set out in this Prospectus, to our knowledge, no circumstances have arisen since the date of the last financial statements as disclosed in this Prospectus which materially or adversely affect or are likely to affect, our operations or profitability, or the value of our assets or our ability to pay our material liabilities within the next 12 months.

#### CAPITALIZATION STATEMENT AS ADJUSTED FOR THE OFFER

Set forth below is the statement of capitalisation of the Company (on standalone and consolidated basis) as at September 30, 2018, pre - Offer and post - Offer (which was to be calculated upon completion of the Offer), in addition the statement of capitalisation in "Summary Financial Information - Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Capitalisation" on page 259 and "Summary Financial Information - Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information - Annexure X - Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Capitalisation" on page 414.

	Stand	alone	Consol	idated
Particulars	Pre-issue as at September 30, 2018	As Adjusted for issue*	Pre-issue as at September 30, 2018	As Adjusted for issue*
Debt:				
Long term borrowings	23,484.42	23,484.42	23,484.42	23,484.42
Short term borrowings	1,141.35	1,141.35	1,195.06	1,195.06
Current portion of secured long term borrowings,				
included in other current financial liabilities	2,214.49	2,214.49	2,214.49	2,214.49
Total debt (A)	26,840.26	26,840.26	26,893.97	26,893.97
Shareholders funds:				
Equity share capital	1,710.95	2,050.24	1,710.95	2,050.24
Reserves and surplus	3,194.00	2,015.97	2,963.41	11,785.38
Total shareholders funds (B)	4,904.95	14,066.20	4,674.36	13,835.61
Total debt / shareholder fund (A/B)	5.47	1.91	5.75	1.94

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Subject to finalization of the Basis of Allotment" the As Adjusted for issue column reflects changes in shareholders funds only on account of the proceeds from the Fresh Issue in the Offer. The short term and the long term debt, current maturities of the long term borrowings and the reserves and surplus (other than share premium) are as of September 30, 2018.

The above statement explains the impact of net proceeds (adjusted for Offer related expenses as stated in Page 124 of the Prospectus) from the fresh issuance of  $\mathfrak{T}$  9,161.25 million only. Out of  $\mathfrak{T}$  9,161.25 million,  $\mathfrak{T}$  339.29 million has been adjusted towards equity share capital and  $\mathfrak{T}$  8,821.97 million has been adjusted towards securities premium.

#### **Notes:**

i) The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

ii)The above Annexure should be read with the Basis of preparation and Significant Accounting Policies appearing in Annexure V, Notes to the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information appearing in Annexure VI and Statement of Adjustments to Audited Financial Statements appearing in Annexure VII.

#### FINANCIAL INDEBTEDNESS

Our Company and Subsidiary avail credit facilities in the ordinary course of our business. Pursuant to our Articles of Association, subject to applicable laws and pursuant to a resolution dated June 13, 2018, passed by our shareholders, our Board has been authorised to borrow sums in excess of the aggregate of our paid-up share capital and free reserves, up to ₹ 50,000 million.

As on December 31, 2018, we have outstanding secured borrowings (excluding interest) of ₹ 25,655.29 million and unsecured borrowings (excluding interest) of ₹ 208.66 million on a consolidated basis. Set forth below is a brief summary of our aggregate outstanding borrowings on a consolidated basis as on December 31, 2018.

(in ₹ million)

Category of Borrowing/ Name of Lender	Sanctioned Amount	Outstanding amount as on December 31, 2018
Secured		
Housing Development Finance	9,450.00	6,294.42
Corporation Ltd		
Standard Chartered Bank	5,350.00	4,735.38
ICICI Bank	4,186.87	3,535.35
RBL Bank	1,500.00	840.00
Yes Bank Ltd	1,100.00	935.08
Citibank N.A.	942.5	808.87
Bank of Baroda	900	891.70
DBS Bank	3750	2,578.39
Indian Overseas Bank	50	-
HDFC Bank Ltd	35.87	5.19
Sub -total (Rupee Loan)	27,265.24	20,624.38
Standard Chartered Bank, UK*	4,536.50	4,204.99
ICICI UK Plc*	-	-
ICICI Bank Bahrain	851.47	825.92
Sub -total (USD Loan)**	5,387.97	5,030.91
Total	32,653.20	25,655.29
Unsecured		
Yes Bank Ltd (IBG Unit)	225.00	182.52
Indian Overseas Bank	750.00	-
K Raheja Corp***	49.49	18.14
Newfound	628.00	8.00
Total (Un-secured)	1,652.49	208.66
Total	34,305.69	25,863.94

<sup>\*</sup>USD loan originally sanctioned by ICICI UK Plc was transferred to Standard Chartered Bank, UK by way of novation on July 18, 2018

Key terms of our secured borrowings are disclosed below.

- Tenor and interest rate: The tenor of the term loan facilities availed by us typically range from 60 months to 156 months. All our borrowings are on floating rates of interest which typically ranges from 8.20 % to 9.95 % per annum for rupee borrowings and LIBOR plus 3.75% to LIBOR plus 4.75% per annum for dollar borrowings.
- Security: Our secured borrowings are typically secured against:
  - (i) existing and future charge on the immovable properties of the hotels of our Company or the Subsidiary, as applicable;
  - (ii) charge on current assets, existing and future, and entire moveable and/or fixed assets of the hotels of our Company or the Subsidiary, as applicable;
  - (iii) charge on the book-debts, operating cash flows, receivables, bills receivable, bank accounts, etc. from the hotels of our Company or the Subsidiary, as applicable; and

<sup>\*\*</sup>INR equivalent of USD loan is determined on the basis of INR/USD exchange rate of 69.79 as on December 31, 2018 \*\*\* Borrowing by Subsidiary

(iv) mortgage (including through the deposit of title deeds) on the land and building including installations, fitments, plants and machinery of the hotels of our Company or the Subsidiary, as applicable.

The security created in favour of lenders by our Company is either *pari passu* with other lenders or exclusive to the lender.

Our Promoters, Capstan Trading LLP, Raghukool Estate Developement LLP, Touchstone Properties & Hotels Private Limited, Anbee Constructions LLP and Cape Trading LLP, have pledged their shareholding held in our Company, to secure borrowings availed by certain of our Group Companies.

Additionally, our Promoter, Neel C. Raheja has provided a personal guarantee to secure facilities availed by our Company amounting to ₹ 808.87 million as on December 31, 2018.

- *Prepayment*: Loans availed by us typically have prepayment provisions which allows for prepayment of the outstanding loan amount with the consent of the lender, and as laid down in the facility agreements, as the case may be.
- *Re-payment:* The term loans are typically repayable in instalments after a moratorium period.
- Events of Default: Our borrowing arrangements typically contain standard events of default, including:
  - (i) non-payment or default in payment of any amounts due under the loan facility;
  - (ii) breach of any covenants, conditions, representations or warranties;
  - (iii) cross default under any arrangement for facilities extended by any other lender;
  - (iv) initiation of corporate actions or proceedings relating to winding up, dissolution, reorganization or appointment of liquidator, receivers or administrators or litigation causing material adverse effect to the lender;
  - (v) substantial change in the constitution and management or beneficial ownership of our Company or the Subsidiary, as applicable, having an adverse effect on the lender without the previous consent;
  - (vi) ceasing or threatening to cease carrying on the business;
  - (vii) failure of our Company or Subsidiary to create and/or perfect the security within the period contemplated; and
  - (viii) any material qualification in the audit reports issued by the auditors of our Company.
- *Key Restrictive covenants*: Our Company and Subsidiary, under certain financing arrangements availed by them respectively, require the relevant lender's prior written consent for carrying out certain actions, including:
  - (i) change in shareholding control or management control without prior consent of the lender, as applicable;
  - (ii) undertake or permit any amalgamation, demerger, merger, consolidation, scheme of arrangement or compromise with the shareholders or creditors;
  - (iii) changing or altering capital structure;
  - (iv) declaration or payment of dividend in case of event of default in payment of dues;
  - (v) raising of new loans against the security provided to existing lender;
  - (vi) making any amendments to the memorandum and articles of our Company or the Subsidiary, as applicable; and

(vii) reduction of shareholding of promoter and promoter group below 51 % of our Company.

For further details of financial and other covenants required to be complied with in relation to our borrowing, see "Risk Factors – We have incurred indebtedness which requires significant cash flows to service, and limits our ability to operate freely. We will continue to have indebtedness and debt service obligations following the Offer" on page 29.

## SECTION VI – LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION OUTSTANDING LITIGATION AND OTHER MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS

Except as stated in this section, there are no (i) outstanding criminal proceedings involving our Company, Subsidiary, Group Companies, Promoters or Directors; (ii) outstanding actions taken by statutory or regulatory authorities involving our Company, Subsidiary, Group Companies, Promoters or Directors; and (iii) outstanding claims involving our Company, Subsidiary, Group Companies, Promoters or Directors for any direct and indirect tax liabilities; (iv) other pending litigations involving our Company, Subsidiary, Directors, Promoters or Group Companies as determined to be material by our Board, in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations; (v) outstanding dues to creditors of our Company as determined to be material by our Board as per the Materiality Policy in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations; and (vi) outstanding dues to small scale undertakings and other creditors.

For a summary of all outstanding litigation and material developments, see "Risk Factors- We, as well as our Promoters, Group Companies and certain of our Directors are involved in certain legal proceedings. Any adverse outcome in any of these proceedings may adversely affect our profitability, reputation, business, financial condition and results of operations" on page 22.

Pursuant to the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Materiality Policy adopted by our Board of Directors for the purposes of litigation disclosure, all pending litigation involving our Company, Subsidiary, Group Companies, Promoters or Directors, other than criminal proceedings, statutory or regulatory actions and taxation matters, would be considered 'material' if the monetary amount of claim by or against the entity or person in any such pending matter is in excess of ₹ 10 million or any such litigation, an adverse outcome of which would materially and adversely affect our Company's business, prospects, operations, financial position or reputation, irrespective of the amount involved in such litigation.

It is clarified that pre-litigation notices (other than those issued by governmental, statutory or regulatory authorities) received by our Company, our Subsidiary, our Directors, our Promoters or our Group Companies shall not be considered as litigation until such time that any of our Company, our Subsidiary, our Directors, our Promoters or our Group Companies, as the case may be, is made a party to proceedings initiated before any court, tribunal or governmental authority, or is notified by any governmental, statutory or regulatory authority of any such proceeding that may be commenced.

In terms of the Materiality Policy with respect to outstanding dues to creditors, it is determined that outstanding dues to creditors in excess of 5 % of our Company's trade payables as per the Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information for the six months ended September 30, 2018, shall be considered as material dues ("Material Dues") and the creditors to whom such Material Dues are outstanding as on September 30, 2018 would be considered as the material creditors of our Company ("Material Creditors").

Unless stated to the contrary, the information provided below is as of the date of this Prospectus.

# I. LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR COMPANY

## A. Outstanding criminal proceedings involving our Company

## Litigation against our Company

1. Maria Ninitte Noronha ("Complainant") lodged a first information report dated November 6, 2007 ("FIR") against Prashant Gerald Nazereth, partner of Pebbledrops Events, on the grounds of forgery, cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property. Pebbledrops Events, acting on behalf of Actis Biologics entered into a group sales agreement dated June 8, 2007 (amended on October 15, 2007) with one of our hotels, Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel for utilizing the hotel facilities and rooms and received ₹ 1 million from Prashant Gerald Nazereth as advance consideration. Thereafter, our hotel received a notice dated October 12, 2007 from the Complainant claiming that the advance consideration amount paid to our hotel by Pebbledrops Events was fraudulently obtained by Prashant Gerald Nazereth from her and further demanding for it to be refunded. In pursuance of the FIR, a final report dated April 21, 2008 was prepared by the police and was filed with the Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Bandra ("Metropolitan Court") wherein our Company was named as an accused. As called upon by the investigating officer, our Company deposited ₹ 1 million with the Bandra police station pending conclusion of the trial. Subsequently, the Complainant filed an application in

February 2008 before the Metropolitan Court for withdrawing the amount deposited by us with the Bandra police station to which we have filed our reply dated March 26, 2008, denying the claim of the Complainant to the deposited amount and stating that we are legally entitled to the same. The matter is currently pending before the Metropolitan Court.

- 2. Hitesh Nandlal Ramani ("Complainant") lodged a first information report dated December 14, 2015 ("FIR") at the Powai police station, Mumbai against one of our employee of our hotel, Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel, and its swimming pool life guard, on the grounds of causing death by negligence and endangering life or personal safety of his daughter. The Complainant has alleged that during a party within the hotel premises his daughter accidentally fell into the swimming pool and was rescued by the Complainant's uncle but subsequently passed away on December 14, 2015. The FIR has been filed stating that no lifeguards were present at the time of the incident and further no medical facilities were provided by the hotel during the emergency. The Powai police station has filed its final report dated November 25, 2016 before the Metropolitan Magistrate, Andheri ("Metropolitan Court"). The matter is currently pending before the Metropolitan Court.
- 3. The State of Maharashtra (Excise Department) filed proceedings before the Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Bandra ("Metropolitan Court") against Saumen S. Shah, representative of the guests for whom the event was being held, Kailash B. Pandit employee of our hotel and Shivkumar S. Verma a consultant, on the grounds of serving liquor without adequate permission within the premises of one of our hotels, Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel on January 10, 2018. Liquor worth ₹ 0.14 million was confiscated by the officials. The matter is currently being investigated and is pending before the Metropolitan Court.
- 4. Abhimanyu Rishi ("Complainant") lodged a first information report dated May 3, 2008 ("FIR") at the Powai police station, Mumbai against Prashant More, an employee of one of our hotel, Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel and other employees. The Complainant alleged that that on May 2, 2008, he was allegedly pulled out of the hotel lobby and subjected to assault by Prashant More, and nineteen other hotel staff. The Complainant has alleged that he was injured and submitted a medical report dated May 2, 2008 before the Powai police station. The Powai police station has filed its final report dated April 21, 2009 before the Andheri Metropolitan Magistrate Court ("Court"). The matter is currently pending before the Court.
- 5. Mohammad Altaf Abdul Latif Sayyed ("Complainant") lodged a first information report dated May 15, 2018 with the Powai police station, Mumbai against two of the employees of one of our hotel, Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel. The Complainant has alleged that his ring valued at ₹ 0.12 million had been stolen from his hotel room by two employees of the hotel. The matter is being investigated by the police and there has been no further correspondence or update on same.

# Litigation by our Company

1. We have filed three criminal proceedings under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 in respect of dishonour of cheques of an aggregate amount of ₹ 1.79 million. One proceeding has been filed before the Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Mumbai against a person who had availed services and facilities of our hotel i.e. Lakeside Chalet, Mumbai - Marriott Executive Apartments. The matter is currently pending. One proceeding is filed before the Judicial Magistrate Court, CBD/Belapur against a person who had availed the services and facilities of our hotel i.e. Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi. The matter is currently pending. Lastly, one proceeding was filed before the Judicial Magistrate Court, Bandra, Mumbai against a person who had availed the services and facilities of our hotel i.e. Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi. An order dated October 12, 2012 has been passed in the matter before the Judicial Magistrate Court Bandra *inter alia* directing the accused therein to pay to our Company ₹ 0.4 million. However, our Company has not received the payment thereof.

# B. Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Company

1. The Directorate of Revenue Intelligence ("**DRI**"), *vide* its notices dated October 4, 2017 and November 3, 2017, called upon our Company to provide it with the necessary documents and information in respect of import of goods against SFIS Scrip/License under Foreign Trade Policy 2004-09 and 2009-14 and the post-export service benefits availed, under the provisions of the Customs Act, 1962. To this, our Company, *vide* reply dated November 6, 2017, communicated that as per the Customs Act, it was required to produce such information only in case an inquiry was being conducted and which was made

known to us and requested the DRI to withdraw their notice. After further correspondence, the DRI issued summons to our Company stating that an inquiry was being conducted and called upon us to appear and produce necessary documents and information which were produced by our Company *vide* letter dated December 12, 2017. Further, summons were issued by the DRI citing submission of incomplete documents and infringement on the grounds of non-appearance of the authorised signatory. The Company appeared before the office of the DRI and its statement was recorded by the DRI along with submission of certain additional documents. The DRI issued a summons dated October 17, 2018 for production of documents relating to domestic tariff area and our Company submitted the requisite documents. The DRI issued a show-cause notice dated November 29, 2018 ("DRI Show Cause Notice") directing our Company to show cause as to why duty amounting to ₹ 195.18 million and ₹ 23.14 million should not be recovered. Our Company filed a writ petition dated December 24, 2018 before the Gujarat High Court challenging DRI Show Cause Notice. The Gujarat High Court through an ex-parte interim order stayed the effect of the DRI Show Cause Notice. The matter is currently pending.

- 2. Demand Notice dated April 9, 2018 has been issued by the Employees State Insurance Corporation ("ESIC") to our Company and its former director Ramesh Mohanlal Valecha, stating that it has not paid the required contributions under the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 for the periods April 2014 to December 2016 and April 2017 to November 2017 for employees at its corporate office. The ESIC has called upon our Company to pay the required contributions or provide the documents evidencing payment thereof, to enable them to remove its name from the defaulter list. Our Company has submitted its reply on May 7, 2018 along with the supporting documents thereof stating that there were no employees falling under the ambit of the ESIC. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 3. Demand Notice dated November 13, 2017 and March 19, 2018 had been issued by the Brihanmumbai Mahanagarpalika ("BMC") to our Company in respect of recovery of arrears of municipal/property taxes, in respect of one of our hotels i.e. the Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel and the colocated Lakeside Chalet, Mumbai Marriott Executive Apartments of an aggregate amount of ₹ 0.30 million for the period ending March 31, 2018 and demanding payment to be made by our Company within a period of 21 days from the date of receipt of the notice. The Company by its letter dated June 14, 2018 has denied the liability. The BMC issued a demand letter dated September 24, 2018 directing our Company to deposit the property tax due amounting to ₹ 0.30 million within 48 hours failing which penalty to the extent of 2% per month will be levied. Our Company has paid ₹ 0.30 million as property tax under protest. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 4. On April 25, 2018, the Central Excise Department issued a notice under Section 91 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 addressed to our Company to produce documents with respect to purchase of certain foreign liquor by our hotel, Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel from M/s. Dhal Foods & Beverages. The Central Excise Department has initiated proceedings against M/s. Dhal Foods & Beverages and have seized goods from their premises. The requested documents were submitted along with letter dated May 22, 2018. No further communication has been received from the Central Excise Department.
- 5. A demand notice dated February 9, 2018 has been issued by the Tehsildar Thane, addressed to the guest and one of our hotel i.e. Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi demanding the payment of ₹ 0.40 million (inclusive of interest) as entertainment tax in respect of a new year's eve party organised and conducted by the guest at our hotel premises on December 31, 2012. The Company has replied *vide* letter dated April 24, 2018 denying the claim and have provided the supporting documents. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 6. Show cause notice dated March 19, 2018 was issued by the Employees Provident Fund Organisation ("EPFO") addressed to Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Magna"), now merged into our Company, alleging that the Company failed to remit the dues under Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 read with EPF Scheme, 1972. Magna replied to the show cause notice *vide* its reply dated March 22, 2018 stating that minimum administrative charges have been paid by them and challans evidencing the same were also duly submitted. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 7. A demand notice dated December 19, 2016 was issued by the Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagar Pallike ("BBMP") addressed to Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Magna"), now merged into our Company, demanding payment of amount aggregating ₹ 256 million towards outstanding property tax for the period 2008-2009 to 2015-2016 (inclusive of interest/penalty). The said amount was

required to be paid within 15 days from the date of issue of the demand notice and failure to respond would result in either attachment of the property or auction of the property belonging to Magna. Magna *vide* reply dated January 1, 2017 denied the claim of BBMP, asserted a mismatch in the area considered by BBMP and has furnished documents evidencing certain payments made by it towards property tax for which credit was not given by BBMP. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.

- 8. A notice dated February 8, 2018 was issued by the Central Bureau of Investigation (Bank Security and Fraud Cell) ("CBI") addressed to Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Magna"), now merged into our Company, calling upon Magna to produce certain documents and information required and to appear in person, in the case bearing no. RC 10(E)/2017 dated July 27, 2017, filed by CBI against Shiva Kumar Reddy director of Kaveri Telecom Infrastructure Limited and others. On March 27, 2018 and April 7, 2018, copies of the documents requested were submitted to the CBI. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 9. A notice dated August 14, 2018 was issued by the Income Tax Officer, Bengaluru addressed to Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Magna"), now merged into our Company, directing Magna to produce certain documents and information for the financial year 2012-2013 in respect of Tekton Estate Private Limited. Our Company responded to the Income Tax Officer, Bengaluru and submitted the requested documents on August 24, 2018. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 10. A notice dated March 26, 2018 has been issued by the Labour Department, Bengaluru addressed to the Company and its present and former directors (i) Rajeev Chopra, (ii) Ramesh Mohanlal Valecha, (iii) Sanjay Sethi, (iv) Hetal Madhukant Gandhi, (v) Conrad D'Souza, (vi) Chandru Lachmandas Raheja, (vii) Ravi C. Raheja, (viii) Neel C. Raheja, (ix) Rajeev Newar and (x) Arthur William De Haast to produce certain documents in respect of our mall, Inorbit, Bengaluru under the (a) Contract Labour Act, 1970, (b) Minimum Wages Act, 1948, (c) Karnataka Shops and Commercial Establishments Act, 1961, (d) Payment of Wages Act, 1936 and (e) Equal Remuneration Act, 1965, within a period of 7 days from the date of receipt of the notice. The Company has *vide* its letter dated April 10, 2018, addressed to the Labour Department, submitted the necessary documents. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 11. A show cause notice dated August 9, 2017 has been issued by the Director General of Foreign Trade ("DGFT") under Section 13 of the Foreign Trade (Development & Regulation) Act 1992, where the DGFT has imposed penalty with interest on Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Magna"), now merged into our Company, for failing to return the terminal excise duty refund for ₹ 0.17 million. The Company has filed its reply on August 28, 2017, denying the alleged liability, submitting the required documents and requesting the DGFT to withdraw the notice. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 12. The Comptroller and Auditor General of India ("CAG") *vide* its report for the financial year ended March 2016, has made certain observations with respect to public sector undertakings. In the said report certain adverse observations in respect to a project of our Company in Hyderabad (project land purchased from K. Raheja IT Park for a residential building and The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace Hotel) were made. K. Raheja IT Park has issued a letter dated September 21, 2017 submitting its explanations *inter alia* in respect of the said observations. The matter is currently pending.
- 13. By letter dated July 10, 2012, Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation referred to a report of vigilance and Enforcement Department relating to alleged irregularities / violations / losses to APIIC/Government of Andhra Pradesh. For further details, please refer "Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against K Raheja IT Park on page 661.
- 14. The ministry of corporate affairs, Mumbai ("MCA") has issued a notice dated May 14, 2018 addressed to us alleging that our Company is in contravention of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") as allegedly we have failed to file certain requisite forms with the MCA in respect of two of our subsidiaries, for the year 2016-17. The MCA has directed our Company to file its reply within 10 days of receipt of the notice failing which the MCA shall initiate the necessary legal action. The Company has filed its reply dated May 30, 2018 stating that it is not in contravention of the provisions of the Act as the filings are not applicable to it. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.

- 15. Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai ("MCGM") has issued a stop work notice dated June 4, 2018 addressed to our Company in respect of alleged unlawful development and construction in Andheri, Mumbai. Our Company has issued a reply dated June 6, 2018 to the MCGM denying their claims and have submitted the requisite documents along with the reply. No further correspondence has been received thereafter. The matter is currently pending.
- 16. The Additional Commissioner, Mumbai has issued a notice dated February 28, 2018 to our Company in respect of our hotel i.e. Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel, alleging failure to pay entertainment duty till June 30, 2017 and called our Company to submit copies of all licenses and permissions obtained from the Excise Department Police (Entertainment), IPRS, PPL and others within 7 days from the receipt of the notice, failing which action would be taken against our Company. We submitted the requisite documents with the Additional Commissioner on June 29, 2018. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 17. Pursuant to the visit at our hotel i.e. the Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel on June 5, 2018, the Security Guard Board for Brihanmumbai & Thane District ("Security Guard Board") has directed our Company to produce necessary documents with respect to the private security contract with the Company. The Company *vide* letter dated June 8, 2018 has replied to the Security Guard Board and provided the requested documents.
- 18. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against our Company, Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at our Company's premises at different locations. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. During the course of the search and thereafter, statements have been made / submitted to the investigating officials. Further to the search action, we have received a letter dated June 15, 2018 (received on June 22, 2018) issued by the income tax department, calling upon us to furnish a true and correct return for the assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18 by July 15, 2018 and these returns have been furnished before the Income Tax Department by our Company. Thereafter, we and certain of our Group Companies and Promoters (being Genext, K Raheja Corp, Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and Mindspace) received show-cause notices dated November 27, 2018 from the Income Tax Department in relation to certain transactions entered into by our Company, certain of our Group Companies and Promoters. The aggregate amount involved in these transactions was ₹ 13,303.16 million. The Income Tax Department has sought an explanation as to why the relevant portion of the amount mentioned above should not be added to the income of the respective companies for the relevant assessment year during assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18, being the block period of assessment. We and the aforementioned companies/individuals have responded to the Income Tax Department through letters dated January 14, 2019 refuting the claims of the Income Tax Department. We have further highlighted that the relevant amount attributable as income, if at all, to our Company out of ₹ 13,303.16 million is ₹ 469.72 million, and our Company has already paid the applicable tax on this amount in the relevant Assessment Year of 2008-2009. We have also highlighted that the relevant amount attributable to Magna (erstwhile subsidiary of our Company which has since been merged into our Company) out of ₹ 13,303.16 million is 705.32 million and since Magna had merely issued fresh shares for ₹ 705.32 million during Assessment Year 2007-2008, there is no income tax liability on Magna under applicable law. The matter is currently pending. Please also refer to "Litigation Involving Our Promoters- Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Promoters" and "Litigation Involving Our Group Companies -- Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Group Companies" on pages 633 and 659.
- 19. The assistant revenue officer, Koramangala has issued notices dated August 18, 2016 and December 12, 2016 addressed to our Company demanding payment of advertisement fee and penalties for the period 2014-2015 in relation to our property situated at Koramangala. We have responded to the notices *vide* letter dated October 27, 2016 and January 25, 2017. The matter is currently pending.
- 20. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has issued a notice dated March 16, 2018 addressed to Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Magna"), now merged with our Company requiring it to furnish certain information with regard to compliance of the provisions of Section 135 the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") read with Schedule VII and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 for the financial year 2015-16. We have responded to the above notice *vide* letter dated June 20, 2018 stating that the above mentioned provisions of the Act are not applicable to us. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.

- 21. The Employees State Insurance Corporation ("**ESIC**") has issued three demand notices all dated June 14, 2018 addressed to our Company alleging that our Company has violated the provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 and the rules thereof ("Act"). The notices allege that (i) our Company has not made the requisite contribution under the Act for the period December 2013 aggregating to Rs 0.29 million and (ii) remittance made for the period April 2012 to December 2015 has been delayed and hence, levied penalty aggregating ₹ 23,554 thereon. ESIC issued an order dated August 13, 2018 observing that remittance made for the period September 2012 and January 2013 by our Company had been delayed and hence, levied a penalty aggregating to ₹ 206. Our Company paid the interest of ₹ 493 and the penalty of ₹ 206 on August 22, 2018.
- 22. The Directorate General of Goods and Service Tax Intelligence Pune Zonal Unit ("**DG**") has issued a notice dated June 15, 2018 addressed to our Company in relation to an investigation being conducted by the DG in respect of alleged evasion of service tax by M/s Starwood Hotels & Resorts India Private Limited, Gurgaon. ("Starwood"). One of our hotels i.e. The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace is operated by Starwood and the aforesaid investigation is being conducted in relation to the operating agreement executed between us and Starwood. Our Company representative has been directed to attend the investigation before the investigating officer. Our Company's representatives have visited the DG and our Company will, in due course, abide by the requirements of the said notice.
- 23. The Maharashtra Pollution Control Board ("MPCB") issued a show-cause notice dated June 26, 2018 addressed to our Company in relation to non-compliance by our hotel-Renaissance Hotel and Marriott Executive Apartments with provisions of the Air and Water Act. We replied to this notice on July 11, 2018. Post an on-site visit, the MPCB issued a letter dated August 7, 2018, directing our Company to take certain corrective steps in relation to discharge of effluents on land for gardening and non-maintenance of separate record of water usage for different purposes.
- 24. The Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Hyderabad issued a notice dated July 9, 2018 directing our Company to deposit pending income tax amounting to ₹ 1.9 million for the Financial Year 2007-08 to Financial Year 2017-18. Our Company is in the process of replying to this notice.
- 25. The Legal Metrology Organization, Government of Maharashtra ("LMO") inspected Renaissance Hotel and Marriott Executive Apartments in December 2018 and seized certain packaged goods upon detection of irregularities. There has been no further correspondence from the LMO.
- 26. The Legal Metrology Organization, Government of Maharashtra ("**LMO**") inspected Four Points By Sheraton in December 2018 and seized certain good upon detection of irregularities. There has been no further correspondence from the LMO.
- 27. The management of the Renaissance Hotel and Marriott Executive Apartments ("Renaissance") received a notice dated December 6, 2018 from the Assistant Police Inspector, Bhandup Police station, Mumbai in relation to a forgery investigation being carried out against certain individuals who were guests at Renaissance. The Assistant Police Inspector has directed Renaissance to produce documents in relation to transactions between Renaissance and these individuals. Our Company has provided these documents to the Assistant Police Inspector. There has been no further correspondence thereafter.
- 28. Our Company received a notice from the Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai ("MCGM") dated December 7, 2018 in relation to alleged misuse of the municipal recreation ground by JW Sahar Marriott. The MCGM had also seized certain goods and materials belonging to JW Sahar Marriott from the municipal recreation ground on December 8, 2018. Our Company has requested the MCGM to release the goods and has also paid ₹ 0.05 million as penalty for the alleged encroachment. Further, we replied to the notice on December 19, 2018 informing MCGM of our proposal to hand over 20% of the recreation ground to the MCGM and for this recreation ground to be kept open as park open to the general public. Our Company received further correspondence from the MCGM on January 25, 2019 alleging misuse of the municipal recreation ground by JW Sahar Marriott. Our Company responded to the MCGM on January 29, 2019 denying all allegations. There has been no further correspondence from the MCGM.

# C. Other material outstanding litigation involving our Company

Material outstanding litigation by our Company

1. Our Company has filed a writ petition ("Writ Petition") before the Karnataka High Court at Bengaluru ("Court") regarding the wrongful cancellation of the height NOC dated October 28, 2011 ("NOC") issued by Hindustan Aeronautics Ltd. ("HAL"). The NOC was issued for the development of a 17 floor residential building complex with a height of upto 62 meters on the Company's land at Koramangala Industrial Layout, Bengaluru, HAL is a public sector undertaking in-charge of the HAL aerodrome and is responsible to issue the height NOC for structures around the HAL aerodrome, as per the Notification SO 84(E) dated January 14, 2010. By a letter dated September 15, 2012, HAL first communicated an issue with the height of the project and asked our Company to conduct a re-survey, and thereafter also requested our Company to stop the construction of the project building. Therefore our Company suspended / limited the vertical construction of certain wings forming part of the project in May 2013; and also obtained and filed with HAL, an aeronautical study report dated March 12, 2013 issued by an expert, confirming that the building-wings completed at that point i.e. upto the full permitted height of 17 floors – 62 meters, did not "adversely affect aircraft operations". A condition for demolition of such part(s) of the structure "which could adversely affect aircraft operations" ("NOC-Condition") is provided for in paragraph 3 of the NOC. Thereafter, numerous communications were exchanged between our Company and HAL, and eventually on August 16, 2013, HAL issued communication to our Company cancelling the NOC issued by it, stating that the site elevation data as furnished by our Company varied from the actual elevation and further that our Company failed to carry out the re-survey as advised. At the time of cancellation of the NOC, five wings with 17 floors had been constructed with a height of upto 62 meters and more than 200 flats therein had been marketed by our Company.

Aggrieved, our Company filed the Writ Petition to (a) challenge the cancellation letter dated August 16, 2013 issued by HAL cancelling the NOC (b) for directing HAL to permit construction up to maximum height which does not adversely affect aircraft operations as may be determined by an aeronautical study to be conducted by AAI/ICAO, and ancillary reliefs (including an amended relief for re-validating the NOC for a further period). The Court also passed an interim order dated October 23, 2013 (the "Interim Order") directing our Company not to modify / alter / renovate / develop the building above 40 meters from ground level, and not to sell or agree to sell or enter into any agreement with third parties in whatsoever manner in respect of any portion of the building above 40 meters. Several customers of our Company, as also certain neighbouring residents, have got themselves impleaded as Respondents in the Writ Petition.

By a subsequent detailed judgement and order dated July 31, 2014 ("Order"), the Court directed the aeronautical study to be conducted by Airport Authority of India ("AAI"). HAL's writ appeal to challenge the Order was dismissed by the Division Bench of the Court on November 3, 2015 *inter alia* with a direction for expediting the hearing of the writ petition and to decide the matter uninfluenced by the observations in the Order. By a further order dated November 5, 2015, the Court clarified that the aeronautical study was to be carried out in accordance with the notified parameters of HAL Airport and Notification SO 84(E) dated January 14, 2010. Accordingly, AAI conducted the study and filed its report on January 27, 2016, in effect confirming that the full height of the then completed building-wings was permissible as it does not adversely affect aircraft operations. HAL has filed objections to the aeronautical study report of AAI, *inter alia* alleging that it is a unique defence airport carrying out test flying. Our Company has also *inter alia* submitted that it had no motive or any additional area to gain, as the project has sufficient land to absorb and construct the entire FAR sanctioned for 17 floors -62 meters in a horizontal structure of 10 floors - 40 meters. The Writ Petition is currently pending before the High Court of Karnataka.

Further, certain communications were also exchanged between HAL and Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike ("**BBMP**") and our Company between 2013 and 2017, wherein our Company *inter alia* updated BBMP regarding the writ petition and furnished an undertaking to BBMP not to make a further vertical expansion / modification, alteration or development above 40 meters. Our Company *vide* letter dated January 16, 2017 requested BBMP for an extension of the validity period of the building sanction plan for the project.

Our Company had executed Memorandum of Understanding's ("MOU's") with customers for a provisional reservation of a right to purchase various apartments, providing them with an option right. Our Company has also executed and registered agreements for sale with a few customers. The issue in respect of the NOC cancellation by HAL, was informed to the customers on December 21, 2013 and thereafter numerous communications were exchanged with them. Eventually, our Company proposed a mitigation program. In the events that have followed, some customers exited the project, and some customers have continued with the project and are being paid and have accepted the goodwill

compensation pursuant to the mitigation program (which has been extended from time to time)., In view of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 ("RERA"), our Company addressed a communication dated October 10, 2017 to customers relating to the possession date. Eventually, by letter dated November 18, 2017 the mitigation program was extended up to June 30, 2018 on a without prejudice basis as stated in the communications. Our Company has now by its communication of June 2018, further extended the date of mitigation program upto 31st December 2018. The mitigation period has been further extended to March 31, 2019 by a letter dated December 18, 2018 on a without prejudice basis. As a matter of abundant caution, our Company has also registered the project under RERA on a without prejudice basis. Our Company has filed interim applications dated November 29, 2018 before the Court for removal of certain respondents from the suit and change of its name to 'Chalet Hotels Limited' in the suit. Our Company also filed an application before the Court requesting it to take on record the fact that the Respondent has no objection to the construction of the structure upto 40 meters at Koramangala Industrial Layout, Bengaluru to enable us to apply for a building sanction plan. HAL has filed its objection to this interim application inter alia stating that any alteration or construction of the building will be in violation of the Interim Order, although the said order directs parties not to modify / alter / renovate / develop the building above 40 meters from ground level. The matter is currently pending before the Court.

- 2. Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Magna"), now merged with our Company, ("Petitioner") has filed a writ petition before the Karnataka High Court, *inter-alia* challenging notifications issued by the Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike ("BBMP") under provisions of the Karnataka Municipal Corporation act, 1976 ("Act") for increasing the property tax rate from ₹ 8 to ₹ 20 per square foot, and has challenged a demand notice issued by the BBMP pursuant to Section 108A (3) and (11) of the Act for ₹ 29.82 million. The High Court, *vide* an interim order dated April 30, 2014, directed BBMP not to take any coercive actions against the Petitioner. The matter is currently pending before the Karnataka High Court.
- 3. Our Company has filed a writ petition dated September 7, 2018 before the Karnataka High Court challenging a notification dated March 9, 2016 issued by the Commissioner, Bruhat Bangalore Mahanagar Palike increasing the rate of property tax payable on properties situated in the Bruhat Bangalore Mahanagar Palike area as the increase in tax is unjustified and the notification was issued without complying with certain mandatory requirements of the Karnataka Municipal Corporation Act, 1976. Our Company has also challenged Section 108A of the Karnataka Municipal Corporation Act, 1976 which provided for the special manner in which property tax will be levied for buildings situated in Bruhat Bangalore Mahanagar Palike area. Our Company has prayed for the notification dated March 9, 2016 to be quashed and Section 108A of the Karnataka Municipal Corporation Act to be struck down. The Karnataka High Court has stayed the effect of the impugned notification by an interim order subject to our Company paying 50% of the enhanced tax rate along with the original tax rate and providing security for the remaining amount. The matter is currently pending before the Karnataka High Court.
- 4. Pursuant to the order dated July 23, 2015, passed by the Commissioner, a deficit contribution of Provident Fund dues aggregating to ₹ 3.80 million for the period November 2011 to November 2014 were paid in respect of an expat employee, from Netherlands appointed as general manager of one of our Hotel i.e. The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace Hotel. Subsequent thereto, Employees Provident Fund Organisation ("EPFO") issued a show cause notice to our Company to show cause as to why damages and interest should not be levied for the late remittances. Our Company has made payments towards interest. Thereafter, by way of two orders both dated June 2, 2017 out Company was directed to pay an aggregate of ₹ 2.99 million, for belated remittances made. In August 2017, the Company has filed a writ petition before the High Court of Telangana and Andhra Pradesh for challenging the levy of the damages against our Company. An interim stay was granted by the Court, subject to our Company making payment of 25% of the amount, which was duly paid by us. The matter is pending before the Court. Subsequently, upon formation of the labour tribunal, in August 2017 our Company has also filed an appeal before the Employees Provident Fund Appellate Tribunal, Hyderabad, in relation to the same matter. The matter is currently pending. While the matter is pending before the Court, a notice was issued on April 5, 2018 by the EPFO addressed to the recovery officer and to our Company, under the provisions of the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, in respect of dues aggregating to ₹ 2.02 million on account of belated remittance/arrears for the period 2011 to 2014. By letter dated May 2, 2018 our Company has responded to the said letter and requested to stay the recovery proceedings as the matter was sub-judice.

- 5. Magna Warehousing & Distribution Private Limited ("Magna"), which has now merged with our Company ("Petitioner"), has filed a writ petition before the Karnataka High Court at Bengaluru ("Court") challenging certain recovery notices issued by the Office of Additional Director General of Foreign Trade, for the recovery benefits granted, aggregating to ₹ 9.10 million ("Impugned Recovery Notices") on the basis that the Petitioner is ineligible to avail the benefits under the Served From India Scheme ("SFIS") which were granted earlier to Magna. The Petitioner duly surrendered credit scrips that were not utilized during its period of validity. The Court has granted a stay on the impugned recovery notices and the matter is currently pending before the Court.
- 6. Our Company has invoked arbitration proceedings against Global Energy Private Limited ("Global **Energy**") in relation to wrongful invocation of the bank guarantees amounting to ₹ 13.15 million given by our Company to Global Energy, Global Energy, through its letter dated February 20, 2018, raised a demand on our Company under the power supply facilitation agreements dated March 9, 2017 entered into with our Company (the "Agreement") allegedly for refund of the charges for open access borne by Global Energy on the units supplied by it. Our Company has denied liability as, under the Agreement, the statutory cost was not included and therefore, the power factor incentive did not form part of the tariff. On May 2, 2018, Global Energy invoked the bank guarantee given by our Company, following which our Company requested the former to refund the amount invoked. Upon failure of Global Energy to respond to the same, our Company sent a notice to Global Energy for invocation of arbitration. On October 3, 2018, Global Energy replied to the notice denying the said claims. We have filed applications dated October 23, 2018 before the Bombay High Court for appointment of sole arbitrator in the matter. Further, the Maharashtra Electricity Regulatory Commission ("MERC") passed an order dated October 15, 2018, pursuant to which a single-member enquiry committee was constituted to investigate the conduct of Global Energy and a public notice dated November 17, 2018 was issued in relation to the scope of enquiry against Global Energy. Our Company also submitted its arguments before MERC on December 8, 2018. The matter is currently pending before the Bombay High Court.
- 7. The Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Company (the "MSEDCL") issued a letter dated October 23, 2018 rejecting our Company's short term open access application ("STOA") due to delayed payment of processing fees. Our Company was unable to make the payment online due to technical issues. We submitted a demand draft and made subsequent online payment as well. Our Company filed a writ petition dated October 23, 2018 before the Bombay High Court requesting it to direct MSEDCL to provide us with electricity connection under open access. The Bombay High Court directed our Company to approach the Maharashtra Electricity Regulatory Commission (the "MERC"). Our Company has filed an application dated November 12, 2018 before the MERC as directed. MERC by its order dated November 30, 2018 dismissed the application and upheld the rejection of our Company's application by MSEDCL. Our Company has filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal for Electricity, New Delhi ("Electricity Appellate Tribunal") challenging MERC's order dated November 30, 2018. The matter is currently pending before the Electricity Appellate Tribunal.

#### Material outstanding litigation against our Company

- 1. The Central Board of Trustees, Employees Provident Fund Organization ("Petitioner") has filed a writ petition before the Bombay High Court ("Court"), against our Company, challenging an order dated July 21, 2014 ("Impugned Order") passed by the Employees Provident Fund Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi which had set aside certain dues of the employees of our hotel i.e. Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel aggregating ₹ 3.77 million assessed by the Petitioner as payable by our Company. The Petitioner alleged that our Company deposited provident fund contributions on basic wages which were lower than the minimum wages, and in order to escape the scope and applicability of the Employees Provident Funds & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 ("EPF & MP Act") by deliberately bifurcating the salary of its employees under different heads. The Regional Provident Fund Commissioner had passed an order dated December 14, 2012 on the basis of guidance issued by the Petitioner. Our Company filed an appeal before the Employees Provident Fund Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi challenging the order, which was set aside *vide* the Impugned Order. The matter is currently pending before the Court.
- 2. Iris Trout has filed a suit against Marriott International Inc., Marriott Hotels India Private Limited, our Company, K Raheja Corp, K Raheja and certain other defendants in the Superior Court of Middlesex County, New Jersey, USA on November 5, 2018 for failure to maintain premises in a safe condition resulting in personal injury. Iris Trout was a guest of the Westin Hyderabad Mindspace during November 2016 and on November 8, 2016, the glass door in the guest bathroom cracked and fell on her resulting in

permanent disability in her right wrist and hand. She has sought compensatory damages and the matter is currently pending before the Superior Court of Middlesex County, New Jersey, USA.

# D. Outstanding dues to small scale undertakings and other creditors

As of September 30, 2018, we had 1,618 creditors.

As per the Materiality Policy, a creditor of the Company, shall be considered to be material for the purpose of disclosure in the offer document, including this Prospectus, if amounts due to such creditor exceeds 5% of the total consolidated trade payables as on September 30, 2018. As of September 30, 2018, on a consolidated basis, our Company does not owe any amount to any creditor more than ₹43.71 Million (being 5% of the consolidated trade payables as on September 30, 2018, other than as described below-

Particulars	No. of Creditors	Amount (₹ in Million)
Material Creditors	1	60.02
MSME Creditors	21	5.85
Total Outstanding Dues	1618	874.24

<sup>\*</sup>Total outstanding dues include retention payable of ₹ 39.41 million and Capital Creditors of ₹ 30.17 million.

The aggregate amount outstanding to such creditors as on September 30, 2018 was ₹ 874.24 million out of which ₹ 5.85 million is outstanding to micro and small enterprises. For further details, see http://chalethotels.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/Annexure-I-II-Material-Creditors.pdf".

Information provided on the website of our Company is not a part of this Prospectus and should not be deemed to be incorporated by reference. Anyone placing reliance on any other source of information, including our Company's website, www.chalethotels.com would be doing so at their own risk.

#### II. LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR SUBSIDIARY

#### (1) Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited

Chalet Hotels & Properties (Kerala) Private Limited ("Chalet Kerala") received a letter dated December 19, 2018 from the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change, Government of India ("MOEF") directing it to submit the half yearly compliance report as stipulated in the environment clearance granted by the MOEF. Chalet Kerala responded to the MOEF on January 14, 2019.

#### III. LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR DIRECTORS

Ravi C. Raheja

For details, please see "Litigation Involving our Promoters" on page 631.

Neel C. Raheja

For details, please see "Litigation Involving our Promoters" on page 631.

Sanjay Sethi

1. A notice dated March 26, 2018 has been issued by the Labour Department, Bengaluru addressed to our Company and the then directors. For further details, please see "Outstanding criminal proceedings involving our Company – Litigation against our Company" on page 621.

Rajeev Newar

1. A notice dated March 26, 2018 has been issued by the Labour Department, Bengaluru addressed to the Company and the then directors. For further details, please see "Outstanding criminal proceedings involving our Company – Litigation against our Company" on page 621.

Arthur William De Haast

1. A notice dated March 26, 2018 has been issued by the Labour Department, Bengaluru addressed to the Company and the then directors. For further details, please see "Outstanding criminal proceedings involving our Company – Litigation against our Company" on page 621.

Hetal Gandhi

1. A notice dated March 26, 2018 has been issued by the Labour Department, Bengaluru addressed to the Company and its then directors. For further details, please see "Outstanding criminal proceedings involving our Company – Litigation against our Company" on page 621.

Conrad D'Souza

1. A notice dated March 26, 2018 has been issued by the Labour Department, Bengaluru addressed to the Company and its directors. For further details, please see "Outstanding criminal proceedings involving our Company – Litigation against our Company" on page 621.

# IV. Tax proceedings involving our Company, Subsidiaries, Promoters, Directors and Group Companies

Nature of case	Number of	Amount involved#	
	cases	(in ₹ million)	
Company			
Direct Tax	3	86.29	
Indirect Tax	17	334.02	
Indirect Tax (Refund)	7	(27.08)	
Subsidiaries			
Direct Tax	Nil	Nil	
Indirect Tax	Nil	Nil	
Promoters			
Direct Tax	11	268.15	
Indirect Tax	1	0.51	
Directors			
Direct Tax	Nil	Nil	
Indirect Tax	Nil	Nil	
Group Companies			
Direct Tax	24	292.06	
Indirect Tax	29	407.93	
# To the extent ascertainable.			

#### V. LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR PROMOTERS

# A. Outstanding criminal litigation involving our Promoters

#### Criminal proceedings against our Promoters

Proceedings against Ravi C. Raheja

Nusli N Wadia ("Complainant") lodged a first information report ("FIR") against Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja ("Accused"), under Section 406, 409, 420 and 120(b) of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, inter alia alleging criminal breach of trust, cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property, causing alleged losses aggregating to ₹ 40 million, arising out of one of the transactions under an agreement entered into with the Complainant which was executed in 1995 in respect of the lands situated at Malad West. Under the said transaction, in or about 1996/97 under certain release deeds, Ivory Properties had retained for itself one building to be constructed by it on a demarcated portion of land admeasuring about 15,854.46 square metres after paying 12% of consideration as per the market rate to the Complainant, being his share towards the land component & informing the Complainant about such retention. Pursuant to the FIR, the Economic Offences Wing, Mumbai filed a charge sheet before the Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Esplanade Mumbai ("Court"). The matter is pending before the Court.

2. The Metropolitan Magistrate, Vile Parle West (the "Magistrate") issued summons dated September 11, 2018 to Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and two others to appear before the Magistrate in relation to two different complaints. The summons relate to an alleged violation of signage license conditions by the Hypercity store at Goregaon West in contravention of the provisions of the Bombay Municipal Corporation Act, 1888. Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and others filed a petition before the Bombay High Court seeking quashing of the summons issued by the Magistrate. The Bombay High Court through an order dated October 29, 2018 barred the Magistrate from taking any coercive action against Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and other applicants till date of the next hearing. The matter is currently pending before the Magistrate.

Proceedings against Neel C. Raheja

- 1. Nusli N. Wadia ("Complainant") lodged a first information report ("FIR") before the Economic Offences Wing, Mumbai against Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja, under Section 406, 409, 420 and 120(b) of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, inter alia alleging criminal breach of trust, cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property causing alleged losses. For further details, please see "Outstanding criminal litigation involving our Promoters Proceedings against Ravi C. Raheja" on page 631.
- 2. The Metropolitan Magistrate, Vile Parle West (the "Magistrate") issued summons dated September 11, 2018 to Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and two others to appear before the Magistrate in relation to two different complaints. For further details, please see "Outstanding criminal litigation involving our Promoters Proceedings against Ravi C. Raheja" on page 631.

Proceedings against K Raheja

1. The Dy. Superintendent of Police, Criminal Investigation Department ("CID") had issued letter dated June 9, 2008 to Chandru L. Raheja (in relation to a project of K Raheja known as Raheja Woods) in connection with an investigation in Swargate Police Station, Pune, in respect of the ULC case No. 23 – WA, S. No. 222/1 ("ULC proceedings"). K. Raheja is not a party to the ULC proceedings, however K Raheja has appeared before CID and also submitted the requisite documents with a letter dated June 11, 2008 *inter alia* recording that the enquiry arising out of the notice is complete and nothing more is required from K. Raheja. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.

Proceedings against K Raheja Corp

1. Sunil Khare has filed a first information report ("FIR") dated March 3, 2013 with the Malawani Police Station, Mumbai against Anuj Prakash, general manager, of one of the hotels of K Raheja Corp i.e. The Resort at Malad, Mumbai, for the use of foul language. The Sessions Court, Borivali ("Court") *vide* its order dated April 6, 2013, held that in the event of the arrest of the general manager, he shall be released on interim bail on execution of a bond, with one solvent surety in the manner provided for in the order. The general manager applied for and has been granted bail. As Sunil Khare did not attend proceedings, the Court on March 8, 2018 directed for a non-bailable warrant to be issued against him. The matter is pending before the Court.

Proceedings against Palm Shelter

1. The Senior Police Inspector, Santacruz Police Station ("Police Station") pursuant to a complaint dated April 21, 2016, filed by Claud Fernandez ("Complainant") against certain third parties under Section 420 and 34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, had issued a letter dated July 20, 2016 to Palm Shelter Estate Development Private Limited (now Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP) ("PSEDPL") to appear before the police station on July 23, 2017. Certain agreements were entered into between the Complainant, certain family members of the Complainant and PSEDPL, for the handover and redevelopment of four flats in a building property. The Complainant filed a suit before the Bombay City Civil Court, due to disputes arising between the family members and the Complainant, where PSEDPL was made a defendant to the suit. Consent terms were filed between the parties to the suit which allowed PSEDPL to develop the property. PSEDPL had later transferred its development rights along with all benefits and obligations in the property to Parvesh Constructions Private Limited. Authorized representatives of PSEDPL appeared before the Police Station to provide requested information and documents, and filed their deposition on the matter. There has been no correspondence between the parties in the present matter. The matter is currently pending.

#### Criminal proceedings initiated by our Promoters

Proceedings initiated by K Raheja Corp

1. K Raheja Corp filed a complaint under Section 138, read with Section 141 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, before the Metropolitan Magistrate Court, at Bandra, Mumbai ("Magistrate Court") against Omnitech Infosolutions Limited and its directors. The complaint has been filed in respect of dishonour of cheques of an aggregate amount of ₹ 4.73 million. The matter is currently pending before the Magistrate Court.

### B. Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Promoters

Pending actions involving Genext

- 1. Genext received demand notices from time to time, from the Collector of Stamps, Enforcement II ("Collector") relating to stamp duty and penalty on various agreements entered into with various parties aggregating to approximately ₹ 208 million. Genext submitted its replies to the Collector against all these demand notices, *inter alia* pointing out that Genext is not a party to the said agreements, and is not liable for any amount. After the hearing was held in these matters, no further communications / demands have been received from the Collector. Genext and K Raheja Corp had also received a demand notice in 2014 from the Collector relating to stamp duty and penalty of approximately ₹ 55 million in respect of a deed of assignment dated August 6, 2007 between Genext and K Raheja Corp. Genext submitted its reply *inter alia* stating that the document was duly adjudicated and accordingly the full stamp duty was paid thereon. After a hearing was held in the said case, no further communications / demands have been received thereafter.
- 2. The Pest Control Officer at Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai ("MCGM") issued nine notices from time to time to Genext with respect to water stagnation at its Vivarea project site at Mahalakshmi, Mumbai and other related infringements of the Mumbai Municipal Corporation Act, 1888. Genext has replied to MCGM stating that they have taken corrective measures and requested MCGM to conduct inspection in order to close the matter. Further, no correspondence has been received in the present matter.
- 3. Proceedings were initiated before the monitoring committee of the Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai ("MCGM") appointed pursuant to the Development Control Regulation No.58 [7] for monitoring the re-development in respect of the property owned by Capricon Realty Limited situated at Mahalaxmi, Mumbai which is being developed by Genext. A recent issue relating to giving additional allowances to ex-mill-workers employed in the project was agreed and settled in the Monitoring Committee's Meeting held on June 6, 2018. Presently the matter is pending with the Monitoring Committee in respect of the employment of more mill workers in place of the mill workers who have left, retired or have expired in relation to the remaining work in the project. On June 6, 2018 the Monitoring Committee has directed Genext to file its submissions on this issue in the next meeting of the Monitoring Committee. Genext has filed its submissions before the Monitoring Committee. Ex-mill workers submitted a letter dated August 28, 2018 through Rashtriya Mill Mazdoor Sangh demanding that Genext employ more ex-mill workers for ongoing development of the project. Genext has replied to this letter stating that it cannot employ unskilled workers for specialized concretizing work. The MCGM on August 29, 2018 has appointed a Labour Commissioner to inspect the project for the possibility of employing more ex-mill workers. The matter is currently pending.
- 4. Capricon Realty Limited has filed a special leave petition before the Supreme Court of India challenging the final judgment of the Bombay High Court dated August 21, 2017 passed in public interest litigation bearing no.6/2016 in respect of the interpretation of the development control regulations of Greater Mumbai and the computation of the Floor-Space Index ("FSI") liable to be granted. K Raheja Corp had obtained the development rights of the subject matter lands from Capricon Realty Limited, and had further assigned the same to Genext. By an order dated November 27, 2017, the Supreme Court has stayed the judgement of the Bombay High Court. The matter is pending before the Supreme Court.
- 5. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against Genext. Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at its premises. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. During the course of the search and thereafter, statements have been made / submitted to the investigating

officials. Further to the search action, Genext received a letter dated August 1, 2018 issued by the Income Tax Department, calling upon Genext to furnish a true and correct return for the assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18 by August 30, 2018 and Genext has filed these returns as directed by the Income Tax Department. Genext received a notice dated November 27, 2018 from the Income Tax Department in relation to certain transactions entered into by our Company, our Group Companies and Promoters, including Genext. For further details, please refer to "Litigation Involving our Company-Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Company" page 621.

- 6. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued a notice dated January 4, 2016 to Genext in respect of non-filing of cost audit report for the financial year ended March 31, 2015. Genext responded to this notice on February 4, 2016 with the relevant details of filing of the cost audit report for the aforesaid period. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 7. Genext received communication dated August 21, 2018 and November 30, 2018 from the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") directing it to provide certain information relating to Genext's compliance with its corporate social responsibility obligations for the financial year 2015-16. Genext has submitted the information to the MCA as requested. There has been no further correspondence from the MCA.

Pending actions involving Ivory Properties

- 1. Ivory Properties has been disputing the property tax arrears amounting to ₹ 4.11 million in respect of bills received for properties at Malad, Mumbai, from the Brihanmumbai Mahanagarpalika. The matters are currently pending.
- 2. Ivory Properties has been disputing the property tax arrears amounting to ₹ 0.36 million in respect of bills received for properties at Andheri, Mumbai, from the Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai. The matters are currently pending.
- 3. The Maharashtra Pollution Control Board ("MPCB") has issued a notice dated May 28, 2015 addressed to Ivory Properties in relation to certain environmental clearances and approvals for a project at Malad, Mumbai. Ivory Properties has responded to the said notice vide letter dated July 6, 2015 withdrawing its application for grant of consent to operate / establish as being made inadvertently. No correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 4. The Maharashtra Pollution Control Board ("MPCB") has issued a notice dated December 17, 2014 and October 31, 2015 addressed to Ivory Properties in respect of its project at Malad, Mumbai in relation to certain environmental approvals and provision for treatment plants for the sewage generated from the project and further asking for submission of details in respect of the project. Ivory has replied to the said notice *vide* letter dated December 30, 2014 and attended the hearings conducted. The matter is currently pending.

Pending actions involving K Raheja Corp

- 1. The Assistant Assessor and Collector of the Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai ("MCGM") has issued special notices dated July 11, 2017 to K Raheja Corp and others in respect of the assessment of property tax for lands situated at Bandra, Mumbai. The assessment has resulted in additional property tax liability aggregating to ₹ 22 million along with applicable interest, with certain bills having been raised by the MCGM. K. Raheja Corp has filed a complaint on May 24, 2018 before the MCGM to the above notices. Pending rectification by MCGM, the bill for 2017-18 and 2018-19 reflected arrears of ₹ 9.26 million and ₹ 18.6 million respectively for K Raheja Corp. The matter is currently pending.
- 2. The Assistant Assessor and Collector of the Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai ("MCGM") has issued special notices dated March 5, 2015 to K Raheja Corp and others in respect of the assessment of property tax for lands situated at Powai, Mumbai. The assessment has resulted in additional property tax liability aggregating to ₹ 28.57 million along with applicable interest, with certain bills having been raised by the MCGM. Multiple complaints has been filed before the MCGM in relation to the above notices. The matter is currently pending.
- 3. The Tax Recovery Officer-II has *vide* three separate letters one dated May 28, 2018 and two other dated June 6, 2018 addressed to the Secretary / Chairman / Property Manager of Raheja Vistas, project of Powai Developers (sole proprietary concern of K Raheja Corp), informed them of the attachment of flat nos.H-303, G-601 & D-1904, of Raheja Vistas which belong to customers who have purchased these

flats from Powai Developers. The Tax Recovery Officer-II has further stated that the transfer of ownership of the same would be subject to payment of outstanding arrears of taxes of ₹ 320 million along with applicable interest thereon which is due from the flat purchasers. The Income Tax Officer has sought from the Chairman / Secretary / Property Manager of Raheja Vistas certain information /documents. Powai Developers *vide* 3 separate letters all dated June 13, 2018 furnished the information/documents to Tax Recovery Officer-II as available with them. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.

- 4. K Raheja Corp and Genext had received a demand notice from the Collector relating to stamp duty and penalty of approximately ₹ 55 million in respect of a deed of assignment dated August 6, 2007 between Genext and K Raheja Corp. Genext submitted its reply *inter alia* stating that the documents were duly adjudicated and accordingly full stamp duty was paid After hearing was held in the said case, no further communications / demands have been received thereafter. K Raheja Corp had also received a demand notice from the Collector relation of stamp duty and penalty approximately of ₹ 50 million in respect of a deed of assignment dated August 6, 2007 between IDBI, K Raheja Corp and others. Genext submitted its reply *inter alia* stating that the documents were duly adjudicated and accordingly full stamp duty was paid. After hearing was held in the said case, no further communications / demands have been received thereafter.
- 5. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against K Raheja Corp. Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at its premises. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. During the course of the search and thereafter, statements have been made / submitted to the investigating officials. No further communication has been received in relation to the matter. Further to the search action, K Raheja Corp has received a letter dated June 15, 2018 (received on June 22, 2018) issued by the income tax department, calling upon it to furnish a true and correct return for the assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18 by July 15, 2018 and these returns have been furnished before the Income Tax Department by K Raheja Corp. K Raheja Corp received a notice dated November 27, 2018 from the Income Tax Department in relation to certain transactions entered into by our Company, our Group Companies and Promoters, including K Raheja Corp. For further details, please refer to "Litigation Involving our Company-Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Company" page 621.
- 6. The Maharashtra Pollution Control Board has issued notices dated November 14, 2016 and February 22, 2017 directing K Raheja Corp to submit a copy of the no-objection certificate obtained from the Central Ground Water Authority ("CGWA") for extraction of ground water. K Raheja Corp has replied vide letters dated November 30, 2016 and March 10, 2017 and has made an application to the CGWA for a no-objection certificate vide its application dated December 8, 2017. K Raheja Corp received an email dated August 28, 2018 from CGWA seeking certain documents in relation to grant of the no-objection certificate. K Raheja Corp responded to this email and subsequently, CGWA granted a no-objection certificate on November 28, 2018.
- 7. K Raheja Corp has received a notice dated December 26, 2018 from the Assistant Commissioner, Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation ("NMMC") directing K Raheja Corp to furnish certain information under the Taxation Rules under the Bombay Provincial Municipal Corporation Act, 1949. K Raheja Corp is in the process of furnishing the requisite information.
- 8. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued a notice dated January 4, 2016 to K Raheja Corp in respect of non-filing of cost audit report for the financial year ended March 31, 2015. K Raheja Corp responded to this notice on February 3, 2016 with the relevant details of filing of the cost audit report for the aforesaid period. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 9. K Raheja Corp has received communication dated December 4, 2018 from the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") directing it to provide certain information relating to K Raheja Corp's compliance with its corporate social responsibility obligations for the financial year 2015-16. K Raheja Corp has submitted the information to the MCA as requested. There has been no further correspondence from the MCA.
  - Pending actions involving K. Raheja
- 1. The Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai ("MCGM"), *vide* letters dated September 6, 2017 and November 27, 2017 addressed to K Raheja, has demanded the handing over of a built-up amenity reservation in the municipal library, first floor, Rosemary Building, Mumbai. K Raheja, *vide* its letter

dated February 9, 2018, has filed its interim reply to MCGM, seeking further time to confirm the factual status of the matter. MCGM issued letters dated July 6, 2018, November 26, 2018 and December 20, 2018 directing K. Raheja to handover the built-up amenity area in Rosemary Building and furnish the relevant papers to MCGM. K Raheja has responded to MCGM through a letter dated January 4, 2019 highlighting that K. Raheja Corp Foundation is a registered public charitable trust and the library will be open for public-use after completion of on-going repair work. The matter is currently pending.

- 2. The Pest Control Officer at Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai ("MCGM") has issued 23 notices to K Raheja between 2016 and 2017 in respect of water stagnation at K Raheja's project site at Worli, Mumbai and other related infringements of the Mumbai Municipal Corporation Act. K Raheja has replied to MCGM stating that they have taken corrective measures and requested MCGM to conduct inspection in order to close the matter. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 3. The Bombay Municipal Corporation ("**BMC**") has been issuing property tax bills for the period from 2012 till date, including sewage tax. K Raheja has paid the property tax amounts excluding sewage tax. The unpaid sewage tax arrears amount to ₹ 30.9 million. The matter is currently pending.
- The Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai ("MCGM") has issued a letter dated April 8, 2018 4. addressed to K Raheja, in pursuance of letter dated March 12, 2018 (wrongly dated March 12, 2010) received by them from Association of Engineering Workers in respect of unpaid dues to labour/workers of Metal Box India Limited ("MBIL") and for issuance of stop work notice of further construction of building situated at Worli, Mumbai, MBIL was the predecessor in title of K Raheja, K Raheja has issued letter dated May 14, 2018 responding to MCGM, denying all the allegations made in the letter dated March 12, 2018 and informing that MBIL had deposited the entire gratuity dues of 64 ex-workers. Further, K Raheja has informed the MCGM that for the reasons stated in their letter, MCGM ought not to take action. MCGM has by its letter dated June 5, 2018 forwarded a further letter from the workers alleging that MBIL has not paid the dues. The Deputy Commissioner of Labour has also conducted a site visit on March 21, 2018 requesting information on certain queries. The Association of Engineering Workers sent another letter dated June 25, 2018 alleging non-payment of dues to labour/workers of MBIL. K Raheja has denied these allegations of non-payment through its letter dated July 4, 2018. K Raheja has also filed caveat applications dated November 3, 2018 in the Bombay city civil court and Bombay High Court against any interim relief being granted to the Association of Engineering Workers without due notice to K Raheja. The matter is currently pending.
- 5. K Raheja had acquired two municipal leasehold properties in Worli, Mumbai. The issues of levy of premium/transfer fees/lease tenure/enhanced lease rent etc. relating to Brihanmumbai Mahanagarpalika ("MCGM Estates") leasehold lands are sub-judice before the Bombay High Court ("Court") in various petitions filed by various lessees and other parties. K Raheja is not a party to such proceedings and has not filed any petition in court in this respect. MCGM Estates had raised demands on K Raheja for transfer premium and penalty and transfer fee relating to the assignment of the said properties at Worli in favour of K Raheja. K Raheja has filed an undertaking dated July 16, 2015 with its letter dated July 24, 2015 in respect of the first property and undertaking dated October 19, 2015 with its letter dated October 30, 2015 in respect of the second property. K Raheja has also paid the transfer premium/s and other charges/ amounts demanded by the MCGM Estates, relating to the assignment of the aforesaid properties, without prejudice & subject to all rights & contentions of the parties. The same is subject to the final outcome as per the Court orders that may be passed in the pending proceedings filed by 3<sup>rd</sup> parties i.e. writ petition no.1251/2014 ("Writ Petition") and any other proceedings from time to time in this regard. Accordingly, there is now no transfer premium payable on the assignment of the aforesaid properties to K Raheja and K Raheja's name has been mutated as lessee in respect of both the properties in the records of the MCGM Estates. The writ petition is pending before the Court.

Pending actions involving Ravi C. Raheja

1. The Assistant Director, Directorate of Enforcement, Mumbai ("Authority") has in the recent past issued summons under the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, calling upon Mr. Ravi C. Raheja to appear before the Authority and to give details and documents in relation to a land parcel purchased at Pune by Pact Real Estate Private Limited. Mr. Ravi C. Raheja has submitted the documents sought by the Authority. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.

- 2. A notice dated March 26, 2018 has been issued by the Labour Department, Bengaluru addressed to our Company and its directors including Ravi C. Raheja. For further details, please see "Outstanding criminal proceedings involving our Company Litigation against our Company" on page 621.
- 8. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against Ravi C. Raheja. Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at his residence and office. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. During the course of the search and thereafter, statements have been made / submitted to the investigating officials. No further correspondence has been received thereafter. Further to the search action, Ravi C. Raheja has received a letter dated June 15, 2018 (received on June 22, 2018) issued by the income tax department, calling upon him to furnish a true and correct return for the assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18 by July 15, 2018 and these returns have been furnished before the Income Tax Department by Ravi C. Raheja. Ravi C. Raheja received a notice dated November 27, 2018 from the Income Tax Department in relation to certain transactions entered into by our Company, our Group Companies and Promoters, including Ravi C. Raheja. For further details, please refer to "Litigation Involving our Company-Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Company" page 621.

Pending actions involving Neel C. Raheja

- 1. The Assistant Director, Directorate of Enforcement, Mumbai has in the recent past issued a notice under section 37 of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 calling upon Neel C. Raheja to furnish, through one of his authorized dealer banks, details of all foreign inward/outward remittances, with documentary evidences, sources of income, purpose for remittances and other related details, for the years 2005, 2007 and 2010. Neel C. Raheja has replied to the said notice along with the required information and documents. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 2. The Assistant Director, Directorate of Enforcement, Mumbai ("Authority") has in the recent past issued summons under the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, calling upon Mr. Neel C. Raheja to appear before the Authority and to give details and documents in relation to a land parcel purchased at Pune by Pact Real Estate Private Limited. Mr. Neel C. Raheja have submitted the documents sought by the Authority. No further communication has been received thereafter.
- 3. The Enforcement Directorate ("ED") has issued a summons in the recent past against Neel C. Raheja, in his capacity as a shareholder in Carlton Trading Private Limited, to appear before the ED pertaining to an investigation under the provision of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 ("PMLA"). The ED has sought information on the directors and shareholders of Carlton Trading Private Limited, and the production of documents pertaining to any consultancy / services provided by Advantage Strategic Consulting Private Limited and Chess Management Services Private Limited to Carlton Trading Private Limited. Written replies have been filed with the ED. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 9. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against Neel C. Raheja. Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at his residence and office. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. During the course of the search and thereafter, statements have been made / submitted to the investigating officials. No further communication has been received in relation to the matter. Further to the search action, Neel C. Raheja has received a letter dated June 15, 2018 (received on June 22, 2018) issued by the income tax department, calling upon him to furnish a true and correct return for the assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18 by July 15, 2018 and these returns have been furnished before the Income Tax Department by Neel C. Raheja. Neel C. Raheja received a notice dated November 27, 2018 from the Income Tax Department in relation to certain transactions entered into by our Company, our Group Companies and Promoters, including Neel C. Raheja. For further details, please refer to "Litigation Involving our Company-Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Company" on page 621.
- 3. A notice dated March 26, 2018 has been issued by the Labour Department, Bengaluru addressed to the Company and its directors. For further details, please see "Outstanding criminal proceedings involving our Company Litigation against our Company" on page 621.
- C. Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters

Other material outstanding litigations involving K Raheja Corp

- 1. K Raheja Corp ("Petitioner") has filed a special leave petition before the Supreme Court of India ("SLP") against the common judgement and order dated November 20 and 21, 2014 ("Impugned Judgement") passed by the Division Bench of the Bombay High Court in public interest litigation No. 131/2003 and No. 48/2004 ("PIL Proceedings"), setting aside the allotment of Plot No. 39/1, 39/6 to 39/15 with open spaces ("Leasehold Land") by City & Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Limited ("CIDCO") to the Petitioner; and holding the allotment to be illegal, arbitrary and being in violation of the Article 14 of the Constitution of India. The Impugned Judgment inter alia further directed the Petitioner to restore the Leasehold Land in their original condition and hand over vacant possession of the Leasehold Land upon which the Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi hotel, and residential apartment ("Hotel") of the Company and Inorbit Mall collectively having a built-up area of 1,050,000 square feet ("Building") stands, to CIDCO within a period of six months from the date of the Impugned Judgement. Pursuant thereto, the Supreme Court, vide its order dated January 22, 2015 had directed the parties to maintain status-quo. The SLP is pending before the Supreme Court. Also pursuant to the liberty granted under the Impugned Judgment, the Petitioner has applied to the State Government for regularization of the allotment of land, without prejudice to the pending SLP and in accordance with CIDCO's policy dated June 6, 2005 partially acted upon in the Petitioner's case by the state government issuing its no-objection for granting an occupation certificate in respect of the building constructed by the Petitioner, upon the Petitioner issuing a bank guarantee of ₹ 500 million towards the alleged loss caused to CIDCO by virtue of the aforementioned allotment of the said lands to the Petitioner. The Petitioner has made it submissions before the recommendary committee appointed by the State Government, and the decision of the State Government is pending on the same.
- 2. K Raheja Corp ("**Petitioner**") filed a writ petition before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**"), against the City & Industrial Development Corporation of Maharashtra Limited ("**CIDCO**") order dated December 1, 2014, directing the Petitioner to discontinue use of Plot No. 39/16, Vashi ("**Open Space**") admeasuring 678 square meters and vacate the land under Open Space, being used as entry and exit points for Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi, and residential apartment ("**Hotel**") of the Company and Inorbit Mall, on the ground that it does not form part of the allotment by CIDCO to the Petitioner of Plot No. 39/1, 39/6 to 39/15 with open spaces ("**Leasehold Land**") and the permission given *vide* CIDCO letter dated October 6, 2004 was given without due authority. The Court *vide* its order dated January 16, 2015 directed both parties to maintain status quo. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 3. K Raheja Corp ("Plaintiff") filed a suit before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against Maharashtra Tourism Development ("Defendant") (together, "Parties"), in respect to an MOU / Agreement dated March 20, 1995 executed between the Parties. The Defendant, *vide* letter dated November 29, 1999 sought to terminate the MOU / Agreement alleging breaches on part of the Plaintiff. Aggrieved, the present suit was filed before the Court claiming *inter alia* refund of monies paid by the Plaintiffs, aggregating to ₹ 20 million and the appointment of a receiver for the suit property. Further the Plaintiff has also prayed that the letter dated November 29, 1999 be declared null and void. In view of the Defendant's assertion made in its written statement stating that it had always been and is ready and willing to perform its part as per the MOU / Agreement dated March 20, 1995, the Plaintiff has adopted further proceedings for a decree on admission. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 4. Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited ("BPCL") filed a suit before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against K Raheja Corp and three others ("Defendants") seeking specific performance of agreement dated December 5, 1952 and a declaration that sale made in favour of K Raheja Corp be declared null and void, and further seeking damages aggregating to ₹100 million. The matter is pending before the Court. The Defendants have filed a mesne profit proceeding suit before the Bandra Small Causes Court against BPCL for determining the mesne profits, wherein the claim of K Raheja Corp as per the valuation report is made for ₹ 76 million. The matter is pending before the Bandra Small Causes Court.
- 5. Raheja Vihar Corporative Societies Association Ltd. ("**Petitioner**") has filed a public interest litigation *vide* writ petition before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**") against K Raheja Corp and nine others ("**Respondents**") *inter alia* seeking the setting aside of permission granted by various authorities in respect of levelling / quarrying the hillock located within the complex and carrying out any construction / development of the said hillock. However, no interim and/or ad-interim relief is operating in the matter. The matter is pending before the Court.

- 6. K Raheja Corp has filed two proceedings against the Slum Rehabilitation Authority and others before the Maharashtra Special Slum Tribunal, to set-aside order dated May 6, 2011 and March 11, 2011 respectively, declaring lands admeasuring approximately 4 acres 11 gunthas being portions of land bearing CTS No. 119/G and land bearing CTS No. 119/Iat village, Tungwa at Powai, Mumbai as a "Slum Rehabilitation Area". The land admeasuring approximately 4 acres 11 gunthas being portions of land bearing CTS No. 119/G is also subject matter of a writ petition before the Bombay High Court, which has directed the parties to maintain status quo. Pursuant to orders dated February 12, 2013 and March 8, 2013 passed by the Bombay High Court in the writ petition, it has been clarified that excluding the disputed area of 4 acres 11 gunthas, the Petitioners are permitted to continue development / construction without any hindrance in the remaining area. The matter is currently pending.
- 7. Sir Mohammed Yusuf Trust and four others ("**Plaintiff**") filed a suit before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**"), against K Raheja Corp and two others ("**Defendants**"), seeking declarations that the Plaintiffs are the owners of the lands admeasuring approximately 4 acres and 11 gunthas CTS No. 119-G/1B; 8 Acres,13 gunthas CTS No. 119-G/1A (part) & 119-F/1A/1(part)situated at village Tungwa Kurla, Mumbai and that the Defendants do not have any rights or interests in the same. The Plaintiff has further sought from the Defendants, demolition of the buildings constructed on the portions of land admeasuring 8 acres acres 13 gunthas CTS No. 119-F/1A/1(part). In the alternative the Plaintiff are seeking damages aggregating to ₹ 15,000 million. No ad-interim relief has been granted in the matter and the same is pending before the Court.
- 8. K Raheja Corp and Indian Cork Mills Limited have filed a suit before the Bombay High Court against Sir Mohammed Yusuf Trust and others *inter alia* disputing the various claims made by the defendants and for declaration of the plaintiff's ownership of the lands bearing CTS No. 119 at village Tungwa at Powai, Taluka Kurla, Mumbai. Further, in respect of the portions of the aforesaid lands at village Tungwa at Powai, Taluka Kurla, numerous proceedings and appeals before various revenue authorities have been filed between the parties. Further, K Raheja Corp as constituted attorney of Indian Cork Mills Limited has also filed an appeal and a revision appeal before the Deputy Collector, Maharashtra in respect of non-agricultural use order dated May 15, 2012 passed in respect of the slum land admeasuring about 4 acres 11 gunthas being portions of land bearing CTS No. 119/G. A review petition dated January 9, 2013 has also been filed by K. Raheja Corp before the Additional Commissioner, Konkan Division, against Sir Mohammed Yusuf Trust and others in respect of review of order dated November 16, 2012 rejecting K Raheja Corp's earlier appeal. All the proceedings mentioned above are pending before their respective forums.
- 9. K Raheja Corp and others ("**Petitioners**") have filed three separate special leave petitions under Article 136 of the Constitution of India before the Supreme Court of India ("**Supreme Court**") against the State of Goa and various other respondents ("**Respondents**"), praying for the setting aside of the common order dated November 26, 2010 passed by the Bombay High Court which cancelled the allotment of SEZ lands made in favour of the Petitioners. Claims of upto ₹ 1,900 million have been made by the Petitioners. By an Order dated January 10, 2011 the Supreme Court directed the parties to maintain status-quo. Further, the orders dated February 7, 2018 and February 23, 2018 passed by the Supreme Court records that the Petitioners are agreeable to handover the subject matter lands and that the State of Goa had no objection to the same. The Supreme Court by an order dated July 31, 2018 and August 9, 2018 disposed of the petitions in terms of State of Goa's decision to take back the land involved in the matter and refund the amount with interest, and directed the Goa Industrial Development Corporation to refund the amounts expeditiously.
- 10. Special leave petition ("SLP") under Article 136 of the Constitution of India has been filed by Franky Monterio and others ("Petitioners") before the Supreme Court of India ("Court") against the K Raheja Corp and various other respondents ("Respondents") impugning the common order dated November 26, 2010 passed by the Bombay High Court in respect of the allotment of SEZ lands in favour of the Respondents quashing and setting aside of the allotments of SEZ lands made to the Respondents, praying for return of the land to the original owners of the land. The Court by its order dated October 22, 2018 recorded that the lis inter alia against K. Raheja Corp did not survive and K Raheja Corp was deleted from the array of the parties from the SLP.
- 11. Certain investigative proceedings have been initiated by the Superintendent of Police, Anti-Corruption Branch, Goa ("ACB") against unnamed persons under the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988. Pursuant to the intimation received from the ACB in connection with enquiry, K Raheja Corp's representative has appeared before the ACB. The matter is still pending.

- 12. K Raheja Corp and twenty six others filed an appeal under Section 10F of the Companies Act, 1956 against Aasia Properties Private Limited. For further details, please see *Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja" on page* 643.
- 13. Aasia Properties Private Limited ("Aasia") filed an appeal under Section 10F of the Companies Act, 1956 against K Raheja Corp and twenty seven others. For further details, please refer *Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja" on page 643.*
- 14. K Raheja Corp is jointly developing property situated at Mahalaxmi, Mumbai under an agreement dated June 30, 2017 as per the provisions contained therein, in respect of which a suit has been filed before the Bombay City Civil Court ("Court") by Modern India Limited against Arun Bewoor and others in respect of right of way. Another suit has been filed before the Court by Arun Bewoor and others against Modern India Limited ("Modern") and others claiming that the Deed of Covenant granting Right of Way to subplot D to defendant no. 1 therein i.e. Modern was a gratuitous license. Further it is alleged that the representation of the defendant as incorporated in its brochure was that the apartments in the Belvedere court building would have exclusive panoramic view and therefore defendant no.1 was not entitled to carry on construction on the Plot D other than textile mill thereon, beyond the height of 4<sup>th</sup> floor from ground level. An adverse order in the same may affect the rights of K. Raheja Corp to the same and the benefits arising thereof. The matter is currently pending.
- 15. Capricon Realty Limited has filed a special leave petition before the Supreme Court of India ("Supreme Court") challenging the final judgment of the Bombay High Court dated August 21, 2017 ("Order") passed in public interest litigation no.6/2016 in respect of the interpretation of the development control regulations of Greater Mumbai and the computation of the Floor-Space Index (FSI) liable to be granted. K Raheja Corp has obtained the development rights of the subject matter lands from Capricon Realty Limited, and has further assigned the same to Genext Hardware and Parks Private Limited. The Supreme Court *vide* its order dated November 27, 2017 has stayed the Order. The matter is pending before the Supreme Court.
- 16. Powai Developers, Ravi C. Raheja and another ("**Petitioners**") have filed a special leave petition under Article 136 of the Constitution of India ("**SLP**") before the Supreme Court of India against the State of Maharashtra and three others ("**Respondents**"). This SLP has been filed against the order dated September 3, 2014 passed by the Bombay High Court in respect of the applicability of the provisions of section 3 (1) (b) of the Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Repeal Act, 1999. Leave has been granted by the Supreme Court on January 9, 2017 K Raheja Corp is the sole proprietor of Powai Developers. The matter is currently pending before the Supreme Court.
- 17. Iris Trout has filed a suit against Marriott International Inc., Marriott Hotels India Private Limited, our Company, K Raheja Corp, K Raheja and certain other defendants in the Superior Court of Middlesex County, New Jersey, USA on November 5, 2018 for failure to maintain premises in a safe condition resulting in personal injury. For further details, please refer to "Other material outstanding litigation involving our Company" on page 626.
- 18. K Raheja Corp is involved in certain proceedings before miscellaneous courts and tribunals in respect of property and land parcels which cannot be quantified but are material litigations that may affect the operations of the company.
- 19. K Raheja Corp is also identified as a party in certain labour and industrial proceedings filed before industrial tribunals/courts which are being contested by K Raheja Corp and are pending before the respective courts/authorities.

Other material outstanding litigations involving Genext

1. Genext is also identified as a party in certain labour and industrial proceedings filed before industrial tribunals/courts which are being contested by Genext and are pending before the respective courts/authorities.

Other material outstanding litigations involving K. Raheja

- 1. Public interest litigation has been filed before the Bombay High Court ("Court") by Sayed Abdul Nabi against K Raheja and others in respect of unlawful dumping of construction material and other debris in the Arabian Sea and other similar places, thereby violating the environmental rules. Sayed Abdul Nabi has alleged that K Raheja has been unlawfully dumping debris from its property situated at Plot CS No.2/1629, 249 & 249A of Worli Scheme 52, Lower Parel. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 2. K Raheja ("**Petitioner**") and another has filed writ petition before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**") against the State of Maharashtra and others in respect of lands situated at Yerwada, Pune and *inter alia* challenging for recovery of amounts and the stop work notices issued to K Raheja pursuant to Urban Land Ceiling Act, 1976, ULC Repeal Act and notice dated August 26, 2003 requiring the company to pay premium. The Petitioner has been allowed to continue with the development of the aforesaid lands. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 3. K Raheja and twenty six others, filed an appeal under Section 10F of the Companies Act, 1956 against Aasia Properties Private Limited. For further details, please refer *Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja*" on page 643.
- 4. Aasia Properties Private Limited ("Aasia") filed an appeal under Section 10F of the Companies Act, 1956 against K Raheja and twenty seven others. For further details, please refer *Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja*" on page 643.
- 5. Iris Trout has filed a suit against Marriott International Inc., Marriott Hotels India Private Limited, our Company, K Raheja Corp, K Raheja and certain other defendants in the Superior Court of Middlesex County, New Jersey, USA on November 5, 2018 for failure to maintain premises in a safe condition resulting in personal injury. For further details, please refer to "Other material outstanding litigation involving our Company" on page 626.
  - Other material outstanding litigations involving Ivory Properties
- 1. Nusli Wadia ("Plaintiff") filed a suit ("Suit") before the Bombay High Court ("High Court") against Ivory Properties, Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja, and others ("Defendants"), seeking orders of declarations and injunctions relating to the termination of the agreement entered in the year 1995 between the Plaintiff and Ivory Properties for the land situated at Malad West and Kanheri(the "1995 Agreement"), the termination of various registered agreements entered between the Plaintiff, Ivory Properties and third parties, and damages to the extent of ₹ 3,510 million. The Defendants have contested the Suit and have filed replies inter alia stating that the Suit is barred by limitation and that the transactions under the registered documents are genuine and in accordance with the 1995 Agreement and that no breach of the 1995 Agreement has been committed by Ivory Properties. Further, Ivory Properties has also filed a counter-claim for various reliefs relating to specific performance and in the alternative for payment of estimated damages of ₹ 6090 million inter alia towards loss of profit from the balance development potential. By orders dated September 19, 2013 and September 20, 2013 the High Court framed the issue of limitation under section 9A of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908, to be addressed as a preliminary issue of jurisdiction and directed the Plaintiff to file affidavits in support of their claim. The Plaintiff challenged the order of the High Court through a special leave petition ("SLP") in the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court, by an order dated October 8, 2013, stayed further proceedings with regards to the Suit filed in the High Court, till further orders. Thereafter, the Supreme Court by its Order dated August 25, 2015 has referred the SLP to a 3-Judge Bench to decide whether the issue of limitation under Section 9A of Civil Procedure Code is an issue of jurisdiction. The Supreme Court disposed of the SLP by an order dated December 12, 2018 as infructuous in view of deletion of Section 9A of Civil Procedure Code by the Maharashtra Act 61 of 2018.
- 2. Ivory Properties along with Inorbit ("**Petitioners**") have filed a writ petition before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**") challenging a) the order passed by the Bombay Municipal Corporation ("BMC") which increased the capital value of the Inorbit property situated in Malad, without proper notice and b) the constitutional validity of levy of property tax on the basis of capital value. This property tax dispute is with respect to the assessment years 2010-2011 and 2014-2015. The total tax payable pursuant to the increase in capital value of the property is ₹ 19.10 million along with applicable interest. The matter is currently pending before the Court.

- 3. Liberty Oil Mills Limited ("**Plaintiff**") filed a suit in the Bombay High Court ("**Court**") ("**Suit**") against Ivory Properties & others, inter alia claiming relief under specific performance of contract of an agreement dated December 21, 1992 ("**Agreement**") and for payment of certain consideration amount of ₹ 17.78 million. Pursuant to an order passed by the Court dated April 10, 2018, this matter has been converted into commercial suit. The matter is currently pending.
- 4. Ivory Properties and twenty six others, filed an appeal under Section 10F of the Companies act, 1956 against Aasia Properties Private Limited. For further details, please refer "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja" on page 643.
- 5. Aasia Properties Private Limited ("Aasia") filed an appeal under Section 10F of the Companies Act, 1956 against Ivory Properties and twenty seven others. For further details, please refer "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja" on page 643.
- 6. Radhakrishna Properties Private Limited ("**Plaintiff**") filed a suit before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**") against Ivory Properties ("**Defendant**") seeking specific performance of agreement to sublease dated April 6, 1995 executed by Ivory Properties in favour of the Plaintiff in respect of lands situated at Malad, Mumbai. Alternatively, the Plaintiff is seeking alternate compensation aggregating to ₹ 3,000 million. The Defendant has filed its written statement and counter-claim. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 7. Ivory Properties and Ravi C. Raheja ("**Petitioners**") filed a writ petition before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**") against the State of Maharashtra and six others ("**Defendants**") *inter alia* seeking an order from the Court for restraining the State of Maharashtra & others from enforcing the conditions of exemption order dated February 19, 1996 read with corrigendum thereto dated May 5, 1997 and June 23, 2004 in respect of the lands at Malad for which Ivory Properties has development rights under the 1995 Agreement. In similar proceedings filed before it, the Court vide order dated September 3, 2014 ("**Order**") inter alia held that conditions of exemptions under section 20 of the Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act, 1976 remain enforceable. Pursuant thereto, numerous special leave petitions have been filed before the Supreme Court of India challenging the Order. Supreme Court of India vide its order dated November 10, 2014 directed the State of Maharashtra & others not to take any coercive steps till final disposal of the matters before it. The writ petition is pending before the Court.
- 8. Gopal L. Raheja and three others ("Claimants") have filed an arbitration petition ("Petition") under section 34 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 ("Act") before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against Ivory Properties, Casa Maria and others to set aside the award dated January 25, 2014 ("Award") passed by the single arbitrator. The Award did not grant any relief to the Claimant in respect of dissolution of the partnership firm K Raheja Development Corporation being one of the southern entity forming part of K Raheja southern division consisting of 3 groups being Gopal Raheja Group, Chandru Raheja Group & the Menda Group having 37.5%, 37.5% & 25. % respectively. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 9. Ivory Properties ("Applicant") has filed an execution application before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against Vasantben Bhuta and Bhanumati Bhuta in respect of execution of arbitration award dated February 14, 2017 whereby the specific performance of a development agreement and memorandum of understanding both dated April 19, 1995, as modified, was granted to the Applicant. Both Bhanumati Bhuta and Vasantben Bhuta have filed commercial arbitration petitions before the Court, to quash and set-aside the above arbitral award dated February 14, 2017. Without prejudice, settlement talks are in process. The matters are pending before the Court.
- 10. Shoppers Stop Limited has filed a special leave petition before the Supreme Court of India ("**Court**") against Ivory Properties and others in respect of order dated August 4, 2011 passed by the Bombay High Court in respect of levy of service tax for renting of immovable property. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 11. Ivory Properties and Ravi C. Raheja have filed two writ petitions before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against the State of Maharashtra, Nusli N. Wadia and others for quashing and setting aside of a notification dated July 20, 2007 and an order dated October 25, 2017 for acquisition 8,255.30 square meters passed under the provisions of the Maharashtra Slum Areas (Improvement, Clearance and

Development) Act, 1971 for acquiring property admeasuring approximately 7758 square meters situated at Borivali, Mumbai. Nusli N. Wadia has filed two writ petitions before the Court against Ivory Properties and the State of Maharashtra on similar grounds. The matters are pending before the Court.

- 12. Shazad S. Rustomji and another ("Plaintiff") have filed a suit before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against Ivory Properties, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja and others, inter alia for declaration that the deed of declaration dated October 25, 2011 executed and registered by Ivory Property submitting the building Serenity Heights under the Maharashtra Apartment Ownership Act, 1970 thereby forming a condominium, is illegal and void and not binding upon the Plaintiff. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 13. Oasis Restaurant and Amber, Oscar & Minor Canteens have filed a suit before the Bandra Civil Court ("Court") against Ivory Properties and others for declaration as a tenant of the premises situated within the Shoppers Stop building in Andheri West, Mumbai. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 14. The Serenity Heights Residents Association and Whispering Heights Residents Association (the "Plaintiffs") have filed a suit before the City Civil Court, Dindoshi against Ivory Properties, K Raheja Corporate, the Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai and others to restrain Ivory Properties from undertaking construction of a sewage treatment plant on/under the layout RG No. 2A, CTS No.1406/18, Sector B, village Malad at (known as Cosmos garden). The matter has been disposed of by the City Civil Court, Dindoshi by an order dated January 28, 2019.

Other material outstanding litigations involving Ravi C. Raheja

- 1. Nusli Wadia has initiated certain proceedings before the Bombay High Court against Ravi C. Raheja and certain other Promoters. For further details, please see "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Proceedings involving Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited" on page 641.
- 2. Ravi C. Raheja and twenty six others filed an appeal ("**Appeal**") under Section 10F of the Companies Act, 1956 before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**") against Aasia Properties Private Limited ("**Aasia**") and two others, against order dated September 19, 2006 ("**Order**") passed by the Company Law Board, New Delhi in company petition91/2005, which granted permission to Aasia, to appoint its nominee as a non-functional director on the board of Juhu Beach Resorts Limited. The Court *vide* an interim order dated November 21, 2008, stayed the order till the pendency of the Appeal.
- 3. Aasia Properties Private Limited ("Aasia") filed an appeal ("Appeal") under Section 10F of the Companies Act, 1956 before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against Ravi C. Raheja and twenty seven others ("Respondents"), against order dated September 19, 2006 passed by the Company Law Board, New Delhi in company petition 91/2005 dismissing the same which was filed for declaring the transfer of 633 shares of Poonam Chand Shah/ Manjula P. Shah in favour of certain respondents as null & void & pursuant thereto set aside subsequent transfers of such shares to other Respondents & subsequent rights issues of such shares be transferred to the Petitioners and other consequential reliefs. The matter is currently pending before the Court.
- 4. Gopal L. Raheja and eight others ("**Petitioners**") have filed company petition before the Company Law Board / National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai ("**CLB/NCLT**"), against Ravi C. Raheja and seven others ("**Respondents**"), under Section 397 and 398 of Companies Act, 1956, *inter alia* alleging oppression and mismanagement by the Respondents in respect of the business and management of Asiatic Properties Limited. The matter is pending before the NCLT. Company appeals have also been filed by Seacrust Properties Private Limited against Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and others before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**") from the orders of CLB dismissing the Petitioners' application *inter alia* alleging violation of CLB orders. The matters are pending before the Court.
- 5. Tresorie Traders Private Limited has filed a company petition before the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai ("NCLT") under sections 247(1A) and 250 of the Companies Act 1956 against Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and others for investigation in respect of the membership, financial interest and control over 2 companies i.e. Club Cabana Recreation Private Limited and Sai Park Estate Developers (India) Private Limited and *inter alia* for restricting the transfer, fresh issue, exercising of voting rights and payment of dividend of the said companies. The matter is pending before the NCLT.

- 6. Sealtite Gaskets Private Limited and six others ("**Petitioners**") have filed company petition before the Company Law Board / National Company Law Tribunal, Chennai ("**CLB/NCLT**") under section 397, 398, 399, 402, 403 and 406 of the Companies Act, 1956 against Ravi C. Raheja and six others ("**Respondents**") *inter alia* in respect of alleged oppression and mismanagement by the Respondents in respect of the business and management of K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited. By order dated February2, 2017, the matter was transferred to NCLT, Bengaluru and is pending for further proceedings.
- 7. Ravi C. Raheja, Powai Developers and another ("Petitioners") have filed a special leave petition ("SLP") dated November 24, 2014 under Article 136 of the Constitution of India ("SLP") before the Supreme Court of India ("Court") against the State of Maharashtra and three others ("Respondents"). For further details, refer to "Litigation Involving our Promoters- Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Proceedings involving K Raheja Corp" on page 637.
- 8. Ravi C. Raheja and another ("Petitioners") filed a writ petition before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against the State of Maharashtra and six others. For further details refer "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Proceedings involving Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited" on page 641.
- 9. Ravi C. Raheja and another has filed two writ petitions before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against the State of Maharashtra, Nusli N. Wadia and others for quashing and setting aside of a notification dated July 20, 2007 and an order dated October 25, 2017 passed under the provisions of the Maharashtra Slum Areas (Improvement, Clearance and Development) Act, 1971. For further details, please refer "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigations involving Ivory Properties" on page 641.
- 10. Shazad S. Rustomji and another ("Plaintiff") have filed a suit before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against the company, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja and others, inter alia for declaration that the deed of declaration dated October 25, 2011 executed and registered by Ivory Properties submitting the building Serenity Heights under the Maharashtra Apartment Ownership Act thereby forming a Condominium, is illegal and void and not binding upon the Plaintiff. The matter is pending before the Court. For further details, please refer "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigations involving Ivory Properties" on page 641.
- 11. Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and two others ("**Plaintiffs/CLR**") filed a civil suit before the Bombay High Court ("**High Court**") against (1) Gopal L. Raheja, (2) Sandeep G. Raheja, (3) Durga S. Raheja, (4) Sabita R. Narang and (5) Sonali N. Arora ("**Defendants/GLR**").

The Plaintiffs and the Defendants were the persons primarily involved in the operation and management of the activities and businesses of the group known as K. Raheja Group in certain cities of Western and Southern India. However, certain disputes and differences arose between CLR group and the GLR group that threatened the running of the business of the K. Raheja Group.

After attempts to amicably resolve and finally settle the disputes and differences between the two groups in order to avoid protracting the matter any further, GLR and CLR decided to split/partition entities and assets of the K. Raheja Group between them and accordingly a list indicating division of certain individual assets was executed in May 1995. On April 5, 1996 and November 16, 1996, further written agreements were executed wherein the manner, method and procedure of the division was agreed upon by the parties. Thereafter, on December 9, 1996, GLR and CLR groups made further confirmations to enable the division of certain assets in the agreed manner which was duly completed in respect of a portion of the assets, businesses and entities of the K. Raheja Group. The agreements and writings referred to above i.e. dated May 1995, April 5, 1996, November 16, 1996 and December 9, 1996 are collectively referred to as the "Family Arrangement Documents".

Further, apart from the entities, assets and businesses of the two groups which were divided as above, there are additional properties and entities, the separation and distribution of which remained unresolved due to the differences between the groups. The two groups had agreed to take steps to divide these undivided properties comprising various companies, partnership firms, trusts and also certain properties situated at Mumbai i.e. the "Mumbai Undivided Entities" and situated in South India i.e. the "Southern Undivided Entities" along with certain other residual properties (collectively referred to as the "Balance Properties"). Further, the distribution and ascertainment of the monies payable/receivable did not

transpire and certain disputes again arose between GLR and CLR in respect of the division of the Balance Properties, the management of certain entities and other such disputes.

After various correspondences between the two groups over the course of more than two decades to amicably resolve the disputes, the present suit was filed by the Plaintiffs, *inter alia* seeking enforcement/implementation of the family arrangement documents. The Plaintiffs have alleged that the arrangement was only partially implemented and *inter alia* alleged that certain arrangements were wrongly implemented. The Plaintiffs have further alleged that due to the inactivity in management of the undivided companies, the registrar of companies has struck-off and dissolved certain of these companies. The Plaintiffs have *inter alia* prayed for implementation of the Family Arrangement Documents, restoration of the companies that have been struck-off/dissolved, division of the companies situated in South India in the manner agreed by the parties and also for injunction restraining the Defendants from creating third party interests and/or encumbrances upon the properties that are the subject matter of the family arrangement. The Defendant nos.2 and 3 have filed their written statement on record along with a counter-claim *inter alia* praying for dismissal of the suit filed by the Plaintiffs and to fully implement the Family Arrangement Documents. The matter is pending before the High Court.

The GLR group also filed suits before the High Court pursuant to the family arrangement against Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and others alleging liability/obligation of the Plaintiffs to hand over certain title deeds, documents and papers and other assets belonging to them which are allegedly in the custody of the Plaintiffs and also seeking injunction for handover of the same. These suits are pending before the High Court.

In addition to the above mentioned proceedings, the following proceedings are being contested amongst the parties:

Company petition filed before the Company Law Board / National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai by Gopal L. Raheja and others against Ravi C. Raheja and others. For further details, please see *Litigation Involving our Promoters – Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters – Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja*" on page 643.

Company petition before the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai filed by Tresorie Traders Private Limited against Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and others. For further details, please see *Litigation Involving our Promoters – Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters – Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja*" on page 643.

Arbitration Petition before the Bombay High Court filed by Gopal L. Raheja and three others against Ivory Properties & Hotels Private Limited and others. For further details, please see *Litigation Involving our Promoters – Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters – Litigation involving Ivory Properties & Hotels Private Limited*" on page 641.

The Mumbai Undivided Entities are as follows:

	Partnership Firms		Limited Companies
1.	Alankar Enterprises	1.	Canvera Properties Private Limited
2.	Crystal Corporation & Everest	2.	Carlton Trading Private Limited
	Enterprises	3.	Debonair Estate Development Private
3.	Crown Enterprises		Limited
4.	Evergreen Construction	4.	Dindoshila Estate Developers Private
5.	Honey Dew Corporation		Limited
6.	Kenwood Enterprises	5.	East Lawn Resorts Limited
7.	K. Raheja Financiers & Investors	6.	Fems Estate (India) Private Limited
8.	K. R. Finance	7.	Hill Queen Estate Development Private
9.	K. R. Properties & Investments		Limited
10.	K. R. Sales Corporation	8.	Juhuchandra Agro & Development
11.	Marina Corporation		Private Limited
12.	Oriental Corporation	9.	K. R. Consultants Private Limited
13.	Powai Properties	10.	K. R. Developers Private Limited
14.	R. M. Development Corporation	11.	K. Raheja Trusteeship Private Limited
15.	Ruby Enterprises	12.	Lakeside Hotels Limited
16.	Satguru Enterprises	13.	Nectar Properties Private Limited

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Partnership Firms			Limited Companies		
		14.	Neel Estates Private Limited		
		15.	Oyster Shell Estate Development Private		
			Limited		
		16.	Peninsular Housing Finance Private Limited		
		17.	Rendezvous Estate Private Limited		
		18.	Raheja Hotels Limited		
		19.	Sea Breeze Estate Development Private		
			Limited		
		20.	Sevaram Estate Private Limited		
		21.	S. K. Estates Private Limited		
		22.	Springleaf Properties Private Limited		
		23.	Suruchi Trading Private Limited		
		24.	Wiseman Finance Private Limited		
	Association of Persons		Trusts / Charitable Trusts		
K. Raheja Investments & Finance		1.	K. R. Foundation		
		2.	Raheja Charitable Trust		
	Priva	te Trusts			
1.	Lachmandas Raheja Family Trust				
2.	L. R. Combine				
3.	S. R. Combine				
4.	Reshma Associates				
5.	R. N. Associates				
6.	R. K. Associates				
7.	Various discretionary trusts (about 288	Nos.)			

#### Southern Undivided Entities

Partnership Firms	Limited Companies
K Raheja Development Corporation	<ol> <li>Mass Traders Private Limited</li> </ol>
	2. K. Raheja Hotels & Estates Private
	Limited
	3. K. Raheja Development & Constructions
	Private Limited
	4. Ashoka Apartments Private Limited
	5. Asiatic Properties Limited
Trusts / Char	ritable Trusts
1. R&M Trust	
2. Raj Trust	

In relation to the above mentioned undivided entities, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja have been served with various notices issued by regulatory authorities in respect of certain non-compliance. These notices have been replied to in the capacity of shareholders as the family settlement has not been fully implemented. Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja have resigned from their directorship in these companies. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.

- 12. Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja ("**Petitioners**") have filed a writ petition before the Karnataka High Court at Bengaluru ("**Court**") against the Union of India and RoC, Bengaluru ("**Respondents**") challenging the inclusion of their names in the list released by the RoC on its website in relation to the directors disqualified under the provisions of Section 164(2) the Companies Act, 2013, for the periods ending October 31, 2019 and October 31, 2020. The names of the Petitioners have been included in the aforementioned list in relation to non-filing of financial statements or annual returns for a continuous period of three financial years by K Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited. The Petitioners have filed the petition *inter alia* stating that the inclusion of their names in the list was erroneous, arbitrary and illegal, and have submitted the following:
  - they had filed an application dated January 7, 2011 before the Company Law Board, Chennai (the "CLB") seeking the direction of the CLB to appoint an appropriate person, as the

- administrator of K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited with a view to fulfil the statutory and other compliances of K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited.
- The CLB through an order dated July 6, 2011 appointed an administrator and through an order dated August 10, 2011 directed the Registrar of Companies, Bengaluru to mark K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited as 'having management dispute'.
- Through an order dated August 25, 2011, the CLB stated that none of the directors of K. Raheja
  Hotels and Estates Private Limited could take decision with regard to the affairs of the company
  without the knowledge and consent of the administrator.
- Further, upon the administrator taking charge of K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited, the Petitioners through their letters dated February 17, 2014 (which is prior to their incurring any disqualification under the provisions of Companies Act 2013 and also prior to the relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013 becoming applicable to private companies) addressed to the Registrar of Companies, Bengaluru immediately resigned as directors of K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited.
- Subsequently, the Registrar of Companies, Bengaluru issued a letter dated February 24, 2014
  to K Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited stating that until the management dispute is
  settled or an interim order is received from a Court or Tribunal of competent jurisdiction, the
  documents filed by K Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited and the contesting group of its
  directors will not be approved or registered or recorded.
- On March 9, 2014 the administrator filed a memo with the CLB informing CLB that the
  Petitioners have resigned as directors of K. Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited through
  their communications dated February 17, 2014, and have requested the administrator to make
  necessary changes in all appropriate records and make all necessary statutory filings in this
  regard.
- The CLB through its order dated October 30, 2014 cancelled the appointment of the administrator and directed K Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited to appoint directors representing each group who shall manage the company. The Petitioners filed an appeal against this order before the Karnataka High Court. The Karnataka High Court through an order dated November 7, 2014 stayed the order dated October 31, 2014 of the CLB and stated that there are no directors on the board of K Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited and therefore the administrator needs to continue and cannot be discharged and his appointment shall continue till the proceedings before the CLB come to an end. As on date this order continues to be in operation.

In the writ petition, the Petitioners have submitted before the Karnataka High Court that they were not responsible for the affairs of K Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited and that they did not take any decisions with regard to the affairs of that company without the knowledge or consent of the administrator. The Petitioners have *inter alia* prayed for deletion of their names from the aforementioned disqualification lists and removal of their names as directors from the records of K Raheja Hotels and Estates Private Limited maintained by the Respondents. The Court has by an interim order dated June 15, 2018 stayed the operation and effect of disqualification of the Petitioners as directors. The matter is pending for final hearing and disposal before the Court. The Court through an order dated August 21, 2018 directed the Respondents to upload the stay order on their official website. The stay order has now been uploaded on the website of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. The matter is pending before the Court.

- 13. Ravi C. Raheja is also identified as a party in certain labour proceedings filed before industrial tribunals/courts which are being contested by him and are pending before the respective tribunals/courts.
  - Other material outstanding litigations involving Neel C. Raheja
- 1. Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja ("**Petitioners**") have filed a writ petition before the Karnataka High Court at Bengaluru ("**Court**") against Union of India and RoC ("**Respondents**") For further details,

- please refer Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja" on page 643.
- 2. Nusli Wadia has initiated certain proceedings before the Bombay High Court against Neel C. Raheja and certain other Promoters. For further details, please see "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Proceedings involving Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited" on page 641.
- 3. Neel C. Raheja and twenty six others, have filed an appeal under Section 10F of the Companies Act, 1956 against Aasia Properties Private Limited. For further details, please refer *Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja*" on page 643.
- 4. Aasia Properties Private Limited ("Aasia") filed an appeal under Section 10F of the Companies Act, 1956 against Neel C. Raheja and twenty seven others. For further details, please refer *Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja*" on page 643.
- 5. A Company petition has been filed before the Company Law Board / National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai, by Gopal L. Raheja and eight others ("Petitioners") against Neel C. Raheja and 7 others ("Respondents") Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja" on page 643.
- 6. Sandeep G. Raheja has filed a suit against Neel C. Raheja and eight others before the Bombay High Court ("Court") in respect of a private family trust and removal of certain trustees therefrom and also for the dissolution, distribution and settlement of the accounts of the private family trust. The Court *vide* order dated November 16, 2006 had appointed an administrator, who subsequently resigned from his position and a new administrator is yet to be appointed. The matter is currently pending before the Court.
- 7. Company petition has been filed before the Company Law Board / National Company Law Tribunal, Chennai by Sealtite Gaskets Private Limited and six others ("**Petitioners**") against Neel C. Raheja and six others. *Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja*" on page 643.
- 8. Tresorie Traders Private Limited has filed a Company petition before the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai ("NCLT") under sections 247(1A) and 250 of the Companies Act 1956 against Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and others for investigation in respect of the membership, financial interest and control over two companies i.e. Club Cabana Recreation Private Limited and Sai Park Estate Developers (India) Private Limited and *inter alia* for restricting the transfer, fresh issue, exercising of voting rights and payment of dividend of the said companies. The matter is pending before the NCLT.
- 9. Shazad S. Rustomji and another ("Plaintiff") have filed a suit before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against, Neel C. Raheja and Ravi C. Raheja, Ivory Properties and others, inter alia for declaration that the deed of declaration dated October 25, 2011 executed under the provisions of the Maharashtra Apartment Ownership Act for formation of Serenity Heights Condominium by the company is illegal and void and not binding upon the Plaintiff. For further details, please refer "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Proceedings involving Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited" on page 637.
- 10. Ravi C. Raheja, Neel C. Raheja and two others ("Plaintiffs/CLR") filed a civil suit before the Bombay High Court ("High Court") against (1) Gopal L. Raheja, (2) Sandeep G. Raheja, (3) Durga S. Raheja, (4) Sabita R. Narang and (5) Sonali N. Arora ("Defendants/GLR"). For further details, please refer Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja" on page 643.
- 11. Neel C. Raheja is also identified as a party in certain labour proceedings filed before industrial tribunals/courts which are being contested by him and are pending before the respective tribunals/courts.
  - Other material outstanding litigations involving Palm Shelter

- 1. Palm Shelter and twenty six others have filed an appeal under Section 10F of the Companies act, 1956 against Aasia Properties Private Limited. *Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja*" on page 643.
- 2. Aasia Properties Private Limited filed an appeal under Section 10F of the Companies Act, 1956 against Palm Shelter and twenty seven others. For further details, please refer *Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Litigation involving Ravi C. Raheja*" on page 643.

Other material outstanding litigations involving Ivory Trust

- 1. Ivory Trust has made an application to be impleaded as a party in a suit filed before the Bombay High Court ("Court") by Matasons Estate Private Limited ("Plaintiff") against Bombay Forgings Private Limited ("Defendant") seeking specific performance of a development agreement for property situated in Kalina Mumbai or compensation aggregating to ₹ 150 million. The matter is currently pending before the Court.
- 2. Ivory Trust had agreed to acquire from Bombay Forgings Limited ("BFL") certain rights relating to development of its leasehold land situate at Kalina, Mumbai, pursuant to a rehabilitation scheme sanctioned by the Board of Industrial & Financial Reconstruction ("BIFR") in respect of BFL ("BIFR Scheme"). The BIFR Scheme inter-alia involved development of the said land and reduction of share capital of BFL. The landowner-lessor i.e. Manilal & Sons ("Manilal") challenged the BIFR Scheme, which was rejected by both the BIFR and the Appellate Authority for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction ("AAIFR"). Thereafter Manilal has challenged the said orders of BIFR and AAIFR in a writ petition no.1663/2008 filed in the Bombay High Court ("Court"), and sought various reliefs. The Court admitted the writ petition by an Order dated August 8, 2008 and ordered that any changes brought about pursuant to the various orders passed, shall be subject to the final decision in the petition. The matter is currently pending before the Court.
- 3. Manilal & Sons ("Manilal") had filed a suit for eviction, injunction and other relief in the Small Causes Court, Bandra against Bombay Forgings Limited ("BFL") relating to lands at Kalina, Mumbai, which was decreed in favour of Manilal in 2007, and BFL was restrained for using the said lands for residential and/or commercial purposes and also from parting with possession and/or creating third party interest in respect thereof. An enquiry was directed in respect of the mesne profits. BFL challenged the said eviction order in an appeal bearing no.159/2007 before the Appellate Bench of Small Causes Court, Bandra, wherein stay of eviction has been granted and an order was passed for BFL to deposit interim mesne profits at the rate of ₹ 0.02 million per month. The appeal was stayed pending disposal of the writ petition no.1663/2008 before the Bombay High Court. Manilal filed writ petition no. 13268/2017 against the said stay of hearing of the appeal bearing no 159/2007 which was disposed of by an order dated July 18, 2018 thereby vacating the stay. Ivory Trust had agreed to acquire from BFL certain rights relating to development of its leasehold land situate at Kalina, Mumbai. The matter is currently pending.
- 4. Manilal & Sons ("Manilal") has filed application mesne profits proceedings bearing no. 14/2007 in before the Small Causes Court, Bandra against Bombay Forgings Limited ("BFL") relating to lands at Kalina, Mumbai for determination of the mesne profits. Manilal has quantified the claim for mesne profits of about ₹ 1165 million till May 2018 has been made by Manilal. BFL is defending the said claim and has *inter alia* quantified Manilal's claim for mesne profit at approximately ₹ 1.7 million till May 2018. BFL has also filed a rent act declaration (RAD) suit no. 310/2017 in before the Small Causes Court at Bandra, for declarations and other relief relating to renewal of lease of the said lands for further thirty years and for damages in the alternative, aggregating to ₹ 200 million. The matters are currently pending. Ivory Trust has *inter alia* entered into a memorandum of understanding with the Defendants i.e. BFL relating to the development of the subject matter lands and also agreed not to claim refund of the amounts paid by Ivory Trust to BFL, as also that any condition by the Appeal Court for stay of execution of decree including deposit of interim mesne profit, if any, ordered will be exclusive liability of Ivory Trust.

Other material outstanding litigations involving Casa Maria

1. Gopal L. Raheja and three others ("Claimants") have filed an arbitration petition ("Petition") under section 34 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 ("Act") before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against Casa Maria. For further details, please refer "Litigations involving our Promoters –

Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoter – Proceeding involving Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited" on page 641.

#### VI. LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR GROUP COMPANIES

Cavalcade

Criminal proceedings against Cavalcade

1. A complaint dated December 29, 2016 has been filed by Anuj Goel, partner of Balaji Associates, against Cavalcade before the Kondhwa Police Station, Pune. The complaint has been filed for alleged encroachment by Cavalcade on lands owned by Balaji Associates, at Mohammedwadi, Pune. The representatives have appeared before the Kondhwa Police Station, Pune and have recorded their statement, refuting the claims of the complainant. The matter is currently pending.

Criminal proceedings by Cavalcade

Cavalcade has filed three separate police complaints dated August 27, 2013, June 25, 2016 and June 29, 2016, respectively, with the Kondhwa Police Station, Pune against certain persons in respect of encroachment, land-grabbing and forcibly obtaining illegal possession of lands owned by Cavalcade at Mohammedwadi, Pune and for carrying out construction thereon. The matters are currently pending.

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Cavalcade

- 1. A notice dated October 28, 2015 has been issued by the Tehsildar, Haveli, Pune, addressed to Cavalcade under the provisions of the Maharashtra Land Revenue Code in respect of alleged unauthorized excavation of minor minerals by Cavalcade at Mohammedwadi, Pune. A penalty amount of ₹ 10.15 million has been levied on Cavalcade as per the Panchnama dated July 10, 2012 carried out by the Talathi office. Cavalcade has filed its replies to the aforesaid notice *vide* letters dated November 9, 2015 and November 11, 2015. After the hearing before the Tehsildar, submissions dated November 30, 2015 were filed by Cavalcade and the matter was closed for passing of orders.
- 2. A show cause notice dated August 28, 2017 has been issued by the Pune Municipal Corporation ("PMC") addressed to Inorbit with reference to an application filed before it by Pramod Bhangire on the basis of another complaint filed by Praful Lonkar alleging unauthorized construction being carried out by Inorbit without the consent of Praful Lonkar on lands situated at Mohammedwadi, Pune, thereby seeking to stop work in respect of the same. Cavalcade has replied to the said show cause notice *vide* its letter dated September 8, 2017 addressed to the PMC (which was addressed to Inorbit) denying all the allegations. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.

Other material outstanding litigation involving Cavalcade

- Cavalcade has filed an intervention application dated August 22, 2016 to be impleaded as a party in a
  civil suit filed before the Civil Judge Senior Division, Pune ("Court") by Maruti Gulab Rajiwade and
  another against Deepak Kesarchand Dhokla and others. The suit has been filed for seeking declaration,
  cancellation and injunction in respect of development agreement and power of attorney dated February
  22, 2005 executed in respect of lands at Mohammedwadi Pune. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 2. Sayyadali Raza Abdul Razzak Inamdar ("**Plaintiff**") has filed a suit before the Civil Judge Senior Division, Pune ("**Court**") against Cavalcade and others in respect of lands situated at Mohammedwadi, Pune for specific performance of an agreement dated August 20, 1992 executed in favour of the Plaintiff and for declaration that the sale deeds dated August 21, 1995 executed in favour of the other defendants and from which Cavalcade derives its rights are illegal. The plaintiff is claiming an alternative compensation to the tune of ₹ 0.24 million. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 3. Cavalcade as constituted attorney of D.S Argade has filed an RTS appeal before the sub-divisional officer, Pune ("SDO") against Manjulabai Baban Bhangire and others, in respect of the certification of a mutation entry for recording the names of Dinesh Chandratre and others on the 7/12 extracts of the lands situated at Mohammedwadi Pune. The mutation entry was earlier cancelled by the Circle Officer. The matter is pending before the SDO.

- 4. Laxman Dagdu Ghule has filed a civil suit bearing no.1644/2006 before the Civil Judge Senior Division, Pune ("Court") against D.S Argade Promoters and Builders for cancellation and declaration of development agreement dated April 17, 2006 being null and void and claiming possession of land situated at Mohammedwadi Pune. Cavalcade has obtained development rights to the property from D.S Argade Promoters and Builders. Cavalcade has filed an intervention application dated July 18, 2018 to be impleaded as a party in a civil suit filed before the Court and the Court allowed Cavalcade to be impleaded as a party to the suit through its order dated September 7, 2018. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 5. Shantabai Dattu Tarawade and others ("**Plaintiffs**") have filed a suit bearing no.1238/2017 before the Civil Judge Senior Division, Pune ("**Court**") against Baban Narayan Ghule and others ("**Defendants**") *inter alia* in respect of partition of the land situated at Mohammedwadi, Pune. Cavalcade is not a party to the proceedings however it is currently developing the suit property. However, Cavalcade has filed an intervention application dated August 16, 2018 to be impleaded as a party in a civil suit filed before the Court. The application was allowed subject to Cavalcade filing the confirmation deeds on record. The deeds have been filed by Cavlacade. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 6. Rajashri Manesh Shah and others ("**Plaintiffs**") have filed a suit bearing no.385/2015 before the Civil Judge Senior Division, Pune ("**Court**") against Bipinkumar Rajkumar Sharma and others ("**Defendants**") *inter alia* in respect of specific performance of a development agreement executed in favour of the Plaintiffs by the Defendants in respect of the land situated at Mohammedwadi, Pune. Cavalcade is not a party to the proceedings however it is currently developing the suit property. Cavalcade has filed an intervention application dated August 4, 2018 to be impleaded as a party in a civil suit filed before the Court. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 7. Jaipai Mahadu Ghule, Cavalcade and others ("**Plaintiffs**") have filed a suit bearing no. 975 of 2018 against Sadashiv Bandu Ghule and others ("**Defendants**") on July 13, 2018 before the Civil Judge Senior Divisions, Pune (the "**Court**") under the Specific Relief Act, 1963 in relation to 35 acres of land situated at Mohammedwadi Pune. The Court through an order dated July 21, 2018, granted an ad-interiminjunction restraining the Defendants from parting with possession of the suit property. Pursuant to settlement discussions between the parties, Cavalcade filed an application dated November 30, 2018 for withdrawal of the suit. The Court rejected this application as all 12 plaintiffs were not physically present before the Court. The matter is currently pending before the Court.
- 8. Dineshchandra filed a complaint bearing no. 29/2018 before the Circle Officer, Hadapsar against Anjali Pande and Uma Maindarker seeking the cancellation and challenging the certification of mutation entry no. 14496 in the name of Anjali Pande and Uma Maindarker in respect of lands situated at Mohammedwadi, Pune pursuant to a sale deed alleged to be executed by Dineshchandra in favour of Anjali Pande and Uma Maindarker on August 18, 2000. Cavalcade is not a party to the proceedings however it is currently developing the suit property.
  - 9. Dineshchandra ("Plaintiff") has filed a civil suit bearing no. 2032 of 2018 before the Civil Judge Junior Division, Pune against Anjali Pande, Uma Maindarker and Cavalcade (the "Respondents") in relation to lands situated at Village Mohammedwadi ("Suit Property"). Cavalcade holds the development rights for the Suit Property and received notice of the suit on January 17, 2019. The Plaintiff had executed a sale deed for the Suit Property in favour of Anjali Pande and Uma Maindarker on August 18, 2000 as security for a loan taken by him from the Respondents 1 and 2. The Plaintiff has alleged that the loan has been repaid and the Respondents, Anjali Pande and Uma Maindarker do not have any right, title and interest in the Suit Property. The matter is currently pending before the Civil Judge Junior Division, Pune.

K. Raheja Corporate

Other material outstanding litigation involving K. Raheja Corporate

1. The Serenity Heights Residents Association and Whispering Heights Residents Association have filed a suit before the City Civil Court, Dindoshi against Ivory Properties, K Raheja Corporate, the Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai and others in relation to construction of a sewage treatment plant at Cosmos garden. For further details, please refer to "Other material outstanding litigations involving Promoters- Other material outstanding litigations involving Ivory Properties" on page 641.

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against K Raheja Corporate

- 1. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against K Raheja Corporate. Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at its premises. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. Pursuant to the search, the Income Tax Department issued a notice dated September 28, 2018 directing K Raheja Corporate to furnish true and correct returns from assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18. K Raheja Corporate has filed the returns as directed. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 2. The Income Tax Department issued summons dated September 28, 2018 to K Raheja Corporate to conduct survey proceedings under the Income Tax Act. The survey proceedings were conducted on September 28, 2018 and post-survey proceedings are currently ongoing. There has been no further correspondence in this matter.
- 3. K Raheja Corporate is also identified as a party in certain labour proceedings filed before industrial tribunals/courts which are being contested by him and are pending before the respective tribunals/courts.

Pact

Criminal proceedings against Pact

1. Balasaheb Gole filed a complaint with the Pirangut Police Station, Pune alleging that PREPL and others in collusion with the office of the Sub-Registrar, Mulshi, have defrauded the State Government of Maharashtra and have created false documents by executing a sale deed dated May 4, 2016 in the absence of a partition of the ancestral land amongst the Gole Family. The statement of the company representative has been recorded by the police *vide* which Pact has refuted the allegations made against it and prayed for rejection of the complaint since it was a dispute of civil nature and the dispute between the family members inter-se of the Gole Family. On being called upon to produce the documents by the police, the complainant failed to do so and since then there has been no further correspondence. The matter has been closed by the Pirangut Police Station however it is pending before the Commissioner of Police, Pune.

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Pact

- 1. The Tehsildar, Mulshi has issued two notices dated September 1, 2015, addressed to Pact under the provisions of the Maharashtra Land Revenue Code in respect of alleged unauthorized excavation of minor minerals by Pact at Pirangut, Pune. An aggregate penalty of ₹ 37.57 million has been levied on Pact. Pact has filed its replies to the aforesaid notices. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 2. The Assistant Director, Directorate of Enforcement, Mumbai ("Authority") has in the recent past issued summons under the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, calling upon Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja in their capacity as directors of Pact. For further details, please refer, "Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Promoters" on page 633.

Other material outstanding litigation involving Pact

- 1. Surekha Pawar and others ("**Plaintiffs**") have filed a suit before the Civil Judge Senior Division, Pune ("**Court**") against erstwhile land owners and Pact ("**Defendants**") for the specific performance of agreement dated March 22, 1994 entered into with the erstwhile land owners in respect of lands situated at Pirangut Pune and for declaration of the Sale Deeds *vide* which Pact derive their right, title and interest to be void. The matter is pending before the Court. The Plaintiffs have also filed an appeal before the District Court Pune against the Defendants challenging the order dated March 31, 2016 passed by the Court thereby rejecting the Plaintiffs injunction application. The appeal is pending before the District Court Pune.
- 2. Pact is involved in numerous proceedings that have been initiated by or against them and that are pending for further proceedings before Revenue Authorities.

Novel

Other material outstanding litigation involving Novel

1. Minoo Mehta and another ("**Petitioner**") have filed a writ petition before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**") against Ashish Wang Cooperative Housing Society Limited in relation to handover of the possession of the lands situated at Worli, Mumbai. Novel is the assignee of the Petitioner in relation to the aforesaid lands. The matter is pending before the Court.

Paradigm

Other material outstanding litigations involving Paradigm

- 1. Two special leave petitions, under Article 136 of the Constitution of India have been filed by Paradigm and others ("**Petitioners**") before the Supreme Court of India ("**Court**") against the State of Goa and various other respondents ("**Respondents**"), praying for the setting aside of the common order dated November 26, 2010 passed by the Bombay High Court which cancelled the allotment of SEZ lands made in favour of the Petitioners. Claims of upto ₹ 1900 million have been made by the Petitioners. By an Order dated January 10, 2011, the Supreme Court directed the parties to maintain status-quo. Further, the order dated February 7, 2018 and February 23, 2018 passed by the Court records that the Petitioners are agreeable to handover the subject matter lands and that the State of Goa had no objection to the same. The Court by an order dated July 31, 2018 and August 9, 2018 has disposed of the petitions in terms of State of Goa decision to take back the lands involved in the matter and refund the amount paid along with interest. The Court also directed the Industrial Development Corporation to refund the amount expeditiously.
- 2. Special leave petition under Article 136 of the Constitution of India have been filed by Franky Monterio and others ("**Petitioners**") before the Supreme Court of India ("**Court**") against the Paradigm and various other respondents ("**Respondents**") impugning the High Court common order dated November 26, 2010 and seeking the quashing and setting aside of the allotments of SEZ lands made to the Respondents, praying for return of the land to the original owners. By an order dated January 10, 2011 the Court directed the parties to maintain status-quo. The Court by an order dated October 22, 2018 recorded that the lis inter alia against Paradigm did not survive and Paradigm was deleted from the array of the parties from the said SLP. The matter is pending before the Court.

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Paradigm

1. Certain investigative proceedings have been initiated by the Superintendent of Police, Anti-Corruption Branch, Goa ("ACB") against unnamed persons under the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988. Pursuant to the intimation received from the ACB in connection with enquiry, Paradigm's representative has appeared before the ACB. The matter is currently pending.

Inorbit

Criminal proceedings against Inorbit

1. Inorbit received a notice dated January 21, 2019 from the Sub-Inspector of Police, Madhapur police station, Hyderabad in relation to a criminal complaint filed by MD Ghouse Mohiddin against Inorbit, Trion and others for allegedly committing fraud amounting to ₹ 2.5 million. The Sub-Inspector has directed Inorbit and Trion to appear before him within three days of receipt of the notice. Inorbit and Trion replied to the notice on January 24, 2019. The matter is currently pending before the Madhapur police station, Hyderabad.

Criminal proceedings by Inorbit

- 2. Inorbit has filed two complaints under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1882, dated July 11, 2017 against GTHS Retails Private Limited ("Accused"), before the Judicial Magistrate of the First Class, Vashi ("Court") in respect of dishonour of cheques of an aggregate amount of ₹ 0.3 million. The Court has issued a non-bailable warrant against the Accused. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 3. Inorbit has filed two complaints under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1882, dated November 18, 2013 and December 4, 2013 against South Asian Hospitalities Service Private Limited & others ("Accused"), before the Metropolitan Magistrate, Bandra ("Court") in respect of dishonour of cheques of an aggregate amount of ₹ 0.18 million. The Court has allowed the application for recall of witness filed by the Accused. The matter is pending before the Court.

4. Inorbit has filed a complaint under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1882, dated November 21, 2016 against RSG Infotech Private Limited & others ("Accused"), before the Metropolitan Magistrate, Bandra ("Court") in respect of dishonour of cheques of an aggregate amount of ₹ 2.18 million. The matter is pending before the Court.

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Inorbit

- 1. A show cause notice dated October 13, 2014 has been issued by the Secretary, Security Guards Board for Brihanmumbai and Thane District to Inorbit pursuant to their inspection report dated September 16, 2014, in respect of the project at Vashi and alleged contraventions by Inorbit under sections 13, 25, 26, 27 and 28 of the Maharashtra Private Security Guards (Regulation of Employment and Welfare) Act 1981 read with the Scheme of 2002. Inorbit has submitted the relevant documents and has filed their reply. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 2. A notice dated May 18, 2015 has been issued by the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board ("MPCB") to Inorbit in respect of their application for grant of consent to establish/operate dated July 19, 2012 / January 15, 2013 for their project at Malad, directing Inorbit to provide a treatment facility for solid waste management and returning the aforesaid application for obtaining the necessary clarification regarding applicability of environmental clearance. The clarification about applicability of environmental clearance was submitted by Inorbit *vide* letter dated June 25, 2015. MPCB has issued further show cause notices dated October 8, 2015 and November 19, 2015 respectively which have been replied to by Inorbit. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 3. The Chief Controller, Revenue Authority Pune has issued a notice dated November 9, 2017 to Inorbit in respect of deficiency in stamp duty paid by Inorbit aggregating to ₹ 1.40 million. Inorbit has filed their reply dated November 23, 2017 to the aforesaid notice. The Inspector General of Registration and Controller of Stamps, Pune issued a notice dated August 10, 2018 intimating Inorbit of proceedings being initiated against it under the Maharashtra Stamp Act, 1958. The matter is currently pending before the Inspector General of Registration and Controller of Stamps, Pune.
- 4. Notice dated May 21, 2016 has been issued by the Land and Building Department, Vadodara Municipal Corporation to Inorbit in respect of compliance report for hoarding. Inorbit has filed its reply dated May 24, 2016. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 5. The Deputy Town Development Officer, Vadodara Municipal Corporation ("**DTDO**") issued a notice dated June 19, 2018 to Inorbit in relation to alleged illegal construction at Inorbit mall, Vadodara. Inorbit replied to DTDO by a letter dated June 21, 2018 stating that the construction of the mall has been undertaken after obtaining all requisite permissions and in accordance with the approved layout plan. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 6. The Traffic Department, Vadodara Municipal Corporation ("TVMC") issued a notice dated July 3, 2018 to Inorbit in relation to non-maintenance of Genda circle by Inorbit in violation of the terms and conditions of mutual agreement between Inorbit and TVMC. Inorbit replied to TVMC by a letter dated July 10, 2018 stating that it has been regularly cleaning and maintaining the area. Inorbit also received a notice dated July 3, 2018 from the Assistant Municipal Commissioner, Vadodara Municipal Corporation ("VMC") in relation to non-maintenance of Genda circle including its failure to plant dense plantation as agreed. Inorbit replied to VMC by a letter dated July 10, 2018 stating that it has started the process of planting saplings and is regularly cleaning and maintaining the area. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 7. Inorbit received a notice from the police inspector, zone traffic branch, Vadodara on July 22, 2018 directing it to provide details of parking management in Inorbit mall, Vadodara. Inorbit replied to the police inspector by a letter dated July 24, 2018 stating that mall has adequate parking in applicable with municipal laws. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 8. Assistant Police Commissioner, Traffic Branch, Vadodara ("APT") issued a notice dated July 23, 2018 to Inorbit directing it to provide permission which allows it to collect parking charges from visitors visiting the mall. Inorbit in its reply dated July 25, 2018 stated that it has the relevant permissions to collect parking charges from visitors as it has been paying property tax to the Vadodara Municipal Corporation for the parking area. Pursuant to a meeting between the APT, the Police Commissioner and Inorbit, Inorbit agreed to waive the parking charges from July 26 to July 30, 2018. Post July 30, 2018,

- Inorbit has started regularly collecting parking charges from visitors using the mall parking area. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 9. The Assistant Commissioner and Ward Officer, Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation ("NMMC") issued a notice dated August 24, 2018 to Inorbit directing it to remove temporary storage space created in the basement of the Inorbit mall, Vashi without prior permission of the municipal corporation. Inorbit replied to the notice on August 30, 2018 intimating NMMC of its compliance with NMMC's directions and has requested NMMC to issue its compliance report in this regard.
- 10. The Deputy Municipal Commissioner, Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation ("NMMC") issued a notice dated August 28, 2018 to Inorbit for non-compliance with Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 and directed it to institute a scientific system for disposal of waste and set up a composting plant. Inorbit replied to the notice on September 6, 2018 intimating NMMC that Inorbit is segregating dry and wet garbage and it has also installed an organic waste converter machine. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 11. The Government Labour Officer, Office of Deputy Labour Commissioner, Vadodara ("**DLC**") inspected the mall premises on September 7, 2018 and issued an inspection report observing certain non-compliance with the labour laws by Inorbit. Inorbit replied to the inspection report on September 21, 2018 intimating DLC of its compliance with DLC's directions.
- 12. Maharashtra Pollution Control Board has issued a notice dated March 14, 2017 to Inorbit in respect of compliance of the requirements of Central Ground Water Authority for their project at Malad, to which Inorbit has submitted its reply dated March 30, 2017 stating that ground water is not being drawn by Inorbit. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 13. The office of the Municipal Commissioner has issued a notice dated March 23, 2018 to Inorbit in respect of plantations to be done by Inorbit at Genda Circle, Vadodara. Inorbit has filed its compliance reply dated April 4, 2018. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 14. Notice dated August 4, 2017 and Report dated May 19, 2018 have been issued by the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board to Inorbit in respect of non-compliances regarding sewage treatment plants for its project at Vashi. Inorbit has submitted its reply dated August 28, 2017 to the notice dated August 4, 2017. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 15. Thirty three notices have been issued by the Collector of Stamps to Inorbit in and around 2009-2010, in respect of deficit payment of stamp duty on certain leave and license agreements executed between 2002 and 2004 aggregating to ₹ 0.42 million payable by the licensees. Inorbit has submitted its replies to the same. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 16. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against Inorbit. Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at its premises. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. During the course of the search and thereafter, statements have been made / submitted to the investigating officials. Further to the search action, Inorbit has received a letter dated June 15, 2018 (received on June 22, 2018) issued by the income tax department, calling upon it to furnish a true and correct return for the assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18 by July 15, 2018 and these returns have been furnished before the Income Tax Department by Inorbit. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 17. The inspector from the Public Health Department, Mumbai Municipal Corporation (the "MMC") has carried out an inspection at the mall premises at Malad and has submitted a report dated June 12, 2018 pointing out non-compliance by a licensee, under the Mumbai Municipal Corporation Act, 1888, by not obtaining the requisite trade license. Inorbit replied to the MMC on June 19, 2018 and clarified that it isn't responsible for non-compliance by retailers. The Assistant Commissioner, Mumbai Municipal Corporation issued 14 notices dated September 19, 2018 to Inorbit and mall retailers directing them to discontinue use of the premises and to remove all equipment within 48 hours. Inorbit through its letter dated September 24, 2018 to MMC has sought an extension of 30 days to comply with its directions. The matter is currently pending.
- 18. Inorbit received a notice dated November 5, 2018 from the Tahshildar under the Maharashtra Land Revenue Code in relation to alleged unauthorized excavation of minor minerals by Inorbit. The matter is

- currently pending before the Tahshildar. Pursuant to a hearing before the Tehsildar, the matter was closed for passing of orders.
- 19. The Income Tax Department issued summons dated September 28, 2018 to Inorbit to conduct survey proceedings under the Income Tax Act. The survey proceedings were conducted on September 28, 2018 and post-survey proceedings are currently ongoing. There has been no further correspondence in this matter.
- 20. Inorbit received a letter dated December 25, 2018 from the Senior Police Inspector, Traffic branch, Vashi directing Inorbit to provide security details and relevant permissions obtained by Inorbit for parking area at its Vashi mall and Inorbit submitted this information to the Senior Police Inspector through a letter dated December 27, 2018. There has been no further correspondence in this matter.
- 21. From time to time, various inspections have been carried out by Labour officers and inspectors in respect of compliances by the company with the labour laws, rules and regulations. Inorbit has filed its replies and submissions in respect of such submissions from time to time.
  - Other material outstanding litigations involving Inorbit
- 1. Nusli Wadia has initiated certain proceedings before the Bombay High Court against Inorbit and certain other persons. For further details, please see "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Proceedings involving Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited" on page 641.
- Shoppers Stop Limited has filed a special leave petition before the Supreme Court of India ("Court") against Inorbit and others in respect of order dated August 4, 2011 passed by the Bombay High Court in respect of levy of service tax for renting of immovable property. The matter is pending before the Court. A special leave petition has also been filed by Retailers Association of India (wherein licensees of Inorbit Mall are members) against the Union of India and others before the Court on similar grounds. Inorbit is also a party to a special leave petition filed by another licensee of Inorbit Mall. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 3. Sayyadali Raza Abdul Razzak Inamdar ("Plaintiff") has filed a suit before the Civil Judge Senior Division, Pune ("Court") against Inorbit and others. For further details, please see "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Group Companies Proceedings involving Cavalcade" on page 650.
- 4. Inorbit has filed a special civil application before the Ahmedabad High Court ("Court") against the Vadodara Municipal Corporation challenging the Vadodara Municipal Corporation's order dated November 10, 2014 prohibiting the charging of parking fee. The Court has by its order dated January 17, 2018 stayed the aforesaid order dated November 10, 2014. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 5. Inorbit has filed writ petition before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against the Pune Municipal Corporation in respect of land situated at Mohammedwadi Pune, part of which is sought to be acquired by the Corporation for the purpose of a public street. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 6. Inorbit along with Ivory Properties ("Petitioners") has filed a writ petition before the High Court of Bombay. For further details, please refer "Litigation Involving our Promoters Other material outstanding litigation involving our Promoters Proceedings involving Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited" on page 641.
- 7. M/s. Wides Properties & Holdings has filed a special civil suit before the North Goa Civil and Criminal Court ("Court") against Inorbit and others in respect of lands situated at Kadamba, Goa claiming a right and interest over the suit property and for restraining Inorbit from carrying on construction work upon the suit property. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 8. Dattaram Xavier Fernandes and others have filed a special civil suit before the North Goa Civil and Criminal Court ("Court") against Inorbit and others claiming tenancy over the lands situated at Kadamba, Goa and impugning Sale Deed dated October 9, 2006 executed in Inorbit's favour. The matter is pending before the Court.

- 9. Hunter Security Force Private Limited and its managing director, Samadhan Nikam filed a civil suit against Inorbit before the Bombay High Court for non-payment of alleged outstanding dues of ₹ 22.52 million along with interest at 21% per annum. The matter is currently pending before the Bombay High Court.
- 10. Inorbit is also identified as a party in certain labour and industrial proceedings filed before industrial tribunals/courts which are being contested by Inorbit and are pending before the respective courts/authorities.
- 11. Inorbit is involved in certain matters in relation to mutation of names upon the land records maintained by the government which are currently pending before their respective courts/authorities.

Trion

Criminal proceedings against Trion

- 1. The Sub-Inspector of Police, Madhapur, Cyberabad ("**Police Station**") has registered a first information report ("**FIR**") dated August 26, 2017 filed by Vijay Gopal ("**Complainant**") against Trion in respect of sections 188, 418 and 420 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 alleging cheating. The Police Station issued a notice to Trion under Section 41 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973. Trion has submitted its reply dated December 19, 2017 to the Police Station. The matter is currently pending.
- 2. Trion received a notice dated January 21, 2019 from the Sub-Inspector of Police, Madhapur police station, Hyderabad in relation to a criminal complaint filed by MD Ghouse Mohiddin against Inorbit, Trion and others for allegedly committing fraud amounting to ₹ 2.5 million. For further details, see "Litigation involving Group Companies- Criminal proceedings against Inorbit" on page 653.

Other material outstanding litigations involving Trion

1. A writ petition has been filed by Trion and others before the Hyderabad High Court ("Court") against the state of Telangana and others in respect of seeking a declaration that the G.O.M No.63 dated March 20, 2018 in respect of management of parking spaces as ultra-vires and unconstitutional. The matter is pending before the Court.

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Trion

- 1. The Assistant Medical Officer, Health Circle, Greater Hyderabad Municipal Corporation ("GHMC") has issued a demand notice dated March 16, 2018 against Trion under various sections of the Greater Hyderabad Municipal Corporation Act, 1955 in respect of the disposal of garbage being generated at the project undertaken by the company. Trion has submitted its reply dated April 12, 2018 with the GHMC. The matter is currently pending.
- 2. The Comptroller and Auditor General of India ("CAG") *vide* its report for the year ended March 2016, has made certain observations with respect to public sector undertakings. In the said report certain adverse observations in respect to a project of Trion (project land purchased from K. Raheja IT Park) were made. K. Raheja IT Park, has issued a letter dated September 21, 2017 *inter alia* submitting its explanations in respect of the said observations. The matter is currently pending.
- 3. By letter dated July 10, 2012, Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation referred to a report of vigilance and Enforcement Department relating to alleged irregularities/ violations / losses to APIIC/Government of Andhra Pradesh. For further details, please refer "Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against K Raheja IT Park" on page 662.

Mindspace

Other material outstanding litigations involving Mindspace

Shrimant Chatrapati Udayan Raje Pratapsinh Maharaj Bhonsle ("Plaintiff") has filed a suit before the
Civil Judge Senior Division Pune ("Court") against Mukund Bhavan Trust ("MBT") and others
("Defendants") in respect of lands situated at Yerwada, Pune. The Plaintiff is seeking a declaration in
his favour claiming ownership of the suit lands and also seeking possession of the same. MBT being the
owner of the suit lands had executed a development agreement in favour of Mindspace (earlier K. Raheja

Corp Private Limited) in respect of a portion of the suit lands (of which demarcated portions were subsequently conveyed to Mindspace). The matter is pending before the Court. MBT had also filed an application before the Court for rejection of the plaint filed by the Plaintiff on the grounds that the suit is not filed within limitation however the said application was rejected by the Court *vide* its order dated April 29, 2014. MBT and others had filed a civil revision application before the Bombay High Court ("High Court") challenging the order dated April 29, 2014 passed by the Court. However the same was dismissed by the High Court *vide* order dated April 26, 2016. This order of the High Court has been challenged by MBT in a special leave petition filed by MBT and others before the Supreme Court of India ("Supreme Court"). The matter is pending before the Supreme Court.

- 2. Shrimant Chatrapati Udayan Raje Pratapsinh Maharaj Bhonsle ("**Petitioner**") has filed two writ petitions before the Bombay High Court ("**Court**") against Mukund Bhavan Trust ("**MBT**") and others *inter alia* challenging the order dated November 14, 2016 passed by the Civil Judge Senior Division Court, Pune in suit no. 133/2009, in respect of lands at Yerwada, Pune, thereby rejecting an application filed by the petitioner for amendment of its plaint and allowing the third party application filed by M/s. Mahanagar Constructions and Mahanagar Developers for being impleaded as Defendants in the suit. MBT being the owner of the suit lands had executed a development agreement in favour of Mindspace (earlier K. Raheja Corp Private Limited) in respect of a portion of the aforesaid lands (of which demarcated portions were subsequently conveyed to Mindspace). The matter is pending before the Court.
- 3. A complaint has been filed by Ravindra Laxman Barate before the Divisional Collector Pune and others, against Mukund Bhavan Trust ("MBT") and others ("Accused") alleging tampering and cheating by the Accused *inter alia* in respect of order dated November 24, 2013 passed under the Urban Land Ceiling Act, 1976 for lands at Yerwada, Pune and *inter alia* seeking cancellation of the order. The matter is pending before the authorities. MBT has filed a writ petition before the Bombay High Court, challenging the complaint filed by Ravindra Laxman Barate. MBT being the owner of the suit lands had executed a development agreement in favour of Mindspace (earlier K. Raheja Corp Private Limited) in respect of a portion of the aforesaid lands (of which demarcated portions were subsequently conveyed to Mindspace). The Bombay High Court through an order dated September 7, 2018 dismissed the writ petition filed by MBT. The matter is currently pending before the Divisional Collector Pune and others.
- 4. Mukund Bhavan Trust ("**MBT**") and others have filed a special leave petition before the Supreme Court of India ("**Court**") against Ravindra Laxman Barate and others challenging the order dated October 28, 2015 passed by the Bombay High Court disposing the writ petition filed by MBT in respect of lands situated at Yerwada, Pune. MBT being the owner of the suit lands had executed a development agreement in favour of Mindspace (earlier K. Raheja Corp Private Limited) in respect of a portion of the aforesaid lands (of which demarcated portions were subsequently conveyed to Mindspace). The matter is pending before the Court.
- 5. Mukund Bhavan Trust ("MBT") and others ("Petitioners") have filed two writ petitions before the Bombay High Court ("Court") against the State of Maharashtra and others ("Defendants") challenging the initiation and conduct of proceedings by the Collector, Pune in respect of lands situated at Yerwada, Pune. MBT being the owner of the aforesaid lands had executed a development agreement in favour of Mindspace (earlier K. Raheja Corp Private Limited) in respect of a portion of the aforesaid lands (of which demarcated portions were subsequently conveyed to Mindspace). The Court disposed of one of the writ petitions through an order dated September 7, 2018. The matter involving the other writ petition is pending before the Court.
- 6. The authorized officer, land reforms has filed a civil suit before the Deputy Collector against Mindspace in respect of non-agricultural use tax payable by Mindspace. Mindspace has appeared before the authority and submitted its reply. The matter is currently pending.
  - Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Mindspace
- 1. Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Company Limited has issued a letter dated May 3, 2016 addressed to Mindspace (earlier K. Raheja Corp Private Limited) imposing a penalty of ₹ 4.8 million for laying power cables without the permission of the Pune Municipal Corporation. Mindspace has issued replies dated July 27, 2016 and September 13, 2017 disputing the said demand. The matter is currently pending.

- 2. The Public Works Department Medical Sub, Pune ("**PWD**") has issued a letter dated March 8, 2017 addressed to Mindspace (earlier K. Raheja Corp Private Limited) demanding Mindspace to shift the cables of the company lying on the land of the hospital which was being excavated by the PWD. Mindspace has met with the officials of PWD and also issued a letter dated April 17, 2017 clarifying that the cables of the company are not lying upon the land being excavated by PWD. The matter is currently pending.
- 3. The Joint Sub-Registrar, Pune has issued two demand notices to Mindspace (earlier known as K. Raheja Corp Private Limited) in respect of alleged deficit payment of stamp duty aggregating to ₹ 6.5 million by the company in respect of certain documents executed and registered by the company. Mindspace replied to the demand notices on June 11, 2018 and has also appeared before the registrar in the aforesaid matters. The matters are currently pending.
- 4. The Maharashtra Pollution Control Board has issued a letter dated August 4, 2016 directing Mindspace (earlier known as K. Raheja Corp Private Limited) to submit a copy of the no-objection certificate obtained from the Central Ground Water Authority ("CGWA") for extraction of ground water. Mindspace has replied *vide* letter dated August 19, 2016 asking for further details and has made an application to the CGWA for a no-objection certificate *vide* its application dated August 20, 2016. The CGWA granted a no-objection certificate on November 15, 2018.
- 5. The Pune Municipal Corporation has issued various notices to Mindspace in respect of property tax assessment demanding an amount aggregating to ₹ 330 million. Mindspace has issued its replies to the Pune Municipal Corporation. The matters are currently pending.
- 6. Mindspace has received four inspection reports all dated April 18, 2015 and one dated November 25, 2014 issued by the Labour Office, Pune in respect of its Mall building situated at Nagar Road, Pune for irregularities in submitting compliance reports and documents under various labour laws. Mindspace has filed reply dated April 27, 2015 to the inspection reports. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 7. The Maharashtra Pollution Control Board ("MPCB") has at its meeting on December 12, 2017, directed the issuance of a show cause notice to Mindspace in respect of certain non-compliances observed by them in respect of environmental clearances and submission of bank guarantees and monitoring systems. By letter dated March 20, 2018, Mindspace has requested the MPCB to grant the consent to establish and filed its replies to the alleged non-compliances observed by the MPCB. Pursuant to MPCB's meeting on December 12, 2017, MPCB issued a show- cause notice dated June 5, 2018 in relation to certain non-compliances with environmental clearance by Mindspace. Mindspace replied to this notice through its letter dated July 6, 2018. Further, on August 18, 2018, the Consent Appraisal Committee of the MPCB (the "CAC") requested for certain details for considering Mindspace's consent to establish application. Mindspace provided these details to the CAC on September 4, 2018. The matter is currently pending.
- 8. A show cause notice dated February 9, 2018 has been issued by the office of the development commissioner to Mindspace in respect of non-compliance of the provisions of Special Economic Zones Rules, 2006 and Foreign Trade Act, 1992, for lands situated at Hyderabad. Mindspace has replied to the aforesaid notice *vide* letter dated April 13, 2018. Mindspace also attended the hearing on July 16, 2018 called in the matter. The development commissioner imposed a penalty of ₹ 0.3 million on Mindspace for contravention of Special Economic Zones Rules, 2006 and Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act, 1992.
- 9. The Joint Sub-Registrar, Haveli-12, Pune has issued notice dated December 19, 2017 (served on May 31, 2018), to Mindspace in respect of deficit stamp duty aggregating to ₹ 3.8 million in relation to leave and license agreement dated July 14, 2015 executed by the company. As per the agreement, the stamp duty is payable by the licensee and Mindspace replied to the Joint Sub-Registrar, Haveli-12, Pune on June 11, 2018 highlighting this clause of the agreement. The matter is currently pending.
- 10. Notice has been issued by the Yerwada Traffic Department, Pune to Mindspace (earlier Trion) for the creation of hurdles for commuters and obstruction of traffic by company cars and other violation of traffic laws. Mindspace replied to this notice by way of a letter dated June 22, 2018. There has been no further correspondence thereafter.

- 11. The Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation ("NMMC") has raised property tax bills and notices upon Mindspace in respect of its project at Navi Mumbai showing arrears in payment of property tax by the company. Mindspace has filed numerous complaints before the Deputy Assessor & Collector, Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation ("Authority") in respect of the alleged arrears shown in the aforesaid bills and the hearings before the Authority are pending. As per 13 demand notices dated July 11, 2018, the arrears in property tax including penalty is an aggregate amount of ₹ 92.60 million. Mindspace has paid the entire property tax and arrears aggregating to ₹ 143.48 million to NMMC on October 31, 2018 under protest. Mindspace has also filed a writ petition dated August 23, 2018 before the Bombay High Court challenging these notices received from the NMMC. The Bombay High Court has dismissed the writ petition. The matter is currently pending with the NMMC.
- 6. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against Mindspace. Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at its premises. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. During the course of the search and thereafter, statements have been made / submitted to the investigating officials. No further communication has been received in relation to the matter. Further to the search action, Mindspace received a letter dated August 1, 2018 issued by the income tax department, calling upon it to furnish a true and correct return for the assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18 by August 30, 2018 and Mindspace has filed these returns as directed. Mindspace received a notice dated November 27, 2018 from the Income Tax Department in relation to certain transactions entered into by our Company, Promoters and our Group Companies, including Mindspace. For further details, please refer to "Litigation Involving our Company-Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Company" on page 621.
- 12. The Assistant Engineer, Water Department, Pune has issued a demand notice dated April 30, 2016 against Mindspace (earlier Trion) for the water bills for periods prior to March 30, 2005. As per the demand notice, the total bill is for ₹ 1.22 million. A notice dated May 24, 2016 has been received from the Lok Adalat for appearing before the same. This matter is currently pending.
- 13. The Maharashtra Pollution Control Board has issued two show cause notices dated December 24, 2013 and April 12, 2016 to Mindspace with respect to its project at Airoli, Navi Mumbai and in relation to certain violation of environmental laws and approvals. Mindspace has replied to the show cause notices *vide* replies dated January 6, 2014 and August 30, 2016 respectively. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 14. The Principal Secretary Environment Department of Government of Maharashtra has issued a show cause notice dated July 18, 2016 to Mindspace in respect to its project at Airoli, Navi Mumbai, in respect of grant of environmental approvals. Mindspace has issued its reply dated November 3, 2016 denying the allegations. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 15. The Joint Sub-Registrar, Haveli-11, Pune has issued two notices dated June 27, 2018 to Mindspace (received by K Raheja Corp) (the lessor) in relation to alleged deficit in the stamp duty paid under two lease deeds entered into by Mindspace. The alleged deficit of stamp duty payable aggregates to ₹ 1.96 million and ₹ 0.06 million respectively. Mindspace replied to the notices through its letter dated July 2, 2018 stating that the lessee is liable to pay stamp duty on the lease deeds. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 16. Demand notice dated February 14, 2017 has been issued by Deputy Assessor and Collector (Indira Dock) Mumbai to Mindspace for payment of ₹ 0.4 million towards octroi for import of certain goods. Mindspace has replied to the notice *vide* its letter dated March 22, 2017 *inter alia* stating that it has made payments for the aforesaid goods. Mindspace received another demand notice dated March 21, 2018 in relation to payment of octroi for import of certain goods. Mindspace replied to this notice by way of a letter dated April 18, 2018 and reiterated that there is no liability to pay octroi in this case. The matter is currently pending.
- 17. The Joint Sub-Registrar, Haveli-17, Pune has issued a notice dated July 17, 2018 to Mindspace (earlier Trion) (the lessor) in relation to alleged deficit in the stamp duty paid in relation to a lease deed entered into by Trion. The alleged deficit of stamp duty payable aggregates to ₹ 1.5 million. Mindspace replied to the notice through its letter dated July 25, 2018 stating that the lessee is liable to pay stamp duty on the lease deeds. There has been no further correspondence thereafter.

18. Mindspace received a letter dated August 28, 2018 from Senior Health Inspector, Pune Municipal Corporation (the "PMC") seeking details of organic waste being generated and the usage of the organic waste converter plant at the mall premises. Mindspace replied to the PMC on September 14, 2018 providing the details as requested. There has been no further correspondence thereafter.

Newfound

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Newfound

- 1. The Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation ("NMMC") has raised various property tax bills and notices upon Newfound in respect of its project at Navi Mumbai showing arrears in payment of property tax by the company. Newfound has filed numerous complaints before the Deputy Assessor & Collector, Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation ("Authority") in respect of the alleged arrears shown in the aforesaid bills. As per the last demand notice dated July 11, 2018, the outstanding property tax amounts to ₹ 4.7 million. Newfound has paid the entire property tax and arrears aggregating to ₹ 7.51 million to NMMC on November 6, 2018 under protest. Newfound has also filed a writ petition dated August 23, 2018 before the Bombay High Court challenging these notices received from the NMMC. The Bombay High Court dismissed this writ petition. The matter is currently pending with the NMMC.
- 2. The Employees Provident Fund Organization ("**EPFO**"), Vashi, Mumbai had visited the premises of Newfound at Navi Mumbai on April 10, 2018 and have issued a visit note in relation to the same for enquiry regarding compliance. As per the said visit note, EPFO directed Newfound (as the principal employer of the contractors stated therein) to submit details of provident fund compliance of establishments along with certain documents as stated therein. Newfound has by letters dated April 12, 2018, May 4, 2018 and May 25, 2018 submitted the requisite documents and information to EPFO and requested to close the matter. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 3. A letter dated February 28, 2018 has been issued by Pune District Security Guard Board ("**PDSGB**") in respect of implementation of the scheme under Maharashtra Private Security Guards (Service Regulation and Benefit). The letter states that Newfound has not obtained registration of the PDSGB in respect of its project at Yerwada, Pune. Newfound has issued reply dated April 23, 2018 to the aforesaid letter stating that they are in the process of complying with the directions of PDSGB. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.

K Raheja IT Park

Criminal litigation involving K. Raheja IT Park

1. Sharmin Habib ("Complainant") has lodged a first information report ("FIR") with the Madhapur Police Station against Raheja Group staff ("Accused") for physical harassment by the Accused by preventing her and her female staff from entering their business premises at Kids Paradise, Raheja Mindspace, Madhapur on October 9, 2017. Final report dated November 16, 2017 has been filed by the investigating officer before the Metropolitan Magistrate, Kukatpally at Miyapur, Cyberabad ("Court"). The matter is pending before the Court.

Other material outstanding litigation involving K. Raheja IT Park

- 1. Softsol India Limited and others ("**Petitioners**") have filed writ petition before the Hyderabad High Court ("**Court**") against K Raheja IT Park (wrongly named as M/s. K Raheja Corporation) and others ("**Respondents**") in respect of land situated at Madhapur, Hyderabad *inter alia* seeking declaration and cancellation of allotment of adjacent land by certain Respondents in favour of K Raheja IT Park. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 2. K Raheja IT Park has filed application before the Hyderabad High Court ("Court") against Premier Kinder Care Services Private Limited ("Premier") for appointment of sole arbitrator to resolve the disputes between K Raheja IT Park and Premier in relation the payments due on account arrears of rent, balance security deposit together with interest thereon and possession of premises situated at Madhapur, Hyderabad. The matter is pending before the Court.
- 3. V. Madhusudhan Rao and another ("**Plaintiff**") has filed a suit before the Additional Senior Civil Judge Ranga Reddy District Court ("**Court**") against K Raheja IT Park (wrongly mentioned as Raheja Mind Space) and others ("**Defendants**") seeking perpetual injunction restraining Defendants from illegally

interfering with the Plaintiff's peaceful possession and enjoyment of the premises situated at Madhapur, Hyderabad. The matter is pending before the Court.

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against K Raheja IT Park

- 1. The Comptroller and Auditor General of India ("CAG") *vide* its report for the year ended March 2016, has made certain observations with respect to public sector undertakings. In the said report certain adverse observations in respect to a project of K Raheja IT Park were made. K. Raheja IT Park, has issued a letter dated September 21, 2017 submitting its explanations *inter alia* in respect of the said observations. The matter is currently pending.
- 2. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against K Raheja IT Park. Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at its premises. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. Pursuant to the search, the Income Tax Department issued a notice dated November 21, 2018, directing K Raheja IT Park to furnish true and correct returns from assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18. K Raheja IT Park has filed the returns as directed. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation ("APIIC") vide letter dated July 10, 2012 3. addressed to K Raheja IT Park, referred to a report of vigilance and enforcement department ("VED Report") relating to alleged irregularities/ violations / losses to APIIC/Government of Andhra Pradesh ("GoAP") relating to sale of the land and dilution of 11% equity stake of APIIC. By a letter dated August 10, 2012, K Raheja IT Park denied any irregularities, violations or financial loss caused to APIIC/GoAP as alleged and requested for details and copy of the aforesaid report. K Raheja IT Park also refuted the allegations with detailed facts, as also gave a without prejudice offer for an amicable resolution in the interest of the project to resolve all disputes by restoration of APIIC stake in equity to 11%. By a letter dated September 18, 2012, with reference to the offer letter dated September 13, 2011 of K Raheja IT Park, APIIC tendered the amounts for allotment of equity shares. Further, as recorded inter alia in the letter dated September 24, 2012 issued by K Raheja IT Park to APIIC, the equity dilution was restored. K Raheja IT Park, Intime and Sundew had provided an undertaking dated February 14, 2014 to Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure Corporation ("TSHC") (earlier APIIC) inter alia undertaking to pay the amounts to APIIC in respect of APIIC's claim of losses, due to any differences in values pertaining to the sale transactions in Mindspace Cyberabad Project and that K Raheja IT Park shall make payments within 30 days of receipt of such written demand from APIIC and further K Raheja IT Park shall be bound by the decision of APIIC. K Raheja IT Park has further provided an undertaking dated September 21, 2016 to TSIIC, inter alia undertaking that the losses incurred by Government/TSIIC in K Raheja IT Park as per the VED Report, either on the basis of the three member committee report constituted by TSIIC or the report submitted by K. Narsimha Murthy & Co, Cost Account, will be paid in full by K Raheja IT Park to Government/TSIIC. K Raheja IT Park has further undertaken that the shareholding pattern of the Government / TSIIC in K Raheja IT Park, Intime and Sundew will not change as the result of conversion of K Raheja IT Park from private limited company to public limited company i.e. the Govt. TSICC shareholding of 11% will remain the same in K Raheja IT Park, Intime and Sundew; and further, in future, Government / TSIIC will not be asked to infuse further cash to maintain its 11% stake. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 4. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued a notice dated January 4, 2016 to K Raheja IT Park in respect of non-filing of cost audit report for the financial year ended March 31, 2015. K Raheja IT Park responded to this notice on January 25, 2016 with the relevant details of filing of the cost audit report for the aforesaid period. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 5. K Raheja IT Park has received communication dated December 3, 2018 from the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") directing it to provide certain information relating to K Raheja IT Park's compliance with its corporate social responsibility obligations for the financial year 2015-16. K Raheja IT Park has submitted the information to the MCA as requested. There has been no further correspondence from the MCA.

Sundew Properties

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Sundew Properties

- 1. The Comptroller and Auditor General of India ("**CAG**") *vide* its report for the year ended March 2016, has made certain observations with respect to public sector undertakings. In the said report certain adverse observations in respect to a project of Sundew Properties (project demerged from K. Raheja IT Park) were made. K. Raheja IT Park, has issued a letter dated September 21, 2017 *inter alia* submitting its explanations in respect of the said observations. The matter is currently pending.
- 2. Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation *vide* its letter dated July 10, 2012, addressed to K Raheja IT Park, referred to a report of vigilance and enforcement department relating to alleged irregularities/ violations / losses to APIIC/Government of Andhra Pradesh. For further details, please refer "*Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against K Raheja IT Park*" on page 661.
- 3. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against K Raheja IT Park. Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at its premises. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. During the course of the search and thereafter, statements have been made / submitted to the investigating officials. No further communication has been received in relation to the matter.

Other material outstanding litigation involving Sundew Properties

- 1. The authorized officer, land reforms ("**Plaintiff**") has filed a suit before the Deputy Collector & Revenue Divisional Officer, Hyderabad ("**Court**") against Sundew Properties in relation to non-agricultural tax that maybe payable on conversion of agriculture land situated at Madhapur, Hyderabad, under the provisions of the Andhra Pradesh Land Reforms (Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings) Act, 1973 ("**Act**"). The matter is currently pending before the Court.
- 2. Sundew Properties filed an application before the then Andhra Pradesh Electricity Regulatory Commission (now Telangana State Electricity Regulatory Commission ("TSERC") on March 10, 2014 for deemed distribution license in special economic zone ("SEZ"). TSERC passed an order dated February 15, 2016 ("TSERC Order") to identify and recognize Sundew Properties as a deemed distribution licensee to distribute the electricity in the SEZ with conditions. Sundew Properties has filed an appeal to the appellate tribunal for electricity laws challenging the order dated February 15, 2016 and in relation to the conditions imposed by TSERC. The matter is currently pending before the appellate tribunal.

Intime

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Intime

- 1. The Comptroller and Auditor General of India ("**CAG**") *vide* its report for the year ended March 2016, has made certain observations with respect to public sector undertakings. In the said report certain adverse observations in respect to a project of Intime (project demerged from K. Raheja IT Park) were made. K Raheja IT Park, has issued a letter dated September 21, 2017 *inter alia* submitting its explanations in respect of the said observations. The matter is currently pending.
- 2. By letter dated July 10, 2012, Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation referred to a report of vigilance and enforcement department relating to alleged irregularities/ violations / losses to APIIC/Government of Andhra Pradesh. For further details, please refer "Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against K Raheja IT Park" on page 661.
- 3. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (Cost Audit Branch) has issued a notice dated January 4, 2016 to Intime in respect of non-filing of cost audit report for the financial year ended March 31, 2015. Intime has responded to the said notice on January 25, 2016 with the relevant details of filing of the cost audit report for the aforesaid period. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.
- 4. The Income Tax Department had issued a warrant dated November 29, 2017 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 against Intime. Pursuant to the warrant, the Income Tax Department carried out a search on November 30, 2017 at its premises. The search was concluded on December 6, 2017. Pursuant to the search, the Income Tax Department issued a notice dated November 21, 2018 directing Intime to furnish true and correct returns from assessment years 2012-13 to 2017-18 and these returns have been furnished before the Income Tax Department by Intime. No further correspondence has been received thereafter.

Feat

Pending action by statutory or regulatory authorities against Feat

1. Shramik Sena has issued a letter dated May 23, 2018 to Feat in respect of acquisition of land situated at Ghansoli. New Mumbai from Cabot India Limited ("Cabot"), informing Feat about the dispute in relation to the dues payable to security guards by Cabot. Cabot is the lessee of the aforesaid lands and has entered into a memorandum of understanding with Feat for assignment of their rights to the aforesaid lands to Feat. Pursuant to an addendum and its right of nomination under the memorandum of understanding, Feat has nominated Eternus Real Estate Pvt. Ltd. ("Eternus") for purpose of taking assignment of the Ghansoli land from Cabot. Accordingly, the rights of Cabot to the land situated at Ghansoli will now be assigned to Eternus. The matter is currently pending.

**Imperial** 

Criminal litigation involving Imperial

1. Moosna Santosh Rao, the operations manager in Platinum Boutique Hotel has lodged a First Information Report ("FIR") with the Madhapur Police Station, Cyberabad ("Police Station") against Imperial, and National Catering Standard Advisory Services ("NCSAS"), *inter alia* alleging cheating in respect of services of NCSAS. The Police Station has filed its final report dated April 22, 2015 with the Metropolitan Magistrate, Miyapur, wherein for the time-being, the case is referred to as "undetected".

Convex

Criminal litigation involving Convex

- 1. Convex has filed a complaint before the Loni Kalbhor Police Station against the Division Engineer (North) Central Railways ("Railways") alleging encroachment by the Railways in relation to the construction of a wall upon the road on the land owned by Convex. The Railways have responded to Convex stating that the construction carried out by them is as per the approved plan and have further stated that they shall remove the wall if the revenue authorities declared such construction to be an encroachment. The matter is currently pending.
- 2. Convex has filed a complaint before the Loni Kalbhor Police Station against Chintamani Park alleging encroachment by Chintamani Park in relation to the construction of a compound wall upon the road on the land owned by Convex. The matter is currently pending.

#### Material developments since the last balance sheet date

Except as stated in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation – Significant Developments after September 30, 2018" on page 616, no circumstances have arisen since September 30, 2018, the date of the last restated financial information disclosed in this Prospectus, which materially and adversely affect or are likely to affect, our operations or earnings taken as a whole, the value of our consolidated assets or our ability to pay our material liabilities within the next twelve months.

#### GOVERNMENT AND OTHER APPROVALS

Our Company can undertake the Offer and can undertake our current business activities, including on the basis of the list of material approvals provided below, and other than as stated below, no further material approvals from any regulatory authority are required to undertake the Offer or continue such business activities. Unless otherwise stated, these approvals are valid as of the date of this Prospectus. For further details in connection with the regulatory and legal framework within which we operate, see the section titled "Regulations and Policies" on page 174.

## I. Incorporation details of our Company

- 1. Certificate of incorporation dated January 6, 1986 issued to our Company by the RoC in the name of 'Kenwood Hotels Private Limited'.
- 2. Our Company was converted into a public company on July 19, 1997, under section 43A (1B) of the Companies Act, 1956, pursuant to which our name was changed from 'Kenwood Hotels Private Limited' to 'Kenwood Hotels Limited'.
- 3. Fresh certificate of incorporation dated April 6, 1996 issued to our Company by the RoC on account of the change in name from 'Kenwood Hotels Limited' to 'K. Raheja Resorts & Hotels Limited'.
- 4. Fresh certificate of incorporation dated May 4, 1999 issued to our Company by the RoC on account of the change in name from 'K. Raheja Resorts & Hotels Limited' to 'Chalet Hotels Limited'.
- 5. Fresh certificate of incorporation dated October 15, 2011 issued by the RoC pursuant to the conversion of our Company to a private limited company and consequential change in our name from 'Chalet Hotels Limited' to 'Chalet Hotels Private Limited'.
- 6. Fresh certificate of incorporation dated June 6, 2018 issued by the RoC pursuant to the conversion of our Company to a public limited company and consequential change in our name from 'Chalet Hotels Private Limited' to 'Chalet Hotels Limited'.

For details of corporate and other approvals in relation to the Offer, see "Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures – Authority for the Offer - Corporate Approvals" on page 670.

## II. Approvals in relation to operations of our Company

#### A. Tax related approvals

- (i) The permanent account number of our Company is AAACK0411E.
- (ii) The tax deduction account number of our Company is MUMC12494G.
- (iii) The import export code for our Company is 0397092822.
- (iv) The goods and services tax identification number of our Company is 27AAACK0411E1Z9.

## B. Labour related approvals

- (i) Under the provisions of the EPF Act, as amended, our Company has been allotted EPF code number MH/BAN/43713.
- (ii) Under the ESI Act our Company has been allotted the ESI registration number 35000243030000999.

In addition to the labour related approvals mentioned above, we are also required to obtain, where applicable, certain other approvals such as license under the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 to engage more than twenty contract labourers in our hotels, commercial and retail and real-estate projects.

## C. Key approvals in relation to our operations

We require various approvals, licenses and registrations under several central or state-level acts, rules and regulations to carry on our business in India. These licenses differ on the basis of the location as well as the nature of operations carried out at such locations. Some of these may expire in the ordinary course of business and applications for renewal of these approvals are submitted in accordance with applicable procedures and requirements.

An indicative list of key approvals required by us for the operation of our hotels and our commercial and retail projects are provided below:

- 1. Trade license from relevant municipal authorities of Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka: We are required to obtain trade licenses from the respective municipal authorities of areas where our hotels and retail projects are located, where local laws require such trade licenses to be obtained. Such licenses may be subject to renewal, as applicable.
- 2. *FSSAI registration:* We are required to obtain registration from the FSSAI, under the Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 read with the Food Safety and Standard (Licensing & Registration of Food Business) Regulations, 2011, for sale, storage or distribution of food products. The registration may be subject to periodic renewals.
- 3. **Shops and Establishments registrations:** In states where our hotels and our commercial and retail projects are located, registration under the respective shops and establishment acts of those states, wherever enacted or in force, is required when certain requirements are met. The terms of registration, renewal procedure and requirement for such registrations may differ under the respective state legislations. Further, such registrations may be subject to renewals under the respective state legislations.
- 4. **Liquor license under excise laws:** Under the scheme of excise laws, different state legislatures have enacted state legislations dealing with licenses for sale of alcohol. Any person selling alcohol, of various types and form, is required to obtain appropriate license under the state legislation. Such license is issued and classified based upon the nature and type of the alcohol. The categories of alcohol licenses may include Indian made foreign liquor, foreign liquor, country liquor, beer and wine, or a combination thereof. In states where we serve liquor at our hotels, we are required to obtain license to serve and store liquor under the respective legislation of the state.
- 5. **Star classifications and reclassifications for hotels:** For our hotels, we apply for star classifications with the Hotels & Restaurants Approval and Classification Committee, Ministry of Tourism, Government of India. These star classifications are awarded to our hotels for a period of five years.
- 6. **Licensing and controlling of places of public entertainment**: We are required to obtain licenses to conduct live public entertainment activities on our hotel premises, under local rules for licensing and controlling places of public entertainment. These licenses are issued by the commissioner of police and are subject to periodic renewals.
- 7. **Environment related approvals:** We are required to obtain various environment related approvals and consents to operate under the Environment Protection Act, Air Act, Water Act, the EIA Notification and authorisation for collection, storage and disposal of hazardous waste under the Hazardous Waste Rules in respect of our hotels, our commercial and retail projects, wherever applicable.
- 8. **No Objection Certificates from police and fire department:** We are required to obtain a no objection certificate from the relevant police and fire department, as applicable in the concerned jurisdictions of our hotels, to continue operations of our hotels. These no objection certificates may be subject to renewal, as applicable.
- 9. **No Objection Certificates from the Airport Authority of India:** We are required to obtain a no objection certificate from the Airport Authority of India, as applicable, which prohibits construction of any building or erection, placement or raising any moveable or immoveable structure or fixture near any airport premises, except as permitted. The no objection certificates are subject to periodical renewal.

10. *Occupation Certificate:* We are required to obtain an occupation certificate from the relevant municipality, as applicable, in the concerned jurisdictions. An occupation certificate is typically issued after considering certain other compliances of the hotel buildings with, among others, approved plans, building standards, and fire safety standards.

A list of key approvals required by us for our real estate project is provided below:

- 1. Commencement certificates issued by the state municipal corporation of Karnataka.
- 2. Building plan approvals issued by the state municipal corporations of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka
- 3. Environment clearances issued by the state governments of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka.
- 4. Consent to establish issued by the pollution control boards of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka.
- 5. No objection certificates to be obtained from the fire departments of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka for the construction of high-rise residential buildings.
- 6. Registrations under the RERA to be obtained from the real estate regulatory authorities of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka.
- 7. No objection certificate from the Airport Authority of India.
- 8. Occupation certificate from the relevant municipalities of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka.

In respect of our hotels, real-estate projects, commercial and retail projects that are operational, as on date of this Prospectus, we currently hold all the aforementioned key approvals as required, except the following key approvals in respect of which we have made applications before relevant authorities to obtain the registrations or renewals of key approvals that have expired:

## Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel and Lakeside Chalet, Mumbai - Marriott Executive Apartments

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	Bore well approval	Approval	Central Ground Water Authority	21- 4/1268/MH/INF/2017	July 25, 2017
2.	FSSAI Registration	Renewal	Food Safety and Standards Authority of India	20181205121026143	December 5, 2018
3.	Performance License	Renewal	Police Commissioner's Office	510 of 2009	December 20, 2018

## JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	Performance License	Renewal	Police Commissioner's Office	15 / 2016	December 20, 2018

## The Orb - Retail

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

## The Orb - Business Centre

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

## Four Points by Sheraton Navi Mumbai, Vashi

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	Consent to Operate	Renewal	Maharashtra Pollution Control Board	MPCB-CONSENT- 0000036779	November 24, 2017
2.	5-Star Classification of hotel	Renewal	Government of India- Department of Tourism (H&R Division)	140317CSD438	September 20, 2017

## The Westin Hyderabad Mindspace

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal		Authority	y		Reference Number	Date of Application
110.		Kellewal					Number	Application
1.	NOC	Renewal	The	Commissioner	of	Police,	61/2010 - 2018	November 14,
			Hyde	rabad				2018

## Bengaluru Marriott Hotel Whitefield

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	5-Star	Renewal	Government of India- Department of	12-	May 12, 2018
	Classification		Tourism (H&R Division)	HRACC(21)/2013	
	of hotel				

## Inorbit Mall, Whitefield, Bengaluru - Retail

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

# $White field, \ Bengaluru-Commercial$

Sl.	Description	Registration /	Authority	Reference	Date of
No.		Renewal		Number	Application
1.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

## Vivarea, Bengaluru - Koramangala

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	Building	Renewal	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagar Palika	JDTP/LP20/09-10	January 16,
	Sanction Plan				2017

In respect of hotels and commercial and retail projects that are under development, we apply for and receive relevant approvals, depending upon the stage of construction of the building.

Except as disclosed below and as on date of this Prospectus, there are no key approval that is applicable but has not been applied for by our Company:

## Renaissance Mumbai Convention Centre Hotel and Lakeside Chalet, Mumbai - Marriott Executive Apartments

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	Premises License	Renewal	Police Commissioner's Office	N/A	N/A
2.	Fire	Renewal	Municipal Corporation of Greater	N/A	N/A
	Certification		Mumbai – Mumbai Fire Brigade		

## JW Marriott Mumbai Sahar

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	Premises License	Renewal	Police Commissioner's Office	N/A	N/A
2.	Fire Certification	Renewal	Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai – Mumbai Fire Brigade	N/A	N/A

# Quiescent Heights - Mindspace Cyberabad

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application	
1.	Environmental Clearance	Approval	Ministry of Environment & Forest	N/A	N/A	
2.	Consent to Operate	Approval	State Pollution Control Board	N/A	N/A	

For details, see "Risk Factors" on page 18.

# Vivarea, Bengaluru – Koramangala

Sl. No.	Description	Registration / Renewal	Authority	Reference Number	Date of Application
1.	No objection certificate	Renewal	Hindustan Aeronautics Limited	N/A	N/A

For details, see "Risk Factors" and "Outstanding Litigation – Material outstanding litigation by our Company", on page 18 and 621, respectively.

#### OTHER REGULATORY AND STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

#### **Authority for the Offer**

Corporate Approvals

- Our Board has authorised the Offer by a resolution dated June 12, 2018, under Section 62(1) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Our shareholders have, pursuant to a special resolution passed on June 13, 2018 under Section 62(1) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013, authorised the Offer.
- Our Board has taken on record the Offer for Sale by the Selling Shareholders pursuant to its resolution dated June 12, 2018.
- Our Board has approved and adopted the Draft Red Herring Prospectus pursuant to its resolution dated July 2, 2018.
- Our Board has approved and adopted the Red Herring Prospectus pursuant to its resolution dated January 23, 2019.
- Our Board has approved and adopted this Prospectus pursuant to its resolution dated February 2, 2019

Approvals from the Selling Shareholders

The Selling Shareholders have severally and not jointly specifically confirmed and approved the offer for sale of their respective proportion of Offered Shares as set out below:

Sl. No.	Name of the Selling Shareholder	Date of Board Resolution	Consent Letter	Maximum number of Equity Shares offered for sale
1.	Ravi C. Raheja	N/A	June 28, 2018	5,550,000
2.	Neel C. Raheja	N/A	June 28, 2018	5,550,000
3.	K Raheja Corp	June 11, 2018	June 28, 2018	10,784,176
4.	Ivory Properties	June 11, 2018	June 28, 2018	2,000,824
5.	Palm Shelter Estate	June 11, 2018	June 28, 2018	800,000

Each Selling Shareholder, severally and not jointly, specifically confirms that, as required under Regulation 26(6) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, it has held its respective portion of the Offered Shares for a period of at least one year prior to the date of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

In-principle listing approvals

 Our Company has received in-principle approvals from BSE and NSE for the listing of our Equity Shares pursuant to letters both dated July 25, 2018.

## Prohibition by the SEBI, the RBI or Governmental Authorities

None of our Company, our Subsidiary, our Promoters, members of our Promoter Group, our Directors, Group Companies, persons in control of our Company or persons in control of our corporate Promoters are or have ever been prohibited from accessing or operating in the capital market or restrained from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or direction passed by the SEBI or any other governmental authorities. Neither our Promoters, nor any of our Directors or persons in control of our Company were or are a promoter, director or person in control of any other company which is debarred from accessing the capital market under any order or directions made by the SEBI or any other governmental authorities. Further, except as disclosed in "Outstanding Litigation and Other Material Developments – Litigation Involving our Directors" on page 630, there have been no violations of securities laws committed by any of them in the past or are currently pending against any of them.

Each Selling Shareholder, severally and not jointly, specifically confirms that it has not been prohibited from accessing or operating in the capital markets or restrained from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or direction passed by SEBI or any other governmental authority. Further, each Selling Shareholder,

severally and not jointly, specifically confirms that it has not been classified as a wilful defaulter, as defined under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

Except as disclosed in "Management – Our Board" on page 187, none of our Directors are in any manner associated with the securities market in any manner, including securities market related business and no action has been taken by the SEBI against our Directors or any entity in which our Directors are involved as promoters and/or directors.

Neither our Company, nor our Subsidiary, nor our Promoters, nor any member of our Promoter Group nor our Group Companies, nor our Directors, nor the relatives (as per the Companies Act) of our individual Promoters, Mr. Ravi C. Raheja and Mr. Neel C. Raheja, are or have been declared as wilful defaulters, as defined by the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

#### Eligibility for the Offer

Our Company is eligible for the Offer in accordance with the eligibility criteria provided in Regulation 26(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, and as is in compliance with the conditions specified therein in the following manner:

- our Company has net tangible assets of at least ₹ 30 million in each of the preceding three full years (of 12 months each), on an standalone as well as on a consolidated basis;
- our Company has a minimum average pre-tax operating profit of ₹ 150 million, calculated on a restated
  and consolidated basis, during the three most profitable years out of the immediately preceding five
  years;
- our Company has a pre-Offer net worth of at least ₹ 10 million in each of the three preceding full years (of 12 months each), on an standalone as well as on a consolidated basis;
- the aggregate size of the proposed Offer and all previous issues made in the same Fiscal in terms of the Offer size is not expected to exceed five times the pre-Offer net worth of our Company as per the audited balance sheet of the preceding Fiscal; and
- our Company has not changed its name in the last one year.

Set forth below are our Company's pre-tax operating profit, net tangible assets, monetary assets as a percentage of our net tangible assets and net worth, derived from our Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information included in this Prospectus.

(₹	in	mil	lio	nÌ

					(\ in million)
Particulars	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Pre-tax operating profit, as restated (1)	1,831	853	328	93	360
Net worth, as restated (2)	5,234	5,002	5,475	6,631	6,815
Net tangible assets, as restated (3)	4,629	4,463	5,645	7,306	7,383
Monetary assets, as restated (4)	366	342	342	313	1,023
Monetary assets, as restated, as a % of net tangible assets (%) as restated (4/3)	7.90%	7.66%	6.06%	4.28%	13.86%

Source: Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other comprehensive income) of the Company and Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other comprehensive income) of the Group and its associates, as included in this Prospectus under the section "Summary Financial Information".

<sup>(1)</sup> Restated 'pre-tax operating profit' has been calculated as restated net profit before tax excluding exceptional items, other income and finance costs, each on a restated basis.

<sup>(2)</sup> Restated 'net worth' means the aggregate of the paid-up share capital and other equity (excluding capital reserve), each on a restated basis

<sup>(3)</sup> Restated 'net tangible assets' are defined as sum of the total assets of the Company excluding deferred tax assets (net) and intangible assets as defined in Ind AS 38 'Intangible Assets' deducted by total non-current liabilities and current liabilities excluding deferred tax liabilities (net), each on a restated basis.

- (4) Restated 'monetary assets' include cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances including non-current portion of fixed deposits with banks and interest accrued thereon, each on a restated basis.
- (5) 'Monetary Assets', as restated, as a percentage of the net tangible assets means Monetary Assets, as restated, divided by net tangible assets, as restated, expressed as a percentage.

Set forth below are our Company's pre-tax operating profit, net tangible assets, monetary assets, monetary assets as a percentage of our net tangible assets and net worth, derived from our Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information included in this Prospectus.

(₹ in million)

D 4 1	T: 1	T' 1	T. 1	T' 1	T: 1
Particulars Particulars	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Pre-tax operating profit, as restated (1)	1,828	852	325	15	353
Net worth, as restated (2)	5,024	4,712	5,212	6,362	6,646
Net tangible assets, as restated (3)	4,419	4,173	5,382	7,037	7,214
Monetary assets, as restated (4)	367	332	347	318	1,024
Monetary assets, as restated, as a % of net tangible assets (%), as restated (4/3)	8.30%	7.95%	6.44%	4.52%	14.20%

Source: Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Restated Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other comprehensive income) of the Company and Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Restated Consolidated Summary Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other comprehensive income) of the Group and its associates, as included in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus under the section "Summary Financial Information".

- (1) Restated 'pre-tax operating profit' has been calculated as restated net profit before tax excluding exceptional items, other income and finance costs, each on a restated basis.
- (2) Restated 'net worth' means the aggregate of the paid-up share capital and other equity (excluding capital reserve), each on a restated basis.
- (3) Restated 'net tangible assets' are defined as sum of the total assets of the Company excluding deferred tax assets (net) and intangible assets as defined in Ind AS 38 'Intangible Assets' deducted by total non-current liabilities and current liabilities excluding deferred tax liabilities (net), each on a restated basis.
- (4) Restated 'monetary assets' include cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances including non-current portion of fixed deposits with banks and interest accrued thereon, each on a restated basis.
- (5) 'Monetary Assets', as restated, as a percentage of the net tangible assets means Monetary Assets, as restated, divided by net tangible assets, as restated, expressed as a percentage.

Further, in accordance with Regulation 26(4) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, our Company shall ensure that the number of Allottees under the Offer shall be not less than 1,000, failing which, the entire application money will be refunded forthwith/unblocked in the respective ASBA Accounts of the ASBA Bidders, as applicable.

Other than the listing fees (which shall be borne by our Company), all costs, charges, fees and expenses associated with and incurred in connection with this Offer will, in accordance with applicable law, be borne by our Company and the Selling Shareholders in proportion to the Equity Shares being offered by each of our Company and the Selling Shareholders in this Offer.

Our Company is in compliance with conditions specified in Regulations 4(2) and 4(5) (a) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations to the extent applicable.

## DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF THE SEBI

IT IS TO BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT SUBMISSION OF THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS TO THE SEBI SHOULD NOT IN ANY WAY BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE SAME HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY THE SEBI. SEBI DOES NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY EITHER FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF ANY SCHEME OR THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THE OFFER IS PROPOSED TO BE MADE OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF THE STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS. THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS, BEING JM FINANCIAL LIMITED, MORGAN STANLEY INDIA COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED AND AXIS CAPITAL LIMITED, HAVE CERTIFIED THAT THE DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS ARE GENERALLY ADEQUATE AND ARE IN CONFORMITY WITH THE SEBI (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009 IN FORCE FOR THE TIME BEING. THIS REQUIREMENT IS TO FACILITATE INVESTORS TO TAKE AN INFORMED DECISION FOR MAKING AN INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED OFFER.

IT SHOULD ALSO BE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD THAT WHILE THE COMPANY IS PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CORRECTNESS, ADEOUACY AND DISCLOSURE OF ALL RELEVANT INFORMATION IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS, AND EACH SELLING SHAREHOLDER WILL BE RESPONSIBLE ONLY FOR THE STATEMENTS SPECIFICALLY CONFIRMED OR UNDERTAKEN BY IT IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS IN RELATION TO ITSELF AND FOR ITS RESPECTIVE PORTION OF THE EQUITY SHARES OFFERED BY WAY OF THE OFFER FOR SALE. THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS, ARE EXPECTED TO EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE TO ENSURE THAT THE COMPANY AND THE SHAREHOLDER DISCHARGE **THEIR** RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES ADEOUATELY IN THIS BEHALF AND TOWARDS THIS PURPOSE. THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS, BEING JM FINANCIAL LIMITED, MORGAN STANLEY INDIA COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED AND AXIS CAPITAL LIMITED, HAVE FURNISHED TO THE SEBI A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED JULY 2, 2018 WHICH READS AS FOLLOWS:

WE, THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS TO THE ABOVE MENTIONED FORTHCOMING OFFER. STATE AND CONFIRM AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. WE HAVE EXAMINED VARIOUS DOCUMENTS INCLUDING THOSE RELATING TO LITIGATION LIKE COMMERCIAL DISPUTES, PATENT DISPUTES, DISPUTES WITH COLLABORATORS, ETC. AND OTHER MATERIAL IN CONNECTION WITH THE FINALISATION OF THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS DATED JULY 2, 2018 PERTAINING TO THE OFFER; COMPLIED WITH
- 2. ON THE BASIS OF SUCH EXAMINATION AND THE DISCUSSIONS WITH THE COMPANY, ITS DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS, OTHER AGENCIES, AND INDEPENDENT VERIFICATION OF THE STATEMENTS CONCERNING THE OBJECTS OF THE OFFER, PRICE JUSTIFICATION AND THE CONTENTS OF THE DOCUMENTS AND OTHER PAPERS FURNISHED BY THE COMPANY AND THE SELLING SHAREHOLDERS, WE CONFIRM THAT: COMPLIED WITH
  - A. THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS FILED WITH THE SEBI IS IN CONFORMITY WITH THE DOCUMENTS, MATERIALS AND PAPERS RELEVANT TO THE OFFER:
  - B. ALL THE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO THE OFFER AS ALSO THE REGULATIONS, GUIDELINES, INSTRUCTIONS ETC., FRAMED/ISSUED BY THE SEBI, THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND ANY OTHER COMPETENT AUTHORITY IN THIS BEHALF HAVE BEEN DULY COMPLIED WITH; AND
  - C. THE DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS ARE TRUE, FAIR AND ADEQUATE TO ENABLE THE INVESTORS TO MAKE A WELL-INFORMED DECISION AS TO THE INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED OFFER AND SUCH DISCLOSURES ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956 (AS AMENDED AND REPLACED BY THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013), THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009, AS AMENDED AND OTHER APPLICABLE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS.
- 3. WE CONFIRM THAT BESIDES OURSELVES, ALL THE INTERMEDIARIES NAMED IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS ARE REGISTERED WITH THE SEBI AND UNTIL DATE SUCH REGISTRATIONS ARE VALID COMPLIED WITH;
- 4. WE HAVE SATISFIED OURSELVES ABOUT THE CAPABILITY OF THE UNDERWRITERS TO FULFIL THEIR UNDERWRITING COMMITMENTS; NOTED FOR COMPLIANCE;
- 5. WE CERTIFY THAT WRITTEN CONSENTS FROM THE PROMOTERS HAVE BEEN OBTAINED FOR INCLUSION OF THEIR EQUITY SHARES AS PART OF THE PROMOTERS' CONTRIBUTION SUBJECT TO LOCK-IN AND THE EQUITY SHARES PROPOSED TO FORM PART OF THE PROMOTERS' CONTRIBUTION SUBJECT TO

LOCK-IN SHALL NOT BE DISPOSED/ SOLD/ TRANSFERRED BY THE PROMOTERS DURING THE PERIOD STARTING FROM THE DATE OF FILING THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS WITH THE SEBI UNTIL THE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF LOCK-IN PERIOD AS STATED IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS - COMPLIED WITH AND NOTED FOR COMPLIANCE;

- 6. WE CERTIFY THAT REGULATION 33 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009, AS AMENDED WHICH RELATES TO EQUITY SHARES INELIGIBLE FOR COMPUTATION OF PROMOTERS' CONTRIBUTION, HAS BEEN DULY COMPLIED WITH AND APPROPRIATE DISCLOSURES AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH THE SAID REGULATION HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS COMPLIED WITH;
- 7. WE UNDERTAKE THAT SUB-REGULATION (4) OF REGULATION 32 AND CLAUSE (C) AND (D) OF SUB-REGULATION (2) OF REGULATION 8 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009 SHALL BE COMPLIED WITH. WE CONFIRM THAT ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO ENSURE THAT PROMOTERS' CONTRIBUTION SHALL BE RECEIVED AT LEAST ONE DAY BEFORE THE OPENING OF THE OFFER. WE UNDERTAKE THAT AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE TO THIS EFFECT SHALL BE DULY SUBMITTED TO THE SEBI. WE FURTHER CONFIRM THAT ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO ENSURE THAT THE PROMOTERS' CONTRIBUTION WILL BE KEPT IN AN ESCROW ACCOUNT WITH A SCHEDULED COMMERCIAL BANK AND SHALL BE RELEASED TO THE COMPANY ALONG WITH THE PROCEEDS OF THE PUBLIC OFFER NOT APPLICABLE;
- 8. WE CERTIFY THAT THE PROPOSED ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY FOR WHICH THE FUNDS ARE BEING RAISED IN THE PRESENT OFFER FALL WITHIN THE 'MAIN OBJECTS' LISTED IN THE OBJECT CLAUSE OF THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OR OTHER CHARTER OF THE COMPANY AND THAT THE ACTIVITIES WHICH HAVE BEEN CARRIED OUT UNTIL NOW ARE VALID IN TERMS OF THE OBJECT CLAUSE OF ITS MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION COMPLIED WITH TO THE EXTENT APPLICABLE;
- 9. WE CONFIRM THAT NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO ENSURE THAT THE MONEYS RECEIVED PURSUANT TO THE OFFER ARE KEPT IN A SEPARATE BANK ACCOUNT AS PER THE PROVISIONS OF SUB-SECTION (3) OF SECTION 40 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND THAT SUCH MONEYS SHALL BE RELEASED BY THE SAID BANK ONLY AFTER PERMISSION IS OBTAINED FROM ALL THE STOCK EXCHANGES MENTIONED IN THE PROSPECTUS. WE FURTHER CONFIRM THAT THE AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO AMONG THE BANKERS TO THE OFFER, THE COMPANY AND THE SELLING SHAREHOLDERS SPECIFICALLY CONTAINS THIS CONDITION NOTED FOR COMPLIANCE. ALL MONIES RECEIVED FROM THE OFFER SHALL BE CREDITED/TRANSFERRED TO A SEPARATE BANK ACCOUNT AS PER SECTION 40(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013, AS AMENDED;
- 10. WE CERTIFY THAT A DISCLOSURE HAS BEEN MADE IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS/DRAFT PROSPECTUS/DRAFT LETTER THAT THE INVESTORS SHALL BE GIVEN AN OPTION TO GET THE SHARES IN DEMAT OR PHYSICAL MODE NOT APPLICABLE. UNDER SECTION 29 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013, EQUITY SHARES IN THE OFFER WILL BE ISSUED IN DEMATERIALISED FORM ONLY;
- 11. WE CERTIFY THAT ALL APPLICABLE DISCLOSURES MANDATED IN THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009 HAVE BEEN MADE IN ADDITION TO DISCLOSURES WHICH, IN OUR VIEW, ARE FAIR AND ADEQUATE TO ENABLE THE INVESTOR TO MAKE A WELL INFORMED DECISION; COMPLIED WITH

- 12. WE CERTIFY THAT THE FOLLOWING DISCLOSURES HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS: <u>COMPLIED WITH</u>
  - a. AN UNDERTAKING FROM THE COMPANY THAT AT ANY GIVEN TIME THERE SHALL BE ONLY ONE DENOMINATION FOR THE EQUITY SHARES OF THE COMPANY; AND
  - b. AN UNDERTAKING FROM THE COMPANY THAT IT SHALL COMPLY WITH SUCH DISCLOSURE AND ACCOUNTING NORMS SPECIFIED BY THE SEBI FROM TIME TO TIME.
- 13. WE UNDERTAKE TO COMPLY WITH THE REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO ADVERTISEMENTS IN TERMS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009, AS AMENDED WHILE MAKING THE OFFER NOTED FOR COMPLIANCE;
- 14. WE ENCLOSE A NOTE EXPLAINING HOW THE PROCESS OF DUE DILIGENCE HAS BEEN EXERCISED BY US IN VIEW OF THE NATURE OF CURRENT BUSINESS BACKGROUND OF THE COMPANY, SITUATION AT WHICH THE PROPOSED BUSINESS STANDS, THE RISK FACTORS, PROMOTERS' EXPERIENCE, ETC; COMPLIED WITH
- 15. WE ENCLOSE A CHECKLIST CONFIRMING REGULATION-WISE COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009, AS AMENDED, CONTAINING DETAILS SUCH AS THE REGULATION NUMBER, ITS TEXT, THE STATUS OF COMPLIANCE, PAGE NUMBER OF THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS WHERE THE REGULATION HAS BEEN COMPLIED WITH AND OUR COMMENTS, IF ANY; COMPLIED WITH
- 16. WE ENCLOSE STATEMENT ON 'PRICE INFORMATION OF PAST ISSUES HANDLED BY THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS (WHO ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR PRICING THIS OFFER)', AS PER FORMAT SPECIFIED BY THE SEBI THROUGH CIRCULAR; COMPLIED WITH
- 17. WE CERTIFY THAT PROFITS FROM RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS HAVE ARISEN FROM LEGITIMATE BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS COMPLIED WITH TO THE EXTENT OF THE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARD 24 IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY AND INCLUDED IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS AND AS CERTIFIED BY NAYAK AND RANE, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, PURSUANT TO THEIR CERTIFICATE DATED JUNE 21, 2018;
- 18. WE CERTIFY THAT THE ENTITY IS ELIGIBLE UNDER 106Y (1) (A) OR (B) (AS THE CASE MAY BE) TO LIST ON THE INSTITUTIONAL TRADING PLATFORM, UNDER CHAPTER XC OF THE SEBI ICDR REGULATIONS. (IF APPLICABLE). NOT APPLICABLE.

The filing of this Prospectus does not, however, absolve any person who has authorized the issue of this Prospectus from any liabilities under Section 34 or Section 36 of the Companies Act, 2013 or from the requirement of obtaining such statutory and/or other clearances as may be required for the purpose of the proposed Offer. Provided that the liability of the Selling Shareholders, in respect of the above, shall be several and not joint and shall be limited to any liabilities arising in relation to the statements specifically made or confirmed by each of them in respect of themselves and of their respective Offered Shares. SEBI further reserves the right to take up at any point of time, with the BRLM, any irregularities or lapses in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus.

All legal requirements pertaining to the Offer were complied with at the time of filing of the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC in terms of Section 32 of the Companies Act, 2013. All legal requirements pertaining to the Offer have been complied with at the time of registration of this Prospectus with the RoC in terms of Sections 26, 30, 32, 33(1) and 33(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

## Price Information of past issues handled by the BRLMs

#### JM Financial Limited

1. Price information of past issues (during the current Financial Year and two Financial Years preceding the current Financial Year) handled by JM Financial Limited.

Sr. No.	Issue name	Issue Size (₹ million)	Issue price (₹)	Listing Date	Opening price on Listing Date (in ₹)	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark] - 30 <sup>th</sup> calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark] - 90 <sup>th</sup> calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark] - 180 <sup>th</sup> calendar days from listing
1.	HDFC Asset Management Company Limited	28,003.31	1,100.0 0	August 6, 2018	1,726.25	+58.04% [+1.17%]	+30.61% [-7.32%]	+23.78%[-4.33%]
2.	Fine Organic Industries Limited	6,001.69	783.00	July 2, 2018	815.00	+5.72% [+6.56%]	+35.38% [+2.56%]	+50.21% [1.90%]
3.	IndoStar Capital Finance Limited	18,440.00	572.00	May 21, 2018	600.00	-0.96% [+1.84%]	-16.28% [+9.07%]	-39.97% [+1.57%]
4.	Bandhan Bank Limited	44,730.19	375.00	March 27, 2018	499.00	+31.81% [+3.79%]	+42.96% [+6.26%]	+51.89% [+9.42%]
5.	Aster DM Healthcare Limited	9,801.00	190.00	February 26, 2018	183.00	-13.66% [-3.77%]	-4.97% [+0.21%]	-8.16% [+9.21%]
6.	Galaxy Surfactants Limited	9,370.88	1,480.0 0	February 8, 2018	1,525.00	+1.14% [-3.31%]	-0.85% [+1.33%]	-14.80% [+7.66%]
7.	Reliance Nippon Life Asset Management Limited	15,422.40	252.00	November 6, 2017	295.90	+3.61% [-3.19%]	+5.91% [+2.95%]	-4.21% [+1.59%]
8.	Prataap Snacks Limited	4,815.98	938.00(	October 5, 2017	1,270.00	+25.12% [+5.70%]	+31.82% [+5.60%)	+40.99% [+3.27%)
9.	SBI Life Insurance Company Limited	83,887.29	700.00(	October 3, 2017	735.00	-7.56% [+5.89%]	-0.66% [+6.81%]	-3.11% [+2.58%]
10.	ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited	57,009.40	661.00	September 27, 2017	651.10	+3.62% [+6.25%]	+17.60% [+7.78%]	+12.13% [+2.69%]

Source: www.nseindia.com; for price information and prospectus/ basis of allotment for issue details

- A discount of ₹90 per equity share had been offered to eligible employees.
- A discount of ₹68 per equity share had been offered to eligible employees.
- Opening price information as disclosed on the website of NSE.
- Change in closing price over the issue/offer price as disclosed on NSE.

- Change in closing price over the assurage price as austrosea on 1832.

  Change in closing price over the closing price as on the listing date for benchmark index viz. NIFTY 50.

  In case of reporting dates falling on a trading holiday, values for the trading day immediately preceding the trading holiday have been considered.

  30th calendar day has been taken as listing date plus 29 calendar days; 90th calendar day has been taken as listing date plus 89 calendar days; 180th calendar day has been taken a listing date plus 179 calendar days.
- Restricted to last 10 issues.
- 2. Summary statement of price information of past issues (during the current Financial Year and two Financial Years preceding the current Financial Year) handled by JM Financial Limited

Financia l Year	Tot al no. of	Total funds raised (₹ in	s discount on as on 30 <sup>th</sup> premium on as on 30 <sup>th</sup> d calendar days from listing calendar days from listing date date		calendar days from listing			Nos. of IPOs trading at discount as on 180 <sup>th</sup> calendar days from listing date			Nos. of IPOs trading at premium as on 180 <sup>th</sup> calendar days from listing date			
	IPO s	Millions)	Over 50%	Between 25% - 50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25%- 50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25%- 50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25%- 50%	Less than 25%
2018- 2019*	3	52,445.0 0	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	-
2017- 2018	10	251,600. 44	-	-	4	-	3	3	-	1	5	-	1	2
2016- 2017	7	137,049. 21	-	-	2	1	1	3	-	-	1	2	2	2

<sup>\*</sup> The information is as on the date of the document

## **Axis Capital Limited**

Price information of past issues(during current financial year and two financial years preceding the 1. current financial year) handled by Axis Capital Limited

Sr. No	Issue name	Issue size (₹ millions) Issue price(₹) Listing de		Listing date	Opening price on listing date (in ₹ )	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 30th calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 90th calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 180th calendar days from listing
1	Ircon International Limited	4,667.03	475.00*	28-Sep-18	412.00	-27.04%, [-8.24%]	-6.60%, [-1.84%]	-
2	HDFC Asset Management Company Limited	28,003.31	1,100	06-Aug-18	1,726.25	+57.43%, [+1.17%]	+30.61%, [-7.32%]	+23.78%,[- 4.33%]
3	Sandhar Technologies Limited	5,124.80	332.00	02-Apr-18	346.10	+19.59%, [+4.96%]	+15.41%,[+4.36%]	-4.20%, [+7.04%]
4	Hindustan Aeronautics Limited	41,131.33	1,215.00!	28-Mar-18	1,152.00	-6.96%, [4.98%]	-25.84%, [+6.41%]	-28.24%, [+8.44%]
5	Bandhan Bank Limited	44,730.19	375.00	27-Mar-18	499.00	+31.81%, [3.79%]	+42.53%, [+5.68%]	+46.07%, [+7.69%]
6	Aster DM Healthcare Limited	9801.00	190.00	26-Feb-18	183.00	-13.66%, [-3.77%]	-5.39%, [+1.00%]	-8.16%, [+9.21%]
7	Khadim India Limited	5,430.57	750.00	14-Nov-17	730.00	-10.40%,[+0.06%]	-6.47%, [+3.47%]	+10.21%, [+6.09%]
8	The New India Assurance Company Limited	18,933.96	800 <sup>\$</sup>	13-Nov-17	750.00	-27.91%,[+0.15%]	-7.81%, [+3.08%]	-13.06%, [+5.69%]
9	Mahindra Logistics Limited	8,288.84	429^	10-Nov-17	429.00	+2.49%,[0.00%]	+9.48%,[+1.50%]	+21.00%, [+3.84%]
10	Reliance Nippon Life Asset Management Limited	15,422.40	252	06-Nov-17	295.90	+3.61%[-3.19%]	+8.12%,[+2.05%]	-4.21, [+1.59%]

#### Notes:

Issue Size derived from Prospectus/final post issue reports, as available.

#### 2. Summary statement of price information of past issues(during current financial year and two financial years preceding the current financial year) handled by Axis Capital Limited

Financi	Total no. of IPOs	Total funds	Nos. of IPOs trading at discount on as on 30th calendar days from listing date  Nos. of IPOs trading at premium on as on 30th calendar days from listing date					n 30th from	disc	of IPOs tra ount as on endar days listing dat	180th from	Nos. of IPOs trading at premium as on 180th calendar days from listing date		
al Year		raised (₹ in Millions)	Over 50%	Betwee n 25%- 50%	Les s tha n 25 %	Ove r 50 %	Betwee n 25%- 50%	Less tha n 25 %	Ove r 50%	Betwee n 25%- 50%	Less than 25%	Ove r 50%	Betwee n 25%- 50%	Les s tha n 25 %
2018- 2019*	3	37,795.13	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
2017-2018	18	492,662.22	-	1	9	1	3	4	-	2	7	4	2	3
2016-2017	10	111,252.85	-	-	1	4	2	3	-	-	-	7	1	2

<sup>\*</sup> The information is as on the date of the document

The information for each of the financial years is based on issues listed during such financial year.

Note: Since 30 calendar days and 180 calendar days, as applicable, from listing date has not elapsed for few of the above issues, data for same is not available.

## **Morgan Stanley India Company Private Limited**

1. Price information of past issues (during the current Financial Year and two Financial Years preceding the current Financial Year) handled by Morgan Stanley India Company Private Limited.

Source: www.nseindia.com
\* Offer Price was 465.00 per equity share to Retail Individual Bidders and Eligible Employees

<sup>^</sup>Offer Price was ₹ 387.00 per equity share to eligible employees

Soffer Price was ₹770.00 per equity share to retail individual bidders and eligible employees! Offer Price was ₹1,190.00 per equity share to retail individual bidders and eligible employees

The CNX NIFTY is considered as the Benchmark Index.

Price on NSE is considered for all of the above calculations. In case 30th/90th/180th day is not a trading day, closing price on NSE of the next trading day has been considered. d.

Since 30 calendar days, 90 calendar days and 180 calendar days, as applicable, from listing date has not elapsed for few of the above issues, data for same

S. No.	Issue Name	Issue Size (₹ in million)	Issue Price (₹)	Listing Date	Opening Price on Listing Date	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 30th calendar days from listing (3) (4)	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 90th calendar days from listing (3) (4)	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 180th calendar days from listing (3) (4) (5)
1.	HDFC Asset Management Company Limited	28,003	1,100	August 06, 2018	1,726.25	58.0% (1.4%)	29.6% (-7.4%)	23.8% (-4.1%)
2.	Indostar Capital Finance	18,440	572	May 21, 2018	600.00	-1.0% (1.1%)	-15.9% (9.0%)	-40.0% (0.8%)
3.	HDFC Standard Life Insurance Company Limited	86,950	290	November 17, 2017	310.00	30.2% (1.7%)	48.9% (2.8%)	74.7% (5.7%)
4.	PNB Housing Finance Limited <sup>(6)</sup>	30,000	775	November 07, 2016	860.00	11.7% (-3.4%)	26.9% (4.4%)	70.5% (10.1%)
5.	RBL Bank Limited	12,130	225	August 31, 2016	274.20	27.1% (-1.8%)	57.0% (-7.1%)	107.9% (1.7%)

#### Notes:

- 1. Benchmark index considered is NIFTY50
- 2. Issue Size is as per the prospectus filed with SEBI with the figures rounded off to the nearest decimal point
- 3. If the 30th/90th/180th day falls on a trading holiday then pricing information on the immediate next trading day has been considered
- 4. Pricing Performance for the company is calculated as per the final offer price
- 5. Pricing Performance for the benchmark index is calculated as per the close on the day prior to the listing date
- 6. A discount of INR 75.0 was offered to employee investors
- 2. Summary statement of price information of past issues (during the current Financial Year and two Financial Years preceding the current Financial Year) handled by Morgan Stanley India Company Private Limited

Fina ncial Year	Total no. of	Total amount of funds	No. of IPOs trading at discount - 30th calendar days from listing				No. of IPOs trading at premium - 30th calendar days from listing			No. of IPOs trading at discount - 180th calendar days from listing			No. of IPOs trading at premium - 180th calendar days from listing		
	IPOs	raised (₹ in million)	Over 50%	Betwee n 25- 50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Betwee n 25- 50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Betwee n 25- 50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Betwee n 25- 50%	Less than 25%	
2018- 19*	2	46,443	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	
2017- 18	1	86,950	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	
2016- 17	2	42,130	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	

Source: www.nseindia.com; for price information and prospectus/basis of allotment for issue details.

## Track record of past issues handled by the BRLM

For details regarding the track record of the BRLM, as specified under circular reference CIR/MIRSD/1/2012 dated January 10, 2012 issued by the SEBI, see the websites of the BRLM mentioned below.

BRLM	Website
JM Financial Limited	https://jmfl.com
Morgan Stanley India Company Private Limited	www.morganstanley.com/about-us/globaloffices/india
Axis Capital Limited	http://www.axiscapital.co.in

# Caution - Disclaimer from our Company, our Directors, the Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs

Our Company, our Directors and the BRLMs accept no responsibility for statements made otherwise than in this Prospectus or in the advertisements or any other material issued by or at our instance and anyone placing reliance on any other source of information, including our website, www.chalethotels.com, or any website of any of the members of our Promoter Group, Subsidiary, Group Companies or any affiliate of our Company or any of the Selling Shareholders, would be doing so at his or her own risk. Each Selling Shareholder, their respective directors, affiliates, associates and officers accept no responsibility for any statements made in this Prospectus, or undertakings provided other than those made by the respective Selling Shareholders in relation to themselves and/or the Equity Shares offered by such Selling Shareholder through the Offer for Sale.

The BRLMs accept no responsibility for any statements made in this Prospectus, save to the limited extent as provided in the Offer Agreement and the Underwriting Agreement.

All information shall be made available by our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs to the Bidders and public at large and no selective or additional information would be made available by our Company or the Selling Shareholders or the BRLMs for a section of the investors in any manner whatsoever, including at road show presentations, in research or sales reports, at Bidding Centres or elsewhere. Each of the Selling Shareholders (severally and not jointly) will ensure that Bidders in India are informed of material developments in relation to the statements relating to and undertakings specifically confirmed or undertaken by such Selling Shareholder in relation to itself or its respective portion of the Offered Shares in the Red Herring Prospectus until the receipt of final listing and trading approvals by the Stock Exchanges, for the Equity Shares being issued by our Company and being offered by the Selling Shareholders pursuant to the Offer.

Neither our Company, the Selling Shareholders nor any member of the Syndicate shall be liable to the Bidders for any failure in (i) uploading the Bids, due to faults in any software or hardware system, or otherwise and (ii) the blocking of application amount by RIIs bank on receipt of instruction from the Sponsor Bank on account of any errors, omissions or non-compliance by various parties involved in, or any other fault, malfunctioning or breakdown in, or otherwise, in the UPI mechanism.

Each of the BRLMs and their respective associates and affiliates, in its capacity as principal or agent, is and may in the future be involved in a wide range of commercial banking and investment banking activities globally (including investment advisory, asset management, research, securities issuance, trading (customer and proprietary) and brokerage). Certain of the BRLMs and/or their respective associates and affiliates has engaged, and may in the future engage, in transactions with, and has performed, and may in the future perform, services for, our Company, the Selling Shareholders and their respective group companies, affiliates or associates or any third parties in the ordinary course of their commercial banking and investment banking activities, for which they have received, and may in the future receive, compensation. In addition, in the ordinary course of their commercial banking and investment banking activities, the BRLMs, and their respective associates and affiliates may at any time hold long or short positions, enter into asset swaps, credit derivatives or other derivative transactions relating to the Equity Shares, and may trade or otherwise effect transactions, for their own account or the accounts of their customers, in debt or equity securities (or related derivative instruments) or senior loans of our Company, the Selling Shareholders and/or any of their respective group companies, affiliates or associates or any third parties. As used herein, the term 'affiliate' means any person or entity that controls or is controlled by or is under common control with another person or entity.

Bidders have been required to confirm, and have been deemed to have represented to our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the Underwriters and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates and representatives that they are eligible under all applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the Equity Shares, and will not issue, sell, pledge or transfer the Equity Shares to any person who is not eligible under applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the Equity Shares. Our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the Underwriters and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates and representatives accept no responsibility or liability for advising any investor on whether such investor is eligible to acquire Equity Shares.

# Disclaimer in respect of jurisdiction

This Offer is being made in India to persons resident in India (including Indian nationals resident in India, Hindu Undivided Families ("HUFs"), companies, other corporate bodies and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorized to invest in equity shares, domestic Mutual Funds registered with the SEBI, Indian financial institutions, commercial banks, regional rural banks, co-operative banks (subject to permission from the RBI), systemically important non-banking financial companies or trusts under the applicable trust laws, and who are authorized under their respective constitutions to hold and invest in equity shares, public financial institutions as specified under Section 2(72) of the Companies Act, 2013, state industrial development corporations, permitted insurance companies registered with IRDAI, insurance funds, provident funds, national investment funds, venture capital funds and, to permitted non-residents including Eligible NRIs, Alternative Investment Funds ("AIFs"), Foreign Portfolio Investors registered with SEBI ("FPIs") and QIBs provided they are eligible under all applicable laws and regulations to purchase the Equity Shares. The Red Herring Prospectus and/or this Prospectus does not, however, constitute an offer to sell or an invitation to subscribe to Equity Shares offered hereby, in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make an offer or invitation in such jurisdiction. Any person into whose possession the Red Herring Prospectus and/or this Prospectus comes is required to inform himself or herself about,

and to observe, any such restrictions. Any dispute arising out of this Offer will be subject to the jurisdiction of appropriate court(s) at Mumbai, India only.

No action has been, or will be taken to permit a public offering in any jurisdiction where action would be required for that purpose, except that the Draft Red Herring Prospectus has been filed with SEBI for its observations. Accordingly, the Equity Shares represented hereby may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and the Red Herring Prospectus and/or this Prospectus may not be distributed, in any jurisdiction, except in accordance with the legal requirements applicable in such jurisdiction. Neither the delivery of the Red Herring Prospectus and/or this Prospectus, nor any offer or sale hereunder, shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in our affairs or in the affairs of the Selling Shareholders from the date hereof or that the information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to this date.

The Equity Shares offered in the Offer have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("U.S. Securities Act") or any state securities laws in the United States, and unless so registered may not be offered or sold within the United States, except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. Accordingly, such Equity Shares are being offered and sold (i) outside of the United States in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act and the applicable laws of the jurisdiction where those offers and sales occur; and (ii) to "qualified institutional buyers" (as defined in Rule 144A ("Rule 144A") under the U.S. Securities Act), pursuant to the private placement exemption set out in Section 4(a) of the U.S. Securities Act.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and Bids may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction.

Bidders are advised to ensure that any Bid from them does not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law. Bidders are also advised to ensure that they are eligible to apply in the Offer, under all applicable laws.

Further, each Bidder where required must agree in the Allotment Advice that such Bidder will not sell or transfer any Equity Shares or any economic interest therein, including any off-shore derivative instruments, such as participatory notes, issued against the Equity Shares or any similar security, other than pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act.

## Disclaimer Clause of the BSE

BSE Limited ("the Exchange") has given vide its letter dated July 25, 2018, permission to this Company to use the Exchange's name in this offer document as one of the stock exchanges on which this Company's securities are proposed to be listed. The Exchange has scrutinized this offer document for its limited internal purposes of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to this Company. The Exchange does not in any manner: -

- (a) warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this offer document; or
- (b) warrant that this Company's securities will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; or
- (c) take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of this Company, its promoters, its management or any scheme or project of this Company;

and it should not for any reason be deemed or construed that this offer document has been cleared or approved by the Exchange. Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquires any securities of this Company may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription/acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or for any other reason whatsoever.

#### **Disclaimer Clause of the NSE**

As required, a copy of this Offer Document has been submitted to National Stock Exchange of India Limited (hereinafter referred to as NSE). NSE has given vide its letter Ref.: NSE/LIST/227 dated July 25, 2018 permission to the Issuer to use the Exchange's name in this Offer Document as one of the Stock Exchanges on which this

Issuer's securities are proposed to be listed. The Exchange has scrutinized the draft offer document for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to this Issuer. It is to be distinctly understood that the aforesaid permission given by NSE should not in any way be deemed or construed that the offer document has been cleared or approved by NSE; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this offer document; nor does it warrant that this Issuer's securities will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of this Issuer, its promoters, its management or any scheme or project of this Issuer. Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquire any securities of this Issuer may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription /acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or any other reason whatsoever.

#### Filing

A copy of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus has been filed with the SEBI at Securities and Exchange Board of India, Plot No. C 4-A, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai - 400 051, Maharashtra, India.

A copy of the Red Herring Prospectus, along with the documents required to be filed, were delivered for registration to the RoC in accordance with Section 32 of the Companies Act, 2013, and a copy of this Prospectus required to be filed under Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be delivered for registration to the RoC situated at the address mentioned below.

The Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai 100 Everest, Marine Drive Mumbai 400 002 Maharashtra, India

## Listing

Applications will be made to the Stock Exchanges for obtaining permission for listing and trading of the Equity Shares being offered and sold in the Offer and NSE is the Designated Stock Exchange, with which the Basis of Allotment will be finalized for the Offer.

If the permissions to deal in and for an official quotation of the Equity Shares are not granted by the Stock Exchanges, our Company and Selling Shareholders shall forthwith repay all monies received from the applicants in pursuance of the Red Herring Prospectus and/or this Prospectus in accordance with applicable law. Our Company shall ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading of Equity Shares at the Stock Exchanges are taken within six Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date or such other period as may be prescribed by SEBI. If our Company does not allot Equity Shares pursuant to the Offer within six Working Days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date or within such timeline as prescribed by SEBI, it shall repay without interest all monies received from Bidders, failing which interest shall be due to be paid to the Bidders at the rate of 15% per annum for the delayed period. For the avoidance of doubt, subject to applicable law, a Selling Shareholder shall not be responsible to pay interest for any delay, except to the extent such delay has been caused solely or directly attributable to an act or omission of such Selling Shareholder.

Each Selling Shareholder, severally and not jointly, undertakes to provide such reasonable support and extend reasonable cooperation as may be requested by our Company and the BRLMs, to the extent such support and cooperation is required from such Selling Shareholder to facilitate the process of listing and commencement of trading of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges within six Working Days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date or such other period as may be prescribed by SEBI.

#### **Impersonation**

Attention of the Bidders is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013, which is reproduced below:

"Any person who -

(a) makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities, or

- (b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or
- (c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name,

shall be liable for action under section 447."

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act, 2013 includes imprisonment for a term of not less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount.

#### **Consents**

Consents in writing of (a) the Selling Shareholders, our Directors, the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, the legal counsel appointed in relation to the Offer, the bankers to our Company, the Bankers to the Offer, lenders (where such consent is required), industry sources, independent chartered accountants, Independent Architect, the BRLMs and Registrar to the Offer have been obtained; and (b) the Syndicate Member, Bankers to the Offer/ Escrow Bank, Public Offer Account Bank, Sponsor Bank and Refund Bank to act in their respective capacities, will be obtained and filed along with a copy of this Prospectus with the RoC, as required under Sections 26 and 32 of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, such consents shall not be withdrawn up to the time of delivery of this Prospectus with the RoC.

Our Company has received consent of our Statutory Auditors, B S R & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants, to include their name in this Prospectus and as an "Expert" defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the reports of the Auditors on the Restated Summary Financial Information dated December 20, 2018 and the statement of tax benefits dated January 23, 2019 included in this Prospectus but not construing to be "experts" as defined under the U.S. Securities Act.

Our Company has also received a consent from P. Surendra Prabhu, Independent Architect, to include his name in this Prospectus as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) read with Section 26(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect to the architect certificate.

## **Offer Expenses**

For details of the Offer related expenses, see "Objects of the Offer - Offer Related Expenses" on page 124.

## Fees, Brokerage and Selling Commission

The total fees payable to the Syndicate Member (including underwriting and selling commissions), and reimbursement of their out of pocket expenses, will be as stated in the Syndicate Agreement dated January 22, 2019, executed among our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the members of the Syndicate, a copy of which was available for inspection at our Registered Office, from 10.00 am to 4.00 p.m. on Working Days from the date of filing the Red Herring Prospectus until the Bid/Offer Closing Date.

### Fees Payable to the Registrar to the Offer

The fees payable to the Registrar to the Offer, including fees for processing of Bid cum Application Forms, data entry, printing of Allotment Advice, CAN, refund order, preparation of refund data on magnetic tape and printing of bulk mailing register, will be as per the Registrar Agreement, a copy of which was made available for inspection at our Registered and Corporate Office on Working Days from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. from the date of the Red Herring Prospectus until the Bid/Offer Closing Date.

## Particulars regarding Public or Rights Issues during the Last Five Years

There have been no public issues or rights issues undertaken by our Company during the five years immediately preceding the date of this Prospectus.

## Commission payable to SCSBs, Registered Brokers, CRTAs and CDPs

For details of the commission payable to SCSBs, Registered Brokers, CRTAs and CDPs, see "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 119.

## Commission or Brokerage on Previous Issues

Since this is the initial public offering of the Equity Shares of our Company, no sum has been paid or has been payable as commission or brokerage for subscribing to or procuring or agreeing to procure public subscription for any of our Equity Shares, since the incorporation of our Company.

#### Previous Issues Otherwise than for Cash

Except as disclosed in "Capital Structure" on page 92, our Company has not issued any Equity Shares for consideration otherwise than for cash.

#### **Capital Issues in the Preceding Three Years**

Except as disclosed in "Capital Structure" on page 92, our Company has not made any capital issues during the three years immediately preceding the date of this Prospectus.

#### Performance vis-à-vis Objects

Our Company has not undertaken any public issue or rights issue in the 10 years immediately preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

## Performance vis- à-vis Objects: Last issue of listed Group Companies and Subsidiary

None of our Subsidiary or Group Companies are listed on any Stock Exchanges

#### **Outstanding Debentures, Bonds or Redeemable Preference Shares**

Other than as disclosed in "Capital Structure" on page 92, Our Company does not have any outstanding debentures, bonds or redeemable preference shares, as on the date of this Prospectus.

## **Partly Paid-Up Shares**

As on the date of this Prospectus, there are no partly paid-up Equity Shares of our Company.

## **Stock Market Data of the Equity Shares**

This being the initial public offering of the Equity Shares of our Company, the Equity Shares are not listed on any stock exchange as on the date of this Prospectus, and accordingly, no stock market data is available for the Equity Shares.

## **Mechanism for Redressal of Investor Grievances**

The Registrar Agreement provides for retention of records with the Registrar to the Offer for a minimum period of eight years from the date of listing and commencement of trading of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges, in order to enable the investors to approach the Registrar to the Offer for redressal of their grievances.

Investors may contact the BRLMs for any complaint pertaining to the Offer. All grievances, other than by Anchor Investors, may be addressed to the Registrar to the Offer, with a copy to the relevant Designated Intermediary, where the Bid cum Application Form was submitted, quoting the full name of the sole or First Bidder, Bid cum Application Form number, Bidders' DP ID, Client ID, PAN, address of the Bidder, number of Equity Shares applied for, date of Bid cum Application Form, name and address of the relevant Designated Intermediary, where the Bid was submitted and ASBA Account number (for Bidders other than RIIs bidding through the UPI mechanism) in which the amount equivalent to the Bid Amount was blocked or UPI ID in case of RIIs applying through the UPI mechanism. Further, the Bidder shall enclose the Acknowledgement Slip or provide the acknowledgement number received from the Designated Intermediaries in addition to the documents/information mentioned hereinabove.

All grievances of the Anchor Investors may be addressed to the Registrar to the Offer, giving full details such as the name of the sole or First Bidder, Bid cum Application Form number, Bidders DP' ID, Client ID, PAN, date of the Bid cum Application Form, address of the Bidder, number of the Equity Shares applied for, Bid amount paid on submission of the Bid cum Application Form and the name and address of the BRLMs where the Bid cum Application Form was submitted by the Anchor Investor.

Our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the BRLMs and the Registrar accept no responsibility for errors, omissions, commission of any acts of the Designated Intermediaries, including any defaults in complying with its obligations under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

Our Company has not received any investor complaint during the three years preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and there are no outstanding investor complaints against our Company as on the date of this Prospectus.

# Disposal of Investor Grievances by our Company

We estimate that the average time required by our Company and/or the Registrar to the Offer for the redressal of routine investor grievances shall be seven Working Days from the date of receipt of the complaint. In case of non-routine complaints and complaints where external agencies are involved, our Company will seek to redress these complaints as expeditiously as possible.

Our Company has appointed Christabelle Baptista as our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer. Christabelle Baptista may be contacted in case of any pre-Offer or post-Offer related grievances, at the address set forth hereunder.

Raheja Tower, Plot No.C-30 Block 'G', Next to Bank of Baroda, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East) Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India

**Tel:** +91 22 2656 5496 **Fax:** +91 22 2656 5451

E-mail: companysecretary@chalethotels.com

The Selling Shareholders have authorized the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our Company and the Registrar to the Offer to redress any complaints received from Bidders in respect of their respective portion of the Offered Shares.

Further, our Board has constituted the Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprising our Directors, Conrad D'Souza, Neel C. Raheja, Ravi C. Raheja and Rajeev Newar, which is responsible for redressal of grievances of the security holders of our Company. For more information, see "*Management - Board committees - Stakeholders' Relationship Committee*" on page 199.

# Disposal of investor grievances by listed companies under the same management

As on the date of this Prospectus, none of the companies under the same management as of our Company are listed on any stock exchange. Accordingly, the requirement to disclose details of investor grievances by listed companies under the same management as our Company, does not apply.

# Changes in auditors

Except as described below, there has been no change in our statutory auditors for the last three years:

Name of Auditor	Date of	,	Date of	Reason for Change
	appointme	nt	Resignation/Completion of tenure	
M/s B S R & Co. LLP	September	22,	-	Appointed as the Statutory Auditors
Chartered Accountants	2017			
Deloitte Haskins & Sells	September	29,	September 22, 2017	Expiry of term
LLP	2016		_	

# **Capitalization of Reserves or Profits**

Our Company has not capitalized its reserves or profits at any time during the five years immediately preceding the date of this Prospectus.

# **Revaluation of Assets**

Other than the revaluation of its freehold land in fiscal 2017 by an independent registered appraiser, our Company has not revalued its assets at any time during the last five years preceding the date of filing this Prospectus. For further details, please see "Summary Financial Information" on page 259 of this Prospectus.

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#### SECTION VII - OFFER RELATED INFORMATION

## **OFFER STRUCTURE**

Initial public offering of 58,613,571 Equity Shares for cash at price of ₹ 280 per Equity Share (including a premium of ₹ 270 per Equity Share) aggregating to ₹ 16,411.80 million comprising a Fresh Issue of 33,928,571 Equity Shares aggregating to ₹ 9,500 million by our Company and Offer for Sale of 24,685,000 Equity Shares aggregating to ₹ 6,911.80 million by the Selling Shareholders. The Offer constitutes 28.59 % of the post-Offer paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company. In terms of Rule 19(2) (b) (iii) of the SCRR read with Regulation 41 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the Offer is being made for at least 10% of the post-Offer paid up equity share capital of our Company.

The Offer is being made through the Book Building Process.

	QIBs*	Non-Institutional Investors	Retail Individual Investors
Number of Equity Shares available for allocation**	29,306,785 Equity Shares	Not less than 8,792,036 Equity Shares or Offer less allocation to QIBs and Retail Individual Investors	Not less than 20,514,750 Equity Shares or Offer less allocation to QIBs and Non-Institutional Investors
Percentage of Offer size available for allocation	Not more than 50% of the Offer were available for allocation to QIBs. Up to 5% of the QIB Category (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion) was available for allocation proportionately to Mutual Funds only. Mutual Funds participating in the Mutual Fund Portion were also eligible for allocation in the balance QIB Category	Not less than 15% of the Offer or the Offer less allocation to QIBs and Retail Individual Investor was available for allocation	Not less than 35% of the Offer or the Offer less allocation to QIBs and Non Institutional Investors was available for allocation
Basis of Allotment if respective category is oversubscribed	Proportionate as follows (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion):  (a) 586,136 Equity Shares were available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only; and  (b) 11,136,578 Equity Shares were available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIBs, including Mutual Funds receiving allocation as per (a) above	Proportionate	Allotment to each Retail Individual Investor was not less than the minimum Bid Lot, subject to availability of Equity Shares in the Retail Portion and the remaining available Equity Shares if any, which have been allotted on a proportionate basis. For details, see "Offer Procedure – Part B – Allotment Procedure and Basis of Allotment – Allotment to RIIs" on page 735.
Mode of Bidding		BBA process only (other than An	ichor Investors)
Minimum Bid	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 53 Equity Shares so that the Bid Amount exceeds ₹ 200,000	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 53 Equity Shares so that the Bid Amount exceeds ₹ 200,000	53 Equity Shares
Maximum Bid	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 53 Equity Shares so that the Bid does not exceed the Offer, subject to applicable limits	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 53 Equity Shares so that the Bid does not exceed the Offer (excluding QIB portion), subject to applicable limits	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 53 Equity Shares so that the Bid Amount does not exceed ₹ 200,000
Mode of Allotment	(	Compulsorily in dematerialized f	Corm
Bid Lot		res and in multiples of 53 Equity	
Allotment Lot	53 Equity Shar	res and in multiples of one Equit	y Share thereafter
Trading Lot	D.11. C	One Equity Share	B
Who can Apply***	Public financial institutions specified in Section 2(72) of the Companies Act, FPIs (other than category III FPIs), scheduled commercial banks, mutual funds	Resident Indian individuals, HUFs (in the name of Karta), companies, corporate bodies, Eligible NRIs, societies and trusts	Resident Indian individuals, HUFs (in the name of the Karta) and Eligible NRIs

	QIBs*	Non-Institutional Investors	Retail Individual Investors
	registered with the SEBI, venture capital funds registered with	, , ,	
	SEBI, Alternative Investment	registered with SEST	
	Funds, state industrial		
	development corporations,		
	systemically important non-		
	banking financial companies,		
	insurance companies registered		
	with IRDAI, provident funds with		
	a minimum corpus of ₹ 250		
	million, pension funds with a		
	minimum corpus of ₹ 250 million,		
	the National Investment Fund set		
	up by resolution F. No. 2/3/2005-		
	DD-II dated November 23, 2005		
	of the GoI, published in the		
	Gazette of India, insurance funds		
	set up and managed by the army, navy, or air force of the Union of		
	India and insurance funds set up		
	and managed by the Department		
	of Posts, India		
of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Rid Amount shall be payable by	the Anchor Investors at the time of
****	in case of finemor investors. I am	Dia i inioani shan be payable by	the fine of myestors at the time of

Terms of Payment\*\*\*\* *In case of Anchor Investors:* Full Bid Amount shall be payable by the Anchor Investors at the time of submission of their Bids

*In case of all other Bidders*: Full Bid Amount shall be blocked by the SCSBs in the bank account of the Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) that is specified in the ASBA Form at the time of the submission of the Bid cum Application Form

\*\*This Offer is being made in accordance with Rule 19(2) (b) of the SCRR, through the Book Building Process wherein not more than 50% of the Offer was Allotted to QIBs on a proportionate basis, provided that the Anchor Investor Portion may be allocated on a discretionary basis, as mentioned above. Further, not less than 15% of the Offer was available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Non-Institutional Investors subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price. Further, not less than 35% of the Offer was available for allocation to Retail Individual Investors in accordance with SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price. Undersubscription, if any, in any category, except the QIB Category, was allowed to be met with spill-over from any other category or categories, as applicable, on a proportionate basis, at the discretion of our Company in consultation with the BRLMs and the Designated Stock Exchange, subject to applicable laws.

\*\*\*If the Bid was submitted in joint names, the Bid cum Application Form was required to contain only the name of the first Bidder whose name was also required to appear as the first holder of the depository account held in joint names. The signature of only the first Bidder was required in the Bid cum Application Form and such first Bidder was deemed to have signed on behalf of the joint holders. Further, other non-residents such as FVCIs, multilateral and bilateral development financial institutions and NRI's applying on a repatriation basis were not permitted to participate in the Offer. As per the existing policy of the Government, OCBs cannot participate in this Offer.

\*\*\*\*Full Bid Amount was payable by the Anchor Investors at the time of submission of the Bid cum Application Form, provided that any difference between the price at which Equity Shares are allocated to the Anchor Investors and the Anchor Investor Offer Price, was payable by the Anchor Investor Pay-in Date as mentioned in the CAN.

Bidders were required to confirm and will be deemed to have represented to our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the Underwriters, their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates and representatives that they are eligible under applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the Equity Shares.

In accordance with the FEMA Regulations, participation by non-residents in the Offer is restricted to participation by (i) FPIs under Schedule 2 of the FEMA Regulations, in accordance with applicable law, in the Offer subject to limit of the individual holding of an FPI below 10% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company and the aggregate limit for FPI investment not exceeding 24% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company; and (ii) Eligible NRIs only on non-repatriation basis under Schedule 4 of the FEMA Regulations, in accordance with

<sup>\*</sup>Our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLM, allocated 60% of the QIB Category to Anchor Investors at the price at which allocation is made to Anchor Investors, on a discretionary basis, subject to there being (i) a maximum of two Anchor Investors, where allocation in the Anchor Investor Portion is up to ₹ 100 million, (ii) minimum of two and maximum of 15 Anchor Investors, where the allocation under the Anchor Investor Portion is more than ₹ 100 million but up to ₹ 2,500 million under the Anchor Investor Portion, subject to a minimum Allotment of ₹ 50 million per Anchor Investor, and (iii) in case of allocation above ₹ 2,500 million under the Anchor Investor Portion, a minimum of five such investors and a maximum of 15 Anchor Investors for allocation up to ₹ 2,500 million, and an additional 10 Anchor Investors for every additional ₹ 2,500 million or part thereof will be permitted, subject to minimum allotment of ₹ 50 million per Anchor Investor. An Anchor Investor was required to make a minimum Bid of such number of Equity Shares, that the Bid Amount is at least ₹ 100 million. One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion was reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the price at which allocation is being made to other Anchor Investors, which price has been determined by our Company and Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRI.Ms.

applicable law, subject to limit of the individual holding of an NRI below 5% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company and the aggregate limit for NRI investment to 10% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company. Further, other non-residents such as FVCIs and multilateral and bilateral development financial institutions are not permitted to participate in the Offer. As per the existing policy of the Government, OCBs cannot participate in this Offer.

# Withdrawal of the Offer

Our Company and the Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs, reserve the right to not proceed with the Offer at any time after the Bid/Offer Opening Date but before Allotment. If our Company and the Selling Shareholders withdraw the Offer, our Company will issue a public notice within two days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date or such time as may be prescribed by SEBI, providing reasons for not proceeding with the Offer. The BRLMs, through the Registrar to the Offer, will instruct the SCSBs and Sponsor Banks, as applicable, to unblock the ASBA Accounts within one Working Day from the day of receipt of such instruction. The notice of withdrawal will be issued in the same newspapers where the pre-Offer advertisements have appeared and the Stock Exchanges will also be informed promptly.

If our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, withdraw the Offer after the Bid/Offer Closing Date and thereafter determine that they will proceed with a public offering of Equity Shares, a fresh draft red herring prospectus will be filed and/or submitted with SEBI and the Stock Exchanges.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Offer is also subject to obtaining (i) the final listing and trading approvals of the Stock Exchanges, which our Company will apply for only after Allotment and within six Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date; and (ii) the final RoC approval of this Prospectus after it is filed and/or submitted with the RoC and the Stock Exchanges.

#### TERMS OF THE OFFER

The Equity Shares offered and Allotted in the Offer will be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the SCRA, the SCRR, the MoA, the Articles of Association, the SEBI Listing Regulations, the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus, the Bid cum Application Form, the Revision Form, the CAN, the abridged prospectus and other terms and conditions as may be incorporated in the Allotment Advice and other documents and certificates that may be executed in respect of the Offer. The Equity Shares are also subject to all applicable laws, guidelines, rules, notifications and regulations relating to issue and offer for sale and listing and trading of securities, issued from time to time, by the SEBI, GoI, Stock Exchanges, the RoC, the RBI and/or other authorities to the extent applicable or such other conditions as maybe prescribed by such governmental and/or regulatory authority while granting approval for the Offer.

## **Ranking of Equity Shares**

The Equity Shares being issued and transferred pursuant to the Offer will be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations, the MoA and the Articles of Association and will rank *pari passu* in all respects with the existing Equity Shares of our Company, including in respect of dividends and other corporate benefits, if any, declared by our Company, after the date of Allotment. For more information, see "*Main Provisions of the Articles of Association*" on page 749.

#### Mode of Payment of Dividend

Our Company will pay dividend, if declared, to our equity shareholders, as per the provisions of the Companies Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations, our MoA and the Articles of Association, and any guidelines or directives that may be issued by the GoI in this respect. Any dividends declared, after the date of Allotment (including pursuant to the transfer of Equity Shares from the Offer for Sale) in this Offer, will be payable to the Allottees, in accordance with applicable law. For more information, see "Dividend Policy" and "Main Provisions of our Articles of Association" on pages 257 and 749, respectively.

#### **Face Value and Price Band**

The face value of each Equity Share is ₹ 10. At any given point of time there will be only one denomination for the Equity Shares. The Floor Price of each Equity Share is ₹ 275 and the Cap Price of each Equity Share is ₹ 280.

The Price Band and the minimum Bid Lot were decided by our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs and published at least two Working Days prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date, in all editions of The Financial Express (an English national daily newspaper) and all editions of Jansatta (a Hindi national daily newspaper) and Mumbai edition of Navshakti, a Marathi newspaper (Marathi being the regional language of Maharashtra, where our Registered Office is located), each with wide circulation, and were made available to the Stock Exchanges for the purpose of uploading on their websites. The Price Band, along with the relevant financial ratios calculated at the Floor Price and at the Cap Price were pre-filled in the Bid-cum-Application Forms available at the website of the Stock Exchanges.

# Rights of the Equity Shareholder

Subject to applicable law and our Articles of Association, the Equity Shareholders will have the following rights:

- Right to receive dividend, if declared.
- Right to attend general meetings and exercise voting powers, unless prohibited by law.
- Right to vote on a poll either in person or by proxy or e-voting.
- Right to receive offers for rights shares and be allotted bonus shares, if announced.
- Right to receive any surplus on liquidation subject to any statutory and preferential claims being satisfied.
- Right of free transferability of their Equity Shares, subject to applicable foreign exchange regulations and other applicable law.
- Such other rights as may be available to a shareholder of a listed public company under the Companies

Act, the terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations and our MoA and Articles of Association and other applicable laws.

For a detailed description of the main provisions of our Articles of Association relating to voting rights, dividend, forfeiture, lien, transfer, transmission, consolidation and splitting, see "*Main Provisions of the Articles of Association*" on page 749.

# **Market Lot and Trading Lot**

In terms of Section 29 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Equity Shares will be Allotted only in dematerialized form. As per the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the trading of our Equity Shares will only be in dematerialized form.

Since trading of our Equity Shares is in dematerialized form, the tradable lot is one Equity Share. Allotment in the Offer will be only in dematerialized form in multiples of one Equity Share. For details of the Basis of Allotment, see "Offer Procedure" on page 693.

#### Joint Holders

Where two or more persons are registered as the holders of any Equity Shares, they will be deemed to hold such Equity Shares as joint-tenants with benefits of survivorship.

#### Jurisdiction

Exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of the Offer is with the competent courts/authorities in Mumbai.

# Period of operation of subscription list

See "- Bid/Offer Period" on page 691.

#### Nomination facility

In accordance with Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended, the sole or first Bidder, with other joint Bidders, may nominate any one person in whom, in the event of the death of sole Bidder or in case of joint Bidders, death of all the Bidders, as the case may be, the Equity Shares Allotted, if any, will vest. A nominee entitled to the Equity Shares by reason of the death of the original holder(s), will, in accordance with Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, be entitled to the same benefits to which he or she will be entitled if he or she were the registered holder of the Equity Shares. Where the nominee is a minor, the holder(s) may make a nomination to appoint, in the prescribed manner, any person to become entitled to Equity Share(s) in the event of the holder's death during minority. A nomination may be cancelled, or varied by nominating any other person in place of the present nominee, by the holder of the Equity Shares who has made the nomination, by giving a notice of such cancellation or variation to our Company in the prescribed form. A fresh nomination can be made only on the prescribed form, which is available on request at our Registered and Corporate Office, or with the CRTA of our Company.

Further, any person who becomes a nominee by virtue of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, will, on the production of such evidence as may be required by our Board, elect either:

- to register himself or herself as holder of Equity Shares; or
- to make such transfer of the Equity Shares, as the deceased holder could have made.

Further, our Board may at any time give notice requiring any nominee to choose either to be registered himself or herself or to transfer the Equity Shares, and if the notice is not complied with within a period of 90 days, our Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividend, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the Equity Shares, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Since the Allotment of Equity Shares in the Offer will be made only in dematerialized form, there is no need to make a separate nomination with our Company. Nominations registered with the respective Depository Participant of the Bidder will prevail. If Bidders want to change their nomination, they are advised to inform their respective Depository Participant.

#### **Bid/Offer Period**

BID/OFFER OPENED ON*	Tuesday, January 29, 2019			
BID/OFFER CLOSED ON	Thursday, January 31, 2019			
FINALIZATION OF BASIS OF ALLOTMENT	On or about Tuesday, February 05, 2019			
INITIATION OF REFUNDS FOR ANCHOR	On or about Wednesday, February 06,			
INVESTORS/UNBLOCKING OF FUNDS	2019			
CREDIT OF EQUITY SHARES TO DEPOSITORY ACCOUNTS OF	On or about Thursday, February 07,			
ALLOTTEES	2019			
COMMENCEMENT OF TRADING	On or about Friday, February 08, 2019			

<sup>\*</sup>The Anchor Investor Bidding Date was one Working Day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date, i.e. Monday, January 28, 2019.

While our Company will use best efforts to ensure that listing and trading of our Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges commences within six Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date or such other period as may be prescribed by SEBI, the timetable may be subject to change for various reasons, including extension of Bid/Offer Period by our Company and Selling Shareholders, due to revision of the Price Band, any delays in receipt of final listing and trading approvals from the Stock Exchanges, delay in receipt of final certificates from SCSBs, etc. The commencement of trading of the Equity Shares will be entirely at the discretion of the Stock Exchanges in accordance with applicable law. Each Selling Shareholder confirms that it shall extend reasonable cooperation required by our Company and the BRLMs for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading of the Equity Shares at the Stock Exchanges within six Working Days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date or such other period as may be prescribed by SEBI.

SEBI is in the process of streamlining and reducing the post issue timeline for IPOs. Any circulars or notifications from SEBI after the date of this Prospectus may result in change of the above mentioned timelines.

Except in relation to Anchor Investors, Bids and any revision in Bids were accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the Bid/Offer Period at the Bidding Centers, except that on the Bid/Offer Closing Date, Bids were accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until (i) 4.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) for Bids by QIBs and Non-Institutional Investors; and (ii) 5.00 p.m. or such extended time as permitted by the Stock Exchanges (Indian Standard Time) in case of Bids by Retail Individual Investors. On the Bid/Offer Closing Date, extension of time could be granted by the Stock Exchanges only for uploading Bids received from Retail Individual Investors after taking into account the total number of Bids received up to closure of timings for acceptance of Bid cum Application Forms as stated herein and reported by the BRLMs to the Stock Exchanges.

Due to limitation of time available for uploading Bids on the Bid/Offer Closing Date, Bidders were advised to submit Bids one day prior to the Bid/Offer Closing Date and, in any case, no later than 1.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on the Bid/Offer Closing Date. Bidders are cautioned that if a large number of Bids are received on the Bid/Offer Closing Date, as is typically experienced in public issues, which may lead to some Bids not being uploaded due to lack of sufficient time to upload, such Bids that cannot be uploaded on the electronic bidding system will not be considered for allocation in the Offer. It was clarified that Bids not uploaded on the electronic bidding system or in respect of which the full Bid Amount is not blocked by the SCSBs would be rejected. Our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the members of Syndicate will not be responsible for any failure in uploading Bids due to faults in any hardware/software system or otherwise. Bids will be accepted only on Working Days. Investors may please note that as per letters dated July 3, 2006 and July 6, 2006, issued by the BSE and NSE respectively, Bids and any revisions in Bids shall not be accepted on Saturdays and public holidays as declared by the Stock Exchanges.

In case of discrepancy in data entered in the electronic book vis-à-vis data contained in the Bid cum Application Form for a particular Bidder, the details as per the Bid file received from the Stock Exchanges shall be taken as the final data for the purpose of Allotment.

### **Minimum Subscription**

If our Company does not receive (i) the minimum subscription of 90% of the Fresh Issue; and (ii) a subscription in the Offer equivalent to up to at least 10% post-Offer paid up Equity Share capital of our Company (the minimum number of securities as specified under Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR and Regulation 41 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, including through devolvement to the Underwriters, if any, within sixty (60) days from the date of

Bid/Offer Closing Date, our Company shall forthwith refund the entire subscription amount received. If there is a delay beyond the prescribed time, our Company shall pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum, for the delayed period, in accordance with the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014, as amended. The requirement for minimum subscription is not applicable to the Offer for Sale.

In the event of an undersubscription in the Offer, Equity Shares offered pursuant to the Fresh Issue shall be allocated in the Offer, prior to the Equity Shares offered pursuant to the Offer for Sale. The Selling Shareholders agree and acknowledge that in the event that any Equity Shares are not sold in the Offer for Sale on account of under-subscription, such unsold Equity Shares shall be subject to lock-in in accordance with this Prospectus and the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

Further, our Company shall ensure that the number of prospective allottees to whom the Equity Shares will be Allotted will be not less than 1,000.

It is clarified that, subject to applicable law, none of the Selling Shareholders shall be liable to pay any amounts as interest for any delay, unless such default or delay has been caused solely and directly by an act or omission attributable to such Selling Shareholder.

# **Arrangement for Disposal of Odd Lots**

Since our Equity Shares will be traded in dematerialised form only and the market lot for our Equity Shares will be one Equity Share, no arrangements for disposal of odd lots are required.

#### **Restriction on Transfer of Shares**

Except for lock-in of pre-Offer equity shareholding, Promoters' Contribution and Anchor Investor lock-in in the Offer, as detailed in "Capital Structure" on page 92 and as provided in our Articles as detailed in "Main Provisions of the Articles of Association" on page 749, there are no restrictions on transfers and transmission of Equity Shares and/or on their consolidation/splitting.

# Option to receive Equity Shares in Dematerialized Form

Allotment of Equity Shares to successful Bidders will only be in the dematerialized form. Bidders will not have the option of Allotment of the Equity Shares in physical form. The Equity Shares on Allotment will be traded only in the dematerialized segment of the Stock Exchanges.

# **OFFER PROCEDURE**

All Bidders should review the General Information Document for Investing in Public Issues prepared and issued in accordance with the circular (CIR/CFD/DIL/12/2013) dated October 23, 2013 notified by SEBI and updated pursuant to among others the circular (CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015) dated November 10, 2015 as amended and modified by the circular (CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2016) dated January 1, 2016 and the circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/26) dated January 21, 2016, notified by SEBI ("General Information Document") included below under sub-section titled "- Part B - General Information Document", which highlights the key rules, processes and procedures applicable to public issues in general in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, the SCRA, the SCRR and the SEBI ICDR Regulations for all the Draft Red Herring Prospectus filed prior to November 10, 2018, to the extent applicable and the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018. The General Information Document has been updated to reflect amendments to the SEBI ICDR Regulations and provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to a public issue and any other enactments and regulations. The General Information Document is also available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges and the BRLMs. Please refer to the relevant provisions of the General Information Document which are applicable to the Offer. All Designated Intermediaries in relation to the Offer should ensure compliance with the SEBI circular (CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015) dated November 10, 2015, as amended and modified by the SEBI circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/26) dated January 21, 2016, in relation to clarifications on streamlining the process of public issue of equity shares and convertibles.

SEBI through its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2018/138 has proposed to introduce an alternate payment mechanism using Unified Payments Interface ("UPI") and consequent reduction in timelines for listing in a phased manner. From January 1, 2019, the UPI mechanism for RIIs applying through Designated Intermediaries will be made effective along with the existing process and existing timeline of T+6 days. The same will continue for a period of three months or launch of five main board public issues, whichever is later ("UPI Phase I"). Thereafter, for application by RIIs through Designated Intermediaries, the existing process of physical movement of forms from Designated Intermediaries to SCSBs for blocking of funds will be discontinued and only the UPI mechanism with existing timeline of T+6 days will continue for a period of three months or launch of five main board public issues, whichever is later ("UPI Phase II"). Subsequently, the final reduced timeline will be made effective using the UPI mechanism for applications by RIIs ("UPI Phase III"), as may be prescribed by SEBI. This Offer will be under UPI Phase I.

Our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Syndicate do not accept any responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the information stated in this section and the General Information Document section and are not liable for any amendment, modification or change in the applicable law which may occur after the date of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus. Bidders are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Bids are submitted in accordance with applicable laws and do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law or as specified in the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus.

This Offer is one of the first initial public offerings in which the UPI mechanism for application by RII is being permitted, the Company and the BRLMs are not liable for any adverse occurrences consequent to the implementation of the UPI mechanism for application in this Offer.

#### PART A

# **Book Building Procedure**

The Offer is being made through the Book Building Process wherein not more than 50% of the Offer was Allotted to QIBs on a proportionate basis, provided that our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs allocated 60% of the QIB Category to Anchor Investors, on a discretionary basis in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, of which one-third was reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from them at or above the price at which allocation is made to Anchor Investors. In case of undersubscription or non-allocation in the Anchor Investor Portion, the remaining Equity Shares was added back to the QIB Category (other than Anchor Investor Portion). 5% of the QIB Category (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion) was available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only, and the remainder of the QIB Category was available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIBs (other than Anchor Investors), including Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price. Further, not less than 15% of the Offer was available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Non-Institutional Bidders and not less than 35% of

the Offer shall be available for allocation to Retail Individual Investors in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price.

Under-subscription, if any, in any category, except the QIB Category, was allowed to be met with spill-over from any other category or categories, as applicable, at the discretion of our Company in consultation with the BRLMs and the Designated Stock Exchange, subject to applicable laws.

The Equity Shares, on Allotment, shall be traded only in the dematerialized segment of the Stock Exchanges.

Investors should note that the Equity Shares will be Allotted to all successful Bidders only in dematerialised form. The Bid cum Application Forms which did not have the details of the Bidders' depository account, including DP ID, Client ID and PAN and UPI ID (for RII Bidders bidding using the UPI mechanism), were treated as incomplete and were rejected. Bidders will not have the option of being Allotted Equity Shares in physical form.

## **Bid cum Application Form**

Copies of the ASBA Forms and the abridged prospectus were available with the Designated Intermediaries at relevant Bidding Centers and at our Registered and Corporate Office. The Bid cum Application Forms were also available for download on the websites of the NSE (www.nseindia.com) and the BSE (www.bseindia.com) at least one day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date.

For Anchor Investors, the Bid cum Application Forms will be available at the offices of the BRLMs.

Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) were compulsorily required to use the ASBA process to participate in the Offer. Anchor Investors were not permitted to participate in this Offer through the ASBA process.

Bidders (other than Anchor Investors and RIIs bidding using the UPI mechanism) were required to provide bank account details and authorisation by the ASBA account holder to block funds in their respective ASBA Accounts in the relevant space provided in the Bid cum Application Form and the Bid cum Application Form that did not contain such detail were liable to be rejected.

RIIs bidding using the UPI mechanism were required to provide the UPI ID in the relevant space provided in the Bid cum Application Form and the Bid cum Application Form that did not contain the UPI ID were liable to be rejected.

Further, such Bidders were required to ensure that the Bids are submitted at the Bidding Centres only on Bid cum Application Forms bearing the stamp of a Designated Intermediary (except in case of electronic Bid-cum-Application Forms) and Bid cum Application Forms not bearing such specified stamp were liable for rejection. Bidders were required to ensure that the ASBA Account has sufficient credit balance such that an amount equivalent to the full Bid Amount can be blocked by the SCSB or the Sponsor Bank, as applicable, at the time of submitting the Bid.

The prescribed colour of the Bid cum Application Forms for various categories is as follows:

Category	Colour of Bid cum Application Form*
Resident Indians including resident QIBs, Non-Institutional Investors, Retail Individual	White
Investors and Eligible NRIs applying on a non-repatriation basis <sup>^</sup>	
FPIs applying on a repatriation basis	Blue
Anchor Investors**	White

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding electronic Bid cum Application Forms

Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) have submitted/delivered the Bid cum Application Form (except the Bid cum Application Form from a RII bidding using the UPI mechanism) to the respective SCSB, where the Bidder had a bank account and have not submitted it to any non-SCSB bank or any Escrow Bank.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Bid cum Application Forms for Anchor Investors will be made available at the office of the BRLMs.

<sup>^</sup>Electronic Bid cum Application forms will also be available for download on the website of the NSE (www.nseindia.com) and the BSE (www.bseindia.com).

#### Who can Bid?

In addition to the category of Bidders set forth under the sub-section "- Part B - General Information Document for Investing in Public Issues – Category of Investors Eligible to Participate in an Issue" on page 710, any other persons eligible to Bid in the Offer under the laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and policies applicable were also eligible to invest in the Equity Shares.

# Participation by associates and affiliates of the BRLMs and the Syndicate Members, Promoters, members of the Promoter Group and persons related to Promoter/Promoter Group

The BRLMs and the Syndicate Members were not allowed to purchase the Equity Shares in any manner, except towards fulfilling their underwriting obligations. However, the respective associates and affiliates of the BRLMs and the Syndicate Members were permitted to purchase Equity Shares in the Offer, either in the QIB Category or in the Non-Institutional Category as applicable to such Bidders, where the allocation is on a proportionate basis and such Bid subscription was on their own account or on behalf of their clients. All categories of investors, including respective associates or affiliates of the BRLMs and Syndicate Members, were treated equally for the purpose of allocation to be made on a proportionate basis.

The Promoters, members of the Promoter Group, the BRLMs and any persons related to the BRLMs (except Mutual Funds sponsored by entities related to the BRLMs) were not permitted to apply in the Offer under the Anchor Investor Portion.

#### **Bids by Mutual Funds**

With respect to Bids by Mutual Funds, a certified copy of their SEBI registration certificate must be lodged with the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason thereof. Bids made by asset management companies or custodians of Mutual Funds shall specifically state names of the concerned schemes for which such Bids are made.

In case of a Mutual Fund, a separate Bid may be made in respect of each scheme of a Mutual Fund registered with the SEBI and such Bids in respect of more than one scheme of a Mutual Fund will not be treated as multiple Bids, provided that such Bids clearly indicate the scheme for which the Bid is submitted.

No Mutual Fund scheme shall invest more than 10% of its net asset value in equity shares or equity related instruments of any single company provided that the limit of 10% shall not be applicable for investments in case of index funds or sector or industry specific scheme. No Mutual Fund under all its schemes should own more than 10% of any company's paid-up share capital carrying voting rights.

# **Bids by Eligible NRIs**

Eligible NRIs may obtain copies of Bid cum Application Form from the offices of the Designated Intermediaries. Eligible NRIs bidding on a non-repatriation basis using Resident Forms should authorise their SCSBs to block their Non-Resident Ordinary accounts for the full Bid amount, at the time of submission of the Bid cum Application Form.

Eligible NRIs Bidding on non-repatriation basis are advised to use the Bid cum Application Form meant for residents (white in colour). For details of restrictions on investment by NRIs, see "*Restrictions on Foreign Ownership of Indian Securities*" beginning on page 747.

# **Bids by FPIs**

In terms of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investor) Regulations 2014 ("**SEBI FPI Regulations**"), investment in the Equity Shares by a single FPI or an investor group (which means the same set of ultimate beneficial owner(s) investing through multiple entities) shall be below 10% of our post-Offer Equity Share capital.

In case of Bids made by FPIs, a certified copy of the certificate of registration issued under the SEBI FPI Regulations is required to be attached to the Bid cum Application Form, failing which our Company reserves the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason. FPIs who wish to participate in the Offer are advised to use the Bid cum Application Form for FPIs (blue in colour).

In terms of applicable FEMA regulations and the SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014, as amended, investments by FPIs in the capital of an Indian company under the SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014 is subject to certain limits, i.e. the individual holding of an FPI is restricted to below 10% of the capital of the company and the aggregate limit for FPI investment is capped at 24% of the capital of the company. Such aggregate limit for FPI investment in a company can be increased up to the applicable sectoral cap by passing a board resolution, followed by a special resolution by the shareholders, subject to prior intimation to the RBI.

In accordance with the FEMA Regulations, participation by non-residents in the Offer is restricted to participation by (i) FPIs through the portfolio investment scheme under Schedule 2 of the FEMA Regulations, in accordance with applicable law, in the Offer subject to limit of the individual holding of an FPI below 10% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company and the aggregate limit for FPI investment not exceeding 24% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company; and (ii) Eligible NRIs only on non-repatriation basis under Schedule 4 of the FEMA Regulations, in accordance with applicable law, subject to limit of the individual holding of an NRI below 5% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company and the aggregate limit for NRI investment to 10% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company. Further, other non-residents such as FVCIs and multilateral and bilateral financial institutions are not permitted to participate in the Offer. As per the existing policy of the Government, OCBs cannot participate in this Offer.

Additionally, the aggregate foreign portfolio investment up to 24% of the paid-up capital on a fully diluted basis or the sectoral/statutory cap, whichever is lower, does not require Government approval or compliance of sectoral conditions as the case may be, if such investment does not result in transfer of ownership and control of the resident Indian company from resident Indian citizens or transfer of ownership or control to persons resident outside India. Other investments by a person resident outside India will be subject to conditions of Government approval and compliance of sectoral conditions as laid down in these regulations.

FPIs are permitted to participate in the Offer subject to compliance with conditions and restrictions which may be specified by the Government from time to time. Subject to compliance with all applicable Indian laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals in terms of Regulation 22 of the SEBI FPI Regulations, an FPI, other than Category III foreign portfolio investor and unregulated broad based funds, which are classified as Category II foreign portfolio investor by virtue of their investment manager being appropriately regulated, may issue, subscribe to or otherwise deal in offshore derivative instruments (as defined under the SEBI FPI Regulations as any instrument, by whatever name called, which is issued overseas by an FPI against securities held by it that are listed or proposed to be listed on any recognised stock exchange in India, as its underlying) directly or indirectly, only in the event (i) such offshore derivative instruments are issued only to persons who are regulated by an appropriate regulatory authority; and (ii) such offshore derivative instruments are issued after compliance with 'know your client' norms. An FPI is also required to ensure, *inter alia*, that no further issue or transfer of any offshore derivative instrument is made by or on behalf of it to any persons that are not regulated by an appropriate foreign regulatory authority.

An FPI issuing offshore derivative instruments is also required to ensure that any transfer of offshore derivative instruments issued by or on its behalf, is carried out subject to inter alia the following conditions:

- a. such offshore derivative instruments are transferred only to persons in accordance with Regulation 22(1) of the SEBI FPI Regulations; and
- b. prior consent of the FPI is obtained for such transfer, except when the persons to whom the offshore derivative instruments are to be transferred to are pre-approved by the FPI.

# Bids by SEBI registered VCFs and AIFs

The SEBI VCF Regulations and the SEBI AIF Regulations, *inter-alia*, prescribe the respective investment restrictions on the VCFs and AIFs registered with SEBI. Accordingly, the holding by any individual VCF registered with SEBI, in any company should not exceed 25% of the corpus of the VCF. Further, VCFs can invest only up to 33.33% of the investible funds in various prescribed instruments, including in public offerings.

Category I and II AIFs cannot invest more than 25% of the corpus in one investee company. A category III AIF cannot invest more than 10% of the corpus in one investee company. A VCF registered as a category I AIF, as defined in the SEBI AIF Regulations, cannot invest more than one-third of its investible funds by way of

subscription to an initial public offering of a venture capital undertaking. Additionally, the VCFs which have not re-registered as an AIF under the SEBI AIF Regulations shall continue to be regulated by the SEBI VCF Regulations until the existing fund or scheme managed by the fund is wound up and such fund shall not launch any new scheme after the notification of the SEBI AIF Regulations.

Neither our Company, nor the Selling Shareholders nor the BRLMs will be responsible for loss, if any, incurred by the Bidder on account of conversion of foreign currency.

# Bids by limited liability partnerships

In case of Bids made by limited liability partnerships registered under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, a certified copy of certificate of registration issued under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, must be attached to the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason thereof.

#### Bids by banking companies

In case of Bids made by banking companies registered with RBI, certified copies of: (i) the certificate of registration issued by RBI, and (ii) the approval of such banking company's investment committee are required to be attached to the Bid cum Application Form, failing this, such Bids may be rejected without assigning any reason thereof.

The investment limit for banking companies in non-financial services companies as per the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, as amended ("Banking Regulation Act"), and the Reserve Bank of India (Financial Services provided by Banks) Directions, 2016, is 10% of the paid-up share capital of the investee company, not being its subsidiary engaged in non-financial services, or 10% of the bank's own paid-up share capital and reserves, whichever is lower. However, a banking company would be permitted to invest in excess of 10% but not exceeding 30% of the paid-up share capital of such investee company if (i) the investee company is engaged in non-financial activities permitted for banks in terms of Section 6(1) of the Banking Regulation Act, or (ii) the additional acquisition is through restructuring of debt/corporate debt restructuring/strategic debt restructuring, or to protect the bank's interest on loans/investments made to a company. The bank is required to submit a time-bound action plan for disposal of such shares within a specified period to the RBI. A banking company would require a prior approval of the RBI to make (i) investment in a subsidiary and a financial services company that is not a subsidiary (with certain exceptions prescribed), and (ii) investment in a non-financial services company in excess of 10% of such investee company's paid-up share capital as stated in 5(a) (v) (c) (i) of the Reserve Bank of India (Financial Services provided by Banks) Directions, 2016. Further, the aggregate investment by a banking company in subsidiaries and other entities engaged in financial and non-financial services company cannot exceed 20% of the investee company's paid-up share capital and reserves.

## Bids by systemically important non-banking financial companies

In case of Bids made by systemically important non-banking financial companies, a certified copy of the certificate of registration issued by the RBI, a certified copy of its last audited financial statements on a standalone basis and a net worth certificate from its statutory auditor(s), must be attached to the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to reject any Bid, without assigning any reason thereof. Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Companies participating in the Offer shall comply with all applicable regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by RBI from time to time.

# **Bids by SCSBs**

SCSBs participating in the Offer are required to comply with the terms of the circulars dated September 13, 2012 and January 2, 2013 issued by the SEBI. Such SCSBs are required to ensure that for making applications on their own account using ASBA, they should have a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI registered SCSBs. Further, such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making application in public issues and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account for such Bids.

# Bids by insurance companies

In case of Bids made by insurance companies registered with the IRDAI, a certified copy of certificate of registration issued by IRDAI must be attached to the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company

reserves the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason thereof.

The exposure norms for insurers prescribed in Regulation 9 of the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (Investment) Regulations, 2016 ("**IRDAI Investment Regulations**") are set forth below:

- a. equity shares of a company: the lower of 10%\* of the investee company's outstanding equity shares (face value) or 10% of the respective fund in case of a life insurer/investment assets in case of a general insurer or a reinsurer:
- b. the entire group of the investee company: not more than 15% of the respective fund in case of a life insurer or 15% of investment assets in case of a general insurer or a reinsurer or 15% of the investment assets in all companies belonging to the group, whichever is lower; and
- c. the industry sector in which the investee company operates: not more than 15% of the respective fund of a life insurer or general insurance or 15% of the investment assets, whichever is lower.

The maximum exposure limit, in the case of an investment in equity shares, cannot exceed the lower of an amount of 10% of the investment assets of a life insurer or general insurer and the amount calculated under points (i), (ii) or (iii) above, as the case may be.

\*The above limit of 10% shall stand substituted as 15% of outstanding equity shares (face value) for insurance companies with investment assets of ₹ 2,500,000 million or more and 12% of outstanding equity shares (face value) for insurers with investment assets of ₹ 500,000 million or more but less than ₹ 2,500,000 million.

Insurer companies participating in this Offer shall comply with all applicable regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by the IRDAI from time to time to time including the IRDAI Investment Regulations.

## **Bids under Power of Attorney**

In case of Bids made pursuant to a power of attorney by limited companies, corporate bodies, registered societies, eligible FPIs, AIFs, Mutual Funds, insurance companies, insurance funds set up by the army, navy or air force of the Union of India, insurance funds set up by the Department of Posts, India or the National Investment Fund and provident funds with a minimum corpus of ₹ 250 million (subject to applicable laws) and pension funds with a minimum corpus of ₹ 250 million (subject to applicable laws), a certified copy of the power of attorney or the relevant resolution or authority, as the case may be, along with a certified copy of the memorandum of association and articles of association and/or bye laws must be lodged along with the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Bid in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason thereof.

Our Company in consultation with the BRLMs, in its absolute discretion, reserves the right to relax the above condition of simultaneous lodging of the power of attorney along with the Bid cum Application Form, subject to such terms and conditions that our Company in consultation with the BRLMs, may deem fit.

#### **Bids by Anchor Investors**

For details in relation to Bids by Anchor Investors, see the section entitled "Offer Procedure – Part B – General Information Document for Investing in Public Issues" on page 706.

## Bids by provident funds/pension funds

In case of Bids made by provident funds/pension funds, subject to applicable laws, with minimum corpus of ₹250 million, a certified copy of certificate from a chartered accountant certifying the corpus of the provident fund/pension fund must be attached to the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company and the Selling Shareholders reserves the right to reject any Bid, without assigning any reason therefor.

All non-resident investors should note that refunds (in case of Anchor Investors), dividends and other distributions, if any, will be payable in Indian Rupees only and net of bank charges and commission.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act or with any securities regulatory authority of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States and may not be offered

or sold within the United States, except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and applicable U.S. state securities laws. Accordingly, the Equity Shares are being offered and sold (i) in the United States only to persons reasonably believed to be "qualified institutional buyers" (as defined in Rule 144A under the U.S. Securities Act), pursuant to the private placement exemption set out in Section 4(a) of the U.S. Securities Act, and (ii) outside the United States only in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S and pursuant to the applicable laws of the jurisdictions where those offers and sales occur.

The above information is given for the benefit of the Bidders. Our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the members of the Syndicate are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Prospectus. Bidders are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that any single Bid from them does not exceed the applicable investment limits or maximum number of the Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable laws or regulation or as specified in this Prospectus.

In accordance with RBI regulations, OCBs cannot participate in the Offer.

#### **Pre-Offer Advertisement**

Subject to Section 30 of the Companies Act 2013, our Company had, after registering the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC, published a pre-Offer advertisement, in the form prescribed by the SEBI ICDR Regulations, in all editions of The Financial Express (an English national daily newspaper), all editions of Jansatta (a Hindi national daily newspaper) and Mumbai edition of Navshakti a Marathi newspaper (Marathi being the regional language of Maharashtra, where our registered office is located), each with wide circulation. Our Company has, in the pre-Offer advertisement stated the Bid/Offer Opening Date, the Bid/Offer Closing Date and the QIB Bid/Offer Closing Date. This advertisement, subject to the provisions of Section 30 of the Companies Act, 2013, were in the format prescribed in Part A of Schedule XIII of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

# Signing of Underwriting Agreement and filing of Prospectus with the RoC

Our Company and the Selling Shareholders have entered into an Underwriting Agreement with the Underwriters after the finalisation of the Offer Price. After signing the Underwriting Agreement, our Company has filed this Prospectus with the RoC, in accordance with applicable laws. This Prospectus contains details of the Offer Price, Anchor Investor Offer Price, Offer size and underwriting arrangements and will be complete in all material respects.

## **General Instructions**

Please note that QIBs and Non-Institutional Investors are not permitted to withdraw their Bid(s) or lower the size of their Bid(s) (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage. Retail Individual Investors can revise their Bid(s) during the Bid/ Offer Period and withdraw their Bid(s) until Bid/ Offer Closing Date. Anchor Investors are not allowed to withdraw their Bids after the Anchor Investor Bidding Date.

#### Do's:

- 1. Check if you are eligible to apply as per the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and under applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals;
- 2. Ensure that you have Bid within the Price Band;
- 3. Read all the instructions carefully and complete the Bid cum Application Form in the prescribed form;
- 4. Ensure that the details about the PAN, DP ID and Client ID are correct and the Bidders depository account is active, as Allotment of the Equity Shares will be in the dematerialised form only;
- 5. Ensure that your Bid cum Application Form bearing the stamp of a Designated Intermediary is submitted to the Designated Intermediary at the Bidding Centre within the prescribed time;
- 6. In case of joint Bids, ensure that the first applicant is the ASBA Account holder, and also signs the Bid cum Application Form (for all Bidders other than RIIs bidding using the UPI mechanism).

- 7. Ensure that you have mentioned the correct ASBA Account number (for all Bidders other than RIIs bidding using the UPI mechanism) in the Bid cum Application Form;
- 8. RIIs bidding using the UPI mechanism should ensure that the correct UPI ID is mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form;
- 9. RIIs bidding shall ensure that the bank, with which it has its bank account, where the funds equivalent to the application amount are available for blocking is UPI 2.0 certified by NPCI;
- 10. All Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) should submit their Bids through the ASBA process only;
- 11. Ensure that the signature of the First Bidder in case of joint Bids, is included in the Bid cum Application Forms;
- 12. Ensure that the name(s) given in the Bid cum Application Form is/are exactly the same as the name(s) in which the beneficiary account is held with the Depository Participant. In case of joint Bids, the Bid cum Application Form should contain only the name of the First Bidder whose name should also appear as the first holder of the beneficiary account held in joint names;
- 13. Ensure that you request for and receive a stamped acknowledgement of the Bid cum Application Form for all your Bid options from the concerned Designated Intermediary;
- 14. Ensure that you have funds equal to the Bid Amount in the ASBA Account before submitting the Bid cum Application Form under the ASBA process to any of the Designated Intermediaries;
- 15. Ensure that you submit revised Bids to the same Designated Intermediary, through whom the original Bid was placed and obtain a revised acknowledgment;
- 16. With respect to Bids by SCSBs, ensure that you have a separate account in your own name with any other SCSB having clear demarcated funds for applying under the ASBA process and that such separate account (with any other SCSB) is used as the ASBA Account with respect to your Bid;
- 17. Except for Bids (i) on behalf of the Central or State Governments and the officials appointed by the courts, who, in terms of a SEBI circular dated June 30, 2008, may be exempt from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market, (ii) Bids by persons resident in the state of Sikkim, who, in terms of a SEBI circular dated July 20, 2006, may be exempted from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market, and (iii) any other category of Bidders, which may be exempted from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market, all Bidders should mention their PAN allotted under the IT Act. The exemption for the Central or the State Government and officials appointed by the courts and for investors residing in the State of Sikkim is subject to (a) the Demographic Details received from the respective depositories confirming the exemption granted to the beneficiary owner by a suitable description in the PAN field and the beneficiary account remaining in "active status"; and (b) in the case of residents of Sikkim, the address as per the Demographic Details evidencing the same. All other applications in which PAN is not mentioned will be rejected;
- 18. Ensure that Anchor Investors submit their Anchor Investor Application Form only to the BRLMs;
- 19. Ensure that the Demographic Details are updated, true and correct in all respects;
- 20. Ensure that thumb impressions and signatures other than in the languages specified in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution of India are attested by a Magistrate or a Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under official seal;
- 21. Ensure that the correct investor category and the investor status is indicated in the Bid cum Application Form to ensure proper upload of your Bid in the electronic Bidding system of the Stock Exchanges;
- 22. Ensure that in case of Bids under power of attorney or by limited companies, corporates, trust etc., relevant documents, including a copy of the power of attorney, are submitted;

- 23. Ensure that Bids submitted by any person outside India should be in compliance with applicable foreign and Indian laws;
- 24. Note that in case the DP ID, Client ID and the PAN mentioned in their Bid cum Application Form and entered into the online IPO system of the Stock Exchanges by the relevant Designated Intermediary, as the case may be, do not match with the DP ID, Client ID and PAN available in the Depository database, then such Bids are liable to be rejected;
- 25. Ensure that where the Bid cum Application Form is submitted in joint names, the beneficiary account is also held in the same joint names and such names are in the same sequence in which they appear in the Bid cum Application Form;
- 26. Ensure that while Bidding through a Designated Intermediary, the Bid cum Application Form (other than for Anchor Investors) is submitted to a Designated Intermediary in a Bidding Centre and in case of Bidding through a Designated Intermediary (other than for Anchor Investors and RIIs bidding through the UPI mechanism) the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the ASBA Form, is maintained has named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediary to deposit ASBA Forms (a list of such branches is available on the website of SEBI at http://www.sebi.gov.in) or such other websites as may be updated from time to time;
- 27. Ensure that you have correctly signed the authorisation/undertaking box in the Bid cum Application Form, or have otherwise provided an authorisation to the SCSB or Sponsor Bank, as applicable, via the electronic mode, for blocking funds in the ASBA Account equivalent to the Bid Amount mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form at the time of submission of the Bid;
- 28. For RIIs bidding using the UPI mechanism, ensure that you approve the Mandate Request generated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to application amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of allotment, in a timely manner;
- 29. RIIs shall ensure that details of the Bid are reviewed and verified by opening the attachment in the UPI Mandate Request and then proceed to authorise the UPI Mandate Request using his/her UPI PIN. Upon the authorization of the mandate using his/her UPI PIN, an RII may be deemed to have verified the attachment containing the application details of the RII in the UPI Mandate Request and have agreed to block the entire Bid Amount and authorized the Sponsor Bank to block the Bid Amount mentioned in the Bid Cum Application Form.
- 30. RIIs bidding using the UPI mechanism should mention valid UPI ID of only the Applicant (in case of single account) and of the first Applicant (in case of joint account) in the Bid cum Application Form.
- 31. RIIs bidding using the UPI mechanism, who have revised their Bids subsequent to making the initial Bid, should also approve the revised Mandate Request generated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to the revised Bid Amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of allotment in a timely manner.
- 32. Bids by Eligible NRIs and Category III FPIs for a Bid Amount of less than ₹ 200,000 would be considered under the Retail Category for the purposes of allocation and Bids for a Bid Amount exceeding ₹ 200,000 would be considered under the Non-Institutional Category for allocation in the Offer;

The Bid cum Application Form is liable to be rejected if the above instructions, as applicable, are not complied with.

#### Don'ts:

- 1. Do not Bid for lower than the minimum Bid size;
- 2. Do not Bid/revise Bid Amount to less than the Floor Price or higher than the Cap Price;
- 3. Do not Bid on another Bid cum Application Form or the Anchor Investor Application Form, as the case maybe, after you have submitted a Bid to a Designated Intermediary;

- 4. Do not pay the Bid Amount in cash, by money order, cheques or demand drafts or by postal order or by stock invest;
- 5. Do not send Bid cum Application Forms by post; instead submit the same to the Designated Intermediary only;
- 6. Anchor Investors should not Bid through the ASBA process;
- 7. Do not submit the Bid cum Application Forms to any non-SCSB bank or our Company or at a location other than the Bidding Centers;
- 8. Do not Bid on a physical ASBA Form that does not have the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary;
- 9. Do not Bid at Cut-off Price (for Bids by QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders);
- 10. Do not fill up the Bid cum Application Form such that the Equity Shares Bid for exceeds the Offer/Offer size and/ or investment limit or maximum number of the Equity Shares that can be held under the applicable laws or regulations or maximum amount permissible under the applicable regulations or under the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus;
- 11. If you are a Non-Institutional Investor or a Retail Individual Investor, do not submit your Bid after 3.00 pm on the Offer/Issue Closing Date;
- 12. If you are a QIB, do not submit your Bid after 3.00 p.m. on the QIB Bid/Offer Closing Date
- 13. Do not Bid for a Bid Amount exceeding ₹ 200,000 (for Bids by Retail Individual Investors);
- 14. Do not submit the General Index Register (GIR) number instead of the PAN;
- 15. Do not submit incorrect details of the DP ID, Client ID and PAN or provide details for a beneficiary account which is suspended or for which details cannot be verified by the Registrar to the Offer;
- 16. Do not submit incorrect UPI ID details if you are a RII bidding through the UPI mechanism;
- 17. Do not submit the Bid without ensuring that funds equivalent to the entire Bid Amount are available for blocking in the relevant ASBA Account;
- 18. Do not submit more than one Bid cum Application Form per ASBA Account;
- 19. Do not submit more than one Bid cum Application Form for each UPI ID in case of RIIs bidding through the Designated Intermediaries using the UPI mechanism.
- Do not instruct your respective banks to release the funds blocked in the ASBA Account under the ASBA process;
- 21. Do not submit Bids to a Designated Intermediary at a location other than Specified Locations;
- 22. Do not withdraw your Bid or lower the size of your Bid (in terms of quantity of the Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage, if you are a QIB or a Non-Institutional Investor
- 23. Do not submit Bids on plain paper or on incomplete or illegible Bid cum Application Forms or on Bid cum Application Forms in a colour prescribed for another category of Bidder;
- 24. Do not submit a Bid in case you are not eligible to acquire Equity Shares under applicable law or your relevant constitutional documents or otherwise;
- 25. Do not link the UPI ID with a bank account maintained with a bank that is not UPI 2.0 certified by the NPCI in case of Bids submitted by RII Bidder using the UPI mechanism.
- 26. Do not Bid if you are not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872 (other than minors having valid depository accounts as per Demographic Details provided by the depository);

- 27. Do not submit ASBA Bids to a Designated Intermediary at a Bidding Centre unless the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained, as specified in the Bid cum Application Form, has named at least one branch in the relevant Bidding Centre, for the Designated Intermediary to deposit ASBA Forms (a list of such branches is available on the website of SEBI at http://www.sebi.gov.in); and
- 28. Do not Bid if you are a FVCI, OCB, multilateral or bilateral financial institution or an NRI applying on a repatriation basis.
- 29. Do not submit a Bid cum Application Form with third party UPI ID (in case of in case of Bids submitted by RII Bidder using the UPI mechanism).

The Bid cum Application Form is liable to be rejected if the above instructions, as applicable, are not complied with.

#### **Payment into Escrow Account**

Our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, in their absolute discretion, will decide the list of Anchor Investors to whom the Allotment Advice will be sent, pursuant to which the details of the Equity Shares allocated to them in their respective names will be notified to such Anchor Investors. Anchor Investors are not permitted to Bid in the Offer through the ASBA process. Instead, Anchor Investors should transfer the Bid Amount (through direct credit, RTGS or NEFT). The payment instruments for payment into the Escrow Accounts should be drawn in favour of:

- (i) In case of resident Anchor Investors: "CHALET HOTELS LIMITED ANCHOR R"
- (ii) In case of non-resident Anchor Investors: "CHALET HOTELS LIMITED ANCHOR NR"

Anchor Investors should note that the escrow mechanism is not prescribed by SEBI and has been established as an arrangement between our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the Syndicate, the Bankers to the Offer and the Registrar to the Offer to facilitate collections from Anchor Investors.

# **Depository Arrangements**

The Allotment of the Equity Shares in the Offer shall be only in a dematerialised form, (i.e., not in the form of physical certificates but be fungible and be represented by the statement issued through the electronic mode). In this context, tripartite agreements had been signed among our Company, the respective Depositories and the Registrar to the Offer:

- Agreement dated April 30, 2002 among NSDL, our Company and the Registrar to the Offer.
- Agreement dated June 14, 2018 among CDSL, our Company and Registrar to the Offer.

# **Undertakings by our Company**

Our Company undertakes the following:

- (i) That the complaints received in respect of the Offer shall be attended to by our Company expeditiously and satisfactorily;
- (ii) If Allotment is not made, application monies will be refunded/unblocked in the ASBA Accounts within 15 days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date or such lesser time as specified by SEBI, failing which interest will be due to be paid to the Bidders at the rate of 15% per annum for the delayed period;
- (iii) That all steps will be taken for completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at all the Stock Exchanges where the Equity Shares are proposed to be listed within six Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date;
- (iv) That funds required for making refunds to unsuccessful applicants as per the mode(s) disclosed shall be made available to the Registrar to the Offer by our Company;

- (v) Where refunds (to the extent applicable) are made through electronic transfer of funds, a suitable communication shall be sent to the applicant within 15 days from the Bid/ Offer Closing Date, or such time period as specified by SEBI, giving details of the bank where refunds shall be credited along with amount and expected date of electronic credit of refund;
- (vi) No further issue of Equity Shares shall be made until the Equity Shares offered through the Red Herring Prospectus are listed or until the Bid monies are refunded/ unblocked in the ASBA Accounts on account of non-listing, under-subscription etc.;
- (vii) That if our Company or the Selling Shareholders do not proceed with the Offer after the Bid/Offer Closing Date but prior to Allotment, the reason thereof shall be given as a public notice within two days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date. The public notice shall be issued in the same newspapers where the pre-Offer advertisements were published. The Stock Exchanges on which the Equity Shares are proposed to be listed shall also be informed promptly;
- (viii) That if our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, withdraw the Offer after the Bid/Offer Closing Date, our Company shall be required to file a fresh draft offer document with the SEBI, in the event our Company or the Selling Shareholders subsequently decides to proceed with the Offer thereafter;
- (ix) That our Company shall comply with such disclosure and accounting norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time;
- (x) That the intimation of credit of securities/refund orders to Eligible NRIs shall be dispatched within specified time;
- (xi) That adequate arrangements shall be made to collect all Bid cum Application Forms; and
- (xii) That our Company shall not have recourse to the proceeds of the Fresh Issue until the final approval for listing and trading of the Equity Shares from all the Stock Exchanges where listing is sought has been received.

# **Undertakings by the Selling Shareholders**

Only statements and undertakings which are specifically "confirmed" or "undertaken" by the Selling Shareholders in this Prospectus shall be deemed to be "statements and undertakings made by the Selling Shareholder." All other statements and/ or undertakings in this Prospectus shall be statements and undertakings made by our Company even if the same relates to the Selling Shareholders. Each Selling Shareholder, severally and not jointly, specifically confirms and undertakes the following in respect of itself and the Equity Shares being offered by it pursuant to the Offer for Sale:

- (i) Its respective portion of the Offered Shares shall be transferred in the Offer free and clear of any preemptive rights, liens, mortgages, charges, pledges, trusts or any other encumbrance or transfer restrictions, both present and future, in a manner prescribed under Applicable Law in relation to the Offer, and without any objection by it and in accordance with the instructions of the Registrar to the Offer.
- (ii) Its respective portion of the Offered Shares have been held by such Selling Shareholders for a minimum period of one year prior to the date of filing the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, such period determined in accordance with Regulation 26(6) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
- (iii) It is the legal and beneficial owner and has full title of its respective portion of the Offered Shares.
- (iv) That it shall provide all reasonable cooperation as requested by our Company and the BRLMs in relation to the completion of the Allotment and dispatch of the Allotment Advice and CAN, if required, and refund orders (as applicable) to the requisite extent of its respective portion of the Offered Shares.
- (v) It will not have recourse to the proceeds of the Offer for Sale, until approval for final listing and trading of the Equity Shares is received from the Stock Exchanges.

- (vi) It has deposited its respective portion of the Offered Shares in an escrow account opened with the Share Escrow Agent prior to filing of the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC.
- (vii) It shall not offer any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise, to any person for making a Bid in the Offer, and shall not make any payment, whether direct or indirect, whether in the nature of discounts, commission, allowance or otherwise, to any person who makes a Bid in the Offer.
- (viii) That it will provide such reasonable support and extend such reasonable cooperation as may be required by our Company and the BRLMs in redressal of such investor grievances that pertain to the Equity Shares held by it and being offered pursuant to the Offer.

The Selling Shareholders have authorised the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our Company and the Registrar to the Offer to redress any complaints received from Bidders in respect of the Offer for Sale.

#### **Utilization of Net Proceeds**

Our Board of Directors certifies that:

- all monies received out of the Fresh Issue shall be credited/transferred to a separate bank account other than the bank account referred to in sub-section (3) of Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013;
- details of all monies utilised out of the Offer shall be disclosed, and continue to be disclosed till the
  time any part of the Fresh Issue proceeds remains unutilised, under an appropriate head in the balance
  sheet of our Company indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilised; and
- details of all unutilised monies out of the Fresh Issue, if any, shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in the balance sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested.

Our Company, each of the Selling Shareholders, severally and not jointly, specifically confirm and declare that all monies received out of the Offer shall be transferred to a separate bank account other than the bank account referred to in subsection 3 of Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### PART B

## **General Information Document for Investing in Public Issues**

This General Information Document highlights certain key rules, processes and procedures applicable to public issues in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI ICDR Regulations for all the Draft Red Herring Prospectus filed prior to November 10, 2018 to the extent applicable and the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018. Bidders/Applicants should not construe the contents of this General Information Document as legal advice and should consult their own legal counsel and other advisors in relation to the legal matters concerning the Offer. For taking an investment decision, the Bidders/Applicants should rely on their own examination of the Issuer and the Offer, and should carefully read the Red Herring Prospectus/Prospectus before investing in the Offer.

SEBI through its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2018/138 dated November 1, 2018 has proposed to introduce an alternate payment mechanism using Unified Payments Interface ("UPI") and consequent reduction in timelines in a phased manner. From January 1, 2019, the UPI mechanism for RIIs applying through Designated Intermediaries will be made effective along with the existing process and existing timeline of T+6 days. The same will continue for a period of three months or launch of five main board public issues, whichever is later ("UPI Phase I"). Thereafter, for application by RIIs through Designated Intermediaries, the existing process of physical movement of forms from Designated Intermediaries to SCSBs for blocking of funds will be discontinued and only the UPI mechanism with existing timeline of T+6 days will continue for a period of three months or launch of five main board public issues, whichever is later ("UPI Phase II"). Subsequently, the final reduced timeline will be made effective using the UPI mechanism for applications by RIIs ("UPI Phase III"), as may be prescribed by SEBI.

#### SECTION 1: PURPOSE OF THE GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT (GID)

This document is applicable to the public issues undertaken through the Book-Building Process as well as to the Fixed Price Offers. The purpose of the "General Information Document for Investing in Public Issues" is to provide general guidance to potential Bidders/Applicants in IPOs and FPOs, and on the processes and procedures governing IPOs and FPOs, undertaken in accordance with the provisions of the SEBI ICDR Regulations to the extent applicable and the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018.

Bidders/Applicants should note that investment in equity and equity related securities involves risk and Bidder/Applicant should not invest any funds in the Offer unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment. The specific terms relating to securities and/or for subscribing to securities in an Offer and the relevant information about the Issuer undertaking the Offer are set out in the Red Herring Prospectus ("RHP")/ Prospectus filed by the Issuer with the Registrar of Companies ("RoC"). Bidders/Applicants should carefully read the entire RHP/Prospectus, the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form and the Abridged Prospectus of the Issuer in which they are proposing to invest through the Offer. In case of any difference in interpretation or conflict and/or overlap between the disclosure included in this document and the RHP/Prospectus, the disclosures in the RHP/Prospectus shall prevail. The RHP/Prospectus of the Issuer is available on the websites of stock exchanges, on the website(s) of the BRLM(s) to the Offer and on the website of Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") at www.sebi.gov.in.

For the definitions of capitalized terms and abbreviations used herein Bidders/Applicants may refer to the section "Glossary and Abbreviations".

#### SECTION 2: BRIEF INTRODUCTION TO IPOS/FPOS

# 2.1 Initial public offer (IPO)

An IPO means an offer of specified securities by an unlisted Issuer to the public for subscription and may include an Offer for Sale of specified securities to the public by any existing holder of such securities in an unlisted Issuer.

For undertaking an IPO, an Issuer is *inter-alia* required to comply with the eligibility requirements of in terms of either Regulation 26(1) or Regulation 26(2) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For details of compliance with the eligibility requirements by the Issuer Bidders/Applicants may refer to the RHP/Prospectus.

## 2.2 Further public offer (FPO)

An FPO means an offer of specified securities by a listed Issuer to the public for subscription and may include Offer for Sale of specified securities to the public by any existing holder of such securities in a listed Issuer.

For undertaking an FPO, the Issuer is *inter-alia* required to comply with the eligibility requirements in terms of Regulations 26 and 27 of SEBI ICDR Regulations. For details of compliance with the eligibility requirements by the Issuer Bidders/Applicants may refer to the RHP/Prospectus.

## 2.3 Other Eligibility Requirements:

In addition to the eligibility requirements specified in paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2, an Issuer proposing to undertake an IPO or an FPO is required to comply with various other requirements as specified in the SEBI ICDR Regulations to the extent applicable, the SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018, the SEBI LODR Regulations, the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified and in effect), the SCRR, industry-specific regulations, if any, and other applicable laws for the time being in force.

For details in relation to the above Bidders/Applicants may refer to the RHP/Prospectus.

# 2.4 Types of Public Issues – Fixed Price Issues and Book Built Issues

In accordance with the provisions of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, an Issuer can either determine the Offer Price through the Book Building Process ("Book Built Issue") or undertake a Fixed Price Offer ("Fixed Price Issue").

The cap on the Price Band should be less than or equal to 120% of the Floor Price. The Issuer shall announce the Price or the Floor Price or the Price Band through advertisement in all newspapers in which the pre-offer advertisement was given at least two Working Days before the Bid/Offer Opening Date, in case of an IPO and at least one Working Day before the Bid/Offer Opening Date, in case of an FPO and determine the Offer Price at a later date before registering the Prospectus with the Registrar of Companies.

The Floor Price or the Offer price cannot be lesser than the face value of the securities.

Bidders/Applicants should refer to the RHP/Prospectus or Offer advertisements to check whether the Offer is a Book Built Issue or a Fixed Price Issue.

#### 2.5 OFFER PERIOD

The Offer shall be kept open for a minimum of three Working Days (for all category of Bidders/Applicants) and not more than ten Working Days. Bidders/Applicants are advised to refer to the Bid cum Application Form and Abridged Prospectus or RHP/Prospectus for details of the Bid/Offer Period. Details of Bid/Offer Period are also available on the website of the Stock Exchange(s).

In case of a Book Built Issue, the Issuer may close the Bid/Offer Period for QIBs one Working Day prior to the Bid/Offer Closing Date if disclosures to that effect are made in the RHP.

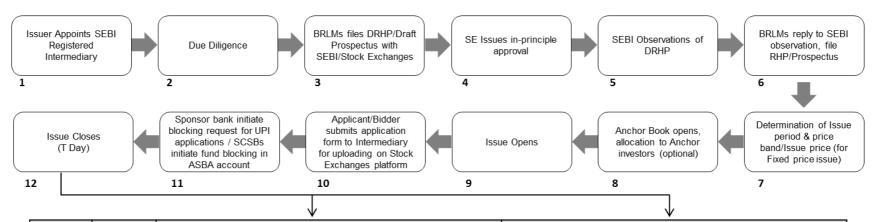
In case of revision in the Price Band in Book Built Issues the Bid/Offer Period may be extended by at least three Working Days, subject to the total Bid/Offer Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. For details of any revision of the Price Band, Bidders/Applicants may check the announcements made by the Issuer on the websites of the Stock Exchanges and the BRLM(s), and the advertisement in the newspaper(s) issued in this regard.

In case of *force majeure*, banking strike or similar circumstances, the Issuer may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the bidding (Issue) period for a minimum period of three working days, subject to the total Bid/Offer Period not exceeding 10 Working Days.

# 2.6 FLOWCHART OF TIMELINES

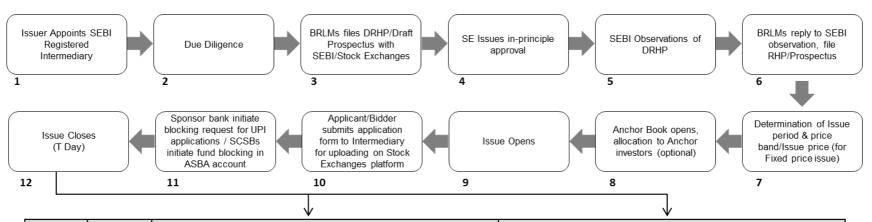
A flow chart of process flow in Fixed Price and Book Built Issues is as follows. Bidders/Applicants may note that this is not applicable for Fast Track FPOs.:

# Flow chart of Timeline for Phase I



\$.no	Day	Retail applications with UPI	Retail applications without UPI and QIB/NII applications						
13	T+1	Sponsor Bank to initiate request for blocking of funds to investor for any balance applications     Sponsor Bank may not accept bid details from stock exchange post T+1	Intermediaries to forward a schedule as per requisite format and application forms to SCSBs for blocking of funds     Designated branches of SCSBs may not accept schedule and application post T+1						
14	T+2	Applicant to accept mandate request for blocking of funds prior to cut off-time of 12:00 p.m     Sponsor Bank to send Final Certificate to the registrar through stock exchange by end of the day	ime of 12:00 p.m  Sponsor Bank to send Final Certificate to the registrar through stock  • SCSBs to send Final Certificate to the registrar by end of the day						
15	T+2	<ul> <li>Registrar to reconcile the compiled data received from the stock exchanges, all SCSBs and Sponsor Bank</li> <li>Registrar to undertake "Technical Rejection"</li> </ul>							
16	T+3	<ul> <li>Approval of Basis of allotment by designated stock exchange</li> <li>Registrar and merchant banker to issue funds transfer instructions to SCSBs and Sponsor Bank</li> </ul>							
17	T+4	<ul> <li>SCSBs and Sponsor Bank to credit the funds in public issue account of the issuer</li> <li>Registrar / Issuer to initiate corporate action for credit of shares to successful allottees</li> <li>Issuer and registrar to file allotment details with designated stock exchange(s)</li> <li>Registrar to send bank-wise data of allottees, amount due and balance amount to be unblocked to SCSBs / Sponsor Bank.</li> </ul>							
18	T+5	Registrar to receive confirmation of demat credit from depositories     Issuer to make a listing application to stock exchanges     Stock exchanges to issue commencement of trading notice							
19	T+6	Trading commences							

# Flow of Timeline for Phase II



S.no	Day	Retail applications with UPI	QIB/NII applications						
13	T+1	<ul> <li>Sponsor Bank may not accept bid details from Stock Exchanges post 11:00 a.m</li> <li>Sponsor Bank to initiate request for blocking of funds to investor for any balance applications</li> <li>Applicant to accept mandate request for blocking of funds prior to cut off-time of 12:00 p.m</li> <li>Sponsor Bank to send Final Certificate to the registrar through stock exchange by end of the day</li> <li>Intermediaries to forward a schedule as per requisi application forms to SCSBs for blocking of funds</li> <li>Designated branches of SCSBs may not accept so applications after T+1 day (11:00 a.m.)</li> <li>SCSBs to send Final Certificate to the registrar by the stock exchange by end of the day</li> </ul>							
14	T+2	Registrar to reconcile the compiled data received from the stock exchanges, all SCSBs and Sponsor Bank     Registrar to undertake "Technical Rejection"							
15	T+3	<ul> <li>Approval of Basis of allotment by designated stock exchange</li> <li>Registrar and merchant banker to issue funds transfer instructions to SCSBs and Sponsor Bank</li> </ul>							
16	T+4	<ul> <li>SCSBs and Sponsor Bank to credit the funds in public issue account of the issuer</li> <li>Registrar / Issuer to initiate corporate action for credit of shares to successful allottees</li> <li>Issuer and registrar to file allotment details with designated stock exchange(s)</li> <li>Registrar to send bank-wise data of allottees, amount due and balance amount to be unblocked to SCSBs / Sponsor Bank.</li> </ul>							
17	T+5	Registrar to receive confirmation of demat credit from depositories     Issuer to make a listing application to stock exchanges     Stock exchanges to issue commencement of trading notice	Issuer to make a listing application to stock exchanges						
18	T+6	Trading commences							

#### SECTION 3: CATEGORY OF INVESTORS ELIGIBLE TO PARTICIPATE IN AN ISSUE

*Each Bidder/Applicant should check whether it is eligible to apply under applicable law.* Furthermore, certain categories of Bidders/Applicants, such as NRIs, FPIs and FVCIs may not be allowed to Bid/Apply in the Offer or to hold Equity Shares, in excess of certain limits or in specific sectors as specified under applicable law. Bidders/Applicants are requested to refer to the RHP/Prospectus for more details.

Subject to the above, an illustrative list of Bidders/Applicants is as follows:

- Indian nationals resident in India who are competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, in single or joint names (not more than three);
- Bids/Applications belonging to an account for the benefit of a minor (under guardianship);
- Hindu Undivided Families or HUFs, in the individual name of the *Karta*. The Bidder/Applicant should specify that the Bid is being made in the name of the HUF in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form as follows: "Name of sole or first Bidder/Applicant: XYZ Hindu Undivided Family applying through XYZ, where XYZ is the name of the *Karta*". Bids/Applications by HUFs may be considered at par with Bids/Applications from individuals;
- Companies, corporate bodies and societies registered under applicable law in India and authorised to hold and invest in equity shares;
- QIBs;
- NRIs on a repatriation basis or on a non-repatriation basis subject to applicable law;
- Indian Financial Institutions, regional rural banks, co-operative banks (subject to RBI regulations and the SEBI ICDR Regulations and other laws, as applicable);
- FPIs other than Category III foreign portfolio investors Bidding under the QIBs category;
- FPIs which are Category III foreign portfolio investors, Bidding under the NIIs category;
- Trusts/societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, or under any other law relating to trusts/societies and who are authorised under their respective constitutions to hold and invest in equity shares;
- National Investment Fund set up by resolution no. F. No. 2/3/2005-DD-II dated November 23, 2005 of the GoI published in the Gazette of India;
- Limited liability partnerships registered under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008;
- Any other person eligible to Bid/Apply in the Issue, under the laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and policies applicable to them and under Indian laws; and
- As per the existing regulations, OCBs are not allowed to participate in an Offer.

#### **SECTION 4: APPLYING IN THE ISSUE**

**Book Built Issue:** Bidders should only use the specified Bid cum Application Form bearing stamp of a Designated Intermediary as available or downloaded from the websites of the Stock Exchanges.

Bid cum Application Forms are available with the Designated Intermediaries at the Bidding Centres and at the registered office of the Issuer. Electronic Bid cum Application Forms will be available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges at least one day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date. For further details regarding availability of Bid cum Application Forms, Bidders may refer to the RHP/Prospectus and advertisements in the newspaper(s). For Anchor Investors, Bid cum Application Forms shall be available at the offices of the BRLM(s).

**Fixed Price Issue:** Applicants should only use the specified Bid cum Application Form bearing the stamp of the Designated Intermediary as available or downloaded from the websites of the Stock Exchanges. Application Forms will also be available with the Designated Branches of the SCSBs and at the registered office of the Issuer.

For further details regarding availability of Application Forms, Applicants may refer to the Prospectus.

Bidders/Applicants should ensure that they apply in the appropriate category. The prescribed colour of the Bid cum Application Form for various categories of Bidders/Applicants is as follows:

Category	Colour of the Bid cum Application Form
Resident Indian, Eligible NRIs applying on a non-repatriation basis	White
FPIs on a repatriation basis	Blue
Anchor Investors (where applicable) & Bidders/Applicants Bidding/applying in the reserved category	As specified by the Issuer
Reserved Category	As specified by the Issuer

Securities issued in an IPO can only be in dematerialized form in accordance with Section 29 of the Companies Act, 2013. Bidders/Applicants will not have the option of getting the Allotment of specified securities in physical form.

# 4.1 INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING THE BID CUM APPLICATION FORM/ APPLICATION FORM

Bidders/Applicants may note that Bid cum Application Form not filled completely or correctly as per instructions provided in this GID, the RHP and the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form are liable to be rejected.

Instructions to fill each field of the Bid cum Application Form can be found on the reverse side of the Bid cum Application Form.

The samples of the Bid cum Application Form for resident Bidders and the Bid cum Application Form for non-resident Bidders are reproduced below:

# **Application Form- For Residents**

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# **Application Form-For Non-Residents**

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Specific instructions for filling various fields of the Resident Bid cum Application Form and Non-Resident Bid cum Application Form and samples are provided below.

# 4.1.1 FIELD NUMBER 1: NAME AND CONTACT DETAILS OF THE SOLE/FIRST BIDDER/APPLICANT

- (a) Bidders/Applicants should ensure that the name provided in this field is exactly the same as the name in which the Depository Account is held.
- (b) Mandatory Fields: Bidders/Applicants should note that the name and address fields are compulsory and e-mail and/or telephone number/mobile number fields are optional. Bidders/Applicants should note that the contact details mentioned in the Bid-cum Application Form/Application Form may be used to dispatch communications (including letters notifying the unblocking of the bank accounts of Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) in case the communication sent to the address available with the Depositories are returned undelivered or are not available. The contact details provided in the Bid cum Application Form may be used by the Issuer, Designated Intermediaries and the Registrar to the Offer only for correspondence(s) related to an Offer and for no other purposes.
- (c) **Joint Bids/Applications**: In the case of Joint Bids/Applications, the Bids /Applications should be made in the name of the Bidder/Applicant whose name appears first in the Depository account. The name so entered should be the same as it appears in the Depository records. The signature of only such First Bidder/Applicant would be required in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form and such First Bidder/Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of the joint holders. All communications may be addressed to such first Bidder/Applicant and may be dispatched to his or her address as per the Demographic Details received from the Depositories.
- (d) **Impersonation**: Attention of the Bidders/Applicants is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013 which is reproduced below:

## "Any person who:

- (a) makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or
- (b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or
- (c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name,

# shall be liable for action under Section 447."

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act, 2013 includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount.

(e) **Nomination Facility to Bidder/Applicant:** Nomination facility is available in accordance with the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013. For Allotment of the Equity Shares in dematerialized form, there will be no separate nomination as the nomination registered with the Depository may prevail. For changing nominations, the Bidders/Applicants should inform their respective DP.

#### 4.1.2 FIELD NUMBER 2: PAN OF SOLE/FIRST BIDDER/APPLICANT

- (a) PAN (of the sole/ first Bidder/Applicant) provided in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form should be exactly the same as the PAN of the person(s) in whose name the relevant beneficiary account is held as per the Depositories' records.
- (b) PAN is the sole identification number for participants transacting in the securities market irrespective of the amount of transaction except for Bids/Applications on behalf of the Central

or State Government, Bids/Applications by officials appointed by the courts and Bids/Applications by Bidders/Applicants residing in Sikkim ("PAN Exempted Bidders/Applicants"). Consequently, all Bidders/Applicants, other than the PAN Exempted Bidders/Applicants, are required to disclose their PAN in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form, irrespective of the Bid/Application Amount. A Bid cum Application Form/Application Form without PAN, except in case of PAN Exempted Bidders/Applicants, is liable to be rejected. Bids/Applications by the Bidders/Applicants whose PAN is not available as per the Demographic Details available in their Depository records, are liable to be rejected.

- (c) The exemption for the PAN Exempted Bidders/Applicants is subject to (a) the Demographic Details received from the respective Depositories confirming the exemption granted to the beneficial owner by a suitable description in the PAN field and the beneficiary account remaining in "active status"; and (b) in the case of residents of Sikkim, the address as per the Demographic Details evidencing the same.
- (d) Bid cum Application Forms/Application Forms which provide the General Index Register Number instead of PAN may be rejected.
- (e) Bids/Applications by Bidders whose demat accounts have been 'suspended for credit' are liable to be rejected pursuant to the circular issued by SEBI on July 29, 2010, bearing number CIR/MRD/DP/22/2010. Such accounts are classified as "Inactive demat accounts" and Demographic Details are not provided by depositories.

#### 4.1.3 FIELD NUMBER 3: BIDDERS/APPLICANTS DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT DETAILS

- (a) Bidders/Applicants should ensure that DP ID and the Client ID are correctly filled in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form. The DP ID and Client ID provided in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form should match with the DP ID and Client ID available in the Depository database, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1081/journal.org/">otherwise, the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form is liable to be rejected.</a>
- (b) Bidders/Applicants should ensure that the beneficiary account provided in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form is active.
- (c) Bidders/Applicants should note that on the basis of the PAN, DP ID and Client ID as provided in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form, the Bidder/Applicant may be deemed to have authorized the Depositories to provide to the Registrar to the Offer, any requested Demographic Details of the Bidder/Applicant as available on the records of the depositories. These Demographic Details may be used, among other things, for any correspondence(s) related to an Offer.
- (d) Bidders/Applicants are, advised to update any changes to their Demographic Details as available in the records of the Depository Participant to ensure accuracy of records. Any delay resulting from failure to update the Demographic Details would be at the Bidders/Applicants' sole risk.

## 4.1.4 FIELD NUMBER 4: BID OPTIONS

- (a) Price or Floor Price or Price Band, minimum Bid Lot and Discount (if applicable) may be disclosed in the Prospectus/RHP by the Issuer. The Issuer is required to announce the Floor Price or Price Band, minimum Bid Lot and Discount (if applicable) by way of an advertisement in at least one English, one Hindi and one regional newspaper, with wide circulation at the place where the Issuer's registered office is situated, at least two Working Days before Bid/Offer Opening Date in case of an IPO, and at least one Working Day before Bid/Offer Opening Date in case of an FPO.
- (b) The Bidders may Bid at or above Floor Price or within the Price Band for IPOs /FPOs undertaken through the Book Building Process. In the case of Alternate Book Building Process for an FPO, the Bidders may Bid at Floor Price or any price above the Floor Price (For further details bidders may refer to (Section 5.6 (e))
- (c) **Cut-Off Price:** Retail Individual Investors or Employees or Retail Individual Shareholders in the Shareholder Reservation Portion (if any) can Bid at the Cut-off Price indicating their

agreement to Bid for and purchase the Equity Shares at the Offer Price as determined at the end of the Book Building Process. Bidding at the Cut-off Price is prohibited for QIBs and NIIs and such Bids from QIBs and NIIs are liable to be rejected.

- (d) **Minimum Application Value and Bid Lot**: The Issuer in consultation with the BRLM may decide the minimum number of Equity Shares for each Bid to ensure that the minimum application value is within the range of ₹ 10,000 to ₹ 15,000. The minimum Bid Lot is accordingly determined by an Issuer on the basis of such minimum application value.
- (e) Allotment: The Allotment of specified securities to each RII shall not be less than the minimum Bid Lot, subject to availability of shares in the Retail category, and the remaining available shares, if any, shall be Allotted on a proportionate basis. For details of the minimum Bid Lot, Bidders may refer to the RHP/Prospectus or the advertisement regarding the Price Band published by the Issuer.

#### 4.1.4.1 Maximum and Minimum Bid Size

(a) The Bidder may Bid for the desired number of Equity Shares at a specific price. Bids by Retail Individual Investors and Retail Individual Shareholders must be for such number of shares so as to ensure that the Bid Amount less Discount (as applicable), payable by the Bidder does not exceed ₹ 200,000.

In case the Bid Amount exceeds ₹ 200,000 due to revision of the Bid or any other reason, the Bid may be considered for allocation under the Non-Institutional Category, with it not being eligible for Discount then such Bid may be rejected if it is at the Cut-off Price.

The maximum bid Amount under the Employee Reservation Portion by an Eligible Employee could not exceed ₹ 500,000. However, the initial Allotment to an Eligible Employee in the Employee Reservation Portion could not exceed ₹ 200,000. Only in the event of an undersubscription in the Employee Reservation Portion post the initial Allotment, such unsubscribed portion may be Allotted on a proportionate basis to Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion, for a value in excess of ₹ 200,000, subject to the total Allotment to an Eligible Employee not exceeding ₹ 500,000.

- (b) For NRIs, a Bid Amount of up to ₹ 200,000 may be considered under the Retail Category for the purposes of allocation and a Bid Amount exceeding ₹ 200,000 may be considered under the Non-Institutional Category for the purposes of allocation.
- (c) Bids by QIBs and NIIs must be for such minimum number of shares such that the Bid Amount exceeds ₹ 200,000 and in multiples of such number of Equity Shares thereafter, as may be disclosed in the Bid cum Application Form and the RHP/Prospectus, or as advertised by the Issuer, as the case may be. Non-Institutional Bidders and QIBs are not allowed to Bid at 'Cutoff Price'.
- (d) RIIs may revise or withdraw their bids until the Bid/Offer Closing Date. QIBs and NII's cannot withdraw or lower their Bids (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage after bidding and all categories of investors are required to pay the Bid Amount upon submission of the Bid.
- (e) In case the Bid Amount reduces to ₹ 200,000 or less due to a revision of the Price Band, Bids by the Non-Institutional Bidders who are eligible for allocation in the Retail Category would be considered for allocation under the Retail Category.
- (f) For Anchor Investors, if applicable, the Bid Amount shall be least ₹10 crores. One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion shall be reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the price at which allocation is being done to other Anchor Investors. Bids by various schemes of a Mutual Fund shall be aggregated to determine the Bid Amount. A Bid cannot be submitted for more than 60% of the QIB Category under the Anchor Investor Portion. Anchor Investors cannot withdraw their Bids or lower the size of their Bids (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage after the Anchor Investor Bid/Offer Period and are required to pay the Bid Amount at the time of submission of the Bid. In case the Anchor Investor Offer Price is lower than the Offer

Price, the balance amount shall be payable as per the pay-in-date mentioned in the revised CAN. In case the Offer Price is lower than the Anchor Investor Offer Price, the amount in excess of the Offer Price paid by the Anchor Investors shall not be refunded to them.

- (g) A Bid by QIB Bidder cannot be submitted for more than the Offer size.
- (h) A Bid by NII Bidder cannot be submitted for more than the Offer size excluding QIB portion
- (i) The maximum Bid by any Bidder including QIB Bidder should not exceed the investment limits prescribed for them under the applicable laws.
- (j) The price and quantity options submitted by the Bidder in the Bid cum Application Form may be treated as optional bids from the Bidder and may not be cumulated. After determination of the Offer Price, the number of Equity Shares Bid for by a Bidder at or above the Offer Price may be considered for Allotment and the rest of the Bid(s), irrespective of the Bid Amount may automatically become invalid. This is not applicable in case of FPOs undertaken through Alternate Book Building Process (For details of Bidders may refer to (Section 5.6 (e)).

## 4.1.4.2 Multiple Bids

(a) Bidder should submit only one Bid cum Application Form. Bidder shall have the option to make a maximum of Bids at three different price levels in the Bid cum Application Form and such options are not considered as multiple Bids.

Submission of a second Bid cum Application Form to either the same or to another Designated Intermediary and duplicate copies of Bid cum Application Forms bearing the same application number shall be treated as multiple Bids and are liable to be rejected.

- (b) Bidders are requested to note the following procedures may be followed by the Registrar to the Offer to detect multiple Bids:
  - All Bids may be checked for common PAN as per the records of the Depository. For Bidders other than Mutual Funds, Bids bearing the same PAN may be treated as multiple Bids by a Bidder and may be rejected.
  - ii. For Bids from Mutual Funds, submitted under the same PAN, as well as Bids on behalf of the PAN Exempted Bidders, the Bid cum Application Forms may be checked for common DP ID and Client ID. Such Bids which have the same DP ID and Client ID may be treated as multiple Bids and are liable to be rejected.
- (c) The following Bids may not be treated as multiple Bids:
  - i. Bids by Reserved Categories Bidding in their respective Reservation Portion as well as bids made by them in the Net Offer portion in public category.
  - ii. Separate Bids by Mutual Funds in respect of more than one scheme of the Mutual Fund provided that the Bids clearly indicate the scheme for which the Bid has been made.
  - iii. Bids by Mutual Funds, submitted with the same PAN but with different beneficiary account numbers, Client IDs and DP IDs.
  - iv. Bids by Anchor Investors under the Anchor Investor Portion and the QIB Category.

# 4.1.5 FIELD NUMBER 5 : CATEGORY OF BIDDERS

- (a) The categories of Bidders identified as per the SEBI ICDR Regulations for the purpose of Bidding, allocation and allotment in the Offer are RIIs, NIIs and QIBs.
- (b) Up to 60% of the QIB Category can be allocated by the Issuer, on a discretionary basis subject to the criteria of minimum and maximum number of Anchor Investors based on allocation size, to the Anchor Investors, in accordance with SEBI ICDR Regulations, with one-third of the Anchor Investor Portion reserved for domestic Mutual Funds subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price. For details regarding allocation to Anchor Investors,

- Bidders may refer to the RHP/Prospectus.
- (c) An Issuer can make reservation for certain categories of Bidders/Applicants as permitted under the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For details of any reservations made in the Offer, Bidders/Applicants may refer to the RHP/Prospectus.
- (d) The SEBI ICDR Regulations specify the allocation or Allotment that may be made to various categories of Bidders in an Offer depending upon compliance with the eligibility conditions. Details pertaining to allocation are disclosed on reverse side of the Revision Form. For Offer specific details in relation to allocation Bidder/Applicant may refer to the RHP/Prospectus.

#### 4.1.6 FIELD NUMBER 6: INVESTOR STATUS

- (a) Each Bidder/Applicant should check whether it is eligible to apply under applicable law and ensure that any prospective Allotment to it in the Offer is in compliance with the investment restrictions under applicable law.
- (b) Certain categories of Bidders/Applicants, such as NRIs, FPIs and FVCIs may not be allowed to Bid/Apply in the Offer or hold Equity Shares exceeding certain limits specified under applicable law. Bidders/Applicants are requested to refer to the RHP/Prospectus for more details.
- (c) Bidders/Applicants should check whether they are eligible to apply on non-repatriation basis or repatriation basis and should accordingly provide the investor status. Details regarding investor status are different in the Resident Bid cum Application Form and Non-Resident Bid cum Application Form.
- (d) Bidders/Applicants should ensure that their investor status is updated in the Depository records.

#### 4.1.7 FIELD NUMBER 7: PAYMENT DETAILS

- (a) Bidders are required to enter either the ASBA Bank account details or the UPI ID in this field. In case the Bidder doesn't provide any of the ASBA Bank account details or the UPI ID then the application would be rejected. For application submitted to Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs), Bidder providing both, the ASBA Bank account details as well as the UPI ID, the UPI ID will be considered for processing of the application.
- (b) The full Bid Amount (net of any Discount, as applicable) shall be blocked based on the authorization provided in the Bid cum Application Form. If the Discount is applicable in the Offer, the RIIs and Retail Individual Shareholders and Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion (if any) should indicate the full Bid Amount in the Bid cum Application Form and the payment shall be blocked for the Bid Amount net of Discount. Only in cases where the RHP/Prospectus indicates that part payment may be made, such an option can be exercised by the Bidder. In case of Bidders specifying more than one Bid Option in the Bid cum Application Form, the total Bid Amount may be calculated for the highest of three options at net price, i.e. Bid price less Discount offered, if any.
- (c) RIIs bidding at Cut-off price, the amount shall be blocked based on the Cap Price.
- (d) All QIB and NII Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) can participate in the Offer only through the ASBA mechanism.
- (e) RIIs submitting their applications through Designated Intermediaries (other than the SCSBs) can participate in the Issue through UPI mechanism, through their UPI ID linked with their bank account.
- (f) Bid Amount cannot be paid in cash, cheque, demand draft, through money order or through postal order.

# 4.1.7.1. **Instructions for Anchor Investors:**

(a) Anchor Investors shall submit their Bids only with any of the BRLMs to the Offer.

- (b) Payments should be made either by direct credit, RTGS, NACH or NEFT.
- (c) The Anchor Escrow Bank(s) shall maintain the monies in the Anchor Escrow Account for and on behalf of the Anchor Investors until the Designated Date.

#### 4.1.7.2. Payment instructions for Bidders (other than Anchor Investors)

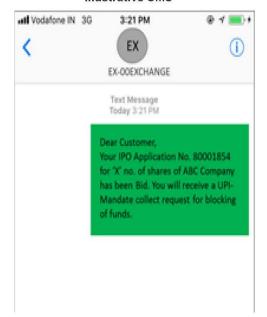
(a) **RIIs bidding through Designated Intermediaries** should note that with the introduction of UPI as a payment mechanism, there are four channels of making applications in public issues available to them in UPI Phase I (i.e. from January 1, 2019 for a period of three months or floating of five main board public issues, whichever is later). The four channels for making applications in public issues available to RIIs bidding through Designated Intermediaries are as follows:

Channel I	Channel II	Channel III	Channel IV
RIIs may submit the Bid cum Application Form with ASBA as the sole mechanism for making payment either physically (at the branch of the SCSB) or online.  For such applications the existing process of uploading the bid and blocking of funds in the RIIs account by the SCSB would continue.	Bid cum Application Form online using the	Bid cum Application Form with any of the Designated Intermediaries, along with details of his/her	RIIs may submit the Bid cum Application Form with any of the Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) and use his/her UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds.

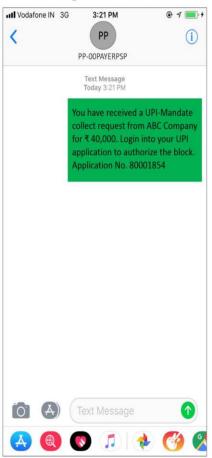
For UPI Phase II and UPI Phase III, RIIs will have the option to use only Channel I, Channel II and Channel IV (as described above) for making applications in a public issue.

Please see below a graphical illustrative process of the investor receiving and approving the UPI Mandate Request.

# **Illustrative SMS**



# Block request SMS to investor



# Block request intimation through UPI application



#### 1. Investor UPI application screen



#### 3. Post verification of details above



# 2. Sample of IPO details in attachment



### 4. Pre-confirmation page



- (b) QIB and NII Bidders may submit the Bid cum Application Form either
  - To SCSBs in physical or electronic mode through the internet banking facility offered by an SCSB authorizing blocking of funds that are available in the ASBA account specified in the Bid cum Application Form, or
  - ii. in physical mode to any Designated Intermediary.
- (c) Bidders must specify the Bank Account number, or the UPI ID, as applicable, in the Bid cum Application Form. The Bid cum Application Form submitted by a Bidder and which is accompanied by cash, demand draft, cheque, money order, postal order or any mode of payment other than blocked amounts in the ASBA Account, may not be accepted.
- (d) Bidders should note that application made using third party UPI ID or ASBA Bank Account are liable to be rejected.
- (e) Bidders shall note that for the purpose of blocking funds under ASBA facility clearly

demarcated funds shall be available in the ASBA Account.

- (f) Bidders should submit the Bid cum Application Form only at the Bidding Centers, i.e. to the respective member of the Syndicate at the Specified Locations, the SCSBs, the Registered Broker at the Broker Centres, the RTA at the Designated CRTA Locations or CDP at the Designated CDP Locations.
- (g) **Bidders bidding through Designated Intermediaries** other than a SCSB, should note that ASBA Forms submitted to such Designated Intermediary may not be accepted, if the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the Bid cum Application Form, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for such Designated Intermediary, to deposit ASBA Forms.
- (h) **Bidders bidding directly through the SCSBs** should ensure that the Bid cum Application Form is submitted to a Designated Branch of a SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained.
- (i) Upon receipt of the Bid cum Application Form, the Designated Branch of the SCSB may verify if sufficient funds equal to the Bid Amount are available in the ASBA Account, as mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form.
- (j) If sufficient funds are available in the ASBA Account, the SCSB may block an amount equivalent to the Bid Amount mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form and for application directly submitted to SCSB by investor, may enter each Bid option into the electronic bidding system as a separate Bid.
- (k) If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the Designated Branch of the SCSB may not upload such Bids on the Stock Exchange platform and such bids are liable to be rejected.
- (l) Upon submission of a completed Bid cum Application Form each Bidder (not being a RII who has opted for the UPI mechanism and provided a UPI ID with the Bid cum Application Form) may be deemed to have agreed to block the entire Bid Amount and authorized the Designated Branch of the SCSB to block the Bid Amount specified in the Bid cum Application Form in the ASBA Account maintained with the SCSBs. For details regarding blocking of Bid Amount for RIIs who have provided a UPI ID with the Application Form please refer to paragraph 4.1.7.4.
- (m) The Bid Amount may remain blocked in the aforesaid ASBA Account until finalisation of the Basis of Allotment and consequent transfer of the Bid Amount against the Allotted Equity Shares to the Public Offer Account, or until withdrawal or failure of the Issue, or until withdrawal or rejection of the Bid, as the case may be.
- (n) SCSBs bidding in the Offer must apply through an Account maintained with any other SCSB; else their Bids are liable to be rejected.

# 4.1.7.3. Unblocking of ASBA Account

- (a) Once the Basis of Allotment is approved by the Designated Stock Exchange, the Registrar to the Offer may provide the following details to the controlling branches of each SCSB or the Sponsor Bank, as the case may be, along with instructions to unblock the relevant ASBA Accounts and for successful applications transfer the requisite money to the Public Offer Account designated for this purpose, within the specified timelines: (i) the number of Equity Shares to be Allotted against each Bid, (ii) the amount to be transferred from the relevant ASBA account to the Public Offer Account, for each Bid, (iii) the date by which funds referred to in (ii) above may be transferred to the Public Offer Account, (iv) the amount to be unblocked, if any in case of partial allotments and (v) details of rejected ASBA Bids, if any, along with reasons for rejection and details of withdrawn or unsuccessful Bids, if any, to enable the SCSBs or the Sponsor Bank, as the case may be, to unblock the respective ASBA Accounts.
- (b) On the basis of instructions from the Registrar to the Issue, the SCSBs or the Sponsor Bank, as the case may be, may transfer the requisite amount against each successful Bidder to the Public Offer Account and may unblock the excess amount, if any, in the ASBA Account.
- (c) In the event of withdrawal or rejection of the Bid cum Application Form and for unsuccessful

Bids, the Registrar to the Offer may give instructions to the SCSB or to the Sponsor Bank to revoke the mandate and, as the case may be, to unblock the Bid Amount in the relevant account within four Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date.

# 4.1.7.4. Additional Payment Instructions for RIIs bidding through Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) using the UPI mechanism

- (a) Before submission of the application form with the Designated Intermediary (other than SCSBs), an RII shall download the mobile application, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account, for UPI and create a UPI ID (xyz@bankname) of not more than 45 characters with its bank and link it to his/ her bank account where the funds equivalent to the application amount is available.
- (b) RIIs shall ensure that the bank, with which it has its bank account, where the funds equivalent to the application amount is available for blocking has been notified as Issuer Banks for UPI. A list of such banks is available at <a href="https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40">https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40</a>.
- (c) RIIs shall mention his / her UPI ID along with the bid details in the Bid cum Application Form in capital letters and submit the Bid cum Application Form to any of the Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs). It is clarified that if an RII submits a third party UPI ID instead of his/her own UPI ID in the Bid cum Application Form, the application is liable to be rejected.
- (d) The Designated Intermediary (other than SCSB) upon receipt of the Bid cum Application Form will upload the bid details along with UPI ID in the stock exchange bidding platform.
- (e) Once the bid has been entered into the Stock Exchange bidding platform, the stock exchange will validate the PAN and Demat Account details of the RII with the Depository. The Depository will validate the aforesaid details on a real time basis and send a response to the stock exchange which will be shared by the stock exchange with the respective Designated Intermediary through its bidding platform, for corrections, if any.
- (f) Once the bid details have been validated by the Depository, the stock exchange will, on a continuous basis, electronically share the bid details along with the UPI ID of the concerned RII with the Sponsor Bank appointed by the Issuer.
- (g) The Sponsor Bank will validate the UPI ID of the RII before initiating the Mandate request.
- (h) The Sponsor Bank after validating the UPI ID will initiate a UPI Mandate Request for valid UPI ID on the RII which will be electronically received by the RII as an SMS / intimation on his / her mobile number / mobile app associated with the UPI ID linked account. The RII shall ensure that the details of the Bid are correct by opening the attachment in the UPI Mandate Request and then proceed to authorise the UPI Mandate Request using his/her UPI PIN. Upon the authorization of the mandate using his/her UPI PIN, an RII may be deemed to have verified the attachment containing the application details of the RII in the UPI Mandate Request and have agreed to block the entire Bid Amount and authorized the Sponsor Bank to block the Bid Amount mentioned in the Bid Cum Application Form and subsequent debit in case of allotment.
- (i) Upon successful validation of the block request by the RII, the said information would be electronically received by the RII's bank, where the funds, equivalent to the application amount would get blocked in the ASBA Account of the RII. Intimation regarding confirmation of such blocking of funds in the ASBA Account of the RII would also be received by the RII. Information on the block status request would be shared with the Sponsor Bank which in turn would share it with the stock exchange which in turn would share it with the Registrar in the form of a file for the purpose of reconciliation and display it on the stock exchange bidding platform for the information of the Designated Intermediary.
- (j) RIIs may continue to modify or withdraw the Bid till the closure of the Bidding Period. For each modification of the Bid, the RII will submit a revised Bid and will receive a UPI Mandate Request from the Sponsor Bank to be validated as per the process indicated above.

(k) Post closure of the Offer, the stock exchange will share the Bid details with the Registrar along with the final file received from the Sponsor Bank containing status of blocked funds or otherwise, along with the ASBA Account details with respect to applications made by RIIs using UPI ID.

#### 4.1.7.5. **Discount** (if applicable)

- (a) The Discount is stated in absolute rupee terms.
- (b) Bidders applying under Retail category, Retail Individual Shareholder and Employees under Employee Reservation Portion are only eligible for discount. For Discounts offered in the Issue, Bidders may refer to the RHP/Prospectus.
- (c) The Bidders entitled to the applicable Discount in the Offer may block their ASBA Account for an amount i.e. the Bid Amount less Discount (if applicable).

Bidder (other than employees) may note that in case the net amount blocked (post Discount) is more than two lakh Rupees, the Bidding system automatically considers such applications for allocation under Non-Institutional Category. These applications are neither eligible for Discount nor fall under Retail category.

#### 4.1.8 FIELD NUMBER 8: SIGNATURES AND OTHER AUTHORISATIONS

- (a) Only the First Bidder/Applicant is required to sign the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form. Bidders/Applicants should ensure that signatures are in one of the languages specified in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution of India.
- (b) The signature has to be correctly affixed in the authorization/undertaking box in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form, or an authorisation has to be provided to the SCSB or using the UPI to the Sponsor Bank, via the electronic mode, for blocking funds in the ASBA Account equivalent to the Bid Amount mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form.
- (c) Bidders/Applicants must note that Bid cum Application Form/Application Form without signature of Bidder/Applicant and /or ASBA Account holder is liable to be rejected.

#### 4.1.9 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND FUTURE COMMUNICATION

- (a) Bidders should ensure that they receive the Acknowledgment slip or the acknowledgement number duly signed and stamped by a Designated Intermediary, as applicable, for submission of the Bid cum Application Form.
- (b) All communications in connection with Bids/Applications made in the Offer should be addressed as under:
  - i. In case of queries related to Allotment, non-receipt of Allotment Advice, credit of Allotted Equity Shares, unblocking of funds, the Bidders/Applicants should contact the Registrar to the Issue.
  - ii. In case of Bids submitted to the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, the Bidders/Applicants should contact the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB.
  - iii. In case of queries relating to uploading of Syndicate ASBA Bids, the Bidders/Applicants should contact the relevant Syndicate Member.
  - iv. In case of queries relating to uploading of Bids by a Designated Intermediary, the Bidders/Applicants should contact the relevant Designated Intermediary.
  - v. In case of queries relating to uploading of Bids through the UPI mechanism, the Bidders/Applicants should contact the Designated Intermediary.
  - vi. Bidder/Applicant may contact the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer or BRLM(s) in case of any other complaints in relation to the Issue.
- (c) The following details (as applicable) should be quoted while making any queries –

- i. full name of the sole or First Bidder/Applicant, Bid cum Application Form number, Applicants'/Bidders' DP ID, Client ID, PAN, number of Equity Shares applied for, amount paid on application.
- ii. name and address of the Designated Intermediary, where the Bid was submitted along with the acknowledgment slip from Designated Intermediary or
- iii. Bids, ASBA Account number or the UPI ID (for RIIs who make the payment of Bid Amount through the UPI mechanism) linked to the ASBA Account where the Bid Amount was blocked.

For further details, Bidder/Applicant may refer to the RHP/Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Form.

#### 4.2 INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING THE REVISION FORM

- (a) During the Bid/Offer Period, any Bidder/Applicant (other than QIBs and NIIs, who can only revise their bid upwards) who has registered his or her interest in the Equity Shares at a particular price level is free to revise his or her Bid within the Price Band using the Revision Form, which is a part of the Bid cum Application Form.
- (b) RII may revise their Bids or withdraw their bids until Bid/Offer Closing date.
- (c) Revisions can be made in both the desired number of Equity Shares and the Bid Amount by using the Revision Form.
- (d) The Bidder/Applicant can make this revision any number of times during the Bid/ Offer Period. However, for any revision(s) in the Bid, the Bidders/Applicants will have to use the services of the same Designated Intermediary through which such Bidder/Applicant had placed the original Bid. It is clarified that RIIs whose original Bid is made using the UPI mechanism can make revision(s) to their Bid using the UPI mechanism only, whereby each time the Sponsor Bank will initiate a new UPI Mandate Request. Bidders/Applicants are advised to retain copies of the blank Revision Form and the Bid(s) must be made only in such Revision Form or copies thereof.

A sample revision form is reproduced below:

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Instructions to fill each field of the Revision Form can be found on the reverse side of the Revision Form. Other than instructions already highlighted at paragraph 4.1 above, point wise instructions regarding filling up various fields of the Revision Form are provided below:

# 4.2.1 FIELDS 1, 2 AND 3: NAME AND CONTACT DETAILS OF SOLE/FIRST

# BIDDER/APPLICANT, PAN OF SOLE/FIRST BIDDER/APPLICANT & DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT DETAILS OF THE BIDDER/APPLICANT

Bidders/Applicants should refer to instructions contained in paragraphs 4.1.1, 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.

#### 4.2.2 FIELD 4 & 5: BID OPTIONS REVISION 'FROM' AND 'TO'

- (a) Apart from mentioning the revised options in the Revision Form, the Bidder/Applicant must also mention the details of all the bid options given in his or her Bid cum Application Form or earlier Revision Form. For example, if a Bidder/Applicant has Bid for three options in the Bid cum Application Form and such Bidder/Applicant is changing only one of the options in the Revision Form, the Bidder/Applicant must still fill the details of the other two options that are not being revised, in the Revision Form. The Designated Intermediaries may not accept incomplete or inaccurate Revision Forms.
- (b) In case of revision, Bid options should be provided by Bidders/Applicants in the same order as provided in the Bid cum Application Form.
- (c) In case of revision of Bids by RIIs, and Retail Individual Shareholders, such Bidders/Applicants should ensure that the Bid Amount, subsequent to revision, does not exceed ₹ 200,000. In case the Bid Amount exceeds ₹ 200,000 due to revision of the Bid or for any other reason, the Bid may be considered, subject to eligibility, for allocation under the Non-Institutional Category, not being eligible for Discount (if applicable) and such Bid may be rejected if it is at the Cutoff Price. The Cut-off Price option is given only to the RIIs, Employees and Retail Individual Shareholders indicating their agreement to Bid for and purchase the Equity Shares at the Offer Price as determined at the end of the Book Building Process.
- (d) In case of revision of Bids by Employees, such Bidders/Applicants should ensure that the Bid Amount, subsequent to revision, does not exceed ₹ 500,000.
- (e) If, however, the RII does not either revise the Bid or make additional payment and the Offer Price is higher than the cap of the Price Band prior to revision, the number of Equity Shares Bid for shall be adjusted downwards for the purpose of allocation, such that no additional payment would be required from the RII and the RII is deemed to have approved such revised Bid at Cutoff Price.
- (f) In case of a downward revision in the Price Band, RIIs and Bids by Employees under the Reservation Portion, who have bid at the Cut-off Price could either revise their Bid or the excess amount paid at the time of Bidding will be unblocked.

### 4.2.3 FIELD 6: PAYMENT DETAILS

- (a) All Bidders/Applicants are required to authorize blocking of the full Bid Amount (less Discount (if applicable) at the time of submitting the Bid Revision Form. In case of Bidders/Applicants specifying more than one Bid Option in the Bid cum Application Form, the total Bid Amount may be calculated for the highest of three options at net price, i.e. Bid price less discount offered, if any.
- (b) Bidder/Applicant, Bidder/Applicant may Offer instructions to block the revised amount based on cap of the revised Price Band (adjusted for the Discount (if applicable) in the ASBA Account, to the same Designated Intermediary through whom such Bidder/Applicant had placed the original Bid to enable the relevant SCSB to block the additional Bid Amount, if any.
- (c) In case of a downward revision in the Price Band, RIIs, Employees and Retail Individual Shareholders, who have bid at the Cut-off Price, could either revise their Bid or the excess amount paid at the time of Bidding may be unblocked.

#### 4.2.4 FIELDS 7: SIGNATURES AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Bidders/Applicants may refer to instructions contained at paragraphs 4.1.8 and 4.1.9 for this purpose.

#### 4.3 INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING APPLICATION FORM IN ISSUES MADE OTHER THAN

### THROUGH THE BOOK BUILDING PROCESS (FIXED PRICE ISSUE)

# 4.3.1 FIELDS 1, 2, 3 NAME AND CONTACT DETAILS OF SOLE/FIRST BIDDER/APPLICANT, PAN OF SOLE/FIRST BIDDER/APPLICANT & DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT DETAILS OF THE BIDDER/APPLICANT

Applicants should refer to instructions contained in paragraphs 4.1.1, 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.

#### 4.3.2 FIELD 4: PRICE, APPLICATION QUANTITY & AMOUNT

- (a) The Issuer may mention Price or Price Band in the draft Prospectus. However a prospectus registered with RoC contains one price or coupon rate (as applicable).
- (b) **Minimum Application Value and Bid Lot**: The Issuer in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager to the Offer (LM) may decide the minimum number of Equity Shares for each Bid to ensure that the minimum application value is within the range of ₹ 10,000 to ₹ 15,000. The minimum Lot size is accordingly determined by an Issuer on basis of such minimum application value.
- (c) Applications by RIIs and Retail Individual Shareholders, must be for such number of shares so as to ensure that the application amount less Discount (as applicable), payable does not exceed ₹ 200,000.
- (d) Applications by Employees must be for such number of shares that the application amount less Discount (as applicable), payable does not exceed ₹ 500,000.
- (e) Applications by other investors must be for such minimum number of shares such that the application amount exceeds ₹ 200,000 and in multiples of such number of Equity Shares thereafter, as may be disclosed in the application form and the Prospectus, or as advertised by the Issuer, as the case may be.
- (f) An application cannot be submitted for more than the Offer size.
- (g) The maximum application by any Applicant should not exceed the investment limits prescribed for them under the applicable laws.
- (h) Multiple Applications: An Applicant should submit only one Application Form. Submission of a second Application Form to either the same or other SCSB and duplicate copies of Application Forms bearing the same application number shall be treated as multiple applications and are liable to be rejected.
- (i) For details regarding the procedures to be followed by the Registrar to detect multiple applications. Applicants should refer to paragraphs 4.1.4.2(b) and 4.1.4.2(c).

# 4.3.3 FIELD NUMBER 5 : CATEGORY OF APPLICANTS

- (a) The categories of applicants identified as per the SEBI ICDR Regulations for the purpose of Bidding, allocation and Allotment in the Offer are RIIs, individual applicants other than RII's and other investors (including corporate bodies or institutions, irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for).
- (b) An Issuer can make reservation for certain categories of Applicants permitted under the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For details of any reservations made in the Offer, applicants may refer to the Prospectus.
- (c) The SEBI ICDR Regulations specify the allocation or Allotment that may be made to various categories of applicants in an Offer depending upon compliance with the eligibility conditions. Details pertaining to allocation are disclosed on reverse side of the Revision Form. For Offer specific details in relation to allocation applicant may refer to the Prospectus.

# 4.3.4 FIELD NUMBER 6: INVESTOR STATUS

Applicants should refer to instructions contained in paragraphs 4.1.6.

#### 4.3.5 FIELD 7: PAYMENT DETAILS

- (a) Bidders are required to enter either the ASBA Bank account details or the UPI ID in this field. In case the Bidder doesn't provide any of the ASBA Bank account details or the UPI ID then the application would be rejected. For application submitted to Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs), Bidder providing both the ASBA Bank account details as well as the UPI ID, the UPI ID will be considered for processing of the application.
- (b) All Applicants (other than Anchor Investors) are required to make use ASBA for applying in the Offer
- (c) RIIs applying through Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) may make use of the UPI mechanism for applying in the Offer.
- (d) Application Amount cannot be paid in cash, cheques or demand drafts through money order or through postal order or through stock invest.

#### 4.3.5.1 Payment instructions for Applicants

Applicants should refer to instructions contained in paragraphs 4.1.7.2.

# 4.3.5.2 Unblocking of ASBA Account

Applicants should refer to instructions contained in paragraph 4.1.7.3.

# 4.3.5.3 Additional Payment Instructions for RIIs bidding through Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) using the UPI mechanism

Applicants should refer to instructions contained in paragraph 4.1.7.4

#### 4.3.5.4 **Discount** (if applicable)

Applicants should refer to instructions contained in paragraph 4.1.7.5

# 4.3.6 FIELD NUMBER 8: SIGNATURES AND OTHER AUTHORISATIONS & ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND FUTURE COMMUNICATION

Applicants should refer to instructions contained in paragraphs 4.1.8 & 4.1.9.

# 4.4 SUBMISSION OF BID CUM APPLICATION FORM/ REVISION FORM/APPLICATION FORM

# 4.4.1 Bidders/Applicants may submit completed Bid-cum-application form / Revision Form in the following manner:-

Mode of Application	Submission of Bid cum Application Form						
Anchor Investors	To one of the Book Running Lead Managers at the Specified Locations mentioned						
Application Form	in the Bid cum Application Form						
All Applications (other	(a) To members of the Syndicate in the Specified Locations or Registered Brokers						
than Anchor Investors)	at the Broker Centres or the CRTAs at the Designated RTA Locations or						
	the CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations; and						
	(b) To the Designated Branches of the SCSBs where the ASBA Account is						
	maintained						

- (a) Bidders/Applicants should submit the Revision Form to the same Designated Intermediary through which such Bidder/Applicant had submitted the original Bid.
- (b) Upon submission of the Bid-cum-Application Form, the Bidder/Applicant will be deemed to have authorized the Issuer to make the necessary changes in the RHP and the Bid cum

Application Form as would be required for filing Prospectus with the Registrar of Companies (RoC) and as would be required by the RoC after such filing, without prior or subsequent notice of such changes to the relevant Bidder/Applicant.

(c) Upon determination of the Offer Price and filing of the Prospectus with the RoC, the Bid-cum-Application Form will be considered as the application form.

#### SECTION 5: OFFER PROCEDURE IN BOOK BUILT ISSUE

Book Building, in the context of the Offer, refers to the process of collection of Bids within the Price Band or above the Floor Price and determining the Offer Price based on the Bids received as detailed in Schedule XIII of SEBI ICDR Regulations 2018. The Offer Price is finalised after the Bid/Offer Closing Date. Valid Bids received at or above the Offer Price are considered for allocation in the Issue, subject to applicable regulations and other terms and conditions.

#### 5.1 SUBMISSION OF BIDS

- (a) During the Bid/Offer Period, ASBA Bidders/Applicants may approach any of the Designated Intermediary to register and submit their Bids. Anchor Investors who are interested in subscribing for the Equity Shares should approach one of the Book Running Lead Manager on the Anchor Investor Bidding Date to register and submit their Bid.
- (b) In case of Bidders/Applicants (excluding NIIs and QIBs) bidding at Cut-off Price, the Bidders/Applicants may instruct the SCSBs or the Sponsor Bank, as applicable, to block Bid Amount based on the Cap Price less discount (if applicable).
- (c) For details of the timing on acceptance and upload of Bids in the Stock Exchanges Platform Bidders/Applicants are requested to refer to the RHP.

# 5.2 ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION OF BIDS

- (a) The Designated Intermediary may register the Bids using the on-line facility of the Stock Exchanges. The Designated Intermediaries can also set up facilities for off-line electronic registration of Bids, subject to the condition that they may subsequently upload the off-line data file into the on-line facilities for Book Building on a regular basis before the closure of the issue.
- (b) On the Bid/Offer Closing Date, the Designated Intermediaries may upload the Bids till such time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchanges.
- (c) Only Bids that are uploaded on the Stock Exchanges Platform would be considered for allocation/ Allotment. In UPI Phase I, the Designated Intermediaries are given time till 1:00 pm on the day following the Bid/Offer Closing Date to modify select fields uploaded in the Stock Exchange Platform during the Bid/Offer Period after which the Stock Exchange(s) send the bid information to the Registrar to the Offer for further processing.

#### 5.3 BUILD UP OF THE BOOK

- (a) Bids received from various Bidders/Applicants through the Designated Intermediaries may be electronically uploaded on the Bidding Platform of the Stock Exchanges' on a regular basis. The book gets built up at various price levels. This information may be available with the BRLM at the end of the Bid/Offer Period.
- (b) Based on the aggregate demand and price for Bids registered on the Stock Exchanges Platform, a graphical representation of consolidated demand and price as available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges may be made available at the Bidding centres during the Bid/Offer Period.

# 5.4 WITHDRAWAL OF BIDS

(a) RIIs can withdraw their Bids until Bid/Offer Closing Date. In case a RII wishes to withdraw the Bid, the same can be done by submitting a request for the same to the concerned Designated Intermediary, who shall do the requisite, including unblocking of the funds in the ASBA Account.

(b) The Registrar to the Offer shall give instruction to the SCSB or the Sponsor Bank, as applicable, for unblocking the ASBA Account upon or after the finalization of basis of Allotment. QIBs and NIIs can neither withdraw nor lower the size of their Bids at any stage.

#### 5.5 REJECTION & RESPONSIBILITY FOR UPLOAD OF BIDS

- (a) The Designated Intermediaries are individually responsible for the acts, mistakes or errors or omission in relation to
  - i. The Bids accepted by the Designated Intermediary;
  - ii. The Bids (including UP ID, as applicable) uploaded by the Designated Intermediary; and
  - iii. The Bid cum application forms accepted but not uploaded by the Designated Intermediaries.
- (b) The BRLMs and their affiliate Syndicate Members, as the case may be, may reject Bids if all the information required is not provided and the Bid cum Application Form is incomplete in any respect.
- (c) The SCSBs or the Sponsor Banks, as applicable, shall have no right to reject Bids, except in case of unavailability of adequate funds in the ASBA Account or on technical grounds.
- (d) In case of QIB Bidders, only the (i) SCSBs (for Bids other than the Bids by Anchor Investors); and (ii) BRLM and their affiliate Syndicate Members (only in the specified locations) have the right to reject bids. However, such rejection shall be made at the time of receiving the Bid and only after assigning a reason for such rejection in writing.
- (e) All bids by QIBs, NIIs & RIIs Bids can be rejected on technical grounds listed herein.

### 5.5.1 GROUNDS FOR TECHNICAL REJECTIONS

Bid cum Application Forms/Application Form can be rejected on the below mentioned technical grounds either at the time of their submission to any of the Designated Intermediaries, or at the time of finalisation of the Basis of Allotment. Bidders/Applicants are advised to note that the Bids/Applications are liable to be rejected, inter-alia, on the following grounds, which have been detailed at various places in this GID:-

- (a) Bid/Application by persons not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, as amended, (other than minors having valid Depository Account as per Demographic Details provided by Depositories);
- (b) Bids/Applications of Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) accompanied by cash, draft, cheques, money order or any other mode of payment other than amounts blocked in the Bidders' ASBA Account;
- (c) Bids/Applications by OCBs;
- (d) In case of partnership firms, Bid/Application for Equity Shares made in the name of the firm. However, a limited liability partnership can apply in its own name;
- (e) In case of Bids/Applications under power of attorney or by limited companies, corporate, trust etc., relevant documents are not being submitted along with the Bid cum application form/Application Form;
- (f) Bids/Applications by persons prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in the shares directly or indirectly by SEBI or any other regulatory authority;
- (g) Bids/Applications by any person outside India if not in compliance with applicable foreign and Indian laws;
- (h) DP ID and Client ID not mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form;

- (i) ASBA Account number or UPI ID not mentioned or incorrectly mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form;
- (j) PAN not mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form except for Bids/Applications by or on behalf of the Central or State Government and officials appointed by the court and by the investors residing in the State of Sikkim, provided such claims have been verified by the Depository Participant;
- (k) In case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories that matches the DP ID, the Client ID and the PAN;
- (l) Bids/Applications for lower number of Equity Shares than the minimum specified for that category of investors;
- (m) Bids/Applications at a price less than the Floor Price & Bids/Applications at a price more than the Cap Price;
- (n) Bids/Applications at Cut-off Price by NIIs and QIBs;
- (o) The amounts mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form does not tally with the amount payable for the value of the Equity Shares Bid/Applied for;
- (p) Bids/Applications for amounts greater than the maximum permissible amounts prescribed by the regulations;
- (q) Submission of Bid cum Application Forms/Application Form using third party UPI ID or ASBA Bank Account;
- (r) Submission of more than one Bid cum Application Form per UPI ID or ASBA Account mentioned in the Bid Cum Application Form by RIIs bidding through Designated Intermediaries (except for RIIs applying as Retail Individual Shareholder also);
- (s) In case of joint Bids, submission of Bid cum Application Forms/Application Form using second or third party's UPI ID or ASBA Bank Account;
- (t) Bids/Applications for number of Equity Shares which are not in multiples of Equity Shares which are not in multiples as specified in the RHP;
- (u) Multiple Bids/Applications as defined in this GID and the RHP/Prospectus;
- (v) Bid cum Application Forms/Application Forms are not delivered by the Bidders/Applicants within the time prescribed as per the Bid cum Application Forms/Application Form, Bid/Offer Opening Date advertisement and as per the instructions in the RHP and the Bid cum Application Forms;
- (w) Bank account mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form (for Bidders applying through the non UPI mechanism) may not be an account maintained by SCSB. Inadequate funds in the ASBA Account to block the Bid/Application Amount specified in the Bid cum Application Form/ Application Form at the time of blocking such Bid/Application Amount in the ASBA Account;
- (x) In case of Bids by RIIs (applying through the UPI mechanism), the UPI ID mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form is linked to a third party bank account;
- (y) In case of Bids by RIIs (applying through the UPI mechanism), the UPI ID is not mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form;
- (z) In case of Anchor Investors, Bids/Applications where sufficient funds are not available in Escrow Accounts as per final certificate from the Anchor Escrow Bank;
- (aa) Where no confirmation is received from SCSB or the Sponsor Bank, as applicable, for blocking of funds;

- (bb) Bids/Applications by Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) not submitted through ASBA process;
- (cc) Bid cum Application Form submitted to Designated Intermediaries at locations other than the Bidding Centers or to the Anchor Escrow Bank (assuming that such bank is not a SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained), to the issuer or the Registrar to the Offer;
- (dd) Bids/Applications not uploaded on the terminals of the Stock Exchanges;
- (ee) Bids/Applications by SCSBs wherein a separate account in its own name held with any other SCSB is not mentioned as the ASBA Account in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form.
- (ff) The UPI Mandate is not approved by Retail Individual Investor; and
- (gg) The original Bid/Application is made using the UPI mechanism and revision(s) to the Bid/Application is made using ASBA either physically or online through the SCSB, and *vice-versa*.
- (hh) Bidders are required to enter either the ASBA Bank account details or the UPI ID in the Bid cum Application Form. In case the Bidder doesn't provide any of the ASBA Bank account details or the UPI ID then the application would be rejected. For application submitted to Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs), Bidder providing both the ASBA Bank account details as well as the UPI ID, the UPI ID will be considered for processing of the application.
- (ii) RIIs shall ensure that the bank, with which it has its bank account, where the funds equivalent to the application amount is available for blocking has been notified as Issuer Banks for UPI. A list of such banks is available at <a href="https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40">https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40</a>
- (jj) In case of revision of Bids by RII Bidders, if UPI Mandate Request for the revised Bid is not approved, the Application is liable to be rejected.

# 5.6 BASIS OF ALLOCATION

- (a) The SEBI ICDR Regulations specify the allocation or Allotment that may be made to various categories of Bidders/Applicants in an Offer depending on compliance with the applicable eligibility conditions. Certain details pertaining to the percentage of Offer size available for allocation to each category is disclosed overleaf of the Bid cum Application Form and in the RHP / Prospectus. For details in relation to allocation, the Bidder/Applicant may refer to the RHP / Prospectus.
- (b) Under-subscription in any category (except QIB category) is allowed to be met with spill-over from any other category or combination of categories at the discretion of the Issuer and in consultation with the BRLM and the Designated Stock Exchange and in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. Unsubscribed portion in QIB Category is not available for subscription to other categories.
- (c) In case of under subscription in the Net Offer, spill-over to the extent of such under-subscription may be permitted from the Reserved Portion to the Net Offer. For allocation in the event of an under-subscription applicable to the Issuer, Bidders/Applicants may refer to the RHP.

# (d) Illustration of the Book Building and Price Discovery Process

Bidders should note that this example is solely for illustrative purposes and is not specific to the Issue; it also excludes Bidding by Anchor Investors.

Bidders can bid at any price within the price band. For instance, assume a price band of Rs. 20 to Rs. 24 per share, issue size of 3,000 equity shares and receipt of five bids from bidders, details of which are shown in the table below. The illustrative book given below shows the demand for the equity shares of the issuer at various prices and is collated from bids received from various investors.

Bid Quantity	Bid Amount (Rs.)	Cumulative Quantity	Subscription
500	24	500	16.67%
1,000	23	1,500	50.00%
1,500	22	3,000	100.00%
2,000	21	5,000	166.67%
2,500	20	7,500	250.00%

The price discovery is a function of demand at various prices. The highest price at which the Issuer is able to Offer the desired number of equity shares is the price at which the book cuts off, i.e., Rs. 22.00 in the above example. The issuer, in consultation with the book running lead managers, may finalise the Offer Price at or below such cut-off price, i.e., at or below Rs. 22.00. All bids at or above this Offer Price and cut-off bids are valid bids and are considered for allocation in the respective categories.

#### (e) Alternate Method of Book Building

In case of FPOs, Issuers may opt for an alternate method of Book Building in which only the Floor Price is specified for the purposes of Bidding ("Alternate Book Building Process").

The Issuer may specify the Floor Price in the RHP or advertise the Floor Price at least one Working Day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date. QIBs may Bid at a price higher than the Floor Price and the Allotment to the QIBs is made on a price priority basis. The Bidder with the highest Bid Amount is allotted the number of Equity Shares Bid for and then the second highest Bidder is Allotted Equity Shares and this process continues until all the Equity Shares have been allotted. RIIs, NIIs and Employees are Allotted Equity Shares at the Floor Price and allotment to these categories of Bidders is made proportionately. If the number of Equity Shares Bid for at a price is more than available quantity then the Allotment may be done on a proportionate basis. Further, the Issuer may place a cap either in terms of number of specified securities or percentage of issued capital of the Issuer that may be Allotted to a single Bidder, decide whether a Bidder be allowed to revise the bid upwards or downwards in terms of price and/or quantity and also decide whether a Bidder be allowed single or multiple bids.

#### SECTION 6: OFFER PROCEDURE IN FIXED PRICE ISSUE

**Applicants may note that there is no Bid cum Application Form in a Fixed Price Issue.** As the Offer Price is mentioned in the Fixed Price Issue therefore on filing of the Prospectus with the RoC, the Application so submitted is considered as the application form.

Applicants may only use the specified Application Form for the purpose of making an Application in terms of the Prospectus which may be submitted through the Designated Intermediary.

ASBA Applicants may submit an Application Form either in physical form to the Designated Intermediaries or in the electronic form to the SCSB or the Designated Branches of the SCSBs authorising blocking of funds that are available in the ASBA Account specified in the Application Form only. The Application Form is also made available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges at least one day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date.

In a fixed price Issue, allocation in the net offer to the public category is made as follows: minimum fifty per cent to Retail Individual Investors; and remaining to (i) individual investors other than Retail Individual Investors; and (ii) other Applicants including corporate bodies or institutions, irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for. The unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified above may be allocated to the Applicants in the other category.

For details of instructions in relation to the Application Form, Bidders/Applicants may refer to the relevant section of the GID.

# SECTION 7: ALLOTMENT PROCEDURE AND BASIS OF ALLOTMENT

The Allotment of Equity Shares to Bidders/Applicants other than Retail Individual Investors and Anchor Investors may be on proportionate basis. For Basis of Allotment to Anchor Investors, Bidders/Applicants may refer to RHP/Prospectus. No Retail Individual Investor will be allotted less than the minimum Bid Lot subject to availability of shares in Retail Individual Investor Category and the remaining available shares, if any will be

Allotted on a proportionate basis. The Issuer is required to receive a minimum subscription of 90% of the Offer (excluding any Offer for Sale of specified securities). However, in case the Offer is in the nature of Offer for Sale only, then minimum subscription may not be applicable.

#### 7.1 ALLOTMENT TO RIIs

Bids received from the RIIs at or above the Offer Price may be grouped together to determine the total demand under this category. If the aggregate demand in this category is less than or equal to the Retail Category at or above the Offer Price, full Allotment may be made to the RIIs to the extent of the valid Bids. If the aggregate demand in this category is greater than the allocation in the Retail Category at or above the Offer Price, then the maximum number of RIIs who can be Allotted the minimum Bid Lot will be computed by dividing the total number of Equity Shares available for Allotment to RIIs by the minimum Bid Lot ("Maximum RII Allottees"). The Allotment to the RIIs will then be made in the following manner:

- (a) In the event the number of RIIs who have submitted valid Bids in the Offer is equal to or less than Maximum RII Allottees; (i) all such RIIs shall be Allotted the minimum Bid Lot; and (ii) the balance available Equity Shares, if any, remaining in the Retail Category shall be Allotted on a proportionate basis to the RIIs who have received Allotment as per (i) above for the balance demand of the Equity Shares Bid by them (i.e. who have Bid for more than the minimum Bid Lot)
- (b) In the event the number of RIIs who have submitted valid Bids in the Offer is more than Maximum RII Allottees, the RIIs (in that category) who will then be Allotted minimum Bid Lot shall be determined on the basis of draw of lots.

#### 7.2 ALLOTMENT TO NIIS

Bids received from NIIs at or above the Offer Price may be grouped together to determine the total demand under this category. The Allotment to all successful NIIs may be made at or above the Offer Price. If the aggregate demand in this category is less than or equal to the Non-Institutional Category at or above the Offer Price, full Allotment may be made to NIIs to the extent of their demand. In case the aggregate demand in this category is greater than the Non-Institutional Category at or above the Offer Price, Allotment may be made on a proportionate basis up to a minimum of the Non-Institutional Category.

# 7.3 ALLOTMENT TO QIBs

For the Basis of Allotment to Anchor Investors, Bidders/Applicants may refer to the SEBI ICDR Regulations or RHP / Prospectus. Bids received from QIBs Bidding in the QIB Category (net of Anchor Portion) at or above the Offer Price may be grouped together to determine the total demand under this category. The QIB Category may be available for Allotment to QIBs who have Bid at a price that is equal to or greater than the Offer Price. Allotment may be undertaken in the following manner:

- (a) In the first instance allocation to Mutual Funds for up to 5% of the QIB Category may be determined as follows: (i) In the event that Bids by Mutual Fund exceeds 5% of the QIB Category, allocation to Mutual Funds may be done on a proportionate basis for up to 5% of the QIB Category; (ii) In the event that the aggregate demand from Mutual Funds is less than 5% of the QIB Category then all Mutual Funds may get full allotment to the extent of valid Bids received above the Offer Price; and (iii) Equity Shares remaining unsubscribed, if any and not allocated to Mutual Funds may be available for allotment to all QIBs as set out at paragraph 7.4(b) below;
- (b) In the second instance, allotment to all QIBs may be determined as follows: (i) In the event of oversubscription in the QIB Category, all QIBs who have submitted Bids above the Offer Price may be Allotted Equity Shares on a proportionate basis for up to 95% of the QIB Category; (ii) Mutual Funds, who have received allocation as per (a) above, for less than the number of Equity Shares Bid for by them, are eligible to receive Equity Shares on a proportionate basis along with other QIBs; and (iii) Under-subscription below 5% of the QIB Category, if any, from Mutual Funds, may be included for allocation to the remaining QIBs on a proportionate basis.

# 7.4 ALLOTMENT TO ANCHOR INVESTOR (IF APPLICABLE)

- (a) Allocation of Equity Shares to Anchor Investors at the Anchor Investor Offer Price will be at the discretion of the issuer subject to compliance with the following requirements:
  - i. not more than 60% of the QIB Category will be allocated to Anchor Investors;
  - ii. one-third of the Anchor Investor Portion shall be reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the price at which allocation is being done to other Anchor Investors; and
  - iii. allocation to Anchor Investors shall be on a discretionary basis and subject to:
    - a maximum number of two Anchor Investors for allocation up to Rs.10 crores;
    - a minimum number of two Anchor Investors and maximum number of 15
       Anchor Investors for allocation of more than Rs. 10 crores and up to Rs. 250
       crores, subject to minimum allotment of Rs. 5 crores per such Anchor
       Investor; and
    - a minimum number of five Anchor Investors and maximum number of 15 Anchor Investors for allocation of more than Rs. 250 crores and an additional 10 Anchor Investors for every additional Rs. 250 crores or part thereof, subject to minimum allotment of Rs. 5 crores per such Anchor Investor.
- (b) A physical book is prepared by the Registrar on the basis of the Bid cum Application Forms received from Anchor Investors. Based on the physical book and at the discretion of the issuer in consultation with the BRLM(s), selected Anchor Investors will be sent a CAN and if required, a revised CAN.
- (c) In the event that the Offer Price is higher than the Anchor Investor Offer Price: Anchor Investors will be sent a revised CAN within one day of the Pricing Date indicating the number of Equity Shares allocated to such Anchor Investor and the pay-in date for payment of the balance amount. Anchor Investors are then required to pay any additional amounts, being the difference between the Offer Price and the Anchor Investor Offer Price, as indicated in the revised CAN within the pay-in date referred to in the revised CAN. Thereafter, the Allotment Advice will be issued to such Anchor Investors.
- (d) In the event the Offer Price is lower than the Anchor Investor Offer Price: Anchor Investors who have been Allotted Equity Shares will directly receive Allotment Advice.

# 7.5 BASIS OF ALLOTMENT FOR QIBs (OTHER THAN ANCHOR INVESTORS), NIIs AND RESERVED CATEGORY IN CASE OF OVER-SUBSCRIBED ISSUE

In the event of the Offer being over-subscribed, the Issuer may finalise the Basis of Allotment in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

The allocation may be made in marketable lots, on a proportionate basis as explained below:

- (a) Bidders may be categorized according to the number of Equity Shares applied for;
- (b) The total number of Equity Shares to be Allotted to each category as a whole may be arrived at on a proportionate basis, which is the total number of Equity Shares applied for in that category (number of Bidders in the category multiplied by the number of Equity Shares applied for) multiplied by the inverse of the over-subscription ratio;
- (c) The number of Equity Shares to be Allotted to the successful Bidders may be arrived at on a proportionate basis, which is total number of Equity Shares applied for by each Bidder in that category multiplied by the inverse of the over-subscription ratio;
- (d) In all Bids where the proportionate Allotment is less than the minimum Bid Lot decided per Bidder, the Allotment may be made as follows: the successful Bidders out of the total Bidders

for a category may be determined by a draw of lots in a manner such that the total number of Equity Shares Allotted in that category is equal to the number of Equity Shares calculated in accordance with (b) above; and each successful Bidder may be Allotted a minimum of such Equity Shares equal to the minimum Bid Lot finalised by the Issuer;

- (e) If the proportionate Allotment to a Bidder is a number that is more than the minimum Bid Lot but is not a multiple of one (which is the marketable lot), the decimal may be rounded off to the higher whole number if that decimal is 0.5 or higher. If that number is lower than 0.5 it may be rounded off to the lower whole number. Allotment to all bidders in such categories may be arrived at after such rounding off; and
- (f) If the Equity Shares allocated on a proportionate basis to any category are more than the Equity Shares Allotted to the Bidders in that category, the remaining Equity Shares available for allotment may be first adjusted against any other category, where the Allotted Equity Shares are not sufficient for proportionate Allotment to the successful Bidders in that category. The balance Equity Shares, if any, remaining after such adjustment may be added to the category comprising Bidders applying for minimum number of Equity Shares.

# 7.6 DESIGNATED DATE AND ALLOTMENT OF EQUITY SHARES

- (a) **Designated Date:** On the Designated Date, the Escrow Bank shall transfer the funds represented by allocation of Equity Shares to Anchor Investors from the Escrow Accounts, as per the terms of the Cash Escrow Agreement, into the Public Offer Account with the Bankers to the Offer. The balance amount after transfer to the Public Offer Account shall be transferred to the Refund Account. Payments of refund to the Bidders applying in the Anchor Investor Portion shall be made from the Refund Account as per the terms of the Cash Escrow Agreement and the RHP. On the Designated Date, the Registrar to the Offer shall instruct the SCSBs or the Sponsor Bank, as applicable, to transfer funds represented by allocation of Equity Shares from ASBA Accounts into the Public Offer Account.
- (b) Issuance of Allotment Advice: Upon approval of the Basis of Allotment by the Designated Stock Exchange, the Registrar shall upload the same on its website. On the basis of the approved Basis of Allotment, the Issuer shall pass necessary resolutions and undertake corporate actions to facilitate the Allotment and credit of Equity Shares to successful Bidders/Applicants. Bidders/Applicants are advised to instruct their Depository Participant to accept the Equity Shares that may be allotted to them pursuant to the Offer.

Pursuant to confirmation of such corporate actions, the Registrar will dispatch Allotment Advice to the Bidders/Applicants who have been Allotted Equity Shares in the Offer.

- (c) The dispatch of Allotment Advice shall be deemed a valid, binding and irrevocable contract.
- (d) Issuer will ensure that: (i) the Allotment of Equity Shares; and (ii) credit of shares to the successful Bidders/Applicants Depository Account will be completed within five Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date.

# **SECTION 8: INTEREST AND REFUNDS**

#### 8.1 COMPLETION OF FORMALITIES FOR LISTING & COMMENCEMENT OF TRADING

The Issuer may ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at all the Stock Exchanges are taken within six Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date.

#### 8.2 GROUNDS FOR REFUND

# 8.2.1 NON RECEIPT OF LISTING PERMISSION

An Issuer makes an application to the Stock Exchange(s) for permission to deal in/list and for an official quotation of the Equity Shares. All the Stock Exchanges from where such permission is sought are disclosed in RHP/Prospectus. The Designated Stock Exchange will be disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus

with which the Basis of Allotment may be finalised.

If the Issuer fails to make application to the Stock Exchange(s) and obtain permission for listing of the Equity Shares, in accordance with the provisions of Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Issuer may be punishable with a fine which shall not be less than  $\xi$  5 lakhs but which may extend to  $\xi$  50 lakhs and every officer of the Issuer who is in default shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which shall not be less than  $\xi$  50,000 but which may extend to Rs. 3 lakhs, or with both.

If the permissions to deal in and for an official quotation of the Equity Shares are not granted by any of the Stock Exchange(s), the Issuer may forthwith take steps to refund, without interest, all moneys received from the Bidders/Applicants in pursuance of the RHP/Prospectus.

If such money is not refunded to Bidders within the prescribed time after the Issuer becomes liable to repay it, then the Issuer and every director of the Issuer who is an officer in default may, on and from such expiry of such period, be liable to repay the money, with interest at such rate, as disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus.

# 8.2.2 NON RECEIPT OF MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

If the Issuer does not receive a minimum subscription of 90% of the Net Offer (excluding any offer for sale of specified securities), including devolvement to the Underwriters, as applicable, the Issuer may forthwith, take steps to unblock the entire subscription amount received within six Working Days of the Bid/ Offer Closing Date and repay, without interest, all moneys received from Anchor Investors. This is further subject to the compliance with Rule 19(2) (b) of the SCRR. In case the Offer is in the nature of Offer for Sale only, then minimum subscription may not be applicable. In case of undersubscription in the Offer, the Equity Shares in the Fresh Issue will be issued prior to the sale of Equity Shares in the Offer for Sale.

If there is a delay beyond the prescribed time after the Issuer becomes liable to pay or unblock the amount received from Bidders, then the Issuer and every director of the Issuer who is an officer in default may on and from expiry of prescribed time period under applicable laws, be jointly and severally liable to repay the money, with interest at the rate of 15% per annum in accordance with the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014, as amended.

#### 8.2.3 MINIMUM NUMBER OF ALLOTTEES

The Issuer may ensure that the number of prospective Allottees to whom Equity Shares may be allotted may not be less than 1,000 failing which the entire application monies may be refunded forthwith.

# 8.2.4 IN CASE OF ISSUES MADE UNDER COMPULSORY BOOK BUILDING

In case an Issuer not eligible under Regulation 26(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations comes for an Offer under Regulation 26(2) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations but fails to Allot at least 75% of the Net Offer to QIBs, in such case full subscription money is to be refunded.

# 8.3 MODE OF REFUND

- 1. **In case of ASBA Bids:** Within six Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date, the Registrar to the Offer may give instructions to SCSBs or in case of Bids by RIIs applying through the UPI mechanism to the Sponsor Bank to revoke the mandate and for unblocking the amount for unsuccessful Bids or for any excess amount blocked on Bidding.
- In case of Anchor Investors: Within six Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date, the Registrar to the Offer may dispatch the refund orders for all amounts payable to unsuccessful Anchor Investors.
- 3. In case of Anchor Investors, the Registrar to the Offer may obtain from the depositories the Bidders' bank account details, including the MICR code, on the basis of the DP ID, Client ID and PAN provided by the Anchor Investors in their Bid cum Application Forms for refunds. Accordingly, Anchor Investors are advised to immediately update their details as appearing on the records of their depositories. Failure to do so may result in delays in dispatch of refund

orders or refunds through electronic transfer of funds, as applicable, and any such delay may be at the Anchor Investors' sole risk and neither the Issuer, the Registrar to the Offer, the Escrow Collection Banks, or the Syndicate, may be liable to compensate the Anchor Investors for any losses caused to them due to any such delay, or liable to pay any interest for such delay. Please note that refunds shall be credited only to the bank account from which the Bid Amount was remitted to the Escrow Bank.

4. In the case of Bids from Eligible NRI Bidders and FPIs, refunds, if any, may generally be payable in Indian Rupees only and net of bank charges and/or commission. If so desired, such payments in Indian Rupees may be converted into U.S. Dollars or any other freely convertible currency as may be permitted by the RBI at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of remittance and may be dispatched by registered post. The Company may not be responsible for loss, if any, incurred by the Bidder/Applicant on account of conversion of foreign currency.

# 8.3.1 Electronic mode of making refunds for Anchor Investors

The payment of refund, if any, may be done through various electronic modes as mentioned below:

- i. NACH National Automated Clearing House is a consolidated system of ECS. Payment of refunds would be done through NACH for Anchor Investors having an account at one of the centres specified by the RBI, where such facility has been made available. This would be subject to availability of complete bank account details including Magnetic Ink Character Recognition (MICR) code wherever applicable from the depository. The payment of refunds through NACH is mandatory for Anchor Investors having a bank account at any of the centres where NACH facility has been made available by the RBI (subject to availability of all information for crediting the refund through NACH including the MICR code as appearing on a cheque leaf, from the depositories), except where applicant is otherwise disclosed as eligible to get refunds through NEFT or Direct Credit or RTGS;
- ii. **NEFT**—Payment of refund may be undertaken through NEFT wherever the branch of the Anchor Investors' bank is NEFT enabled and has been assigned the Indian Financial System Code ("**IFSC**"), which can be linked to the MICR of that particular branch. The IFSC may be obtained from the website of RBI as at a date prior to the date of payment of refund, duly mapped with MICR numbers. Wherever the Anchor Investors have registered their nine-digit MICR number and their bank account number while opening and operating the demat account, the same may be duly mapped with the IFSC of that particular bank branch and the payment of refund may be made to the Anchor Investors through this method. In the event NEFT is not operationally feasible, the payment of refunds may be made through any one of the other modes as discussed in this section:
- iii. **Direct Credit**—Anchor Investors having their bank account with the Refund Banker may be eligible to receive refunds, if any, through direct credit to such bank account; and
- iv. RTGS—Anchor Investors having a bank account with a bank branch which is RTGS enabled as per the information available on the website of RBI and whose refund amount exceeds ₹ 0.2 million, shall be eligible to receive refund through RTGS, provided the Demographic Details downloaded from the Depositories contain the nine digit MICR code of the Anchor Investor's bank which can be mapped with the RBI data to obtain the corresponding IFSC. Charges, if any, levied by the Anchor Escrow Bank for the same would be borne by our Company. Charges, if any, levied by the Anchor Investor's bank receiving the credit would be borne by the Anchor Investor.

Please note that refunds through the abovementioned modes shall be credited only to the bank account from which the Bid Amount was remitted to the Escrow Bank.

For details of levy of charges, if any, for any of the above methods, Bank charges, if any, for cashing such cheques, pay orders or demand drafts at other centers etc. Bidders/Applicants may refer to RHP/Prospectus.

# 8.4 INTEREST IN CASE OF DELAY IN ALLOTMENT OR REFUND

The Issuer may pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum if refund orders, as applicable, are not dispatched or if, in a case where the refund or portion thereof is made in electronic manner, the refund instructions have not been given to the clearing system in the disclosed manner and/or demat credits are not made to Bidders/Applicants or instructions for unblocking of funds in the ASBA Account are not dispatched within the six Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date.

The Issuer may pay interest at 15% per annum for any delay beyond 15 days from the Bid/ Offer Closing Date, if Allotment is not made.

# **SECTION 9: GLOSSARY AND ABBREVIATIONS**

Unless the context otherwise indicates or implies, certain definitions and abbreviations used in this document may have the meaning as provided below. References to any legislation, act or regulation may be to such legislation, act or regulation as amended from time to time. In case of inconsistency in the description of a term mentioned herein below and the description ascribed to such term in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, the description as ascribed to such term in the Red Herring Prospectus/Prospectus shall prevail.

Term	Description
Allotment/Allot/Allotted	The allotment of Equity Shares pursuant to the Offer to successful Bidders/Applicants
Allotment Advice	Note or advice or intimation of Allotment sent to the Bidders/Applicants who have been
	Allotted Equity Shares after the Basis of Allotment has been approved by the designated
	Stock Exchanges
Allottee	A Bidder/Applicant to whom the Equity Shares are Allotted
Anchor Escrow Account	Account opened with the Anchor Collection Bank and in whose favour the Anchor
	Investors may transfer money through NEFT/RTGS/direct credit in respect of the Bid
	Amount when submitting a Bid
	•
Anchor Escrow Bank	Refer to definition of Banker(s) to the Issue
Anchor Investor	A Qualified Institutional Buyer, applying under the Anchor Investor Portion in
	accordance with the requirements specified in SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Red
	Herring Prospectus
Anchor Investor Portion	Up to 60% of the QIB Category which may be allocated by the Issuer in consultation with
	the BRLMs, to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis. One-third of the Anchor
	Investor Portion is reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being
	received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the price at which allocation is being
	done to Anchor Investors
Application Form	The form in terms of which the Applicant should make an application for Allotment in
	case of issues other than Book Built Issues, includes Fixed Price Issue
Application Supported by	An application, whether physical or electronic, used by Bidders/Applicants, other than
Blocked Amount /ASBA	Anchor Investors, to make a Bid and authorising an SCSB to block the Bid Amount in
	the specified bank account maintained with such SCSB and will include amounts blocked
	by RIIs using the UPI mechanism
ASBA Account	Account maintained with an SCSB which may be blocked by such SCSB or the account
	of the RII Bidder blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request by RIIs using the
	UPI Mechanism to the extent of the Bid Amount of the Bidder/Applicant
Banker(s) to the Offer/ Anchor	The banks which are clearing members and registered with SEBI as Banker to the Offer
Escrow Bank(s)/Collecting	with whom the Anchor Escrow Accounts for Anchor Investors may be opened, and as
Banker	disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus and Bid cum Application Form of the Issuer
Basis of Allotment	The basis on which the Equity Shares may be Allotted to successful Bidders/Applicants
	under the Issue
Bid	An indication to make an offer during the Bid/Offer Period by a prospective Bidder
	pursuant to submission of Bid cum Application Form or during the Anchor Investor Bid/
	Offer Date by the Anchor Investors, to subscribe for or purchase the Equity Shares of the
	Issuer at a price within the Price Band, including all revisions and modifications thereto.
	In case of issues undertaken through the fixed price process, all references to a Bid should
	be construed to mean an Application
Bid Amount	The highest value of the optional Bids indicated in the Bid cum Application Form and
	payable by the Bidder/Applicant upon submission of the Bid (except for Anchor
	Investors), less discounts (if applicable). In case of issues undertaken through the fixed
	price process, all references to the Bid Amount should be construed to mean the
	Application Amount
Bid/Offer Closing Date	Except in the case of Anchor Investors (if applicable), the date after which the Designated
	Intermediaries may not accept any Bids for the Offer, which may be notified in an English
	national daily, a Hindi national daily and a regional language newspaper at the place
	where the registered office of the Issuer is situated, each with wide circulation.
D: 1/000	Applicants/Bidders may refer to the RHP/Prospectus for the Bid/Offer Closing Date
Bid/Offer Opening Date	The date on which the Designated Intermediaries may start accepting Bids for the Issue,
	which may be the date notified in an English national daily, a Hindi national daily and a
	regional language newspaper at the place where the registered office of the Issuer is
	situated, each with wide circulation. Applicants/Bidders may refer to the RHP/Prospectus
	for the Bid/Offer Opening Date

Term	Description
Bid/Offer Period	Except in the case of Anchor Investors (if applicable), the period between the Bid/ Offer
	Opening Date and the Bid/Offer Closing Date inclusive of both days and during which
	prospective Bidders/Applicants (other than Anchor Investors) can submit their Bids,
	inclusive of any revisions thereof. The Issuer may consider closing the Bid/ Offer Period
	for QIBs one working day prior to the Bid/Offer Closing Date in accordance with the
	SEBI ICDR Regulations. Applicants/Bidders may refer to the RHP/Prospectus for the
	Bid/Offer Period
Bid cum Application Form	An application form, whether physical or electronic, used by Bidders, other than Anchor
	Investors, to make a Bid and which will be considered as the application for Allotment in
	terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus
Bidder/Applicant	Any prospective investor who makes a Bid/Application pursuant to the terms of the
11	RHP/Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Form. In case of issues undertaken through
	the fixed price process, all references to a Bidder/Applicant should be construed to mean
D 1 D 1/1 D /D 1	an Bidder/Applicant
Book Built Process/Book	The book building process as provided under SEBI ICDR Regulations, in terms of which
Building Process/Book	the Offer is being made
Building Method	
Broker Centres	Broker centres notified by the Stock Exchanges, where Bidders/Applicants can submit
	the Bid cum Application Forms to a Registered Broker. The details of such broker centres,
	along with the names and contact details of the Registered Brokers are available on the
	websites of the Stock Exchanges
BRLM(s)/Book Running	The Book Running Lead Manager to the Offer as disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus and
Lead Manager(s)/Lead	the Bid cum Application Form of the Issuer. In case of issues undertaken through the
Manager/LM	fixed price process, all references to the Book Running Lead Manager should be
	construed to mean the Lead Manager or LM
Business Day	Monday to Saturday (except 2nd and 4th Saturday of a month and public holidays)
CAN/Confirmation of	The note or advice or intimation sent to each successful Bidder/Applicant indicating the
Allotment Note	Equity Shares which may be Allotted, after approval of Basis of Allotment by the
	Designated Stock Exchange
Cap Price	The higher end of the Price Band, above which the Offer Price and the Anchor Investor
Cup 11100	Offer Price may not be finalised and above which no Bids may be accepted
Client ID	Client Identification Number maintained with one of the Depositories in relation to demat
Chefit ID	
C.II. c'. D. 'c	account
Collecting Depository	A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act, 1996, registered with
Participant or CDPs	SEBI and who is eligible to procure Bids at the Designated CDP Locations in terms of
	circular no. CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015 issued by SEBI
Collecting Registrar and Share	Registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to procure Bids at
Transfer Agents or CRTAs	the Designated RTA Locations in terms of the Circular on Streamlining of Public Issues
Cut-off Price	Offer Price, finalised by the Issuer in consultation with the Book Running Lead
	Manager(s), which can be any price within the Price Band (inclusive of the floor price
	and cap price). Only RIIs, Retail Individual Shareholders and employees are entitled to
	Bid at the Cut-off Price. No other category of Bidders/Applicants are entitled to Bid at
DD	the Cut-off Price
DP	Depository Participant
DP ID	Depository Participant's Identification Number
Depositories	National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited
Demographic Details	Details of the Bidders/Applicants including the Bidder/Applicant's address, name of the
<b>5</b>	Applicant's father/husband, investor status, occupation and bank account details
Designated Branches	Such branches of the SCSBs which may collect the Bid cum Application Forms used by
Designated Branenes	Bidders/Applicants (excluding Anchor Investors) and a list of which is available on
Designated CDD I	http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes
Designated CDP Locations	Such locations of the CDPs where Bidders can submit the Bid cum Application Forms to
	Collecting Depository Participants.
	The details of such Designated CDP Locations, along with names and contact details of
	the Collecting Depository Participants eligible to accept Bid cum Application Forms are
	available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges (www.bseindia.com and
	www.nseindia.com)
Designated Date	The date on which funds are transferred by the Anchor Escrow Bank from the Anchor
	Escrow Account and the amounts blocked by the SCSBs are transferred from the ASBA
	Accounts, as the case may be, to the Public Offer Account or the Refund Account, as
	Accounts, as the case may be, to the rubble Offer Account of the Refund Account, as

Term	Description
	appropriate, after the Prospectus is filed with the RoC, following which the board of
	directors may Allot Equity Shares to successful Bidders/Applicants in the Fresh Issue
	may give delivery instructions for the transfer of the Equity Shares constituting the Offer
	for Sale
Designated Intermediaries	Syndicate Members, sub-syndicate/Agents, SCSBs, Registered Brokers, Brokers, the
/Collecting Agent	CDPs and CRTAs, who are authorized to collect Bid cum Application Forms from the
, concerning ragent	Bidders, in relation to the Offer
Designated RTA Locations	Such locations of the CRTAs where Bidders can submit the Bid cum Application Forms
Designated KTA Locations	to CRTAs.
	The details of such Designated RTA Locations, along with names and contact details of
	the CRTAs eligible to accept Bid cum Application Forms are available on the respective
	websites of the Stock Exchanges ( <u>www.bseindia.com</u> and <u>www.nseindia.com</u> )
Designated Stock	The designated stock exchange as disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus of the Issuer
Exchange	
Discount	Discount to the Offer Price that may be provided to Bidders/Applicants in accordance
	with the SEBI ICDR Regulations
Draft Prospectus	The draft prospectus filed with SEBI in case of Fixed Price Issues and which may mention a price or a Price Band
Employees/Eligible	Employees of an Issuer as defined under SEBI ICDR Regulations and including, in case
Employees Employees	of a new company, persons in the permanent and full time employment of the promoting
Employees	companies excluding the promoters and immediate relatives of the promoters. For further
	details, Bidder/Applicant may refer to the RHP/Prospectus
E I D ID C	
Employees Reserved Portion	Equity Shares reserved for the Eligible Employees
Equity Shares	Equity Shares of the Issuer
Cash Escrow Agreement	Agreement dated January 22, 2019, entered into among the Issuer, the Registrar to the
	Offer, the Book Running Lead Manager(s), the Anchor Escrow Bank and the Refund
	Bank(s) for collection of the Bid Amounts from Anchor Investors and where applicable
	remitting refunds of the amounts collected to the Anchor Investors on the terms and
	conditions thereof
FCNR Account	Foreign Currency Non-Resident Account
First Bidder/Applicant	The Bidder/Applicant whose name appears first in the Bid cum Application Form or
	Revision Form
Fixed Price Issue/Fixed Price	The Fixed Price process as provided under SEBI ICDR Regulations, in terms of which
Process/Fixed Price Method	the Offer is being made
Floor Price	The lower end of the Price Band, at or above which the Offer Price and the Anchor
	Investor Offer Price may be finalised and below which no Bids may be accepted, subject
	to any revision thereto
FPIs	Foreign Portfolio Investors as defined under the Securities and Exchange Board of India
1115	
EDO	(Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014
FPO	Further public offering
Foreign Venture Capital	Foreign Venture Capital Investors as defined and registered with SEBI under the SEBI
Investors or FVCIs	(Foreign Venture Capital Investors) Regulations, 2000
IPO	Initial public offering
Issuer/Company	The Issuer proposing the initial public offering/further public offering as applicable
Maximum RII Allottees	The maximum number of RIIs who can be Allotted the minimum Bid Lot. This is
	computed by dividing the total number of Equity Shares available for Allotment to RIIs
	by the minimum Bid Lot.
MICR	Magnetic Ink Character Recognition - nine-digit code as appearing on a cheque leaf
Mutual Fund	A mutual fund registered with SEBI under the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996
Mutual Funds Portion	5% of the QIB Category (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion) available for allocation
Wittual Funds Fortion	to Mutual Funds only, being such number of equity shares as disclosed in the
NACH	RHP/Prospectus and Bid cum Application Form
NACH	National Automated Clearing House which is a consolidated system of ECS. Payment of
	refund would be done through NACH for Applicants having an account at one of the
	* ** *
	centres specified by the RBI, where such facility has been made available. This would be
	centres specified by the RBI, where such facility has been made available. This would be subject to availability of complete bank account details including Magnetic Ink Character
	centres specified by the RBI, where such facility has been made available. This would be
	centres specified by the RBI, where such facility has been made available. This would be subject to availability of complete bank account details including Magnetic Ink Character

Term	Description
	of all information for crediting the refund through NACH including the MICR code as
	appearing on a cheque leaf, from the depositories), except where applicant is otherwise disclosed as eligible to get refunds through NEFT or Direct Credit or RTGS
NEFT	National Electronic Fund Transfer
NRE Account	Non-Resident External Account
NRI	NRIs from such jurisdictions outside India where it is not unlawful to make an offer or
	invitation under the Offer and in relation to whom the RHP/Prospectus constitutes an invitation to subscribe to or purchase the Equity Shares
NRO Account	Non-Resident Ordinary Account
Net Offer	The Offer less reservation portion
Non-Institutional Investors or	All Bidders/Applicants, including FPIs which are Category III foreign portfolio investors,
NIIs	that are not QIBs or RIBs and who have Bid for Equity Shares for an amount of more than ₹200,000 (but not including NRIs other than Eligible NRIs)
Non-Institutional Category	The portion of the Offer being such number of Equity Shares available for allocation to NIIs on a proportionate basis and as disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Form
Non-Resident	A person resident outside India, as defined under FEMA and includes Eligible NRIs, FPIs and FVCIs registered with SEBI
OCB/Overseas Corporate	A company, partnership, society or other corporate body owned directly or indirectly to
Body	the extent of at least 60% by NRIs including overseas trusts, in which not less than 60% of beneficial interest is irrevocably held by NRIs directly or indirectly and which was in existence on October 3, 2003 and immediately before such date had taken benefits under the general permission granted to OCBs under FEMA
Offer	Public issue of Equity Shares of the Issuer including the Offer for Sale, if applicable
Offer for Sale	Public offer of such number of Equity Shares as disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus through an offer for sale by the Selling Shareholders
Offer Price	The final price, less discount (if applicable) at which the Equity Shares may be Allotted
	to Bidders other than Anchor Investors, in terms of the Prospectus. Equity Shares will be Allotted to Anchor Investors at the Anchor Investor Offer Price The Offer Price may be decided by the Issuer in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager(s)
Other Investors	Investors other than Retail Individual Investors in a Fixed Price Issue. These include
	individual applicants other than retail individual investors and other investors including corporate bodies or institutions irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for
PAN	Permanent Account Number allotted under the Income Tax Act, 1961
Price Band	Price Band with a minimum price, being the Floor Price and the maximum price, being
Thee Build	the Cap Price and includes revisions thereof. The Price Band and the minimum Bid lot size for the Offer may be decided by the Issuer in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager(s) and advertised, at least two working days in case of an IPO and one working day in case of FPO, prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date, in English national daily, Hindi national daily and regional language at the place where the registered office of the Issuer is situated, newspaper each with wide circulation
Pricing Date	The date on which our Company and Selling Shareholders in consultation with the Book Running Lead Manager(s), finalise the Offer Price
Prospectus	The prospectus to be filed with the RoC in accordance with Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 after the Pricing Date, containing the Offer Price, the size of the Offer and certain other information
Public Offer Account	An account opened with the Banker to the Offer to receive monies from the Anchor Escrow Account and from the ASBA Accounts on the Designated Date
QIB Category	The portion of the Offer being such number of Equity Shares to be Allotted to QIBs on a proportionate basis
Qualified Institutional Buyers or QIBs	As defined under SEBI ICDR Regulations
RTGS	Real Time Gross Settlement
Red Herring	The red herring prospectus issued in accordance with Section 32 of the Companies Act,
Prospectus/RHP	2013, which does not have complete particulars of the price at which the Equity Shares are offered and the size of the Issue. The RHP may be filed with the RoC at least three days before the Bid/ Offer Opening Date and may become a Prospectus upon filing with
	the RoC after the Pricing Date. In case of issues undertaken through the fixed price process, all references to the RHP should be construed to mean the Prospectus

Term	Description
Refund Account(s)	The account opened with Refund Bank(s), from which refunds to Anchor Investors, if any, of the whole or part of the Bid Amount may be made
Refund Bank(s)	Refund bank(s) as disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus and Bid cum Application Form of the Issuer
Refunds through electronic transfer of funds	Refunds through Direct Credit, NEFT, RTGS or ASBA, as applicable
Registered Broker	Stock Brokers registered with the Stock Exchanges having nationwide terminals, other than the members of the Syndicate
Registrar to the Offer/RTO	The Registrar to the Offer as disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus and Bid cum Application Form
Reserved Category/Categories	Categories of persons eligible for making application/Bidding under reservation portion
Reservation Portion	The portion of the Offer reserved for such category of eligible Bidders/Applicants as provided under the SEBI ICDR Regulations
Retail Individual	Investors who applies or bids for a value of not more than ₹ 200,000 (including HUFs
Investors/RIIs	applying through their karta and eligible NRIs and does not include NRIs other than Eligible NRIs.
Retail Individual Shareholders	Shareholders of a listed Issuer who applies or bids for a value of not more than ₹ 200,000.
Retail Category	The portion of the Offer being such number of Equity Shares available for allocation to RIIs which shall not be less than the minimum Bid Lot, subject to availability in RII category and the remaining shares to be Allotted on proportionate basis.
Revision Form	The form used by the Bidders in an issue through Book Building Process to modify the quantity of Equity Shares and/or bid price indicated therein in any of their Bid cum Application Forms or any previous Revision Form(s)
RoC	The Registrar of Companies
SEBI	The Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992
SEBI ICDR Regulations	The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 as amended
SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2018	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018. This Prospectus has been prepared in accordance with provisions and disclosure requirements of the SEBI ICDR Regulations except that the issue procedure including in relation to Bid/Offer Period, submission of Bid Cum Application Forms, Payment of Bid Amount, Allocation, Allotment, Refund of Bid Amount, if any and listing of the Equity Shares as described in the section "Offer Procedure" on page 693 including "Part B- General Information Document for Investing in Public Issues" (each read with "Definition and Abbreviations" on page 2) has been prepared in accordance with SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2018.
Self Certified Syndicate Bank(s) or SCSB(s)	The banks registered with the SEBI which offers the facility of ASBA and the list of which is available on the website of the http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do? doRecognised=yes
Specified Locations	Bidding centres where the Syndicate shall accept Bid cum Application Forms, a list of which is included in the Bid cum Application Form
Sponsor Bank	The Banker to the Offer registered with SEBI which is appointed by the Issuer/Offeror to act as a conduit between the Stock Exchanges and the National Payments Corporation of India in order to push the mandate collect requests and / or payment instructions of the RIIs into the UPI
Stock Exchanges/SEs	The stock exchanges as disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus of the Issuer where the Equity Shares Allotted pursuant to the Offer are proposed to be listed
Syndicate	The Book Running Lead Manager(s) and the Syndicate Member
Syndicate Agreement	The agreement dated January 22, 2019, entered into among the Issuer, and the Syndicate in relation to collection of Bid cum Application Forms by Syndicate Members
Syndicate Member(s)/SM(s)	The Syndicate Member(s) as disclosed in the RHP/Prospectus
Underwriters	The Book Running Lead Manager(s) and the Syndicate Member(s)
Underwriting Agreement	The agreement amongst the Issuer, and the Underwriters to be entered into on or after the Pricing Date
UPI ID	ID created on Unified Payment Interface (UPI) for single-window mobile payment system developed by the National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI).
UPI Mandate Request	A request (intimating the RII by way of a notification on the UPI application and by way of a SMS directing the RII to such UPI application) to the RII initiated by the Sponsor

Term	Description
	Bank to authorise blocking of funds on the UPI application equivalent to Bid Amount and
	subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment
UPI PIN	Password to authenticate UPI transaction
Working Day	All days on which commercial banks in Mumbai are open for business. In respect of
	announcement of Price Band and Bid / Offer Period, Working Day shall mean all days,
	excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays, on which commercial banks in
	Mumbai are open for business. In respect of the time period between the Bid/Offer
	Closing Date and the listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges, Working Day
	shall mean all trading days of the Stock Exchanges, excluding Sundays and bank holidays,
	as per circulars issued by SEBI.

#### RESTRICTIONS ON FOREIGN OWNERSHIP OF INDIAN SECURITIES

Foreign investment in Indian securities is regulated through the FDI Policy and FEMA. The government bodies responsible for granting foreign investment approvals are the concerned ministries / departments of the Government of India and the RBI. The Union Cabinet has recently approved phasing out the erstwhile Foreign Investment Promotion Board, as provided in the press release dated May 24, 2017. Accordingly, pursuant to the Office Memorandum dated June 5, 2017 issued by the Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, approval for foreign investment under the FDI Policy and FEMA has been entrusted to the concerned ministries / departments.

The Government has from time to time made policy pronouncements on FDI through press notes and press releases. The DIPP, issued the FDI Policy by way of circular no. D/o IPP F. No. 5(1)/2017-FC-1 dated August 28, 2017 which with effect from August 28, 2017, consolidates and supersedes all previous press notes, press releases and clarifications on FDI issued by the DIPP that were in force and effect as on August 28, 2017. The Government proposes to update the consolidated circular on FDI Policy once every year and therefore, FDI Policy will be valid until the DIPP issues an updated FDI Policy.

Currently, 100% FDI is permitted under the automatic route in the companies which are engaged in construction-development projects (including development of townships, construction of residential / commercial premises, roads or bridges, hotels, resorts, hospitals, educational institutions, recreational facilities, city and regional level infrastructure and townships) subject to compliance with prescribed conditions. The conditions prescribed are as follows:

- (i) Each phase of the construction development project would be considered as a separate project;
- (ii) The investor will be permitted to exit on completion of the project or after development of trunk infrastructure i.e. roads, water supply, street lighting, drainage and sewerage. However, a person resident outside India will be permitted to exit and repatriate foreign investment before the completion of project under automatic route, provided that a lockin-period of three years, calculated with reference to each tranche of foreign investment has been completed. Further, transfer of stake from a person resident outside India to another person resident outside India, without repatriation of foreign investment will neither be subject to any lock-in period nor to any government approval;
- (iii) The project shall conform to the norms and standards, including land use requirements and provision of community amenities and common facilities, as laid down in the applicable building control regulations, bye-laws, rules, and other regulations of the State Government / Municipal / Local Body concerned;
- (iv) The Indian investee company will be permitted to sell only developed plots, i.e. plots where trunk infrastructure i.e. roads, water supply, street lighting, drainage and sewerage, have been made available;
- (v) The Indian investee company shall be responsible for obtaining all necessary approvals, including those of the building/ layout plans, developing internal and peripheral areas and other infrastructure facilities, payment of development, external development and other charges and complying with all other requirements as prescribed under applicable rules/ bye-Laws/ regulations of the State Government/ Municipal/ Local Body concerned; and
- (vi) The State Government / Municipal / Local Body concerned, which approves the building/ development plans, will monitor compliance of the above conditions by the developer.

Condition of lock-in period does not apply to hotels and tourist resorts, hospitals, special economic zones, educational institutions, old age homes and investment by NRIs/ OCIs. Additionally, foreign investment up to 100% under automatic route is permitted in completed projects for operating and managing townships, malls / shopping complexes and business centres.

Consequent to such foreign investment, transfer of ownership and/or control of the investee company from persons resident in India to persons resident outside India is also permitted. However, there would be a lock-in-period of three years, calculated with reference to each tranche of foreign investment and transfer of immovable property or part thereof is not permitted during this period. Completion of the project will be determined as per the local bye-laws / rules and other regulations of State Governments.

In accordance with FEMA Regulations, participation by non-residents in the Offer is restricted to participation by (i) FPIs through the portfolio investment scheme under Schedule 2 of the FEMA Regulations, in accordance with applicable law, in the Offer subject to limit of the individual holding of an FPI below 10% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company and the aggregate limit for FPI investment not exceeding 24% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company; and (ii) Eligible NRIs only on non-repatriation basis under Schedule 4 of the FEMA Regulations, in accordance with applicable law, subject to limit of the individual holding of an NRI below 5% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company and the aggregate limit for NRI investment to 10% of the post-Offer paid-up capital of our Company. Further, other non-residents such as FVCIs and multilateral and bilateral financial institutions are not permitted to participate in the Offer. As per the existing policy of the Government, OCBs cannot participate in this Offer.

The transfer of shares between an Indian resident and a non-resident does not require the prior approval of the RBI, provided that (i) the activities of the investee company falls under the automatic route as provided in the FDI Policy and FEMA and transfer does not attract the provisions of the Takeover Regulations; (ii) the non-resident shareholding is within the sectoral limits under the FDI Policy; and (iii) the pricing is in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by SEBI and RBI.

As per the existing policy of the Government, OCBs cannot participate in this Offer. The Equity Shares offered in the Offer have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act or any state securities laws in the United States, and unless so registered may not be offered or sold within the United States, except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. Accordingly, such Equity Shares are being offered and sold (i) outside of the United States in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act and the applicable laws of the jurisdiction where those offers and sales occur; and (ii) to "qualified institutional buyers" (as defined in Rule 144A under the U.S. Securities Act), pursuant to the private placement exemption set out in Section 4(a) of the U.S. Securities Act.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and Bids may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction.

The above information is given for the benefit of the Bidders. Our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws regulations, which may occur after the date of this Prospectus. Bidders are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that the number of Equity Shares Bid for do not exceed the applicable limits under laws or regulations.

#### SECTION VIII - MAIN PROVISIONS OF ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Capitalised terms used in this section have the meaning that has been given to such terms in the Articles of Association of our Company. Pursuant to Schedule I of the Companies Act 2013 and the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the main provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company are detailed below.

# **Application of Table F**

Article 1(a) provides that regulations contained in the table 'F' to the Schedule I of the Companies Act 2013, shall not apply to the Company except in regard to matters not specifically provided in these Articles. In case of any contradiction between the provisions of Table 'F' and these Articles, the provisions of these Articles will prevail.

#### **Share Capital**

Article 4(a) provides that: "The Authorized Share Capital of the Company shall be such as given in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association as altered from time to time."

Article 4(b) provides that: "The Share Capital of the Company may be classified into Equity Shares and / or Preference Shares with differential rights as to Dividend, voting or otherwise in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act, Rules, and Law, from time to time."

Article 4(c) provides that: "The Paid up Share Capital shall be at all times at least a minimum of such amount as may be prescribed under the Act."

Article 4(d) provides that: "All Equity Shares shall be of the same class and shall be alike in all respects and the holders thereof shall be entitled to identical rights and privileges including without limitation to identical rights and privileges with respect to Dividends, voting rights, and distribution of assets in the event of voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company."

Article 4(e) provides that: "The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further Shares ranking pari passu therewith

Subject to these Articles and the provisions of section 55 of the Act, preference shares (other than the Subscription Securities) issued by the Company are at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed at any time, but not later than 21st December, 2023, the Redemption Date. The Company's option to redeem these Shares at any time prior to the Redemption Date shall be subject to serving the Preference Shareholders prior notice of three months. Further, the Preference Shares shall, subject to the availability of profits during any financial year, be entitled to nominal dividend of Re.1/- (Rupee One only) per Preference Share per year."

Article 4(p) provides that: "The Board may, in accordance of Article 16 of these Articles, from time to time, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting by Ordinary Resolution increase the share capital of the Company by such sum to be divided into shares of such amount and of such classes with such rights and privileges attached thereto as the General Meeting shall direct by specifying the same in the resolution and if no directions be given, as the Board may determine."

# Call

# Article 12 provides that:

"Subject to the provisions of Section 49 of the Act, the Board may, from time to time, subject to the terms on which any shares may have been issued and subject to the conditions of allotment, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board, (and not by circular resolution), make such call of such shares as it thinks fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all money unpaid on the shares held by them respectively and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the Person or Persons and Shareholders and at the times and places appointed by the Board. A call may be made payable by installments. Provided that the Board shall not give the option or right to call on shares to any person except with the sanction of the Company in the General Meeting.

- (a) 14 (fourteen) days' notice in writing at the least of every call (otherwise than on allotment) shall be given by the Company specifying the time and place of payment and if payable to any Person other than the Company, the name of the person to whom the call shall be paid, provided that before the time for payment of such call, the Board may by notice in writing to the Shareholders revoke the same.
- (b) The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all installments and calls due in respect thereof.
- (c) The Board may, from time to time at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call and may extend such time as to all or any of the Shareholders who, from residence at a distance or other cause the Board may deem fairly entitled to such extension; but no Shareholders shall be entitled to such extension save as a matter of grace and favour."

Article 12(e) provides: "Restrictions on power to make calls and notice-

No call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal amount of share, or be made payable within 30 days' after the last preceding call was payable. Not less than, 14 days' notice of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of payment and to whom such call shall be paid.

- (a) If the sum payable in respect of any call or installment be not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, the holder for the time being in respect of the share for which the call shall have been made or the installment shall be due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 10 per cent interest per annum, from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment or at such lower rate (if any) as the Board may determine.
- (b) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest either wholly or in part."

Article 12(h) provides: "Payment of call in advance:

The Board may, if it thinks fit (subject to the provisions of Section 50 of the Act), agree to and receive from any Shareholder willing to advance the same, the whole or any part of the money due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called up, and upon the amount so paid or satisfied in advance or so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter as exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon and due in respect of the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company may pay interest, as the Shareholder paying such sum in advance and the Board agree upon, provided that the money paid in advance of calls shall not confer a right to participate in profits or dividend. The Directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced.

- (a) No Shareholder shall be entitled to voting rights in respect of the money(ies) so paid by him until the same would but for such payment, become presently payable
- (b) The provisions of these Articles shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to the calls on Debentures of the Company."

### **Forfeiture of Shares**

Article 13(a) provides that: "If call or Installment not paid notice may be given-

- (a) If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or installment of a call on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as the call or installment remains unpaid serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company for the reason of such non-payment.
- (b) The notice shall name a day (not being less than 14 days from the date of notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or installment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed the shares in respect of which such call was made or installments is payable will be liable to be forfeited. If notice is not complied with shares in respect of which such notice was given may be forfeited.

Article 13(c) provides that: Notice after forfeiture-

When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the resolution shall be given to the Shareholder in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture and any entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give notice or to make such entry as aforesaid."

#### Lien

Article 14(a) provides that: "The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon every share / debenture not being a fully Paid up share / debenture registered in the name of each member (whether solely or jointly with others), and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share / debenture whether the time for the payment thereof shall have actually arrived or not and no equitable interest in any share / debenture shall be created except upon the footing and condition that Article 15 hereof is to have fully effect. Such lien shall extend to all dividends and bonuses from time to time declared in respect of such shares / debentures subject to Section 205A of the Act. Unless otherwise agreed the registration of a transfer of shares / debentures shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any on such shares / debentures. The Directors may at any time declare any shares / debentures wholly or in part to be exempt from the provisions of this clause. Fully paid up shares / debentures shall be free from all lien."

# Article 14(b) provides that: "As to enforcing lien by sale-

For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Board may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as it think fit, but no sale shall be made until such time for payment as aforesaid shall have arrived and until notice in writing of the intention to sell has been served on such Shareholder, his executor or administrators or his payment of the moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect such shares for fourteen days after the date of such notice. The Board may authorise some person to transfer the Shares sold to the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the Shares comprised in any such transfer. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale."

#### Article 14(c) provides that: "Applications of proceeds of sale-

The net proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, and the residue, if any, shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed, upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the share at the date of this sale."

# Article 14(d) provides that: "Board may issue new certificate-

Where any share under the power in that behalf herein contained is sold by the Board and the certificate in respect thereof has not been delivered upto the Company by the former holder of such share the Board may issue a new certificate for such share distinguishing in such manner as it may think fit from the certificate not so delivered up"

#### **Transfer and Transmission of Shares**

#### Article 15 provides that:

- (a) "The Company shall maintain a "Register of Transfers" and shall have recorded therein fairly and distinctly particulars of every transfer or transmission of any Share, or other Security held in a material form
- (b) In accordance with Section 56 of the Act, the Rules and such other conditions as may be prescribed under Law, every instrument of transfer of shares held in physical form shall be in writing. All provisions of Section 56 of the Act and statutory modifications thereof shall be complied with in respect to all transfers of shares of the Company and registration thereof. In case of transfer of shares where the Company has not issued any certificates and where the shares are held in dematerialized form, the provisions of the Depositories Act shall apply.
  - i. An application for the registration of a transfer of the shares in the Company may be made either by the transferor or the transferee within the time frame prescribed under the Act

- ii. Where the application is made by the transferor and relates to partly paid shares, the transfer shall not be registered unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee in a prescribed manner and the transferee communicates no objection to the transfer within 2 (two) weeks from the receipt of the notice.
- (c) Every such instrument of transfer shall be executed by both, the transferor and the transferee and attested and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee shall have been entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.
- (d) The Board shall have power on giving not less than 7 (seven) days previous notice by advertisement in a vernacular newspaper and in an English newspaper having wide circulation in the city, town or village in which the Office of the Company is situated, and publishing the notice on the website as may be notified by the Central Government and on the website of the Company, to close the transfer books, the Register of Members at such time or times and for such period or periods, not exceeding 30 (thirty) days at a time and not exceeding in the aggregate 45 (forty-five) days in each year, as it may deem expedient.
- (e) Subject to the provisions of Sections 58 and 59 of the Act, these Articles and other applicable provisions of the Act or any other Law for the time being in force, the Board may, refuse to register the transfer of, or the transmission by operation of law of the right to, any securities or interest of a Shareholder in the Company. Further, subject to the provisions of Section 56 of the Act and section 22A and other relevant provisions of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, the Board may, at its absolute and uncontrolled discretion and by giving reasons, decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of shares whether fully paid or not and the right of refusal shall not be affected by the circumstances that the proposed transferee is already a Shareholder of the Company. The Board shall, within 30 (thirty) days from the date on which the instrument of transfer, or the intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, was delivered to the Company, send a notice of refusal to the transferee and transferor or to the person giving notice of such transmission, as the case may be, giving reasons for such refusal.

Provided that, registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other Person or Persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except where the Company has a lien on shares. Transfer of shares / debentures in whatever lot shall not be refused."

#### **Increase and Reduction in Capital**

Article 16 (a) provides that: "Increase of Capital: Subject to these Articles and Section 61 of the Act, the Company may, by Ordinary Resolution in General Meeting from time to time, alter the conditions of its Memorandum as follows, that is to say:

- i. it may increase its Share Capital by such amount as it thinks expedient;
- ii. consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of a larger amount than its existing shares;

Provided that no consolidation and division which results in changes in the voting percentage of shareholders shall take effect unless it is approved by the Tribunal on an application made in the prescribed manner;

- iii. convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
- iv. sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum so however, that in the sub-division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived:
- v. cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution in that behalf, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled. Such cancellation of shares shall not be deemed to be a reduction of share capital:

- vi. The Company shall have power, subject to and in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Act and Articles, to purchase any of its own fully paid Shares whether or not they are redeemable and may make payment out of capital in respect of such purchase;
- vii. Subject to Applicable Law (including the Act), the Company may issue Shares; either equity or any other kind with non-voting rights and the resolution authorizing such issue shall prescribe the terms and conditions of that issue;"

#### Article 16 (b) provides that: "Reduction of Capital:

The Company may, subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, from time to time, reduce its Capital, any capital redemption reserve account and the securities premium account in any manner for the time being authorized by Law. Option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person except with the sanction of the Company in general meetings. This Article is not to derogate any power the Company would have under Law, if it were omitted"

# Article 16 (c) provides that: "Further Issue of Capital

- i. Where at any time, in terms of Section 62 of the Act, the Company proposes to increase its subscribed capital by the allotment of further shares either out of the unissued capital or out of the increased Share Capital, such shares shall be offered
  - to persons who, as on the date of the offer, are holders of Equity Shares of the Company in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the Paid up Share Capital on those shares by sending a letter of offer subject to the following conditions, namely:-
    - (i) the aforesaid offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time prescribed under the Act from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, shall be deemed to have been declined;
    - (ii) the aforementioned offer shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the Person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other Person; and the notice referred to in clause (a) above shall contain a statement of this right. Provided that the Directors may decline, without assigning any reason to allot any shares to any person in whose favour any member may renounce the shares offered to him;
    - (iii) after the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or on receipt of earlier intimation from the Person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board may dispose of them in such manner which is not disadvantageous to the Shareholders and the Company; and
    - (iv) Nothing in sub-clause b of clause A of sub-article (i) above shall be deemed:
      - i. to extend the time within which the offer should be accepted; or
      - ii. to authorize any Person to exercise the right of renunciation for a second time, on the ground that the Person in whose favour the renunciation was first made has declined to take the shares comprised in the renunciation.
    - (v) Nothing in this Article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the Company caused by the exercise of an option attached to the debenture issued or loans raised by the Company:
      - i. to convert such debentures or loans into shares in the Company; or
      - ii. to subscribe for shares in the Company (whether such option is conferred in these Articles or otherwise).

Provided that the terms of the issue of such debentures or the terms of such loans include a term providing for such option and such term have been approved before the

issue of such debentures or the raising of loan by a special resolution passed by the Company in general meeting.

- b. to any persons, if it is authorised by a Special Resolution, whether or not those Persons include the Persons referred to in clause A above, either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the price of such shares is determined by the valuation report of a registered valuer subject to the Rules.
- c. to employees under a scheme of employee stock option, subject to special resolution passed by company and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.
- ii. The notice referred to in sub-clause (a) of clause A of sub-article (i) shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or through electronic mode or courier or any other mode having proof of delivery to all the existing Shareholders at least 3 (three) days before the opening of the issue.
- iii. The provisions contained in this Article shall be subject to the provisions of the Section 42 and Section 62 of the Act, the Rules and other applicable provisions of the Act."

# **General Meeting**

Article 21(a) provides that: "In accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Company shall in each year hold a General Meeting specified as its Annual General Meeting and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices convening such meetings. Further, not more than 15 (fifteen) months gap shall exist between the date of one Annual General Meeting and the date of the next Annual General Meeting. All General Meetings other than Annual General Meetings shall be Extraordinary General Meetings."

Article 21(d) provides that: "When extraordinary general meeting to be called-

- (a) All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.
- (b) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.
- (c) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any directors or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.
- (d) The Extraordinary General Meeting called under this Article shall be subject to the Act as amended."

#### **Directors**

Article 23(c) provides that: "The number of Directors shall not be less than three (3) nor more than fifteen (15). The Company shall also comply with the provisions of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and the provisions of the Listing Regulations. The Board shall have an optimum combination of executive and Independent Directors with at least 1 (one) woman Director, as may be prescribed by Law from time to time."

Article 23(i) provides that: "Subject to the provisions of Section 188 of the Act, the remuneration of Directors may be a fixed or a particular sum or a percentage sum or a percentage of the net profits or otherwise as may be fixed by the Board, from time to time."

Article 31(a) provides that: "Only two-thirds of the Directors of the Company shall be liable to retire by rotation. At the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in every year, one third of such of the Directors as are liable to retire by rotation for time being, including the Managing Director, Wholetime Director & Executive Director or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three then the number nearest to one third shall retire from office, and they will be eligible for re-election."

Article 23(p) provides that: "Subject to Article 23 (c) and Sections 149, 152 and 164 of the Act, the Company may, by Ordinary Resolution, from time to time, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may alter their qualifications and the Company may, (subject to the provisions of Section 169 of the Act), remove any

Director before the expiration of his period of office and appoint another qualified in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed."

Article 23(q) provides that: "The members of the Board shall elect any one of them as the Chairman of the Board. The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Board and the General Meeting of the Company. The Chairman shall have a casting vote in the event of a tie.

If for any reason the Chairman is not present within 15 (fifteen) minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting or is unwilling to act as Chairman, the members of the Board shall appoint any one of the remaining Directors as the Chairman, Managing Director or Whole-time Director of the Company may act as Chairman to the Board of Directors of the Company."

Article 23(r) provides that: "The Company shall have such number of Independent Directors on the Board of the Company, as may be required in terms of the provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 or any other Law, as may be applicable. Further, the appointment of such Independent Directors shall be in terms of the aforesaid provisions of Law and subject to the requirements prescribed under the Listing Regulations."

#### **Powers of the Board**

Article 26 provides that: "Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, these Articles and other applicable provisions of Law: -

- (a) The Board shall be entitled to exercise all such power and to do all such acts and things as the Company is authorised to exercise and do under the applicable provisions of the Act or by the Memorandum and Articles of the Company.
- (b) The Board is vested with the entire management and control of the Company, including as regards any and all decisions and resolutions to be passed, for and on behalf of the Company.
- (c) Provided that the Board shall not, except with the consent of the Company by a Special Resolution:
  - i. Sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole, or substantially the whole, of the undertaking of the Company, or where the Company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole, or substantially the whole, of any such undertaking. The term 'undertaking' and the expression 'substantially the whole of the undertaking' shall have the meaning ascribed to them under the provisions of Section 180 of the Act;
  - ii. Remit, or give time for repayment of, any debt due by a Director;
  - iii. Invest otherwise than in trust securities the amount of compensation received by the Company as a result of any merger or amalgamation; and
  - iv. Borrow money (ies) where the money (ies) to be borrowed together with the money (ies) already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of businesses), will exceed the aggregate of the Paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves."

#### **Dividends and Reserves**

Article 52(a) provides that: "The Company in General meeting may declare dividends but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board."

Article 52(b) provides that: "Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and Rules made there under, the Board may, from time to time, pay to the members such interim dividends as appear it to be justified by the profits earned by the Company."

Article 52(c) provides that: "The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company, such sums, as it may think proper, as reserve or reserves which shall at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any of the purposes to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied,

including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends and pending such applications may at the like discretion either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit."

Article 52(d) provides that: "The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may think prudent not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve."

Article 52(e) provides that: "Subject to the rights of the persons, if any, holding shares with special rights as the dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid."

#### Distribution of Assets in specie or kind upon winding up

Article 59(a) provides that: "If the company shall be wound up, the Liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act divide amongst the shareholders, in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not."

Article 59(b) provides that: "For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Shareholders or different classes of Shareholders."

#### **Indemnity**

Article 64 provides that: "Subject to provisions of Section 197 of the Act, the Chairman, Directors, Auditors, Managing Directors and other officer for the time being of the Company and any trustees for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company and their heirs and executors, shall be indemnified out of the assets and funds of the Company from or against all bonafide suits, proceedings, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done or about the execution of their duties in their respective offices except those done through their wilful neglects or defaults of any other officer or trustee."

## **Buyback of Shares**

Article 66 provides that: "Subject to the provisions of Sections 68, 69 and 70 of the Act and subject to requirement of applicable buy-back regulations/rules made by central government / SEBI in this regard as may be modified from time to time, the Company may purchase its own Equity Shares or other Securities."

# **Cancellation of Forfeited Shares**

Article 67 provides that: "The Company may, by a resolution of the Board, decide not to reissue any forfeited shares in the Company. In such a case, the Board may cancel the forfeited shares, with or without cancelling them from the authorised share capital, and transfer the amount received on such shares to appropriate account head. In case the Company decides to diminish the amount of Company's share capital by the nominal value of forfeited shares cancelled, it shall be done in accordance with the provisions of the Act as applicable."

## **Capitalisation of Profits**

Article 68(i) provides that: "The Company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve—

- (a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
- (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in Article 68 (ii) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions."

Article 68(ii) provides that: "The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in Article 68 (iii), either in or towards—

- (a) Paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
- (b) paying up in full, unissued shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paidup, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
- (c) partly in the way specified in sub-Article (a) and partly in that specified in sub-Article (b)"

Article 68(iii) provides that: "A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this Article, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares."

Article 68(iv) provides that: "The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this Article."

Article 68(v) provides that: "Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall

- (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and
- (b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto."

#### SECTION IX - OTHER INFORMATION

#### MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

The following contracts (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business carried on by our Company or entered into more than two years before the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus) which are, or may be deemed material, have been entered or to be entered into by our Company. These contracts, copies of which will be attached to the copy of the Red Herring Prospectus delivered to the RoC for registration, and also the documents for inspection referred to hereunder were available for inspection at our Registered and Corporate Office, from 10.00 am to 4.00 pm on Working Days from the date of the Red Herring Prospectus until the Bid/Offer Closing Date (except for such agreements executed after the Bid/Offer Closing Date).

#### Material Contracts to the Offer

- 1. Offer Agreement dated June 29, 2018 entered into among our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs.
- 2. Registrar Agreement dated June 28, 2018 entered into among our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Registrar to the Offer.
- 3. Monitoring Agency Agreement dated January 22, 2019 entered into among our Company and Monitoring Agency.
- 4. Escrow and Sponsor Bank Agreement dated January 22, 2019 entered into among our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the BRLMs, Public Offer Account Bank, Escrow Bank(s), the Refund Bank and the Registrar to the Offer.
- 5. Share Escrow Agreement dated January 22, 2019 entered into among our Company, the Selling Shareholders and a share escrow agent.
- 6. Syndicate Agreement dated January 22, 2019 entered into among the Syndicate Member, the BRLMs, our Company and the Selling Shareholders.
- 7. Underwriting Agreement dated February 1, 2019 entered into among our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the BRLMs and the Syndicate Member.

#### Other Material Contracts in relation to our Company

- 1. Scheme of amalgamation of NPHPL with our Company approved by the High Court of Bombay by its order dated September 1, 2006.
- 2. Scheme of demerger of MAPHPL with our Company approved by the High Court of Bombay by its order dated October 16, 1997.
- 3. Scheme of demerger of Genext with our Company approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (Mumbai Bench) by its order dated August 2, 2017
- 4. Scheme of amalgamation of Magna with our Company approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (Mumbai Bench) and the National Company Law Tribunal (Bengaluru Bench) by their orders dated August 2, 2017 and March 14, 2018, respectively.
- 5. Subscription agreement dated June 4, 2018 entered into among our Company, Ravi C. Raheja and Neel C. Raheja.

## **Material Documents**

- 1. Certified copies of our Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association as amended until date.
- 2. Certificate of incorporation dated January 6, 1986.
- 3. Fresh certificates of incorporation consequent upon change of name dated July 19, 1997, April 6, 1998, May 4, 1999, October 15, 2011 and June 6, 2018.

- 4. Board resolution of our Company dated June 12, 2018 and Shareholders resolution dated June 13, 2018 approving the Offer and other related matters.
- 5. Board resolution of our Company dated July 2, 2018 approving the DRHP, board resolution of our Company dated January 23, 2019 approving the RHP and board resolution of our Company dated February 2, 2019 approving this Prospectus.
- 6. Board resolution dated February 9, 2018, Shareholders resolution dated June 13, 2018 for appointment of Sanjay Sethi as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer and the employment agreement dated June 21, 2018 entered into between our Company and Sanjay Sethi.
- 7. Board resolution dated August 3, 2017 and Shareholders resolution dated September 22, 2017 for reappointment of Rajeev Newar, Executive Director and the employment agreement dated September 15, 2017 entered into between our Company and Rajeev Newar.
- 8. Copies of annual reports for the preceding five Fiscals.
- 9. The examination reports of our Statutory Auditors on our restated financial information included in this Prospectus.
- 10. Copy of the ESOP 2018.
- 11. Consent dated January 23, 2019 from the Statutory Auditors, namely, M/s B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants to include its name as an expert under the Companies Act, 2013 in this Prospectus in relation to the reports of the Statutory Auditors dated December 20, 2018, on the Restated Standalone Summary Financial Information and Restated Consolidated Summary Financial Information of our Company, and the statement of special tax benefits dated January 23, 2019, included in this Prospectus and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Prospectus.
- 12. Consent dated June 20, 2018 from Marriott Hotels India Private Limited and its relevant affiliates.
- 13. Consent dated June 25, 2018 and October 3, 2018 from Horwath HTL to use their name and all or any part of their report titled "Industry Report Top Tier & Upscale Hotels" and consent dated June 26, 2018 from CBRE Research to use their name and all or any part of their reports titled "CBRE India Retail Market View H2 2017", "CBRE India Market Outlook Report April 2018" and "CBRE India Office Market View Q1 2018" in this Prospectus.
- 14. Report titled "Industry Report Top Tier & Upscale Hotels" dated June 25, 2018 (read with addendum dated September 25, 2018), prepared by Horwath HTL India.
- 15. Reports titled "CBRE India Retail Market View H2 2017", "CBRE India Market Outlook Report April 2018" and "CBRE India Office Market View Q1 2018" released in years 2017 and 2018, prepared by CBRE Research.
- 16. Consent dated June 20, 2018 from P. Surendra Prabhu, Independent Architect to include his name in this Prospectus as an "expert" as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the architect certificate.
- 17. Statement of special tax benefits dated January 23, 2019 from the Statutory Auditors, namely M/s B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants.
- 18. Consents of Bankers to our Company, the BRLMs, Syndicate Member, Sponsor Bank, Registrar to the Offer, Bankers to the Offer, Escrow Banks, Refund Banks, legal counsel, Horwath HTL and CBRE Research, Directors of our Company, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer as referred to act, in their respective capacities.
- 19. Consent letter dated June 28, 2018 issued by Ravi C. Raheja consenting to the inclusion of his portion of the Equity Shares in the Offer for Sale.
- 20. Consent letter dated June 28, 2018 issued by Neel C. Raheja consenting to the inclusion of his portion of the Equity Shares in the Offer for Sale.
- 21. Resolution dated June 11, 2018 by the board of K. Raheja Corp Private Limited consenting to the

- inclusion of its portion of Equity Shares in the Offer for Sale.
- 22. Resolution dated June 11, 2018 by the board of Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited consenting to the inclusion of its portion of Equity Shares in the Offer for Sale.
- 23. Resolution dated June 11, 2018 by the meeting of the partners of Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP consenting to the inclusion of its portion of Equity Shares in the Offer for Sale.
- 24. In-principle listing approvals from BSE and NSE both dated July 25, 2018.
- 25. SEBI final observation letter dated October 19, 2018.
- 26. Tripartite Agreement dated April 30, 2002 among our Company, NSDL and the Registrar to the Offer.
- 27. Tripartite Agreement dated June 14, 2018 among our Company, CDSL and the Registrar to the Offer.
- 28. Due diligence certificate to SEBI from the BRLMs dated July 2, 2018.

Any of the contracts or documents mentioned in this Prospectus may be amended or modified at any time if so required in the interest of our Company or if required by the other parties, without reference to the shareholders, subject to compliance with the provisions contained in the Companies Act and other relevant statutes.

#### **DECLARATION**

We hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules, regulations and guidelines issued by the Government of India, or the regulations or guidelines issued by SEBI, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, each as amended or the rules, regulations or guidelines issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements in this Prospectus are true and correct.

# SIGNED BY THE DIRECTORS AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF OUR COMPANY

(Hetal Gandhi)		(Ravi C. Raheja)	(Neel C. Raheja)
Chairman and Director)	Independent	(Non-Executive Director)	(Non-Executive Director)
(Conrad D'Souza) (Independent Director)		(Sanjay Sethi) (Managing Director and CEO)	(Rajeev Newar) (Executive Director and C

Date: February 2, 2019

#### **DECLARATION**

We hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules, regulations and guidelines issued by the Government of India, or the regulations or guidelines issued by SEBI, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, each as amended or the rules, regulations or guidelines issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all the statements in this Prospectus are true and correct.

# SIGNED BY THE DIRECTORS OF OUR COMPANY

(Arthur William De Haast)	(Radhika Piramal)
(Independent Director)	(Independent Director)

Date: February 2, 2019

Place: London

## **DECLARATION BY RAVI C. RAHEJA**

Ravi C. Raheja, hereby certifies that all statements and undertakings specifically made by him in this Prospectus about, or in relation to himself, and the Equity Shares being offered by him in the Offer, are true and correct. Ravi C. Raheja assumes no responsibility for any other statement, including the statements made by the Company or any other Selling Shareholder or any expert or any other person(s) in this Prospectus.

Signed by Ravi C. Raheja

Date: February 2, 2019

## **DECLARATION BY NEEL C. RAHEJA**

Neel C. Raheja, hereby certifies that all statements and undertakings specifically made by him in this Prospectus about, or in relation to himself, and the Equity Shares being offered by him in the Offer, are true and correct. Neel C. Raheja assumes no responsibility for any other statement, including the statements made by the Company or any other Selling Shareholder or any expert or any other person(s) in this Prospectus.

Signed by Neel C. Raheja

Date: February 2, 2019

## DECLARATION BY K. RAHEJA CORP. PRIVATE LIMITED

K. Raheja Corp Private Limited, hereby certifies that all statements and undertakings specifically made by it in this Prospectus about, or in relation to itself, and the Equity Shares being offered by it in the Offer, are true and correct. K. Raheja Corp Private Limited assumes no responsibility for any other statement, including the statements made by the Company or any other Selling Shareholder or any expert or any other person(s) in this Prospectus.

# For and on behalf of K. Raheja Corp Private Limited

Authorized Signatory:

Name:

Designation:

Date: February 2, 2019

# DECLARATION BY IVORY PROPERTIES AND HOTELS PRIVATE LIMITED

Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited, hereby certifies that all statements and undertakings specifically made by it in this Prospectus about, or in relation to itself, and the Equity Shares being offered by it in the Offer, are true and correct. Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited assumes no responsibility for any other statement, including the statements made by the Company or any other Selling Shareholder or any expert or any other person(s) in this Prospectus.

# For and on behalf of Ivory Properties and Hotels Private Limited

Authorized Signatory:

Name:

Designation:

Date: February 2, 2019

## DECLARATION BY PALM SHELTER ESTATE DEVELOPMENT LLP

Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP, hereby certifies that all statements and undertakings specifically made by it in this Prospectus about, or in relation to itself, and the Equity Shares being offered by it in the Offer, are true and correct. Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP assumes no responsibility for any other statement, including the statements made by the Company or any other Selling Shareholder or any expert or any other person(s) in this Prospectus.

For and on behalf of Palm Shelter Estate Development LLP

Authorized Signatory:

Name:

Designation:

Date: February 2, 2019